

# A walk through *Flang* OpenMP lowering: From FIR to LLVMIR

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# Why this talk?

- LLVM Flang (replacing Classic Flang) under active development.
  - Written in C++17
  - Uses MLIR
- Volunteers needed for contribution in OpenMP
- Parsing support is there for OpenMP 4.5
- Significant portion of sema checks are done
  - OpenMP 1.1 support VERY soon
- OpenMP 2.5, 3.1 etc are needing active development.
- A “getting started” for lowering OpenMP code for LLVM Flang

\*<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1FvHPuSkGbl4mQZRAwCIndvQx9dQboffID-xD0oqxgU0/edit#gid=0>



# Goal: Implement the lowering of basic SIMD construct

From OpenMP5.0 standard Section 2.9.3.1

**Summary** The `simd` construct can be applied to a loop to indicate that the loop can be transformed into a SIMD loop (that is, multiple iterations of the loop can be executed concurrently using SIMD instructions).

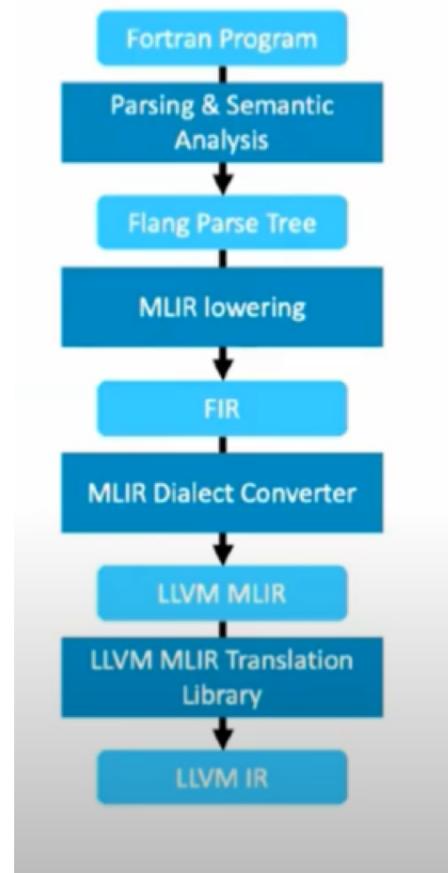
```
!$omp do simd [clause[ [,] clause] ... ]  
    do-loops  
[ !$omp end do simd nowait]}
```

\*<https://www.openmp.org/spec-html/5.0/openmpsu42.html>



# Flang compiler flow

- Parses Fortran 2018
- Performs Semantic Checks
- Lowers to high level IR **FIR**
  - LLVM IR is too low level for Fortran
  - Uses the MLIR framework
- Converts to a lower level IR, LLVM MLIR
- Lowers to LLVM IR



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\* Picture courtesy: Kiran Chandramohan, ARM



# Background MLIR

- Multi-level Intermediate Representation
- A new approach for building compiler infrastructure
  - Can use to build SSA-based IR
  - Provides a declarative system for defining IRs
  - Provides common infrastructure (printing, parsing, location tracking, pass management etc.)
- Flang compiler uses MLIR based **FIR** dialect as its IR
- FIR models the Fortran language portion
  - **Does not** have a representation for OpenMP constructs
- Add a dialect in MLIR for OpenMP
  - MLIR provides common framework for representing OpenMP and Fortran
  - Makes OpenMP codegen reuseable

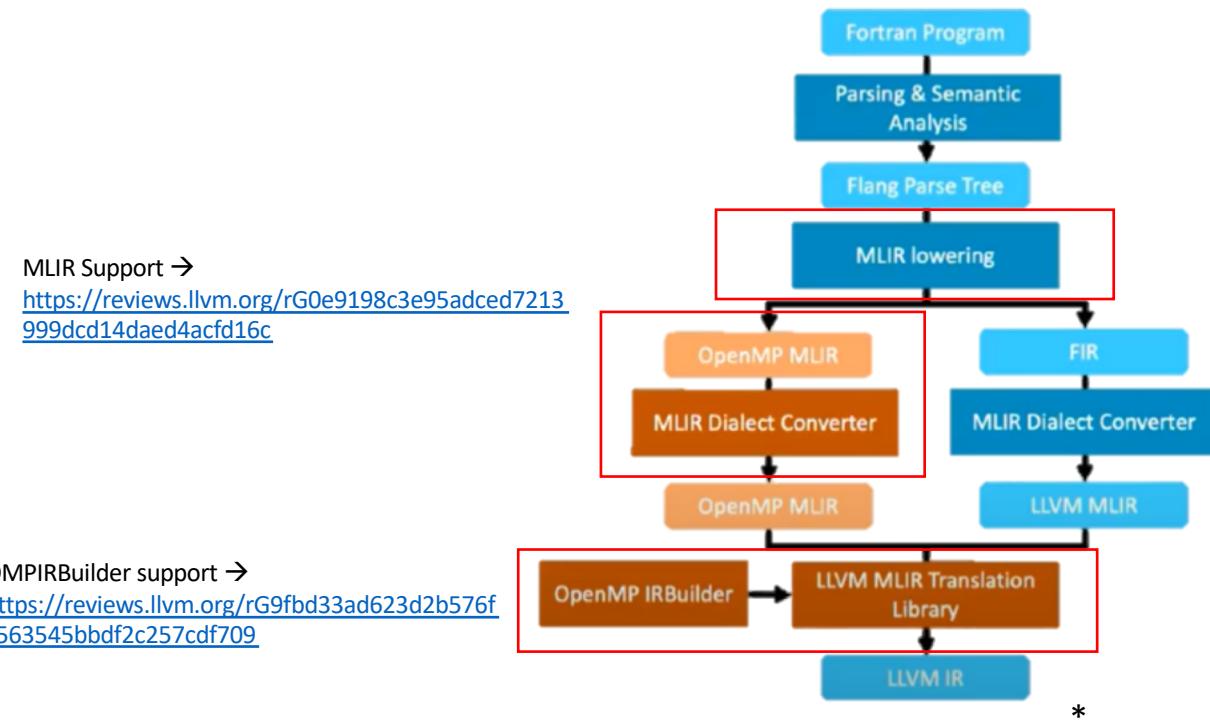


# OpenMP IRBuilder

- Generating LLVM IR involves two important tasks
  - Inserting calls to OpenMP runtime
  - Outlining OpenMP regions
- Code exists in clang for these tasks
  - Reuse codegen from Clang
- Refactor codegen for OpenMP constructs in Clang and move to LLVM directory
  - llvm/lib/Frontend/OpenMP



