

### Intro

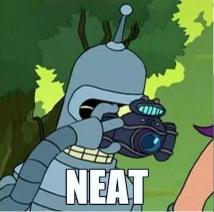
- Work at Jack Henry and Associates for three years in Digital Forensics and Incident Response (DFIR)
  - Mostly performing forensics on live machines
- SANS GCFA, GCFE
- Nine Years in the Marines as a Data Network Specialist.
- Currently an Air Force Reservist working as a Cyber Warfare Specialist
- IT Support for my parents

### What is the Registry?

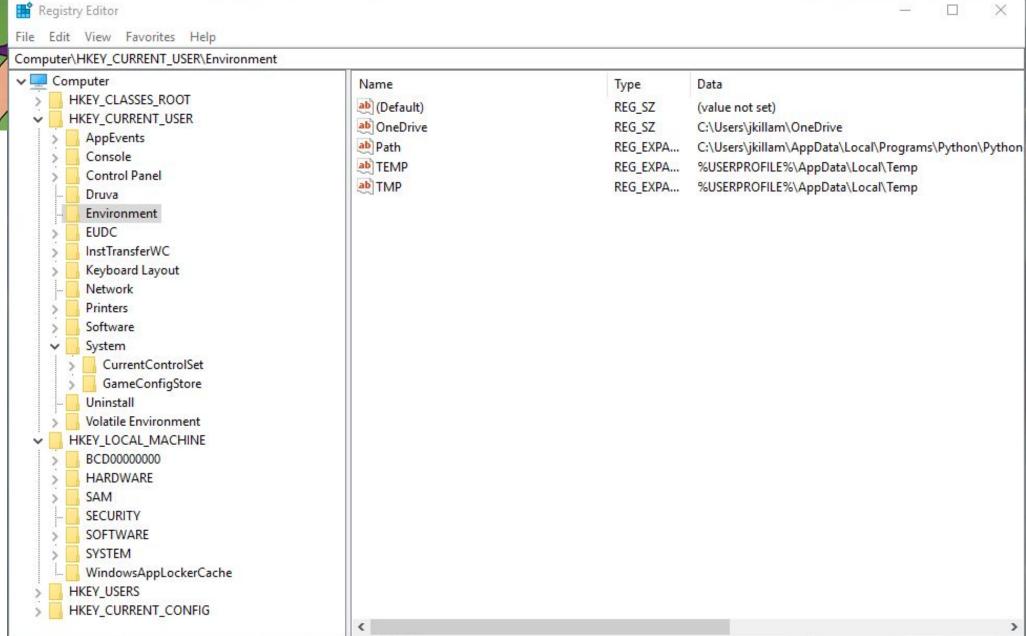
- The windows registry is basically the location where settings for programs are stored for windows.
- Older versions of windows prior to 3.1 used individual .ini files for each program
- Data is stored in folder like structures called keys
- Keys contain entries for data, such as startup settings and recently opened

files and folders.

- Root Keys: contain data for the machine.
  - HKLM local machine data
  - HKU user data
  - HKCU data for the current user



# Registry



### File Locations

- NTUSER.dat contains user specific data
  - C:\Users\{UserName}\NTUSER.DAT
  - NTUSER.dat.LOG files contain transactional data not yet written

```
Volume in drive C is Default
05/01/2018
                            12,058,624 NTUSER.DAT
34/17/2018
                             3,072,000 ntuser.dat.LOG1
                             3,170,304 ntuser.dat.LOG2
04/17/2018 02:22 PM
                                    20 ntuser ini
05/01/2018
                                53,022 ntuser.pol
           09:38 AM
                         58,368,913,408 bytes free
```

- SOFTWARE, SAM, SECURITY, SYSTEM contains the HKLM subkey data
  - C:\Windows\System32\config

RegBack Contains backed up settings
 Directory of c:\windows\system32\config

```
04/26/2018
           07:15 AM
                        <DIR>
04/26/2018
            07:15 AM
                        <DIR>
04/20/2018
           10:43 PM
                                524,288 BBI
                        <DIR>
            05:14 PM
04/17/2018
                                        bbimigrate
04/17/2018
           05:19 PM
                                 28,672 BCD-Template
04/26/2018
           07:15 AM
                            40,108,032 COMPONENTS
04/20/2018
           10:43 PM
                              4,456,448 DEFAULT
04/25/2018
           10:01 AM
                              8,388,608 DRIVERS
04/20/2018
           10:46 PM
                                131.072 ELAM
                        <DIR>
09/29/2017
           08:46 AM
                                        Journal
04/26/2018
            02:09 PM
                                  1,336 netlogon.ftl
09/29/2017
            08:46 AM
                        <DIR>
                                        RegBack
04/17/2018
            05:14 PM
                                 40.960 SAM
04/20/2018
           10:43 PM
                                 81,920 SECURITY
04/20/2018
           10:43 PM
                           155,713,536 SOFTWARE
04/20/2018
           10:43 PM
                             28,311,552 SYSTEM
09/29/2017
                                        systemprofile
            08:46 AM
                        <DIR>
                        <DIR>
04/20/2018
           10:41 PM
                                        TxR
04/17/2018
                                  8.192 userdiff
09/29/2017
                                  4,096 VSMIDK
                            237,798,712 bytes
              13 File(s)
                         35,835,891,712 bytes free
```

### PSEXEC vs PowerShell Remoting

- The easiest way to gather information from a live host is with a remote shell
- PSEXEC/cmd can be preferable if you are used to using regular command prompt
- PowerShell remote shell sessions are usually considered a little bit better since tools like mimikatz can be used to extract creds

