Instrumentor: Easily Customizable Code Instrumentation based on LLVM

Kevin Sala (salapenades 1@llnl.gov)
Johannes Doerfert (jdoerfert@llnl.gov)

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Instrumenting Code

- Track runtime behavior of apps
 - Debugging and sanitization
 - Logging of events
 - Monitor resource usage
 - Performance analysis for optimization

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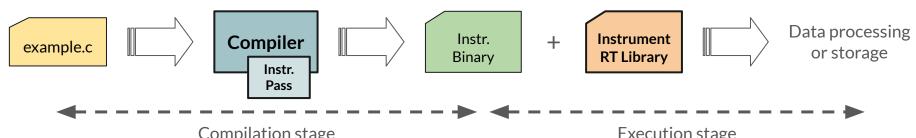
Original code:

```
i32 myfunc(ptr %p) {
   %v = load i32, ptr %p, align 8
   store i32 10, ptr %p, align 8
   ret i32 %v
}
```

Instrumented code:

```
i32 myfunc(ptr %p) {
  call void @__before_load(ptr %p, i32 4)
  %v = load i32, ptr %p, align 8
  store i32 10, ptr %p, align 8
  ret i32 %v
}
```

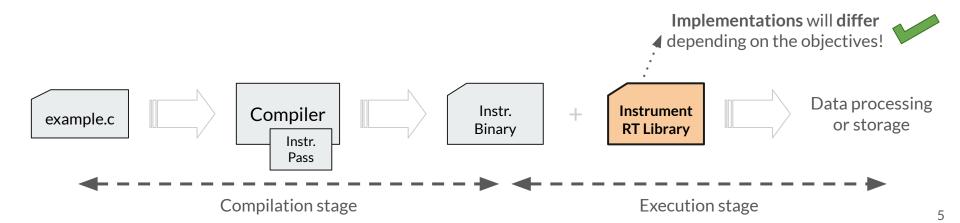
- Two main actors
 - **Compiler** augments the original code with extra code
 - **Runtime component** receives that data during the execution



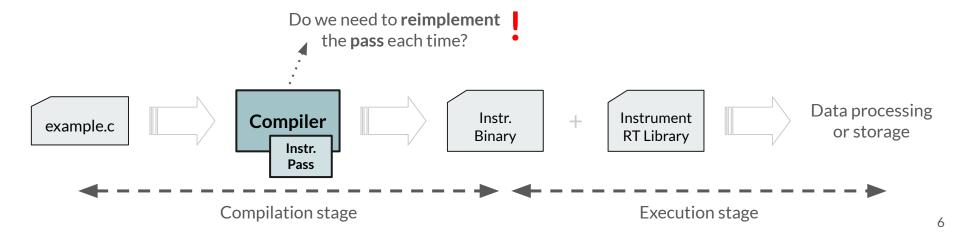
Compilation stage

Execution stage

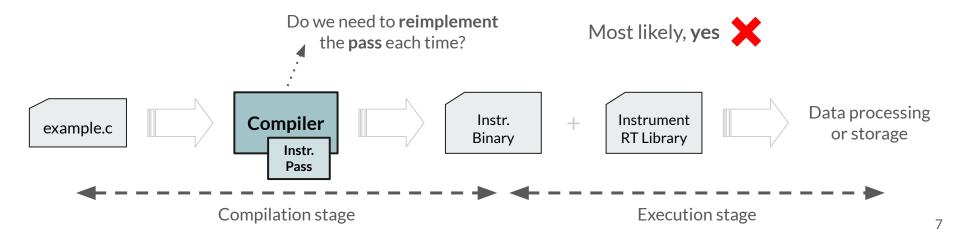
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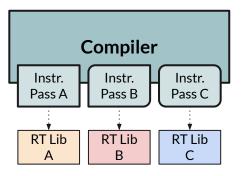
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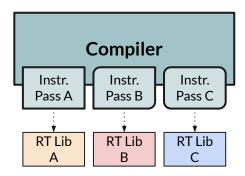
- Two main actors
 - a. **Compiler** augments the original code with extra code
 - b. Runtime component receives that data during the execution



Compilers lack generic mechanisms for instrumenting



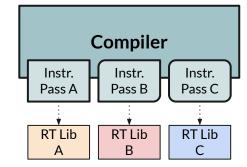
- Compilers lack generic mechanisms for instrumenting
 - Multiple passes implement custom logic
 - Generally similar but quite different



- Compilers lack generic mechanisms for instrumenting
 - Multiple passes implement custom logic
 - Generally similar but quite different



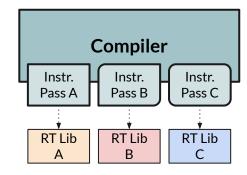
- Missing significant opportunities like
 - Improving code maintainability
 - Reducing code replication
 - Simplifying development of instrumentation tools

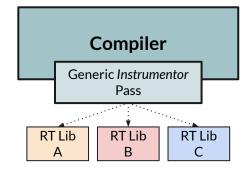


Why not a Generic Instrumentation Pass?