# OpenMP plan for Flang



\* Picture courtesy: Kiran Chandramohan, ARM



# Implementation of lowering of SIMD construct



# Steps for implementation

1. Read about the behavior of the construct/clause from OpenMP website (refer OpenMP spec for details)



# About SIMD construct

## 2.9.3.1 `simd` Construct

**Summary** The `simd` construct can be applied to a loop to indicate that the loop can be transformed into a SIMD loop (that is, multiple iterations of the loop can be executed concurrently using SIMD instructions).

```
!$omp simd  
do-loops  
[ !$omp end simd]
```



# Steps for implementation

1. Read about the behavior of the construct/clause from OpenMP website
2. Identify the IR changes necessary



# Visualize the changes necessary in the final IR

- Write a simple test case and look at the IR

```
void omp_simd() {  
    int i = 0;  
    int a[16];  
    #pragma omp simd  
    for (int i=0; i <16; i++) {  
        a[i] = i;  
    }  
    return;  
}
```



# Visualize the changes necessary in the final IR

```

19
20 7: ; preds = %4
21  %8 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
22  %9 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
23  %10 = sext i32 %9 to i64
24  %11 = getelementptr inbounds [16 x i32], [16 x i32]* %2, i64 0, i64 %10
25  store i32 %8, i32* %11, align 4
26  br label %12

27
28 12: ; preds = %7
29  %13 = load i32, i32* %3, align 4
30  %14 = add nsw i32 %13, 1
31  store i32 %14, i32* %3, align 4
32  br label %4, !llvm.loop !5

33
34 15: ; preds = %4
35  ret void
36 }
37
38 attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind optnone uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-legal-vector-width"="0" "n
o-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "target-features"="+cx8,+f
xsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
39
40 !llvm.module.flags = !(%, !1, !2, !3)
41 !llvm.ident = !{4}
42
43 !0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
44 !1 = !{i32 7, !"openmp", i32 50}
45 !2 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 2}
46 !3 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
47 !4 = !{"clang version 15.0.0 (https://github.com/llvm/llvm-project.git 7764a05d9c20b1340fa3dbbd3ac99743
b6decff)"}
48 !5 = distinct !{!, !6}
49 !6 = !{"!llvm.loop.mustprogress"}

```

```

22 9: ; preds = %6
23  %10 = load i32, i32* %4, align 4, !llvm.access.group !5
24  %11 = mul nsw i32 %10, 1
25  %12 = add nsw i32 0, %11
26  store i32 %12, i32* %5, align 4, !llvm.access.group !5
27  %13 = load i32, i32* %5, align 4, !llvm.access.group !5
28  %14 = load i32, i32* %5, align 4, !llvm.access.group !5
29  %15 = sext i32 %14 to i64
30  %16 = getelementptr inbounds [16 x i32], [16 x i32]* %2, i64 0, i64 %15
31  store i32 %13, i32* %16, align 4, !llvm.access.group !5
32  br label %17

33
34 17: ; preds = %9
35  br label %18
36
37 18: ; preds = %17
38  %19 = load i32, i32* %4, align 4, !llvm.access.group !5
39  %20 = add nsw i32 %19, 1
40  store i32 %20, i32* %4, align 4, !llvm.access.group !5
41  br label %6, !llvm.loop !6

42
43 21: ; preds = %6
44  store i32 16, i32* %6, align 4
45  ret void
46 }

48 attributes #0 = { noinline nounwind optnone uwtable "frame-pointer"="all" "min-leg
o-trapping-math"="true" "stack-protector-buffer-size"="8" "target-cpu"="x86-64" "t
fxsr,+mmx,+sse,+sse2,+x87" "tune-cpu"="generic" }
49
50 !llvm.module.flags = !(%, !1, !2, !3)
51 !llvm.ident = !{4}
52
53 !0 = !{i32 1, !"wchar_size", i32 4}
54 !1 = !{i32 7, !"openmp", i32 50}
55 !2 = !{i32 7, !"uwtable", i32 2}
56 !3 = !{i32 7, !"frame-pointer", i32 2}
57 !4 = !{"clang version 15.0.0 (https://github.com/llvm/llvm-pr
7764a05d9c
b6decff)"}
58 !5 = distinct !{!}
59 !6 = distinct !{!, !7, !8}
60 !5 = !{"!llvm.loop.parallel_accesses", !5}
61 !6 = !{"!llvm.loop.vectorize.enable", !1 true}

```



HUAWEI

# Summary of IR changes

- Insert `llvm.access.group` metadata to the Memory access instructions in the loop
- Change the `llvm.loop` metadata associated with the loop
- **No need** to insert any `omp` runtime calls

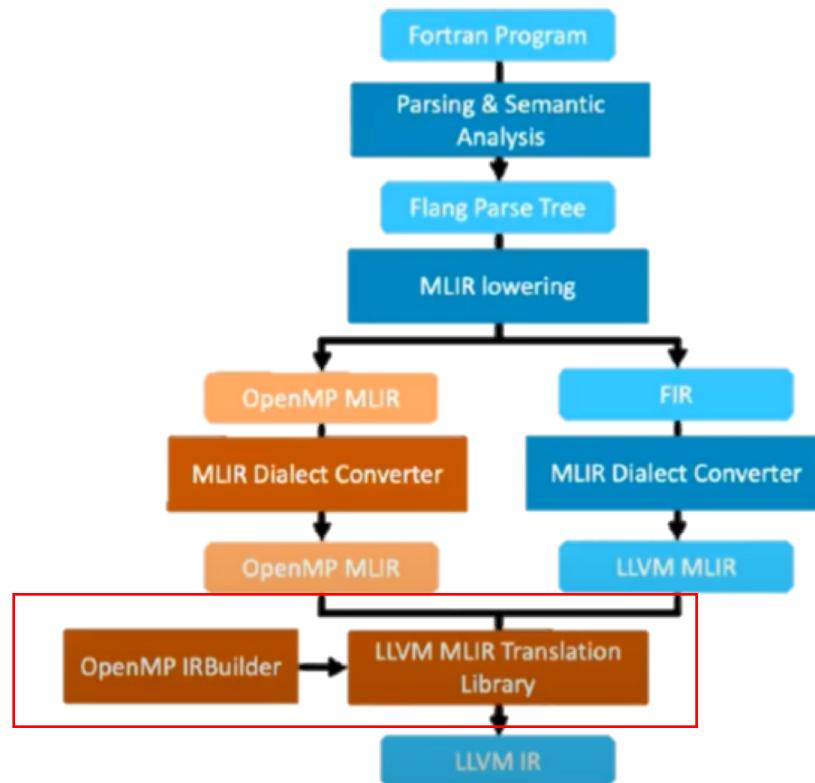


# Steps for implementation

1. Read about the behavior of the construct/clause from OpenMP website
2. Identify the IR changes necessary
3. Identify if IRBuilder support is needed, implement