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) 2015 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

PS C:\Users\jkillam> psexec -s \\jason-kil-lap1 cmd.exe

PsExec v1.98 - Execute processes remotely
Copyright (C) 2001-2010 Mark Russinovich
Sysinternals - www.sysinternals.com

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.16299.371]
(c) 2017 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>_
```

```
PS C:\Users\jkillam> Enter-PSSession -SessionOption (New-PSSessionOption -NoMachineProfile)

cmdlet Enter-PSSession at command pipeline position 1

Supply values for the following parameters:

ComputerName: jason-kil-lap1

[jason-kil-lap1]: PS C:\Users\jkillam\Documents> ___
```

## regedit and reg query

- Reg query with /f lets you search for keywords
- Connect to remote computers with File>Connect Network Registry and give it the target computer name or IP
- Opening HKU>Security Identifier (SID) is the same thing as HKCU

```
PS C:\> reg query "hkcu\software\microsoft\office\16.0\Word\Reading Locations" /f "Open Cmd" /s

HKEY_CURRENT_USER\software\microsoft\office\16.0\Word\Reading Locations\Document 17
    File Path REG_SZ C:\Users\jkillam\Desktop\Tools\Test Docs\Macro - Open Cmd.docm

HKEY_CURRENT_USER\software\microsoft\office\16.0\Word\Reading Locations\Document 30
    File Path REG_SZ C:\Users\jkillam\Desktop\Tools\Test Docs\password Macro - Open Cmd.docm

End of search: 2 match(es) found.

PS C:\> reg query "hkcu\software\microsoft\office\16.0\Word\Reading Locations\Document 17"

HKEY_CURRENT_USER\software\microsoft\office\16.0\Word\Reading Locations\Document 17
    File Path REG_SZ C:\Users\jkillam\Desktop\Tools\Test Docs\Macro - Open Cmd.docm
    Datetime REG_SZ 2018-04-25T13:41
    Position REG_SZ 0 0
```

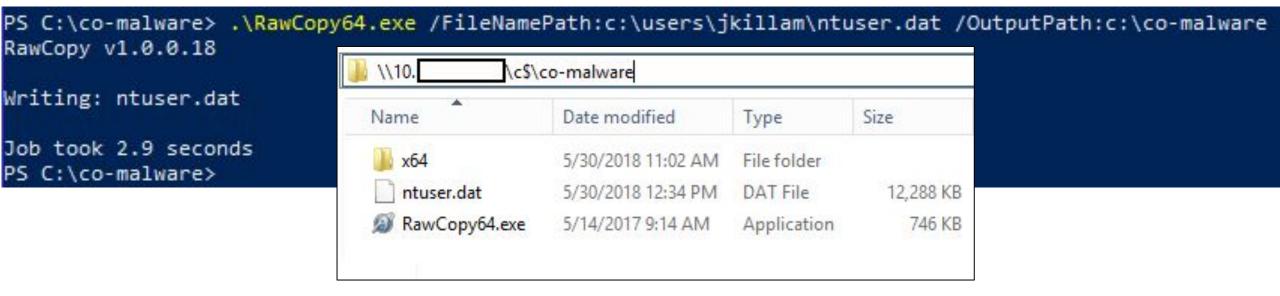
```
File Edit View Favorites Help

