LVGL Documentation 8.1

LVGL community

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ONE

INTRODUCTION

LVGL (Light and Versatile Graphics Library) is a free and open-source graphics library providing everything you need to create an embedded GUI with easy-to-use graphical elements, beautiful visual effects and a low memory footprint.

1.1 Key features

- Powerful building blocks such as buttons, charts, lists, sliders, images, etc.
- · Advanced graphics with animations, anti-aliasing, opacity, smooth scrolling
- Various input devices such as touchpad, mouse, keyboard, encoder, etc.
- Multi-language support with UTF-8 encoding
- Multi-display support, i.e. use multiple TFT, monochrome displays simultaneously
- Fully customizable graphic elements with CSS-like styles
- · Hardware independent: use with any microcontroller or display
- Scalable: able to operate with little memory (64 kB Flash, 16 kB RAM)
- OS, external memory and GPU are supported but not required
- Single frame buffer operation even with advanced graphic effects
- Written in C for maximal compatibility (C++ compatible)
- Simulator to start embedded GUI design on a PC without embedded hardware
- · Binding to MicroPython
- Tutorials, examples, themes for rapid GUI design
- Documentation is available online and as PDF
- Free and open-source under MIT license

1.2 Requirements

Basically, every modern controller which is able to drive a display is suitable to run LVGL. The minimal requirements are:

1.3 License

The LVGL project (including all repositories) is licensed under MIT license. This means you can use it even in commercial projects.

It's not mandatory, but we highly appreciate it if you write a few words about your project in the My projects category of the forum or a private message to lvgl.io.

Although you can get LVGL for free there is a massive amount of work behind it. It's created by a group of volunteers who made it available for you in their free time.

To make the LVGL project sustainable, please consider *contributing* to the project. You can choose from *many different ways of contributing* such as simply writing a tweet about you using LVGL, fixing bugs, translating the documentation, or even becoming a maintainer.

1.4 Repository layout

All repositories of the LVGL project are hosted on GitHub: https://github.com/lvgl

You will find these repositories there:

- lvgl The library itself with many examples.
- lv_demos Demos created with LVGL.
- · lv_drivers Display and input device drivers
- blog Source of the blog's site (https://blog.lvgl.io)
- sim Source of the online simulator's site (https://sim.lvgl.io)
- lv_sim_... Simulator projects for various IDEs and platforms
- ly port ... LVGL ports to development boards
- ly binding .. Bindings to other languages
- lv_... Ports to other platforms

1.5 Release policy

The core repositories follow the rules of Semantic versioning:

- Major versions for incompatible API changes. E.g. v5.0.0, v6.0.0
- Minor version for new but backward-compatible functionalities. E.g. v6.1.0, v6.2.0
- Patch version for backward-compatible bug fixes. E.g. v6.1.1, v6.1.2

Tags like vX.Y.Z are created for every release.

1.2. Requirements 3

1.5.1 Release cycle

· Bug fixes: Released on demand even weekly

• Minor releases: Every 3-4 months

• Major releases: Approximately yearly

1.5.2 Branches

The core repositories have at least the following branches:

- master latest version, patches are merged directly here.
- release/vX.Y stable versions of the minor releases
- fix/some-description temporary branches for bug fixes
- feat/some-description temporary branches for features

1.5.3 Changelog

The changes are recorded in CHANGELOG.md.

1.5.4 Version support

Before v8 every minor release of major releases is supported for 1 year. Starting from v8, every minor release is supported for 1 year.

1.6 FAQ

1.6.1 Where can I ask questions?

You can ask questions in the forum: https://forum.lvgl.io/.

We use GitHub issues for development related discussion. You should use them only if your question or issue is tightly related to the development of the library.

Before posting a question, please ready this FAQ section as you might find answer to your issue here too.

1.6.2 Is my MCU/hardware supported?

Every MCU which is capable of driving a display via parallel port, SPI, RGB interface or anything else and fulfills the *Requirements* is supported by LVGL.

This includes:

- "Common" MCUs like STM32F, STM32H, NXP Kinetis, LPC, iMX, dsPIC33, PIC32 etc.
- Bluetooth, GSM, Wi-Fi modules like Nordic NRF and Espressif ESP32
- Linux with frame buffer device such as /dev/fb0. This includes Single-board computers like the Raspberry Pi
- Anything else with a strong enough MCU and a peripheral to drive a display

1.6.3 Is my display supported?

LVGL needs just one simple driver function to copy an array of pixels into a given area of the display. If you can do this with your display then you can use it with LVGL.

Some examples of the supported display types:

- TFTs with 16 or 24 bit color depth
- Monitors with an HDMI port
- Small monochrome displays
- Gray-scale displays
- · even LED matrices
- or any other display where you can control the color/state of the pixels

See the *Porting* section to learn more.

1.6.4 LVGL doesn't start, randomly crashes or nothing is drawn on the display. What can be the problem?

- Try increasing LV MEM SIZE.
- Be sure lv disp drv t, lv indev drv t and lv fs drv t are global or static.
- Be sure your display works without LVGL. E.g. paint it to red on start up.
- Enable Logging
- Enable asserts in lv_conf.h (LV_USE_ASSERT_...)
- · If you use an RTOS
 - increase the stack size of the task which calls lv_timer_handler()
 - Be sure you used a mutex as described here

1.6.5 My display driver is not called. What have I missed?

Be sure you are calling lv_tick_inc(x) in an interrupt and lv_timer_handler() in your main while(1). Learn more in the *Tick* and *Task handler* sections.

1.6.6 Why is the display driver called only once? Only the upper part of the display is refreshed.

Be sure you are calling lv_disp_flush_ready(drv) at the end of your "display flush callback".

1.6.7 Why do I see only garbage on the screen?

Probably there a bug in your display driver. Try the following code without using LVGL. You should see a square with red-blue gradient.

```
#define BUF W 20
#define BUF_H 10
lv color t buf[BUF W * BUF H];
lv_color_t * buf_p = buf;
uint16_t x, y;
for(y = 0; y \< BUF_H; y++) {
    lv_color_t c = lv_color_mix(LV_COLOR_BLUE, LV_COLOR_RED, (y * 255) / BUF_H);
    for(x = 0; x \& lt; BUF_W; x++){
        (*buf p) = c;
        buf p++;
    }
}
lv area t a;
a.x1 = 10;
a.y1 = 40;
a.x2 = a.x1 + BUF W - 1;
a.y2 = a.y1 + BUF_H - 1;
my flush cb(NULL, &a, buf);
```

1.6.8 Why do I see nonsense colors on the screen?

Probably LVGL's color format is not compatible with your display's color format. Check LV_COLOR_DEPTH in lv_conf.h.

If you are using 16-bit colors with SPI (or another byte-oriented interface) you probably need to set LV COLOR 16 SWAP 1 in *lv_conf.h*. It swaps the upper and lower bytes of the pixels.

1.6.9 How to speed up my UI?

- Turn on compiler optimization and enable cache if your MCU has it
- · Increase the size of the display buffer
- Use two display buffers and flush the buffer with DMA (or similar peripheral) in the background
- Increase the clock speed of the SPI or parallel port if you use them to drive the display
- If your display has an SPI port consider changing to a model with a parallel interface because it has much higher throughput
- Keep the display buffer in internal RAM (not in external SRAM) because LVGL uses it a lot and it should have a
 fast access time

1.6.10 How to reduce flash/ROM usage?

You can disable all the unused features (such as animations, file system, GPU etc.) and object types in lv_conf.h.

If you are using GCC you can add -fdata-sections -ffunction-sections compiler flags and --gc-sections linker flag to remove unused functions and variables from the final binary.

1.6.11 How to reduce the RAM usage

- Lower the size of the Display buffer
- Reduce LV MEM SIZE in lv_conf.h. This memory is used when you create objects like buttons, labels, etc.
- To work with lower LV_MEM_SIZE you can create objects only when required and delete them when they are not needed anymore

1.6.12 How to work with an operating system?

To work with an operating system where tasks can interrupt each other (preemptively) you should protect LVGL related function calls with a mutex. See the *Operating system and interrupts* section to learn more.

CHAPTER

TWO

EXAMPLES

2.1 Get started

2.1.1 A button with a label and react on click event

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE BTN
static void btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT CLICKED) {
       static uint8_t cnt = 0;
       cnt++;
        /*Get the first child of the button which is the label and change its text*/
       lv obj t * label = lv obj get child(btn, 0);
       lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Button: %d", cnt);
   }
}
* Create a button with a label and react on click event.
void lv example get started 1(void)
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act()); /*Add a button the current_
→screen*/
   lv_obj_set_pos(btn, 10, 10);
                                                           /*Set its position*/
                                                           /*Set its size*/
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 120, 50);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
                                                                         /*Assign au
→callback to the button*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn); /*Add a label to the button*/
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
                                                          /*Set the labels text*/
    lv_obj_center(label);
#endif
```

```
class CounterBtn():
   def init (self):
       self.cnt = 0
       # Create a button with a label and react on click event.
       btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
                                                                  # Add a button the...
→current screen
                                                                  # Set its position
       btn.set pos(10, 10)
       btn.set_size(120, 50)
                                                                  # Set its size
       btn.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER,0,0)
       btn.add event cb(self.btn event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None) # Assign a callback,

→to the button

       label = lv.label(btn)
                                                                 # Add a label to the
→button
       label.set_text("Button")
                                                                 # Set the labels text
       label.center()
   def btn event cb(self,evt):
       code = evt.get code()
       btn = evt.get target()
       if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
            self.cnt += 1
       # Get the first child of the button which is the label and change its text
       label = btn.get_child(0)
       label.set_text("Button: " + str(self.cnt))
counterBtn = CounterBtn()
```

2.1.2 Create styles from scratch for buttons

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```
lv style set bg color(&style btn, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE GREY, 3));
    lv style set bg grad color(&style btn, lv palette main(LV PALETTE GREY));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_btn, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);
    lv style set border color(&style btn, lv color black());
    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_20);
    lv style set border width(&style btn, 2);
   lv_style_set_text_color(&style_btn, lv_color_black());
    /*Create a style for the pressed state.
    *Use a color filter to simply modify all colors in this state*/
    static lv color filter dsc t color filter;
    lv color filter dsc init(&color filter, darken);
    lv style init(&style btn pressed);
    lv_style_set_color_filter_dsc(&style_btn_pressed, &color_filter);
    lv_style_set_color_filter_opa(&style_btn_pressed, LV_OPA_20);
   /*Create a red style. Change only some colors.*/
    lv style init(&style btn red);
    lv style set bg color(&style btn red, lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED));
    lv style set bg grad color(&style btn red, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE RED, 3));
}
* Create styles from scratch for buttons.
void lv example get started 2(void)
    /*Initialize the style*/
   style init();
    /*Create a button and use the new styles*/
   lv obj t * btn = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    /* Remove the styles coming from the theme
    * Note that size and position are also stored as style properties
    * so lv_obj_remove_style_all will remove the set size and position too */
   lv obj remove style all(btn);
    lv_obj_set_pos(btn, 10, 10);
    lv obj set size(btn, 120, 50);
    lv obj add style(btn, &style btn, 0);
    lv obj add style(btn, &style btn pressed, LV STATE PRESSED);
   /*Add a label to the button*/
   lv obj t * label = lv label create(btn);
    lv label set text(label, "Button");
    lv obj center(label);
    /*Create another button and use the red style too*/
    lv_obj_t * btn2 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(btn2);
                                                        /*Remove the styles coming_
→ from the theme*/
    lv obj set pos(btn2, 10, 80);
    lv obj set size(btn2, 120, 50);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style btn red, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn_pressed, LV_STATE PRESSED);
```

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```
lv_obj_set_style_radius(btn2, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0); /*Add a local style too*/
label = lv_label_create(btn2);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Button 2");
lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create styles from scratch for buttons.
style btn = lv.style t()
style btn red = lv.style t()
style btn pressed = lv.style t()
# Create a simple button style
style btn.init()
style btn.set radius(10)
style btn.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style btn.set bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3))
style_btn.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style btn.set bg grad dir(lv.GRAD DIR.VER)
# Add a border
style btn.set border color(lv.color white())
style_btn.set_border_opa(lv.OPA._70)
style btn.set border width(2)
# Set the text style
style btn.set text color(lv.color white())
# Create a red style. Change only some colors.
style btn red.init()
style btn red.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style btn red.set bg grad color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 2))
# Create a style for the pressed state.
style btn pressed.init()
style btn pressed.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style btn pressed.set bg grad color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
# Create a button and use the new styles
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
                                            # Add a button the current screen
# Remove the styles coming from the theme
# Note that size and position are also stored as style properties
# so lv obj remove style all will remove the set size and position too
btn.remove style all()
                                            # Remove the styles coming from the theme
btn.set pos(10, 10)
                                            # Set its position
btn.set_size(120, 50)
                                            # Set its size
btn.add_style(style_btn, 0)
btn.add style(style btn pressed, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
label = lv.label(btn)
                                            # Add a label to the button
label.set text("Button")
                                            # Set the labels text
label.center()
```

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```
# Create another button and use the red style too
btn2 = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
                                            # Remove the styles coming from the theme
btn2.remove style all()
btn2.set pos(10, 80)
                                            # Set its position
btn2.set_size(120, 50)
                                           # Set its size
btn2.add style(style btn, 0)
btn2.add_style(style_btn_red, 0)
btn2.add_style(style_btn_pressed, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn2.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0) # Add a local style
                                           # Add a label to the button
label = lv.label(btn2)
                                           # Set the labels text
label.set text("Button 2")
label.center()
```

2.1.3 Create a slider and write its value on a label

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE SLIDER
static lv_obj_t * label;
static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv obj t * slider = lv event get target(e);
    /*Refresh the text*/
   lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRId32, lv_slider_get_value(slider));
    lv_obj_align_to(label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15); /*Align_top_of_u
→the slider*/
}
* Create a slider and write its value on a label.
void lv_example_get_started_3(void)
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_width(slider, 200);
                                                            /*Set the width*/
                                                            /*Align to the center of
    lv_obj_center(slider);
→the parent (screen)*/
    lv obj add event cb(slider, slider event cb, LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED, NULL);
→*Assign an event function*/
   /*Create a label below the slider*/
   label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "0");
   lv_obj_align_to(label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15); /*Align_top_of_
→the slider*/
#endif
```

```
def slider event cb(evt):
    slider = evt.get target()
    # Refresh the text
   label.set text(str(slider.get value()))
# Create a slider and write its value on a label.
# Create a slider in the center of the display
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
slider.set width(200)
                                                                   # Set the width
                                                                   # Align to the
slider.center()
→center of the parent (screen)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None) # Assign an event_
→function
# Create a label below the slider
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set text("0")
label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15)
                                                                 # Align below the
```

2.2 Styles

2.2.1 Size styles

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG
* Using the Size, Position and Padding style properties
void lv_example_style_1(void)
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    /*Make a gradient*/
    lv style set width(&style, 150);
    lv_style_set_height(&style, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_style_set_pad_ver(&style, 20);
    lv_style_set_pad_left(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_x(&style, lv_pct(50));
    lv style set y(\&style, 80);
    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
```

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```
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello");
}
#endif
```

```
# Using the Size, Position and Padding style properties
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set radius(5)
# Make a gradient
style.set width(150)
style.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
style.set_pad_ver(20)
style set pad left(5)
style.set_x(lv.pct(50))
style.set_y(80)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add style(style, 0)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set text("Hello")
```

2.2.2 Background styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Using the background style properties
   */
void lv_example_style_2(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);

    /*Make a gradient*/
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    static lv_grad_dsc_t grad;
    grad.dir = LV_GRAD_DIR_VER;
    grad.stops_count = 2;
    grad.stops[0].color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
    grad.stops[1].color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);
```

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```
/*Shift the gradient to the bottom*/
grad.stops[0].frac = 128;
grad.stops[1].frac = 192;

lv_style_set_bg_grad(&style, &grad);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
# Using the background style properties
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
style.set radius(5)
# Make a gradient
style.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 1))
style.set bg grad color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.VER)
# Shift the gradient to the bottom
style.set bg main stop(128)
style.set bg grad stop(192)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.add style(style, 0)
obi.center()
```

2.2.3 Border styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Using the border style properties
    */
void lv_example_style_3(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 10);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Add border to the bottom+right*/
lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 5);
lv_style_set_border_opa(&style, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_border_side(&style, LV_BORDER_SIDE_BOTTOM | LV_BORDER_SIDE_RIGHT);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
# Using the border style properties
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
# Set a background color and a radius
style.set radius(10)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 1))
# Add border to the bottom+right
style.set border color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set border width(5)
style set border opa(ly OPA, 50)
style.set border side(lv.BORDER SIDE.BOTTOM | lv.BORDER SIDE.RIGHT)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add style(style, 0)
obi.center()
```

2.2.4 Outline styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Using the outline style properties
   */
void lv_example_style_4(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

   /*Set a background color and a radius*/
   lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
   lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
   lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Add outline*/
lv_style_set_outline_width(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_outline_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_outline_pad(&style, 8);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Using the outline style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 1))

# Add outline
style.set_outline_width(2)
style.set_outline_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_outline_pad(8)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()
```

2.2.5 Shadow styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Using the Shadow style properties
   */
void lv_example_style_5(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Add a shadow*/
lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 55);
lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
// lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_x(&style, 10);
// lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style, 20);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
# Using the Shadow style properties
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
# Set a background color and a radius
style.set radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 1))
# Add a shadow
style.set shadow width(8)
style.set shadow color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set shadow ofs x(10)
style.set shadow ofs y(20)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.add style(style, 0)
obj.center()
```

2.2.6 Image styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
   * Using the Image style properties
   */
void lv_example_style_6(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3));
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_transform_angle(&style, 300);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);
lv_img_set_src(obj, &img_cogwheel_argb);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get png info, open png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png
# Create an image from the png file
   with open('../assets/img cogwheel argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img cogwheel argb.png")
    sys.exit()
img cogwheel argb = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(png data).
  'data': png data
})
# Using the Image style properties
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
# Set a background color and a radius
style.set radius(5)
style.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3))
style.set_border width(2)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set img recolor(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set img recolor opa(lv.OPA. 50)
# style.set transform angle(300)
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)

obj.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
obj.center()
```

2.2.7 Text styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LABEL
* Using the text style properties
void lv_example_style_8(void)
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv style init(&style);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 2));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 10);
   lv_style_set_text_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_text_letter_space(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_text_line_space(&style, 20);
   lv_style_set_text_decor(&style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_UNDERLINE);
   /*Create an object with the new style*/
   lv_obj_t * obj = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
   lv_label_set_text(obj, "Text of\n"
                            "a label");
    lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Using the text style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3))
```

(continues on next page)

```
style.set border width(2)
style.set border color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_pad_all(10)
style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_text_letter_space(5)
style.set_text_line_space(20)
style.set_text_decor(lv.TEXT_DECOR.UNDERLINE)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.set text("Text of\n"
             "a label")
obj.center()
```

2.2.8 Line styles

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LINE
/**
* Using the line style properties
void lv_example_style_9(void)
    static lv_style_t style;
   lv_style_init(&style);
   lv_style_set_line_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv style set line width(&style, 6);
   lv_style_set_line_rounded(&style, true);
   /*Create an object with the new style*/
   lv_obj_t * obj = lv_line_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    static lv_point_t p[] = {{10, 30}, {30, 50}, {100, 0}};
    lv_line_set_points(obj, p, 3);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
# Using the line style properties
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
```

(continues on next page)

2.2.9 Transition

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG
* Creating a transition
void lv_example_style_10(void)
    static const lv style prop t props[] = {LV STYLE BG COLOR, LV STYLE BORDER COLOR,...
→LV_STYLE_BORDER_WIDTH, 0);
    /* A default transition
    * Make it fast (100ms) and start with some delay (200 ms)*/
    static lv style transition dsc t trans def;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans_def, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 100, 200,
→NULL);
   /* A special transition when going to pressed state
     * Make it slow (500 ms) but start without delay*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans_pr;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans_pr, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 500, 0, NULL);
    static lv_style_t style_def;
    lv style init(&style def);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &trans_def);
    static lv style t style pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
    lv style set bg color(&style pr, lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED));
    lv style set border width(&style pr, 6);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3));
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &trans_pr);
   /*Create an object with the new style pr*/
    lv obj t * obj = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_def, 0);
    lv obj add style(obj, &style pr, LV STATE PRESSED);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
# Creating a transition
props = [lv.STYLE.BG_COLOR, lv.STYLE.BORDER_COLOR, lv.STYLE.BORDER_WIDTH, 0]
# A default transition
# Make it fast (100ms) and start with some delay (200 ms)
trans def = lv.style transition dsc t()
trans_def.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 100, 200, None)
# A special transition when going to pressed state
# Make it slow (500 ms) but start without delay
trans pr = lv.style transition dsc t()
trans_pr.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 500, 0, None)
style_def = lv.style_t()
style def.init()
style_def.set_transition(trans_def)
style pr = lv.style t()
style pr.init()
style pr.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style pr.set border width(6)
style_pr.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
style pr.set transition(trans pr)
# Create an object with the new style pr
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.add_style(style_def, 0)
obj.add style(style pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
obj.center()
```

2.2.10 Using multiple styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
   * Using multiple styles
   */
void lv_example_style_11(void)
{
    /*A base style*/
    static lv_style_t style_base;
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv style init(&style base);
    lv style set bg color(\&style base, lv palette main(LV PALETTE LIGHT BLUE));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_base, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE,_
→3));
    lv style set border width(&style base, 2);
    lv style set radius(&style base, 10);
    lv style set shadow width(&style base, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style_base, 5);
    lv style set shadow opa(&style base, LV OPA 50);
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_base, lv_color_white());
    lv_style_set_width(&style_base, 100);
    lv style set height(&style base, LV SIZE CONTENT);
   /*Set only the properties that should be different*/
    static lv style t style warning;
    lv_style_init(&style_warning);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW));
    lv style set border color(&style warning, lv palette darken(LV PALETTE YELLOW,,,
→3));
    lv style set text color(&style warning, lv palette darken(LV PALETTE YELLOW, 4));
    /*Create an object with the base style only*/
    lv_obj_t * obj_base = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj_base, &style_base, 0);
    lv obj align(obj base, LV ALIGN LEFT MID, 20, 0);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(obj base);
    lv label set text(label, "Base");
    lv_obj_center(label);
   /*Create another object with the base style and earnings style too*/
    lv_obj_t * obj_warning = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj add style(obj warning, &style base, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj_warning, &style_warning, 0);
    lv obj align(obj warning, LV ALIGN RIGHT MID, -20, 0);
    label = lv_label_create(obj_warning);
    lv label set text(label, "Warning");
    lv obj center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Using multiple styles
#
# A base style

style_base = lv.style_t()
style_base.init()
style_base.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE))
style_base.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE, 3))
style_base.set_border_width(2)
style_base.set_radius(10)
style_base.set_shadow_width(10)
style_base.set_shadow_ofs_y(5)
```

(continues on next page)

```
style base.set shadow opa(lv.OPA. 50)
style base.set text color(lv.color white())
style base.set width(100)
style_base.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
# Set only the properties that should be different
style warning = lv.style t()
style warning.init()
style_warning.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW))
style_warning.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW, 3))
style_warning.set_text_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW, 4))
# Create an object with the base style only
obj base = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj base add style(style base, 0)
obj_base.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 20, 0)
label = lv.label(obj base)
label.set text("Base")
label.center()
# Create another object with the base style and earnings style too
obj warning = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj_warning.add_style(style_base, 0)
obj warning.add style(style warning, 0)
obj warning.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT MID, -20, 0)
label = lv.label(obj warning)
label.set text("Warning")
label.center()
```

2.2.11 Local styles

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG
/**
* Local styles
void lv_example_style_12(void)
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREEN, 3));
    lv style set border width(&style, 3);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    /*Overwrite the background color locally*/
    lv obj set style bg color(obj,lv palette main(LV PALETTE ORANGE), LV PART MAIN);
    lv obj center(obj);
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Local styles
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 3))
style.set_border_width(3)

obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)

# Overwrite the background color locally
obj.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE), lv.PART.MAIN)
obj.center()
```

2.2.12 Add styles to parts and states

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE IMG
* Add styles to parts and states
void lv_example_style_13(void)
    static lv_style_t style_indic;
    lv style init(&style indic);
    lv style set bg color(&style indic, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE RED, 3));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_indic, LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR);
    static lv_style_t style_indic_pr;
    lv style init(&style indic pr);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style_indic_pr, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style_indic_pr, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style_indic_pr, 3);
    /*Create an object with the new style pr*/
   lv_obj_t * obj = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj add style(obj, &style indic, LV PART INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_indic_pr, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv_slider_set_value(obj, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv obj center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
# Add styles to parts and states
style indic = lv.style t()
style indic.init()
style indic.set bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
style indic.set bg grad color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style indic.set bg grad dir(lv.GRAD DIR.HOR)
style_indic_pr = lv.style_t()
style indic pr.init()
style indic pr.set shadow color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style indic pr.set shadow width(10)
style indic pr.set shadow spread(3)
# Create an object with the new style_pr
obj = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
obj.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
obj.add_style(style_indic_pr, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
obj.set value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
obj.center()
```

2.2.13 Extending the current theme

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE IMG
static lv_style_t style_btn;
/*Will be called when the styles of the base theme are already added
  to add new styles*/
static void new_theme_apply_cb(lv_theme_t * th, lv_obj_t * obj)
    LV UNUSED(th);
    if(lv_obj_check_type(obj, &lv_btn_class)) {
        lv obj add style(obj, &style btn, 0);
    }
}
static void new_theme_init_and_set(void)
    /*Initialize the styles*/
    lv_style_init(&style_btn);
    lv style set bg color(&style btn, lv palette main(LV PALETTE GREEN));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_GREEN, 3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 3);
    /*Initialize the new theme from the current theme*/
   lv_theme_t * th_act = lv_disp_get_theme(NULL);
    static lv theme t th new;
    th new = *th act;
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Set the parent theme and the style apply callback for the new theme*/
    lv theme set parent(&th new, th act);
    lv_theme_set_apply_cb(&th_new, new_theme_apply_cb);
    /*Assign the new theme to the current display*/
    lv_disp_set_theme(NULL, &th_new);
* Extending the current theme
void lv example style 14(void)
    lv_obj_t * btn;
   lv_obj_t * label;
    btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj align(btn, LV ALIGN TOP MID, 0, 20);
    label = lv_label_create(btn);
   lv_label_set_text(label, "Original theme");
   new theme init and set();
    btn = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    lv obj align(btn, LV ALIGN BOTTOM MID, 0, -20);
    label = lv label create(btn);
    lv label set text(label, "New theme");
}
#endif
```

```
# Will be called when the styles of the base theme are already added
# to add new styles
class NewTheme(lv.theme t):
   def __init__(self):
        super(). init ()
        # Initialize the styles
        self.style_btn = lv.style_t()
        self.style btn.init()
        self.style_btn.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
        self.style btn.set border color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 3))
        self.style btn.set border width(3)
        # This theme is based on active theme
        th_act = lv.theme_get_from_obj(lv.scr_act())
        # This theme will be applied only after base theme is applied
        self.set parent(th act)
class ExampleStyle 14:
```

(continues on next page)

```
def __init__(self):
        # Extending the current theme
        btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
        btn.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 20)
        label = lv.label(btn)
        label.set_text("Original theme")
        self.new theme init and set()
        btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
        btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20)
        label = lv.label(btn)
        label.set_text("New theme")
    def new_theme_apply_cb(self, th, obj):
        print(th,obj)
        if obj.get_class() == lv.btn_class:
            obj.add_style(self.th_new.style_btn, 0)
    def new theme init and set(self):
        print("new theme init and set")
        # Initialize the new theme from the current theme
        self.th new = NewTheme()
        self.th_new.set_apply_cb(self.new_theme_apply_cb)
        lv.disp_get_default().set_theme(self.th_new)
exampleStyle_14 = ExampleStyle_14()
```

2.3 Animations

2.3.1 Start animation on an event

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH

static void anim_x_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_x(var, v);
}

static void sw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

    if(lv_obj_has_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) {
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv anim t a;
        lv anim init(\&a);
        lv_anim_set_var(&a, label);
        lv_anim_set_values(&a, lv_obj_get_x(label), 100);
        lv_anim_set_time(\&a, 500);
        lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
        lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
        lv anim start(\&a);
    } else {
        lv_anim_t a;
        lv_anim_init(\&a);
        lv_anim_set_var(&a, label);
        lv\_anim\_set\_values(\&a, lv\_obj\_get\_x(label), -lv\_obj\_get\_width(label));
        lv anim set time(\&a, 500);
        lv anim set exec cb(\&a, anim \times cb);
        lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in);
        lv_anim_start(&a);
    }
}
* Start animation on an event
void lv_example_anim_1(void)
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv label set text(label, "Hello animations!");
    lv_obj_set_pos(label, 100, 10);
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj center(sw);
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, sw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, label);
}
#endif
```

```
def anim_x_cb(label, v):
    label.set_x(v)

def sw_event_cb(e,label):
    sw = e.get_target()

    if sw.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
        a = lv.anim_t()
        a.init()
        a.set_var(label)
        a.set_values(label.get_x(), 100)
        a.set_time(500)
        a.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
        a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: anim_x_cb(label,val))
        lv.anim_t.start(a)
    else:
        a = lv.anim_t()
```

(continues on next page)