# Where is IRBuilder used?



# Is IRBuilder support needed?

- Rule of thumb:
  - If implementing lowering of new **directives**, the answer is most probably **yes**
  - For implementing **clauses**, the answer is probably **no**

```
!$omp do simd
    do-loops
[ !$omp end do simd
```

Directive → yes

```
!$omp do simd lastprivate(a)
    do-loops
[ !$omp end do simd
```

Clause → No



# IRBuilder support for SIMD

- Steps necessary to support Parse tree -> LLVM IR lowering\*
    - Create a loop
    - Add metadata
  - OMPIRBuilder has an existing struct to represent canonical loop and an API to create one.

```
class CanonicalLoopInfo {
    friend class OpenMPIBuilder;

private:
    BasicBlock *Header = nullptr;
    BasicBlock *Cond = nullptr;
    BasicBlock *Latch = nullptr;
    BasicBlock *Exit = nullptr;

    /// Add the control blocks of this loop to \p BBs.
    ///
    /// This does not include any block from the body,
    /// by \code{getBody()}.
    ///
}
```

\* for Clang



# Strategy for IRBuilder support

- When we encounter SIMD directive in the parse tree, create a canonical loop CL first using the API
  - In clang/lib/CodeGen/CGStmt.cpp
- Define a function that can take the newly created CL and apply the metadata changes necessary.

```
void OpenMPIRBUILDER::applySimd(CanonicalLoopInfo *CL)
```

- In llvm/lib/Frontend/OpenMP/OMPIRBUILDER.cpp



# 1. Creating the canonical loop

- clang/lib/CodeGen/CGStmt.cpp → code to emit LLVM code from [AST Stmt nodes](#)

```
void CodeGenFunction::EmitStmt(const Stmt *S, ArrayRef<const Attr *> Attrs) {  
    ...  
    switch (S->getStmtClass()) {  
        ...  
        case Stmt::OMPSimdDirectiveClass:  
            EmitOMPSimdDirective(cast<OMPSimdDirective>(*S));  
            break;  
    }  
}
```



# 1. Creating the canonical loop

```
void CodeGenFunction::EmitOMPSimdDirective(const OMPSimdDirective &s) {
    bool UseOMPIRBuilder =
        CGM.getLangOpts().OpenMPIRBuilder && isSupportedByOpenMPIRBuilder(s);
    if (UseOMPIRBuilder) {
        auto &&CodeGenIRBuilder = [this, &s](CodeGenFunction &CGF,
                                                PrePostActionTy &) {
            // Emit the associated statement and get its loop representation.
            const Stmt *Inner = S.getRawStmt();
            llvm::CanonicalLoopInfo *CLI =
                EmitOMPCollapsedCanonicalLoopNest(Inner, 1);
                Uses createCanonicalLoop()
            llvm::OpenMPIRBuilder &OMPBuilder =
                CGM.getOpenMPRuntime().getOMPBuilder();
            // Add SIMD specific metadata
            OMPBuilder.applySimd(CLI);

            return;
        };
    }
    CGM.getOpenMPRuntime().emitInlinedDirective(*this, OMPD_simd,
                                                CodeGenIRBuilder);
}
return;
}
```

Function that is called while lowering the SIMD directive

Check is compiler is using OMPBuilder, also check for any condition e.g. unsupported clauses

Lowering code

Lambda call

CGM → per module state



## 2. Attaching the metadata (applySimd())

- Getting the `llvm::Loop` from the `CanonicalLoopInfo` struct
  - A bit hacky currently.
- Extracting the Basic blocks which needs to be modified with new metadata
- Find `memref` instructions in the BasicBlocks and attach metadata.



## 2. Attaching the metadata

```
void OpenMPIBuilder::applySimd(DebugLoc, CanonicalLoopInfo *CanonicalLoop) {
    LLVMContext &Ctx = Builder.getContext();

    Function *F = CanonicalLoop->getFunction();

    FunctionAnalysisManager FAM;
    FAM.registerPass([]() { return DominatorTreeAnalysis(); });
    FAM.registerPass([]() { return LoopAnalysis(); });
    FAM.registerPass([]() { return PassInstrumentationAnalysis(); });

    LoopAnalysis LIA;
    LoopInfo &&LI = LIA.run(*F, FAM);

    Loop *L = LI.getLoopFor(CanonicalLoop->getHeader());
```

Getting the LLVM Loop from the CanonicalLoopInfo struct



## 2. Attaching the metadata

```
// Add access group metadata to memory-access instructions.  
MDNode *AccessGroup = MDNode::getDistinct(Ctx, {});  
for (BasicBlock *BB : Reachable)  
    addSimdMetadata(BB, AccessGroup, LI);
```

```
/// Attach llvm.access.group metadata to the memref instructions of \p Block  
static void addSimdMetadata(BasicBlock *Block, MDNode *AccessGroup,  
                           LoopInfo &LI) {  
    for (Instruction &I : *Block) {  
        if (I.mayReadOrWriteMemory()) {  
            // TODO: This instruction may already have access group from  
            // other pragmas e.g. #pragma clang loop vectorize. Append  
            // so that the existing metadata is not overwritten.  
            I.setMetadata(LLVMContext::MD_access_group, AccessGroup);  
        }  
    }  
}
```