△ → Computer

        HKEY CLASSES ROOT
         HKEY CURRENT USER
         HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE
         HKEY USERS
        HKEY_CURRENT_CONFIG
     Jason-kil-lap1
         HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE
         HKEY USERS
            .DEFAULT
            S-1-5-18
            S-1-5-19
            S-1-5-20
            S-1-5-21-1974429084-947205456-1846434929-231930
            S-1-5-21-1974429084-947205456-1846434929-231930 Classes
```

### Collecting Files From Live Hosts

- Since these files will always be in use on an active host you won't be able to copy/paste.
- RawCopy gets around this and can be run from the command line
- Raw copy must be run locally, once its run it can be transferred easily over the network across a file share



https://github.com/jschicht/RawCopy

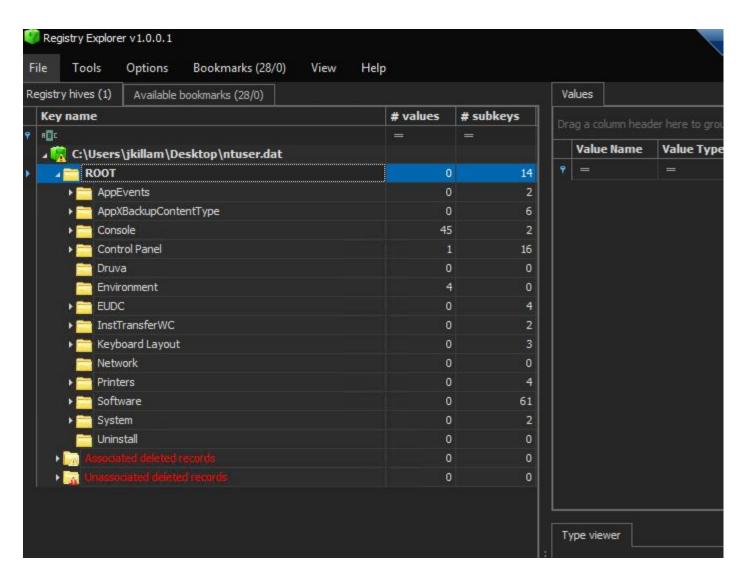
### Tools to View Registry Files

- Tools for live machines:
  - Regedit Great for visually viewing keys and data
  - Reg works from command line remote sessions, much faster at queries.
  - Get-RegistryKeyLastWriteTime Powershell script, retrieves a timestamp from a specific machine key
    - Search "Boe Prox" Registry timestamp
- Tools for offline machines/exported files
