```
1: // $Id: sockets.h,v 1.1 2015-05-12 18:48:40-07 - - $
 3: #ifndef __SOCKET_H__
 4: #define __SOCKET_H_
 6: #include <cstring>
 7: #include <stdexcept>
 8: #include <string>
 9: #include <vector>
10: using namespace std;
11:
12: #include <arpa/inet.h>
13: #include <netdb.h>
14: #include <netinet/in.h>
15: #include <string>
16: #include <sys/socket.h>
17: #include <sys/types.h>
18: #include <sys/wait.h>
19: #include <unistd.h>
20:
21: //
22: // class base_socket:
23: // mostly protected and not used by applications
24: //
25:
26: class base_socket {
27:
       private:
28:
          static constexpr size_t MAXRECV = 0xFFFF;
29:
          static constexpr int CLOSED_FD = -1;
30:
          int socket_fd {CLOSED_FD};
31:
          sockaddr_in socket_addr;
          base_socket (const base_socket&) = delete; // prevent copying
32:
          base_socket& operator= (const base_socket&) = delete;
33:
34:
       protected:
35:
          base_socket(); // only derived classes may construct
36:
          ~base_socket();
37:
          // server_socket initialization
38:
          void create();
39:
          void bind (const in_port_t port);
40:
          void listen() const;
41:
          void accept (base_socket&) const;
42:
          // client_socket initialization
          void connect (const string host, const in_port_t port);
43:
44:
          // accepted_socket initialization
45:
          void set_socket_fd (int fd);
46:
      public:
          void close();
47:
48:
          ssize_t send (const void* buffer, size_t bufsize);
49:
          ssize_t recv (void* buffer, size_t bufsize);
          void set_non_blocking (const bool);
50:
          friend string to_string (const base_socket& sock);
51:
52: };
53:
```

```
54:
55: //
56: // class accepted_socket
57: // used by server when a client connects
59:
60: class accepted_socket: public base_socket {
61:
      public:
62:
          accepted_socket() {}
63:
          accepted_socket(int fd) { set_socket_fd (fd); }
64: };
65:
66: //
67: // class client_socket
68: // used by client application to connect to server
70:
71: class client_socket: public base_socket {
72:
      public:
          client_socket (string host, in_port_t port);
73:
74: };
75:
76: //
77: // class server_socket
78: // single use class by server application
79: //
80:
81: class server_socket: public base_socket {
82:
      public:
83:
          server_socket (in_port_t port);
84:
          void accept (accepted_socket& sock) {
85:
             base_socket::accept (sock);
86:
          }
87: };
88:
```

```
89:
 90: //
 91: // class socket_error
 92: // base class for throwing socket errors
 94:
 95: class socket_error: public runtime_error {
       public:
 96:
 97:
           explicit socket_error (const string& what): runtime_error(what){}
 98: };
99:
100: //
101: // class socket_sys_error
102: // subclass to record status of extern int errno variable
103: //
104:
105: class socket_sys_error: public socket_error {
106:
      public:
107:
           int sys_errno;
108:
           explicit socket_sys_error (const string& what):
109:
                    socket_error(what + ": " + strerror (errno)),
110:
                    sys_errno(errno) {}
111: };
112:
113: //
114: // class socket_h_error
115: // subclass to record status of extern int h_errno variable
116: //
117:
118: class socket_h_error: public socket_error {
119:
       public:
120:
           int host_errno;
           explicit socket_h_error (const string& what):
121:
122:
                    socket_error(what + ": " + hstrerror (h_errno)),
123:
                    host_errno(h_errno) {}
124: };
125:
```

```
126:
127: //
128: // class hostinfo
129: // information about a host given hostname or IPv4 address
131:
132: class hostinfo {
133:
      public:
134:
           const string hostname;
135:
           const vector<string> aliases;
136:
           const vector<in_addr> addresses;
137:
           hostinfo (); // localhost
           hostinfo (hostent*);
138:
           hostinfo (const string& hostname);
139:
           hostinfo (const in_addr& ipv4_addr);
140:
141:
           friend string to_string (const hostinfo&);