## 2. Attaching the metadata

```
58 !5 = distinct !{}
59 !6 = distinct !{!6, !7, !8}
60 !7 = !{"llvm.loop.parallel_accesses", !5}
61 !8 = !{"llvm.loop.vectorize.enable", i1 true}
```

```
// Use the above access group metadata to create loop level
// metadata, which should be distinct for each loop.
ConstantAsMetadata *BoolConst =
    ConstantAsMetadata::get(ConstantInt::getTrue(Type::getInt1Ty(Ctx)));
// TODO: If the loop has existing parallel access metadata, have
// to combine two lists.
addLoopMetadata(
    CanonicalLoop,
    {MDNode::get(Ctx, {MDString::get(Ctx, "llvm.loop.parallel_accesses"),
                      | AccessGroup}),
     MDNode::get(Ctx, {MDString::get(Ctx, "llvm.loop.vectorize.enable"),
                      | BoolConst})});
```

Make sure that the access group metadata is unique to each SIMD loop



# Add test cases

clang/test/OpenMP/  
irbuilder\_simd.cpp

→ llvm-lit test to check  
if the expected IR is  
generated by clang

```
int a, b;
};

void simple(float *a, float *b, int *c) {
    S s, *p;
    P pp;
#pragma omp simd
    for (int i = 3; i < 32; i += 5) {
        // llvm.access.group test
        // CHECK: %[[A_ADDR:.+]] = alloca float*, align 8
        // CHECK: %[[B_ADDR:.+]] = alloca float*, align 8
        // CHECK: %[[S:.+]] = alloca %struct.S, align 4
        // CHECK: %[[P:.+]] = alloca %struct.S*, align 8
        // CHECK: %[[I:.+]] = alloca i32, align 4
        // CHECK: %[[TMP3:.+]] = load float*, float** %[[B_ADDR:.+]], align 8, !llvm.access.group ![[META3:[0-9]+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[TMP4:.+]] = load i32, i32* %[[I:.+]], align 4, !llvm.access.group ![[META3:[0-9]+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[IDXPROM:.+]] = sext i32 %[[TMP4:.+]] to i64
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[ARRAYIDX:.+]] = getelementptr inbounds float, float* %[[TMP3:.+]], i64 %[[IDXPROM:.+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[TMP5:.+]] = load float, float* %[[ARRAYIDX:.+]], align 4, !llvm.access.group ![[META3:[0-9]+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[A2:.+]] = getelementptr inbounds %struct.S, %struct.S* %[[S:.+]], i32 0, i32 0
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[TMP6:.+]] = load i32, i32* %[[A2:.+]], align 4, !llvm.access.group ![[META3:[0-9]+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[CONV:.+]] = sitofp i32 %[[TMP6:.+]] to float
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[ADD:.+]] = fadd float %[[TMP5:.+]], %[[CONV:.+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[TMP7:.+]] = load %struct.S*, %struct.S** %[[P:.+]], align 8, !llvm.access.group ![[META3:[0-9]+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[A3:.+]] = getelementptr inbounds %struct.S, %struct.S* %[[TMP7:.+]], i32 0, i32 0
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[TMP8:.+]] = load i32, i32* %[[A3:.+]], align 4, !llvm.access.group ![[META3:[0-9]+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[CONV4:.+]] = sitofp i32 %[[TMP8:.+]] to float
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[ADD5:.+]] = fadd float %[[ADD:.+]], %[[CONV4:.+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[TMP9:.+]] = load float*, float** %[[A_ADDR:.+]], align 8, !llvm.access.group ![[META3:[0-9]+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[TMP10:.+]] = load i32, i32* %[[I:.+]], align 4, !llvm.access.group ![[META3:[0-9]+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[IDXPROM6:.+]] = sext i32 %[[TMP10:.+]] to i64
        // CHECK-NEXT: %[[ARRAYIDX7:.+]] = getelementptr inbounds float, float* %[[TMP9:.+]], i64 %[[IDXPROM6:.+]]
        // CHECK-NEXT: store float %[[ADD5:.+]], float* %[[ARRAYIDX7:.+]], align 4, !llvm.access.group ![[META3:[0-9]+]]
        llvm.loop test
        // CHECK: %[[OMP_LOOPDOTNEXT:.+]] = add nuw i32 %[[OMP_LOOPDOTIV:.+]], 1
        // CHECK-NEXT: br label %omp_loop.header, !llvm.loop ![[META4:[0-9]+]]
        a[i] = b[i] + s.a + p->a;
    }
}
```



# Add test cases

- llvm/unittests/Frontend/OpenMPBuilderTest.cpp
- → Calls your implemented functions then verifies modules etc.

```
TEST_F(OpenMPBuilderTest, ApplySimd) {
    OpenMPBuilder OMPBuilder(*M);

    CanonicalLoopInfo *CLI = buildSingleLoopFunction(DL, OMPBuilder);

    // Simd-size the loop.
    OMPBuilder.applySimd(DL, CLI);
    OMPBuilder.finalize();
    EXPECT_FALSE(verifyModule(*M, &errs()));

    PassBuilder PB;
    FunctionAnalysisManager FAM;
    PB.registerFunctionAnalyses(FAM);
    LoopInfo &LI = FAM.getResult<LoopAnalysis>(*F);

    const std::vector<Loop *> &TopLvl = LI.getTopLevelLoops();
    EXPECT_EQ(TopLvl.size(), 1u);

    Loop *L = TopLvl.front();
    EXPECT_TRUE(findStringMetadataForLoop(L, "llvm.loop.parallel_accesses"));
    EXPECT_TRUE(getBooleanLoopAttribute(L, "llvm.loop.vectorize.enable"));

    // Check for llvm.access.group metadata attached to the printf
    // function in the loop body.
    BasicBlock *LoopBody = CLI->getBody();
    EXPECT_TRUE(any_of(*LoopBody, [](Instruction &I) {
        return I.getMetadata("llvm.access.group") != nullptr;
    }));
}

TEST_F(OpenMPBuilderTest, IllegalLoopF11) {
```

