

THE CULA LIBRARY: VERSION R15

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WHAT IS

CULA is another set of gpu-accelerated linear algebra libraries. Essentially, it's the CUDA equivalent of LAPACK.

Its routines include:

- Utilities for initializing matrices, copying them, scaling them, etc.
- Matrix multiplication
- Factorizations: LU, QR, RQ, QL, SVD, and Cholesky
- Solving systems of linear equations (which gives you matrix inversion)
- Solving least squares problems
- Eigenproblem solvers

CULA INTERFACES

- **Standard**

- Each CULA function micromanages GPU resources so the user doesn't have to.
- Matrix arguments of CULA functions are pointers to CPU memory.
- Activate by including the header, “`cuda_lapack.h`”.

- **Device:**

- The user micromanages GPU resources as with CUBLAS.
- Matrix arguments of CULA functions are pointers to GPU memory.
- Activate by including the header, “`cuda_lapack_device.h`”

There's also a “convenience header” called “`cuda.h`”, which includes both “`cuda_lapack.h`” and “`cuda_lapack_device.h`”.

Note: although convenient, the standard interface is slower than the device interface for multiple kernels because every single CULA function writes back and forth between the CPU and the GPU.

COMPILING WITH CULA

1. Include the header file in your source: “`cula_lapack.h`” for the standard interface, “`cula_lapack_device.h`” for the device interface, or “`cula.h`” for both.
2. Enter in the command line:

```
nvcc -I /usr/local/cula/include -L /usr/local/cula/lib64 -lcula_core -lcula_lapack  
-lcublas -lcudart your_source.cu -o your_binary
```

Note:

- `-I /usr/local/cula/include` tells the compiler, `nvcc`, where to find the `.h` files.
- `-L /usr/local/cula/lib64` tells `nvcc` to use the 64-bit version of the CULA library.
- `-lcula_core -lcula_lapack -lcublas -lcudart` tells `nvcc` to link the CULA library to your binary.

EXAMPLE: SAY I WANT TO COMPILE inst.cu:

```
#include <cula.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    culaStatus s;

    s = culaInitialize();
    if(s != culaNoError)
    {
        printf("%s\n", culaGetErrorInfo());
    }

    /* ... Your code ... */

    culaShutdown();
}
```

```
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ ls  
inst.cu Makefile  
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ make  
nvcc -I /usr/local/cula/include -L /usr/local/cula/lib64 -lcula_core -lcula_lapack -lcublas -lcudart inst.cu -o inst  
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ ls  
inst inst.cu Makefile  
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ ./inst  
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ |
```

FUNCTION NAME CONVENTIONS

culapack S geqrf

Culapack Data Matrix Computation
Prefix Type Type Routine

CULAPACK PREFIX

culaSgeqrf

Culapack Data Matrix Computation
Prefix Type Type Routine

| Interface | Culapack Prefix | Example function |
|-----------|-----------------|------------------|
| Standard | cula | culaSgeqrf |
| Device | culaDevice | culaDeviceSgeqrf |

DATA TYPE

culapack S geqrf

Culapack Data Matrix Computation
Prefix Type Type Routine

| Prefix | Data Type | CULA Standard Interface Type | CULA Device Interface Type |
|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| s | Single Precision Real | culafloat | culadevicefloat |
| c | Single Precision Complex | culafloatcomplex | culadevicefloatcomplex |
| d | Double Precision Real | culadouble | culadevicedouble |
| z | Double Precision Complex | culadoublecomplex | culadevicedoublecomplex |

MATRIX TYPE

culaSgeqrf

Culapack Data Matrix Computation
Prefix Type Type Routine

| Abbreviation | Matrix Type |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| bd | Bidiagonal |
| ge | General |
| gg | General matrices, generalized problem |
| he | Hermitian Symmetric |
| or | (Real) Orthogonal |
| sb | Symmetric Band |
| sy | Symmetric |
| tr | Triangular |
| un | (Complex) Unitary |

COMPUTATIONAL ROUTINE

culaSgeqrf

Culapack Data Matrix Computation
Prefix Type Type Routine

| Abbreviation | Computation Routine |
|--------------|---|
| trf | Compute a triangular factorization |
| sv | Factor the matrix and solve a system of equations |
| qrf | Compute a QR factorization without pivoting |
| svd | Compute the singular value decomposition |
| ls | Solve over- or under-determined linear system |

WHAT'S IN CULA?