```
a.init()
a.set_var(label)
a.set_values(label.get_x(), -label.get_width())
a.set_time(500)
a.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_in)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: anim_x_cb(label,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)

# Start animation on an event
#
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Hello animations!")
label.set_pos(100, 10)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.center()
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
sw.add_event_cb(lambda e: sw_event_cb(e,label), lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
```

2.3.2 Playback animation

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE SWITCH
static void anim_x_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_x(var, v);
}
static void anim_size_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
    lv_obj_set_size(var, v, v);
}
* Create a playback animation
void lv_example_anim_2(void)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(obj, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(obj, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
    lv_obj_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 10, 0);
    lv_anim_t a;
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv anim init(\&a);
    lv anim set var(&a, obj);
    lv_anim_set_values(\&a, 10, 50);
    lv\_anim\_set\_time(\&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 300);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in_out);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_size_cb);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv anim set exec cb(\&a, anim x cb);
    lv_anim_set_values(\&a, 10, 240);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def anim_x_cb(obj, v):
    obj.set_x(v)
def anim_size_cb(obj, v):
    obj.set_size(v, v)
# Create a playback animation
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.set style bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
obj.set style radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
obj.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT MID, 10, 0)
a1 = lv.anim t()
al.init()
a1.set_var(obj)
al.set_values(10, 50)
al.set_time(1000)
al.set playback delay(100)
al.set playback time(300)
al.set repeat delay(500)
a1.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
al.set path cb(lv.anim t.path ease in out)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a1,val: anim_size_cb(obj,val))
lv.anim t.start(a1)
a2 = lv.anim t()
a2.init()
a2.set_var(obj)
a2.set_values(10, 240)
a2.set_time(1000)
a2.set playback delay(100)
a2.set playback time(300)
a2.set repeat delay(500)
```

(continues on next page)

```
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a2.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_in_out)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a1,val: anim_x_cb(obj,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a2)
```

2.3.3 Animation timeline

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static lv_anim_timeline_t * anim_timeline = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj1 = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj2 = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj3 = NULL;
static const lv_coord_t obj_width = 90;
static const lv_coord_t obj_height = 70;
static void set width(void * var, int32 t v)
    lv_obj_set_width((lv_obj_t *)var, v);
}
static void set_height(void * var, int32_t v)
    lv_obj_set_height((lv_obj_t *)var, v);
static void anim_timeline_create(void)
    /* obi1 */
   lv anim t a1;
    lv anim init(&a1);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a1, obj1);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a1, 0, obj_width);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a1, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a1, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a1, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a1, 300);
    lv_anim_t a2;
    lv_anim_init(&a2);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a2, obj1);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a2, 0, obj_height);
    lv anim set early apply(&a2, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a2, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a2, lv_anim_path_ease_out);
    lv_anim_set_time(\&a2, 300);
   /* obj2 */
    lv anim t a3;
    lv_anim_init(&a3);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a3, obj2);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv anim set values(&a3, 0, obj width);
    lv anim set early apply(&a3, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a3, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a3, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
    lv_anim_set_time(\&a3, 300);
    lv anim t a4;
    lv_anim_init(\&a4);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a4, obj2);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a4, 0, obj_height);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a4, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a4, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
    lv anim set path cb(&a4, lv anim path ease out);
    lv\_anim\_set\_time(\&a4, 300);
    /* obi3 */
    lv_anim_t a5;
    lv anim init(\&a5);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a5, obj3);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a5, 0, obj_width);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a5, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a5, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a5, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
    lv_anim_set_time(\&a5, 300);
    lv anim t a6;
    lv anim init(\&a6);
    lv anim set var(&a6, obj3);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a6, 0, obj_height);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a6, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a6, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
    lv anim set path_cb(&a6, lv anim path_ease_out);
    lv anim set time(\&a6, 300);
    /* Create anim timeline */
    anim_timeline = lv_anim_timeline_create();
    lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 0, &a1);
    lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 0, &a2);
    lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 200, &a3);
    lv anim timeline add(anim timeline, 200, &a4);
    lv anim timeline add(anim timeline, 400, &a5);
    lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 400, &a6);
}
static void btn_start_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv obj t * btn = lv event get target(e);
    if (!anim timeline) {
        anim_timeline_create();
    }
    bool reverse = lv obj has state(btn, LV STATE CHECKED);
    lv anim timeline set reverse(anim timeline, reverse);
    lv_anim_timeline_start(anim_timeline);
}
```

(continues on next page)

```
static void btn del event handler(lv event t * e)
    LV UNUSED(e);
    if (anim_timeline) {
        lv_anim_timeline_del(anim_timeline);
        anim_timeline = NULL;
    }
}
static void btn_stop_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    LV UNUSED(e);
    if (anim timeline) {
        lv_anim_timeline_stop(anim_timeline);
}
static void slider prg event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv obj t * slider = lv event get target(e);
    if (!anim timeline) {
        anim_timeline_create();
    }
    int32 t progress = lv slider get value(slider);
    lv anim timeline set progress(anim timeline, progress);
}
/**
* Create an animation timeline
void lv example anim timeline 1(void)
    lv_obj_t * par = lv_scr_act();
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(par, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
    lv obj set flex align(par, LV FLEX ALIGN SPACE AROUND, LV FLEX ALIGN CENTER, LV
→FLEX ALIGN CENTER);
    /* create btn start */
   lv obj t * btn start = lv btn create(par);
    lv obj add event cb(btn start, btn start event handler, LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED,...
→NULL):
    lv obj add flag(btn start, LV OBJ FLAG IGNORE LAYOUT);
    lv obj add flag(btn start, LV OBJ FLAG CHECKABLE);
    lv obj align(btn start, LV ALIGN TOP MID, -100, 20);
    lv obj t * label start = lv label create(btn start);
    lv_label_set_text(label_start, "Start");
    lv_obj_center(label_start);
   /* create btn del */
   lv obj t * btn del = lv btn create(par);
    lv obj add event cb(btn del, btn del event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    lv obj add flag(btn del, LV OBJ FLAG IGNORE LAYOUT);
    lv obj align(btn del, LV ALIGN TOP MID, 0, 20);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv obj t * label del = lv label create(btn del);
    lv label set text(label del, "Delete");
    lv_obj_center(label_del);
    /* create btn stop */
    lv_obj_t * btn_stop = lv_btn_create(par);
    lv obj add event cb(btn stop, btn stop event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_stop, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
    lv_obj_align(btn_stop, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 100, 20);
    lv_obj_t * label_stop = lv_label_create(btn_stop);
    lv label set text(label stop, "Stop");
    lv obj center(label stop);
    /* create slider prg */
   lv_obj_t * slider_prg = lv_slider_create(par);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider_prg, slider_prg_event_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED,_
→NULL);
    lv_obj_add_flag(slider_prg, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
    lv obj align(slider prg, LV ALIGN BOTTOM MID, 0, -20);
    lv slider set range(slider prg, 0, 65535);
    /* create 3 objects */
    obj1 = lv_obj_create(par);
    lv obj set size(obj1, obj width, obj height);
    obj2 = lv obj create(par);
    lv obj set size(obj2, obj width, obj height);
   obj3 = lv_obj_create(par);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj3, obj_width, obj_height);
}
#endif
```

(continues on next page)

```
self.label run = lv.label(self.btn run)
       self.label run.set text("Run")
       self.label_run.center()
       self.btn del = lv.btn(self.par)
       self.btn_del.add_event_cb(self.btn_del_event_handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
       self.btn del.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE LAYOUT)
       self.btn_del.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 50, 20)
       self.label del = lv.label(self.btn del)
       self.label_del.set_text("Stop")
       self.label_del.center()
       self.slider = lv.slider(self.par)
       self.slider.add event cb(self.slider prg event handler, lv.EVENT.VALUE
→CHANGED, None)
       self.slider.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE_LAYOUT)
       self.slider.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_RIGHT, -20, -20)
       self.slider.set_range(0, 65535)
       self.obj1 = lv.obj(self.par)
       self.obj1.set_size(self.obj_width, self.obj_height)
       self.obj2 = lv.obj(self.par)
       self.obj2.set size(self.obj width, self.obj height)
       self.obj3 = lv.obj(self.par)
       self.obj3.set size(self.obj width, self.obj height)
       self.anim timeline = None
   def set width(self,obj, v):
       obj.set width(v)
   def set height(self,obj, v):
       obj.set_height(v)
   def anim timeline create(self):
       # obj1
       self.a1 = lv.anim_t()
       self.al.init()
       self.a1.set values(0, self.obj width)
       self.a1.set_early_apply(False)
       self.al.set custom exec cb(lambda a,v: self.set width(self.obj1,v))
       self.al.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
       self.al.set time(300)
       self.a2 = lv.anim t()
       self.a2.init()
       self.a2.set_values(0, self.obj_height)
       self.a2.set_early_apply(False)
       self.a2.set custom exec cb(lambda a,v: self.set height(self.obj1,v))
       self.a2.set path cb(lv.anim t.path ease out)
       self.a2.set time(300)
       # obi2
       self.a3=lv.anim t()
```

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```
self.a3.init()
    self.a3.set values(0, self.obj width)
    self.a3.set_early_apply(False)
    self.a3.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_width(self.obj2,v))
    self.a3.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
    self.a3.set_time(300)
    self.a4 = lv.anim t()
    self.a4.init()
    self.a4.set_values(0, self.obj_height)
    self.a4.set_early_apply(False)
    self.a4.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_height(self.obj2,v))
    self.a4.set path cb(lv.anim t.path ease out)
    self.a4.set time(300)
   # obi3
   self.a5 = lv.anim_t()
    self.a5.init()
   self.a5.set_values(0, self.obj_width)
    self.a5.set early apply(False)
    self.a5.set custom exec cb(lambda a,v: self.set width(self.obj3,v))
    self.a5.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path overshoot)
    self.a5.set_time(300)
    self.a6 = lv.anim_t()
    self.a6.init()
    self.a6.set values(0, self.obj height)
    self.a6.set early apply(False)
    self.a6.set custom exec cb(lambda a,v: self.set height(self.obj3,v))
    self.a6.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_out)
    self.a6.set time(300)
   # Create anim timeline
   print("Create new anim timeline")
    self.anim timeline = lv.anim timeline create()
    lv.anim timeline add(self.anim timeline, 0, self.al)
   lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 0, self.a2)
   lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 200, self.a3)
   lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 200, self.a4)
   lv.anim timeline add(self.anim timeline, 400, self.a5)
   lv.anim timeline add(self.anim timeline, 400, self.a6)
def slider prg event handler(self,e):
   slider = e.get target()
    if not self.anim timeline:
        self.anim timeline create()
    progress = slider.get value()
    lv.anim_timeline_set_progress(self.anim_timeline, progress)
def btn run event handler(self,e):
   btn = e.get target()
    if not self.anim_timeline:
        self.anim timeline create()
```

(continues on next page)

```
reverse = btn.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
    lv.anim_timeline_set_reverse(self.anim_timeline,reverse)
    lv.anim_timeline_start(self.anim_timeline)

def btn_del_event_handler(self,e):
    if self.anim_timeline:
        lv.anim_timeline del(self.anim_timeline)
    self.anim_timeline = None

lv_example_anim_timeline_1 = LV_ExampleAnimTimeline_1()
```

2.4 Events

2.4.1 Button click event

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE SWITCH
static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    LV LOG USER("Clicked");
    static uint32 t cnt = 1;
    lv obj t * btn = lv event get target(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_obj_get_child(btn, 0);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, cnt);
    cnt++;
}
* Add click event to a button
void lv_example_event_1(void)
    lv obj t * btn = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(btn, 100, 50);
    lv obj center(btn);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Click me!");
    lv obj center(label);
#endif
```

```
class Event_1():
    def __init__(self):
        self.cnt = 1
        #
        # Add click event to a button
        #
        (continues on next page)
```

```
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set_size(100, 50)
btn.center()
btn.add_event_cb(self.event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)

label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Click me!")
label.center()

def event_cb(self,e):
    print("Clicked")

btn = e.get_target()
label = btn.get_child(0)
label.set_text(str(self.cnt))
self.cnt += 1

evt1 = Event_1()
```

2.4.2 Handle multiple events

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE SWITCH
static void event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    switch(code) {
    case LV EVENT PRESSED:
        lv label set text(label, "The last button event:\nLV EVENT PRESSED");
    case LV EVENT CLICKED:
        lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_CLICKED");
        break;
    case LV EVENT LONG PRESSED:
        lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED");
    case LV EVENT LONG PRESSED REPEAT:
        lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT

→ " );
        break;
   default:
        break;
    }
}
* Handle multiple events
void lv_example_event_2(void)
{
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(btn, 100, 50);
lv_obj_center(btn);

lv_obj_t * btn_label = lv_label_create(btn);
lv_label_set_text(btn_label, "Click me!");
lv_obj_center(btn_label);

lv_obj_t * info_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_label_set_text(info_label, "The last button event:\nNone");

lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, info_label);

#endif
```

```
def event cb(e,label):
    code = e.get code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.PRESSED:
        label.set text("The last button event:\nLV EVENT PRESSED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
       label.set text("The last button event:\nLV EVENT CLICKED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.LONG PRESSED:
        label.set text("The last button event:\nLV EVENT LONG PRESSED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        label.set text("The last button event:\nLV EVENT LONG PRESSED REPEAT")
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
btn.set size(100, 50)
btn.center()
btn label = lv.label(btn)
btn label.set text("Click me!")
btn label.center()
info label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
info label.set text("The last button event:\nNone")
btn.add_event_cb(lambda e: event_cb(e,info_label), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

2.4.3 Event bubbling

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    /*The original target of the event. Can be the buttons or the container*/
    lv_obj_t * target = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*The current target is always the container as the event is added to it*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_current_target(e);

    /*If container was clicked do nothing*/
    if(target == cont) return;
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Make the clicked buttons red*/
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(target, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
}
* Demonstrate event bubbling
void lv_example_event_3(void)
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(cont, 290, 200);
    lv obj center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 30; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(cont);
        lv obj set size(btn, 80, 50);
        lv obj add flag(btn, LV OBJ FLAG EVENT BUBBLE);
        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
    lv obj add event cb(cont, event cb, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def event cb(e):
    # The original target of the event. Can be the buttons or the container
   target = e.get target()
   # print(type(target))
   # If container was clicked do nothing
   if type(target) != type(lv.btn()):
        return
   # Make the clicked buttons red
   target.set style bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
# Demonstrate event bubbling
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set_size(320, 200)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)
for i in range(30):
   btn = lv.btn(cont)
```

(continues on next page)

```
btn.set_size(80, 50)
btn.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.EVENT_BUBBLE)

label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text(str(i))
label.center()

cont.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
```

2.5 Layouts

2.5.1 Flex

A simple row and a column layout with flexbox

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE FLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* A simple row and a column layout with flexbox
void lv example flex 1(void)
    /*Create a container with ROW flex direction*/
   lv obj t * cont row = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont_row, 300, 75);
    lv obj align(cont row, LV ALIGN TOP MID, 0, 5);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont_row, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
   /*Create a container with COLUMN flex direction*/
   lv_obj_t * cont_col = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(cont col, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align_to(cont_col, cont_row, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5);
    lv obj set flex flow(cont col, LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
       lv obj t * obj;
        lv obj t * label;
        /*Add items to the row*/
        obj= lv btn_create(cont_row);
        lv obj set size(obj, 100, LV PCT(100));
        label = lv label create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %u", i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
        /*Add items to the column*/
        obj = lv_btn_create(cont_col);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_PCT(100), LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
        label = lv label create(obj);
```

(continues on next page)

```
# A simple row and a column layout with flexbox
# Create a container with ROW flex direction
cont row = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont row.set size(300, 75)
cont row.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP MID, 0, 5)
cont_row.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)
# Create a container with COLUMN flex direction
cont col = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont_col.set_size(200, 150)
cont col.align to(cont row, lv.ALIGN.OUT BOTTOM MID, 0, 5)
cont_col.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)
for i in range(10):
    # Add items to the row
    obj = lv.btn(cont_row)
   obj.set_size(100, lv.pct(100))
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set text("Item: {:d}".format(i))
   label.center()
   # Add items to the column
   obj = lv.btn(cont col)
   obj.set size(lv.pct(100), lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: {:d}".format(i))
    label.center()
```

Arrange items in rows with wrap and even spacing

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Arrange items in rows with wrap and place the items to get even space around them.
   */
void lv_example_flex_2(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_flex_flow(&style, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_style_set_flex_main_place(&style, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY);
    lv_style_set_layout(&style, LV_LAYOUT_FLEX);
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_add_style(cont, &style, 0);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
        lv obj add flag(obj, LV OBJ FLAG CHECKABLE);
        lv obj t * label = lv label create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
# Arrange items in rows with wrap and place the items to get even space around them.
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
style.set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.ROW WRAP)
style.set flex main place(lv.FLEX ALIGN.SPACE EVENLY)
style.set_layout(lv.LAYOUT_FLEX.value)
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set size(300, 2\overline{20})
cont.center()
cont.add style(style, 0)
for i in range(8):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set text("{:d}".format(i))
    label.center()
```

Demonstrate flex grow

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE FLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Demonstrate flex grow.
void lv example flex 3(void)
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
    lv_obj_t * obj;
   obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 40, 40);
                                         /*Fix size*/
   obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_height(obj, 40);
   lv_obj_set_flex_grow(obj, 1);
                                            /*1 portion from the free space*/
   obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_height(obj, 40);
   lv_obj_set_flex_grow(obj, 2);
                                           /*2 portion from the free space*/
   obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 40, 40);
                                           /*Fix size. It is flushed to the right by
→the "grow" items*/
}
#endif
```

```
# Demonstrate flex grow.
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(40, 40)
                             # Fix size
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_height(40)
obj.set flex grow(1)
                             # 1 portion from the free space
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set height(40)
                             # 2 portion from the free space
obj.set_flex_grow(2)
obj = lv.obj(cont)
                               # Fix size. It is flushed to the right by the "grow",
obj.set_size(40, 40)
→items
```

(continues on next page)

Demonstrate flex grow.

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
* Reverse the order of flex items
void lv example flex 4(void)
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN_REVERSE);
    for(i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 100, 50);
        lv obj t * label = lv label create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Reverse the order of flex items
#
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN_REVERSE)

for i in range(6):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(100, 50)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: " + str(i))
    label.center()
```

Demonstrate column and row gap style properties

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE FLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void row gap anim(void * obj, int32 t v)
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(obj, v, 0);
static void column_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_column(obj, v, 0);
}
* Demonstrate the effect of column and row gap style properties
void lv_example_flex_5(void)
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
    lv anim t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, cont);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 10);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, row_gap_anim);
    lv_anim_set_time(\&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(\&a, 500);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, column_gap_anim);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def row_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_row(v, 0)
```

(continues on next page)

```
def column gap anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_column(v, 0)
# Demonstrate the effect of column and row gap style properties
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)
for i in range(9):
   obj = lv.obj(cont)
   obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text(str(i))
    label.center()
a_row = lv.anim_t()
a_row.init()
a_row.set_var(cont)
a_row.set_values(0, 10)
a row.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
a row.set time(500)
a_row.set_playback_time(500)
a_row.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: row_gap_anim(cont,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a_row)
a col = lv.anim t()
a col.init()
a_col.set_var(cont)
a_col.set_values(0, 10)
a_col.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a_col.set_time(3000)
a col.set playback time(3000)
a col.set custom exec cb(lambda a,val: column gap anim(cont,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a_col)
```

RTL base direction changes order of the items

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * RTL base direction changes order of the items.
   * Also demonstrate how horizontal scrolling works with RTL.
   */
void lv_example_flex_6(void)

(continues on next page)
```

```
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(cont, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);

uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif</pre>
```

```
#
# RTL base direction changes order of the items.
# Also demonstrate how horizontal scrolling works with RTL.
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL,0)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)

for i in range(20):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text(str(i))
    label.center()
```

2.5.2 Grid

A simple grid

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * A simple grid
   */
void lv_example_grid_1(void)
{
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {70, 70, 70, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, 50, 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Create a container with grid*/
    lv obj t * cont = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_style_grid_column_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_grid_row_dsc_array(cont, row_dsc, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_layout(cont, LV_LAYOUT_GRID);
   lv_obj_t * label;
   lv_obj_t * obj;
   uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8 t col = i % 3;
        uint8 t row = i / 3;
        obj = lv_btn_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                                  LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);
        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "c%d, r%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
# A simple grid
col_dsc = [70, 70, 70, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [50, 50, 50, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set_style_grid_column_dsc_array(col_dsc, 0)
cont.set style grid row dsc array(row dsc, 0)
cont.set size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set layout(lv.LAYOUT GRID.value)
for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3
   obj = lv.btn(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
   obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                      lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)
    label = lv.label(obj)
```

(continues on next page)

```
label.set_text("c" +str(col) + "r" +str(row))
label.center()
```

Demonstrate cell placement and span

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE GRID && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
/**
* Demonstrate cell placement and span
void lv example grid 2(void)
    static lv coord t col dsc[] = {70, 70, 70, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
    static lv coord t row dsc[] = {50, 50, 50, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
   /*Create a container with grid*/
   lv obj t * cont = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set grid dsc array(cont, col dsc, row dsc);
    lv obj set size(cont, 300, 220);
   lv_obj_center(cont);
   lv_obj_t * label;
   lv obj t * obj;
   /*Cell to 0;0 and align to to the start (left/top) horizontally and vertically,
→too*/
   obj = lv obj create(cont);
    lv obj set size(obj, LV SIZE CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 0, 1,
                              LV GRID ALIGN START, 0, 1);
    label = lv label create(obj);
    lv label set text(label, "c0, r0");
    /*Cell to 1;0 and align to to the start (left) horizontally and center vertically.

→too*/

   obj = lv obj create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
   lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 1, 1,
                              LV GRID ALIGN CENTER, 0, 1);
   label = lv label create(obj);
   lv label set text(label, "c1, r0");
   /*Cell to 2;0 and align to to the start (left) horizontally and end (bottom)
→vertically too*/
   obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 2, 1,
                              LV_GRID_ALIGN_END, 0, 1);
    label = lv_label_create(obj);
   lv_label_set_text(label, "c2, r0");
   /*Cell to 1;1 but 2 column wide (span = 2). Set width and height to stretched.*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Demonstrate cell placement and span
col_dsc = [70, 70, 70, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [50, 50, 50, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set grid dsc array(col dsc, row dsc)
cont.set size(300, 220)
cont.center()
# Cell to 0;0 and align to the start (left/top) horizontally and vertically too
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.START, 0, 1,
                  lv.GRID ALIGN.START, 0, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c0, r0")
# Cell to 1;0 and align to the start (left) horizontally and center vertically too
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 1, 1,
                  lv.GRID ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c1, r0")
# Cell to 2;0 and align to the start (left) horizontally and end (bottom) vertically,
⊶too
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.START, 2, 1,
                  lv.GRID ALIGN.END, 0, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set text("c2, r0")
```

(continues on next page)

Demonstrate grid's "free unit"

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE GRID && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
/**
* Demonstrate grid's "free unit"
void lv_example_grid_3(void)
    /*Column 1: fix width 60 px
    *Column 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
    *Column 3: 2 unit from the remaining free space*/
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, LV_GRID_FR(1), LV_GRID_FR(2), LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_
→LAST};
   /*Row 1: fix width 50 px
    *Row 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
    *Row 3: fix width 50 px*/
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, LV_GRID_FR(1), 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    /*Create a container with grid*/
   lv obj t * cont = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv obj center(cont);
    lv obj set grid dsc array(cont, col dsc, row dsc);
    lv obj t * label;
    lv obj t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;
        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
         *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                                 LV GRID ALIGN STRETCH, row, 1);
```

(continues on next page)

```
label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
#endif
```

```
# Demonstrate grid's "free unit"
# Column 1: fix width 60 px
# Column 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
# Column 3: 2 unit from the remaining free space
col_dsc = [60, lv.grid_fr(1), lv.grid_fr(2), lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
# Row 1: fix width 60 px
# Row 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
# Row 3: fix width 60 px
row_dsc = [40, lv.grid_fr(1), 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3
   obj = lv.obj(cont)
   # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
   # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
   obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                      lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set text("%d,%d"%(col, row))
    label.center()
```

Demonstrate track placement

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD EXAMPLES
* Demonstrate track placement
void lv example grid 4(void)
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv coord t row dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
   /*Add space between the columns and move the rows to the bottom (end)*/
    /*Create a container with grid*/
   lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_grid_align(cont, LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN, LV_GRID_ALIGN_END);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;
        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                                  LV GRID ALIGN STRETCH, row, 1);
        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Demonstrate track placement
#

col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Add space between the columns and move the rows to the bottom (end)
# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_grid_align(lv.GRID_ALIGN.SPACE_BETWEEN, lv.GRID_ALIGN.END)
```

(continues on next page)

Demonstrate column and row gap

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE GRID && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void row gap anim(void * obj, int32 t v)
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(obj, v, 0);
static void column_gap_anim(void * obj, int32 t v)
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_column(obj, v, 0);
}
* Demonstrate column and row gap
void lv example grid 5(void)
   /*60x60 cells*/
   static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
   static lv coord t row dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
   /*Create a container with grid*/
   lv obj t * cont = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv obj set grid dsc array(cont, col dsc, row dsc);
   lv_obj_t * label;
   lv_obj_t * obj;
   uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
```

(continues on next page)

```
uint8 t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;
        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                                 LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);
        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
    lv anim t a;
    lv anim init(\&a);
    lv anim set var(&a, cont);
    lv anim set values(\&a, 0, 10);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, row_gap_anim);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, column_gap_anim);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(\&a, 3000);
    lv anim start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def row gap anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_row(v, 0)
def column gap anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_column(v, 0)
# Demonstrate column and row gap
# 60x60 cells
col dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID TEMPLATE.LAST]
row dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID TEMPLATE.LAST]
# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
for i in range(9):
   col = i % 3
   row = i // 3
   obj = lv.obj(cont)
```

(continues on next page)

```
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                  lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("{:d}, {:d}".format(col, row))
label.center()
a row = lv.anim t()
a row.init()
a_row.set_var(cont)
a_row.set_values(0, 10)
a_row.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a_row.set_time(500)
a row.set playback time(500)
a_row. set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: row_gap_anim(cont,val))
lv.anim t.start(a row)
a_col = lv.anim_t()
a col.init()
a_col.set_var(cont)
a col.set values (0, 10)
a col.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
a_col.set_time(500)
a_col.set_playback_time(500)
a_col. set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: column_gap_anim(cont,val))
lv.anim t.start(a col)
```

Demonstrate RTL direction on grid

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE GRID && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Demonstrate RTL direction on grid
void lv example grid 6(void)
    static lv coord t col dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
    static lv coord t row dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv obj set style base dir(cont, LV BASE DIR RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    lv obj t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
   uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8 t row = i / 3;
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Demonstrate RTL direction on grid
col dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set style base dir(lv.BASE DIR.RTL,0)
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
for i in range(9):
   col = i % 3
    row = i // 3
   obj = lv.obj(cont)
   # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
   obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                      lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("{:d},{:d}".format(col, row))
    label.center()
```

2.6 Scrolling

2.6. Scrolling

2.6.1 Nested scrolling

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate how scrolling appears automatically
 */
```

(continues on next page)

60

```
void lv example scroll 1(void)
    /*Create an object with the new style*/
   lv_obj_t * panel = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(panel, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(panel);
    lv_obj_t * child;
    lv_obj_t * label;
    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 0, 0);
    lv obj set size(child, 70, 70);
    label = lv label create(child);
    lv label set text(label, "Zero");
    lv_obj_center(label);
    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 160, 80);
    lv obj set size(child, 80, 80);
    lv_obj_t * child2 = lv_btn_create(child);
   lv_obj_set_size(child2, 100, 50);
    label = lv label create(child2);
    lv label set text(label, "Right");
    lv_obj_center(label);
    child = lv obj create(panel);
    lv obj set pos(child, 40, 160);
    lv obj set size(child, 100, 70);
    label = lv_label_create(child);
    lv label set text(label, "Bottom");
    lv obj center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
# Demonstrate how scrolling appears automatically
#
# Create an object with the new style
panel = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
panel.set_size(200, 200)
panel.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(0, 0)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Zero")
label.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(-40, 100)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Left")
(continues on next page)
```

```
label.center()
child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(90, -30)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Top")
label.center()
child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(150, 80)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set text("Right")
label.center()
child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(60, 170)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set text("Bottom")
label.center()
```

2.6.2 Snapping

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX
static void sw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        lv_obj_t * list = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
        if(lv_obj_has_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) lv_obj_add_flag(list, LV_OBJ_FLAG_

¬SCROLL ONE);
        else lv_obj_clear_flag(list, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ONE);
    }
}
* Show an example to scroll snap
void lv_example_scroll_2(void)
    lv obj t * panel = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(panel, 280, 120);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_x(panel, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_CENTER);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(panel, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
    lv_obj_align(panel, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 20);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(panel);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_set_size(btn, 150, lv_pct(100));
        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
        if(i == 3) {
            lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Panel %"LV_PRIu32"\nno snap", i);
            lv_obj_clear_flag(btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE);
        } else {
            lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Panel %"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    lv obj update snap(panel, LV ANIM ON);
#if LV USE SWITCH
    /*Switch between "One scroll" and "Normal scroll" mode*/
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(sw, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -20, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, sw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, panel);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv label set text(label, "One scroll");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, sw, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5);
#endif
}
#endif
```

```
def sw event cb(e,panel):
    code = e.get code()
    sw = e.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        if sw.has state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
            panel.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLL ONE)
        else:
            panel.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLL_ONE)
# Show an example to scroll snap
panel = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
panel.set size(280, 1\overline{50})
panel.set scroll snap x(lv.SCROLL SNAP.CENTER)
panel.set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.ROW)
panel.center()
for i in range(10):
    btn = lv.btn(panel)
    btn.set size(150, 100)
    label = lv.label(btn)
    if i == 3:
```