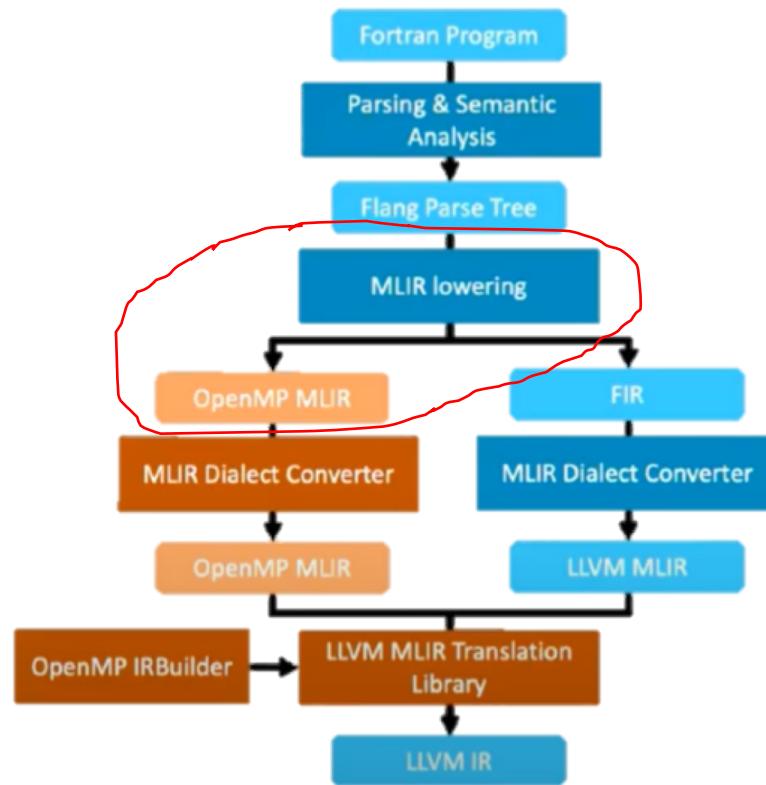


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1. Read about the behavior of the construct/clause from OpenMP website
2. Identify the IR changes necessary
3. Identify if IRBuilder support is needed, implement
4. Define/modify OpenMP MLIR Op



# MLIR Operation definition



# MLIR Operation definition

- Declaratively define OpenMP operations
  - Uses tablegen
- Can define input and output operands
- Whether operations have regions inside them
- Generic or custom printers and parser
- In the file  
`mlir/include/mlir/Dialect/OpenMP/OpenMPOps.td`



# SIMD Operation definition

```
def SIMDLoopOp : OpenMP_Op<"simdloop", [AttrSizedOperandSegments,
                                         AllTypesMatch<["lowerBound", "upperBound", "step"]>> {
    let summary = "simd loop construct";
    let description = [
        The SIMD construct can be applied to a loop to indicate that the loop can be
        ...
        ...
        omp SIMDLoop (%i1, %i2) : index = (%c0, %c0) to (%c10, %c10)
        | step (%c1, %c1) {
            omp.yield
        }
        ...
    ];
}

// TODO: Add other clauses
let arguments = [Variadic<IntLikeType>:$lowerBound,
                 Variadic<IntLikeType>:$upperBound,
                 Variadic<IntLikeType>:$step];

let regions = (region AnyRegion:$region);

let extraClassDeclaration = [
    /// Returns the number of loops in the SIMD loop nest.
    unsigned getNumLoops() { return lowerBound().size(); }

];
}

let hasCustomAssemblyFormat = 1;
let hasVerifier = 1;
}
```



# Parser, Custom printer and verifier

- `mlir/lib/Dialect/OpenMP/IR/OpenMPDialect.cpp`

```
omp SIMDLoop (%i1, %i2) : i32 = (%c0, %c0)
    to (%c10, %c10) step (%c1, %c1) {
        ...
    }
```

```
ParseResult SimdLoopOp::parse(OpAsmParser &parser, OperationState &result) {
    // Parse an opening `(` followed by induction variables followed by `)`
    SmallVector<OpAsmParser::OperandType> ivs;
    if (parser.parseRegionArgumentList(ivs, /*requiredOperandCount=-1,
                                              OpAsmParser::Delimiter::Paren))
        return failure();
    int numIVs = static_cast<int>(ivs.size());
    Type loopVarType;
    if (parser.parseColonType(loopVarType))
        return failure();
    // Parse loop bounds.
    SmallVector<OpAsmParser::OperandType> lower;
    if (parser.parseEqual() ||
        parser.parseOperandList(lower, numIVs, OpAsmParser::Delimiter::Paren) ||
        parser.resolveOperands(lower, loopVarType, result.operands))
        return failure();
    SmallVector<OpAsmParser::OperandType> upper;
    if (parser.parseKeyword("to") ||
        parser.parseOperandList(upper, numIVs, OpAsmParser::Delimiter::Paren) ||
        parser.resolveOperands(upper, loopVarType, result.operands))
        return failure();

    // Parse step values.
    SmallVector<OpAsmParser::OperandType> steps;
    if (parser.parseKeyword("step") ||
        parser.parseOperandList(steps, numIVs, OpAsmParser::Delimiter::Paren) ||
        parser.resolveOperands(steps, loopVarType, result.operands))
        return failure();
```

# Parser, Custom printer and verifier

```
omp SIMDloop (%i1, %i2) : i32=  
(%c0, %c0) to (%c10, %c10)  
    step (%c1, %c1) {  
    ...  
}
```

```
void SimdLoopOp::print(OpAsmPrinter &p) {  
    auto args = getRegion().front().getArguments();  
    p << " (" << args << ") : " << args[0].getType() << " = (" << lowerBound()  
    << ") to (" << upperBound() << ") ";  
    p << "step (" << step() << ") ";  
  
    p.printRegion(region(), /*printEntryBlockArgs=*/false);  
}  
  
//=====  
// Verifier for SIMD construct [2.9.3.1]  
//=====  
  
LogicalResult SimdLoopOp::verify() {  
    if (this->lowerBound().empty()) {  
        return emitOpError() << "empty lowerbound for SIMD loop operation";  
    }  
    return success();  
}
```

