## \$cmps109-wm/Examples/wk10b-miscellaneous/allocvec.cpp

```
1: // $Id: allocvec.cpp,v 1.1 2013-03-14 14:11:50-07 - - $
 3: //
 4: // allocvec
 5: // example shows how an allocator is used to manage a vector.
 7: // Container elements must be default-constructable, copyable,
 8: // assignable, and destructible.
 9: //
10: // Simple functions are inlined for efficiency.
11: //
12:
13: #include <cassert>
14: #include <iostream>
15: #include <memory>
16: #include <stdexcept>
17: #include <string>
18:
19: using namespace std;
20:
21: template <typename value_t, class alloc_t = allocator<value_t>>
22: class allocvec {
23:
       public:
24:
          typedef value_t *iterator;
25:
          typedef const value_t *const_iterator;
26:
       private:
27:
          static const size_t MIN_RESERVE = 8;
28:
          alloc_t alloc;
29:
          size_t size_;
30:
          size_t capacity_;
31:
          iterator begin_;
32:
      public:
33:
          // Inline members
34:
          inline iterator begin() {return begin_;}
35:
          inline iterator end() {return &begin_[size_];}
36:
          inline const_iterator begin() const {return begin_;}
37:
          inline const_iterator end() const {return &begin_[size_];}
38:
          inline size_t size() const {return size_;}
39:
          inline size_t capacity() const {return capacity_;}
          inline bool empty() const {return size_ == 0;}
40:
41:
          inline value_t &operator[] (size_t pos) {return begin_[pos];}
42:
          inline const value_t &operator[] (size_t pos) const
43:
                                                   {return begin_[pos];}
44:
          inline value_t &back() {return begin_[size_ - 1];}
45:
          inline const value_t &back() const {return begin_[size_ - 1];}
46:
47:
          // Other members
48:
          void push_back (const value_t &value);
49:
          void pop_back();
50:
          explicit allocvec (size_t size = 0,
51:
                             const value_t &init = value_t(),
52:
                             alloc_t alloc = allocator<value_t>());
53:
          allocvec (const allocvec &);
54:
          allocvec & operator = (const allocvec &);
55:
          ~allocvec();
56:
          void reserve (size_t size);
57: };
58:
```

```
59:
 60: template <typename value_t, class alloc_t>
 61: allocvec<value_t,alloc_t>::allocvec (size_t size,
                    const value_t &init, alloc_t alloc):
 63:
                    alloc(alloc), size_(size), capacity_(size),
 64:
                    begin_(NULL) {
        if (size > 0) {
 65:
 66:
           begin_ = alloc.allocate (capacity_);
 67:
           for (iterator itor = begin(); itor != end(); ++itor) {
 68:
              alloc.construct (itor, init);
 69:
           }
 70:
        }
 71: }
 72:
 73: template <typename value_t, class alloc_t>
 74: allocvec<value_t,alloc_t>::allocvec (const allocvec &that):
                    alloc(that.alloc), size_(that.size_),
 76:
                    capacity_(that.size_), begin_(NULL) {
 77:
        if (size_ > 0) {
 78:
           begin_ = alloc.allocate (capacity_);
 79:
           iterator thisitor = begin_;
 80:
           iterator thatitor = that.begin();
 81:
           while (that.itor != that.end()) {
 82:
              alloc.construct (*thisitor++, *thatitor++);
 83:
 84:
 85: }
 86:
 87: template <typename value_t, class alloc_t>
 88: allocvec<value_t,alloc_t> &
 89: allocvec<value_t,alloc_t>::operator= (const allocvec &that) {
 90:
        if (this == &that) return *this;
 91:
        for (iterator itor = begin(); itor != end(); ++itor) {
 92:
           alloc.destroy (itor);
 93:
 94:
        if (capacity_ < that.size()) {</pre>
 95:
           alloc.deallocate (begin_, capacity_);