- New Instrumentor pass in LLVM
 - Generic, customizable and extendable
 - Enabling multiple uses and users

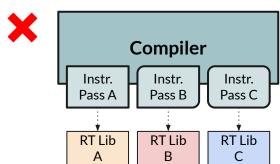




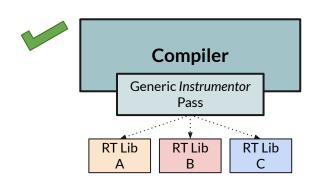


Why not a Generic Instrumentation Pass?

- New Instrumentor pass in LLVM
 - Generic, customizable and extendable
 - Enabling multiple uses and users



- Exploiting the opportunities
 - Improve code maintainability
 - Reduce code replication
 - Simplify development of instrumentation tools



```
i32 myfunc(ptr %p) {
    %v = load i32, ptr %p, align 8
    store i32 10, ptr %p, align 8
    ret i32 %v
}
```

```
"configuration": {
  "runtime_prefix": "__instrumentor_",
  "runtime_stubs_file": "rt.c"
},
"instruction_pre": {
  "load": {
    "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.replace": false,
    "pointer_as": false,
    "value_size": true,
    "alignment": true,
    "is_volatile": true
```

```
i32 myfunc(ptr %p) {
   %v = load i32, ptr %p, align 8
   store i32 10, ptr %p, align 8
   ret i32 %v
}
```

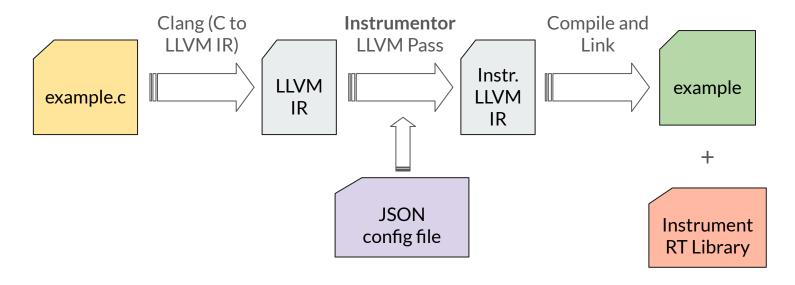
```
"configuration": {
  "runtime_prefix": "__instrumentor_",
  "runtime_stubs_file": "rt.c"
},
"instruction_pre": {
  "load": {
    "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.replace": false,
    "pointer_as": false,
    "value_size": true,
    "alignment": true,
    "is_volatile": true
```

```
i32 myfunc(ptr %p) {
  %v = load i32, ptr %p, align 8
  store i32 10, ptr %p, align 8
  ret i32 %v
After Instrumentor pass:
i32 myfunc(ptr %p) {
  call void @__instrumentor_pre_load(
          ptr %p, i32 4, i32 8, i32 0)
 %v = load i32, ptr %p, align 8
  store i32 10, ptr %p, align 8
  ret i32 %v
```

```
"configuration": {
  "runtime_prefix": "__instrumentor_",
  "runtime_stubs_file": "rt.c"
},
"instruction_pre": {
  "load": {
    "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.replace": true,
    "pointer_as": false,
    "value_size": true,
    "alignment": true,
    "is_volatile": true
```

```
i32 myfunc(ptr %p) {
  %v = load i32, ptr %p, align 8
  store i32 10, ptr %p, align 8
  ret i32 %v
After Instrumentor pass:
i32 myfunc(ptr %p) {
  %np = call ptr @__instrumentor_pre_load(
          ptr %p, i32 4, i32 8, i32 0)
 %v = load i32, ptr %np, align 8
  store i32 10, ptr %p, align 8
  ret i32 %v
```

How does the Instrumentor work?



opt -passes=instrumentor -instrumentor-read-config-file=file.json example.ll -S

or

- Instrumentation opportunities
 - Instructions
 - Functions
 - Global variables
 - Module