FRAMEWORK FUNCTIONS

| | |
|--|---|
| <code>culaInitialize</code> | Initializes CULA. Must be called before using any other function. |
| <code>culaShutdown</code> | Shuts down CULA. Must be called to deallocate CULA internal data. |
| <code>culaGetLastStatus</code> | Returns the last status code returned from a CULA function. |
| <code>culaGetStatusString</code> | Given a <code>culaStatus</code> number, returns a readable error string. |
| <code>culaGetStatusAsString</code> | Returns the <code>culaStatus</code> name as a string. |
| <code>culaGetErrorInfo</code> | Returns extended information about the last error or zero if it is unavailable |
| <code>culaGetErrorInfoString</code> | Associates a <code>culaStatus</code> and <code>culaInfo</code> with a readable error string. |
| <code>culaFreeBuffers</code> | Releases any memory buffers stored internally by CULA |
| <code>culaGetVersion</code> | Reports the version number of CULA. |
| <code>culaGetCudaMinimumVersion</code> | Reports the CUDA_VERSION that the running version of CULA was compiled against, which indicates the minimum version of CUDA that is required to use this library. |
| <code>culaGetCudaRuntimeVersion</code> | Reports the version of the CUDA runtime that the operating system linked against when the program was loaded. |
| <code>culaGetCudaDriverVersion</code> | Reports the version of the CUDA driver installed on the system. |
| <code>culaGetCublasMinimumVersion</code> | Reports the CUBLAS_VERSION that the running version of CULA was compiled against, which indicates the minimum version of CUBLAS that is required to use this library. |

| | |
|--|---|
| <code>culaGetCublasRuntimeVersion</code> | Reports the version of the CUBLAS runtime that operating system linked against when the program was loaded. |
| <code>culaGetDeviceCount</code> | Reports the number of GPU devices Can be called before <code>culaInitialize</code> |
| <code>culaSelectDevice</code> | Selects a device with which CULA will operate. Must go after <code>culaInitialize</code> |
| <code>culaGetExecutingDevice</code> | Returns a pointer to the id of the GPU device executing CULA. |
| <code>culaGetOptimalPitch</code> | Calculates a pitch that is optimal for CULA when using the device interface parameters. |
| <code>culaGetDeviceInfo</code> | Prints information to a buffer about a specified device. |
| <code>culaDeviceMalloc</code> | Allocates memory on the device. |
| <code>culaDeviceFree</code> | Frees memory that has been allocated with <code>culaDeviceMalloc</code> . |

AUXILIARY FUNCTIONS

| Matrix Type | Operation | S | C | D | Z |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| General | Copy from one Matrix into another | SLACPY | CLACPY | DLACPY | ZLACPY |
| | Convert a matrix's precision | SLAG2D | CLAG2Z | DLAG2S | ZLAG2D |
| | Apply a block reflector to a matrix | SLARFB | CLARFB | DLARFB | ZLARFB |
| | Generate an elementary reflector | SLARFG | CLARFG | DLARFG | ZLARFG |
| | Generate a vector of plane rotations | SLARGV | CLARGV | DLARGV | ZLARGV |
| | Apply a vector of plane rotations | SLARTV | CLARTV | DLARTV | ZLARTV |
| | Multiple a matrix by a scalar | SLASCL | CLASCL | DLASCL | ZLASCL |
| | Initialize a matrix | SLASET | CLASET | DLASET | ZLASET |
| | Apply a sequence of plane rotations | SLASR | CLASR | DLASR | ZLASR |
| | Apply a vector of plane rotations | SLAR2V | CLAR2V | DLAR2V | ZLAR2V |
| Triangular | Triangular precision conversion | SLAT2D | CLAT2Z | DLAT2S | DLAT2Z |

| | |
|---|--|
| Conjugate (general matrix) | CgeConjugate, ZgeConjugate |
| Conjugates either the upper or lower triangle of a matrix, with the option to include the diagonal or not | CtrConjugate, ZtrConjugate |
| Check a matrix for invalid values | SgeNancheck, DgeNancheck, CgeNancheck, ZgeNancheck |
| out-of-place matrix transpose: $A^T \mapsto B$ | SgeTranspose, DgeTranspose, CgeTranspose, ZgeTranspose |
| in-place matrix transpose: $A^T \mapsto A$ | SgeTransposeInplace, DgeTransposeInplace, CgeTransposeInplace, ZgeTransposeInplace |
| out-of-place matrix transpose + conjugate all elements | SgeTransposeConjugate, DgeTransposeConjugate, CgeTransposeConjugate, ZgeTransposeConjugate |
| in-place matrix transpose + conjugate all elements | SgeTransposeConjugateInplace, DgeTransposeConjugateInplace, CgeTransposeConjugateInplace, ZgeTransposeConjugateInplace |

