



C/C

UNLEASH EFFICIENCY &
ELEVATE REVENUE



Continuous Integration Continuous Deployment

A set of practices that help automate and streamline the process of building, testing, and deploying code

Continuous Integration (**CI**) - the practice of integrating code changes from multiple developers in into a shared repository. **CI** ensures that the codebase is **always in a releasable state** and helps catch integration issues early on.

Continuous Deployment/Delivery (**CD**) – a practice of automating the process of deploying code to different environments. **CD** helps to **catch and fix issues before they reach your end users**.

Benefits:

- Faster time to market
- Fewer integration and deployment issues
- Improve collaboration between developers



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Revenue Generation:

Faster time to market – by releasing new features and bug fixes faster, you can increase customer satisfaction and potentially **win more business**

Increased reliability - catching and fixing issues before they reach end users, your **software remains stable** and is less likely to experience downtimes or other issues which could lead to lost revenue

REVENUE GENERATION & PROTECTION

Automating the test/deploy process can help generate more revenue and protect against loss of revenue

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Revenue Protection:

Fewer customer churn - delivering a more stable and reliable product, you can **reduce the likelihood of customers leaving** due to software issues

3

Cost Control:

Resource utilization - avoid overprovisioning or under provisioning of resources in order to **meet demand**

Improve predictability - gain **better forecasting** of infrastructure costs by identifying patterns in resource usage & utilization



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COST CONTROL & REDUCTION

Automation reduces errors, improves scalability, and cost savings

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Cost Reduction:

Reduce downtime costs - automated monitoring and failover systems can quickly detect and respond to issues, **reducing impacts of downtime**

Reduce infrastructure costs – automation also **reduces the need for hardware and other physical infrastructure**, by allowing for the use of cloud resources and virtualization

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