(continues on next page)

```
label.set_text("Panel {:d}\nno snap".format(i))
    btn.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SNAPPABLE)
else:
    label.set_text("Panel {:d}".format(i))
    label.center()

panel.update_snap(lv.ANIM.ON)

# Switch between "One scroll" and "Normal scroll" mode
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, -20, 10)
sw.add_event_cb(lambda evt: sw_event_cb(evt,panel), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("One scroll")
label.align_to(sw, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5)
```

2.6.3 Floating button

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LIST
static uint32_t btn_cnt = 1;
static void float_btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        lv obj t * list = lv event get user data(e);
        char buf[32];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "Track %d", (int)btn_cnt);
        lv_obj_t * list_btn = lv_list_add_btn(list, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, buf);
        btn_cnt++;
        lv obj move foreground(float btn);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(list_btn, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}
* Create a list a with a floating button
void lv_example_scroll_3(void)
    lv_obj_t * list = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list, 280, 220);
    lv obj center(list);
    for(btn_cnt = 1; btn_cnt <= 2; btn_cnt++) {</pre>
```

(continues on next page)

```
char buf[32];
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "Track %d", (int)btn_cnt);
    lv_list_add_btn(list, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, buf);
}

lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_btn_create(list);
    lv_obj_set_size(float_btn, 50, 50);
    lv_obj_add_flag(float_btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING);
    lv_obj_align(float_btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_RIGHT, 0, -lv_obj_get_style_pad_
    right(list, LV_PART_MAIN));
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(float_btn, float_btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, list);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(float_btn, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(float_btn, LV_SYMBOL_PLUS, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(float_btn, lv_theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0);
}
#endif
```

```
class ScrollExample 3():
   def __init__(self):
       self.btn cnt = 1
       # Create a list a with a floating button
       list = lv.list(lv.scr act())
       list.set size(280, 220)
       list.center()
        for btn cnt in range(2):
            list.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.AUDIO, "Track {:d}".format(btn cnt))
        float btn = lv.btn(list)
        float btn.set size(50, 50)
        float btn.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.FLOATING)
        float btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM RIGHT, 0, -list.get style pad right(lv.PART.
→MAIN))
        float btn.add event cb(lambda evt: self.float btn event cb(evt,list), lv.
⇒EVENT.ALL, None)
        float btn.set style radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
        float btn.set style bg img src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
        float btn.set style text font(lv.theme get font large(float btn), 0)
   def float btn event cb(self,e,list):
        code = e.get code()
        float_btn = e.get_target()
        if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
            list btn = list.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.AUDIO, "Track {:d}".format(self.btn

    cnt))
            self.btn_cnt += 1
            float btn.move foreground()
            list btn.scroll to view(lv.ANIM.ON)
```

(continues on next page)

```
scroll_example_3 = ScrollExample_3()
```

2.6.4 Styling the scrollbars

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE LIST
* Styling the scrollbars
void lv_example_scroll_4(void)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 200, 100);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label,
            "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.\n"
            "Etiam dictum, tortor vestibulum lacinia laoreet, mi neque consectetur,
⊶neque, vel mattis odio dolor egestas ligula. \n"
            "Sed vestibulum sapien nulla, id convallis ex porttitor nec. \n"
            "Duis et massa eu libero accumsan faucibus a in arcu. \n"
            "Ut pulvinar odio lorem, vel tempus turpis condimentum quis. Nam,
→consectetur condimentum sem in auctor. \n"
            "Sed nisl augue, venenatis in blandit et, gravida ac tortor. \n"
            "Etiam dapibus elementum suscipit. \n"
            "Proin mollis sollicitudin convallis. \n"
            "Integer dapibus tempus arcu nec viverra. \n"
            "Donec molestie nulla enim, eu interdum velit placerat quis. \n"
            "Donec id efficitur risus, at molestie turpis. \n"
            "Suspendisse vestibulum consectetur nunc ut commodo. \n"
            "Fusce molestie rhoncus nisi sit amet tincidunt. \n"
            "Suspendisse a nunc ut magna ornare volutpat.");
    /*Remove the style of scrollbar to have clean start*/
    lv obj remove style(obj, NULL, LV PART SCROLLBAR | LV STATE ANY);
   /*Create a transition the animate the some properties on state change*/
    static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_OPA, LV_STYLE_WIDTH, 0};
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans;
    lv style transition dsc init(&trans, props, lv anim path linear, 200, 0, NULL);
   /*Create a style for the scrollbars*/
    static lv style t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
                                      /*Width of the scrollbar*/
    lv style set width(&style, 4);
    lv_style_set_pad_right(&style, 5); /*Space from the parallel side*/
    lv style set pad top(&style, 5);
                                       /*Space from the perpendicular side*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv style set radius(&style, 2);
    lv style set bg opa(&style, LV OPA 70);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV PALETTE BLUE));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 3));
    lv style set border width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 8);
    lv style set shadow spread(&style, 2);
    lv style set shadow color(&style, lv palette darken(LV PALETTE BLUE, 1));
   lv style set transition(&style, &trans);
   /*Make the scrollbars wider and use 100% opacity when scrolled*/
    static lv style t style scrolled;
    lv style init(&style scrolled);
    lv style set width(&style scrolled, 8);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_scrolled, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv obj add style(obj, &style, LV PART SCROLLBAR);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_scrolled, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR | LV STATE SCROLLED);
}
#endif
```

```
# Styling the scrollbars
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.set size(200, 100)
obj.center()
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set text(
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
Etiam dictum, tortor vestibulum lacinia laoreet, mi neque consectetur neque, vel.
→mattis odio dolor egestas ligula.
Sed vestibulum sapien nulla, id convallis ex porttitor nec.
Duis et massa eu libero accumsan faucibus a in arcu.
Ut pulvinar odio lorem, vel tempus turpis condimentum quis. Nam consectetur,
→condimentum sem in auctor.
Sed nisl augue, venenatis in blandit et, gravida ac tortor.
Etiam dapibus elementum suscipit.
Proin mollis sollicitudin convallis.
Integer dapibus tempus arcu nec viverra.
Donec molestie nulla enim, eu interdum velit placerat quis.
Donec id efficitur risus, at molestie turpis.
Suspendisse vestibulum consectetur nunc ut commodo.
Fusce molestie rhoncus nisi sit amet tincidunt.
Suspendisse a nunc ut magna ornare volutpat.
""")
# Remove the style of scrollbar to have clean start
obj.remove style(None, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR | lv.STATE.ANY)
# Create a transition the animate the some properties on state change
```

(continues on next page)

```
props = [lv.STYLE.BG OPA, lv.STYLE.WIDTH, 0]
trans = lv.style transition dsc t()
trans.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 200, 0, None)
# Create a style for the scrollbars
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
                                # Width of the scrollbar
style.set_width(4)
style.set_pad_right(5)
                                # Space from the parallel side
style.set_pad_top(5)
                                # Space from the perpendicular side
style.set radius(2)
style set bg opa(lv.OPA. 70)
style.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set border color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 3))
style.set border width(2)
style.set shadow width(8)
style.set shadow spread(2)
style.set shadow color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 1))
style.set transition(trans)
# Make the scrollbars wider and use 100% opacity when scrolled
style_scrolled = lv.style_t()
style scrolled.init()
style scrolled.set width(8)
style_scrolled.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
obi.add style(style, ly.PART.SCROLLBAR)
obj.add style(style scrolled, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR | lv.STATE.SCROLLED)
```

2.6.5 Right to left scrolling

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV FONT DEJAVU 16 PERSIAN HEBREW
* Scrolling with Right To Left base direction
void lv example scroll 5(void)
    lv obj t * obj = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(obj, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 200, 100);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(obj);
    ىگونەاى (Microcontroller انگلىسى: (بە مىكرۇكنترولر",Microcontroller
ستایمر، ، (ROM) فقطخواندنی حافظَه و (RAM) تصادفی دسترسی حافظَه دارای که است ریزپردازنده ب
یتراشه خود درون سریال)، پورت Serial Port) ترتیبی درگاه و (I/O) خروجی و ورودی پورتهای⊷
سمیکروکنترلر، یک دیگر عبارت به کند. کنترل را دیگر ابزارهای تنهای به میتواند و است، ب
ں و ورودی درگاہہای تایمر، مانند دیگری اجزای و کوچک CPU یک از کہ اُست کوچکی مجتمع مدارب
;("شدهاست، تشكىل حافظه و دىجىتال و آنالوگ خروجى ب
                                                                         (continues on next page)
```

```
lv_obj_set_width(label, 400);
lv_obj_set_style_text_font(label, &lv_font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0);
}
#endif
```

2.6.6 Translate on scroll

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX
static void scroll_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_area_t cont_a;
    lv_obj_get_coords(cont, &cont_a);
    lv_coord_t cont_y_center = cont_a.y1 + lv_area_get_height(&cont_a) / 2;
    lv_coord_t r = lv_obj_get_height(cont) * 7 / 10;
    uint32 t i;
    uint32_t child_cnt = lv_obj_get_child_cnt(cont);
    for(i = 0; i < child_cnt; i++) {</pre>
       lv_obj_t * child = lv_obj_get_child(cont, i);
        lv_area_t child_a;
        lv obj get coords(child, &child a);
        lv_coord_t child_y_center = child_a.y1 + lv_area_get_height(&child_a) / 2;
        lv_coord_t diff_y = child_y_center - cont_y_center;
        diff y = LV ABS(diff y);
        /*Get the x of diff y on a circle.*/
        lv coord t x;
```

(continues on next page)

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```
/*If diff y is out of the circle use the last point of the circle (the...
→radius)*/
        if(diff_y >= r) {
            x = r;
        } else {
            /*Use Pythagoras theorem to get x from radius and y*/
            uint32 t x sqr = r * r - diff y * diff y;
            lv_sqrt_res_t res;
            lv_sqrt(x_sqr, &res, 0x8000); /*Use lvgl's built in sqrt root function*/
            x = r - res.i;
        }
        /*Translate the item by the calculated X coordinate*/
        lv obj set style translate x(child, x, 0);
        /*Use some opacity with larger translations*/
        lv_opa_t opa = lv_map(x, 0, r, LV_OPA_TRANSP, LV_OPA_COVER);
        lv obj set style opa(child, LV OPA COVER - opa, 0);
    }
}
* Translate the object as they scroll
void lv example scroll 6(void)
    lv obj t * cont = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(cont, 200, 200);
    lv obj center(cont);
    lv obj set flex flow(cont, LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN);
    lv obj add event cb(cont, scroll event cb, LV EVENT SCROLL, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(cont, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
    lv obj set style clip corner(cont, true, 0);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_dir(cont, LV_DIR_VER);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_y(cont, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_CENTER);
    lv obj set scrollbar mode(cont, LV SCROLLBAR MODE OFF);
   uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
       lv obj t * btn = lv btn create(cont);
        lv obj set width(btn, lv pct(100));
        lv obj t * label = lv label create(btn);
        lv label set text fmt(label, "Button %"LV PRIu32, i);
    }
    /*Update the buttons position manually for first*/
    lv event send(cont, LV EVENT SCROLL, NULL);
    /*Be sure the fist button is in the middle*/
    lv obj scroll to view(lv obj get child(cont, 0), LV ANIM OFF);
}
#endif
```

```
def scroll_event_cb(e):
```

(continues on next page)

2.6. Scrolling 70

```
cont = e.get_target()
    cont_a = lv.area_t()
    cont.get coords(cont a)
    cont_y_center = cont_a.y1 + cont_a.get_height() // 2
    r = cont.get_height() * 7 // 10
    child_cnt = cont.get_child_cnt()
    for i in range(child_cnt):
        child = cont.get_child(i)
        child a = lv.area t()
        child.get coords(child a)
        child_y_center = child_a.y1 + child_a.get_height() // 2
        diff_y = child_y_center - cont_y_center
        diff_y = abs(diff_y)
        # Get the x of diff y on a circle.
        # If diff_y is out of the circle use the last point of the circle (the radius)
        if diff_y >= r:
            x = r
        else:
            # Use Pythagoras theorem to get x from radius and y
            x_sqr = r * r - diff_y * diff_y
            res = lv.sqrt_res_t()
            lv.sqrt(x_sqr, res, 0x8000) # Use lvgl's built in sqrt root function
            x = r - res.i
        # Translate the item by the calculated X coordinate
        child set style translate x(x, 0)
        # Use some opacity with larger translations
        opa = lv.map(x, 0, r, lv.OPA.TRANSP, lv.OPA.COVER)
        child.set style opa(lv.OPA.COVER - opa, 0)
# Translate the object as they scroll
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set size(200, 200)
cont.center()
cont.set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.COLUMN)
cont.add_event_cb(scroll_event_cb, lv.EVENT.SCROLL, None)
cont.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
cont.set_style_clip_corner(True, 0)
cont.set_scroll_dir(lv.DIR.VER)
cont.set_scroll_snap_y(lv.SCROLL_SNAP.CENTER)
cont.set scrollbar mode(lv.SCROLLBAR MODE.OFF)
for i in range(20):
    btn = lv.btn(cont)
    btn.set width(lv.pct(100))
```

(continues on next page)

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```
label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Button " + str(i))

# Update the buttons position manually for first*
lv.event_send(cont, lv.EVENT.SCROLL, None)

# Be sure the fist button is in the middle
#lv.obj.scroll_to_view(cont.get_child(0), lv.ANIM.OFF)
cont.get_child(0).scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

2.7 Widgets

2.7.1 Base object

Base objects with custom styles

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
void lv_example_obj_1(void)
    lv obj t * obj1;
    obj1 = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(obj1, 100, 50);
    lv_obj_align(obj1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, -60, -30);
    static lv_style_t style_shadow;
    lv style init(&style shadow);
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style shadow, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style_shadow, 5);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style_shadow, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
   lv_obj_t * obj2;
    obj2 = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj add style(obj2, &style shadow, 0);
    lv obj align(obj2, LV ALIGN CENTER, 60, 30);
#endif
```

```
obj1 = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj1.set_size(100, 50)
obj1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -60, -30)

style_shadow = lv.style_t()
style_shadow.init()
style_shadow.set_shadow_width(10)
style_shadow.set_shadow_spread(5)
style_shadow.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))

obj2 = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj2.add_style(style_shadow, 0)
```

(continues on next page)

```
obj2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 60, 30)
```

Make an object draggable

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void drag_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
   lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
   lv_indev_t * indev = lv_indev_get_act();
   if(indev == NULL) return;
   lv point t vect;
   lv_indev_get_vect(indev, &vect);
    lv_coord_t x = lv_obj_get_x(obj) + vect.x;
    lv_coord_t y = lv_obj_get_y(obj) + vect.y;
    lv_obj_set_pos(obj, x, y);
}
* Make an object dragable.
void lv_example_obj_2(void)
    lv_obj_t * obj;
   obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 150, 100);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, drag_event_handler, LV_EVENT_PRESSING, NULL);
   lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
   lv_label_set_text(label, "Drag me");
   lv obj center(label);
#endif
```

```
def drag_event_handler(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    indev = lv.indev_get_act()

    vect = lv.point_t()
    indev.get_vect(vect)
    x = obj.get_x() + vect.x
    y = obj.get_y() + vect.y
    obj.set_pos(x, y)
```

(continues on next page)

```
#
# Make an object dragable.
#

obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.set_size(150, 100)
obj.add_event_cb(drag_event_handler, lv.EVENT.PRESSING, None)

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("Drag me")
label.center()
```

2.7.2 Arc

Simple Arc

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"

#if LV_USE_ARC && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_arc_1(void)
{
    /*Create an Arc*/
    lv_obj_t * arc = lv_arc_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(arc, 150, 150);
    lv_arc_set_rotation(arc, 135);
    lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, 0, 270);
    lv_arc_set_value(arc, 40);
    lv_obj_center(arc);
}

#endif
```

```
# Create an Arc
arc = lv.arc(lv.scr_act())
arc.set_end_angle(200)
arc.set_size(150, 150)
arc.center()
```

Loader with Arc

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_ARC && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void set angle(void * obj, int32 t v)
    lv arc set value(obj, v);
}
* Create an arc which acts as a loader.
void lv example arc 2(void)
 /*Create an Arc*/
 lv_obj_t * arc = lv_arc_create(lv_scr_act());
 lv_arc_set_rotation(arc, 270);
 lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, 0, 360);
 lv_obj_remove_style(arc, NULL, LV_PART_KNOB); /*Be sure the knob is not_
 lv_obj_clear_flag(arc, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE); /*To not allow adjusting by click*/
 lv_obj_center(arc);
 lv_anim_t a;
 lv_anim_init(&a);
 lv_anim_set_var(&a, arc);
 lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_angle);
 lv_anim_set_time(\&a, 1000);
 lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE); /*Just for the demo*/
 lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 500);
 lv_anim_set_values(\&a, 0, 100);
 lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# An `lv_timer` to call periodically to set the angles of the arc
#
class ArcLoader():
    def __init__(self):
        self.a = 270

def arc_loader_cb(self,tim,arc):
    # print(tim,arc)
    self.a += 5

    arc.set_end_angle(self.a)

    if self.a >= 270 + 360:
        tim._del()
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Create an arc which acts as a loader.
#
# Create an Arc
arc = lv.arc(lv.scr_act())
arc.set_bg_angles(0, 360)
arc.set_angles(270, 270)
arc.center()
# create the loader
arc_loader = ArcLoader()
# Create an `lv_timer` to update the arc.
timer = lv.timer_create_basic()
timer.set_period(20)
timer.set_cb(lambda src: arc_loader.arc_loader_cb(timer,arc))
```

2.7.3 Bar

Simple Bar

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_bar_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * bar1 = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(bar1, 200, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar1);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar1, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}
#endif
#endif
```

```
bar1 = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar1.set_size(200, 20)
bar1.center()
bar1.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

Styling a bar

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BAR && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Example of styling the bar
void lv example bar 2(void)
    static lv_style_t style_bg;
    static lv style t style indic;
    lv_style_init(&style_bg);
    lv style set border color(&style bg, lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_bg, 2);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_bg, 6); /*To make the indicator smaller*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_bg, 6);
    lv_style_set_anim_time(&style_bg, 1000);
   lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv style set bg opa(&style indic, LV OPA COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_indic, 3);
    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(bar); /*To have a clean start*/
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_bg, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 200, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, 100, LV_ANIM_ON);
}
#endif
```

```
# Example of styling the bar
style_bg = lv.style_t()
style_indic = lv.style_t()
style bg.init()
style_bg.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_bg.set_border_width(2)
style_bg.set_pad_all(6)
                                  # To make the indicator smaller
style_bg.set_radius(6)
style bg.set anim time(1000)
style indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_indic.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_indic.set_radius(3)
bar = lv.bar(lv.scr act())
bar.remove style all()
                        # To have a clean start
```

(continues on next page)

```
bar.add_style(style_bg, 0)
bar.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

bar.set_size(200, 20)
bar.center()
bar.set_value(100, lv.ANIM.ON)
```

Temperature meter

2.7. Widgets

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BAR && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void set_temp(void * bar, int32_t temp)
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, temp, LV_ANIM_ON);
}
* A temperature meter example
void lv example bar 3(void)
    static lv style t style indic;
    lv style init(&style indic);
    lv style set bg opa(&style indic, LV OPA COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_bg grad_dir(&style_indic, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);
    lv obj t * bar = lv bar create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 20, 200);
    lv_obj_center(bar);
   lv_bar_set_range(bar, -20, 40);
   lv anim t a;
    lv anim init(\&a);
    lv anim set exec cb(\&a, set temp);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, bar);
    lv anim set values(\&a, -20, 40);
    lv anim set repeat count(&a, LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def set_temp(bar, temp):
    bar.set_value(temp, lv.ANIM.ON)
```

(continues on next page)

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```
# A temperature meter example
style_indic = lv.style_t()
style indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_indic.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.VER)
bar = lv.bar(lv.scr act())
bar.add style(style indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
bar.set_size(20, 200)
bar.center()
bar.set_range(-20, 40)
a = lv.anim t()
a.init()
a.set_time(3000)
a.set_playback_time(3000)
a.set_var(bar)
a.set_values(-20, 40)
a.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set custom exec cb(lambda a, val: set temp(bar,val))
lv.anim t.start(a)
```

Stripe pattern and range value

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
* Bar with stripe pattern and ranged value
void lv example bar 4(void)
    LV IMG DECLARE(img skew strip);
    static lv style t style indic;
    lv style init(&style indic);
    lv style set bg img src(&style indic, &img skew strip);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_tiled(&style_indic, true);
    lv style set bg img opa(&style indic, LV OPA 30);
    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr act());
    lv obj add style(bar, &style indic, LV PART INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 260, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar);
    lv_bar_set_mode(bar, LV_BAR_MODE_RANGE);
    lv bar set value(bar, 90, LV ANIM OFF);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_bar_set_start_value(bar, 20, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}
#endif
```

```
# get an icon
def get icon(filename, xres, yres):
    try:
        sdl_filename = "../../assets/" + filename + "_" + str(xres) + "x" + str(yres)
+ "_argb8888.fnt"
        print("file name: ", sdl_filename)
        with open(sdl filename, 'rb') as f:
            icon data = f.read()
   except:
        print("Could not find image file: " + filename)
        return None
   icon_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t(
            "header": {"always zero": 0, "w": xres, "h": yres, "cf": lv.img.CF.TRUE
→COLOR_ALPHA},
            "data": icon_data,
            "data_size": len(icon_data),
        }
    return icon dsc
# Bar with stripe pattern and ranged value
img skew strip dsc = get icon("img skew strip",80,20)
style indic = lv.style t()
style indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_img_src(img_skew_strip_dsc)
style_indic.set_bg_img_tiled(True)
style_indic.set_bg_img_opa(lv.OPA._30)
bar = lv.bar(lv.scr act())
bar.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
bar.set size(260, 20)
bar.center()
bar.set mode(lv.bar.MODE.RANGE)
bar.set value(90, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar.set start value(20, lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

Bar with LTR and RTL base direction

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD EXAMPLES
* Bar with LTR and RTL base direction
void lv example bar 5(void)
   lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * bar_ltr = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(bar ltr, 200, 20);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar_ltr, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_obj_align(bar_ltr, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -30);
    label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Left to Right base direction");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, bar_ltr, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);
    lv_obj_t * bar_rtl = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(bar_rtl, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar_rtl, 200, 20);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar_rtl, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_obj_align(bar_rtl, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 30);
    label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Right to Left base direction");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, bar_rtl, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);
}
#endif
```

```
# Bar with LTR and RTL base direction
bar_ltr = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar ltr.set size(200, 20)
bar_ltr.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar_ltr.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -30)
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Left to Right base direction")
label.align_to(bar_ltr, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)
bar rtl = lv.bar(lv.scr act())
bar rtl.set style base dir(lv.BASE DIR.RTL,0)
bar rtl.set size(200, 20)
bar rtl.set value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar_rtl.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 30)
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set text("Right to Left base direction")
label.align_to(bar_rtl, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)
```

Custom drawer to show the current value

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BAR && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void set value(void *bar, int32 t v)
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, v, LV_ANIM_OFF);
static void event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
    if(dsc->part != LV_PART_INDICATOR) return;
    lv_obj_t * obj= lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.font = LV_FONT_DEFAULT;
    char buf[8];
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d", (int)lv_bar_get_value(obj));
    lv_point_t txt_size;
    lv_txt_get_size(&txt_size, buf, label_dsc.font, label_dsc.letter_space, label_dsc.
→line_space, LV_COORD_MAX, label_dsc.flag);
    lv_area_t txt_area;
    /*If the indicator is long enough put the text inside on the right*/
    if(lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) > txt_size.x + 20) {
        txt_area.x2 = dsc->draw_area->x2 - 5;
        txt_area.x1 = txt_area.x2 - txt_size.x + 1;
        label_dsc.color = lv_color_white();
   /*If the indicator is still short put the text out of it on the right*/
    else {
        txt_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x2 + 5;
        txt_area.x2 = txt_area.x1 + txt_size.x - 1;
        label_dsc.color = lv_color_black();
    txt_area.y1 = dsc->draw_area->y1 + (lv_area_get_height(dsc->draw_area) - txt_size.
\rightarrowy) / 2;
   txt_area.y2 = txt_area.y1 + txt_size.y - 1;
    lv_draw_label(dsc->draw_ctx, &label_dsc, &txt_area, buf, NULL);
}
* Custom drawer on the bar to display the current value
void lv_example_bar_6(void)
    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(bar, event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 200, 20);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_center(bar);

lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, bar);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 2000);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def set value(bar, v):
    bar.set_value(v, lv.ANIM.OFF)
def event cb(e):
    dsc = lv.obj draw part dsc t. cast (e.get param())
    if dsc.part != lv.PART.INDICATOR:
        return
   obj= e.get_target()
   label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
    label dsc.init()
   # label dsc.font = LV FONT DEFAULT;
   value txt = str(obj.get value())
    txt size = lv.point_t()
    lv.txt_get_size(txt_size, value_txt, label_dsc.font, label_dsc.letter_space,_
→label dsc.line space, lv.COORD.MAX, label dsc.flag)
    txt area = lv.area t()
    # If the indicator is long enough put the text inside on the right
    if dsc.draw_area.get_width() > txt_size.x + 20:
        txt area.x2 = dsc.draw area.x2 - 5
        txt_area.x1 = txt_area.x2 - txt_size.x + 1
        label dsc.color = lv.color white()
    # If the indicator is still short put the text out of it on the right*/
        txt area.x1 = dsc.draw area.x2 + 5
        txt area.x2 = txt area.x1 + txt size.x - 1
        label_dsc.color = lv.color_black()
    txt area.y1 = dsc.draw area.y1 + (dsc.draw area.get height() - txt size.y) // 2
    txt area.y2 = txt area.y1 + txt size.y - 1
   dsc.draw_ctx.label(label_dsc, txt_area, value_txt, None)
# Custom drawer on the bar to display the current value
```

(continues on next page)

```
bar = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END, None)
bar.set_size(200, 20)
bar.center()

a = lv.anim_t()
a.init()
a.set_var(bar)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(bar,val))
a.set_time(2000)
a.set_playback_time(2000)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim_t.start(a)
```

2.7.4 Button

Simple Buttons

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE BTN && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked");
   else if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Toggled");
    }
}
void lv example btn 1(void)
    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj add event cb(btn1, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(btn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -40);
   label = lv_label_create(btn1);
   lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
   lv_obj_center(label);
   lv obj t * btn2 = lv btn create(lv scr act());
   lv obj add event cb(btn2, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv obj align(btn2, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 40);
    lv obj add flag(btn2, LV OBJ FLAG CHECKABLE);
    lv_obj_set_height(btn2, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    label = lv label create(btn2);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_label_set_text(label, "Toggle");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
def event handler(evt):
   code = evt.get_code()
   if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
            print("Clicked event seen")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
        print("Value changed seen")
# create a simple button
btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
# attach the callback
btn1.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER,0,-40)
label=lv.label(btn1)
label.set_text("Button")
# create a toggle button
btn2 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
# attach the callback
#btn2.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT. VALUE CHANGED, None)
btn2.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER,0,40)
btn2.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CHECKABLE)
btn2.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
label=lv.label(btn2)
label.set text("Toggle")
label.center()
```

Styling buttons

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Style a button from scratch
    */
void lv_example_btn_2(void)
{
    /*Init the style for the default state*/
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 3);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv style set bg opa(&style, LV OPA 100);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 2));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);
    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style, LV_OPA_40);
    lv style set border width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 8);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE GREY));
    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style, 8);
   lv style set outline opa(&style, LV OPA COVER);
    lv style set outline color(&style, lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE));
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style, lv_color_white());
    lv style set pad all(&style, 10);
   /*Init the pressed style*/
    static lv style t style pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
   /*Add a large outline when pressed*/
    lv style set outline width(&style pr, 30);
    lv style set outline opa(&style pr, LV OPA TRANSP);
    lv style set translate v(\&style pr, 5);
    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style_pr, 3);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 2));
    lv style set bg grad color(\deltastyle pr, lv palette darken(LV PALETTE BLUE, 4));
    /*Add a transition to the outline*/
    static lv style_transition_dsc_t trans;
    static lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_WIDTH, LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_OPA, 0}
   lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 300, 0, NULL);
   lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &trans);
   lv obj t * btn1 = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    lv obj remove style all(btn1);
                                                             /*Remove the style coming.
→ from the theme*/
    lv obj add style(btn1, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv obj set size(btn1, LV SIZE CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
    lv obj center(btn1);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(btn1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
    lv obj center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Style a button from scratch
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Init the style for the default state
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set radius(3)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 2))
style.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.VER)
style.set border opa(lv.OPA. 40)
style.set border width(2)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style.set shadow width(8)
style.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style.set shadow ofs y(8)
style.set_outline_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_outline_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set text color(lv.color white())
style.set pad all(10)
# Init the pressed style
style pr = lv.style t()
style pr.init()
# Add a large outline when pressed
style pr.set outline width(30)
style pr.set outline opa(lv.OPA.TRANSP)
style_pr.set_translate_y(5)
style_pr.set_shadow_ofs_y(3)
style pr.set bg color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 2))
style_pr.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 4))
# Add a transition to the outline
trans = lv.style transition dsc t()
props = [lv.STYLE.OUTLINE WIDTH, lv.STYLE.OUTLINE OPA, 0]
trans.init(props, lv.anim t.path linear, 300, 0, None)
style pr.set transition(trans)
btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
btn1.remove style all()
                                                 # Remove the style coming from the
→theme
btn1.add style(style, 0)
btn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn1.set size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
btn1.center()
label = lv.label(btn1)
label.set text("Button")
```