MATRIX MULTIPLICATIONS

| Matrix Type | Operation | S | C | D | Z |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| General | Matrix-matrix multiply | SGEMM | CGEMM | DGEMM | ZGEMM |
| | Matrix-vector multiply | SGEMV | CGEMV | DGEMV | ZGEMV |
| Triangular | Triangular matrix-matrix multiply | STRMM | CTRMM | DTRMM | ZTRMM |
| | Triangular matrix solve | STRSM | CTRSM | DTRSM | ZTRSM |
| Symmetric | Symmetric matrix-matrix multiply | SSYMM | CSYMM | DSYMM | ZSYMM |
| | Symmetric rank 2k update | SSYR2K | CSYR2K | DSYR2K | ZSYR2K |
| | Symmetric rank k update | SSYRK | CSYRK | DSYRK | ZSYRK |
| Hermitian | Hermitian matrix-matrix multiply | | CHEMM | | ZHEMM |
| | Hermitian rank 2k update | | CHER2K | | ZHER2K |
| | Hermitian rank k update | | CHERK | | ZHERK |

FACTORIZATIONS

| Matrix Type | Operation | S | C | D | Z |
|--------------------|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| General | Factorize and solve | SGESV | CGESV | DGESV | ZGESV |
| | Factorize and solve with iterative refinement | | | DSGESV | ZCGESV |
| | LU factorization | SGETRF | CGETRF | DGETRF | ZGETRF |
| | Solve using LU factorization | SGETRS | CGETRS | DGETRS | ZGETRS |
| | Invert using LU factorization | SGETRI | CGETRI | DGETRI | ZGETRI |
| Positive Definite | Factorize and solve | SPOSV | CPOSV | DPOSV | ZPOSV |
| | Cholesky factorization | SPOTRF | CPOTRF | DPOTRF | ZPOTRF |
| Triangular | Invert triangular matrix | STRTRI | CTRTRI | DTRTRI | ZTRTRI |
| | Solve triangular system | STRTRS | CTRTRS | DTRTRS | ZTRTRS |
| Banded | LU factorization | SGBTRF | CGBTRF | DGBTRF | ZGBTRF |
| Pos Def Banded | Cholesky factorization | SPBTRF | CPBTRF | DPBTRF | ZPBTRF |

ORTHOGONAL FACTORIZATIONS

| Matrix Type | Operation | S | C | D | Z |
|--------------------|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| General | QR factorization | SGEQRF | CGEQRF | DGEQRF | ZGEQRF |
| | QR factorize and solve | SGEQRS | CGEQRS | DGEQRS | ZGEQRS |
| | Generate Q from QR factorization | SORGQR | CUNGQR | DORGQR | ZUNGQR |
| | Multiply matrix by Q from QR factorization | SORMQR | CUNMQR | DORMQR | ZUNMQR |
| General | LQ factorization | SGELQF | CGELQF | DGELQF | ZGELQF |
| | Generate Q from LQ factorization | SORGLQ | CUNGLQ | DORGLQ | ZUNGLQ |
| | Multiply matrix by Q from LQ factorization | SORMLQ | CUNMLQ | DORMLQ | ZUNMLQ |
| General | RQ factorization | SGERQF | CGERQF | DGERQF | ZGERQF |
| | Multiply matrix by Q from RQ factorization | SORMRQ | CUNMRQ | DORMRQ | ZUNMRQ |
| General | QL factorization | SGEQLF | CGEQLF | DGEQLF | ZGEQLF |
| | Generate Q from QL factorization | SORGQL | CUNGQL | DORGQL | ZUNGQL |
| | Multiply matrix by Q from QL factorization | SORMQL | CUNMQL | DORMQL | ZUNMQL |