- **Position** of the instrumentation
 - Before (pre) and/or after (post)

```
"instruction_pre": {
  "load": {
    "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.replace": true,
    "pointer as": true,
    "base_pointer_info": true,
    "value_size": true,
    "alignment": true,
    "value_type_id": true,
    "atomicity_ordering": true,
    "sync_scope_id": true,
    "is_volatile": true
 },
  "store": {
    "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.replace": true,
    "pointer_as": true,
    "base_pointer_info": true,
    "value": true,
    "value_size": true,
    "alignment": true,
    "value_type_id": true,
    "atomicity_ordering": true,
    "sync scope id": true,
    "is volatile": true
```

- Instrumentation opportunities
 - Instructions
 - Loads, stores

- **Position** of the instrumentation
 - Before (pre) and/or after (post)

```
"instruction_pre": {
  "load": {
    "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.replace": true,
    "pointer as": true,
    "base_pointer_info": true,
    "value_size": true,
    "alignment": true,
    "value_type_id": true,
    "atomicity_ordering": true,
    "sync_scope_id": true,
    "is_volatile": true
 },
  "store": {
    "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.replace": true,
    "pointer_as": true,
    "base_pointer_info": true,
    "value": true,
    "value_size": true,
    "alignment": true,
    "value_type_id": true,
    "atomicity_ordering": true,
    "sync scope id": true,
    "is_volatile": true
```

- Instrumentation opportunities
 - Instructions
 - Loads, stores
 - Function calls (+ inspection of args)

- **Position** of the instrumentation
 - Before (pre) and/or after (post)

```
"instruction_pre": {
    "call": {
        "enabled": true,
        "callee": true,
        "callee_name": true,
        "intrinsic_id": true,
        "allocation_info": true,
        "num_parameters": true,
        "parameters": true,
        "parameters.replace": true,
        "is_definition": true
},
```

- Instrumentation opportunities
 - Instructions
 - Loads, stores
 - Function calls (+ inspection of args)
 - Allocas

```
"instruction_post": {
    "alloca": {
        "enabled": true,
        "address": true,
        "address.replace": true,
        "size": true,
        "alignment": true
},
```

- Position of the instrumentation
 - Before (pre) and/or after (post)

- Instrumentation opportunities
 - Instructions
 - Loads, stores
 - Function calls (+ inspection of args)
 - Allocas
 - Branches, compares
 - **..**

```
"instruction_post": {
    "alloca": {
        "enabled": true,
        "address": true,
        "address.replace": true,
        "size": true,
        "alignment": true
},
```

- Position of the instrumentation
 - Before (pre) and/or after (post)

- Instrumentation opportunities
 - Instructions
 - Loads, stores
 - Function calls (+ inspection of args)
 - Allocas
 - Branches, compares
 - ...
 - Function enter/exit (+ inspect of args)
- Position of the instrumentation
 - Before (pre) and/or after (post)

```
"function_pre": {
    "function": {
        "enabled": true,
        "address": true,
        "name": true,
        "num_arguments": true,
        "arguments": true,
        "arguments.replace": true
}
},
```

- Instrumentation opportunities
 - Instructions
 - Loads, stores
 - Function calls (+ inspection of args)
 - Allocas
 - Branches, compares
 - ...
 - Function enter/exit (+ inspect of args)
 - Global variables
- **Position** of the instrumentation
 - Before (pre) and/or after (post)

```
"global_pre": {
    "globals": {
        "enabled": true,
        "address": true,
        "address.replace": true,
        "name": true,
        "initial_value": true,
        "initial_value_size": true,
        "is_constant": true
    }
},
```

- Instrumentation opportunities
 - Instructions
 - Loads, stores
 - Function calls (+ inspection of args)
 - Allocas
 - Branches, compares
 - ...
 - Function enter/exit (+ inspect of args)
 - Global variables
 - Module constructor/dtor
- Position of the instrumentation
 - Before (pre) and/or after (post)

```
"module_pre": {
  "module": {
    "enabled": true,
    "module_name": true,
    "name": true
},
"module_post": {
  "module": {
    "enabled": true,
    "module_name": true,
    "name": true
```

- Instrumentation opportunities
 - Instructions
 - Function enter/exit (+ inspect of args)
 - Global variables
 - Module constructor/dtor