(continues on next page)

```
label.center()
```

Gummy button

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE BTN
* Create a style transition on a button to act like a gum when clicked
void lv example btn 3(void)
    /*Properties to transition*/
    static lv_style_prop_t props[] = {
            LV STYLE TRANSFORM WIDTH, LV STYLE TRANSFORM HEIGHT, LV STYLE TEXT LETTER
→SPACE, 0
   };
    /*Transition descriptor when going back to the default state.
    *Add some delay to be sure the press transition is visible even if the press was...
→very short*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t transition_dsc_def;
    lv style transition dsc init(&transition dsc def, props, lv anim path overshoot,
→250, 100, NULL);
    /*Transition descriptor when going to pressed state.
     *No delay, go to presses state immediately*/
    static lv style transition dsc t transition dsc pr;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&transition_dsc_pr, props, lv_anim_path_ease_in_out,_
\rightarrow250, 0, NULL);
    /*Add only the new transition to he default state*/
    static lv style t style def;
    lv_style_init(&style_def);
    lv style set transition(&style def, &transition dsc def);
   /*Add the transition and some transformation to the presses state.*/
    static lv style t style pr;
    lv style init(&style pr);
    lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pr, 10);
    lv style set transform height(&style pr, -10);
    lv_style_set_text_letter_space(&style_pr, 10);
    lv style set transition(&style pr, &transition dsc pr);
    lv obj t * btn1 = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_align(btn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -80);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_def, 0);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(btn1);
    lv label set text(label, "Gum");
#endif
```

```
# Create a style transition on a button to act like a gum when clicked
# Properties to transition
props = [lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM WIDTH, lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM HEIGHT, lv.STYLE.TEXT LETTER
→SPACE, 0]
# Transition descriptor when going back to the default state.
# Add some delay to be sure the press transition is visible even if the press was,
→very short*/
transition dsc def = lv.style transition dsc t()
transition dsc def.init(props, lv.anim t.path overshoot, 250, 100, None)
# Transition descriptor when going to pressed state.
# No delay, go to pressed state immediately
transition_dsc_pr = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
transition dsc pr.init(props, lv.anim t.path ease in out, 250, 0, None)
# Add only the new transition to the default state
style def = lv.style t()
style def.init()
style_def.set_transition(transition_dsc_def)
# Add the transition and some transformation to the presses state.
style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()
style_pr.set_transform_width(10)
style_pr.set_transform_height(-10)
style_pr.set_text_letter_space(10)
style_pr.set_transition(transition_dsc_pr)
btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
btn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -80)
btn1.add style(style pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn1.add_style(style_def, 0)
label = lv.label(btn1)
label.set text("Gum")
```

2.7.5 Button matrix

Simple Button matrix

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTNMATRIX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        uint32_t id = lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj);
        const char * txt = lv_btnmatrix_get_btn_text(obj, id);
```

(continues on next page)

```
LV_LOG_USER("%s was pressed\n", txt);
}

static const char * btnm_map[] = {"1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "\n", "6", "7", "8", "9", "0", "\n", "Action1", "Action2", ""};

void lv_example_btnmatrix_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btnm1 = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm1, btnm_map);
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_width(btnm1, 10, 2); /*Make "Action1" twice as wide_u=as "Action2"*/
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm1, 10, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm1, 11, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_align(btnm1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif
```

```
def event handler(evt):
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED :
        id = obj.get selected btn()
        txt = obj.get btn text(id)
        print("%s was pressed"%txt)
btnm_map = ["1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "\n", 
"6", "7", "8", "9", "0", "\n", 
"Action1", "Action2", ""]
btnm1 = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr act())
btnm1.set map(btnm map)
btnml.set_btn_width(10, 2)  # Make "Action1" twice as wide as "Action2"
btnm1.set_btn_ctrl(10, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm1.set btn ctrl(11, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)
btnm1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
btnm1.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
#endif
```

Custom buttons

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE BTNMATRIX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event cb(lv event t * e)
   lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
   lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
   if(code == LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN) {
       lv obj draw part dsc t * dsc = lv event get param(e);
       /*Change the draw descriptor the 2nd button*/
       if(dsc->id == 1) {
           dsc->rect_dsc->radius = 0;
           if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) dsc->rect_dsc->bg_
else dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);
           dsc->rect_dsc->shadow_width = 6;
           dsc->rect dsc->shadow ofs x = 3;
           dsc->rect_dsc->shadow_ofs_y = 3;
           dsc->label_dsc->color = lv_color_white();
       }
       /*Change the draw descriptor the 3rd button*/
       else if(dsc->id == 2) {
           dsc->rect_dsc->radius = LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE;
           if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) dsc->rect_dsc->bg_

¬color = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3);
           else dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED);
           dsc->label_dsc->color = lv_color_white();
       else if(dsc->id == 3) {
           dsc->label dsc->opa = LV OPA TRANSP; /*Hide the text if any*/
       }
   if(code == LV EVENT DRAW PART END) {
       lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
       /*Add custom content to the 4th button when the button itself was drawn*/
       if(dsc->id == 3) {
           LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_star);
           lv_img_header_t header;
           lv_res_t res = lv_img_decoder_get_info(&img_star, &header);
           if(res != LV RES OK) return;
           lv area t a;
           a.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x1 + (lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) - header.
→w) / 2;
           a.x2 = a.x1 + header.w - 1;
           a.y1 = dsc->draw_area->y1 + (lv_area_get_height(dsc->draw_area) - header.
→h) / 2;
           a.y2 = a.y1 + header.h - 1;
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv draw img dsc t img draw dsc;
            lv draw img dsc init(&img draw dsc);
            img_draw_dsc.recolor = lv_color_black();
            if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) img_draw_dsc.recolor_
\rightarrowopa = LV_OPA_30;
            lv draw img(dsc->draw ctx, &img draw dsc, &a, &img star);
        }
    }
}
* Add custom drawer to the button matrix to customize buttons one by one
void lv example btnmatrix 2(void)
    lv_obj_t * btnm = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_center(btnm);
}
#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../../assets/img_star.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find star.png")
    sys.exit()
img star argb = lv.img dsc t({
   data size': len(png data),
  'data': png data
})
def event cb(e):
    code = e.get code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
if code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN:
        # Change the draw descriptor the 2nd button
        if dsc.id == 1:
            dsc.rect_dsc.radius = 0
            if obj.get selected btn() == dsc.id:
                 dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3)
            else:
                 dsc.rect dsc.bg color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)
```

(continues on next page)

```
dsc.rect dsc.shadow width = 6
            dsc.rect dsc.shadow ofs x = 3
            dsc.rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_y = 3
            dsc.label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()
        # Change the draw descriptor the 3rd button
        elif dsc.id == 2:
            dsc.rect dsc.radius = lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE
            if obj.get_selected_btn() == dsc.id:
                dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3)
            else:
                dsc.rect dsc.bg color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED)
                dsc.label dsc.color = lv.color white()
        elif dsc.id == 3:
            dsc.label_dsc.opa = lv.OPA.TRANSP # Hide the text if any
    if code == lv.EVENT.DRAW PART END:
        # Add custom content to the 4th button when the button itself was drawn
        if dsc.id == 3:
            # LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_star)
            header = lv.img_header_t()
            res = lv.img.decoder_get_info(img_star_argb, header)
            if res != lv.RES.OK:
                print("error when getting image header")
                return
            else:
                a = lv.area t()
                a.x1 = dsc.draw area.x1 + (dsc.draw area.get width() - header.w) // 2
                a.x2 = a.x1 + header.w - 1
                a.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + (dsc.draw_area.get_height() - header.h) // 2
                a.y2 = a.y1 + header.h - 1
                img draw dsc = lv.draw img dsc t()
                img draw dsc.init()
                img_draw_dsc.recolor = lv.color_black()
                if obj.get_selected_btn() == dsc.id:
                    img draw dsc.recolor opa = lv.0PA. 30
                dsc.draw_ctx.img(img_draw_dsc, a, img_star_argb)
# Add custom drawer to the button matrix to c
btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm.add event cb(event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btnm.center()
```

Pagination

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BTNMATRIX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    uint32 t id = lv btnmatrix get selected btn(obj);
    bool prev = id == 0 ? true : false;
    bool next = id == 6 ? true : false;
    if(prev || next) {
        /*Find the checked button*/
        uint32 t i;
        for(i = 1; i < 7; i++) {
            if(lv_btnmatrix_has_btn_ctrl(obj, i, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED)) break;
        if(prev && i > 1) i--;
        else if(next && i < 5) i++;
        lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(obj, i, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
    }
}
* Make a button group (pagination)
void lv_example_btnmatrix_3(void)
    static lv_style_t style_bg;
    lv_style_init(&style_bg);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_bg, 0);
    lv_style_set_pad_gap(&style_bg, 0);
    lv style set clip corner(&style bg, true);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_bg, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_bg, 0);
    static lv_style_t style_btn;
    lv_style_init(&style_btn);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 0);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 1);
    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_50);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv_style_set_border_side(&style_btn, LV_BORDER_SIDE_INTERNAL);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 0);
    static const char * map[] = {LV SYMBOL LEFT, "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", LV SYMBOL
→RIGHT, ""};
    lv_obj_t * btnm = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv btnmatrix set map(btnm, map);
    lv_obj_add_style(btnm, &style_bg, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btnm, &style_btn, LV_PART_ITEMS);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv obj set size(btnm, 225, 35);
```

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```
/*Allow selecting on one number at time*/
lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl_all(btnm, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, 0, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, 6, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
lv_btnmatrix_set_one_checked(btnm, true);
lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm, 1, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
lv_obj_center(btnm);
}
#endif
```

```
def event cb(e):
   obj = e.get target()
    id = obj.get_selected_btn()
    if id == 0:
        prev = True
    else:
        prev = False
    if id == 6:
        next = True
    else:
        next = False
    if prev or next:
        # Find the checked butto
        for i in range(7):
            if obj.has_btn_ctrl(i, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED):
                break
        if prev and i > 1:
            i-=1
        elif next and i < 5:</pre>
            i+=1
        obj.set_btn_ctrl(i, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)
# Make a button group
style bg = lv.style t()
style bg.init()
style bg.set pad all(0)
style_bg.set_pad_gap(0)
style bg.set clip corner(True)
style_bg.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style bg.set border width(0)
style btn = lv.style t()
style btn.init()
style btn.set radius(0)
style btn.set border width(1)
style btn.set border opa(lv.OPA. 50)
```

(continues on next page)

```
style btn.set border color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style btn.set border side(lv.BORDER SIDE.INTERNAL)
style_btn.set_radius(0)
map = [lv.SYMBOL.LEFT, "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT, ""]
btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr act())
btnm.set_map(map)
btnm.add_style(style_bg, 0)
btnm.add_style(style_btn, lv.PART.ITEMS)
btnm.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
btnm.set size(225, 35)
# Allow selecting on one number at time
btnm.set btn ctrl all(lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.clear_btn_ctrl(0, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.clear_btn_ctrl(6, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.set one checked(True)
btnm.set btn ctrl(1, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)
btnm.center()
```

2.7.6 Calendar

Calendar with header

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CALENDAR && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv obj t * obj = lv event get current target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED) {
        lv_calendar_date_t date;
        if(lv_calendar_get_pressed_date(obj, &date)) {
            LV LOG USER("Clicked date: %02d.%02d.%d", date.day, date.month, date.
→year);
    }
}
void lv example calendar 1(void)
    lv_obj_t * calendar = lv_calendar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(calendar, 185, 185);
    lv obj align(calendar, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 27);
    lv obj add event cb(calendar, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv calendar set today date(calendar, 2021, 02, 23);
    lv calendar set showed date(calendar, 2021, 02);
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Highlight a few days*/
   static lv calendar date t highlighted days[3];
                                                        /*Only its pointer will be...
⇒saved so should be static*/
    highlighted days[0].year = 2021;
    highlighted days[0].month = 02;
    highlighted days[0].day = 6;
    highlighted_days[1].year = 2021;
    highlighted_days[1].month = 02;
    highlighted_days[1].day = 11;
    highlighted days[2].year = 2022;
    highlighted days[2].month = 02;
    highlighted days[2].day = 22;
    lv_calendar_set_highlighted_dates(calendar, highlighted_days, 3);
#if LV USE CALENDAR HEADER DROPDOWN
    lv calendar header dropdown create(calendar);
#elif LV USE CALENDAR HEADER ARROW
    lv calendar header arrow create(calendar);
#endif
    lv_calendar_set_showed_date(calendar, 2021, 10);
#endif
```

```
def event handler(evt):
    code = evt.get code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
         source = evt.get current target()
         date = lv.calendar date t()
         if source.get pressed date(date) == lv.RES.OK:
              calendar.set_today_date(date.year, date.month, date.day)
              print("Clicked date: %02d.%02d.%02d"%(date.day, date.month, date.year))
calendar = lv.calendar(lv.scr act())
calendar.set size(200, 200)
calendar.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 20)
calendar.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
calendar.set today date(2021, 02, 23)
calendar.set showed date(2021, 02)
# Highlight a few days
highlighted days=[
    lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':6}),
lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':11}),
lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':22})
]
calendar.set highlighted dates(highlighted days, len(highlighted days))
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv.calendar_header_dropdown(calendar)
```

2.7.7 Canvas

Drawing on the Canvas and rotate

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE CANVAS && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
#define CANVAS WIDTH 200
#define CANVAS HEIGHT 150
void lv example canvas 1(void)
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_t rect_dsc;
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&rect_dsc);
    rect_dsc.radius = 10;
    rect dsc.bg opa = LV OPA COVER;
    rect_dsc.bg_grad.dir = LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR;
    rect dsc.bg grad.stops[0].color = lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED);
    rect dsc.bg grad.stops[1].color = lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE);
    rect dsc.border width = 2;
    rect dsc.border opa = LV OPA 90;
    rect_dsc.border_color = lv_color_white();
    rect dsc.shadow width = 5;
    rect dsc.shadow ofs x = 5;
    rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_y = 5;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE);
    static lv color t cbuf[LV CANVAS BUF SIZE TRUE COLOR(CANVAS WIDTH, CANVAS
→HEIGHT)];
    lv obj t * canvas = lv canvas create(lv scr act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_
→COLOR);
    lv obj center(canvas);
    lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3), LV_OPA_COVER);
   lv canvas draw rect(canvas, 70, 60, 100, 70, &rect dsc);
   lv canvas draw text(canvas, 40, 20, 100, &label dsc, "Some text on text canvas");
   /*Test the rotation. It requires another buffer where the original image is...
\rightarrowstored.
     *So copy the current image to buffer and rotate it to the canvas*/
    static lv color t cbuf tmp[CANVAS WIDTH * CANVAS HEIGHT];
   memcpy(cbuf_tmp, cbuf, sizeof(cbuf_tmp));
    lv_img_dsc_t img;
    img.data = (void *)cbuf tmp;
```

(continues on next page)

```
img.header.cf = LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR;
img.header.w = CANVAS_WIDTH;
img.header.h = CANVAS_HEIGHT;

lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3), LV_OPA_COVER);
lv_canvas_transform(canvas, &img, 120, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, 0, 0, CANVAS_WIDTH / 2,
CANVAS_HEIGHT / 2, true);
}
#endif
```

```
_CANVAS_WIDTH = 200
CANVAS HEIGHT = 150
LV IMG ZOOM NONE = 256
rect dsc = lv.draw rect dsc t()
rect dsc.init()
rect dsc.radius = 10
rect dsc.bg opa = lv.OPA.COVER
rect dsc.bg grad.dir = lv.GRAD DIR.HOR
rect dsc.bg grad.stops[0].color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED)
rect dsc.bq grad.stops[1].color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)
rect dsc.border width = 2
rect_dsc.border_opa = lv.0PA._90
rect_dsc.border_color = lv.color_white()
rect dsc.shadow width = 5
rect dsc.shadow ofs x = 5
rect dsc.shadow ofs y = 5
label dsc = lv.draw label dsc t()
label dsc.init()
label dsc.color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW)
cbuf = bytearray( CANVAS WIDTH * CANVAS HEIGHT * 4)
canvas = lv.canvas(lv.scr act())
canvas.set_buffer(cbuf, _CANVAS_WIDTH, _CANVAS_HEIGHT, lv.img.CF.TRUE COLOR)
canvas.center()
canvas.fill bg(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), lv.OPA.COVER)
canvas.draw rect(70, 60, 100, 70, rect dsc)
canvas.draw text(40, 20, 100, label dsc, "Some text on text canvas")
# Test the rotation. It requires another buffer where the original image is stored.
# So copy the current image to buffer and rotate it to the canvas
imq = lv.imq dsc t()
img.data = cbuf[:]
img.header.cf = lv.img.CF.TRUE COLOR
img.header.w = \_CANVAS\_WIDTH
img.header.h = _CANVAS_HEIGHT
canvas.fill bg(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), lv.OPA.COVER)
canvas.transform(img, 30, LV IMG ZOOM NONE, 0, 0, CANVAS WIDTH // 2, CANVAS HEIGHT /
\rightarrow/ 2, True)
```

Transparent Canvas with chroma keying

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CANVAS && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
#define CANVAS WIDTH 50
#define CANVAS_HEIGHT 50
* Create a transparent canvas with Chroma keying and indexed color format (palette).
void lv example canvas 2(void)
    /*Create a button to better see the transparency*/
    lv btn create(lv scr act());
    /*Create a buffer for the canvas*/
    static lv_color_t cbuf[LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_
→HEIGHT)];
    /*Create a canvas and initialize its palette*/
    lv obj t * canvas = lv canvas create(lv scr act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_
→1BIT):
    lv_canvas_set_palette(canvas, 0, LV COLOR CHROMA KEY);
    lv_canvas_set_palette(canvas, 1, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
   /*Create colors with the indices of the palette*/
   lv color t c0;
   lv_color_t c1;
    c0.full = 0;
    c1.full = 1;
   /*Red background (There is no dedicated alpha channel in indexed images so LV OPA
→COVER is ignored)*/
   lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, c1, LV_OPA_COVER);
   /*Create hole on the canvas*/
   uint32 t x;
   uint32_t y;
    for(y = 10; y < 30; y++) {
        for(x = 5; x < 20; x++) {
            lv_canvas_set_px_color(canvas, x, y, c0);
    }
#endif
```

```
CANVAS_WIDTH = 50
CANVAS_HEIGHT = 50
LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY = lv.color_hex(0x00ff00)

def LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_ALPHA_1BIT(w, h):
    return int(((w / 8) + 1) * h)
```

(continues on next page)

```
def LV IMG BUF SIZE INDEXED 1BIT(w, h):
    return LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_ALPHA_1BIT(w, h) + 4 * 2
def LV CANVAS BUF SIZE INDEXED 1BIT(w, h):
    return LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(w, h)
# Create a transparent canvas with Chroma keying and indexed color format (palette).
# Create a button to better see the transparency
btn=lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
# Create a buffer for the canvas
cbuf= bytearray(LV CANVAS BUF SIZE INDEXED 1BIT(CANVAS WIDTH, CANVAS HEIGHT))
# Create a canvas and initialize its palette
canvas = lv.canvas(lv.scr act())
canvas.set_buffer(cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, lv.img.CF.INDEXED 1BIT)
canvas.set palette(0, LV COLOR CHROMA KEY)
canvas.set_palette(1, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
# Create colors with the indices of the palette
c0 = lv.color t()
c1 = lv.color t()
c0.full = 0
c1.full = 1
# Red background (There is no dedicated alpha channel in indexed images so LV OPA
→ COVER is ignored)
canvas.fill_bg(c1, lv.OPA.COVER)
# Create hole on the canvas
for y in range(10,30):
   for x in range(5,20):
        canvas.set_px(x, y, c0)
```

2.7.8 Chart

Line Chart

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_chart_1(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE); /*Show lines and points too*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Add two data series*/
    lv chart series t * ser1 = lv chart add series(chart, lv palette main(LV PALETTE

¬RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);
    /*Set the next points on 'ser1'*/
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 30);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 70);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 90);
   /*Directly set points on 'ser2'*/
    ser2->y points[0] = 90;
    ser2->y points[1] = 70;
    ser2->y_points[2] = 65;
    ser2->y_points[3] = 65;
    ser2->y_points[4] = 65;
    ser2->y points[5] = 65;
    ser2->y points[6] = 65;
    ser2->y points[7] = 65;
    ser2->v points[8] = 65;
    ser2->y points[9] = 65;
    lv chart refresh(chart); /*Required after direct set*/
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set size(200, 150)
chart.center()
chart.set type(lv.chart.TYPE.LINE) # Show lines and points too
# Add two data series
ser1 = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
ser2 = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY Y)
print(ser2)
# Set next points on ser1
chart.set next value(ser1,10)
chart.set next value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set next value(ser1,30)
chart.set next value(ser1,70)
chart.set next value(ser1,90)
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
# Directly set points on 'ser2'
ser2.y_points = [90, 70, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65]
chart.refresh()  # Required after direct set
```

Faded area line chart with custom division lines

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV DRAW COMPLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * chart1;
static lv chart series t * ser1;
static lv chart series t * ser2;
static void draw event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
   /*Add the faded area before the lines are drawn*/
    lv obj draw part dsc t * dsc = lv event get draw part dsc(e);
    if(dsc->part == LV PART ITEMS) {
        if(!dsc->p1 || !dsc->p2) return;
        /*Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line*/
        lv_draw_mask_line_param_t line_mask_param;
        lv draw mask line points init(&line mask param, dsc->p1->x, dsc->p1->y, dsc->
⇒p2->x, dsc->p2->y, LV DRAW MASK LINE SIDE BOTTOM);
        int16 t line mask id = lv draw mask add(&line mask param, NULL);
        /*Add a fade effect: transparent bottom covering top*/
        lv coord t h = lv obj get height(obj);
        lv draw mask fade param t fade mask param;
        lv_draw_mask_fade_init(&fade_mask_param, &obj->coords, LV_OPA_COVER, obj->

→coords.y1 + h / 8, LV OPA TRANSP, obj->coords.y2);
        int16 t fade mask id = lv draw mask add(&fade mask param, NULL);
        /*Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask*/
        lv draw rect dsc t draw rect dsc;
        lv draw rect dsc init(&draw rect dsc);
        draw rect dsc.bg opa = LV OPA 20;
        draw rect dsc.bg color = dsc->line dsc->color;
        lv area t a;
        a.x1 = dsc->p1->x;
        a.x2 = dsc->p2->x - 1;
        a.y1 = LV MIN(dsc->p1->y, dsc->p2->y);
        a.y2 = obj->coords.y2;
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);
        /*Remove the masks*/
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(&line_mask_param);
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(&fade_mask_param);
        lv_draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id);
        lv draw mask remove id(fade mask id);
```

(continues on next page)

```
}
    /*Hook the division lines too*/
   else if(dsc->part == LV_PART_MAIN) {
        if(dsc->line_dsc == NULL || dsc->p1 == NULL || dsc->p2 == NULL) return;
        /*Vertical line*/
        if(dsc->p1->x == dsc->p2->x) {
            dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
            if(dsc->id == 3) {
                dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 0;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 0;
            }
            else {
                dsc->line dsc->width = 1;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 6;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 6;
            }
        /*Horizontal line*/
        else {
            if(dsc->id == 2) {
                dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 0;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 0;
            }
            else {
                dsc->line dsc->width = 2;
                dsc->line dsc->dash gap = 6;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 6;
            }
            if(dsc->id == 1 \mid | dsc->id == 3)  {
                dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN);
            } else {
                dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
            }
       }
    }
}
static void add_data(lv_timer_t * timer)
   LV UNUSED(timer);
    static uint32 t cnt = 0;
    lv chart set next value(chart1, ser1, lv rand(20, 90));
    if(cnt \% 4 == 0) lv chart set next value(chart1, ser2, lv rand(40, 60));
    cnt++;
}
* Add a faded area effect to the line chart and make some division lines ticker
void lv_example_chart_2(void)
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Create a chart1*/
    chart1 = lv chart create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart1, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart1);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart1, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE); /*Show lines and points too*/
   lv chart set div line count(chart1, 5, 7);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart1, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);
    lv_chart_set_update_mode(chart1, LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_CIRCULAR);
   /*Add two data series*/
    ser1 = lv chart add series(chart1, lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED), LV CHART AXIS
→PRIMARY Y);
    ser2 = lv chart add series(chart1, lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE), LV CHART
→AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv chart set next value(chart1, ser1, lv rand(20, 90));
        lv chart set next value(chart1, ser2, lv rand(30, 70));
    }
    lv_timer_create(add_data, 200, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def draw event cb(e):
   obj = e.get target()
   # Add the faded area before the lines are drawn
   dsc = lv.obj draw part dsc t. cast (e.get param())
   if dsc.part != lv.PART.ITEMS:
        return
   if not dsc.p1 or not dsc.p2:
       return
   # Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line
   line mask param = lv.draw mask line param t()
   line mask param.points init(dsc.pl.x, dsc.pl.y, dsc.p2.x, dsc.p2.y, lv.DRAW MASK
→LINE SIDE.BOTTOM)
   # line mask id = line mask param.draw mask add(None)
   line mask id = lv.draw mask add(line mask param, None)
   # Add a fade effect: transparent bottom covering top
   h = obj.get height()
   fade mask param = lv.draw mask fade param t()
   coords = lv.area t()
   obj.get coords(coords)
   fade mask param.init(coords, lv.OPA.COVER, coords.y1 + h // 8, lv.OPA.TRANSP,
fade_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_param,None)
   # Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask
   draw rect dsc = lv.draw rect dsc t()
```

(continues on next page)

```
draw rect dsc.init()
    draw rect dsc.bg opa = lv.OPA. 20
    draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc.line_dsc.color
    a = lv.area t()
    a.x1 = dsc.p1.x
    a.x2 = dsc.p2.x - 1
    a.y1 = min(dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
    coords = lv.area t()
   obj.get_coords(coords)
    a.y2 = coords.y2
   dsc.draw_ctx.rect(draw_rect_dsc, a)
    # Remove the masks
    lv.draw mask remove id(line mask id)
    lv.draw_mask_remove_id(fade_mask_id)
def add data(timer):
    # LV UNUSED(timer);
    chart1.set_next_value(ser1, lv.rand(20, 90))
    if cnt % 4 == 0:
        chart1.set next value(ser2, lv.rand(40, 60))
    cnt +=1
# Add a faded area effect to the line chart
# Create a chart1
chart1 = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart1.set size(200, 150)
chart1.center()
chart1.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.LINE) # Show lines and points too
chart1.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)
chart1.set update mode(lv.chart.UPDATE MODE.CIRCULAR)
# Add two data series
ser1 = chart1.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = chart1.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY Y)
for i in range(10):
    chart1.set_next_value(ser1, lv.rand(20, 90))
    chart1.set next value(ser2, lv.rand(30, 70))
timer = lv.timer_create(add_data, 200, None)
```

Axis ticks and labels with scrolling

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void draw event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    if(!lv obj draw part check type(dsc, &lv chart class, LV CHART DRAW PART TICK
→LABEL)) return;
    if(dsc->id == LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY X && dsc->text) {
        const char * month[] = {"Jan", "Febr", "March", "Apr", "May", "Jun", "July",
→"Aug", "Sept", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"};
        lv snprintf(dsc->text, dsc->text length, "%s", month[dsc->value]);
}
* Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
void lv example chart 3(void)
    /*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_BAR);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 0, 100);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y, 0, 400);
    lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, 12);
    lv obj add event cb(chart, draw event cb, LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN, NULL);
    /*Add ticks and label to every axis*/
   lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 12, 3, true, 40);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 2, true, 50);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y, 10, 5, 3, 4, true, 50);
    /*Zoom in a little in X*/
    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, 800);
    /*Add two data series*/
    lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_lighten(LV_
→PALETTE_GREEN, 2), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_darken(LV_
→PALETTE_GREEN, 2), LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);
    /*Set the next points on 'ser1'*/
    lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 31);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 66);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 89);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 63);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 56);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 32);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 35);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 57);
    lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 85);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 22);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 58);
    lv_coord_t * ser2_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser2);
    /*Directly set points on 'ser2'*/
    ser2 array[0] = 92;
    ser2_array[1] = 71;
    ser2_array[2] = 61;
    ser2_array[3] = 15;
    ser2 array[4] = 21;
    ser2 array[5] = 35;
    ser2 array[6] = 35;
    ser2 array[7] = 58;
    ser2_array[8] = 31;
    ser2_array[9] = 53;
    ser2 array[10] = 33;
    ser2_array[11] = 73;
    lv chart refresh(chart); /*Required after direct set*/
}
#endif
```