  - Registry Explorer Import registry files and dynamically search
  - RegRipper Collects different keys of interest, useful for when you don't know what you're looking for
  - Many Others



# Registry Explorer

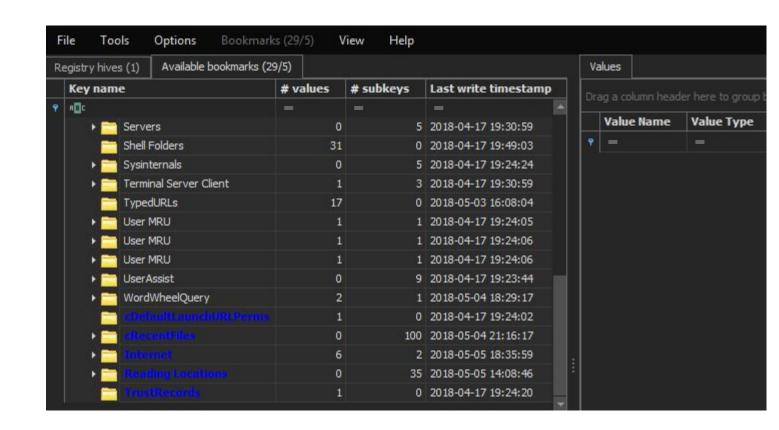
- Created by Eric Zimmerman
- Makes searching registry files super easy, very customizable
- Make sure to collect LOG files to update the transactional data
- Can search using simple strings, Regex, a time window and much more.
- Search results can be dynamically sorted and organized



https://ericzimmerman.github.io/

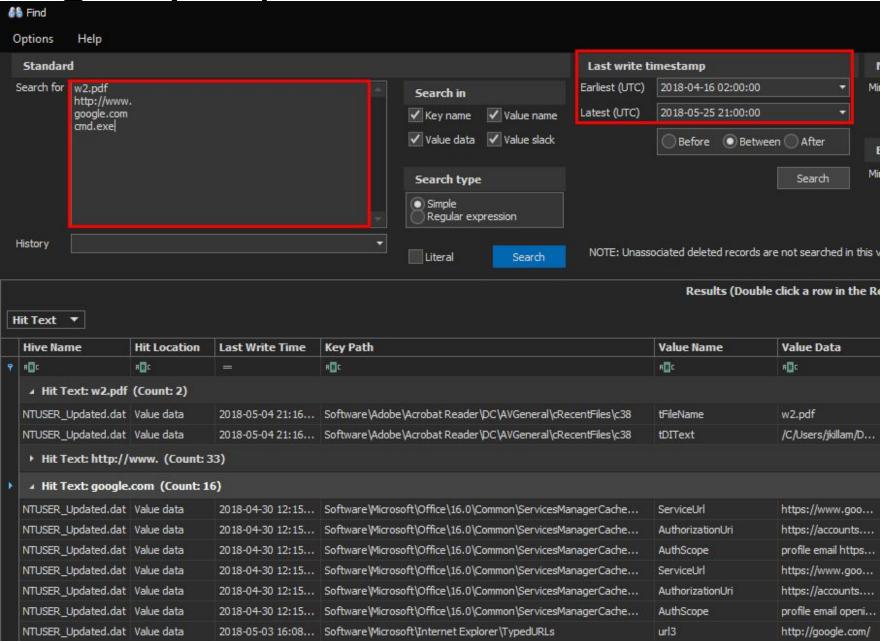
## Registry Explorer

- Created by Eric Zimmerman
- Makes searching registry files super easy, very customizable
- Make sure to collect LOG files to update the transactional data
- Can search using simple strings, Regex, a time window and much more.
- Search results can be dynamically sorted and organized

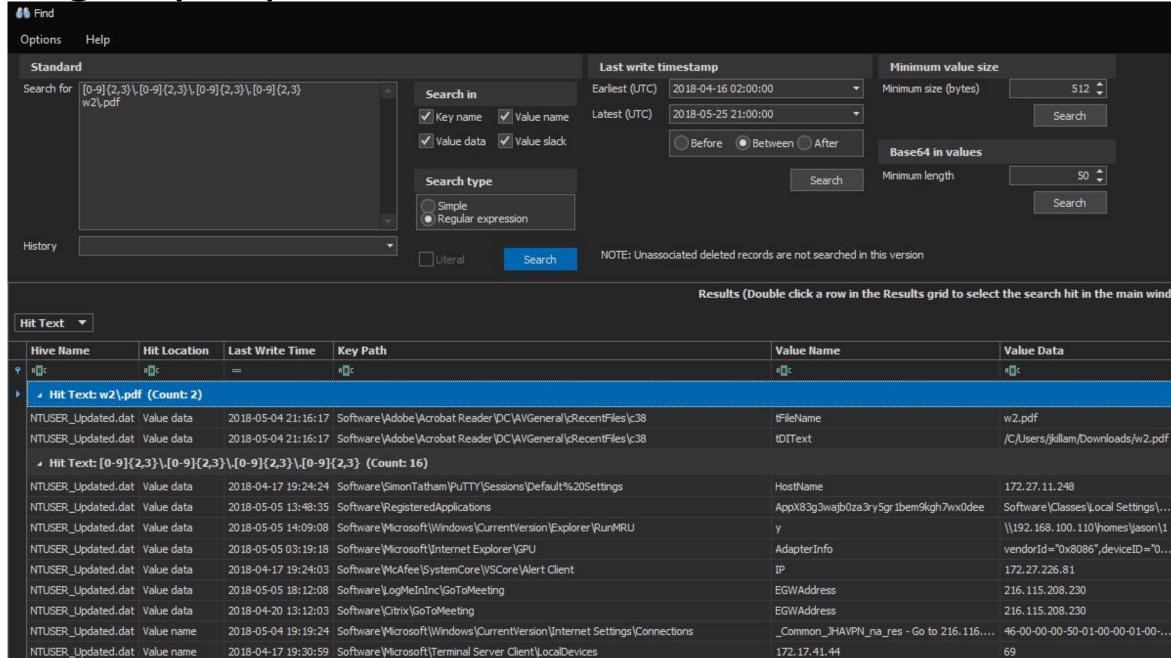


https://ericzimmerman.github.io/

Registry Explorer Queries

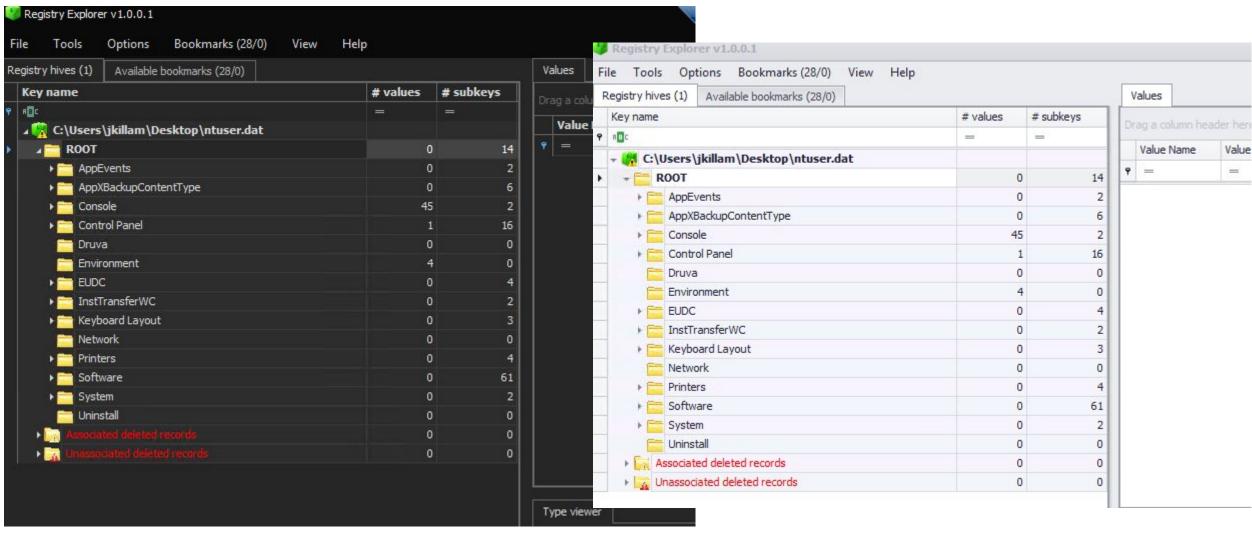


## Registry Explorer Queries



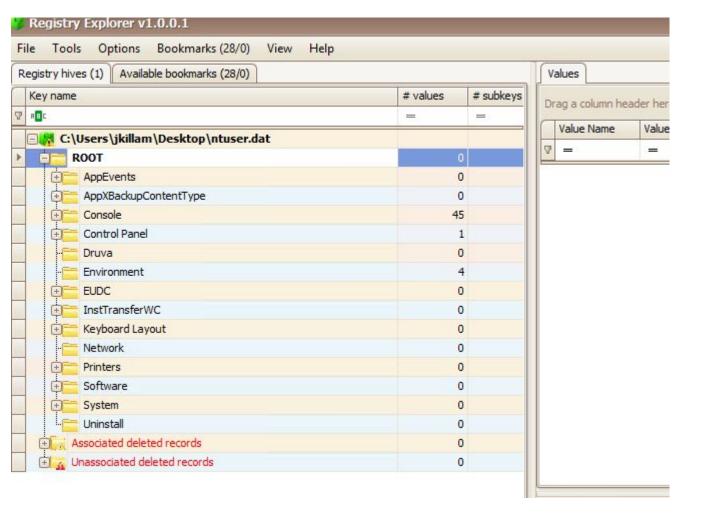
## Registry Explorer (cont.)

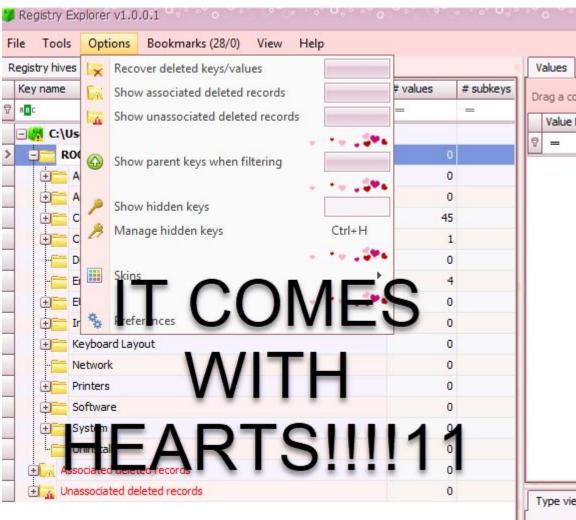
Also, YOU CAN CHOOSE THE COLORS!!!



# Registry Explorer (cont.)

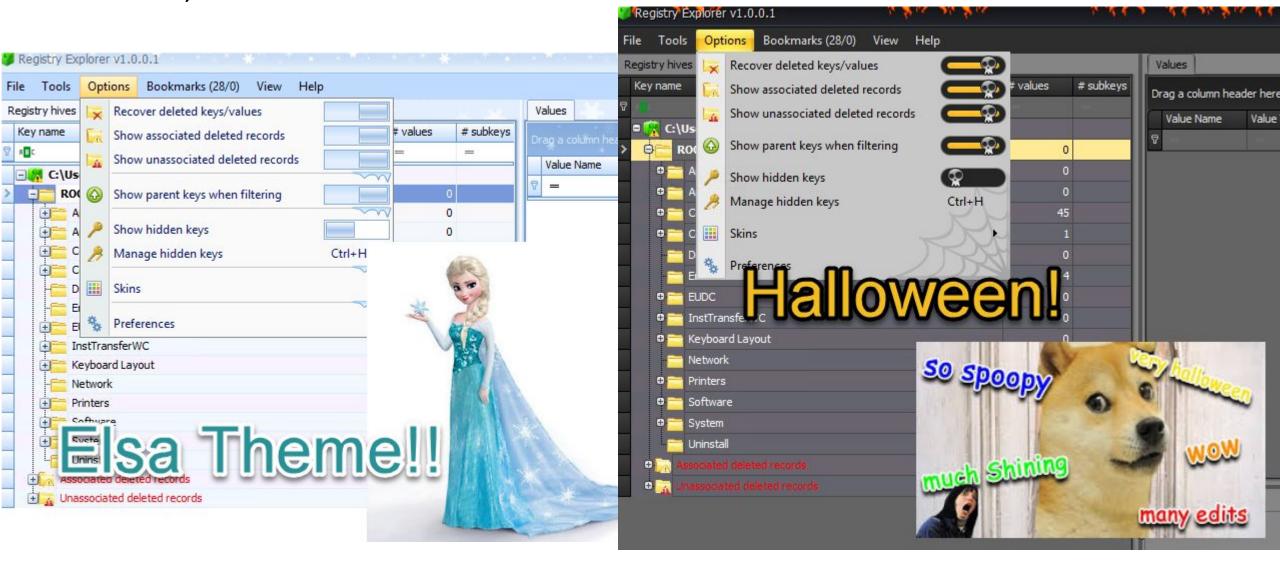
