

Delivering Power View with SQL Server 2014 and SharePoint 2013 like it's 2014

Kevin Chant

Managing expectations

- This is a <u>retro</u> session, based on a session I used to present about setting up Power View in 2014.
- ▶ Power BI and Microsoft Fabric will be covered towards the end.



Past Bio

- Kevin Chant
- Twitter: @kevchant
- LinkedIN
- Senior SQL Server DBA at WPA
- ▶ Used SQL 2000,2005,2008,2012, 2014 (CTP2)
- ► Various certifications (MCSE, MCITP, MCSA SQL Server 2008 etc)



Kevin Chant



- Data Engineering Manager in the Netherlands
- Worked in IT since the days of Windows 95
- Experience in various sectors
- Various certifications, Data Platform MVP
- Twitter/Blue Sky: @kevchant
- LI: https://www.linkedin.com/in/kevin-chant/
- Blog: https://www.KevinRChant.com
- GitHub: https://github.com/kevchant









Countdown

2014



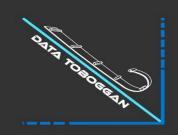
Power View focus

- This session will be focusing on using Power View reports in SharePoint 2013 on-site.
- ▶ Using Data Sources Links to SQL Server 2014 Analysis Services Data Sources on Windows Server 2012 R2.
- Demo



What is Power View?

- Power View is a Data Vizualisation tool developed by Microsoft as part of their BI suite
- It allows staff within various levels of the business to visualize the data that's stored
- Allows report authoring in Excel Spreadsheets or SQL Server Analysis Services databases in a simple format
- ► Can create Power View reports in Excel or in SharePoint



Benefits of using Power View in SharePoint

- Allows report authoring directly within a web browser.
- Self-service reports, removing need for people to have to rely on others to create reports for them
- ▶ Allows them to visualize data that's presented to them how they see fit.
- Hides complexity of the source data from end users by utilizing user-friendly names in the Field List as part of the BI Semantic Model.



Additional benefits

- ▶ Data Collaboration is made easy for the end-user in SharePoint by sharing PowerView reports; allowing users to either create new reports or work with reports previously saved in SharePoint.
- Allows a central point of administration, so everything can be stored within a site, which can be easily customised to suit organisation needs
- ► Site can be easily customised to suit organisation needs
- Can display thumbnail images of PowerView reports in a PowerPivot Gallery (demo later in session)



Uses for PowerView reports in SharePoint includes

- Empowering users to visualize data that exists in SQL Server Analysis Services databases (such as established Multi-Dimensional cubes)
- Creating Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for the business
- Utilizing hierarchies created in Analysis Services to create drill-through reports (E.g. Region, Country, City)



Additional uses for PowerView reports in SharePoint

- Create standard report templates which you can alter and save elsewhere on the SharePoint site.
- Can export reports into PowerPoint slides, which can be either:
 - Static
 - Interactive (demo later in session)



Internet Sales order example





Installation requirements to setup Power View in SharePoint

- SharePoint 2010 or 2013 Enterprise Edition (not Preview Edition) on a server in an Active Directory Domain...
- SQL Server Database Engine instance installed; ideally accompanied with an Analysis Services instance installed to get the maximum benefits (either SQL Server Enterprise or Business Intelligence Edition)
 - ► Tabular BISM requires SQL Server 2012 and above
 - Multi-Dimensional SSAS databases requires SQL Server Analysis Services 2012 SP1 with CU 4 or above.

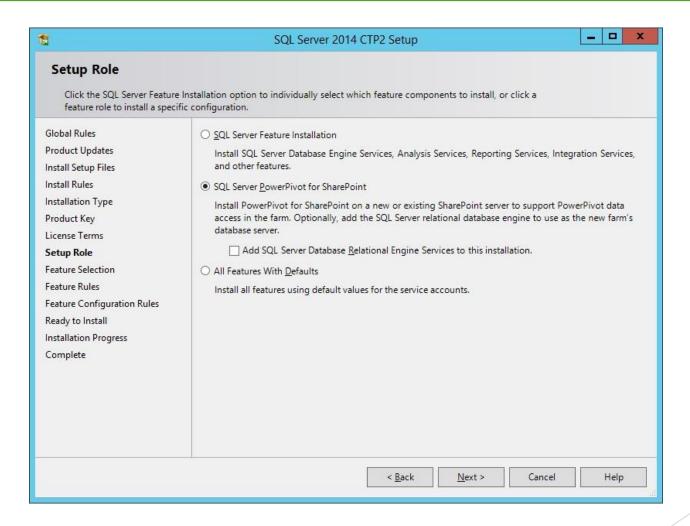


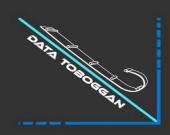
Additional requirements

- SQL Server PowerPivot for SharePoint (option to install is available in SQL Server setup wizard)
- Reporting Services for SharePoint
- Reporting Services Add-In for SharePoint Products
- Note: Last two options can be selected during SQL Server setup