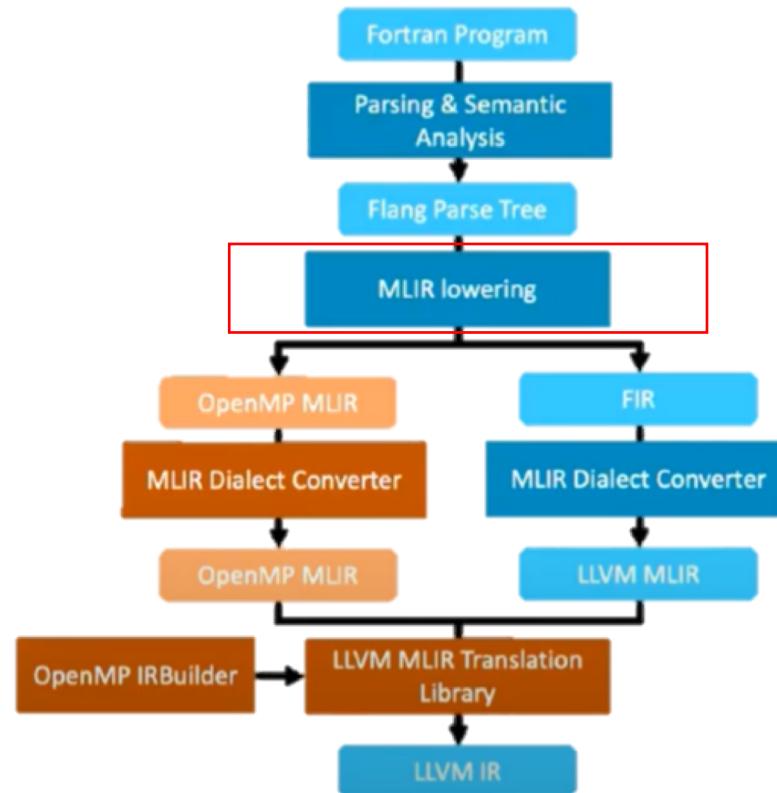


# Steps for implementation

1. Read about the behavior of the construct/clause from OpenMP website
2. Identify the IR changes necessary
3. Identify if IRBuilder support is needed, implement
4. Define/modify OpenMP MLIR Op
5. Verify definition by implementing lowering



# Verify definition by implementing lowering



# Verifying your MLIR definition

- flang/lib/**lower**/OpenMP.cpp
- genOMP() function works on various Fortran::parser::<Construct> types

```
void Fortran::lower::genOpenMPConstruct(
    Fortran::lower::AbstractConverter &converter,
    Fortran::lower::pft::Evaluation &eval,
    const Fortran::parser::OpenMPConstruct &ompConstruct) {

    std::visit(
explorer common::visitors{
    [&](const Fortran::parser::OpenMPStandaloneConstruct
        &standaloneConstruct) {
        genOMP(converter, eval, standaloneConstruct);
    },
    [&](const Fortran::parser::OpenMPSectionsConstruct
        &sectionsConstruct) {
        TODO(converter.getCurrentLocation(), "OpenMPSectionsConstruct");
    },
    [&](const Fortran::parser::OpenMPLoopConstruct &loopConstruct) {
        genOMP(converter, eval, loopConstruct);
    },
    [&](const Fortran::parser::OpenMPDeclarativeAllocate
        &execAllocConstruct) {
        TODO(converter.getCurrentLocation(), "OpenMPDeclarativeAllocate");
    },
    [&](const Fortran::parser::OpenMPExecutableAllocate
        &execAllocConstruct) {
        TODO(converter.getCurrentLocation(), "OpenMPExecutableAllocate");
    }
});
```



# Check the parse tree for construct type

```
program simdloop
    integer :: i
!$OMP SIMD
do i=1, 9
    print*, i
end do
!$OMP END SIMD
end
```

```
Program -> ProgramUnit -> MainProgram
| ProgramStmt -> Name = 'simdloop'
| SpecificationPart
| | ImplicitPart ->
| | DeclarationConstruct -> SpecificationConstruct -> TypeDeclarationStmt
| | | DeclarationTypeSpec -> IntrinsicTypeSpec -> IntegerTypeSpec ->
| | | EntityDecl
| | | | Name = 'i'
| ExecutionPart -> Block
| | ExecutionPartConstruct -> ExecutableConstruct -> OpenMPConstruct -> OpenMPLoopConstruct
| | | OmpBeginLoopDirective
| | | | OmpLoopDirective -> llvm::omp::Directive = simd
| | | OmpClauseList ->
| DoConstruct
| | NonLabelDoStmt
| | | LoopControl -> LoopBounds
| | | | Scalar -> Name = 'i'
| | | | Scalar -> Expr = '1_4'
| | | | | LiteralConstant -> IntLiteralConstant = '1'
| | | | Scalar -> Expr = '9_4'
| | | | | LiteralConstant -> IntLiteralConstant = '9'
| | Block
| | | ExecutionPartConstruct -> ExecutableConstruct -> ActionStmt -> PrintStmt
```

```
./f18-llvm-project/build/bin/flang-new -fc1 -fopenmp -fsyntax-only -fdebug-dump-parse-tree ./omp-loop.f90 -o -
```



## Creating the SimdLoop operation in genOMP()

- Extract lowerbound, upperbound, step (optional) from the parse tree
- Use the extracted info to create a new SimdLoopOp
- Generate the body (region) that belongs inside the SimdLoopOp

# Creating the SimdLoop operation in genOMP()

```
auto *doStmt = doLoop->getIf<Fortran::parser::NonLabelDoStmt>();
assert(doStmt && "Expected do loop to be in the nested evaluation");
const auto &loopControl =
    std::get<std::optional<Fortran::parser::LoopControl>>(doStmt->t);
const Fortran::parser::LoopControl::Bounds *bounds =
    std::get_if<Fortran::parser::LoopControl::Bounds>(&loopControl->u);
if (bounds) {
    Fortran::lower::StatementContext stmtCtx;
    lowerBound.push_back(fir::getBase(converter.genExprValue(
        *Fortran::semantics::GetExpr(bounds->lower), stmtCtx)));
    upperBound.push_back(fir::getBase(converter.genExprValue(
        *Fortran::semantics::GetExpr(bounds->upper), stmtCtx)));
    if (bounds->step) {
        step.push_back(fir::getBase(converter.genExprValue(
            *Fortran::semantics::GetExpr(bounds->step), stmtCtx)));
    }
}
auto SimdLoopOp = FirOpBuilder.create<mlir::omp::SimdLoopOp>(
    currentLocation, resultType, lowerBound, upperBound, step);
createBodyOfOp<omp::SimdLoopOp>(SimdLoopOp, converter, currentLocation, eval,
    &wsLoopOpClauseList, iv);
```

```
omp.simdloop (%i1) : i32 = (%c1) to (%c19) step (%c1) {
    <region>
}
```

```
Program -> ProgramUnit -> MainProgram
| ProgramStmt -> Name = 'simdloop'
| SpecificationPart
| | ImplicitPart ->
| | DeclarationConstruct -> SpecificationConstruct -> Type
| | | DeclarationTypeSpec -> IntrinsicTypeSpec -> IntegerTy
| | | EntityDecl
| | | | Name = 'i'
| ExecutionPart -> Block
| ExecutionPartConstruct -> ExecutableConstruct -> OpenMP
| | OmpBeginLoopDirective
| | | OmpLoopDirective -> llvm::omp::Directive = simd
| | | OmpClauseList ->
| DoConstruct
| | NonLabelDoStmt
| | | LoopControl -> LoopBounds
| | | | Scalar -> Name = 'i'
| | | | Scalar -> Expr = '1_4'
| | | | | LiteralConstant -> IntLiteralConstant = '1'
| | | | Scalar -> Expr = '9_4'
| | | | | LiteralConstant -> IntLiteralConstant = '9'
| Block
| | ExecutionPartConstruct -> ExecutableConstruct ->
```

