7	Hydrogen peroxide is used as an oxidising agent in the preparation of transition metal complexes.		
7 (a)	Consider the following reaction scheme. All the complexes are in aqueous solution.		
	$[Co(H2O)6]2+ \xrightarrow{\text{Reaction 1}} cobalt(II) complex \xrightarrow{\text{Reaction 2}} [Co(NH3)6]3+$		
7 (a) (i)	Identify a reagent for Reaction 1 and describe the colour change that occurs.		
7 (a) (ii)	State the colour of the final solution formed in Reaction 2.	arks _,	
	(1 n	nark,	



7 (b)	Consider the following reaction scheme. All the complexes are in aqueous solution.	
	$ [Cr(H_2O)_6]^{3+} \xrightarrow{\text{Reaction 3}} \text{ chromium(III) complex } $ $ Excess NaOH(aq) $	Reaction 4 \rightarrow CrO_4^{2-}
7 (b) (i)	For Reaction 3, state the colour of the initial and of the fequation for the reaction.	final solution and write an
		(4 marks)
7 (b) (ii)	Write a half-equation for the reduction of hydrogen perox	xide to hydroxide ions.
7 (b) (ii)	Write a half-equation for the reduction of hydrogen perox Deduce an overall equation for Reaction 4 and state the	•
7 (b) (ii)		•
7 (b) (ii)		colour of the final solution.
7 (b) (ii)	Deduce an overall equation for Reaction 4 and state the	colour of the final solution.
7 (b) (ii)	Deduce an overall equation for Reaction 4 and state the	colour of the final solution.
7 (b) (ii)	Deduce an overall equation for Reaction 4 and state the	colour of the final solution.

Question 7 continues on the next page

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7 (c)	The concentration of a hydrogen peroxide solution can be determined by titration with acidified potassium manganate(VII) solution. In this reaction the hydrogen peroxide is oxidised to oxygen gas.
	A 5.00 cm ³ sample of the hydrogen peroxide solution was added to a volumetric flask and made up to 250 cm ³ of aqueous solution. A 25.0 cm ³ sample of this diluted solution was acidified and reacted completely with 24.35 cm ³ of 0.0187 mol dm ⁻³ potassium manganate(VII) solution.
	Write an equation for the reaction between acidified potassium manganate(VII) solution and hydrogen peroxide. Use this equation and the results given to calculate a value for the concentration, in mol dm $^{-3}$, of the original hydrogen peroxide solution. (If you have been unable to write an equation for this reaction you may assume that 3 mol of KMnO ₄ react with 7 mol of H ₂ O ₂ . This is not the correct reacting ratio.)
	(5 marks)
	(Extra space)

END OF QUESTIONS

