3	The data in the table below show the melting points of oxides of some Period 3
	elements.

	Na <sub>2</sub> O	P <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub>
T <sub>m</sub> /K	1548	573	200

3 (a)	In terms of structure and bonding, explain why	
3 (a) (i)	sodium oxide has a high melting point	
		(2 marks)
	(Extra space)	
3 (a) (ii)	sulfur dioxide has a low melting point.	
		(2 marks)
	(Extra space)	. ,
3 (b)	Explain why the melting point of P <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub> is higher than the melting point of SO	2
		(2 marks)
	(Extra space)	7



3 (c)	Write equations for the reactions of $Na_2O$ and $P_4O_{10}$ with water. In each case give the approximate pH of the resulting solution.	
	Equation for Na <sub>2</sub> O	
	pH	
	Equation for P <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub>	
	pH(4 marks)	
3 (d)	Write an equation for the acid–base reaction that occurs when $Na_2O$ reacts with $P_4O_{10}$ in the absence of water.	
	(1 mark)	
		11

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ▶