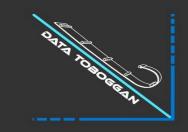
SQL Server PowerPivot for SharePoint Role in setup wizard





Demo Server setup

Setup on single server



Recommended installation path on one server

- SharePoint 2013 Prerequisites, link available during SharePoint install process.
 - ► For it to work smoothly on Windows Server 2012 R2 an internet connection is required.
 - ► However, there are workarounds. Which you must use if installing a version of SharePoint on Windows Server 2012 R2 prior to SP1.
- SharePoint 2013
 - Do not perform stand-alone install
 - Preferably, do not select to run the "SharePoint Products Configuration Wizard" at end of the installation
 - ▶ Note: SharePoint 2013 installations which are not SP1 or above are NOT supported on Windows Server 2012 R2.

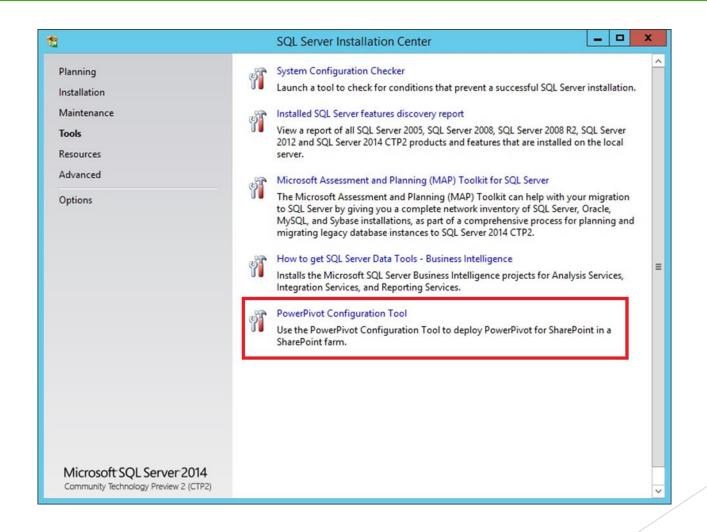


SQL Server installations on single server

- SQL Server Database Engine
- Preferably at least one Analysis Services instance (either Tabular or Multi-Dimensional model, SQL Server 2014 supports Power View reports with both)
- SQL Server PowerPivot for SharePoint Role (which is part of the SQL Server 2014 install set)
 - Performing after installing the Database Engine allows more flexibility in your configuration.
 - ► Can configure using either the "PowerPivot Configuration Tool", which is part of the SQL Server 2014 installation centre (screenshot shortly); or with PowerShell



PowerPivot Configuration Tool in SQL Server Installation Centre





SQL Server 2014 CTP 2 Error

▶ During the installation of multiple SQL Server 2014 CTP2 instances you might get the following error:

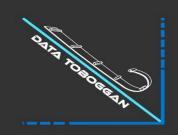


To resolve, find the file specified and stop it from being Read-only and then click Retry



Reporting services for Sharepoint

- If you intend to deploy Power View with SharePoint across a farm with multiple servers then I highly recommend scripting it all using PowerShell.
- Install the "Reporting Services SharePoint" and the "Reporting Services Addin for SharePoint Products" features onto your initial SQL instance.
- Ensures that everything will work smoothly.
- Can then fine tune your environment by using either:
 - SharePoint 2013 Central Administration tool
 - PowerShell
- Afterwards, create a SQL Server Reporting Services Application in SharePoint for use and a new site for PowerView.



SharePoint farm advice

If you intend to deploy Power View with SharePoint across a farm with multiple servers then I highly recommend scripting it all using PowerShell.



To work with Power View reports in a browser

- A supported browser for Power View, with the Silverlight add-in installed for that specific browser
 - Interesting side note: HTML5 is currently been piloted for viewing Power View reports, which potentially means the Silverlight dependency will cease.
 - ▶ Hopefully, this will allow more flexible browser support. Unless intended for use with something new.



