LAB #8: POLYMORPHISM

1. Using an inheritance hierarchy, design a Java program to model 3-dimensional shapes (square pyramid, sphere, rectangular prism, cube, cylinder, circular cone). Have a top level shape interface with methods for getting the area and the volume (+ methods tostring and equals). Next, build classes and subclasses for the above 3-dimensional shapes. Make sure that you place common behavior in superclasses whenever possible. Also, use abstract classes as appropriate. Add methods to subclasses to represent unique behavior particular to each 3-dimensional shape.

Write the definitions of these classes and do the testing with the client program provided.

SOLUTION:

```
// Interface Shape3D: for three-dimensional shapes.
public interface Shape3D {
    public double getArea();
    public double getVolume();
    public String toString();
    public boolean equals (Object obj);
}
// Class SquarePyramid. Implements Shape3D
// Represents a pyramid with a square as its base.
public class SquarePyramid implements Shape3D {
    private double length;
    private double height;
    public SquarePyramid() {
        length = 0;
        height = 0;
    public SquarePyramid(double 1, double h) { ... }
    public double getLength() { ... }
    public double getHeight() { ... }
    public double getArea() {
       return length * (length + Math.sqrt(length * length + 4 * height * height));
    public double getVolume() {
       return length * length * height / 3.0;
    public String toString() { ... }
    public boolean equals(Object obj) { ... }
}
// Class Sphere. Implements Shape3D
// Represents a perfect sphere.
public class Sphere implements Shape3D {
    private double radius;
    public Sphere() { ... }
    public Sphere(double r) { ... }
```

```
public double getRadius() { ... }
    public double getArea() {
       return 4 * Math.PI * Math.pow(radius, 2);
    public double getVolume() {
       return 4.0 * Math.PI * Math.pow(radius, 3) / 3.0;
    public String toString() { ... }
    public boolean equals(Object obj) { ... }
}
// Class RectangularPrism. Implements Shape3D
// Represents a three-dimensional rectangular shape.
public class RectangularPrism implements Shape3D {
    private double length;
    private double width;
    private double height;
    public RectangularPrism() { ... }
    public RectangularPrism(double 1, double w, double h) { ... }
    public double getLength() { ... }
    public double getWidth() { ... }
    public double getHeight() { ... }
    public double getArea() {
       return 2 * (length * width + width * height + length * height);
    }
    public double getVolume() {
       return length * width * height;
    public String toString() { ... }
    public boolean equals(Object obj) { ... }
// Class Cube, subclass of RectangularPrism
// Represents a perfect cube.
public class Cube extends RectangularPrism {
    public Cube() { ... }
    public Cube(double size) { ... }
    public String toString() { ... }
}
```

```
// Class CircularShape. Implements Shape3D.
// ABSTRACT CLASS --> no objects of this type!
// An abstract superclass for shapes with a circular cross-section.
public abstract class CircularShape implements Shape3D {
    private double radius;
    public CircularShape() { ... }
    public CircularShape(double r) { ... }
    public double getDiameter() { ... }
    public double getRadius() { ... }
    public double getCrossSectionArea() {
       return Math.PI * Math.pow(radius, 2);
    }
    public double getCrossSectionPerimeter() {
       return 2 * Math.PI * radius;
}
// Class CircularShapeWithHeight. Subclass of CircularShape
// ABSTRACT CLASS --> no objects of this type!
// An abstract superclass for shapes with a circular cross-section that extends over some
height.
public abstract class CircularShapeWithHeight extends CircularShape {
    private double height;
    public CircularShapeWithHeight() { ... }
    public CircularShapeWithHeight(double radius, double height) { ... }
    public double getHeight() { ... }
}
// Class Cylinder, subclass of CircularShapeWithHeight
// Represents a cylinder shape.
public class Cylinder extends CircularShapeWithHeight {
    public Cylinder() { ... }
    public Cylinder(double radius, double height) { ... }
    public double getArea() {
