

Model Instances in Votables Version 1.0

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Working group

DM

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Previous versions

This is the first public release

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Abstract

Vodml-instance-vot proposes a syntax to map VOTable data on any model serialized in VO-DML. Vodml-instance-vot annotations are grouped in a single XML block located in the VOTable head. The annotation block allows to easily reconstruct the model structure. It designed in a way that the block can be reused on different data sets in order to facilitate the annotation process. Vodml-instance-vot is enable to join data from different tables

Status of this document

This is an IVOA Working Draft for review by IVOA members and other interested parties. It is a draft document and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use IVOA Working Drafts as reference materials or to cite them as other than "work in progress".

A list of current IVOA Recommendations and other technical documents can be found at http://www.ivoa.net/documents/.

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PDF fallback.

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Figure 1: Architecture diagram for this document

Conformance-related definitions

The words "MUST", "SHALL", "SHOULD", "MAY", "RECOMMENDED", and "OPTIONAL" (in upper or lower case) used in this document are to be interpreted as described in IETF standard RFC2119 (?).

The Virtual Observatory (VO) is a general term for a collection of federated resources that can be used to conduct astronomical research, education, and outreach. The International Virtual Observatory Alliance (IVOA) is a global collaboration of separately funded projects to develop standards and infrastructure that enable VO applications.

1 Introduction

1.1 Role within the VO Architecture

Fig. 1 shows the role this document plays within the IVOA architecture (?). ???? and so on, LaTeX as you know and love it. ????

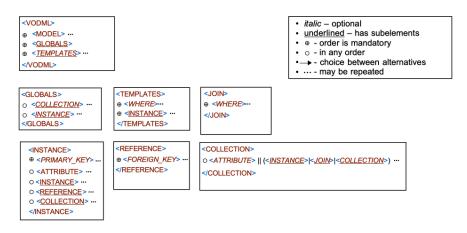
2 Use Cases and Requirements

2.1 Use Cases

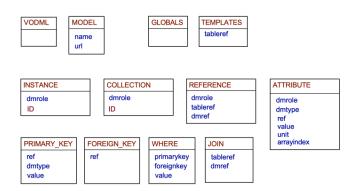
2.2 Requirements

3 Syntax

Element Hierarchy



Attribute Summary



3.1 Mapping Block Scope

The mapping block must be isolated in a VOTable RESOURCE with type="meta". This RESOURCE must be the first child of a RESOURCE type="results". The scope of the mapping block is the whole content of that resource.

The dm-mapping name space isolate VOTable elements from mapping elements.

A VOTable RESOURCE type="results" must contain at most one mapping block.

 $<\! VOTABLE\ xmlns = "http://www.ivoa.net/xml/VOTable/v1.3"$

```
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
           version="1.3">
 <RESOURCE type="results">
   <RESOURCE type="meta">
     <dm-mapping:VODML
     xmlns:dm-mapping="http://www.ivoa.net/xml/merged-syntax">
       <dm-mapping:MODEL> ... <dm-mapping:/MODEL>
      <dm-mapping:MODEL> ... <dm-mapping:/MODEL>
      <dm-mapping:GLOBALS> ... </dm-mapping:GLOBALS>
      <\! \operatorname{dm-mapping:TEMPLATES} > \ldots <\! / \operatorname{dm-mapping:TEMPLATES} >
      <dm-mapping:TEMPLATES> ... </dm-mapping:TEMPLATES>
     </dm-mapping:VODML>
   </RESOURCE>
   <RESOURCE type="results">
     <TABLE name="Results">
     </TABLE>
   </RESOURCE>
 </RESOURCE>
</VOTABLE>
```

Listing 1: Mapping block in a VOTable

3.2 Mapping Block Structure

Listing 2: Complete mapping block example

3.3 Syntax

3.3.1 VODML

Top level mapping element.

Element	Position	Cardinality
MODEL	1	1-*
GLOBALS	2	0-*
TEMPLATES	3	0-*

Table 1: Allowed children for VODLM

3.3.2 **MODEL**

A VOTable can provide serializations for an arbitrary number of data model types. In order to declare which models are represented in the file, data providers must declare them through the MODEL elements. Only models that are used in the file must be declared. A model is used if at least one element in the mapping block refer to it. In other terms, only models that define vodml-ids used in the annotation must be declared.

Attribute	Role
@name	Name of the mapped model (informal). This attribute cannot be left empty
@url	Url of the vo-dml serialization of the model. This attribute cannot be left empty if present.