# MLIR Verification final step

```
program simdloop
    integer :: i
!$OMP SIMD
do i=1, 9
    print*, i
end do
!$OMP END SIMD
end
```



```
build/bin/bbc -fopenmp -emit-fir ./omp-loop.f90 -o -l
```

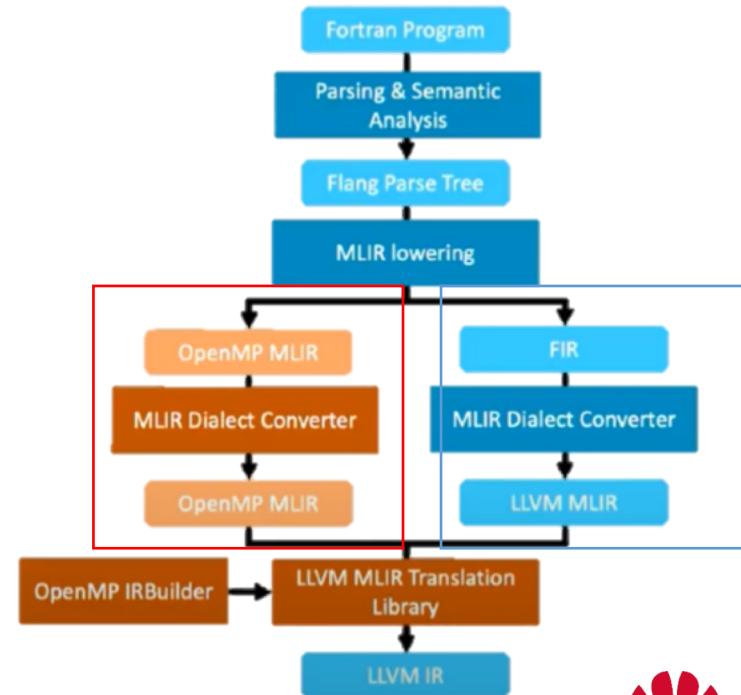


```
func @_QQmain() {
    %0 = fir.alloca i32 {bindc_name = "i", uniq_name = "_QFEi"}
    %c1_i32 = arith.constant 1 : i32
    %c9_i32 = arith.constant 9 : i32
    %c1_i32_0 = arith.constant 1 : i32
    omp.simdloop (%arg0) : i32 = (%c1_i32) to (%c9_i32) step (%c1_i32_0) {
        %c-1_i32 = arith.constant -1 : i32
        %1 = fir.address_of(@_QQcl.2E2F2E2F6F6D702D6C6F6F702E66393000) : !fir.ref<!
        %2 = fir.convert %1 : (!fir.ref<!fir.char<1,17>>) -> !fir.ref<i8>
        %c5_i32 = arith.constant 5 : i32
        %3 = fir.call @_FortranAioBeginExternalListOutput(%c-1_i32, %2, %c5_i32) :
        %4 = fir.call @_FortranAioOutputInteger32(%3, %arg0) : (!fir.ref<i8>, i32)
        %5 = fir.call @_FortranAioEndIoStatement(%3) : (!fir.ref<i8>) -> i32
        omp.yield
    }
    return
}
```

