


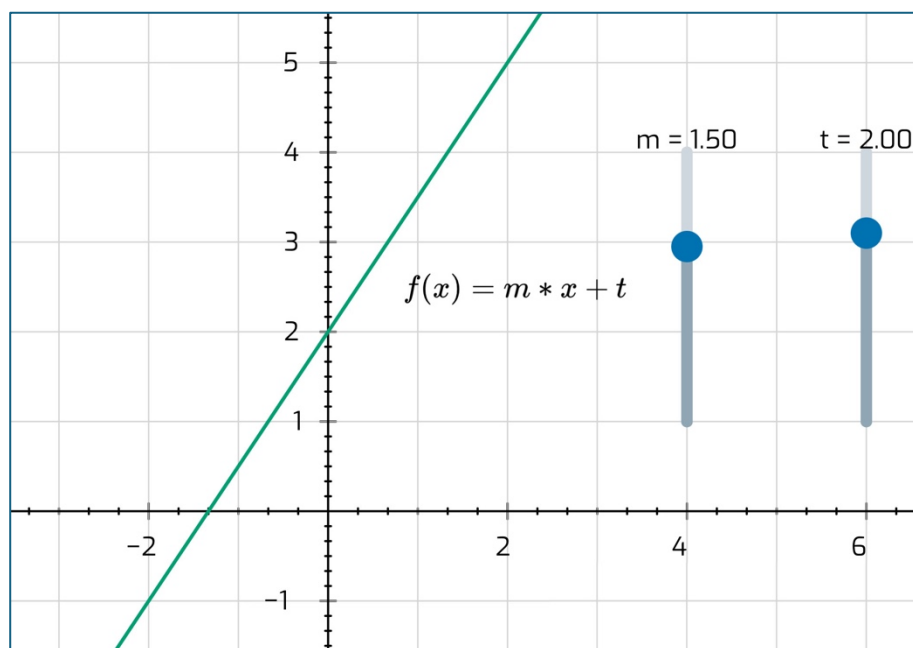


## Graph of a Linear Function (1)

### Construction

- Show grid and coordinate system.
- Under **Functions**, select  **Slider** for the range  $-5$  to  $5$ , name it  $m$  and place it at the top right of the board.
- To the right of it, place another  **Slider**  $t$ , also for the range  $-5$  to  $5$ .
- Under **Functions**, select  $f(x)$  **Function graph** and enter the function term  $f(x) = m \cdot x + t$ . Input in sketchometry:  $m * x + t$
- Select under **Measure** in the toolbar  **Text**. Then type  $f(x) = m \cdot x + t$  and place the text next to the graph. sketchometry input:  $\$ f(x) = m * x + t \$$



### Exploration

- Move the slider  $t$  and observe the graph. What do you notice? Take a note of your observation.
- Move the slider  $m$  and observe the graph. What do you notice? Take notes again. Describe the difference to the effect of the slider  $t$ .
- Choose the value  $-2$  for  $t$ . What value must  $m$  have so that the graph intersects the  $x$ -axis exactly at  $x = 4$ ? Note the result with a sketch.