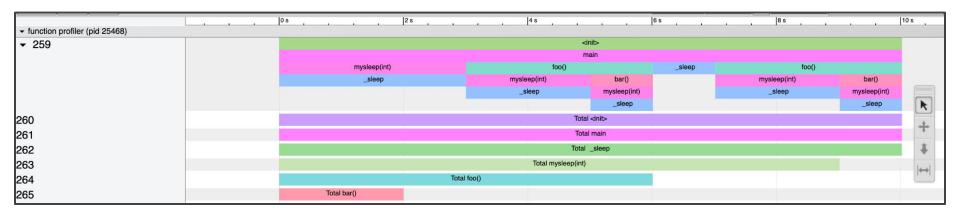
- Other opportunities for **optimization**
 - Loop range info
 - Base pointer info

```
"special_value": {
 "base_pointer_info": {
   "enabled": true,
   "base_pointer": true,
   "base_pointer.replace": true,
   "base_pointer_kind": true
 },
 "loop_value_range": {
   "enabled": true,
   "initial_loop_val": true,
   "final_loop_val": true
```

Use cases

Example Use: Profiler

The final result (visualized):



```
~/s/l/instrumentor >>> wc -l profiler.cpp
56 profiler.cpp
~/s/l/instrumentor >>> wc -l profiler.json
26 profiler.json __
```

Example Use: Profiler

Used JSON:

```
"configuration": {
  "runtime_prefix": "__instrumentor_"
},
"function_pre": {
  "function": {
    "enabled": true,
    "address": true,
    "name": true
"instruction_pre": {
  "call": {
    "enabled": true,
    "callee": true,
    "callee_name": true
},
"instruction_post": {
  "call": {
    "enabled": true,
    "callee": true,
    "callee_name": true
```

Example Use: Profiler

```
LLVM Instrumentor stub runtime
#include <stdio.h>
#include "llvm/Demangle/Demangle.h"
#include "llvm/Support/Error.h"
#include "llvm/Support/TimeProfiler.h"
extern "C" {
struct __init_ty {
  __init_ty() {
    llvm::timeTraceProfilerInitialize(10, "function profiler", true);
   llvm::timeTraceProfilerBegin("<init>", "");
  ~__init_ty() {
   if (has_main)
      llvm::timeTraceProfilerEnd();
    llvm::timeTraceProfilerEnd();
   if (auto Err = llvm::timeTraceProfilerWrite("prof.json", "prof.alt.json"))
      printf("Error writing out the time trace: %s\n",
             llvm::toString(std::move(Err)).c_str());
    llvm::timeTraceProfilerCleanup();
 void *callee = nullptr;
 bool callee_found = false;
  bool has_main = false;
  _state;
```

Used Runtime:

```
// Continuation
void instrumentor pre function(void *address, char *name) {
  if (__state.callee == address && !__state.callee_found) {
   llvm::timeTraceProfilerBegin(llvm::demangle(name), "");
    __state.callee_found = true;
  if (!memcmp(name, "main", 4)) {
    __state.has_main = true;
   llvm::timeTraceProfilerBegin("main", "");
void __instrumentor_pre_call(void *callee, char *callee_name) {
  llvm::timeTraceProfilerBegin(
      callee name ? llvm::demangle(callee name) : "<indirect>", "");
  if (!callee name)
    __state.callee = callee;
void instrumentor post call(void *callee, char *callee name) {
  if (__state.callee_found) {
    __state.callee = nullptr;
    __state.callee_found = false;
   llvm::timeTraceProfilerEnd();
  llvm::timeTraceProfilerEnd();
```

Example Use: Detect dead and redundant stores

OK

```
int A;
int main() {
    A = 0;
    A++;
    fprintf(stdout, "value of A: %d\n", A);
}
```

[salapenades1@tioga11]~/deadstore% ./main value of A: 1

Dead Store

```
int A;
int main() {
    A = 0;
    A = 1;
}
```

[salapenades1@tioga11]~/deadstore% ./main [rt] detected dead store (old: 0, new: 1)

Redundant Store

```
int A;
int main() {
    A = 0;
    fprintf(stdout, "value of A: %d\n", A);
    A = 0;
}
```

```
[salapenades1@tioga11]~/deadstore% ./main
[rt] detected redundant store (old: 0, new: 0)
```

Example Use: Detect dead and redundant stores

Used JSON

```
"configuration": {
 "runtime_prefix": "__rt_",
 "runtime_prefix.description": "The runtime API prefix."
"instruction pre": {
  "load": {
    "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.description": "The accessed pointer.",
    "value size": true,
    "value size.description": "The size of the loaded value."
  "store": {
    "enabled": true,
   "pointer": true,
    "pointer.description": "The accessed pointer.",
    "value": true,
    "value.description": "The stored value.",
    "value_size": true,
    "value_size.description": "The size of the stored value."
```