Also, YOU CAN CHOOSE THE COLORS!!!





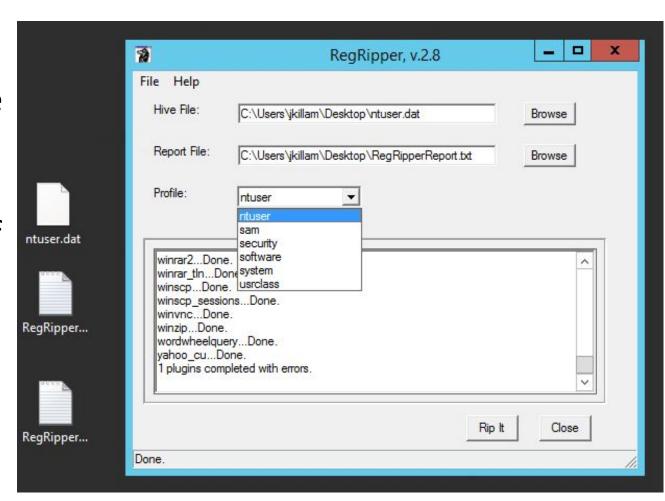
# Registry Explorer (cont.)

Also, YOU CAN CHOOSE THE COLORS!!!



### RegRipper

- Created by Harlan Carvey
- Creates a text report of a registry file
- Great tool for when you want to pull out the "Greatest Hits" or common registry information that might be of interest.
- Helpful for when you need a starting point.



https://github.com/keydet89/RegRipper2.8

# Some Examples We'll Go Over

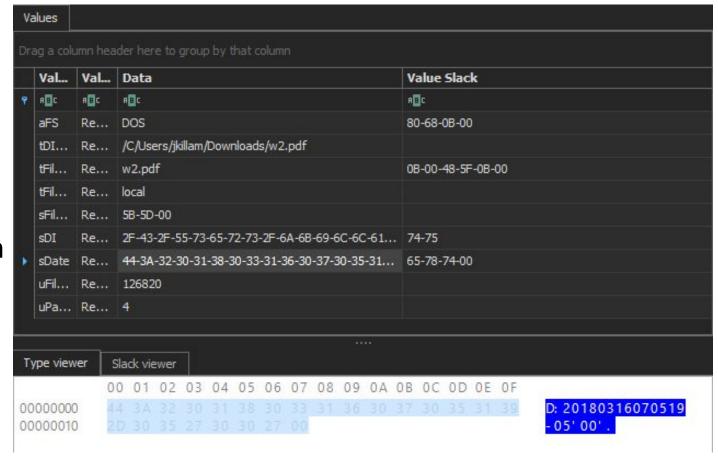
- PDF Phishing
- Word Macros
- URLs clicked from Office

## Reg Keys of Interest for PDFs

- Lots of phishing links are delivered by single link pdfs
- When a link is clicked Adobe Reader, the domain is added to a "Trusted Hosts" lists which is great for proving a user clicked on a link to a phishing domain
  - HKCU\SOFTWARE\Adobe\Acrobat Reader\DC\TrustManager\cDefaultLaunchPerms
- cRecentFiles Reg key prove that a user opened the pdf
  - HCKU\Adobe\Acrobat Reader\DC\AVGeneral\cRecentFiles
- Each subkey contains an entry for a file opened and a timestamp

### **Opened PDFs**

- Key contains subkeys with entries for each file
- Contains the file location, timestamp
- Each key entry always contains a system timestamp as well