```
def draw event cb(e):
    dsc = lv.obj draw part dsc t. cast (e.get param())
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.TICKS and dsc.id == lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY X:
       month = ["Jan", "Febr", "March", "Apr", "May", "Jun", "July", "Aug", "Sept",
→"Oct", "Nov", "Dec"]
        # dsc.text is defined char text[16], I must therefore convert the Python.
→string to a byte_array
        dsc.text = bytes(month[dsc.value], "ascii")
# Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set size(200, 150)
chart.center()
chart.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.BAR)
chart.set range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y, 0, 100)
chart.set range(lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY Y, 0, 400)
chart.set point count(12)
chart.add event cb(draw event cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW PART BEGIN, None)
# Add ticks and label to every axis
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 12, 3, True, 40)
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 2, True, 50)
chart.set axis tick(lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY Y, 10, 5, 3, 4, True, 50)
# Zoom in a little in X
chart.set zoom x(800)
```

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```
# Add two data series
ser1 = lv.chart.add series(chart, lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 2), lv.chart.
→AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = lv.chart.add_series(chart, lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 2), lv.chart.
→AXIS.SECONDARY Y)
# Set the next points on 'ser1'
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 31)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 66)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 89)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 63)
chart.set next value(ser1, 56)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 32)
chart.set next value(ser1, 35)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 57)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 85)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 22)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 58)
# Directly set points on 'ser2'
ser2.y_points = [92,71,61,15,21,35,35,58,31,53,33,73]
chart.refresh() # Required after direct set
```

Show the value of the pressed points

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv_obj_t * chart = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED) {
        lv obj invalidate(chart);
    if(code == LV EVENT REFR EXT DRAW SIZE) {
        lv coord t * s = lv event get param(e);
        *s = LV_MAX(*s, 20);
    else if(code == LV EVENT DRAW POST END) {
        int32_t id = lv_chart_get_pressed_point(chart);
        if(id == LV CHART POINT NONE) return;
        LV_LOG_USER("Selected point %d", (int)id);
        lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(chart, NULL);
        while(ser) {
            lv_point_t p;
            lv_chart_get_point_pos_by_id(chart, ser, id, &p);
```

(continues on next page)

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```
lv_coord_t * y_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser);
            lv_coord_t value = y_array[id];
            char buf[16];
            lv snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), LV SYMBOL DUMMY"$%d", value);
            lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
            lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_color_black();
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_50;
            draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3;
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_src = buf;
            draw rect dsc.bg img recolor = lv color white();
            lv area t a;
            a.x1 = chart -> coords.x1 + p.x - 20;
            a.x2 = chart->coords.x1 + p.x + 20;
            a.y1 = chart->coords.y1 + p.y - 30;
            a.y2 = chart->coords.y1 + p.y - 10;
            lv draw ctx t * draw ctx = lv event get draw ctx(e);
            lv_draw_rect(draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);
            ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(chart, ser);
        }
   }
    else if(code == LV EVENT RELEASED) {
        lv_obj_invalidate(chart);
}
* Show the value of the pressed points
void lv_example_chart_4(void)
    /*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv obj center(chart);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv obj refresh ext draw size(chart);
    /*Zoom in a little in X*/
    lv chart set zoom x(chart, 800);
    /*Add two data series*/
    lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→ RED), LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y);
    lv chart series t * ser2 = lv chart add series(chart, lv palette main(LV PALETTE
→GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, lv rand(60,90));
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser2, lv_rand(10,40));
                                                                          (continues on next page)
```

```
}
}
#endif
```

```
def event cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    chart = e.get target()
   if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
        chart.invalidate()
   if code == lv.EVENT.REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE:
        e.set ext draw size(20)
   elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW POST END:
        id = lv.chart.get pressed point(chart)
        if id == lv.CHART_POINT.NONE:
            return
        # print("Selected point ", id)
        for i in range(len(series)):
            p = lv.point t()
            chart.get_point_pos_by_id(series[i], id, p)
            value = series_points[i][id]
            buf = lv.SYMB0L.DUMMY + "$" + str(value)
            draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
            draw rect dsc.init()
            draw rect dsc.bg color = lv.color black()
            draw rect dsc.bg opa = lv.OPA. 50
            draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3
            draw rect dsc.bg img src = buf
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_recolor = lv.color_white()
            a = lv.area t()
            coords = lv.area t()
            chart.get_coords(coords)
            a.x1 = coords.x1 + p.x - 20
            a.x2 = coords.x1 + p.x + 20
            a.y1 = coords.y1 + p.y - 30
            a.y2 = coords.y1 + p.y - 10
            clip area = lv.area t. cast (e.get param())
            lv.draw_rect(a, clip_area, draw_rect_dsc)
   elif code == lv.EVENT.RELEASED:
        chart.invalidate()
# Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set size(200, 150)
chart.center()
```

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```
chart.add event cb(event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
chart.refresh_ext_draw_size()
# Zoom in a little in X
chart.set zoom x(800)
# Add two data series
ser1 = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
ser2 = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
ser1_p = []
ser2 p = []
for i in range(10):
    ser1 p.append(lv.rand(60,90))
    ser2 p.append(lv.rand(10,40))
ser1.y_points = ser1_p
ser2.y_points = ser2_p
series = [ser1,ser2]
series points=[ser1 p,ser2 p]
```

Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV USE SLIDER && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv obj t * chart;
/* Source: https://github.com/ankur219/ECG-Arrhythmia-classification/blob/
\rightarrow 642230149583adfae1e4bd26c6f0e1fd8af2be0e/sample.csv*/
static const lv coord t ecg sample[] = {
    -2, 2, 0, -\overline{15}, -3\overline{9}, -6\overline{3}, -71, -68, -67, -69, -84, -95, -104, -107, -108, -107, -
\hookrightarrow107, -107, -107, -114, -118, -117,
    -112, -100, -89, -83, -71, -64, -58, -58, -62, -62, -58, -51, -46, -39, -27, -10,...
\hookrightarrow4, 7, 1, -3, 0, 14, 24, 30, 25, 19,
    13, 7, 12, 15, 18, 21, 13, 6, 9, 8, 17, 19, 13, 11, 11, 11, 23, 30, 37, 34, 25,...
\rightarrow14, 15, 19, 28, 31, 26, 23, 25, 31,
    39, 37, 37, 34, 30, 32, 22, 29, 31, 33, 37, 23, 13, 7, 2, 4, -2, 2, 11, 22, 33,...
\rightarrow19, -1, -27, -55, -67, -72, -71, -63,
    -49, -18, 35, 113, 230, 369, 525, 651, 722, 730, 667, 563, 454, 357, 305, 288,...
→274, 255, 212, 173, 143, 117, 82, 39,
    -13, -53, -78, -91, -101, -113, -124, -131, -131, -131, -129, -128, -129, -125, -
\rightarrow123, -123, -129, -139, -148, -153,
    -159, -166, -183, -205, -227, -243, -248, -246, -254, -280, -327, -381, -429, -

→473, -517, -556, -592, -612, -620,

    -620, -614, -604, -591, -574, -540, -497, -441, -389, -358, -336, -313, -284, -
\Rightarrow222, -167, -114, -70, -47, -28, -4, 12,
    38, 52, 58, 56, 56, 57, 68, 77, 86, 86, 80, 69, 67, 70, 82, 85, 89, 90, 89, 89,
→88, 91, 96, 97, 91, 83, 78, 82, 88, 95,
    96, 105, 106, 110, 102, 100, 96, 98, 97, 101, 98, 99, 100, 107, 113, 119, 115,
\rightarrow110, 96, 85, 73, 64, 69, 76, 79,
    78, 75, 85, 100, 114, 113, 105, 96, 84, 74, 66, 60, 75, 85, 89, 83, 67, 61, 67,
\rightarrow73, 79, 74, 63, 57, 56, 58, 61, 55,
    48, 45, 46, 55, 62, 55, 49, 43, 50, 59, 63, 57, 40, 31, 23, 25, 27, 31, 35, 34,...
\rightarrow30, 36, 34, 42, 38, 36, 40, 46, 50,
                                                                               (continues on next page)
```

```
47, 32, 30, 32, 52, 67, 73, 71, 63, 54, 53, 45, 41, 28, 13, 3, 1, 4, 4, -8, -23, -
\Rightarrow32, -31, -19, -5, 3, 9, 13, 19,
    24, 27, 29, 25, 22, 26, 32, 42, 51, 56, 60, 57, 55, 53, 53, 54, 59, 54, 49, 26, -
\rightarrow3, -11, -20, -47, -100, -194, -236,
    -212, -123, 8, 103, 142, 147, 120, 105, 98, 93, 81, 61, 40, 26, 28, 30, 30, 27,...
\rightarrow19, 17, 21, 20, 19, 19, 22, 36, 40,
    35, 20, 7, 1, 10, 18, 27, 22, 6, -4, -2, 3, 6, -2, -13, -14, -10, -2, 3, 2, -1, -
-5, -10, -19, -32, -42, -55, -60,
    -68, -77, -86, -101, -110, -117, -115, -104, -92, -84, -85, -84, -73, -65, -52, -
50, -45, -35, -20, -3, 12, 20, 25,
    26, 28, 28, 30, 28, 25, 28, 33, 42, 42, 36, 23, 9, 0, 1, -4, 1, -4, -4, 1, 5, 9,
\rightarrow 9, -3, -1, -18, -50, -108, -190,
    -272, -340, -408, -446, -537, -643, -777, -894, -920, -853, -697, -461, -251, -60,
\rightarrow 58, 103, 129, 139, 155, 170, 173,
    178, 185, 190, 193, 200, 208, 215, 225, 224, 232, 234, 240, 240, 236, 229, 226,...
\rightarrow224, 232, 233, 232, 224, 219, 219,
    223, 231, 226, 223, 219, 218, 223, 223, 223, 233, 245, 268, 286, 296, 295, 283,
→271, 263, 252, 243, 226, 210, 197,
    186, 171, 152, 133, 117, 114, 110, 107, 96, 80, 63, 48, 40, 38, 34, 28, 15, 2, -7,
\rightarrow -11, -14, -18, -29, -37, -44, -50,
    -58, -63, -61, -52, -50, -48, -61, -59, -58, -54, -47, -52, -62, -61, -64, -54, -
\rightarrow52, -59, -69, -76, -76, -69, -67,
    -74, -78, -81, -80, -73, -65, -57, -53, -51, -47, -35, -27, -22, -22, -24, -21, -
\rightarrow17, -13, -10, -11, -13, -20, -20,
    -12, -2, 7, -1, -12, -16, -13, -2, 2, -4, -5, -2, 9, 19, 19, 14, 11, 13, 19, 21, <u>...</u>
\rightarrow20, 18, 19, 19, 19, 16, 15, 13, 14,
    9, 3, -5, -9, -5, -3, -2, -3, -3, 2, 8, 9, 9, 5, 6, 8, 8, 7, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 5, 5,
\rightarrow13, 13, 12, 10, 10, 15, 22, 17,
    14, 7, 10, 15, 16, 11, 12, 10, 13, 9, -2, -4, -2, 7, 16, 16, 17, 16, 7, -1, -16, -
\rightarrow18, -16, -9, -4, -5, -10, -9, -8,
    -3, -4, -10, -19, -20, -16, -9, -9, -23, -40, -48, -43, -33, -19, -21, -26, -31, -
\rightarrow33, -19, 0, 17, 24, 9, -17, -47,
    -63, -67, -59, -52, -51, -50,
                                   -49, -42, -26, -21, -15, -20, -23, -22, -19, -12, -
48, 5, 18, 27, 32, 26, 25, 26, 22,
    23, 17, 14, 17, 21, 25, 2, -45, -121, -196, -226, -200, -118, -9, 73, 126, 131,...
→114, 87, 60, 42, 29, 26, 34, 35, 34,
    25, 12, 9, 7, 3, 2, -8, -11, 2, 23, 38, 41, 23, 9, 10, 13, 16, 8, -8, -17, -23, -
\rightarrow 26, -25, -21, -15, -10, -13, -13,
    -19, -22, -29, -40, -48, -48, -54, -55, -66, -82, -85, -90, -92, -98, -114, -119,...
\rightarrow -124, -129, -132, -146, -146, -138,
    -124, -99, -85, -72, -65, -65, -65, -66, -63, -64, -64, -58, -46, -26, -9, 2, 2,...
4, 0, 1, 4, 3, 10, 11, 10, 2, -4,
    0, 10, 18, 20, 6, 2, -9, -7, -3, -3, -2, -7, -12, -5, 5, 24, 36, 31, 25, 6, 3, 7,
\rightarrow12, 17, 11, 0, -6, -9, -8, -7, -5,
    -6, -2, -2, -6, -2, 2, 14, 24, 22, 15, 8, 4, 6, 7, 12, 16, 25, 20, 7, -16, -41, -
60, -67, -65, -54, -35, -11, 30,
    84, 175, 302, 455, 603, 707, 743, 714, 625, 519, 414, 337, 300, 281, 263, 239,...
\rightarrow197, 163, 136, 109, 77, 34, -18, -50,
    -66, -74, -79, -92, -107, -117, -127, -129, -135, -139, -141, -155, -159, -167, -
→171, -169, -174, -175, -178, -191,
    -202, -223, -235, -243, -237, -240, -256, -298, -345, -393, -432, -475, -518, -
\rightarrow 565, -596, -619, -623, -623, -614,
    -599, -583, -559, -524, -477, -425, -383, -357, -331, -301, -252, -198, -143, -96,
  -57, -29, -8, 10, 31, 45, 60, 65,
    70, 74, 76, 79, 82, 79, 75, 62,
};
```

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```
static void slider x event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
    int32_t v = lv_slider_get_value(obj);
    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, v);
static void slider y event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    int32_t v = lv_slider_get_value(obj);
    lv chart set zoom y(chart, v);
}
* Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling.
* See how the chart changes drawing mode (draw only vertical lines) when
* the points get too crowded.
void lv example chart 5(void)
    /*Create a chart*/
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv obj align(chart, LV ALIGN CENTER, -30, -30);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, -1000, 1000);
    /*Do not display points on the data*/
    lv obj set style size(chart, 0, LV PART INDICATOR);
    lv chart series t * ser = lv chart add series(chart, lv palette main(LV PALETTE
→RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32 t pcnt = sizeof(ecg sample) / sizeof(ecg sample[0]);
    lv chart set point count(chart, pcnt);
    lv_chart_set_ext_y_array(chart, ser, (lv_coord_t *)ecg_sample);
    lv obj t * slider;
    slider = lv slider create(lv scr act());
    lv slider set range(slider, LV IMG ZOOM NONE, LV IMG ZOOM NONE * 10);
    lv obj add event cb(slider, slider x event cb, LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(slider, 200, 10);
    lv obj align to(slider, chart, LV ALIGN OUT BOTTOM MID, 0, 20);
    slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv slider set range(slider, LV IMG ZOOM NONE, LV IMG ZOOM NONE * 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_y_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
lv_obj_set_size(slider, 10, 150);
    lv obj align to(slider, chart, LV ALIGN OUT RIGHT MID, 20, 0);
}
#endif
```

```
# Source: https://github.com/ankur219/ECG-Arrhythmia-classification/blob/ \rightarrow 642230149583adfae1e4bd26c6f0e1fd8af2be0e/sample.csv ecg_sample = [
```

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```
-2, 2, 0, -15, -39, -63, -71, -68, -67, -69, -84, -95, -104, -107, -108, -107, -
\rightarrow 107, -107, -107, -114, -118, -117,
     -112, -100, -89, -83, -71, -64, -58, -58, -62, -62, -58, -51, -46, -39, -27, -10,
4, 7, 1, -3, 0, 14, 24, 30, 25, 19,
     13, 7, 12, 15, 18, 21, 13, 6, 9, 8, 17, 19, 13, 11, 11, 11, 23, 30, 37, 34, 25,
\rightarrow14, 15, 19, 28, 31, 26, 23, 25, 31,
     39, 37, 37, 34, 30, 32, 22, 29, 31, 33, 37, 23, 13, 7, 2, 4, -2, 2, 11, 22, 33,
\rightarrow19, -1, -27, -55, -67, -72, -71, -63,
     -49, -18, 35, 113, 230, 369, 525, 651, 722, 730, 667, 563, 454, 357, 305, 288,
→274, 255, 212, 173, 143, 117, 82, 39,
     -13, -53, -78, -91, -101, -113, -124, -131, -131, -131, -129, -128, -129, -125, -
\rightarrow 123, -123, -129, -139, -148, -153,
     -159, -166, -183, -205, -227, -243, -248, -246, -254, -280, -327, -381, -429, -
\rightarrow 473, -517, -556, -592, -612, -620,
     -620, -614, -604, -591, -574, -540, -497, -441, -389, -358, -336, -313, -284, -
\Rightarrow222, -167, -114, -70, -47, -28, -4, 12,
     38, 52, 58, 56, 56, 57, 68, 77, 86, 86, 80, 69, 67, 70, 82, 85, 89, 90, 89, 89,
→88, 91, 96, 97, 91, 83, 78, 82, 88, 95,
     96, 105, 106, 110, 102, 100, 96, 98, 97, 101, 98, 99, 100, 107, 113, 119, 115,
→110, 96, 85, 73, 64, 69, 76, 79,
     78, 75, 85, 100, 114, 113, 105, 96, 84, 74, 66, 60, 75, 85, 89, 83, 67, 61, 67,...
\rightarrow73, 79, 74, 63, 57, 56, 58, 61, 55,
     48, 45, 46, 55, 62, 55, 49, 43, 50, 59, 63, 57, 40, 31, 23, 25, 27, 31, 35, 34, <u>...</u>
\rightarrow 30, 36, 34, 42, 38, 36, 40, 46, 50,
     47, 32, 30, 32, 52, 67, 73, 71, 63, 54, 53, 45, 41, 28, 13, 3, 1, 4, 4, -8, -23, -
\rightarrow32, -31, -19, -5, 3, 9, 13, 19,
     24, 27, 29, 25, 22, 26, 32, 42, 51, 56, 60, 57, 55, 53, 53, 54, 59, 54, 49, 26, -
\rightarrow 3, -11, -20, -47, -100, -194, -236,
     -212, -123, 8, 103, 142, 147, 120, 105, 98, 93, 81, 61, 40, 26, 28, 30, 30, 27,
\rightarrow19, 17, 21, 20, 19, 19, 22, 36, 40,
     35, 20, 7, 1, 10, 18, 27, 22, 6, -4, -2, 3, 6, -2, -13, -14, -10, -2, 3, 2, -1, -
\rightarrow 5, -10, -19, -32, -42, -55, -60,
     -68, -77, -86, -101, -110, -117, -115, -104, -92, -84, -85, -84, -73, -65, -52, -
\hookrightarrow50, -45, -35, -20, -3, 12, 20, 25,
     26, 28, 28, 30, 28, 25, 28, 33, 42, 42, 36, 23, 9, 0, 1, -4, 1, -4, -4, 1, 5, 9,
\rightarrow9, -3, -1, -18, -50, -108, -190,
     -272, -340, -408, -446, -537, -643, -777, -894, -920, -853, -697, -461, -251, -60,
→ 58, 103, 129, 139, 155, 170, 173,
     178, 185, 190, 193, 200, 208, 215, 225, 224, 232, 234, 240, 240, 236, 229, 226,...
\rightarrow224, 232, 233, 232, 224, 219, 219,
     223, 231, 226, 223, 219, 218, 223, 223, 223, 233, 245, 268, 286, 296, 295, 283,,,
\rightarrow271, 263, 252, 243, 226, 210, 197,
     186, 171, 152, 133, 117, 114, 110, 107, 96, 80, 63, 48, 40, 38, 34, 28, 15, 2, -7,
\rightarrow -11, -14, -18, -29, -37, -44, -50,
     -58, -63, -61, -52, -50, -48, -61, -59, -58, -54, -47, -52, -62, -61, -64, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, -54, 
\rightarrow52, -59, -69, -76, -76, -69, -67,
     -74, -78, -81, -80, -73, -65, -57, -53, -51, -47, -35, -27, -22, -22, -24, -21, -
\hookrightarrow17, -13, -10, -11, -13, -20, -20,
     -12, -2, 7, -1, -12, -16, -13, -2, 2, -4, -5, -2, 9, 19, 19, 14, 11, 13, 19, 21, <u>...</u>
\rightarrow20, 18, 19, 19, 19, 16, 15, 13, 14,
     9, 3, -5, -9, -5, -3, -2, -3, -3, 2, 8, 9, 9, 5, 6, 8, 8, 7, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 5, 5,
→13, 13, 12, 10, 10, 15, 22, 17,
     14, 7, 10, 15, 16, 11, 12, 10, 13, 9, -2, -4, -2, 7, 16, 16, 17, 16, 7, -1, -16, -
\rightarrow18, -16, -9, -4, -5, -10, -9, -8,
     -3, -4, -10, -19, -20, -16, -9, -9, -23, -40, -48, -43, -33, -19, -21, -26, -31, -
\rightarrow33, -19, 0, 17, 24, 9, -17, -47,
     -63, -67, -59, -52, -51, -50, -49, -42, -26, -21, -15, -20, -23, -22, -19, -12, -
\rightarrow 8, 5, 18, 27, 32, 26, 25, 26, 22,
                                                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
23, 17, 14, 17, 21, 25, 2, -45, -121, -196, -226, -200, -118, -9, 73, 126, 131,...
\rightarrow114, 87, 60, 42, 29, 26, 34, 35, 34,
    25, 12, 9, 7, 3, 2, -8, -11, 2, 23, 38, 41, 23, 9, 10, 13, 16, 8, -8, -17, -23, -
\Rightarrow26, -25, -21, -15, -10, -13, -13,
    -19, -22, -29, -40, -48, -48, -54, -55, -66, -82, -85, -90, -92, -98, -114, -119,...
\hookrightarrow -124, -129, -132, -146, -146, -138,
-124, -99, -85, -72, -65, -65, -65, -66, -63, -64, -64, -58, -46, -26, -9, 2, 2, _{\rightharpoonup}4, 0, 1, 4, 3, 10, 11, 10, 2, -4,
    0, 10, 18, 20, 6, 2, -9, -7, -3, -3, -2, -7, -12, -5, 5, 24, 36, 31, 25, 6, 3, 7,
\rightarrow12, 17, 11, 0, -6, -9, -8, -7, -5,
    -6, -2, -2, -6, -2, 2, 14, 24, 22, 15, 8, 4, 6, 7, 12, 16, 25, 20, 7, -16, -41, -
60, -67, -65, -54, -35, -11, 30,
    84, 175, 302, 455, 603, 707, 743, 714, 625, 519, 414, 337, 300, 281, 263, 239,...
\rightarrow 197, 163, 136, 109, 77, 34, -18, -50,
    -66, -74, -79, -92, -107, -117, -127, -129, -135, -139, -141, -155, -159, -167, -
\rightarrow171, -169, -174, -175, -178, -191,
    -202, -223, -235, -243, -237, -240, -256, -298, -345, -393, -432, -475, -518, -
\rightarrow565, -596, -619, -623, -623, -614,
    -599, -583, -559, -524, -477, -425, -383, -357, -331, -301, -252, -198, -143, -96,
\rightarrow -57, -29, -8, 10, 31, 45, 60, 65,
    70, 74, 76, 79, 82, 79, 75, 62,
def slider_x_event_cb(e):
    slider = e.get target()
    v = slider.get value()
    chart.set_zoom_x(v)
def slider_y_event_cb(e):
    slider = e.get_target()
    v = slider.get value()
    chart.set_zoom_y(v)
# Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling.
# See how the chart changes drawing mode (draw only vertical lines) when
# the points get too crowded.
# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set size(200, 150)
chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -30, -30)
chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, -1000, 1000)
# Do not display points on the data
chart.set style size(0, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
ser = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
pcnt = len(ecg sample)
chart.set point count(pcnt)
chart.set_ext_y_array(ser, ecg_sample)
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
```

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```
slider.set_range(lv.IMG_Z00M.NONE, lv.IMG_Z00M.NONE * 10)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_x_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
slider.set_size(200,10)
slider.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20)

slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.set_range(lv.IMG_Z00M.NONE, lv.IMG_Z00M.NONE * 10)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_y_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
slider.set_size(10, 150)
slider.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 20, 0)
```

Show cursor on the clicked point

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv obj t * chart;
static lv chart series t * ser;
static lv_chart_cursor_t * cursor;
static void event cb(lv event t * e)
    static int32_t last_id = -1;
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED) {
        last id = lv chart get pressed point(obj);
        if(last id != LV CHART POINT NONE) {
            lv_chart_set_cursor_point(obj, cursor, NULL, last_id);
    else if(code == LV EVENT DRAW PART END) {
        lv obj draw part dsc t * dsc = lv event get draw part dsc(e);
        if(!lv_obj_draw_part_check_type(dsc, &lv_chart_class, LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_

    GURSOR)) return;
        if(dsc->p1 == NULL || dsc->p2 == NULL || dsc->p1->y != dsc->p2->y || last_id
→< 0) return;</pre>
        lv coord t * data array = lv chart get y array(chart, ser);
        lv coord t v = data_array[last_id];
        char buf[16];
        lv snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d", v);
        lv_point_t size;
        lv txt get size(&size, buf, LV FONT DEFAULT, 0, 0, LV COORD MAX, LV TEXT FLAG
→NONE);
        lv area t a;
        a.y2 = dsc->p1->y - 5;
        a.y1 = a.y2 - size.y - 10;
        a.x1 = dsc->p1->x + 10;
        a.x2 = a.x1 + size.x + 10;
```

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```
lv draw rect dsc t draw rect dsc;
        lv draw rect dsc init(&draw rect dsc);
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);
        draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3;
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);
        lv_draw_label_dsc_t draw_label_dsc;
        lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&draw_label_dsc);
        draw_label_dsc.color = lv_color_white();
        a.x1 += 5;
        a.x2 -= 5;
        a.y1 += 5;
        a.y2 -= 5;
        lv draw label(dsc->draw ctx, &draw label dsc, &a, buf, NULL);
    }
}
* Show cursor on the clicked point
void lv_example_chart_6(void)
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv obj align(chart, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, -10);
    lv chart set axis tick(chart, LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, true, 40);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 10, 1, true, 30);
    lv obj add event cb(chart, event cb, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(chart);
    cursor = lv chart add cursor(chart, lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE), LV DIR LEFT...