Used Runtime

[salapenades1@tioga11]~/deadstore% wc -l rt.cpp 38 rt.cpp

Some extras

Extras: Use Instrumentor within LLVM

- Use Instrumentor programmatically w/o JSON file
 - Fine-grained control of what is instrumented
 - Pass custom data to RT calls

Using class inheritance and callbacks

```
LoadIO::ConfigTy LICConfig;
LICConfig.PassPointerAS = false;
LICConfig.PassLoopValueRangeInfo = false;
LICConfig.PassValue = false;
LICConfig.ReplaceValue = false;
LICConfig.PassAlignment = false;
LICConfig.PassValueTypeId = false;
LICConfig.PassAtomicityOrdering = false;
LICConfig.PassSyncScopeId = false;
LICConfig.PassIsVolatile = false;
auto *LIC = InstrumentationConfig::allocate<LoadIO>(/*IsPRE=*/true);
LIC->HoistKind = HOIST MAXIMALLY;
LIC->CB = [\&](Value \&V) {
  return LSI.shouldInstrumentLoad(cast<LoadInst>(V), IIRB);
};
LIC->init(*this, IIRB, &LICConfig);
```

Extras: Systematic RT Functions

• **Instrumentor** generates systematic RT function prototypes

Runtime A

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>

void __rt1_pre_load(void *pointer) {}

void __rt1_pre_store(void *pointer) {}
```

Runtime B

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>

void __rt2_pre_load(void *pointer, int32_t value_size) {}

void __rt2_pre_store(void *pointer, int64_t value, int32_t value_size) {}

void __rt2_post_load(void *pointer, int64_t value, int32_t value_size) {}
```

Extras: Auto Generate RT Stub

"configuration": { "runtime_prefix": "__rt_", "runtime_stubs_file": "rt.c" "module_pre": { "module": { "enabled": true, "module_name": true, "name": true "instruction_pre": { "alloca": { "enabled": true, "address": true, "address.replace": true, "size": true, "alignment": true "load": { "enabled": true, "pointer": true, "pointer.replace": true, "pointer_as": true, "value_size": true, "alignment": true, "value_type_id": true, "atomicity_ordering": true, "is_volatile": true

Extras: Auto Generate RT Stub

2) opt -passes=instrumentor -instrumentor-read-config-file=file.json empty.ll -S

```
"configuration": {
  "runtime_prefix": "__rt_",
 "runtime_stubs_file": "rt.c
"module_pre": {
  "module": {
    "enabled": true,
    "module_name": true,
    "name": true
"instruction_pre": {
  "alloca": {
    "enabled": true,
    "address": true,
    "address.replace": true,
    "size": true,
    "alignment": true
  "load": {
    "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.replace": true,
    "pointer_as": true,
    "value_size": true,
    "alignment": true,
    "value_type_id": true,
    "atomicity_ordering": true,
    "is_volatile": true
```

Extras: Auto Generate RT Stub

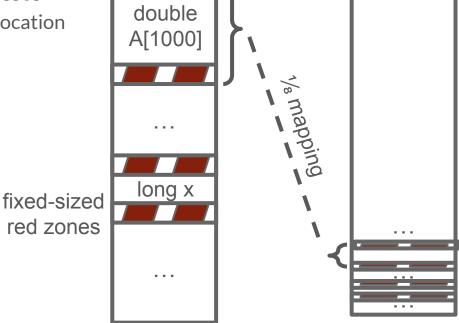
- 2) opt -passes=instrumentor -instrumentor-read-config-file=file.json empty.ll -S
- 3) rt.c

```
LLVM Instrumentor stub runtime
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
void rt pre module(char *module name, char *name) {
 printf("module pre -- module name: %s, name: %s\n", module name, name);
void *__rt_pre_load(void *pointer, int32_t pointer_as, int32_t value_size,
                   int64_t alignment, int32_t value_type_id,
                   int32_t atomicity_ordering, int8_t is_volatile) {
 printf("load pre -- pointer: %p, pointer_as: %i, value_size: %i, "
         "alignment: %lli, value_type_id: %i, atomicity_ordering: %i, "
        "is_volatile: %i\n", pointer, pointer_as, value_size, alignment,
        value_type_id, atomicity_ordering, is_volatile);
 return pointer;
void __rt_pre_alloca(int64_t size, int64_t alignment) {
 printf("alloca pre -- size: %lli, alignment: %lli\n", size, alignment);
```