Table 2: MODEL attributes

@name	@url	Pattern
MAND	OPT	Unique attribute pattern supported by MODEL

Table 3: Valid attribute patterns for MODEL

3.3.3 GLOBALS

Some annotations may map the Resource contents to instances or collections of data model types that are global in the mapping scope, possibly because such instances are refer- enced by other intances that annotate specific tables. More generally, some annotations will define instances that are completely defined in terms of constant value, i.e. they are not represented in tabular form. Rather, they are completely and directly represented by an XML element. Such instances should be included in the GLOBALS element. GLOBALS must only contain direct representations of instances, i.e. INSTANCE elements that do not refer to any FIELD directly. This rule is not enforces via the XSD schema Also, GLOBALS should not contain any INSTANCEs with REFERENCEs to indirect INSTANCEs.

Element	Position	Cardinality
INSTANCE Any	0-*	
COLLECTION	Any	0-*

Table 4: Allowed children for GLOBALS

3.3.4 TEMPLATES

Attribute	Role
@tableref	ID of the mapped table.

Table 5: TEMPLATES attributes

@tableref	Pattern
OPT	If @tableref is not present, TEMPLATES maps the first TABLE of the
	RESOURCE

Table 6: Valid attribute patterns for TEMPLATES

Element	Position	Cardinality	
WHERE	1	0-*	The mapping must be applied to the rows matching the WHERE condition only
INSTANCE	2	0-*	Mapped class instances

Table 7: Allowed children for TEMPLATES

3.3.5 COLLECTION

Attribute	Role
@ID	ID of the COLLECTION element, must be unique within the mapping
	block. Must not be left empty.
@dmrole	Role of the collection in the DM. Must not be empty if present

Table 8: COLLECTION attributes

@ID	@dmrole	Pattern	
MAND	NO	The collection, usually located in GLOBALS, has no role. It can be referenced by a REFERENCE	
OPT	MAND	The element maps a collection playing a role in the model. @ID can also be set in that case.	

Table 9: Valid attribute patterns for COLLECTION

Element	Position	Cardinality	
REFERENCE	Any	0-*	Collection item as a reference to either a class or a collection instance. No JOIN allowed if present
INSTANCE	Any	0-*	Collection item as a class instance. No JOIN allowed if present
ATTRIBUTE	Any	0-*	Collection item as a simple attribute. No JOIN allowed if present
COLLECTION	Any	0-*	Collection item as a collection. No JOIN allowed if present
JOIN	1	0-1	The COLLECTION must be populated by a join operation. In this case JOIN must be the unique child of COLLECTION

Table 10: Allowed children for COLLECTION

3.3.6 INSTANCE

Mark proposal (as interpreted by LM

The INSTANCE element defines a complex ObjectType or DataType.

Listing 3: Example of INSTANCE child of GLOBALS

Attribute	Role
@ID	Element ID, MUST be unique within the mapping block
@dmrole	INSTANCE role in the DM
@dmtype	Class name

Table 11: INSTANCE attributes

It may be a child of several other elements, and the requirements on the content (especially ID and dmrole), may differ depending on the usage:

- Child of GLOBALS: In this case the INSTANCE is a single stand-alone instance which may or may not be referenced by other INSTANCEs.
 - must have ID, as possible target of REFERENCE.ref

- must have no or empty dmrole
- Child of TEMPLATES: In this case, the INSTANCE is a template for instances which are generated once per row of the associated table.
 - may have ID, as target of JOIN.dmref
 - must have no or empty dmrole dmrole
- Child of COLLECTION: There are 2 uses for this pattern.
 - each member INSTANCE is a target for selection using the PRI-MARY/FOREIGN_KEY elements. This pattern is only allowed within the GLOBALS environment. In this case:
 - * must contain at least one PRIMARY KEY sub-element
 - * must have ID, as possible target of REFERENCE.ref
 - * must have no or empty dmrole
 - Elements INSTANCE are collection cells with multiplicity > 1
 Each one has:
 - * must have ID, as possible target of REFERENCE.ref. this pattern is only allowed if within the GLOBALS environment
 - * must have no or empty dmrole
 - Child of INSTANCE: In this case, each INSTANCE represents a complex ObjectType or DataType playing a role in the parent INSTANCE.
 - * must not have ID (may not be referenced) ??
 - * must have non-empty dmrole
 - any INSTANCE:
 - * if ID is present, it must not be empty
 - * must have non-empty dmtype

Element	Position	Cardinality	
PRIMARY_KEY	First	0-*	Primary key to be used to in a JOIN context.
REFERENCE	Any	0-*	Object attribute as a reference to either another INSTANCE or a COLLECTION.
INSTANCE	Any	0-*	Object attribute as a class instance.
ATTRIBUTE	Any	0-*	Object attribute as a simple attribute.
COLLECTION	Any	0-*	Object attribute as a collection.

Table 12: Allowed children for INSTANCE

Original

VO-DML structured types are annotated by using the INSTANCE element. Note that there is no difference, from a schema point of view, between ObjectTypes and DataType.