List of supported browsers (from SQL Server 2014 Books Online)

Browser	Windows 8 and 8.1	Windows 7	Windows Server 2012 and 2012 R2	Windows Server 2008 R2	Windows Server 2008	Mac OS X 10.6 - 10.9
Internet Explorer 11 (for the desktop)	32-bit, 64-bit	32-bit, 64-bit	32-bit, 64-bit	32-bit, 64-bit	Not supported	Not supported
Internet Explorer 10 (for the desktop)	32-bit, 64-bit	32-bit, 64-bit	32-bit, 64-bit	32-bit, 64-bit	Not supported	Not supported
Internet Explorer 9	Not supported	32-bit, 64-bit	Not supported	32-bit, 64-bit	32-bit, 64-bit	Not supported
Internet Explorer 8	Not supported	32-bit, 64-bit	Not supported	32-bit, 64-bit	32-bit, 64-bit	Not supported
Mozilla Firefox (latest publically released version)	32-bit	32-bit	32-bit	32-bit	32-bit	Not supported
Apple Safari (latest publically released version)	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	32-bit, 64-bit



Potential workarounds if not using a supported browser

- Can use a Remote Desktop Connection to connect up to a server that has a supported browser installed.
- Alternatively, publish the browser as a published app for Web Access using a platform like Citrix.
- On that note, there is now a Microsoft Remote Desktop App for Ipads.
- If using a mobile device off-site potentially you can reverse proxy back to the server that has a supported browser installed



Creating Power View Reports

- Once your site is up and running, you can create Data Source Connection links to create PowerView Reports using one of two methods which are
 - Report Data Sources
 - ▶ BI Semantic Model Connections



Report Data Sources

- More generalized way to create Data Sources for your Power View Reports
- Can be used to create Sources for either Tabular or Multi-Dimensional Analysis Services databases
- One proviso for the Multi-Dimensional database is that the compatibility level is correct
- Report Data Sources can be shared with other applications such as SSRS



Warning

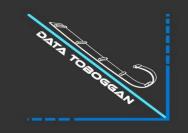
After creating a Report Data Source and you move it elsewhere in SharePoint using Windows Explorer you might need to edit the datasource to re-enter any Stored Credentials.

May need to select "Enable this data source" at the bottom of the screen



SSAS Perspectives

- When configuring a Report Data Source for a SQL Server Analysis Services database you can specify a Perspective name as well
 - ► A perspective is a filtered view of a cube/model, similar to Views in a Database Engine.
- ► Enter the Perspective name in the string instead of a cube name



BI Semantic Model Connections

- ▶ BI Semantic Model Connections are used to connect to Tabular sources
- Source can be either an Excel workbook with PowerPivot tables or a Tabular instance of SQL Server Analysis Services database
- Connections can also be a source for Excel Spreadsheets and other applications that can utilise BI Semantic Models



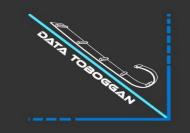
Demos

- Report Data sources
- ▶ BI Semantic Model Connections
- Excel sources



Considerations about Analysis Services databases

- If using SSAS Tabular Models (BISM) as the Data Source, you can use them "as is".
- Multi-Dimensional databases created using SQL Server 2012 SP1 CU 4 or above is fine. If using a Multi-Dimensional database from a previous version you need need to change the compatibility level of the database.



Two methods to create a Power View report

- Click directly a Report Data Source.
- Alternatively, click on the ellipses next to the Data Source name (...), then click on ellipses next to follow (...) and then select "Create Power View Report"



Power View Report Demos

- Layout demo
- Field list
 - ▶ Differences between Multi-Dimensional and Tabular fields



Populating a report

- Can either select fields or drag them onto the blank canvas
- Once you have got use to the formatting and options available you can create simple reports with ease
- Drill through demo



Demos

- Drill through report
- Examples in PowerPivot Gallery



Links

- SQL Server 2014 CTP2 Data Tool: http://www.microsoft.com/engb/download/details.aspx?id=40736
- Create a PowerView report with a MultiDimensional Data Source http://msdn.microsoft.com/enus/library/dn198311.aspx
- Upgrading the compatibility level of an SSAS database http://msdn.microsoft.com/enus/library/gg471593(v=sql.120).aspx
- Site slowness because of SharePoint STS Certificate CRL checking http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2625048



Book recommendation

Vizualizing Data with Microsoft Powerview:
http://www.amazon.co.uk/Visualizing-Data-Microsoft-Power-View-ebook/dp/80089LQAJC/ref=sr_1_1?ie=UTF8&qid=1395011396&sr=8-1&keywords=powerview



Back to 2024



Questions?



Thank you



- Twitter/Blue Sky: @kevchant
- LI: https://www.linkedin.com/in/kevin-chant/
- Blog: https://www.KevinRChant.com
- GitHub: https://github.com/kevchant