       return getCrossSectionPerimeter() * getHeight() + 2 * getCrossSectionArea();
    public double getVolume() {
       return getCrossSectionArea() * getHeight();
    }
    public String toString() { ... }
    public boolean equals(Object obj) { ... }
}
```

```
// Class CircularCone, subclass of CircularShapeWithHeight
// Represents cones with a circular base.
public class CircularCone extends CircularShapeWithHeight {
   public CircularCone() { ... }
   public CircularCone(double radius, double height) { ... }
   public double getArea() {
      double r = getRadius();
      double h = getHeight();
      return Math.PI * r * Math.sqrt(r * r + h * h);
   public double getVolume() {
      return getCrossSectionArea() * getHeight() / 3.0;
   public String toString() { ... }
   public boolean equals(Object obj) { ... }
}
//USE this client to test them all! Analyze the client.
public class Shape3D Client {
   public static final int MAX = 6;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Shape3D[] shapes = new Shape3D[MAX];
       shapes[0] = new SquarePyramid(37, 20);
       shapes[1] = new Sphere(20);
       shapes[2] = new RectangularPrism(10, 20, 37);
       shapes[3] = new Cube(10);
       shapes[4] = new Cylinder(10, 20);
       shapes[5] = new CircularCone(10, 20);
       for (int i = 0; i < shapes.length; <math>i++) {
           System.out.print("\nThis is a ");
           switch(i) {
                case 0:
                   System.out.print("square pyramid. ");
                   break;
                case 1:
                   System.out.print("sphere. ");
                   break;
               case 2:
                   System.out.print("rectangular prism. ");
                   break;
                case 3:
                   System.out.print("cube. ");
                   break;
               case 4:
                   System.out.print("cylinder. ");
               case 5:
                   System.out.print("circular cone. ");
           System.out.printf("Area = %.2f", shapes[i].getArea());
            System.out.printf(". Volume = %.2f\n", shapes[i].getVolume());
           System.out.println("Output calling the method printInfo - polymorphism at
work!");
           printInfo(shapes[i]);
           System.out.println("----");
```

```
public static void printInfo(Shape3D s) {
       System.out.println(s);
       System.out.printf("Area = %.2f", s.getArea());
       System.out.printf(". Volume = %.2f\n", s.getVolume());
EXPECTED OUTPUT:
This is a square pyramid. Area = 3385.08. Volume = 9126.67
Output calling the method printInfo - polymorphism at work!
For this square pyramid the base has the length = 37.0 and the height = 20.0
Area = 3385.08. Volume = 9126.67
_____
This is a sphere. Area = 5026.55. Volume = 33510.32
Output calling the method printInfo - polymorphism at work!
The radius of this sphere = 20.0
Area = 5026.55. Volume = 33510.32
This is a rectangular prism. Area = 2620.00. Volume = 7400.00
Output calling the method printInfo - polymorphism at work!
For this rectangular prism the base has the length = 10.0 and the width = 20.0
The height of the prism = 37.0
Area = 2620.00. Volume = 7400.00
This is a cube. Area = 600.00. Volume = 1000.00
Output calling the method printInfo - polymorphism at work!
For this cube all sides = 10.0
Area = 600.00. Volume = 1000.00
_____
This is a cylinder. Area = 1884.96. Volume = 6283.19
Output calling the method printInfo - polymorphism at work!
For this cylinder the radius = 10.0 and the height = 20.0
Area = 1884.96. Volume = 6283.19
This is a circular cone. Area = 702.48. Volume = 2094.40
Output calling the method printInfo - polymorphism at work!
For this circular cone the radius = 10.0 and the height = 20.0
Area = 702.48. Volume = 2094.40
```

Notes:

- **A.** The lab will NOT be graded, but you have to submit good quality work in order to get credit.
- **B.** The lab should be completed by the start of the next scheduled lab class. Save the **.java** files on your disk and e-mail them (attachments) to Mohamed Said at mheshal@students.towson.edu

Very important: Make sure that you have <u>COSC 237.section</u>, <u>your name</u>, and <u>Lab#8</u> in the *Subject* box of your e-mail.

C. In case you have any problems, contact the instructor or the TA for assistance.