 96:
           size_ = capacity_ = that.size();
 97:
           begin_ = alloc.allocate (capacity_);
 98:
 99:
        iterator thisitor = begin_;
        iterator thatitor = that.begin();
100:
        while (that.itor != that.end()) {
101:
102:
           alloc.construct (*thisitor++, *thatitor++);
103:
        }
104: }
105:
106: template <typename value_t, class alloc_t>
107: allocvec<value_t,alloc_t>::~allocvec() {
108:
        for (iterator itor = begin(); itor != end(); ++itor) {
109:
           alloc.destroy (itor);
110:
111:
        alloc.deallocate (begin_, capacity_);
112: }
113:
```

```
114:
115: template <typename value_t, class alloc_t>
116: void allocvec<value_t,alloc_t>::reserve (size_t capacity) {
        if (capacity < MIN_RESERVE) capacity = MIN_RESERVE;
118:
        if (capacity <= capacity_) return;</pre>
119:
        iterator newarray = alloc.allocate (capacity);
        iterator newitor = newarray;
120:
        for (iterator itor = begin(); itor != end(); ++itor) {
121:
122:
           alloc.construct (newitor++, *itor);
123:
           alloc.destroy (itor);
124:
       }
125:
       alloc.deallocate (begin_, capacity_);
126:
       capacity_ = capacity;
127:
        begin_ = newarray;
128: }
129:
130: template <typename value_t, class alloc_t>
131: void allocvec<value_t,alloc_t>::push_back (const value_t &value) {
        if (size_ == capacity_) reserve (size_ * 2);
133:
        alloc.construct (&begin_[size_++], value);
134: }
135:
136: template <typename value_t, class alloc_t>
137: void allocvec<value_t,alloc_t>::pop_back() {
138:
        alloc.destroy (&begin_[--size_]);
139: }
140:
```

```
141:
142: int main (int argc, char **argv) {
        allocvec<string> vec;
        cout << "sizeof(allocvec) = " << sizeof vec << endl;</pre>
145:
        for (char **arg = &argv[1]; arg < &argv[argc]; ++arg) {</pre>
146:
          vec.push_back (*arg);
147:
       for (auto itor = vec.begin(); itor != vec.end(); ++itor) {
148:
        cout << "vector: " << " " << *itor << endl;
149:
150:
151:
      cout << "vec.size() = " << vec.size() << endl;</pre>
152:
      for (size_t count = 0; count <= vec.size() / 2; ++count) {
153:
        cout << "half: " << vec.back() << endl ;</pre>
154:
          vec.pop_back();
155:
156:
      cout << "vec.size() = " << vec.size() << endl;</pre>
157:
       return EXIT_SUCCESS;
158: }
159:
160: /*
161: //TEST// valgrind --leak-check=full --show-reachable=yes allocvec \
162: //TEST//
                      This is a simple test of allocvec. \
163: //TEST//
                       >allocvec.out 2>&1
164: //TEST// mkpspdf allocvec.ps allocvec.cpp* allocvec.out
165: */
166:
167:
```

03/14/13 14:11:51

## \$cmps109-wm/Examples/wk10b-miscellaneous/allocvec.cpp.log

```
1: ==1358== Memcheck, a memory error detector
 2: ==1358== Copyright (C) 2002-2010, and GNU GPL'd, by Julian Seward et al.
 3: ==1358== Using Valgrind-3.6.0 and LibVEX; rerun with -h for copyright info
 4: ==1358== Command: allocvec This is a simple test of allocvec.
 5: ==1358==
 6: sizeof(allocvec) = 32
 7: vector: This
 8: vector: is
 9: vector: a
10: vector: simple
11: vector: test
12: vector: of
13: vector: allocvec.
14: vec.size() = 7
15: half: allocvec.
16: half: of
17: half: test
18: vec.size() = 4
19: ==1358==
20: ==1358== HEAP SUMMARY:
21: ==1358==
               in use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
22: ==1358==
              total heap usage: 8 allocs, 8 frees, 267 bytes allocated
23: ==1358==
24: ==1358== All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
25: ==1358==
26: ==1358== For counts of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -v
```

27: ==1358== ERROR SUMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 6 from 6)