→ | LV_DIR_BOTTOM);
    ser = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_
→PRIMARY Y);
   uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv chart set next value(chart, ser, lv rand(10,90));
   lv chart set zoom x(chart, 500);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv label set text(label, "Click on a point");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, chart, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);
}
#endif
```

```
class ExampleChart_6():
    def __init__(self):
        self.last_id = -1
```

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```
# Show cursor on the clicked point
       chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
       chart.set_size(200, 150)
       chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -10)
       chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, True, 40)
       chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 10, 1, True, 30)
       chart.add event cb(self.event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
       chart.refresh ext draw size()
       self.cursor = chart.add cursor(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.DIR.LEFT_
→ | lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
       self.ser = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.
→PRIMARY Y)
       self.ser_p = []
       for i in range(10):
           self.ser_p.append(lv.rand(10,90))
       self.ser.y_points = self.ser_p
       newser = chart.get series next(None)
       # print("length of data points: ",len(newser.points))
       chart.set_zoom_x(500)
       label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
       label.set text("Click on a point")
       label.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)
   def event_cb(self,e):
       code = e.get_code()
       chart = e.get target()
       if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
           # print("last id: ",self.last id)
           self.last id = chart.get pressed point()
           if self.last id != lv.CHART POINT.NONE:
                p = lv.point t()
                chart.get_point_pos_by_id(self.ser, self.last_id, p)
               chart.set cursor point(self.cursor, None, self.last id)
       elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW PART END:
           # print("EVENT.DRAW PART END")
           dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
           # if dsc.p1 and dsc.p2:
               # print("p1, p2", dsc.p1,dsc.p2)
                # print("p1.y, p2.y", dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
                # print("last id: ",self.last id)
           if dsc.part == lv.PART.CURSOR and dsc.p1 and dsc.p2 and dsc.p1.y == dsc.
\rightarrowp2.y and self.last id >= 0:
```

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```
v = self.ser_p[self.last_id]
                # print("value: ",v)
                value_txt = str(v)
                size = lv.point_t()
                lv.txt_get_size(size, value_txt, lv.font_default(), 0, 0, lv.COORD.
→MAX, lv.TEXT FLAG.NONE)
                a = lv.area t()
                a.y2 = dsc.p1.y - 5
                a.y1 = a.y2 - size.y - 10
                a.x1 = dsc.pl.x + 10
                a.x2 = a.x1 + size.x + 10
                draw rect dsc = lv.draw rect dsc t()
                draw_rect_dsc.init()
                draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)
                draw rect dsc.radius = 3
                lv.draw rect(a, dsc.clip area, draw rect dsc)
                draw_label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
                draw_label_dsc.init()
                draw_label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()
                a.x1 += 5
                a.x2 -= 5
                a.y1 += 5
                a.y2 -= 5
                lv.draw label(a, dsc.clip area, draw label dsc, value txt, None)
example_chart_6 = ExampleChart_6()
```

Scatter chart

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv obj draw part dsc t * dsc = lv event get draw part dsc(e);
    if(dsc->part == LV PART ITEMS) {
       lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
        lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(obj, NULL);
       uint32 t cnt = lv chart get point count(obj);
       /*Make older value more transparent*/
       dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = (LV_OPA_COVER * dsc->id) / (cnt - 1);
        /*Make smaller values blue, higher values red*/
       lv_coord_t * x_array = lv_chart_get_x_array(obj, ser);
       lv_coord_t * y_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(obj, ser);
       /*dsc->id is the tells drawing order, but we need the ID of the point being
       uint32_t start_point = lv_chart_get_x_start_point(obj, ser);
       uint32_t p_act = (start_point + dsc->id) % cnt; /*Consider start point to get_
→the index of the array*/
```

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```
lv opa t x opa = (x array[p act] * LV OPA 50) / 200;
        lv_opa_t y_opa = (y_array[p_act] * LV_0PA_50) / 1000;
        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED),
                                                lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
                                                 x_{opa} + y_{opa};
    }
static void add_data(lv_timer_t * timer)
    LV UNUSED(timer);
    lv obj t * chart = timer->user data;
    lv chart set next value2(chart, lv chart get series next(chart, NULL), lv rand(0,
\rightarrow200), lv rand(0,1000));
* A scatter chart
void lv example chart 7(void)
    lv_obj_t * chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv obj align(chart, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv obj add event cb(chart, draw event cb, LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_line_width(chart, 0, LV_PART_ITEMS); /*Remove the lines*/
   lv chart set type(chart, LV CHART TYPE SCATTER);
    lv chart set axis tick(chart, LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY X, 5, 5, 5, 1, true, 30);
   lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, true, 50);
   lv chart set range(chart, LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY X, 0, 200);
   lv chart set range(chart, LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y, 0, 1000);
   lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, 50);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→ RED), LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y);
   uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 50; i++) {
        lv chart set next value2(chart, ser, lv rand(0, 200), lv rand(0, 1000));
    lv timer create(add data, 100, chart);
}
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

def draw_event_cb(e):
```

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```
dsc = e.get draw part dsc()
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        obj = e.get_target()
        ser = obj.get_series_next(None)
        cnt = obj.get_point_count()
        # print("cnt: ",cnt)
        # Make older value more transparent
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = (lv.OPA.COVER * dsc.id) // (cnt - 1)
        # Make smaller values blue, higher values red
        # x_array = chart.get_x_array(ser)
        # y_array = chart.get_y_array(ser)
        # dsc->id is the tells drawing order, but we need the ID of the point being,
→drawn.
        start point = chart.get x start point(ser)
        # print("start point: ",start_point)
        p_act = (start_point + dsc.id) % cnt # Consider start point to get the index_
→of the array
       # print("p_act", p_act)
        x opa = (x array[p act] * lv.0PA. 50) // 200
        y_{opa} = (y_{array}[p_{act}] * lv.0PA._50) // 1000
        dsc.rect dsc.bg color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED).color mix(
                                             lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE),
                                             x_{opa} + y_{opa}
def add data(timer,chart):
   # print("add data")
   x = lv.rand(0.200)
   y = lv.rand(0,1000)
    chart.set next value2(ser, x, y)
    # chart.set_next_value2(chart.gx, y)
   x array.pop(0)
   x array.append(x)
   y_array.pop(0)
   y array.append(y)
# A scatter chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set size(200, 150)
chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
chart.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)
chart.set style line width(0, lv.PART.ITEMS) # Remove the lines
chart.set type(lv.chart.TYPE.SCATTER)
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 5, 5, 5, 1, True, 30)
chart.set axis tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, True, 50)
chart.set range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY X, 0, 200)
chart.set range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y, 0, 1000)
chart.set point count(50)
```

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Stacked area chart

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
/* A struct is used to keep track of the series list because later we need to draw..
→to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised. */
typedef struct
    lv obj t *obj;
    lv chart series t *series list[3];
} stacked area chart t;
static stacked_area_chart_t stacked_area_chart;
* Callback which draws the blocks of colour under the lines
static void draw event cb(lv event t *e)
   lv_obj_t *obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    /*Add the faded area before the lines are drawn*/
   lv obj draw part dsc t *dsc = lv event get draw part dsc(e);
   if (dsc->part == LV PART ITEMS)
    {
        if (!dsc->p1 || !dsc->p2)
            return;
        /*Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line*/
        lv_draw_mask_line_param_t line_mask_param;
        lv_draw_mask_line_points_init(&line_mask_param, dsc->p1->x, dsc->p1->y, dsc->
→p2->x, dsc->p2->y, LV_DRAW_MASK_LINE_SIDE_BOTTOM);
        int16_t line_mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&line_mask_param, NULL);
        /*Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask*/
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
        lv draw rect dsc init(&draw rect dsc);
```

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```
draw rect dsc.bg opa = LV OPA COVER;
        draw rect dsc.bg color = dsc->line dsc->color;
        lv_area_t a;
        a.x1 = dsc->p1->x;
        a.x2 = dsc->p2->x;
        a.y1 = LV MIN(dsc->p1->y, dsc->p2->y);
        a.y2 = obj->coords.y2 - 13; /* -13 cuts off where the rectangle draws over
→the chart margin. Without this an area of 0 doesn't look like 0 */
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);
        /*Remove the mask*/
        lv draw mask free param(&line mask param);
        lv draw mask remove id(line mask id);
    }
}
* Helper function to round a fixed point number
static int32 t round fixed point(int32 t n, int8 t shift)
    /* Create a bitmask to isolates the decimal part of the fixed point number */
    int32_t mask = 1;
    for (int32 t bit pos = 0; bit pos < shift; bit pos++)</pre>
        mask = (mask << 1) + 1;
    }
    int32 t decimal part = n & mask;
   /* Get 0.5 as fixed point */
    int32 t rounding boundary = 1 << (shift - 1);</pre>
    /* Return either the integer part of n or the integer part + 1 */
    return (decimal part < rounding boundary) ? (n \& ~mask) : ((n >> shift) + 1) <<___

    shift;
}
* Stacked area chart
void lv example chart 8(void)
    /*Create a stacked area chart.obj*/
    stacked area chart.obj = lv chart create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(stacked area chart.obj, 200, 150);
    lv obj center(stacked area chart.obj);
    lv_chart_set_type(stacked_area_chart.obj, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE);
    lv_chart_set_div_line_count(stacked_area_chart.obj, 5, 7);
    lv obj add event cb(stacked area chart.obj, draw event cb, LV EVENT DRAW PART
→BEGIN, NULL);
    /* Set range to 0 to 100 for percentages. Draw ticks */
    lv chart set range(stacked area chart.obj,LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y,0,100);
    lv chart set axis tick(stacked area chart.obj, LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y, 3, 0, 5,...
\rightarrow1, true, 30);
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Set point size to 0 so the lines are smooth */
   lv_obj_set_style_size(stacked_area_chart.obj, 0, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    /*Add some data series*/
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[0] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj,_
→ lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED), LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y);
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[1] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj,_
→ lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[2] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj,_
→ lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    for (int point = 0; point < 10; point++)</pre>
    {
        /* Make some random data */
        uint32_t vals[3] = {lv_rand(10, 20), lv_rand(20, 30), lv_rand(20, 30)};
        int8 t fixed point shift = 5;
        uint32_t total = vals[0] + vals[1] + vals[2];
        uint32 t draw heights[3];
        uint32 t int sum = 0;
        uint32 t decimal sum = 0;
        /* Fixed point cascade rounding ensures percentages add to 100 */
        for (int32 t series index = 0; series index < 3; series index++)</pre>
            decimal sum += (((vals[series index] * 100) << fixed point shift) /...</pre>
→total);
            int sum += (vals[series index] * 100) / total;
            int32 t modifier = (round fixed point(decimal sum, fixed point shift) >>,
→fixed point shift) - int sum;
            /* The draw heights are equal to the percentage of the total each value,
\rightarrowis + the cumulative sum of the previous percentages.
                The accumulation is how the values get "stacked" */
            draw_heights[series_index] = int_sum + modifier;
            /* Draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were,
→initialised.
                Without this the higher values will draw on top of the lower ones.
                This is because the Z-height of a series matches the order it was...
→initialised */
            lv chart set next value(stacked area chart.obj, stacked area chart.series
→list[3 - series_index - 1], draw_heights[series_index]);
    }
    lv chart refresh(stacked area chart.obj);
}
#endif
```

```
import display_driver
import lvgl as lv
```

(continues on next page)

```
# A class is used to keep track of the series list because later we
# need to draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised.
class StackedAreaChart:
   def init__(self):
        self.obj = None
        self.series_list = [None, None, None]
stacked area chart = StackedAreaChart()
# Callback which draws the blocks of colour under the lines
def draw event cb(e):
   obj = e.get target()
    cont_a = lv.area_t()
   obj.get_coords(cont_a)
    #Add the faded area before the lines are drawn
    dsc = e.get draw part dsc()
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        if not dsc.pl or not dsc.p2:
            return
        # Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line
        line mask param = lv.draw mask line param t()
        line mask param.points init(dsc.pl.x, dsc.pl.y, dsc.p2.x, dsc.p2.y, lv.DRAW
→MASK LINE SIDE.BOTTOM)
        line_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(line_mask_param, None)
        #Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask
        draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        draw rect dsc.init()
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc.line_dsc.color
        a = lv.area_t()
        a.x1 = dsc.p1.x
        a.x2 = dsc.p2.x
        a.y1 = min(dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
        a.y2 = cont a.y2 - 13 # -13 cuts off where the rectangle draws over the chart.
→margin. Without this an area of 0 doesn't look like 0
        dsc.draw ctx.rect(draw rect dsc, a)
        # Remove the mask
        lv.draw mask free param(line mask param)
        lv.draw mask remove id(line mask id)
# Helper function to round a fixed point number
def round fixed point(n, shift):
   # Create a bitmask to isolates the decimal part of the fixed point number
   mask = 1
    for bit pos in range(shift):
        mask = (mask << 1) + 1
```

(continues on next page)

```
decimal part = n & mask
    # Get 0.5 as fixed point
    rounding boundary = 1 << (shift - 1)
    # Return either the integer part of n or the integer part + 1
    if decimal_part < rounding_boundary:</pre>
        return (n & ~mask)
    return ((n >> shift) + 1) << shift</pre>
# Stacked area chart
def lv_example_chart_8():
    #Create a stacked area chart.obj
    stacked_area_chart.obj = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
    stacked area chart.obj.set size(200, 150)
    stacked area chart.obj.center()
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_type( lv.chart.TYPE.LINE)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_div_line_count(5, 7)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.add_event_cb( draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN,_
→None)
    # Set range to 0 to 100 for percentages. Draw ticks
    stacked area chart.obj.set range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y,0,100)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 3, 0, 5, 1, True,_
→30)
    #Set point size to 0 so the lines are smooth
    stacked area chart.obj.set style size(0, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
    # Add some data series
    stacked area chart.series list[0] = stacked area chart.obj.add series(lv.palette
→main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
    stacked area chart.series list[1] = stacked area chart.obj.add series(lv.palette
→main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
    stacked area chart.series list[2] = stacked area chart.obj.add series(lv.palette
→main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
    for point in range(10):
        # Make some random data
        vals = [lv.rand(10, 20), lv.rand(20, 30), lv.rand(20, 30)]
        fixed point shift = 5
        total = vals[0] + vals[1] + vals[2]
        draw heights = [0, 0, 0]
        int_sum = 0
        decimal sum = 0
        # Fixed point cascade rounding ensures percentages add to 100
        for series index in range(3):
            decimal sum += int(((vals[series index] * 100) << fixed point shift) //...</pre>
→total)
            int sum += int((vals[series index] * 100) / total)
```

(continues on next page)

2.7.9 Checkbox

Simple Checkboxes

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHECKBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        const char * txt = lv_checkbox_get_text(obj);
        const char * state = \(\bar{l}v_obj_get_state(obj) & LV_STATE_CHECKED ? "Checked" :
→ "Unchecked":
        LV LOG USER("%s: %s", txt, state);
    }
}
void lv example checkbox 1(void)
    lv obj set flex flow(lv scr act(), LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_START, LV_
→FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);
    lv_obj_t * cb;
    cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv checkbox set text(cb, "Apple");
    lv obj add event cb(cb, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    cb = lv checkbox create(lv scr act());
    lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Banana");
    lv obj add state(cb, LV STATE CHECKED);
    lv obj add event cb(cb, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
```

(continues on next page)

```
cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Lemon");
lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_DISABLED);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED | LV_STATE_DISABLED);
lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Melon\nand a new line");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

lv_obj_update_layout(cb);

#endif
```

```
def event handler(e):
    code = e.get code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == \(\bar{\text{lv}}\). EVENT. VALUE_CHANGED:
        txt = obj.get text()
        if obj.get state() & lv.STATE.CHECKED:
            state = "Checked"
        else:
            state = "Unchecked"
        print(txt + ":" + state)
lv.scr act().set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.COLUMN)
lv.scr_act().set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.START, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.
→CENTER)
cb = lv.checkbox(lv.scr_act())
cb.set text("Apple")
cb.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cb = lv.checkbox(lv.scr_act())
cb.set_text("Banana")
cb.add state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cb = lv.checkbox(lv.scr act())
cb.set text("Lemon")
cb.add_state(lv.STATE.DISABLED)
cb.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cb = lv.checkbox(lv.scr act())
cb.add state(lv.STATE.CHECKED | lv.STATE.DISABLED)
cb.set text("Melon")
cb.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cb.update layout()
```

Checkboxes as radio buttons

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHECKBOX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv style t style radio;
static lv style t style radio chk;
static uint32_t active_index_1 = 0;
static uint32 t active index 2 = 0;
static void radio_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    uint32_t * active_id = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_current_target(e);
    lv obj t * act cb = lv event get target(e);
    lv_obj_t * old_cb = lv_obj_get_child(cont, *active_id);
    /*Do nothing if the container was clicked*/
   if(act_cb == cont) return;
    lv_obj_clear_state(old_cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED); /*Uncheck the previous radio_
    lv_obj_add_state(act_cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED); /*Uncheck the current radio_
→button*/
    *active_id = lv_obj_get_index(act_cb);
   LV_LOG_USER("Selected radio buttons: %d, %d", (int)active_index_1, (int)active_
→index_2);
static void radiobutton_create(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * txt)
    lv obj t * obj = lv checkbox create(parent);
    lv checkbox set text(obj, txt);
    lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_radio, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv obj add style(obj, &style radio chk, LV PART INDICATOR | LV STATE CHECKED);
}
* Checkboxes as radio buttons
void lv_example_checkbox_2(void)
   /* The idea is to enable `LV OBJ FLAG EVENT BUBBLE` on checkboxes and process the
    * `LV EVENT CLICKED` on the container.
    * A variable is passed as event user data where the index of the active
    * radiobutton is saved */
    lv style init(&style radio);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_radio, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv style init(&style radio chk);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_src(&style_radio_chk, NULL);
```

(continues on next page)

```
uint32 t i;
    char buf[32];
    lv_obj_t * cont1 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont1, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont1, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(80));
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont1, radio_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &active_index_
⊶1):
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "A %d", (int)i + 1);
        radiobutton create(cont1, buf);
    /*Make the first checkbox checked*/
    lv_obj_add_state(lv_obj_get_child(cont1, 0), LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv obj_t * cont2 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set flex flow(cont2, LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont2, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(80));
    lv_obj_set_x(cont2, lv_pct(50));
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont2, radio_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &active_index_
\hookrightarrow2);
    for (i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        lv snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "B %d", (int)i + 1);
        radiobutton create(cont2, buf);
    }
    /*Make the first checkbox checked*/
    lv_obj_add_state(lv_obj_get_child(cont2, 0), LV_STATE_CHECKED);
}
#endif
```

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/

⇒checkbox/lv_example_checkbox_2.py

2.7.10 Colorwheel

Simple Colorwheel

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_COLORWHEEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_colorwheel_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cw;

    cw = lv_colorwheel_create(lv_scr_act(), true);
    lv_obj_set_size(cw, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(cw);
```

(continues on next page)

```
}
#endif
```

```
cw = lv.colorwheel(lv.scr_act(), True)
cw.set_size(200, 200)
cw.center()
```

2.7.11 Dropdown

Simple Drop down list

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_DROPDOWN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv dropdown get selected str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV LOG USER("Option: %s", buf);
    }
}
void lv_example_dropdown_1(void)
    /*Create a normal drop down list*/
    lv_obj_t * dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options(dd, "Apple\n"
                                "Banana\n"
                                 "Orange\n"
                                 "Cherry\n"
                                 "Grape\n"
                                 "Raspberry\n"
                                 "Melon\n"
                                 "Orange\n"
                                 "Lemon\n"
                                 "Nuts");
    lv obj align(dd, LV ALIGN TOP MID, 0, 20);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(dd, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
option = " "*10 # should be large enough to store the option
        obj.get selected str(option, len(option))
        # .strip() removes trailing spaces
        print("Option: \"%s\"" % option.strip())
# Create a normal drop down list
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr act())
dd.set_options("\n".join([
    "Apple",
    "Banana",
    "Orange",
    "Cherry",
    "Grape",
    "Raspberry",
    "Melon",
    "Orange",
    "Lemon",
    "Nuts"]))
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP MID, 0, 20)
dd.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

Drop down in four directions

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE DROPDOWN && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
/**
* Create a drop down, up, left and right menus
void lv_example_dropdown_2(void)
    static const char * opts = "Apple\n"
                               "Banana\n"
                               "Orange\n"
                               "Melon";
    lv obj t * dd;
    dd = lv dropdown create(lv scr act());
    lv dropdown set options static(dd, opts);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 10);
   dd = lv dropdown create(lv scr act());
    lv dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv dropdown set dir(dd, LV DIR BOTTOM);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL UP);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10);
    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_RIGHT);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT);
    lv obj align(dd, LV ALIGN LEFT MID, 10, 0);
```

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```
dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_LEFT);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_LEFT);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -10, 0);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a drop down, up, left and right menus
opts = "\n".join([
    "Apple",
    "Banana",
    "Orange",
    "Melon",
    "Grape",
    "Raspberry"])
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set options static(opts)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 10)
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set dir(lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
dd.set symbol(lv.SYMBOL.UP)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10)
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set dir(lv.DIR.RIGHT)
dd.set_symbol(lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT MID, 10, 0)
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set_dir(lv.DIR.LEFT)
dd.set symbol(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT MID, -10, 0)
```

Menu

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE DROPDOWN && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * dropdown = lv_event_get_target(e);
    char buf[64];
    lv_dropdown_get_selected_str(dropdown, buf, sizeof(buf));
    LV LOG USER("'%s' is selected", buf);
}
* Create a menu from a drop-down list and show some drop-down list features and,
⊶styling
*/
void lv_example_dropdown_3(void)
    /*Create a drop down list*/
   lv_obj_t * dropdown = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj align(dropdown, LV ALIGN TOP LEFT, 10, 10);
    lv_dropdown_set_options(dropdown, "New project\n"
                                      "New file\n"
                                      "Save\n"
                                      "Save as ...\n"
                                      "Open project\n"
                                      "Recent projects\n"
                                      "Preferences\n"
                                      "Exit");
    /*Set a fixed text to display on the button of the drop-down list*/
   lv dropdown set text(dropdown, "Menu");
    /*Use a custom image as down icon and flip it when the list is opened*/
   LV IMG DECLARE(img caret down)
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dropdown, &img_caret_down);
    lv_obj_set_style_transform_angle(dropdown, 1800, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_
→CHECKED);
    /*In a menu we don't need to show the last clicked item*/
    lv dropdown set selected highlight(dropdown, false);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(dropdown, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
```

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```
with open('../../assets/img caret down.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_caret_down.png")
    sys.exit()
img caret down argb = lv.img dsc t({
  'data_size': len(png_data),
  'data': png_data
})
def event cb(e):
   dropdown = e.get_target()
    option = " "*64 # should be large enough to store the option
    dropdown.get selected str(option, len(option))
    print(option.strip() +" is selected")
# Create a menu from a drop-down list and show some drop-down list features and,
⊶styling
# Create a drop down list
dropdown = lv.dropdown(lv.scr act())
dropdown.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 10, 10)
dropdown.set_options("\n".join([
    "New project",
    "New file",
    "Open project",
    "Recent projects",
    "Preferences",
    "Exit"]))
# Set a fixed text to display on the button of the drop-down list
dropdown.set text("Menu")
# Use a custom image as down icon and flip it when the list is opened
# LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_caret_down)
dropdown.set symbol(img caret down argb)
dropdown.set_style_transform_angle(1800, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.CHECKED)
# In a menu we don't need to show the last clicked item
dropdown.set selected highlight(False)
dropdown.add event cb(event cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED, None)
```

2.7.12 Image

Image from variable and symbol

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_img_1(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_t * img1 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img1, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -20);
    lv_obj_set_size(img1, 200, 200);

    lv_obj_t * img2 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img2, LV_SYMBOL_OK "Accept");
    lv_obj_align_to(img2, img1, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20);

#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import usys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('../../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img cogwheel argb.png")
    sys.exit()
img cogwheel argb = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(png data),
  'data': png data
})
img1 = lv.img(lv.scr act())
img1.set src(img cogwheel argb)
imgl.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -20)
img1.set size(200, 200)
img2 = lv.img(lv.scr act())
img2.set src(lv.SYMBOL.OK + "Accept")
img2.align_to(img1, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20)
```

Image recoloring

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE IMG && LV USE SLIDER && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv obj t * create slider(lv color t color);
static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);
static lv obj t * red slider, * green slider, * blue slider, * intense slider;
static lv_obj_t * img1;
* Demonstrate runtime image re-coloring
void lv_example_img_2(void)
    /*Create 4 sliders to adjust RGB color and re-color intensity*/
    red_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    green_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    blue_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    intense slider = create slider(lv palette main(LV PALETTE GREY));
    lv slider set value(red slider, LV OPA 20, LV ANIM OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(green_slider, LV_OPA_90, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(blue_slider, LV_OPA_60, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(intense_slider, LV_OPA_50, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv obj align(red_slider, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(green_slider, red_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(blue_slider, green_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);
   lv_obj_align_to(intense_slider, blue_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);
   /*Now create the actual image*/
   LV IMG DECLARE(img cogwheel argb)
    img1 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv img set_src(img1, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img1, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);
    lv event send(intense slider, LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED, NULL);
static void slider event cb(lv event t * e)
    LV UNUSED(e);
    /*Recolor the image based on the sliders' values*/
    lv color t color = lv color make(lv slider get value(red slider), lv slider get
→value(green_slider), lv_slider_get_value(blue_slider));
    lv opa t intense = lv slider get value(intense slider);
    lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor_opa(img1, intense, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor(img1, color, 0);
}
static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_color t color)
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
```

(continues on next page)

```
#!/opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import usys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
from imagetools import get png info, open png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('../../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img cogwheel argb.png")
    sys.exit()
img cogwheel argb = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(png data),
  'data': png data
})
def create slider(color):
    slider = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
    slider.set_range(0, 255)
    slider.set size(10, 200)
    slider.set_style_bg_color(color, lv.PART.KNOB)
    slider.set style bg color(color.color darken(lv.OPA. 40), lv.PART.INDICATOR)
    slider.add event cb(slider event cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED, None)
    return slider
def slider event cb(e):
    # Recolor the image based on the sliders' values
    color = lv.color make(red slider.get value(), green slider.get value(), blue
→slider.get value())
    intense = intense slider.get value()
    img1.set_style_img_recolor_opa(intense, 0)
    img1.set_style_img_recolor(color, 0)
# Demonstrate runtime image re-coloring
# Create 4 sliders to adjust RGB color and re-color intensity
```

(continues on next page)

```
red slider = create slider(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
green slider = create slider(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
blue_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
intense_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
red_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._20, lv.ANIM.OFF)
green slider.set value(lv.OPA. 90, lv.ANIM.OFF)
blue_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._60, lv.ANIM.OFF)
intense_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._50, lv.ANIM.OFF)
red_slider.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 25, 0)
green_slider.align_to(red_slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0)
blue slider.align to(green slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT RIGHT MID, 25, 0)
intense slider align to(blue slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT RIGHT MID, 25, 0)
# Now create the actual image
img1 = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img1.set src(img cogwheel argb)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT MID, -20, 0)
lv.event send(intense slider, lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED, None)
```

Rotate and zoom

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void set angle(void * img, int32 t v)
    lv img set angle(img, v);
static void set_zoom(void * img, int32_t v)
    lv img set zoom(img, v);
}
* Show transformations (zoom and rotation) using a pivot point.
void lv_example_img_3(void)
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);
    /*Now create the actual image*/
    lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 50, 50);
    lv img set pivot(img, 0, 0);
                                  /*Rotate around the top left corner*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, img);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_angle);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 3600);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 5000);
lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
lv_anim_start(&a);

lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_zoom);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 128, 256);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import usys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('../../assets/img cogwheel argb.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img cogwheel argb.png")
    sys.exit()
img_cogwheel_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
  data_size': len(png_data),
  'data': png_data
})
def set angle(img, v):
    img.set_angle(v)
def set zoom(img, v):
    img.set zoom(v)
# Show transformations (zoom and rotation) using a pivot point.
#
# Now create the actual image
img = lv.img(lv.scr act())
img.set src(img cogwheel argb)
```

(continues on next page)

```
img.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 50, 50)
img.set_pivot(0, 0)
                                   # Rotate around the top left corner
a1 = lv.anim_t()
al.init()
al.set_var(img)
al.set custom exec cb(lambda a, val: set angle(img, val))
al.set values(0, 3600)
a1.set_time(5000)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim_t.start(a1)
a2 = lv.anim t()
a2.init()
a2.set var(img)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_zoom(img,val))
a2.set_values(128, 256)
a2.set_time(5000)
a2.set_playback_time(3000)
a2.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim t.start(a2)
```

Image offset and styling

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE IMG && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void ofs_y_anim(void * img, int32_t v)
    lv_img_set_offset_y(img, v);
}
* Image styling and offset
void lv_example_img_4(void)
   LV IMG DECLARE(img skew strip);
    static lv style t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv style set bg color(&style, lv palette main(LV PALETTE YELLOW));
    lv style set bg opa(&style, LV OPA COVER);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv style set img recolor(&style, lv color black());
    lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(img, &style, 0);
    lv_img_set_src(img, &img_skew_strip);
    lv_obj_set_size(img, 150, 100);
    lv_obj_center(img);
    lv_anim_t a;
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, img);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, ofs_y_anim);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
def ofs y anim(img, v):
    imq set offset_y(v)
    # print(img,v)
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info cb = get png info
decoder.open_cb = open_png
# Create an image from the png file
    with open('../../assets/img_skew_strip.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img skew strip.png")
    sys.exit()
img skew strip = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(png data),
  'data': png data
})
# Image styling and offset
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW))
style.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set img recolor opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set img recolor(lv.color black())
img = lv.img(lv.scr act())
img.add style(style, 0)
img.set_src(img_skew_strip)
img.set size(150, 100)
img.center()
a = lv.anim_t()
a.init()
```

(continues on next page)

```
a.set_var(img)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_time(3000)
a.set_playback_time(500)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: ofs_y_anim(img,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)
```

2.7.13 Image button

Simple Image button

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE IMGBTN && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
void lv example imgbtn 1(void)
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_left);
    LV IMG DECLARE(imgbtn right);
   LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_mid);
   /*Create a transition animation on width transformation and recolor.*/
    static lv_style_prop_t tr_prop[] = {LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_WIDTH, LV_STYLE_IMG_
→RECOLOR_OPA, 0};
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t tr;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&tr, tr_prop, lv_anim_path_linear, 200, 0, NULL);
    static lv_style_t style_def;
    lv style init(&style def);
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_def, lv_color_white());
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &tr);
   /*Darken the button when pressed and make it wider*/
    static lv style t style pr;
    lv style init(&style pr);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style_pr, LV_OPA_30);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style_pr, lv_color_black());
    lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pr, 20);
    /*Create an image button*/
    lv_obj_t * imgbtn1 = lv_imgbtn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv imgbtn set src(imgbtn1, LV IMGBTN STATE RELEASED, \&imgbtn left, &imgbtn mid, &
→imgbtn_right);
    lv_obj_add_style(imgbtn1, \&style_def, 0);
   lv obj add style(imgbtn1, &style pr, LV STATE PRESSED);
   lv obj align(imgbtn1, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 0);
   /*Create a label on the image button*/
   lv obj t * label = lv label create(imgbtn1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
    lv obj align(label, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, -4);
}
```

(continues on next page)