142: };
143:
144: string localhost();
145: string to_string (const in_addr& ipv4_addr);
146:
147: #endif
148:
```

```
1: // $Id: protocol.h,v 1.2 2015-05-12 18:59:40-07 - - $
 3: #ifndef __PROTOCOL__H__
 4: #define __PROTOCOL__H__
 6: #include <cstdint>
7: #include <cstring>
8: #include <iostream>
9: using namespace std;
10:
11: #include "sockets.h"
12:
13: enum cix_command {CIX_ERROR = 0, CIX_EXIT,
                      CIX_GET, CIX_HELP, CIX_LS, CIX_PUT, CIX_RM,
14:
15:
                      CIX_FILE, CIX_LSOUT, CIX_ACK, CIX_NAK};
16:
17: size_t constexpr FILENAME_SIZE = 59;
18: struct cix_header {
       uint32_t nbytes {0};
19:
       uint8_t command {0};
20:
21:
       char filename[FILENAME_SIZE] {};
22: };
23:
24: void send_packet (base_socket& socket,
25:
                      const void* buffer, size_t bufsize);
26:
27: void recv_packet (base_socket& socket, void* buffer, size_t bufsize);
28:
29: ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, const cix_header& header);</pre>
30:
31: string get_cix_server_host (const vector<string>& args, size_t index);
33: in_port_t get_cix_server_port (const vector<string>& args,
34:
                                    size_t index);
35:
36: #endif
37:
```

```
1: // $Id: logstream.h,v 1.1 2015-05-12 18:48:40-07 - - $
 2:
 3: //
 4: // class logstream
 5: // replacement for initial cout so that each call to a logstream
 6: // will prefix the line of output with an identification string
 7: // and a process id. Template functions must be in header files
 8: // and the others are trivial.
 9: //
10:
11: #ifndef __LOGSTREAM_H__
12: #define __LOGSTREAM_H__
13:
14: #include <cassert>
15: #include <iostream>
16: #include <string>
17: #include <vector>
18: using namespace std;
20: #include <sys/types.h>
21: #include <unistd.h>
22:
23: class logstream {
24:
      private:
25:
          ostream& out;
26:
          string execname_;
27:
       public:
28:
29:
          // Constructor may or may not have the execname available.
30:
          logstream (ostream& out, const string& execname = ""):
31:
                     out (out), execname_ (execname) {
32:
          }
33:
34:
          // First line of main should execname if logstream is global.
35:
          void execname (const string& name) { execname_ = name; }
36:
          string execname() { return execname_; }
37:
38:
          // First call should be the logstream, not cout.
39:
          // Then forward result to the standard ostream.
40:
          template <typename T>
41:
          ostream& operator<< (const T& obj) {
42:
             assert (execname_.size() > 0);
             out << execname_ << "(" << getpid() << "): " << obj;
43:
44:
             return out;
45:
          }
46:
47: };
48:
49: #endif
50:
```

```
1: // $Id: sockets.cpp,v 1.1 2015-05-12 18:48:40-07 - - $
 3: #include <cerrno>
 4: #include <cstring>
 5: #include <iostream>
 6: #include <sstream>
 7: #include <string>
 8: using namespace std;
9:
10: #include <fcntl.h>
11: #include <limits.h>
13: #include "sockets.h"
14:
15: base_socket::base_socket() {
       memset (&socket_addr, 0, sizeof (socket_addr));
16:
17: }
18:
19: base_socket:: base_socket() {
       if (socket_fd != CLOSED_FD) close();
20:
21: }
22:
23: void base_socket::close() {
       int status = ::close (socket_fd);
24:
25:
       if (status < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("close("</pre>
26:
                              + to_string(socket_fd) + ")");
27:
       socket_fd = CLOSED_FD;
28: }
29:
30: void base_socket::create() {
       socket_fd = ::socket (AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
       if (socket_fd < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("socket");</pre>
32:
33:
       int on = 1;
34:
       int status = ::setsockopt (socket_fd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR,
35:
                                   &on, sizeof on);
36:
       if (status < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("setsockopt");</pre>
37: }
38:
39: void base_socket::bind (const in_port_t port) {
40:
       socket_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