#### Location:

HCKU\Software\Adobe\Acrobat Reader\DC\AVGeneral\cRecentFiles

# PDF Phishing Link 1. User Receives email from the "Help Desk"

From: Hinton, Rick [mailto:Richard.Hinton@grainger.com]

Sent: Tuesday, August 16, 2016 2:23 PM

Subject: IT Admin Desk

The e-mail below is from an external source. Please do not open attachments or click links from an unknown or suspicious origin

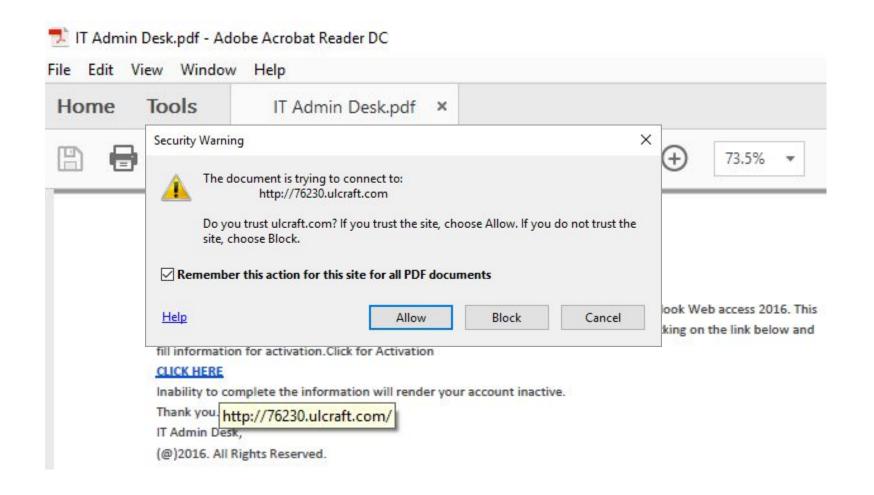
This message is from IT Service Desk. Please read attached document regarding your Email Upgrade.

Never trust



### PDF Phishing Link

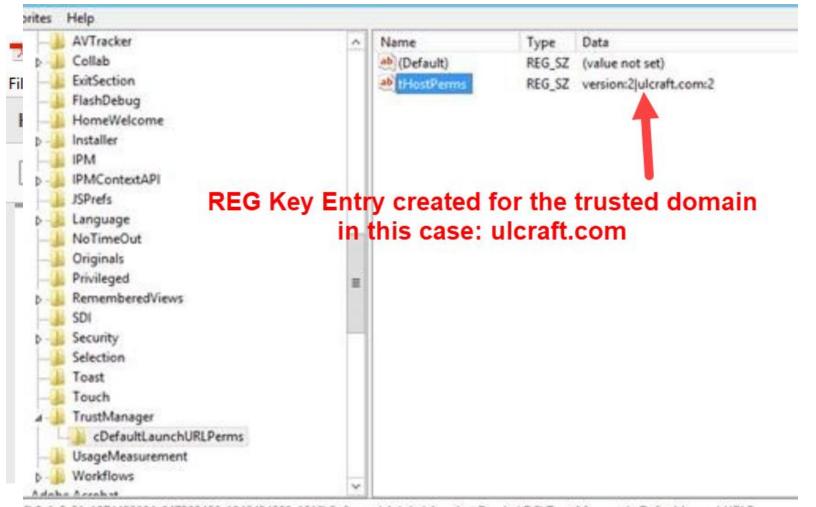
- 2. User Opens PDF
- 3. A prompt from Adobe Reader DC prompts the user if they want to open the URL





### PDF Phishing Link

4. Reg Key is written to recording the user "Trusted" site



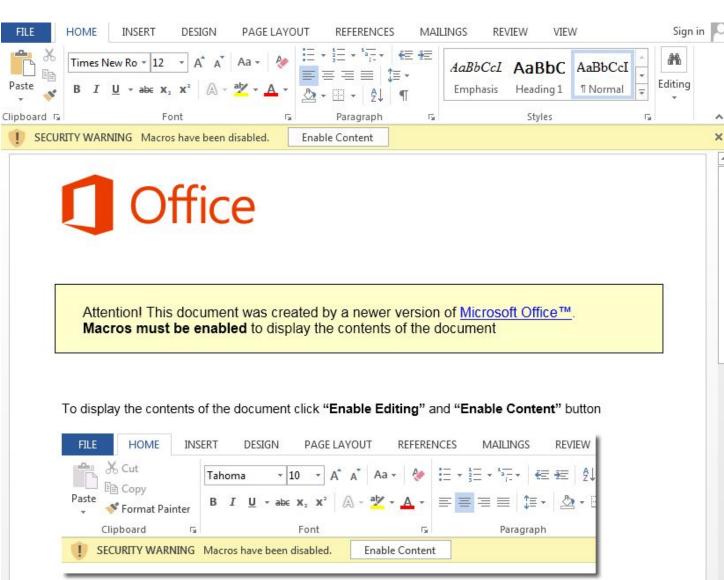
Never trust

suspicious Links.

S\S-1-5-21-1974429084-947205456-1846434929-1219\Software\Adobe\Acrobat Reader\DC\TrustManager\cDefaultLaunchURLPerms

### **Malicious Documents**

- Most malicious documents usually rely on macros for payload execution
- Registry entries occur when:
  - Being opened
  - Using edit (non-preview mode)
  - Enabling of macros

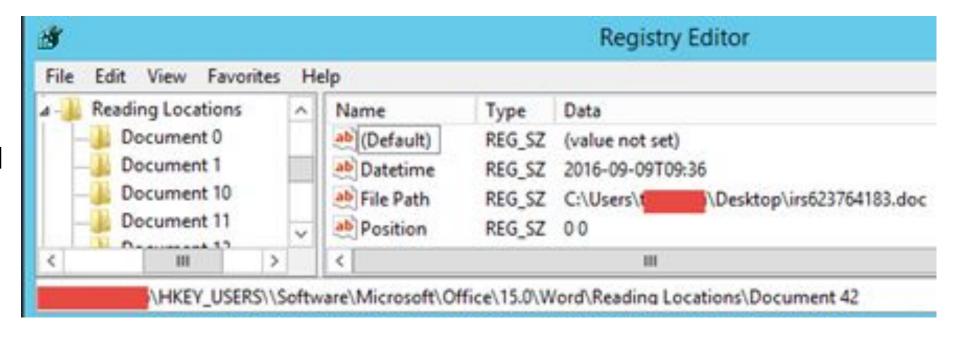


## Opened Documents Reg Keys

The Reading locations section

