## **SECTION B**

	Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
<b>3</b> (a)	State and explain the trend in electronegativities across Period 3 from sodium to sulfur.
	(4 marks
	(Extra space)



8	(b)	Explain why the oxides of the Period 3 elements sodium and phosphorus have different melting points. In your answer you should discuss the structure of and bonding in these oxides, and the link between electronegativity and the type of bonding.
		(6 marks)
		(Extra space)
		Question 8 continues on the next page

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8	(c)	A chemical company has a waste tank of volume 25 000 dm <sup>3</sup> . The tank is full of phosphoric acid (H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> ) solution formed by adding some unwanted phosphorus(V) oxide to water in the tank.
		A 25.0 cm <sup>3</sup> sample of this solution required 21.2 cm <sup>3</sup> of 0.500 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> sodium hydroxide solution for complete reaction.
		Calculate the mass, in $kg$ , of phosphorus(V) oxide that must have been added to the water in the waste tank.
		(5 marks)
		(Extra space)



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