41:
       socket_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
42:
       socket_addr.sin_port = htons (port);
43:
       int status = ::bind (socket_fd,
44:
                             reinterpret_cast<sockaddr*> (&socket_addr),
45:
                             sizeof socket_addr);
46:
       if (status < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("bind(" + to_string (port)</pre>
47:
                                                 + ")");
48: }
49:
50: void base_socket::listen() const {
51:
       int status = ::listen (socket_fd, SOMAXCONN);
       if (status < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("listen");</pre>
52:
53: }
54:
```

```
55:
 56: void base_socket::accept (base_socket& socket) const {
        int addr_length = sizeof socket.socket_addr;
 58:
        socket.socket_fd = ::accept (socket_fd,
 59:
                      reinterpret_cast<sockaddr*> (&socket.socket_addr),
 60:
                      reinterpret_cast<socklen_t*> (&addr_length));
 61:
        if (socket.socket_fd < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("accept");</pre>
 62: }
 63:
 64: ssize_t base_socket::send (const void* buffer, size_t bufsize) {
 65:
        int nbytes = ::send (socket_fd, buffer, bufsize, MSG_NOSIGNAL);
 66:
        if (nbytes < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("send");</pre>
 67:
        return nbytes;
 68: }
 69:
 70: ssize_t base_socket::recv (void* buffer, size_t bufsize) {
        memset (buffer, 0, bufsize);
 71:
 72:
        ssize_t nbytes = ::recv (socket_fd, buffer, bufsize, 0);
 73:
        if (nbytes < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("recv");</pre>
 74:
        return nbytes;
 75: }
 76:
 77: void base_socket::connect (const string host, const in_port_t port) {
        struct hostent *hostp = ::gethostbyname (host.c_str());
 78:
 79:
        if (hostp == NULL) throw socket_h_error ("gethostbyname("
 80:
                                  + host + ")");
 81:
        socket_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
 82:
        socket_addr.sin_port = htons (port);
 83:
        socket_addr.sin_addr = *reinterpret_cast<in_addr*> (hostp->h_addr);
        int status = ::connect (socket_fd,
 84:
 85:
                                 reinterpret_cast<sockaddr*> (&socket_addr),
 86:
                                 sizeof (socket_addr));
 87:
        if (status < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("connect(" + host + ":"</pre>
 88:
                               + to_string (port) + ")");
 89: }
 90:
 91: void base_socket::set_socket_fd (int fd) {
        socklen_t addrlen = sizeof socket_addr;
 93:
        int rc = getpeername (fd, reinterpret_cast<sockaddr*> (&socket_addr),
 94:
                               &addrlen);
 95:
        if (rc < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("set_socket_fd("</pre>
 96:
                           + to_string (fd) + "): getpeername");
 97:
        socket_fd = fd;
 98:
        if (socket_addr.sin_family != AF_INET)
 99:
           throw socket_error ("address not AF_INET");
100: }
101:
102: void base_socket::set_non_blocking (const bool blocking) {
103:
        int opts = ::fcntl (socket_fd, F_GETFL);
104:
        if (opts < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("fcntl");</pre>
105:
        if (blocking) opts |= O_NONBLOCK;
                 else opts &= compl O_NONBLOCK;
106:
        opts = ::fcntl (socket_fd, F_SETFL, opts);
107:
        if (opts < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("fcntl");</pre>
108:
109: }
110:
```

```
111:
112: client_socket::client_socket (string host, in_port_t port) {
       base_socket::create();
114:
        base_socket::connect (host, port);
115: }
116:
117: server_socket::server_socket (in_port_t port) {
       base_socket::create();
118:
        base_socket::bind (port);
119:
120:
        base_socket::listen();
121: }
122:
123: string to_string (const hostinfo& info) {
        return info.hostname + " (" + to_string (info.addresses[0]) + ")";
124:
125: }
126:
127: string to_string (const in_addr& ipv4_addr) {
        char buffer[INET_ADDRSTRLEN];
