

- 2 This table contains some values of lattice dissociation enthalpies.

Compound	MgCl <sub>2</sub>	CaCl <sub>2</sub>	MgO
Lattice dissociation enthalpy / kJ mol <sup>-1</sup>	2493	2237	3889

- 2 (a) Write an equation, including state symbols, for the reaction that has an enthalpy change equal to the lattice dissociation enthalpy of magnesium chloride.

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(1 mark)

- 2 (b) Explain why the lattice dissociation enthalpy of magnesium chloride is greater than that of calcium chloride.

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(2 marks)  
(Extra space) .....

- 2 (c) Explain why the lattice dissociation enthalpy of magnesium oxide is greater than that of magnesium chloride.

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(2 marks)  
(Extra space) .....



- 2 (d)** When magnesium chloride dissolves in water, the enthalpy of solution is  $-155 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ . The enthalpy of hydration of chloride ions is  $-364 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ .

Calculate the enthalpy of hydration of magnesium ions.

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(3 marks)

(Extra space) .....

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- 2 (e)** Energy is released when a magnesium ion is hydrated because magnesium ions attract water molecules.

Explain why magnesium ions attract water molecules.  
You may use a labelled diagram to illustrate your answer.

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(2 marks)

- 2 (f)** Suggest why a value for the enthalpy of solution of magnesium oxide is **not** found in any data books.

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(1 mark)