SINGULAR VALUE DECOMPOSITIONS

| Matrix Type | Operation | S | C | D | Z |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| General | General Singular Value Decomposition | SGESVD | CGESVD | DGESVD | ZGESVD |
| | Bidiagonal reduction | SGEBRD | CGEBRD | DGEBRD | ZGEBRD |
| | Generate Q from bidiagonal reduction | SORGCR | CUNGCR | DORGCR | ZUNGCR |
| Bidiagonal | Find singular values and vectors | SBDSQR | CBDSQR | DBDSQR | ZBDSQR |

LEAST SQUARES

| Matrix Type | Operation | S | C | D | Z |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| General | General least squares solve | SGELS | CGELS | DGELS | ZGELS |
| | Equality-constrained least squares | SGGLSE | CGGLSE | DGGLSE | ZGGLSE |

SYMMETRIC EIGENPROBLEMS

| Matrix Type | Operation | S | C | D | Z |
|-------------|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Symmetric | Symmetric Eigenproblem solver | SSYEV | | DSYEV | |
| | Symmetric Eigenproblem solver (expert) | SSYEVX | | DSYEVX | |
| | Symmetric band reduction | SSYRDB | | DSYRDB | |
| Tridiagonal | Find eigenvalues using bisection | SSTEVB | | DSTEVB | |
| | Find eigenvalues using QR/QL iteration | SSTEQR | CSTEQR | DSYRDB | ZSTEQR |

NON-SYMMETRIC EIGENPROBLEMS

| Matrix Type | Operation | S | C | D | Z |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| General | General Eigenproblem solver | SGEEV | CGEEV | DGEEV | ZGEEV |
| | Hessenberg reduction | SGEHRD | CGEHRD | DGEHRD | ZGEHRD |
| | Generate Q from Hessenberg reduction | SORGHR | CUNGHR | DORGHR | ZUNGHR |

EXAMPLE: INITIALIZATION AND SHUTDOWN

```
#include <cula.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    culaStatus s;

    s = culaInitialize();
    if(s != culaNoError)
    {
        printf("%s\n", culaGetErrorInfo());
    }

    /* ... Your code ... */

    culaShutdown();
}
```

Compile and run:

```
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ ls  
inst.cu Makefile  
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ make  
nvcc -I /usr/local/cula/include -L /usr/local/cula/lib64 -lcula_core -lcula_lapack -lcublas -lcudart inst.cu -o inst  
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ ls  
inst inst.cu Makefile  
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ ./inst  
[landau@impact1 Initialize_and_Shutdown]$ |
```

EXAMPLE: CATCHING ARGUMENT ERRORS

```
#include <cula.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    culaStatus s;
    int info;
    char buf[256];

    s = culaInitialize();
    if(s != culaNoError) {
        printf("%s\n", culaGetErrorInfo());
    }

    s = culaSgeqrf(-1, -1, NULL, -1, NULL); /* obviously wrong */
    if(s != culaNoError)
    {
        if(s == culaArgumentError)
            printf("Argument %d has an illegal value\n", culaGetErrorInfo());
        else
        {
            info = culaGetErrorInfo(); culaGetErrorInfoString(s, info, buf, sizeof(buf));
            printf("%s", buf);
        }
    }

    culaShutdown();
}
```

Compile and run:

```
[landau@impact1 Argument_Errors]$ ls  
ae.cu  Makefile  
[landau@impact1 Argument_Errors]$ make  
nvcc -I /usr/local/cula/include -L /usr/local/cula/lib64 -lcula_core -lcula_lapack -lcublas -lcudart ae.cu -o ae  
[landau@impact1 Argument_Errors]$ ls  
ae  ae.cu  Makefile  
[landau@impact1 Argument_Errors]$ ./ae  
Argument -1 has an illegal value  
[landau@impact1 Argument_Errors]$ |
```

EXAMPLE: CATCHING DATA ERRORS

```
#include <cula.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    culaStatus s;
    int info;
    char buf[256];

    float* A = (float *) malloc(20 * 20 * sizeof(float));
    memset(A, 0, 20*20*sizeof(float)); /* singular matrix, illegal for LU (getrf) */
    int ipiv[20];

    s = culaInitialize();
    if(s != culaNoError) {
        printf("%s\n", culaGetErrorInfo());
    }

    s = culaSgetrf(20, 20, A, 20, ipiv);

    if( s != culaNoError )
    {
        if( s == culaDataError )
            printf("Data error with code %d, please see LAPACK documentation\n", culaGetErrorInfo());
        else
        {
            info = culaGetErrorInfo(); culaGetErrorInfoString(s, info, buf, sizeof(buf));
            printf("%s", buf);
        }
    }

    culaShutdown();
}
```