#endif

```
from imagetools import get png info, open png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../../assets/imgbtn left.png','rb') as f:
        imgbtn left data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn left.png")
    sys.exit()
imgbtn left dsc = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(imgbtn left data),
  'data': imgbtn left data
})
try:
    with open('../../assets/imgbtn_mid.png','rb') as f:
        imgbtn mid data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn mid.png")
    sys.exit()
imgbtn mid dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
  'data size': len(imgbtn mid data),
  'data': imgbtn mid data
})
try:
    with open('.../.../assets/imgbtn right.png','rb') as f:
        imgbtn_right_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn right.png")
    sys.exit()
imgbtn right dsc = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(imgbtn right data),
  'data': imgbtn right data
})
# Create a transition animation on width transformation and recolor.
tr prop = [lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM WIDTH, lv.STYLE.IMG RECOLOR OPA, 0]
tr = lv.style transition dsc t()
tr.init(tr_prop, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 200, 0, None)
style def = lv.style t()
style def.init()
style def.set text color(lv.color white())
style def.set transition(tr)
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Darken the button when pressed and make it wider
style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()
style_pr.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.0PA._30)
style_pr.set_img_recolor(lv.color_black())
style pr.set transform width(20)
# Create an image button
imgbtn1 = lv.imgbtn(lv.scr_act())
imgbtn1.set_src(lv.imgbtn.STATE.RELEASED, imgbtn_left_dsc, imgbtn_mid_dsc, imgbtn_
→right dsc)
imgbtn1.add style(style def, 0)
imgbtn1.add style(style pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
imgbtn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
# Create a label on the image button
label = lv.label(imgbtn1)
label.set text("Button")
label.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -4)
```

2.7.14 Keyboard

Keyboard with text area

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE KEYBOARD && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv obj t * kb = lv event get user data(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT FOCUSED) {
        lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
        lv_obj_clear_flag(kb, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);
    }
    if(code == LV EVENT DEFOCUSED) {
        lv keyboard set textarea(kb, NULL);
        lv_obj_add_flag(kb, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);
    }
}
void lv example keyboard 1(void)
    /*Create a keyboard to use it with an of the text areas*/
   lv_obj_t *kb = lv_keyboard_create(lv scr act());
   /*Create a text area. The keyboard will write here*/
   lv_obj_t * ta;
    ta = lv textarea create(lv scr act());
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 10, 10);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, kb);
lv_textarea_set_placeholder_text(ta, "Hello");
lv_obj_set_size(ta, 140, 80);

ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -10, 10);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, kb);
lv_obj_set_size(ta, 140, 80);

lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
}
#endif
```

```
def ta event cb(e,kb):
    code = e.get code()
    ta = e.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.FOCUSED:
        kb.set textarea(ta)
        kb.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.HIDDEN)
    if code == lv.EVENT.DEFOCUSED:
        kb.set_textarea(None)
        kb.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.HIDDEN)
# Create a keyboard to use it with one of the text areas
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr act())
# Create a text area. The keyboard will write here
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr act())
ta.set width(200)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP LEFT, 10, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: ta_event_cb(e,kb), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
ta.set placeholder text("Hello")
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr act())
ta.set width(200)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP RIGHT, -10, 10)
ta.add event cb(lambda e: ta event cb(e,kb), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
kb.set textarea(ta)
```

2.7.15 Label

Line wrap, recoloring and scrolling

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Show line wrap, re-color, line align and text scrolling.
 */
void lv_example_label_1(void)

(continues on next page)
```

```
{
    lv obj t * label1 = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv_label_set_long_mode(label1, LV_LABEL_LONG_WRAP);
                                                            /*Break the long lines*/
    lv_label_set_recolor(label1, true);
                                                             /*Enable re-coloring by...
→commands in the text*/
    lv_label_set_text(label1, "#0000ff Re-color# #ff00ff words# #ff0000 of a# label,"
→align the lines to the center "
                              "and wrap long text automatically.");
    lv_obj_set_width(label1, 150); /*Set smaller width to make the lines wrap*/
    lv_obj_set_style_text_align(label1, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER, 0);
    lv_obj_align(label1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -40);
    lv obj t * label2 = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv label set long mode(label2, LV LABEL LONG SCROLL CIRCULAR);
                                                                       /*Circular
→scroll*/
    lv_obj_set_width(label2, 150);
    lv_label_set_text(label2, "It is a circularly scrolling text.");
    lv obj align(label2, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 40);
}
#endif
```

```
# Show line wrap, re-color, line align and text scrolling.
label1 = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label1.set long mode(lv.label.LONG.WRAP)
                                              # Break the long lines*/
label1.set recolor(True)
                                              # Enable re-coloring by commands in the...
-text
label1.set text("#0000ff Re-color# #ff00ff words# #ff0000 of a# label, align the...
→lines to the center"
                              "and wrap long text automatically.")
label1.set width(150)
                                              # Set smaller width to make the lines...
→Wrap
label1.set style text align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0)
label1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -40)
label2 = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label2.set long mode(lv.label.LONG.SCROLL CIRCULAR) # Circular scroll
label2.set width(150)
label2.set text("It is a circularly scrolling text. ")
label2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 40)
```

Text shadow

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE LABEL && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Create a fake text shadow
void lv example label 2(void)
   /*Create a style for the shadow*/
   static lv style t style shadow;
    lv style_init(&style_shadow);
    lv_style_set_text_opa(&style_shadow, LV_OPA_30);
    lv style set text color(&style shadow, lv color black());
   /*Create a label for the shadow first (it's in the background)*/
   lv_obj_t * shadow_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(shadow_label, &style_shadow, 0);
    /*Create the main label*/
   lv obj t * main label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv_label_set_text(main_label, "A simple method to create\n"
                                  "shadows on a text.\n"
                                  "It even works with\n\n"
                                  "newlines
                                               and spaces.");
    /*Set the same text for the shadow label*/
   lv_label_set_text(shadow_label, lv_label_get_text(main_label));
    /*Position the main label*/
   lv_obj_align(main_label, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    /*Shift the second label down and to the right by 2 pixel*/
   lv obj align to(shadow label, main label, LV ALIGN TOP LEFT, 2, 2);
}
#endif
```

(continues on next page)

Show LTR, RTL and Chinese texts

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_FONT_DEJAVU_16_PERSIAN_HEBREW && LV_FONT_
→SIMSUN 16 CJK && LV USE BIDI
* Show mixed LTR, RTL and Chinese label
void lv_example_label_3(void)
   lv obj t * ltr label = lv label create(lv scr act());
   lv_label_set_text(ltr_label, "In modern terminology, a microcontroller is similar...
→to a system on a chip (SoC).");
   lv_obj_set_style_text_font(ltr_label, &lv_font_montserrat_16, 0);
   lv obj set width(ltr label, 310);
   lv_obj_align(ltr_label, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 5, 5);
   lv_obj_t * rtl_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
   →- Central Processing Unit).");
   lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(rtl_label, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
   lv_obj_set_style_text_font(rtl_label, &lv_font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0);
   lv obj set width(rtl label, 310);
   lv obj align(rtl label, LV ALIGN LEFT MID, 5, 0);
   lv obj t * cz_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
   lv_label_set_text(cz_label, "DDDDDEmbedded SystemDD\
\hookrightarrow \mathbf{n}
   lv_obj_set_style_text_font(cz_label, &lv_font_simsun_16_cjk, 0);
   lv obj set width(cz label, 310);
   lv obj align(cz label, LV ALIGN BOTTOM LEFT, 5, -5);
#endif
```

```
import fs_driver
#
# Show mixed LTR, RTL and Chinese label
#
```

(continues on next page)

```
ltr label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
ltr label.set text("In modern terminology, a microcontroller is similar to a system.
→on a chip (SoC).")
# ltr_label.set_style_text_font(ltr_label, &lv_font_montserrat_16, 0);
fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
fs driver.fs register(fs drv, 'S')
trv:
   ltr_label.set_style_text_font(ltr_label, lv.font_montserrat_16, 0)
except:
   font montserrat 16 = lv.font load("S:../../assets/font/montserrat-16.fnt")
   ltr label.set style text font(font montserrat 16, 0)
ltr label.set width(310)
ltr_label.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 5, 5)
rtl label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
rtl label.set style base dir(lv.BASE DIR.RTL, 0)
rtl_label.set_style_text_font(lv.font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0)
rtl_label.set_width(310)
rtl_label.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 5, 0)
font simsun 16 cjk = lv.font load("S:../../assets/font/lv font simsun 16 cjk.fnt")
cz label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
cz label.set style text font(font simsun 16 cjk, 0)
cz label.set width(310)
cz_label.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_LEFT, 5, -5)
```

Draw label with gradient color

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_USE_CANVAS && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX

#define MASK_WIDTH 100
#define MASK_HEIGHT 45

static void add_mask_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    static lv_draw_mask_map_param_t m;
    static int16_t mask_id;

    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_opa_t * mask_map = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_COVER_CHECK) {
        lv_event_set_cover_res(e, LV_COVER_RES_MASKED);
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN) {
        lv_draw_mask_map_init(&m, &obj->coords, mask_map);
}
```

(continues on next page)

```
mask id = lv draw mask add(&m, NULL);
   }
   else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_END) {
        lv draw mask free param(\&m);
        lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_id);
    }
}
* Draw label with gradient color
void lv example label 4(void)
    /* Create the mask of a text by drawing it to a canvas*/
   static lv opa t mask map[MASK WIDTH * MASK HEIGHT];
   /*Create a "8 bit alpha" canvas and clear it*/
   lv obj t * canvas = lv canvas create(lv scr act());
    lv canvas set buffer(canvas, mask map, MASK WIDTH, MASK HEIGHT, LV IMG CF ALPHA
    lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, lv_color_black(), LV_OPA_TRANSP);
    /*Draw a label to the canvas. The result "image" will be used as mask*/
   lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv draw label dsc init(&label dsc);
    label dsc.color = lv color white();
    label dsc.align = LV TEXT ALIGN CENTER;
    lv_canvas_draw_text(canvas, 5, 5, MASK_WIDTH, &label_dsc, "Text with gradient");
    /*The mask is reads the canvas is not required anymore*/
   lv obj del(canvas);
    /* Create an object from where the text will be masked out.
    * Now it's a rectangle with a gradient but it could be an image too*/
    lv_obj_t * grad = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(grad, MASK_WIDTH, MASK_HEIGHT);
    lv obj center(grad);
   lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(grad, lv_color_hex(0xff0000), 0);
    lv obj set style bg grad color(grad, lv color hex(0x0000ff), 0);
    lv obj set style bg grad dir(grad, LV GRAD DIR HOR, 0);
    lv obj add event cb(grad, add mask event cb, LV EVENT ALL, mask map);
}
#endif
```

Error encountered **while** trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/ —label/lv_example_label_4.py

2.7.16 LED

LED with custom style

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE LED && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Create LED's with different brightness and color
void lv_example_led_1(void)
    /*Create a LED and switch it OFF*/
   lv_obj_t * led1 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj_align(led1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, -80, 0);
    lv_led_off(led1);
    /*Copy the previous LED and set a brightness*/
    lv_obj_t * led2 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
   lv_led_set_brightness(led2, 150);
   lv_led_set_color(led2, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
   /*Copy the previous LED and switch it ON*/
   lv_obj_t * led3 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led3, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 80, 0);
    lv_led_on(led3);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create LED's with different brightness and color
#
# Create a LED and switch it OFF
led1 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -80, 0)
led1.off()

# Copy the previous LED and set a brightness
led2 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
led2.set_brightness(150)
led2.set_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))

# Copy the previous LED and switch it ON
led3 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led3.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 80, 0)
led3.on()
```

2.7.17 Line

Simple Line

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LINE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
void lv_example_line_1(void)
                /*Create an array for the points of the line*/
                static lv_point_t line_points[] = { {5, 5}, {70, 70}, {120, 10}, {180, 60}, {240,_
 →10} };
                /*Create style*/
                static lv_style_t style_line;
                lv_style_init(&style_line);
               \label{line_width} $$ v_style_set_line_width(\&style_line, 8); $$ v_style_set_line_color(\&style_line, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE)); $$ $$ v_style_set_line_tolor(\&style_line, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE)); $$ v_style_set_line_tolor(\&s
                lv_style_set_line_rounded(&style_line, true);
                /*Create a line and apply the new style*/
               lv_obj_t * line1;
               line1 = lv_line_create(lv_scr_act());
                lv line set points(line1, line points, 5);
                                                                                                                                                                                                         /*Set the points*/
                lv_obj_add_style(line1, &style_line, 0);
                lv_obj_center(line1);
}
#endif
```

2.7.18 List

Simple List

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LIST && LV_BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * list1;
static void event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked: %s", lv_list_get_btn_text(list1, obj));
}
void lv_example_list_1(void)
    /*Create a list*/
    list1 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list1, 180, 220);
    lv_obj_center(list1);
    /*Add buttons to the list*/
   lv_obj_t * btn;
    lv_list_add_text(list1, "File");
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL FILE, "New");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_DIRECTORY, "Open");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_SAVE, "Save");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE, "Delete");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL EDIT, "Edit");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    lv list add text(list1, "Connectivity");
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_BLUETOOTH, "Bluetooth");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_GPS, "Navigation");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_USB, "USB");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_FULL, "Battery");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    lv list add text(list1, "Exit");
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL OK, "Apply");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL CLOSE, "Close");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def event handler(e):
    code = e.get code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
            print("Clicked: list1." + list1.get_btn_text(obj))
# Create a list
list1 = lv.list(lv.scr act())
list1.set size(180, 220)
list1.center()
# Add buttons to the list
list1.add text("File")
btn new = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.FILE, "New")
btn new.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_open = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.DIRECTORY, "Open")
btn_open.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn save = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.SAVE, "Save")
btn_save.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn delete = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, "Delete")
btn delete.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn edit = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.EDIT, "Edit")
btn_edit.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
list1.add text("Connectivity")
btn bluetooth = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.BLUETOOTH, "Bluetooth")
btn_bluetooth.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn navig = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.GPS, "Navigation")
btn_navig.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_USB = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.USB, "USB")
btn_USB.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_battery = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.BATTERY_FULL, "Battery")
btn battery.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
list1.add text("Exit")
btn apply = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.OK, "Apply")
btn_apply.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_close = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, "Close")
btn close.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

Sorting a List using up and down buttons

```
#include <stdlib.h>

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LIST && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t* list1;
static lv_obj_t* list2;

static lv_obj_t* currentButton = NULL;

static void event_handler(lv_event_t* e)
```

(continues on next page)

```
{
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv_obj_t* obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if (code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED)
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked: %s", lv_list_get_btn_text(list1, obj));
        if (currentButton == obj)
            currentButton = NULL;
        }
        else
        {
            currentButton = obj;
        lv_obj_t* parent = lv_obj_get_parent(obj);
        uint32 t i;
        for (i = 0; i < lv_obj_get_child_cnt(parent); i++)</pre>
            lv obj t* child = lv obj get child(parent, i);
            if (child == currentButton)
            {
                lv_obj_add_state(child, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
            }
            else
            {
                lv_obj_clear_state(child, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
        }
    }
}
static void event handler top(lv event t* e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if (code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED)
    {
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv_obj_move_background(currentButton);
        lv obj scroll to view(currentButton, LV ANIM ON);
    }
}
static void event handler up(lv event t* e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    if ((code == LV EVENT CLICKED) | | (code == LV EVENT LONG PRESSED REPEAT))
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        uint32_t index = lv_obj_get_index(currentButton);
        if (index <= 0) return;</pre>
        lv obj move to index(currentButton, index - 1);
        lv obj scroll to view(currentButton, LV ANIM ON);
    }
}
static void event handler center(lv event t* e)
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
{
    const lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    if ((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT))
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv_obj_t* parent = lv_obj_get_parent(currentButton);
        const uint32 t pos = lv obj get child cnt(parent) / 2;
        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, pos);
        lv obj scroll to view(currentButton, LV ANIM ON);
    }
}
static void event handler dn(lv event t* e)
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if ((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT))
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        const uint32_t index = lv_obj_get_index(currentButton);
        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, index + 1);
        lv obj scroll to view(currentButton, LV ANIM ON);
    }
}
static void event_handler_bottom(lv_event_t* e)
    const lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    if (code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED)
    {
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv obj move foreground(currentButton);
        lv obj scroll to view(currentButton, LV ANIM ON);
    }
}
static void event handler swap(lv event t* e)
    const lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
   // lv obj t* obj = lv event get target(e);
   if ((code == LV EVENT CLICKED) || (code == LV EVENT LONG PRESSED REPEAT))
        uint32 t cnt = lv obj get child cnt(list1);
        for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++)
            if (cnt > 1)
            {
                lv_obj_t* obj = lv_obj_get_child(list1, rand() % cnt);
                lv obj move to index(obj, rand() % cnt);
                if (currentButton != NULL)
                {
                    lv obj scroll to view(currentButton, LV ANIM ON);
                }
            }
    }
```

(continues on next page)

```
void lv_example_list_2(void)
    /*Create a list*/
    list1 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list1, lv_pct(60), lv_pct(100));
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(list1, 5, 0);
    /*Add buttons to the list*/
    lv_obj_t* btn;
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 15; i++) {
        btn = lv btn create(list1);
        lv obj set width(btn, lv pct(50));
        lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
        lv obj t* lab = lv label create(btn);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(lab, "Item %d", i);
    }
   /*Select the first button by default*/
    currentButton = lv_obj_get_child(list1, 0);
   lv_obj_add_state(currentButton, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
   /*Create a second list with up and down buttons*/
   list2 = lv list create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(list2, lv pct(40), lv pct(100));
    lv obj align(list2, LV ALIGN TOP RIGHT, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(list2, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, NULL, "Top");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler top, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, LV SYMBOL UP, "Up");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_up, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv group remove obj(btn);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, LV SYMBOL LEFT, "Center");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler center, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, LV SYMBOL DOWN, "Down");
    lv obj add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_dn, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv group remove obj(btn);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, NULL, "Bottom");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler bottom, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, LV SYMBOL SHUFFLE, "Shuffle");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler swap, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv group remove obj(btn);
}
#endif
```

```
import urandom
currentButton = None
list1 = None
def event handler(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        if currentButton == obj:
            currentButton = None
        else:
            currentButton = obj
        parent = obj.get parent()
        for i in range( parent.get_child_cnt()):
            child = parent.get_child(i)
            if child == currentButton:
                child.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
            else:
                child.clear state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
def event handler top(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        currentButton.move_background()
        currentButton.scroll_to_view( lv.ANIM.ON)
def event_handler_up(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
        index = currentButton.get_index()
        if index <= 0:</pre>
            return
        currentButton.move_to_index(index - 1)
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)
def event handler center(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        parent = currentButton.get_parent()
        pos = parent.get_child_cnt() // 2
        currentButton.move_to_index(pos)
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)
```

(continues on next page)

```
def event handler dn(evt):
   qlobal currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
   obj = evt.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG PRESSED REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        index = currentButton.get index()
        currentButton.move_to_index(index + 1)
        currentButton.scroll to view(lv.ANIM.ON)
def event handler bottom(evt):
   global currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG PRESSED REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        currentButton.move foreground()
        currentButton.scroll to view(lv.ANIM.ON)
def event_handler_swap(evt):
    global currentButton
    global list1
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        cnt = list1.get child cnt()
        for i in range(100):
            if cnt > 1:
                obj = list1.get child(urandom.getrandbits(32) % cnt )
                obj.move to index(urandom.getrandbits(32) % cnt)
        if currentButton != None:
            currentButton.scroll to view(lv.ANIM.ON)
#Create a list with buttons that can be sorted
list1 = lv.list(lv.scr act())
list1.set_size(lv.pct(60), lv.pct(100))
list1.set_style_pad_row( 5, 0)
for i in range(15):
    btn = lv.btn(list1)
    btn.set width(lv.pct(100))
    btn.add event cb( event handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
    lab = lv.label(btn)
    lab.set text("Item " + str(i))
#Select the first button by default
currentButton = list1.get_child(0)
currentButton.add state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
#Create a second list with up and down buttons
list2 = lv.list(lv.scr act())
list2.set size(lv.pct(40), lv.pct(100))
list2_align(lv_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, 0, 0)
list2.set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.COLUMN)
```

(continues on next page)

```
btn = list2.add btn(None, "Top")
btn.add event cb(event handler top, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)
btn = list2.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.UP, "Up")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_up, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group remove obj(btn)
btn = list2.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT, "Center")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_center, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)
btn = list2.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.DOWN, "Down")
btn.add event cb(event handler dn, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group remove obj(btn)
btn = list2.add btn(None, "Bottom")
btn.add event cb(event handler bottom, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)
btn = list2.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.SHUFFLE, "Shuffle")
btn.add event cb(event handler swap, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group remove obj(btn)
```

2.7.19 Menu

Simple Menu

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE MENU && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
void lv_example_menu_1(void)
    /*Create a menu object*/
   lv obj t * menu = lv menu create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(menu, lv disp get hor res(NULL), lv disp get ver res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);
    lv_obj_t * cont;
   lv_obj_t * label;
    /*Create a sub page*/
    lv obj t * sub page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
   lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
    /*Create a main page*/
   lv obj t * main page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv label set text(label, "Item 1");
```

(continues on next page)

```
cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2");

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);

lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);

#endif
```

```
# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr act())
menu.set size(320, 240)
menu.center()
# Create a sub page
sub page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu cont(sub page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")
# Create a main page
main page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 1")
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 2")
cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set load page event(cont, sub page)
menu.set_page(main_page)
```

Simple Menu with root btn

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void back_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
```

(continues on next page)

```
if(lv_menu_back_btn_is_root(menu, obj)) {
        lv obj t * mbox1 = lv msgbox create(NULL, "Hello", "Root back btn click.",,,
→NULL, true);
        lv_obj_center(mbox1);
    }
}
void lv example menu 2(void)
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_menu_set_mode_root_back_btn(menu, LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_ENABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(menu, back_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
    lv obj set size(menu, lv disp get hor res(NULL), lv disp get ver res(NULL));
    lv obj center(menu);
    lv_obj_t * cont;
   lv_obj_t * label;
    /*Create a sub page*/
    lv obj t * sub page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
    /*Create a main page*/
    lv obj t * main page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv label set text(label, "Item 1");
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2");
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub page);
    lv menu set page(menu, main page);
}
#endif
```

```
def back_event_handler(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    if menu.back_btn_is_root(obj):
        mbox1 = lv.msgbox(lv.scr_act(), "Hello", "Root back btn click.", None, True)
        mbox1.center()

# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_mode_root_back_btn(lv.menu.ROOT_BACK_BTN.ENABLED)
menu.add_event_cb(back_event_handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
```

(continues on next page)

```
menu.set size(320, 240)
menu.center()
# Create a sub page
sub page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Hello, I am hiding here")
# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 1")
cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 2")
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)
menu.set page(main page)
```

Simple Menu with custom header

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_USER_DATA && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
void lv example menu 3(void)
    /*Create a menu object*/
    lv obj t * menu = lv menu create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(menu, lv disp get hor res(NULL), lv disp get ver res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);
    /*Modify the header*/
   lv obj t * back btn = lv menu get main header back btn(menu);
    lv obj t * back btn label = lv label create(back btn);
   lv_label_set_text(back_btn_label, "Back");
    lv obj t * cont;
   lv_obj_t * label;
    /*Create sub pages*/
   lv_obj_t * sub_1_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 1");
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_1_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
    lv obj t * sub 2 page = lv menu page create(menu, "Page 2");
```

(continues on next page)

```
cont = lv menu cont create(sub 2 page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
   lv_obj_t * sub_3_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 3");
    cont = lv menu cont create(sub 3 page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
    /*Create a main page*/
   lv obj t * main page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1 (Click me!)");
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub 1 page);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2 (Click me!)");
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub 2 page);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv label set text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub 3 page);
    lv menu set page(menu, main page);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr act())
menu.set size(320, 240)
menu.center()
# Create sub pages
sub page 1 = lv.menu page(menu, "Page 1")
cont = lv.menu cont(sub page 1)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Hello, I am hiding here")
sub page 2 = lv.menu page(menu, "Page 2")
cont = lv.menu cont(sub page 2)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")
sub_page_3 = lv.menu_page(menu, "Page 3")
cont = lv.menu cont(sub page 3)
label = lv.label(cont)
```

(continues on next page)

```
label.set text("Hello, I am hiding here")
# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_1)
cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 2 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_2)
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_3)
menu.set page(main page)
```

Simple Menu with floating btn to add new menu page

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE MENU && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static uint32 t btn cnt = 1;
static lv obj t * main page;
static lv_obj_t * menu;
static void float btn event cb(lv event t * e)
    LV UNUSED(e);
    btn_cnt++;
   lv_obj_t * cont;
   lv obj t * label;
   lv obj t * sub page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv menu cont create(sub page);
    label= lv label create(cont);
    lv label set text fmt(label, "Hello, I am hiding inside %i", btn cnt);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label= lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item %i", btn_cnt);
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub page);
    lv_obj_scroll_to_view_recursive(cont, LV_ANIM_ON);
}
void lv example menu 4(void)
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
{
    /*Create a menu object*/
   menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv obj center(menu);
    lv obj t * cont;
    lv_obj_t * label;
    /*Create a sub page*/
   lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv menu cont create(sub page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv label set text(label, "Hello, I am hiding inside the first item");
    /*Create a main page*/
   main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1");
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub page);
   lv menu set page(menu, main page);
   /*Create floating btn*/
   lv obj t * float btn = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(float_btn, 50, 50);
    lv obj add flag(float btn, LV OBJ FLAG FLOATING);
    lv obj align(float btn, LV ALIGN BOTTOM RIGHT, -10, -10);
    lv obj add event cb(float btn, float btn event cb, LV EVENT CLICKED, menu);
    lv obj set style radius(float btn, LV RADIUS CIRCLE, 0);
    lv obj set style bg img src(float btn, LV SYMBOL PLUS, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(float_btn, lv_theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0);
}
#endif
```

```
btn_cnt = 1

def float_btn_event_cb(e):
    global btn_cnt
    btn_cnt += 1

    sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

    cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
    label = lv.label(cont)
    label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding inside {:d}".format(btn_cnt))

    cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
    label = lv.label(cont)
    label.set_text("Item {:d}".format(btn_cnt))
    menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr act())
menu.set size(320, 240)
menu.center()
# Create a sub page
sub page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu cont(sub page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Hello, I am hiding inside the first item")
# Create a main page
main page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 1")
menu.set load page event(cont, sub page)
menu.set page(main page)
float_btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
float btn.set size(50, 50)
float btn.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.FLOATING)
float btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM RIGHT, -10, -10)
float btn.add event cb(float btn event cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
float btn.set style radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
float_btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
float btn.set style text font(lv.theme get font large(float btn), 0)
```

Complex Menu

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE MENU && LV USE MSGBOX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
enum {
    LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 1,
    LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 2
typedef uint8 t lv menu builder variant t;
static void back_event_handler(lv_event_t * e);
static void switch handler(lv event t * e);
lv_obj_t * root_page;
static lv obj t * create text(lv obj t * parent, const char * icon, const char * txt,
                                        lv_menu_builder_variant_t builder_variant);
static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_obj_t * parent,
                                   const char * icon, const char * txt, int32_t min,_

¬int32_t max, int32_t val);
static lv_obj_t * create_switch(lv_obj_t * parent,
                                   const char * icon, const char * txt, bool chk);
void lv example menu 5(void)
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv obj t * menu = lv menu create(lv scr act());
   lv_color_t bg_color = lv_obj_get_style_bg_color(menu, 0);
   if(lv color brightness(bg color) > 127) {
       lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(menu, lv_color_darken(lv_obj_get_style_bg_
\rightarrow color(menu, 0), 10), 0);
   }else{
       lv_obj_set_style bg_color(menu, lv_color_darken(lv_obj_get_style_bg_
\rightarrow color(menu, 0), 50), 0);
   lv menu set mode root back btn(menu, LV MENU ROOT BACK BTN ENABLED);
   lv obj add event cb(menu, back event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, menu);
   lv obj set size(menu, lv disp get hor res(NULL), lv disp get ver res(NULL));
   lv obj center(menu);
   lv_obj_t * cont;
   lv obj t * section;
   /*Create sub pages*/
   lv obj t * sub mechanics page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
   lv obj set style pad hor(sub mechanics page, lv obj get style pad left(lv menu
→qet main header(menu), 0), 0);
   lv_menu_separator_create(sub_mechanics_page);
   section = lv menu section create(sub mechanics page);
   create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Velocity", 0, 150, 120);
   create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Acceleration", 0, 150, 50);
   create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Weight limit", 0, 150, 80);
   lv obj t * sub sound page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
   lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_sound_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_
\rightarrowmain header(menu), 0), 0);
   lv menu separator create(sub sound page);
   section = lv menu section create(sub sound page);
   create_switch(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sound", false);
   lv_obj_t * sub_display_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
   lv obj set style pad hor(sub display page, lv obj get style pad left(lv menu get
→main_header(menu), 0), 0);
   lv menu separator create(sub display page);
   section = lv menu section create(sub display page);
   create slider(section, LV SYMBOL SETTINGS, "Brightness", 0, 150, 100);
   lv obj t * sub software info page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
   lv obj set style pad hor(sub software info page, lv obj get style pad left(lv
→menu get main header(menu), 0), 0);
   section = lv menu section create(sub software info page);
   create_text(section, NULL, "Version 1.0", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER VARIANT 1);
   lv_obj_t * sub_legal_info_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
   lv obj set style pad hor(sub legal info page, lv obj get style pad left(lv menu

    get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
   section = lv menu section create(sub legal info page);
   for(uint32 t i=0; i<15; i++){
       →long text, if it is long enough it may scroll.", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 1);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv obj t * sub about page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    lv obj set style pad hor(sub about page, lv obj get style pad left(lv menu get_
→main_header(menu), 0), 0);
    lv_menu_separator_create(sub_about_page);
    section = lv menu section create(sub about page);
    cont = create text(section, NULL, "Software information", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_software_info_page);
    cont = create text(section, NULL, "Legal information", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub legal info page);
    lv obj t * sub_menu_mode_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    lv obj set style pad hor(sub menu_mode_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_
\rightarrowget main header(menu), 0), 0);
    lv menu separator create(sub menu mode page);
    section = lv menu section create(sub menu mode page);
    cont = create_switch(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sidebar enable", true);
    lv obj add event cb(lv obj get child(cont, 2), switch handler, LV EVENT VALUE
→CHANGED, menu);
    /*Create a root page*/
    root_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Settings");
    lv obj set style pad hor(root page, lv obj get style pad left(lv menu get main
\rightarrowheader(menu), 0), 0);
    section = lv menu section create(root page);
    cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Mechanics", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub mechanics page);
    cont = create text(section, LV SYMBOL AUDIO, "Sound", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub sound page);
    cont = create text(section, LV SYMBOL SETTINGS, "Display", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1):
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub display page);
    create text(root page, NULL, "Others", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 1);
    section = lv_menu_section_create(root_page);
    cont = create text(section, NULL, "About", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 1);
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub about page);
    cont = create text(section, LV SYMBOL SETTINGS, "Menu mode", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub menu mode page);
    lv menu set sidebar page(menu, root page);
    lv event send(lv obj get child(lv obj get child(lv menu get cur sidebar
→page(menu), 0), 0), LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
static void back event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
    lv obj t * menu = lv event get user data(e);
    if(lv menu back btn is root(menu, obj)) {
                                                                         (continues on next page)
```

```
lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "Root back btn click.",
→NULL, true);
       lv_obj_center(mbox1);
   }
}
static void switch handler(lv event t * e)
   lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
   lv_obj_t * menu = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
   lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
   if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
       if(lv obj has state(obj, LV STATE CHECKED)) {
           lv menu set page(menu, NULL);
           lv menu set sidebar page(menu, root page);
           lv_event_send(lv_obj_get_child(lv_obj_get_child(lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_
→page(menu), 0), 0), LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
       }else {
           lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, NULL);
           lv menu clear history(menu); /* Clear history because we will be showing,

→the root page later */
           lv_menu_set_page(menu, root_page);
       }
   }
}
static lv obj t * create text(lv obj t * parent, const char * icon, const char * txt,
                                       lv menu builder variant t builder variant)
{
   lv obj t * obj = lv menu cont create(parent);
   lv_obj_t * img = NULL;
   lv_obj_t * label = NULL;
   if(icon) {
       img = lv_img_create(obj);
       lv_img_set_src(img, icon);
   if(txt) {
       label = lv label create(obj);
       lv label set text(label, txt);
       lv_label_set_long_mode(label, LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR);
       lv_obj_set_flex_grow(label, 1);
   }
   if(builder variant == LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 2 && icon && txt) {
       lv obj add flag(img, LV OBJ FLAG FLEX IN NEW TRACK);
       lv obj swap(img, label);
   }
   return obj;
}
static lv obj t * create slider(lv obj t * parent, const char * icon, const char *...
```