128:
        const char *result = ::inet_ntop (AF_INET, &ipv4_addr,
129:
130:
                                          buffer, sizeof buffer);
        if (result == NULL) throw socket_sys_error ("inet_ntop");
131:
132:
        return result;
133: }
134:
135: string to_string (const base_socket& sock) {
136:
        hostinfo info (sock.socket_addr.sin_addr);
137:
        return info.hostname + " (" + to_string (info.addresses[0])
138:
               + ") port " + to_string (ntohs (sock.socket_addr.sin_port));
139: }
140:
```

```
141:
142: string init_hostname (hostent* host) {
        if (host == nullptr) throw socket_h_error ("gethostbyname");
        return host->h_name;
144:
145: }
146:
147: vector<string> init_aliases (hostent* host) {
        if (host == nullptr) throw socket_h_error ("gethostbyname");
148:
        vector<string> init_aliases;
149:
        for (char** alias = host->h_aliases; *alias != nullptr; ++alias) {
150:
151:
           init_aliases.push_back (*alias);
152:
153:
        return init_aliases;
154: }
155:
156: vector<in_addr> init_addresses (hostent* host) {
        vector<in_addr> init_addresses;
157:
        if (host == nullptr) throw socket_h_error ("gethostbyname");
158:
        for (in_addr** addr =
159:
                      reinterpret_cast<in_addr**> (host->h_addr_list);
160:
             *addr != nullptr; ++addr) {
161:
162:
           init_addresses.push_back (**addr);
163:
164:
        return init_addresses;
165: }
166:
167: hostinfo::hostinfo (hostent* host):
        hostname (init_hostname (host)),
168:
169:
        aliases (init_aliases (host)),
        addresses (init_addresses (host)) {
170:
171: }
172:
173: hostinfo::hostinfo(): hostinfo (localhost()) {
174: }
175:
176: hostinfo::hostinfo (const string& hostname):
               hostinfo (::gethostbyname (hostname.c_str())) {
177:
178: }
179:
180: hostinfo::hostinfo (const in_addr& ipv4_addr):
181:
               hostinfo (::gethostbyaddr (&ipv4_addr, sizeof ipv4_addr,
182:
                                           AF_INET)) {
183: }
184:
185: string localhost() {
186:
        char hostname[HOST_NAME_MAX] {};
187:
        int rc = gethostname (hostname, sizeof hostname);
        if (rc < 0) throw socket_sys_error ("gethostname");</pre>
188:
189:
        return hostname;
190: }
191:
```

```
1: // $Id: protocol.cpp, v 1.2 2015-05-12 18:59:40-07 - - $
 3: #include <unordered_map>
 4: #include <string>
 5: using namespace std;
 6:
 7: #include "protocol.h"
8:
9: const unordered_map<int,string> cix_command_map {
       {int (CIX_ERROR), "CIX_ERROR"},
10:
11:
       {int (CIX_EXIT ), "CIX_EXIT" },
12:
       {int (CIX_GET ), "CIX_GET"
       {int (CIX_HELP ), "CIX_HELP"
13:
                      ), "CIX_LS"
       {int (CIX_LS
14:
                     ), "CIX_PUT"
15:
      {int (CIX_PUT
                      ), "CIX_RM"
16:
       {int (CIX_RM
17:
       {int (CIX_FILE ), "CIX_FILE" },
18:
       {int (CIX_LSOUT), "CIX_LSOUT"},
19:
       {int (CIX_ACK ), "CIS_ACK"
       {int (CIX_NAK ), "CIS_NAK"
20:
21: };
22:
23:
24: void send_packet (base_socket& socket,
25:
                       const void* buffer, size_t bufsize) {
26:
       const char* bufptr = static_cast<const char*> (buffer);
27:
       ssize_t ntosend = bufsize;
28:
       do {
29:
          ssize_t nbytes = socket.send (bufptr, ntosend);
30:
          if (nbytes < 0) throw socket_sys_error (to_string (socket));</pre>
31:
          bufptr += nbytes;
32:
          ntosend -= nbytes;
33:
       }while (ntosend > 0);
34: }
35:
36: void recv_packet (base_socket& socket, void* buffer, size_t bufsize) {
       char* bufptr = static_cast<char*> (buffer);
37:
38:
       ssize_t ntorecv = bufsize;
39:
       do {
40:
          ssize_t nbytes = socket.recv (bufptr, ntorecv);
41:
          if (nbytes < 0) throw socket_sys_error (to_string (socket));</pre>
42:
          if (nbytes == 0) throw socket_error (to_string (socket)
                                                 + " is closed");
43:
44:
          bufptr += nbytes;
45:
          ntorecv -= nbytes;
46:
       }while (ntorecv > 0);
47: }
48:
49: ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, const cix_header& header) {</pre>
50:
       const auto& itor = cix_command_map.find (header.command);
51:
       string code = itor == cix_command_map.end() ? "?" : itor->second;
52:
       cout << "{" << header.nbytes << "," << code << "="</pre>
53:
            << int (header.command) << ",\"" << header.filename
            << "\"}";
54:
55:
       return out;
56: }
57:
```

```
58:
59: string get_cix_server_host (const vector<string>& args, size_t index) {
       if (index < args.size()) return args[index];</pre>
       char* host = getenv ("CIX_SERVER_HOST");
61:
62:
       if (host != nullptr) return host;
63:
       return "localhost";
64: }
65:
66: in_port_t get_cix_server_port (const vector<string>& args,
67:
                                    size_t index) {
68:
       string port = "-1";
69:
       if (index < args.size()) port = args[index];</pre>
70:
       else {
71:
          char* envport = getenv ("CIX_SERVER_PORT");
72:
          if (envport != nullptr) port = envport;
73:
74:
       return stoi (port);
75: }
76:
```

```
1: // $Id: cix.cpp,v 1.2 2015-05-12 18:59:40-07 - - $
 3: #include <iostream>
 4: #include <string>
 5: #include <vector>
 6: #include <unordered_map>
 7: using namespace std;
 8:
 9: #include <libgen.h>
10: #include <sys/types.h>
11: #include <unistd.h>
12:
13: #include "protocol.h"
14: #include "logstream.h"
15: #include "sockets.h"
17: logstream log (cout);
18: struct cix_exit: public exception {};
20: unordered_map<string,cix_command> command_map {
       {"exit", CIX_EXIT},
21:
22:
       {"help", CIX_HELP},
23:
       {"ls" , CIX_LS },
24: };
25:
26: void cix_help() {
27:
       static vector<string> help = {
                         - Exit the program. Equivalent to EOF.",
28:
29:
          "get filename - Copy remote file to local host.",
30:
          "help
                         - Print help summary.",
31:
                         - List names of files on remote server.",
          "ls
          "put filename - Copy local file to remote host.",
32:
          "rm filename - Remove file from remote server.",
33:
34:
35:
       for (const auto& line: help) cout << line << endl;</pre>
36: }
37:
38: void cix_ls (client_socket& server) {
39:
       cix_header header;
40:
       header.command = CIX_LS;
41:
       log << "sending header " << header << endl;</pre>
42:
       send_packet (server, &header, sizeof header);
       recv_packet (server, &header, sizeof header);
43:
       log << "received header " << header << endl;</pre>
44:
45:
       if (header.command != CIX_LSOUT) {
46:
          log << "sent CIX_LS, server did not return CIX_LSOUT" << endl;</pre>
47:
          log << "server returned " << header << endl;</pre>
48:
       }else {
49:
          char buffer[header.nbytes + 1];
          recv_packet (server, buffer, header.nbytes);
50:
51:
          log << "received " << header.nbytes << " bytes" << endl;</pre>
52:
          buffer[header.nbytes] = ' \setminus 0';
53:
          cout << buffer;</pre>
54:
       }
55: }
56:
```

```
57:
 58: void usage() {
        cerr << "Usage: " << log.execname() << " [host] [port]" << endl;</pre>
 60:
        throw cix_exit();
 61: }
 62:
 63: int main (int argc, char** argv) {
 64:
        log.execname (basename (argv[0]));
 65:
        log << "starting" << endl;</pre>
 66:
        vector<string> args (&argv[1], &argv[argc]);
 67:
        if (args.size() > 2) usage();
 68:
        string host = get_cix_server_host (args, 0);
 69:
        in_port_t port = get_cix_server_port (args, 1);
        log << to_string (hostinfo()) << endl;</pre>
 70:
 71:
        try {
 72:
            log << "connecting to " << host << " port " << port << endl;</pre>
 73:
            client_socket server (host, port);
 74:
            log << "connected to " << to_string (server) << endl;</pre>
 75:
            for (;;) {
 76:
               string line;
 77:
               getline (cin, line);
 78:
               if (cin.eof()) throw cix_exit();
 79:
               log << "command " << line << endl;</pre>
               const auto& itor = command_map.find (line);
 80:
               cix_command cmd = itor == command_map.end()
 81:
 82:
                                 ? CIX_ERROR : itor->second;
 83:
               switch (cmd) {
 84:
                  case CIX_EXIT:
 85:
                      throw cix_exit();
 86:
                     break;
 87:
                  case CIX_HELP:
 88:
                      cix_help();
 89:
                     break;
 90:
                  case CIX_LS:
 91:
                      cix_ls (server);
 92:
                     break;
 93:
                  default:
 94:
                      log << line << ": invalid command" << endl;</pre>
 95:
                     break;
 96:
               }
 97:
 98:
         }catch (socket_error& error) {
 99:
            log << error.what() << endl;</pre>
100:
         }catch (cix_exit& error) {
            log << "caught cix_exit" << endl;</pre>
101:
102:
        log << "finishing" << endl;</pre>
103:
104:
        return 0;
105: }
106:
```

```
1: // $Id: cixd.cpp, v 1.3 2015-05-12 19:06:46-07 - - $
 3: #include <iostream>
 4: #include <string>
 5: #include <vector>
 6: using namespace std;
 7:
 8: #include <libgen.h>
 9: #include <sys/types.h>
10: #include <unistd.h>
11:
12: #include "protocol.h"
13: #include "logstream.h"
14: #include "sockets.h"
15:
16: logstream log (cout);
17: struct cix_exit: public exception {};
19: void reply_ls (accepted_socket& client_sock, cix_header& header) {
       FILE* ls_pipe = popen ("ls -l", "r");
20:
21:
       if (ls_pipe == NULL) {
          log << "ls -1: popen failed: " << strerror (errno) << endl;</pre>
22:
23:
          header.command = CIX_NAK;
24:
          header.nbytes = errno;
          send_packet (client_sock, &header, sizeof header);
25:
26:
27:
       string ls_output;
28:
       char buffer[0x1000];
       for (;;) {
29:
          char* rc = fgets (buffer, sizeof buffer, ls_pipe);
30:
31:
          if (rc == nullptr) break;
32:
          ls_output.append (buffer);
33:
34:
       header.command = CIX_LSOUT;
35:
       header.nbytes = ls_output.size();
       memset (header.filename, 0, FILENAME_SIZE);
36:
37:
       log << "sending header " << header << endl;</pre>
38:
       send_packet (client_sock, &header, sizeof header);
       send_packet (client_sock, ls_output.c_str(), ls_output.size());
39:
       log << "sent " << ls_output.size() << " bytes" << endl;</pre>
40:
41: }
42:
```

```
43:
44: void run_server (accepted_socket& client_sock) {
       log.execname (log.execname() + "-server");
46:
       log << "connected to " << to_string (client_sock) << endl;</pre>
47:
       try {
48:
           for (;;) {
49:
              cix_header header;
50:
              recv_packet (client_sock, &header, sizeof header);
51:
              log << "received header " << header << endl;</pre>
52:
              switch (header.command) {
53:
                 case CIX_LS:
54:
                     reply_ls (client_sock, header);
55:
                    break;
56:
                 default:
57:
                     log << "invalid header from client" << endl;</pre>
58:
                     log << "cix_nbytes = " << header.nbytes << endl;</pre>
59:
                    log << "cix_command = " << header.command << endl;</pre>
60:
                    log << "cix_filename = " << header.filename << endl;</pre>
61:
                    break;
62:
              }
63:
64:
       }catch (socket_error& error) {
65:
           log << error.what() << endl;</pre>
66:
       }catch (cix_exit& error) {
67:
           log << "caught cix_exit" << endl;</pre>
68:
       log << "finishing" << endl;</pre>
69:
70:
       throw cix_exit();
71: }
72:
73: void fork_cixserver (server_socket& server, accepted_socket& accept) {
74:
       pid_t pid = fork();
       if (pid == 0) { // child
75:
76:
           server.close();
77:
           run_server (accept);
78:
          throw cix_exit();
79:
       }else {
80:
          accept.close();
81:
           if (pid < 0) {
82:
              log << "fork failed: " << strerror (errno) << endl;</pre>
83:
           }else {
84:
              log << "forked cixserver pid " << pid << endl;</pre>
85:
86:
       }
87: }
88:
```

```
89:
 90: void reap_zombies() {
 91:
        for (;;) {
 92:
           int status;
           pid_t child = waitpid (-1, &status, WNOHANG);
 93:
 94:
           if (child <= 0) break;
 95:
           log << "child " << child</pre>
                << " exit " << (status >> 8)
 96:
 97:
                << " signal " << (status & 0x7F)
                << " core " << (status >> 7 & 1) << endl;
98:
99:
        }
100: }
101:
102: void signal_handler (int signal) {
        log << "signal_handler: caught " << strsignal (signal) << endl;</pre>
103:
104:
        reap_zombies();
105: }
106:
107: void signal_action (int signal, void (*handler) (int)) {
        struct sigaction action;
108:
109:
        action.sa_handler = handler;
        sigfillset (&action.sa_mask);
110:
111:
        action.sa_flags = 0;
        int rc = sigaction (signal, &action, nullptr);
112:
        if (rc < 0) log << "sigaction " << strsignal (signal) << " failed: "
113:
114:
                         << strerror (errno) << endl;
115: }
116:
```

```
117:
118: int main (int argc, char** argv) {
        log.execname (basename (argv[0]));
120:
        log << "starting" << endl;</pre>
121:
        vector<string> args (&argv[1], &argv[argc]);
122:
        signal_action (SIGCHLD, signal_handler);
123:
        in_port_t port = get_cix_server_port (args, 0);
        try {
124:
            server_socket listener (port);
125:
            for (;;) {
126:
127:
               log << to_string (hostinfo()) << " accepting port "</pre>
                   << to_string (port) << endl;
128:
129:
               accepted_socket client_sock;
130:
               for (;;) {
131:
                  try {
132:
                      listener.accept (client_sock);
133:
                     break;
134:
                  }catch (socket_sys_error& error) {
135:
                      switch (error.sys_errno) {
136:
                         case EINTR:
137:
                            log << "listener.accept caught "</pre>
                                 << strerror (EINTR) << endl;
138:
139:
140:
                         default:
141:
                            throw;
142:
                      }
143:
                  }
144:
               log << "accepted " << to_string (client_sock) << endl;</pre>
145:
146:
147:
                  fork_cixserver (listener, client_sock);
                  reap_zombies();
148:
149:
               }catch (socket_error& error) {
150:
                  log << error.what() << endl;</pre>
151:
               }
152:
            }
        }catch (socket_error& error) {
153:
154:
            log << error.what() << endl;</pre>
155:
        }catch (cix_exit& error) {
156:
            log << "caught cix_exit" << endl;</pre>
157:
        log << "finishing" << endl;</pre>
158:
        return 0;
159:
160: }
161:
```

```
1: # $Id: Makefile, v 1.1 2015-05-12 18:48:40-07 - - $
 2:
 3: GPP
             = g++ -g -00 -Wall -Wextra -std=gnu++11
 4:
 5: DEPFILE = Makefile.dep
 6: HEADERS = sockets.h protocol.h logstream.h
7: CPPLIBS = sockets.cpp protocol.cpp
 8: CPPSRCS = ${CPPLIBS} cix.cpp cixd.cpp
9: LIBOBJS = ${CPPLIBS:.cpp=.o}
10: CIXOBJS = cix.o ${LIBOBJS}
11: CIXDOBJS = cixd.o ${LIBOBJS}
12: OBJECTS = ${CIXOBJS} ${CIXDOBJS}
13: EXECBINS = cix cixd
14: LISTING = Listing.ps
15: SOURCES = ${HEADERS} ${CPPSRCS} Makefile
17: all: ${DEPFILE} ${EXECBINS}
18:
19: cix: ${CIXOBJS}
            ${GPP} -o $@ ${CIXOBJS}
20:
21:
22: cixd: ${CIXDOBJS}
23:
            ${GPP} -o $@ ${CIXDOBJS}
24:
25: %.o: %.cpp
26:
            ${GPP} -c $<
27:
28: ci:
29:
            - checksource ${SOURCES}
30:
            - cid + ${SOURCES}
31:
32: lis: all ${SOURCES} ${DEPFILE}
            mkpspdf ${LISTING} ${SOURCES} ${DEPFILE}
33:
34:
35: clean:
36:
            - rm ${LISTING} ${LISTING:.ps=.pdf} ${OBJECTS} Makefile.dep
37:
38: spotless: clean
39:
           - rm ${EXECBINS}
40:
41: dep:
            - rm ${DEPFILE}
42:
43:
            make --no-print-directory ${DEPFILE}
44:
45: ${DEPFILE}:
46:
            ${GPP} -MM ${CPPSRCS} >${DEPFILE}
47:
48: again: ${SOURCES}
49:
            make --no-print-directory spotless ci all lis
50:
51: include ${DEPFILE}
52:
```