Listing 4: INSTANCE child of GLOBALS

Attribute	Role	
@ID	Element ID, MUST be unique within the mapping block	
@dmrole	INSTANCE role in the DM	
@dmtype	Class name	

Table 13: INSTANCE attributes

@ID	@dmrole	@dmtype	Pattern
MAND	NO or EMPTY	MAND	MUST be applied when the INSTANCE is child of GLOBALS. The element has no role because it is not embedded in a model mapping block. It must be referable by a REFERENCE
OPT	MAND	MAND	MUST be applied in any other location. It may be referable a REFERENCE.

 $\it Table~14:~{
m Valid~attribute~patterns}$ for INSTANCE

Element	Position	Cardinality	
PRIMARY_KEY	First	0-*	Primary key to be used to in a JOIN context.
REFERENCE	Any	0-*	Object attribute as a reference to either another INSTANCE or a COLLECTION.
INSTANCE	Any	0-*	Object attribute as a class instance.
ATTRIBUTE	Any	0-*	Object attribute as a simple attribute.
COLLECTION	Any	0-*	Object attribute as a collection.

Table 15: Allowed children for INSTANCE

3.3.7 ATTRIBUTE

Attribute	Role		
@dmrole	Role of the attribute in the DM		
@dmtype	Type of the attribute in the DM		
@ref	Reference of the FIELD or PARAM that has to be sued to set the ATTRIBUTE value.		
@value	Default ATTRIBUTE value. This value is taken if there is no @ref attribue or if @ref cannot be resolved.		
@unit	ATTRIBUTE unit. This is the unit in which the native value must be converted to be complient with the model. This attribute is always optional.		
@arrayindex	Index of the native value to be taken to set the ATTRIBUTE. Must be ignored if the native value is a single value. An error must be risen if @arrayindex is out of range. This attribute is always optional.		

Table 16: ATTRIBUTE attributes

@dmrole	@dmtype	@ref	@value	Pattern
MAND	MAND	MAND	OPT	The ATTRIBUTE value must be set with the value of the element referenced by @ref. The @ref can not be resolved and @value is present, @value must taken as ATTRIBUTE value
MAND	MAND	NO	MAND	The ATTRIBUTE value must be set with @value

Table 17: Valid attribute patterns for ATTRIBUTE

3.3.8 REFERENCE

Complex pattern that must be detailed later in a specific section

Attribute	Role
@dmrole	Role of the referenced instance or collection in the DM
@tableref	ID of the COLLECTION to be joined with in case of using a FOREIGN_KEY
@dmref	ID of the referenced instance or collection

Table 18: REFERENCE attributes

@dmrole	@tableref	@dmref	Pattern
MAND	MAND	NO	This is the FOREIGN_KEY pattern. @tableref gives the ID of the COLLECTION to be joined with. In this case REFERENCE must have one FOREIGN_KEY child and the joined COLLECTION must have a PRIMARY_KEY
MAND	NO	MAND	Simple reference to either an INSTANCE or COLLECTION, usually searched in the GLOBALS

 $Table\ 19:$ Valid attribute patterns for REFERENCE

3.3.9 JOIN

Attribute	Role
@tableref	Reference of the table to be joined with.
@dmref	Reference of the COLLECTION (in GLOBALS to be joined with.

Table 20: JOIN attributes

@tableref	@dmref	Pattern
MAND	NO	The join is done against the table identified by @tableref
NO	MAND	The join is done against the COLLECTION identified by @rmref

 $\it Table~21:$ Valid attribute patterns for JOIN

Element	Position	Cardinality	
WHERE	1	0-*	Join condition

Table 22: Allowed children for JOIN

3.3.10 WHERE

Attribute	Role
@primarykey	FIELD identifier of the primary key column
@foreignkey	FIELD identifier of the foreign key column
@value	Literal value the @primarykey cell must match with

Table 23: WHERE attributes

@primarykey	@foreignkey	@value	Pattern
MAND	MAND	NO	2 tables join criteria: @prima- rykey = @foreignkey
MAND	NO	MAND	Simple join criteria: @primarykey = @value

Table 24: Valid attribute patterns for WHERE

3.3.11 PRIMARY_KEY

Attribute	Role
@ref	ID of the FIELD used as primary key
@dmtype	Type of the key
@value	Literal key value. Used when the key relates to a COLLECTION in
	the GLOBALS

Table 25: PRIMARY_KEY attributes

@ref	@dmtype	@value	Pattern
MAND	MAND NO		The FIELD referenced by @ref is a primary key. This pattern is used within a TEMPLATES
NO	MAND	MAND	@value gives the key value. This pattern is used to set a primary key to a COLLECTION

 $\it Table~26:$ Valid attribute patterns for PRIMARY_KEY

3.3.12 FOREIGN_KEY

Attribute	Role
@ref	Only used in REFERENCE. Identifier of the FIELD that must match
	the primary key of the referenced collection

 $Table~27:~{\tt FOREIGN_KEY}~{\tt attributes}$

4 Changes from Previous Versions

No previous versions yet.