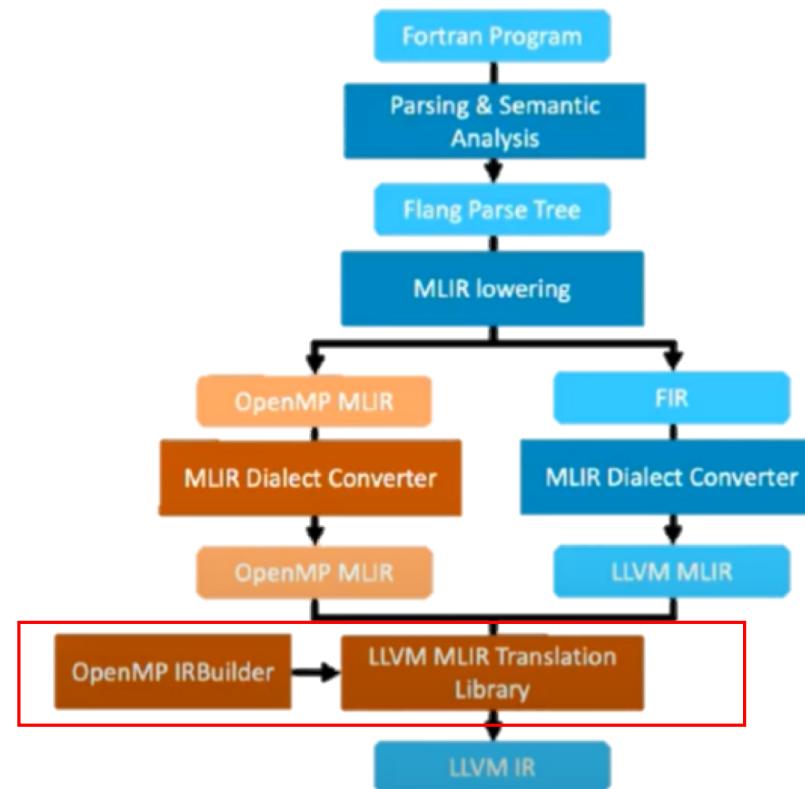


# OpenMP MLIR <-> FIR co-existence

```
func @_QQmain() {
    %0 = fir.alloca i32 {bindc_name = "i", uniq_name = "_QFEi"}
    %c1_i32 = arith.constant 1 : i32
    %c9_i32 = arith.constant 9 : i32
    %c1_i32_0 = arith.constant 1 : i32
    omp simdloop (%arg0) : i32 = (%c1_i32) to (%c9_i32) step (%c1_i32_0) {
        %c-1_i32 = arith.constant -1 : i32
        %1 = fir.address_of(@_QQcl_2E2F2E2F6F6D702D6C6F6F702E66393000) : !fir.ref<!
        %2 = fir.convert %1 : (!fir.ref<!fir.char<1,17>>) -> !fir.ref<i8>
        %c5_i32 = arith.constant 5 : i32
        %3 = fir.call @_FortranAioBeginExternalListOutput(%c-1_i32, %2, %c5_i32) :
        %4 = fir.call @_FortranAioOutputInteger32(%3, %arg0) : (!fir.ref<i8>, i32)
        %5 = fir.call @_FortranAioEndIoStatement(%3) : (!fir.ref<i8>) -> i32
        omp.yield
    }
    return
}
```



# Lowering the MLIR to LLVMIR



# Lowering the MLIR to LLVMIR

- **OpenMPToLLVMIRTranslation.cpp**

```
/// Given an OpenMP MLIR operation, create the corresponding LLVM IR
/// (including OpenMP runtime calls).
LogicalResult OpenMPDialectLLVMIRTranslationInterface::convertOperation(
    Operation *op, llvm::IRBuilderBase &builder,
    LLVM::ModuleTranslation &moduleTranslation) const {

    llvm::OpenMPIRBuilder *ompBuilder = moduleTranslation.getOpenMPBuilder();

    return llvm::TypeSwitch<Operation *, LogicalResult>(op)
        .Case([&](omp::OrderedOp) {
            return convertOMPOrdered(*op, builder, moduleTranslation);
        })
        .Case([&](omp::WsLoopOp) {
            return convertOMPWsLoop(*op, builder, moduleTranslation);
        })
        .Case([&](omp::SimdLoopOp) {
            return convertOMPSimdLoop(*op, builder, moduleTranslation);
        })
        .Case([&](omp::AtomicReadOp) {
            return convertOMPAtomicRead(*op, builder, moduleTranslation);
        })
}
```



# Lowering the MLIR to LLVMIR

- Extract lower, upper bound and step from the MLIR SimdLoopOp
- Use the extracted values to generate LLVM IR using the createCanonicalLoop() API
- Add metadata using the applySimd() API from OMPIRBuilder.



# MLIR -> LLVM IR

```
llvm::OpenMPIRBuilder *ompBuilder = moduleTranslation.getOpenMPBuilder();
for (unsigned i = 0, e = loop.getNumLoops(); i < e; ++i) {
    llvm::Value *lowerBound =
        moduleTranslation.lookupValue(loop.lowerBound()[i]);
    llvm::Value *upperBound =
        moduleTranslation.lookupValue(loop.upperBound()[i]);
    llvm::Value *step = moduleTranslation.lookupValue(loop.step()[i]);
}
loopInfos.push_back(ompBuilder->createCanonicalLoop(
    loc, bodyGen, lowerBound, upperBound, step,
    /*IsSigned=*/true, /*Inclusive=*/true, computeIP));

if (failed(bodyGenStatus))
    return failure();
}

ompBuilder->applySimd(loopInfo);

builder.restoreIP(afterIP);
return success();
```



# Lowering to LLVMIR: TestCases

- Check for invalid operations (e.g. check if lb, ub and step has same type or not) → mlir/test/Dialect/OpenMP/invalid.mlir

```
func @omp_simdloop(%lb : index, %ub : index, %step : i32) -> () {  
    // expected-error @below {{op failed to verify that all of {lowerBound, upp  
    "omp.simdloop" (%lb, %ub, %step) ({  
        ^bb0(%iv: index):  
            |  omp.yield  
    }) {operand_segment_sizes = dense<[1,1,1]> : vector<3xi32>} :  
        (index, index, i32) -> ()  
  
    return  
}
```

- Check if printing etc is looking good → mlir/test/Dialect/OpenMP/ops.mlir



# Lowering to LLVMIR: TestCases

- Check if the MLIR->LLVM IR translation is looking good
  - mlir/test/Target/LLVMIR/openmp-llvm.mlir (**uses mlir-translate**)

```
// CHECK-LABEL: @simdloop_simple
 llvm.func @simdloop_simple(%lb : i64, %ub : i64, %step : i64, %arg0: !llvm.ptr<f32>) {
    "omp.simdloop" (%lb, %ub, %step) ({
        ^bb0(%iv: i64):
            %3 = llvm.mlir.constant(2.00000e+00 : f32) : f32
            // CHECK: llvm.access.group
            %4 = llvm.getelementptr %arg0[%iv] : (!llvm.ptr<f32>, i64) -> !llvm.ptr<f32>
            llvm.store %3, %4 : !llvm.ptr<f32>
            omp.yield
    }) {operand_segment_sizes = dense<[1,1,1]> : vector<3xi32>} :
        (i64, i64, i64) -> ()

    llvm.return
}
// CHECK: llvm.loop.parallel_accesses
// CHECK-NEXT: llvm.loop.vectorize.enable
```



# Summary of lowering process

- Study up the operation
- Write a simple test case and look at the generated IR
- Check if OMPIRBUILDER support is necessary (both clang and flang uses it) (patch 1)
- Define/modify OpenMP MLIR Op definitions, implement lowering (patch 2)
- Write proper test cases for both patches



# Thank you, Questions?

- Getting in touch
  - Technical calls
  - flang-dev mailing list
  - Join our slack channel [flang-compiler.slack.com](https://flang-compiler.slack.com)
  - Check this webpage for links  
(<https://prereleases.llvm.org/11.0.0/rc3/tools/flang/docs/GettingInvolved.html>)