records the best.

- Recorded Data
  - File path
  - Time last opened

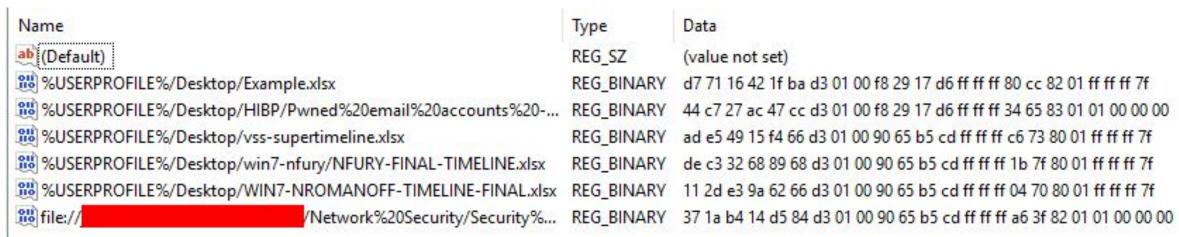


#### Location:

HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Office\15.0\Word\Reading Locations

## **Enabled Macros Reg Keys**

- When "Enable Content" is clicked in a document it changes the Value of a file's data section from all zero's to "ff ff ff 7f"
- This indicates to Office that the document is "Trusted" and to always enable the content when opened.



#### Location:

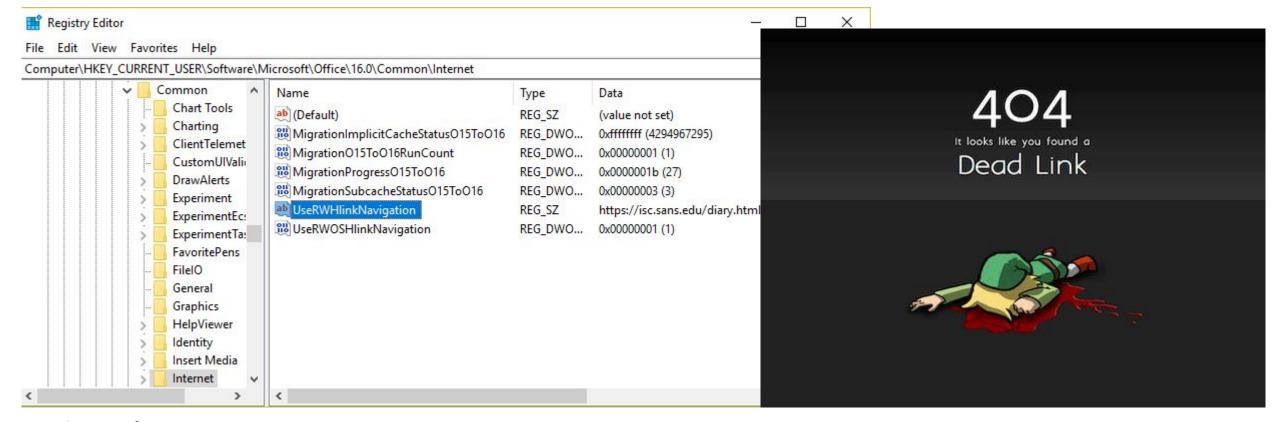
HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Office\16.0\Excel\Security\Trusted Documents\TrustRecords HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Office\16.0\Word\Security\Trusted Documents\TrustRecords

### Phishing Links

- Emails with a link to a phishing site don't leave behind as much evidence on the host compared to other events
- But MS Office records the last link clicked
- Downside This information is very volatile since its overwritten each time a link is clicked

### Reg Keys for Clicked Links

- One of the most convenient keys for researching phishing links from emails
- Anytime an link is clicked from an Office application the full URL is recorded

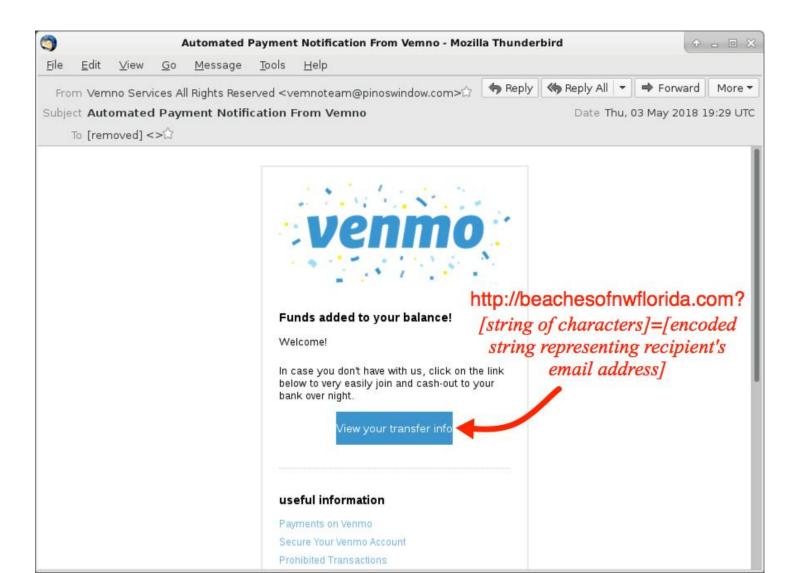


