NAME

gethostbyname, gethostbyname, gethostbyname, gethostent, endhostent, h_errno, herror, hstrerror, gethostbyname, gethostbyname, gethostbyname_r, gethostbyname_r, gethostent_r – get network host entry

```
SYNOPSIS
```

```
#include <netdb.h>
extern int h_errno;
struct hostent *gethostbyname(const char *name);
#include <sys/socket.h> /* for AF_INET */
struct hostent *gethostbyaddr(const void *addr,
                 socklen_t len, int type);
void sethostent(int stayopen);
void endhostent(void);
void herror(const char *s);
const char *hstrerror(int err);
/* System V/POSIX extension */
struct hostent *gethostent(void);
/* GNU extensions */
struct hostent *gethostbyname2(const char *name, int af);
int gethostent_r(
    struct hostent *ret, char *buf, size_t buflen,
    struct hostent **result, int *h_errnop);
int gethostbyaddr_r(const void *addr, socklen_t len, int type,
    struct hostent *ret, char *buf, size_t buflen,
    struct hostent **result, int *h_errnop);
int gethostbyname_r(const char *name,
    struct hostent *ret, char *buf, size_t buflen,
    struct hostent **result, int *h_errnop);
int gethostbyname2_r(const char *name, int af,
    struct hostent *ret, char *buf, size_t buflen,
    struct hostent **result, int *h_errnop);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see **feature_test_macros**(7)):

```
\label{lem:gethostbyname2} gethostbyname2(), gethostbyname1r(), gethostbyname2r(), gethostbyname2r(): \\ \_BSD\_SOURCE \parallel \_SVID\_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION

The gethostbyname*() and gethostbyaddr*() functions are obsolete. Applications should use getaddrinfo(3) and getnameinfo(3) instead.

The **gethostbyname**() function returns a structure of type *hostent* for the given host *name*. Here *name* is either a hostname, or an IPv4 address in standard dot notation (as for **inet_addr**(3)), or an IPv6 address in colon (and possibly dot) notation. (See RFC 1884 for the description of IPv6 addresses.) If *name* is an

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IPv4 or IPv6 address, no lookup is performed and **gethostbyname**() simply copies *name* into the *h_name* field and its *struct in_addr* equivalent into the *h_addr_list[0]* field of the returned *hostent* structure. If *name* doesn't end in a dot and the environment variable **HOSTALIASES** is set, the alias file pointed to by **HOSTALIASES** will first be searched for *name* (see **hostname**(7) for the file format). The current domain and its parents are searched unless *name* ends in a dot.

The **gethostbyaddr**() function returns a structure of type *hostent* for the given host address *addr* of length *len* and address type *type*. Valid address types are **AF_INET** and **AF_INET6**. The host address argument is a pointer to a struct of a type depending on the address type, for example a *struct in_addr* * (probably obtained via a call to **inet_addr**(3)) for address type **AF_INET**.

The **sethostent**() function specifies, if *stayopen* is true (1), that a connected TCP socket should be used for the name server queries and that the connection should remain open during successive queries. Otherwise, name server queries will use UDP datagrams.

The **endhostent**() function ends the use of a TCP connection for name server queries.

The (obsolete) **herror**() function prints the error message associated with the current value of h_errno on *stderr*.

The (obsolete) **hstrerror**() function takes an error number (typically h_errno) and returns the corresponding message string.

The domain name queries carried out by **gethostbyname**() and **gethostbyaddr**() use a combination of any or all of the name server **named**(8), a broken out line from */etc/hosts*, and the Network Information Service (NIS or YP), depending upon the contents of the *order* line in */etc/host.conf*. The default action is to query **named**(8), followed by */etc/hosts*.

The *hostent* structure is defined in <*netdb.h*> as follows:

The members of the *hostent* structure are:

h_name

The official name of the host.

h aliases

An array of alternative names for the host, terminated by a NULL pointer.

h_addrtype

The type of address; always **AF_INET** or **AF_INET6** at present.

h_length

The length of the address in bytes.

h_addr_list

An array of pointers to network addresses for the host (in network byte order), terminated by a NULL pointer.

 h_addr The first address in h_addr_list for backward compatibility.

RETURN VALUE

The **gethostbyname**() and **gethostbyaddr**() functions return the *hostent* structure or a NULL pointer if an error occurs. On error, the h_errno variable holds an error number. When non-NULL, the return value may point at static data, see the notes below.

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ERRORS

The variable $h_{\underline{-errno}}$ can have the following values:

HOST_NOT_FOUND

The specified host is unknown.

NO_ADDRESS or NO_DATA

The requested name is valid but does not have an IP address.

NO RECOVERY

A non-recoverable name server error occurred.

TRY AGAIN

A temporary error occurred on an authoritative name server. Try again later.

FILES

/etc/host.conf

resolver configuration file

/etc/hosts

host database file

/etc/nsswitch.conf

name service switch configuration

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001 specifies **gethostbyname()**, **gethostbyaddr()**, **sethostent()**, **endhostent()**, **gethostent()**, and h_errno ; **gethostbyname()**, **gethostbyaddr()**, and h_errno are marked obsolescent in that standard. POSIX.1-2008 removes the specifications of **gethostbyname()**, **gethostbyaddr()**, and h_errno , recommending the use of **getaddrinfo(3)** and **getnameinfo(3)** instead.

NOTES

The functions **gethostbyname**() and **gethostbyaddr**() may return pointers to static data, which may be overwritten by later calls. Copying the *struct hostent* does not suffice, since it contains pointers; a deep copy is required.

In the original BSD implementation the *len* argument of **gethostbyname**() was an *int*. The SUSv2 standard is buggy and declares the *len* argument of **gethostbyaddr**() to be of type $size_t$. (That is wrong, because it has to be int, and $size_t$ is not. POSIX.1-2001 makes it $socklen_t$, which is OK.) See also **accept**(2).

The BSD prototype for **gethostbyaddr**() uses *const char* * for the first argument.

System V/POSIX Extension

POSIX requires the **gethostent**() call, that should return the next entry in the host data base. When using DNS/BIND this does not make much sense, but it may be reasonable if the host data base is a file that can be read line by line. On many systems a routine of this name reads from the file /etc/hosts. It may be available only when the library was built without DNS support. The glibc version will ignore ipv6 entries. This function is not reentrant, and glibc adds a reentrant version **gethostent_r**().

GNU Extensions

Glibc2 also has a **gethostbyname2**() that works like **gethostbyname**(), but permits to specify the address family to which the address must belong.

Glibc2 also has reentrant versions **gethostent_r()**, **gethostbyaddr_r()**, **gethostbyname_r()** and **gethostbyname2_r()**. The caller supplies a *hostent* structure *ret* which will be filled in on success, and a temporary work buffer *buf* of size *buflen*. After the call, *result* will point to the result on success. In case of an error or if no entry is found *result* will be NULL. The functions return 0 on success and a non-zero error number on failure. In addition to the errors returned by the non-reentrant versions of these functions, if *buf* is too small, the functions will return **ERANGE**, and the call should be retried with a larger buffer. The global variable h_errno is not modified, but the address of a variable in which to store error numbers is passed in h_errnop .

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BUGS

gethostbyname() does not recognize components of a dotted IPv4 address string that are expressed in hexadecimal.

SEE ALSO

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 3.22 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, and information about reporting bugs, can be found at http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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