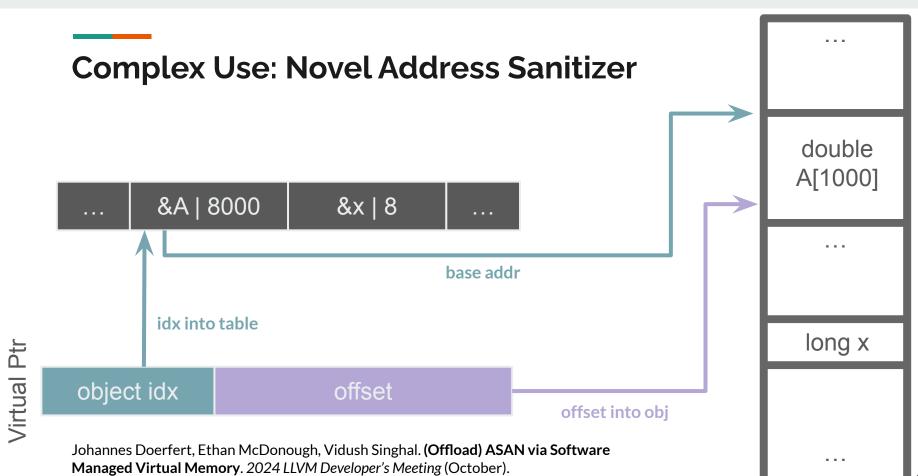
```
"configuration": {
 "runtime_prefix": "__rt_",
"runtime stubs file": "rt.o
"module_pre": {
 "module": {
    "enabled": true,
    "module_name": true,
    "name": true
"instruction_pre": {
 "alloca": {
    "enabled": true,
    "address": true,
    "address.replace": true,
    "size": true,
    "alignment": true
 },
 "load": {
   "enabled": true,
    "pointer": true,
    "pointer.replace": true,
    "pointer_as": true,
   "value_size": true,
    "alignment": true,
    "value_type_id": true,
    "atomicity_ordering": true,
    "is volatile": true
```

Complex use case: Sanitizer

- ASAN use extra memory and accesses
 - Requires extra memory per allocation
 - Requires 2x memory accesses
 - False negatives



- **Idea:** Use **virtual pointers** to **encode** object's info
 - Replace real pointers with virtual pointers
 - O No red zones



Presentation video: https://voutu.be/B60jp4khrvc

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Johannes Doerfert, Ethan McDonough, Vidush Singhal. (Offload) ASAN via Software Managed Virtual Memory. 2024 LLVM Developer's Meeting (October). Presentation video: https://youtu.be/B60jp4khrvc

```
&A | 8000
                                                       &x | 8
                 VPtr
void increment(double *A, int N) {
  auto [Base, Size, Offset] = __lookup(A);
  for (int I = 0; I < N; ++I) {
    __check_access(Offset + I, Size);
   A[I]++;
                                    object
                                                          offset
```

Johannes Doerfert, Ethan McDonough, Vidush Singhal. (Offload) ASAN via Software Managed Virtual Memory. 2024 LLVM Developer's Meeting (October). Presentation video: https://youtu.be/B60ip4khrvc

```
&A | 8000
                                                       &x | 8
                 VPtr
void increment(double *A, int N) {
  auto [Base, Size, Offset] = __lookup(A);
  for (int I = 0; I < N; ++I) {
    __check_access(Offset + I, Size);
    (Base + Offset)[I]++;
                                    object
                                                          offset
```

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```
&A | 8000
                                                       &x | 8
                 VPtr
void increment(double *A, int N) {
                                                 Instrumentor!
  auto [Base, Size, Offset] = __lookup(A);
  for (int I = 0; I < N; ++I) {
    __check_access(Offset + I, Size);
    (Base + Offset)[I]++;
                                    object
                                                           offset
```

Conclusions

- Instrumentor: a customizable instrumentation based on LLVM
 - Unified way to instrument programs
 - Easy to **customize** as a user, easy to **extend** as a developer!
 - Paving the path for **future instrumentation-based tools**
- Many common use cases
 - Time profiling
 - Gather runtime information
 - o etc.
- More complex use cases
 - o InputGen [1]
 - Address Sanitizer (CPU and GPU code)

Thank you!

Kevin Sala (salapenades 1@Ilnl.gov)
Johannes Doerfert (jdoerfert@Ilnl.gov)