Location:

HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Office\16.0\Common\Internet

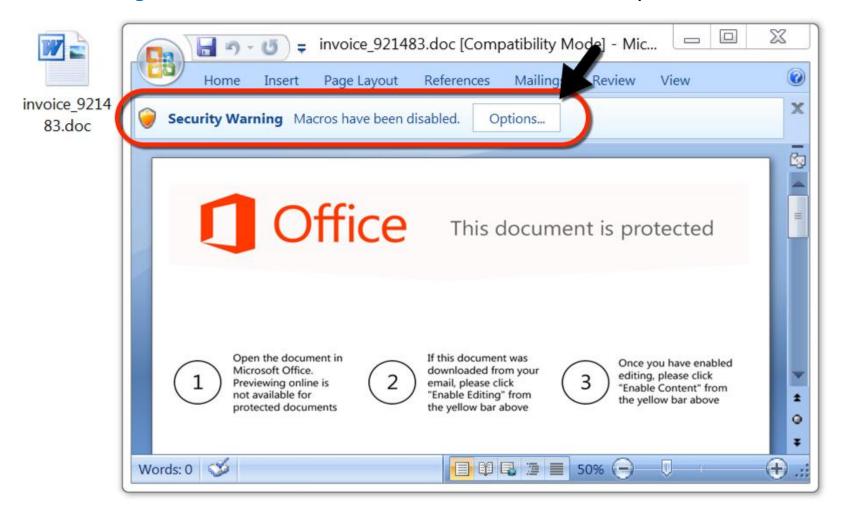
### Malicious Word Doc Timeline

- User receives an email and clicks on the link from the email
  - \Common\Internet UseRWHlinkNavigation Key is written to with the URL



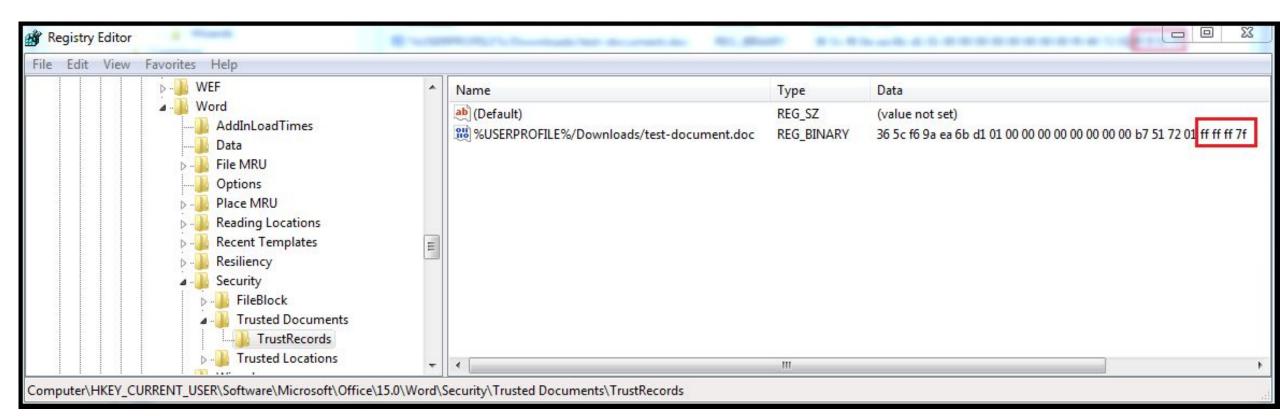
### Malicious Word Doc Timeline

- 2. User downloads and opens the document
  - \Reading Locations\Document ## Hive is written to with key data values for the file name and time opened



### Malicious Word Doc Timeline

- 3. User clicks Fnable Content
- \TrustedDocuments\TrustRecords entry created



### Summary

- Some key data be very volatile, so collect data as soon as possible
- Make sure you're looking in the correct Hive
  - The subkeys for some Hives can look very similar initially
- Delete any files you're creating on the host, since this might cause the user to get confused or suspicious
- PSEXEC with cmd can be easier to work with if you're used to the regular command prompt
  - Also viewing the recycle bin on works from a traditional command prompt
- PowerShell remote sessions have handier features like autocomplete
  - It's safer to use since mimikatz can't export creds
  - Commands are logged

# Questions?