# Simple Image Detection & Segmentation using Mask RCNN

Machine Learning Mastery Tutorial

adapted and annotated by Kayla Neal for Pearce Lab

# **Imports**

- Tensorflow is used as a backend for keras
  - import tensorflow as tf
  - from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import load\_img, img\_to\_array
- The Mask RCNN model can be downloaded from github not tf2 compatible, an edited version is.
  - from Mask\_RCNN.mrcnn.config import Config
  - from mrcnn import visualize
  - from mrcnn.model import MaskRCNN
- matplot is also used
  - from matplot import pyplot
  - from matplot.patches import Rectangle

## **Define Configuration**

- Modify the existing configuration given in config.py of the mrcnn repository
- NUM\_CLASSES is defined to be the 80 classes the pretrained coco dataset is trained on PLUS the background
- NAME has to be defined

```
# define the test configuration
class PredictionConfig(Config):
    NAME = "test"
    NUM_CLASSES = 80 + 1
    GPU_COUNT = 1
    IMAGES_PER_GPU = 1

config = PredictionConfig()
```

create an instance of the new configuration here to use in the compilation later

# **Bounding Boxes**

The mrcnn model defines a display\_instances() function that is used to view the classification, bounding box, and segmentation

Make a function that just displays the bounding box:

```
draw_image_with_boxes(filename, boxes_list):
data = pyplot.imread(filename)
pyplot.imshow(data)
ax = pyplot.gca()
    box in boxes list:
     y1, x1, y2, x2 = box
     width, height = x2-x1, y2-y1
     rect = Rectangle((x1,y1), width, height,
     fill=False, color='red')
     ax.add_patch(rect)
pyplot.show()
```

## Compile Model and Load Weights

- - 'inference' for testing, 'training' for training
- rcnn.load\_weights('mask\_rcnn\_coco.h5', by\_name = True)
  - The coco dataset is available in the mrcnn repository
  - Contains the weights trained with this data

#### Class Names for Classification

Since the coco dataset is being used, a class\_names array is created based on the categories coco was trained on and the background:

class\_names = ['BG', 'person', 'bicycle', 'car', 'motorcycle', 'airplane', 'bus', 'train', 'truck', 'boat', 'traffic light', 'fire hydrant', 'stop sign', 'parking meter', 'bench', 'bird', 'cat', 'dog', 'horse', 'sheep', 'cow', 'elephant', 'bear', 'zebra', 'giraffe', 'backpack', 'umbrella', 'handbag', 'tie', 'suitcase', 'frisbee', 'skis', 'snowboard', 'sports ball', 'kite', 'baseball bat', 'baseball glove', 'skateboard', 'surfboard', 'tennis racket', 'bottle', 'wine glass', 'cup', 'fork', 'knife', 'spoon', 'bowl', 'banana', 'apple', 'sandwich', 'orange', 'broccoli', 'carrot', 'hot dog', 'pizza', 'donut', 'cake', 'chair', 'couch', 'potted plant', 'bed', 'dining table', 'toilet', 'tv', 'laptop', 'mouse', 'remote', 'keyboard', 'cell phone', 'microwave', 'oven', 'toaster', 'sink', 'refrigerator', 'book', 'clock', 'vase', 'scissors', 'teddy bear', 'hair drier', 'toothbrush']

### **Predictions**

```
draw_image_with_boxes
will display ONLY the
bounding box overlaid on
the image
```

```
img = load_img('elephant.jpeg')
img = img_to_array(img)
results = rcnn.detect([img], verbose = 0)
draw_image_with_boxes('elephant.jpeg', results[0]['rois'])
r = results[0]
display_instances(img, r['rois'], r['masks'], r['class_ids'], class_names, r['scores'])
```

display\_instances is from mrcnn.visualize shows the mask, bounding box, and classification with confidence on the image

- 'elephant.jpeg' is an added image in the working directory
- rcnn.detect is similar to model.predict from keras
- r = results[0] is being used as a shortcut