Compile and run:

```
[landau@impact1 Data_Errors]$ ls  
de.cu  Makefile  
[landau@impact1 Data_Errors]$ make  
nvcc -I /usr/local/cula/include -L /usr/local/cula/lib64 -lcula_core -lcula_lapack -lcublas -lcudart de.cu -o de  
[landau@impact1 Data_Errors]$ ls  
de  de.cu  Makefile  
[landau@impact1 Data_Errors]$ ./de  
Data error with code 1, please see LAPACK documentation  
[landau@impact1 Data_Errors]$ |
```

EXAMPLE: CHECK THAT LIBRARIES ARE LINKED PROPERLY

```
#include <cuda.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int MeetsMinimumCulaRequirements() {

    int cudaMinimumVersion = cudaGetCudaMinimumVersion();
    int cudaRuntimeVersion = cudaGetCudaRuntimeVersion();
    int cudaDriverVersion = cudaGetCudaDriverVersion();
    int cublasMinimumVersion = cudaGetCublasMinimumVersion();
    int cublasRuntimeVersion = cudaGetCublasRuntimeVersion();

    if(cudaRuntimeVersion < cudaMinimumVersion) {
        printf("CUDA runtime version is insufficient;\nversion %d or greater is required\n", cudaMinimumVersion);
        return 0;
    }

    if(cudaDriverVersion < cudaMinimumVersion) {
        printf("CUDA driver version is insufficient;\nversion %d or greater is required\n", cudaMinimumVersion);
        return 0;
    }

    if(cublasRuntimeVersion < cublasMinimumVersion) {
        printf("CUBLAS runtime version is insufficient;\nversion %d or greater is required\n", cublasMinimumVersion);
        return 0;
    }

    return 1;
}

int main(){
    MeetsMinimumCulaRequirements();
}
```

Compile and run:

```
[landau@impact1 Library_Link_Check]$ ls
ll.cu Makefile
[landau@impact1 Library_Link_Check]$ make
nvcc -I /usr/local/cula/include -L /usr/local/cula/lib64 -lcula_core -lcula_lapack -lcublas -lcudart ll.cu -o ll
[landau@impact1 Library_Link_Check]$ ls
ll.cu Makefile
[landau@impact1 Library_Link_Check]$ ./ll
[landau@impact1 Library_Link_Check]$
```

EXAMPLE: deviceInterface

```
/*
 * CULA Example: deviceInterface
 *
 * This example is meant to show a typical program flow when using CULA's device
 * interface.
 *
 * 1. Allocate matrices
 * 2. Initialize CULA
 * 3. Initialize the A matrix to zero
 * 4. Copy the A matrix to the device Ad matrix
 * 4. Call culaDeviceSgeqr (QR factorization) on the matrix Ad
 * 5. Copies the results (Ad,TAUd) back to the host (A,TAU)
 * 6. Call culaShutdown
 *
 * After each CULA operation, the status of CULA is checked. On failure, an
 * error message is printed and the program exits.
 *
 * Note: this example performs the QR factorization on a matrix of zeros, the
 * result of which is a matrix of zeros, due to the omission of ones across the
 * diagonal of the upper-diagonal unitary Q.
 *
 * Note: this example requires the CUDA toolkit to compile.
 */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

#include <cula_lapack_device.h>

#include <cuda_runtime.h>
#ifndef _MSC_VER
# pragma comment(lib, "cudart.lib")
#endif

void checkStatus(culaStatus status)
{
    char buf[256];
    if(!status)
        return;

    culaGetErrorInfoString(status, culaGetErrorInfo(), buf, sizeof(buf));
    printf("%s\n", buf);

    culaShutdown();
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
```

```
void checkCudaError(cudaError_t err)
{
    if(!err)
        return;

    printf("%s\n", cudaGetErrorString(err));

    cudaShutdown();
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
```

```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
#ifndef NDEBUG
    int M = 8192;
#else
    int M = 1024;
#endif
    int N = M;

    cudaError_t err;
    culaStatus status;

    // point to host memory
    float* A = NULL;
    float* TAU = NULL;

    // point to device memory
    float* Ad = NULL;
    float* TAUD = NULL;

    printf("Allocating Matrices\n");
    A = (float*)malloc(M*N*sizeof(float));
    TAU = (float*)malloc(N*sizeof(float));
    if(!A || !TAU)
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);

    err = cudaMalloc((void**)&Ad, M*N*sizeof(float));
    checkCudaError(err);

    err = cudaMalloc((void**)&TAUD, N*sizeof(float));
    checkCudaError(err);
```

```
printf("Initializing CULA\n");
status = culaInitialize();
checkStatus(status);

memset(A, 0, M*N*sizeof(float));
err = cudaMemcpy(Ad, A, M*N*sizeof(float), cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);
checkCudaError(err);

printf("Calling culaDeviceSgeqr\n");
status = culaDeviceSgeqr(M, N, Ad, M, TAUd);
checkStatus(status);

err = cudaMemcpy(A, Ad, M*N*sizeof(float), cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
checkCudaError(err);
err = cudaMemcpy(TAU, TAUd, N*sizeof(float), cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);
checkCudaError(err);

printf("Shutting down CULA\n");
culaShutdown();

cudaFree(Ad);
cudaFree(TAUd);
free(A);
free(TAU);

return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

Compile:

```
[landau@impact1 CULA]$ cd deviceInterface/
[landau@impact1 deviceInterface]$ ls
deviceInterface.c  Makefile
[landau@impact1 deviceInterface]$ make build64
sh ./checkenvironment.sh
Warning: CULA_BIN_PATH_32 is not defined
Warning: CULA_BIN_PATH_64 is not defined
Warning: CULA_LIB_PATH_32 is not defined
-----
Warning: Some CULA environment variables could not be found.
      This may prevent successful building of the example projects
-----
gcc -m64 -o deviceInterface deviceInterface.c -DNDEBUG -O3 -I/usr/local/cula/include -I/usr/local/cuda/include -L/usr/local/cula/
lib64 -lcula_core -lcula_lapack -lcublas -lcudart
```

Run:

```
[landau@impact1 deviceInterface]$ ls  
deviceInterface deviceInterface.c Makefile  
[landau@impact1 deviceInterface]$ ./deviceInterface  
Allocating Matrices  
Initializing CULA  
Calling culaDeviceSgeqrF  
Shutting down CULA  
[landau@impact1 deviceInterface]$
```

EXAMPLE: systemSolve

```
/*
 * CULA Example: systemSolve
 *
 * This example shows how to use a system solve for multiple data types. Each
 * data type has its own example case for clarity. For each data type, the
 * following steps are done:
 *
 * 1. Allocate a matrix on the host
 * 2. Initialize CULA
 * 3. Initialize the A matrix to the Identity
 * 4. Call gesv on the matrix
 * 5. Verify the results
 * 6. Call culaShutdown
 *
 * After each CULA operation, the status of CULA is checked. On failure, an
 * error message is printed and the program exits.
 */
```

```
*  
* Note: CULA Premium and double-precision GPU hardware are required to run the  
* double-precision examples  
*  
* Note: this example performs a system solve on an identity matrix against a  
* random vector, the result of which is that same random vector. This is not  
* true in the general case and is only appropriate for this example. For a  
* general case check, the product A*X should be checked against B. Note that  
* because A is modified by GESV, a copy of A would be needed with which to do  
* the verification.  
*/
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

#include <cula_lapack.h>

void checkStatus(culaStatus status)
{
    char buf[256];

    if(!status)
        return;

    culaGetErrorInfoString(status, culaGetErrorInfo(), buf, sizeof(buf));
    printf("%s\n", buf);

    culaShutdown();
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
```

```
void culaFloatExample()
{
#ifndef NDEBUG
|    int N = 8192;
#else
    int N = 1024;
#endif
    int NRHS = 1;
    int i;

    culaStatus status;

    culaFloat* A = NULL;
    culaFloat* B = NULL;
    culaFloat* X = NULL;
    culaInt* IPIV = NULL;

    culaFloat one = 1.0f;
    culaFloat thresh = 1e-6f;
    culaFloat diff;
```

```
printf("-----\n");
printf("      SGESV\n");
printf("-----\n");

printf("Allocating Matrices\n");
A = (cudaFloat*)malloc(N*N*sizeof(cudaFloat));
B = (cudaFloat*)malloc(N*sizeof(cudaFloat));
X = (cudaFloat*)malloc(N*sizeof(cudaFloat));
IPIV = (cudaInt*)malloc(N*sizeof(cudaInt));
if(!A || !B || !IPIV)
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);

printf("Initializing CULA\n");
status = cudaInitialize();
checkStatus(status);
```

```
// Set A to the identity matrix
memset(A, 0, N*N*sizeof(culaFloat));
for(i = 0; i < N; ++i)
    A[i*N+i] = one;

// Set B to a random matrix (see note at top)
for(i = 0; i < N; ++i)
    B[i] = (culaFloat)rand();
memcpy(X, B, N*sizeof(culaFloat));

memset(IPIV, 0, N*sizeof(culaInt));

printf("Calling culaSgesv\n");
status = culaSgesv(N, NRHS, A, N, IPIV, X, N);
checkStatus(status);

printf("Verifying Result\n");
for(i = 0; i < N; ++i)
{
    diff = X[i] - B[i];
    if(diff < 0.0f)
        diff = -diff;
    if(diff > thresh)
        printf("Result check failed: i=%d X[i]=%f B[i]=%f", i, X[i], B[i]);
}

printf("Shutting down CULA\n\n");
cudaShutdown();

free(A);
free(B);
free(IPIV);
}
```

```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    culaFloatExample();
    culaFloatComplexExample();

    // Note: CULA Premium is required for double-precision
#ifndef CULA_PREMIUM
    culaDoubleExample();
    culaDoubleComplexExample();
#endif
|
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

Compile and run as follows:

```
[landau@impact1 systemSolve]$ ls
Makefile systemSolve.c
[landau@impact1 systemSolve]$ make build64
sh ./checkenvironment.sh
Warning: CULA_BIN_PATH_32 is not defined
Warning: CULA_BIN_PATH_64 is not defined
Warning: CULA_LIB_PATH_32 is not defined

-----
Warning: Some CULA environment variables could not be found.
      This may prevent successful building of the example projects
-----

gcc -m64 -o systemSolve systemSolve.c -DNDEBUG -O3 -I/usr/local/cula/include -L/usr/local/cula/lib64 -lcula_c
ore -lcula_lapack -lcublas -lcudart
systemSolve.c: In function ‘cudaFloatComplexExample’:
systemSolve.c:223: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function ‘sqrt’
systemSolve.c: In function ‘cudaDoubleComplexExample’:
systemSolve.c:399: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function ‘sqrt’
```

```
[landau@impact1 systemSolve]$ ls  
Makefile  systemSolve  systemSolve.c  
[landau@impact1 systemSolve]$ ./systemSolve  
-----  
      SGEVS  
-----  
Allocating Matrices  
Initializing CULA  
Calling culaSgesv  
Verifying Result  
Shutting down CULA  
  
-----  
      CGESV  
-----  
Allocating Matrices  
Initializing CULA  
Calling culaCgesv  
Verifying Result  
Shutting down CULA
```

```
-----  
DGESV  
-----  
Allocating Matrices  
Initializing CULA  
Calling culaDgesv  
Verifying Result  
Shutting down CULA  
  
-----  
ZGESV  
-----  
Allocating Matrices  
Initializing CULA  
Calling culaZgesv  
Verifying Result  
Shutting down CULA  
  
[landau@impact1 systemSolve]$ |
```

GPU SERIES MATERIALS

These slides, a tentative syllabus for the whole series, and code are available at:

<https://github.com/wlandau/gpu>.

After logging into you home directory on impact1, type:

```
git clone https://github.com/wlandau/gpu
```

into the command line to download all the materials.

REFERENCES

“CULA Programmer’s Guide”. CULA Tools.

http://www.hpc-sol.co.jp/products/cula/doc/CULA_dense_R15/CULAProgrammersGuide_R15.pdf

“CULA Reference Manual”. CULA Tools.

http://www.hpc-sol.co.jp/products/cula/doc/CULA_dense_R15/CULAREferenceManual_R15.pdf