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```
lv_obj_t * obj = create_text(parent, icon, txt, LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_2);
   lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(obj);
    lv_obj_set_flex_grow(slider, 1);
    lv slider set range(slider, min, max);
   lv_slider_set_value(slider, val, LV_ANIM_OFF);
   if(icon == NULL) {
        lv_obj_add_flag(slider, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLEX_IN_NEW_TRACK);
    return obj;
}
static lv_obj_t * create_switch(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char *_
→txt, bool chk)
   lv_obj_t * obj = create_text(parent, icon, txt, LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
    lv obj t * sw = lv switch create(obj);
   lv_obj_add_state(sw, chk ? LV_STATE_CHECKED : 0);
    return obj;
}
#endif
```

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/

→menu/lv_example_menu_5.py

2.7.20 Meter

Simple meter

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * meter;

static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
{
    lv_meter_set_indicator_value(meter, indic, v);
}

/**
    * A simple meter
    */
void lv_example_meter_1(void)
{
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(meter);
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Add a scale first*/
    lv meter scale t * scale = lv meter add scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 41, 2, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
GREY));
   lv meter set scale major ticks(meter, scale, 8, 4, 15, lv color black(), 10);
    lv meter indicator t * indic;
    /*Add a blue arc to the start*/
    indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 3, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 20);
   /*Make the tick lines blue at the start of the scale*/
    indic = lv meter add scale lines(meter, scale, lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE),,
→lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), false, 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 20);
   /*Add a red arc to the end*/
    indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 3, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 80);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 100);
   /*Make the tick lines red at the end of the scale*/
    indic = lv meter add scale lines(meter, scale, lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED),,
→lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED), false, 0);
    ly meter set indicator start value(meter, indic, 80);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 100);
    /*Add a needle line indicator*/
    indic = lv_meter_add_needle_line(meter, scale, 4, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
\hookrightarrow GREY), -10);
    /*Create an animation to set the value*/
    lv anim t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv anim set exec cb(&a, set value);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic);
    lv anim set values(\&a, 0, 100);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 2000);
    lv anim set repeat delay(\&a, 100);
    lv anim set playback time(\&a, 500);
    lv anim set playback delay(&a, 100);
    lv anim set repeat count(&a, LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE);
    lv anim start(\&a);
}
#endif
```

```
#!//opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

def set_value(indic, v):
```

(continues on next page)

```
meter.set_indicator_value(indic, v)
# A simple meter
meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())
meter.center()
meter.set size(200, 200)
# Add a scale first
scale = meter.add scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale, 51, 2, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set scale major ticks(scale, 10, 4, 15, lv.color black(), 10)
indic = lv.meter indicator t()
# Add a blue arc to the start
indic = meter.add_arc(scale, 3, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 0)
meter.set indicator end value(indic, 20)
# Make the tick lines blue at the start of the scale
indic = meter.add_scale_lines(scale, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.palette_
→main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), False, 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 0)
meter.set indicator end value(indic, 20)
# Add a red arc to the end
indic = meter.add_arc(scale, 3, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 80)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 100)
# Make the tick lines red at the end of the scale
indic = meter.add scale lines(scale, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.palette
→main(lv.PALETTE.RED), False, 0)
meter.set indicator start value(indic, 80)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 100)
# Add a needle line indicator
indic = meter.add needle line(scale, 4, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY), -10)
# Create an animation to set the value
a = lv.anim t()
a.init()
a.set_var(indic)
a.set values(0, 100)
a.set_time(2000)
a.set_repeat_delay(100)
a.set_playback_time(500)
a.set_playback_delay(100)
a.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic,val))
lv.anim t.start(a)
```

A meter with multiple arcs

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv obj t * meter;
static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, v);
}
* A meter with multiple arcs
void lv_example_meter_2(void)
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj center(meter);
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);
   /*Remove the circle from the middle*/
   lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
   /*Add a scale first*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv meter_set_scale ticks(meter, scale, 11, 2, 10, lv palette main(LV_PALETTE_
→GREY));
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale, 1, 2, 30, lv_color_hex3(0xeee), 15);
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale, 0, 100, 270, 90);
    /*Add a three arc indicator*/
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic1 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
→main(LV PALETTE RED), 0);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic2 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
→main(LV PALETTE GREEN), -10);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic3 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
→main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), -20);
   /*Create an animation to set the value*/
    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
    lv_anim_set_values(\&a, 0, 100);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
    lv anim set repeat count(&a, LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 2000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic1);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic2);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_anim_start(&a);

lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
 lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 2000);
 lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic3);
 lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
#!//opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
def set value(indic,v):
   meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, v)
# A meter with multiple arcs
meter = lv.meter(lv.scr act())
meter.center()
meter.set_size(200, 200)
# Remove the circle from the middle
meter.remove style(None, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
# Add a scale first
scale = meter.add scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale, 11, 2, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale, 1, 2, 30, lv.color_hex3(0xeee), 10)
meter.set scale range(scale, 0, 100, 270, 90)
# Add a three arc indicator
indic1 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
indic2 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), -10)
indic3 = meter.add arc(scale, 10, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), -20)
# Create an animation to set the value
a1 = lv.anim t()
al.init()
al.set values(0, 100)
al.set time(2000)
al.set repeat delay(100)
al.set playback delay(100)
al.set playback time(500)
a1.set var(indic1)
al.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic1,val))
lv.anim t.start(a1)
a2 = lv.anim t()
a2.init()
a2.set values(0, 100)
```

(continues on next page)

```
a2.set time(1000)
a2.set repeat delay(100)
a2.set_playback_delay(100)
a2.set_playback_time(1000)
a2.set var(indic2)
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a2.set custom exec cb(lambda a, val: set value(indic2, val))
lv.anim t.start(a2)
a3 = lv.anim t()
a3.init()
a3.set_values(0, 100)
a3.set time(1000)
a3.set repeat delay(100)
a3.set playback delay(100)
a3.set_playback_time(2000)
a3.set_var(indic3)
a3.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
a3.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic3,val))
lv.anim t.start(a3)
```

A clock from a meter

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE METER && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * meter;
static void set value(void * indic, int32 t v)
    lv meter set indicator end value(meter, indic, v);
}
* A clock from a meter
void lv example meter 3(void)
   meter = lv meter create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 220, 220);
   lv_obj_center(meter);
   /*Create a scale for the minutes*/
   /*61 ticks in a 360 degrees range (the last and the first line overlaps)*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale_min = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale_min, 61, 1, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→GREY));
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale_min, 0, 60, 360, 270);
    /*Create another scale for the hours. It's only visual and contains only majoru
→ticks*/
    lv meter scale t * scale hour = lv meter add scale(meter);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale_hour, 12, 0, 0, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→GREY));
                        /*12 ticks*/
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale_hour, 1, 2, 20, lv color black(), 10);
     /*Every tick is major*/
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale_hour, 1, 12, 330, 300);
                                                                          /*[1..12]<sub>...</sub>
→values in an almost full circle*/
    LV IMG DECLARE(img hand)
    /*Add a the hands from images*/
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic_min = lv_meter_add_needle_img(meter, scale_min, &img_
\rightarrowhand, 5, 5);
    lv meter indicator t * indic hour = lv meter add needle img(meter, scale min, &
\rightarrowimg hand, 5, 5);
    /*Create an animation to set the value*/
    lv anim t a;
    lv anim init(\&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
    lv anim set values(\&a, 0, 60);
    lv anim set repeat count(&a, LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE);
    lv\_anim\_set\_time(\&a, 2000); /*2 sec for 1 turn of the minute hand (1 hour)*/
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic_min);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv anim set var(\&a, indic hour);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 24000); /*24 sec for 1 turn of the hour hand*/
    lv anim set values(\&a, 0, 60);
    lv anim start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
#!//opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('.../.../assets/img hand min.png','rb') as f:
        img hand min data = f.read()
    print("Could not find img hand min.png")
    sys.exit()
img hand min dsc = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(img hand min data),
  'data': img hand min data
})
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('../../assets/img_hand_hour.png','rb') as f:
        img hand hour data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img hand hour.png")
    sys.exit()
img hand hour dsc = lv.img dsc t({
  'data_size': len(img_hand_hour_data),
  'data': img hand hour data
})
def set value(indic, v):
   meter.set_indicator_value(indic, v)
# A clock from a meter
meter = lv.meter(lv.scr act())
meter.set size(220, 220)
meter.center()
# Create a scale for the minutes
# 61 ticks in a 360 degrees range (the last and the first line overlaps)
scale min = meter.add scale()
meter.set scale ticks(scale min, 61, 1, 10, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_range(scale_min, 0, 60, 360, 270)
# Create another scale for the hours. It's only visual and contains only major ticks
scale hour = meter.add scale()
meter.set scale ticks(scale hour, 12, 0, 0, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY)) # 12,
→ticks
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale_hour, 1, 2, 20, lv.color_black(), 10)
                                                                                 #_
→Every tick is major
meter.set_scale_range(scale_hour, 1, 12, 330, 300)
                                                                                # [1..
→12] values in an almost full circle
    LV IMG DECLARE(img hand)
# Add the hands from images
indic min = meter.add needle img(scale min, img hand min dsc, 5, 5)
indic hour = meter.add needle img(scale min, img hand hour dsc, 5, 5)
# Create an animation to set the value
a1 = lv.anim t()
al.init()
a1.set_values(0, 60)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
al.set_time(2\overline{000})
                        # 2 sec for 1 turn of the minute hand (1 hour)
al.set var(indic min)
al.set custom exec cb(lambda al,val: set value(indic min,val))
lv.anim t.start(a1)
a2 = lv.anim t()
a2.init()
```

(continues on next page)

```
a2.set_var(indic_hour)
a2.set_time(24000)  # 24 sec for 1 turn of the hour hand
a2.set_values(0, 60)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a2,val: set_value(indic_hour,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a2)
```

Pie chart

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE METER && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Create a pie chart
void lv example meter 4(void)
    lv obj t * meter = lv meter create(lv scr act());
    /*Remove the background and the circle from the middle*/
    lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_MAIN);
    lv obj remove style(meter, NULL, LV PART INDICATOR);
    lv obj set size(meter, 200, 200);
   lv_obj_center(meter);
   /*Add a scale first with no ticks.*/
   lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv meter set scale ticks(meter, scale, 0, 0, 0, lv color black());
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale, 0, 100, 360, 0);
    /*Add a three arc indicator*/
    lv coord t indic w = 100;
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic1 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w,lv_palette_
→main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic1, 0);
    lv meter set indicator end value(meter, indic1, 40);
    lv meter indicator t * indic2 = lv meter add arc(meter, scale, indic w, lv
→palette main(LV PALETTE YELLOW), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic2, 40); /*Start from the_
→previous*/
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic2, 80);
    lv meter indicator t * indic3 = lv meter add arc(meter, scale, indic w, lv
→palette main(LV PALETTE DEEP ORANGE), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic3, 80); /*Start from the_
⇔previous*/
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic3, 100);
#endif
```

#

(continues on next page)

```
# Create a pie chart
meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())
# Remove the background and the circle from the middle
meter.remove style(None, lv.PART.MAIN)
meter remove style(None, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
meter.set size(200, 200)
meter.center()
# Add a scale first with no ticks.
scale = meter.add scale()
meter.set scale ticks(scale, 0, 0, 0, lv.color black())
meter.set_scale_range(scale, 0, 100, 360, 0)
# Add a three arc indicator*
indic w = 100
indic1 = meter.add arc(scale, indic w,lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic1, 0)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic1, 40)
indic2 = meter.add_arc(scale, indic_w, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic2, 40) # Start from the previous
meter.set indicator end value(indic2, 80)
indic3 = meter.add arc(scale, indic w, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.DEEP ORANGE), 0)
meter.set indicator start value(indic3, 80) # Start from the previous
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic3, 100)
```

2.7.21 Message box

Simple Message box

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_current_target(e);
    LV_LOG_USER("Button %s clicked", lv_msgbox_get_active_btn_text(obj));
}

void lv_example_msgbox_1(void)
{
    static const char * btns[] ={"Apply", "Close", ""};

    lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "This is a message box with_ustwo buttons.", btns, true);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(mbox1, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_center(mbox1);
}
```

(continues on next page)

#endif

2.7.22 Roller

Simple Roller

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE ROLLER && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv roller get selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV LOG USER("Selected month: %s\n", buf);
    }
}
* An infinite roller with the name of the months
void lv_example_roller_1(void)
    lv_obj_t *roller1 = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller1,
                        "January\n"
                        "February\n"
                        "March\n"
                        "April\n"
                        "May\n"
                        "June\n"
                        "July\n"
                        "August\n"
                        "September\n"
                        "October\n"
                        "November\n"
                        "December",
                        LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller1, 4);
lv_obj_center(roller1);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def event handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
        option = " "*10
        obj.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
        print("Selected month: " + option.strip())
# An infinite roller with the name of the months
roller1 = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller1.set options("\n".join([
    "January",
    "February",
    "March",
    "April",
    "May",
    "June",
    "July",
    "August",
    "September",
    "October",
    "November"
    "December"]), lv.roller.MODE.INFINITE)
roller1.set visible row count(4)
roller1.center()
roller1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

Styling the roller

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_ROLLER && LV_FONT_MONTSERRAT_22 && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv_roller_get_selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV_LOG_USER("Selected value: %s", buf);
    }
}
```

(continues on next page)

```
* Roller with various alignments and larger text in the selected area
void lv_example_roller_2(void)
    /*A style to make the selected option larger*/
    static lv_style_t style_sel;
    lv_style_init(&style_sel);
    lv_style_set_text_font(&style_sel, &lv_font_montserrat_22);
    const char * opts = 1\n2\n3\n4\n5\n6\n7\n8\n9\n10;
    lv obj t *roller;
   /*A roller on the left with left aligned text, and custom width*/
    roller = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller, opts, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
    lv roller set visible row count(roller, 2);
    lv_obj_set_width(roller, 100);
    lv obj add style(roller, &style sel, LV PART SELECTED);
    lv obj set style text align(roller, LV TEXT ALIGN LEFT, 0);
    lv_obj_align(roller, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 10, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_roller_set_selected(roller, 2, LV_ANIM_OFF);
   /*A roller on the middle with center aligned text, and auto (default) width*/
    roller = lv roller create(lv scr act());
    lv roller set options(roller, opts, LV ROLLER MODE NORMAL);
    lv roller set visible row count(roller, 3);
    lv_obj_add_style(roller, &style_sel, LV_PART_SELECTED);
    lv obj align(roller, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv roller set selected(roller, 5, LV ANIM OFF);
    /*A roller on the right with right aligned text, and custom width*/
    roller = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller, opts, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 4);
    lv_obj_set_width(roller, 80);
    lv obj add style(roller, &style sel, LV PART SELECTED);
    lv obj set style text align(roller, LV TEXT ALIGN RIGHT, 0);
    lv obj align(roller, LV ALIGN RIGHT MID, -10, 0);
    lv obj add event cb(roller, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv roller set selected(roller, 8, LV ANIM OFF);
}
#endif
```

```
import fs_driver

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        option = " "*10
```

(continues on next page)

```
obj.get selected str(option, len(option))
        print("Selected value: %s\n" + option.strip())
# Roller with various alignments and larger text in the selected area
# A style to make the selected option larger
style sel = lv.style t()
style sel.init()
try:
    style sel.set text font(lv.font montserrat 22)
except:
    fs drv = lv.fs drv t()
    fs driver.fs register(fs drv, 'S')
    print("montserrat-22 not enabled in lv_conf.h, dynamically loading the font")
    font montserrat 22 = lv.font load("S:" + "../../assets/font/montserrat-22.fnt")
    style sel.set_text_font(font_montserrat_22)
opts = "\n".join(["1","2","3","4","5","6","7","8","9","10"])
# A roller on the left with left aligned text, and custom width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller.set options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set visible row count(2)
roller.set width(100)
roller.add style(style sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.set style text align(lv.TEXT ALIGN.LEFT, 0)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT MID, 10, 0)
roller.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set_selected(2, lv.ANIM.OFF)
# A roller in the middle with center aligned text, and auto (default) width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr act())
roller.set_options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set_visible_row_count(3)
roller.add style(style sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
roller.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set selected(5, lv.ANIM.OFF)
# A roller on the right with right aligned text, and custom width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr act())
roller.set options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set visible row count(4)
roller.set width(80)
roller.add style(style sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.set_style_text_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.RIGHT, 0)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -10, 0)
roller.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set_selected(8, lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

add fade mask to roller

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE ROLLER && LV DRAW COMPLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void mask event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
    static int16 t mask top id = -1;
    static int16 t mask bottom id = -1;
    if (code == LV EVENT COVER CHECK) {
        lv event set cover res(e, LV COVER RES MASKED);
    } else if (code == LV EVENT DRAW MAIN BEGIN) {
        /* add mask */
        const lv_font_t * font = lv_obj_get_style_text_font(obj, LV_PART_MAIN);
        lv_coord_t line_space = lv_obj_get_style_text_line_space(obj, LV_PART_MAIN);
        lv_coord_t font_h = lv_font_get_line_height(font);
        lv area t roller coords;
        lv_obj_get_coords(obj, &roller_coords);
        lv_area_t rect_area;
        rect_area.x1 = roller_coords.x1;
        rect_area.x2 = roller_coords.x2;
        rect area.y1 = roller coords.y1;
        rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y1 + (lv_obj_get_height(obj) - font_h - line_
→space) / 2;
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_top = lv_mem_buf_get(sizeof(lv_draw_
→mask fade param t));
        lv draw mask fade init(fade mask top, &rect area, LV OPA TRANSP, rect area.yl,
→ LV OPA COVER, rect area.y2);
        mask_top_id = lv_draw_mask_add(fade_mask_top, NULL);
        rect_area.y1 = rect_area.y2 + font_h + line_space - 1;
        rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y2;
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_bottom =lv_mem_buf_get(sizeof(lv_draw_
→mask_fade_param_t));
        lv_draw_mask_fade_init(fade_mask_bottom, &rect_area, LV_OPA_COVER, rect_area.
→y1, LV_OPA_TRANSP, rect_area.y2);
        mask_bottom_id = lv_draw_mask_add(fade_mask_bottom, NULL);
    } else if (code == LV EVENT DRAW POST END) {
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_top = lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_top_
id);
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_bottom = lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_
→bottom_id);
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(fade_mask_top);
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(fade_mask_bottom);
        lv mem buf release(fade mask top);
        lv_mem_buf_release(fade_mask_bottom);
        mask\_top\_id = -1;
```

(continues on next page)

```
mask bottom id = -1;
    }
}
* Add a fade mask to roller.
void lv example roller 3(void)
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_color_black());
    lv style set text color(&style, lv color white());
    lv style set border width(&style, 0);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(lv_scr_act(), &style, 0);
    lv_obj_t *roller1 = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(roller1, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(roller1, LV_OPA_TRANSP, LV_PART_SELECTED);
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 22
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(roller1, &lv_font_montserrat_22, LV_PART_SELECTED);
#endif
    lv roller set options(roller1,
                        "January\n"
                        "February\n"
                        "March\n"
                        "April\n"
                        "May\n"
                        "June\n"
                        "July\n"
                        "August\n"
                        "September\n"
                        "October\n"
                        "November\n"
                        "December",
                        LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
    lv obj center(roller1);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller1, 3);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller1, mask_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
import fs_driver
import sys

class Lv_Roller_3():

    def __init__(self):
        self.mask_top_id = -1
        self.mask_bottom_id = -1
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Add a fade mask to roller.
       style = lv.style_t()
       style.init()
       style.set_bg_color(lv.color_black())
       style.set_text_color(lv.color_white())
       lv.scr_act().add_style(style, 0)
       roller1 = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
       roller1.add_style(style, 0)
       roller1.set style border width(0, 0)
        roller1.set_style_pad_all(0, 0)
       roller1.set_style_bg_opa(lv.OPA.TRANSP, lv.PART.SELECTED)
       #if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 22
             lv obj set style text font(roller1, &lv font montserrat 22, LV PART
→SELECTED);
       #endif
       try:
            roller1.set_style_text_font(lv.font_montserrat_22,lv.PART.SELECTED)
       except:
           fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
            fs driver.fs register(fs drv, 'S')
            print("montserrat-22 not enabled in lv conf.h, dynamically loading the...
→font")
            font montserrat 22 = lv.font load("S:" + "../../assets/font/montserrat-22.
→fnt")
            roller1.set_style_text_font(font_montserrat_22,lv.PART.SELECTED)
       roller1.set_options("\n".join([
            "January",
            "February",
            "March",
            "April",
            "May",
            "June",
            "July",
            "August",
            "September",
            "October".
            "November"
            "December"]),lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
       roller1.center()
       roller1.set visible row count(3)
       roller1.add event cb(self.mask event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
   def mask_event_cb(self,e):
       code = e.get code()
       obj = e.get target()
       if code == lv.EVENT.COVER CHECK:
            e.set cover res(lv.COVER RES.MASKED)
```

(continues on next page)

```
elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW MAIN BEGIN:
            # add mask
            font = obj.get_style_text_font(lv.PART.MAIN)
            line_space = obj.get_style_text_line_space(lv.PART.MAIN)
            font_h = font.get_line_height()
            roller coords = lv.area t()
            obj.get coords(roller coords)
            rect_area = lv.area_t()
            rect_area.x1 = roller_coords.x1
            rect_area.x2 = roller_coords.x2
            rect area.y1 = roller coords.y1
            rect area.y2 = roller coords.y1 + (obj.get height() - font h - line
→space) // 2
            fade_mask_top = lv.draw_mask_fade_param_t()
            fade_mask_top.init(rect_area, lv.OPA.TRANSP, rect_area.y1, lv.OPA.COVER,_
→rect_area.y2)
            self.mask top id = lv.draw mask add(fade mask top,None)
            rect_area.y1 = rect_area.y2 + font_h + line_space - 1
            rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y2
            fade mask bottom = lv.draw mask fade param t()
            fade mask bottom.init(rect area, lv.OPA.COVER, rect area.y1, lv.OPA.
→TRANSP, rect area.y2)
            self.mask bottom id = lv.draw mask add(fade mask bottom, None)
        elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW POST END:
            fade mask top = lv.draw mask remove id(self.mask top id)
            fade_mask_bottom = lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_bottom_id)
            # Remove the masks
            lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_top id)
            lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_bottom_id)
            self.mask\_top\_id = -1
            self.mask\_bottom\_id = -1
roller3 = Lv_Roller_3()
```

2.7.23 Slider

Simple Slider

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);
static lv_obj_t * slider_label;

/**
   * A default slider with a label displaying the current value
   */
void lv_example_slider_1(void)
```

(continues on next page)

```
{
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(slider);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    /*Create a label below the slider*/
    slider_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(slider_label, "0%");
    lv_obj_align_to(slider_label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10);
}
static void slider event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_event_get_target(e);
    char buf[8];
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d%%", (int)lv_slider_get_value(slider));
    lv_label_set_text(slider_label, buf);
    lv_obj_align_to(slider_label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10);
#endif
```

```
#
# A default slider with a label displaying the current value
#
def slider_event_cb(e):
    slider = e.get_target()
        slider_label.set_text("{:d}%".format(slider.get_value()))
        slider_label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10)

# Create a slider in the center of the display
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.center()
slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

# Create a label below the slider
slider_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
slider_label.set_text("0%")
slider_label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10)
```

Slider with custom style

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE SLIDER && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Show how to style a slider.
void lv example slider 2(void)
   /*Create a transition*/
    static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR, 0};
    static lv style transition dsc t transition dsc;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&transition_dsc, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 300, 0,
→NULL);
    static lv_style_t style_main;
    static lv_style_t style_indicator;
    static lv_style_t style_knob;
    static lv style t style pressed color;
    lv_style_init(&style_main);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style main, LV OPA COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_main, lv_color_hex3(0xbbb));
    lv_style set_radius(&style_main, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_pad_ver(&style_main, -2); /*Makes the indicator larger*/
    lv style init(&style indicator);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indicator, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indicator, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE CYAN));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_indicator, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_indicator, &transition_dsc);
   lv style init(&style knob);
    lv style set bg opa(&style knob, LV OPA COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_knob, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_CYAN));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_knob, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_CYAN, 3));
    lv style set border width(&style knob, 2);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_knob, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_knob, 6); /*Makes the knob larger*/
    lv style set transition(&style knob, &transition dsc);
    lv_style_init(&style_pressed_color);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pressed_color, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_CYAN,_
\hookrightarrow2));
    /*Create a slider and add the style*/
    lv obj t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj remove style all(slider);
                                           /*Remove the styles coming from the...
→theme*/
    lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_main, LV_PART_MAIN);
    lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_indicator, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv obj add style(slider, &style pressed color, LV PART INDICATOR | LV STATE
→PRESSED);
    lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_knob, LV_PART_KNOB);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_pressed_color, LV_PART_KNOB | LV_STATE_PRESSED);
     lv_obj_center(slider);
}
#endif
```

```
# Show how to style a slider.
# Create a transition
props = [lv.STYLE.BG_COLOR, 0]
transition_dsc = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
transition dsc.init(props, lv.anim t.path linear, 300, 0, None)
style main = lv.style t()
style indicator = lv.style t()
style_knob = lv.style_t()
style pressed color = lv.style t()
style main.init()
style main.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style main.set bg color(lv.color hex3(0xbbb))
style main.set radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
                                           # Makes the indicator larger
style_main.set_pad_ver(-2)
style indicator.init()
style_indicator.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style indicator.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.CYAN))
style indicator.set radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style indicator.set transition(transition dsc)
style knob.init()
style knob.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style knob.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.CYAN))
style_knob.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.CYAN, 3))
style_knob.set_border_width(2)
style_knob.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_knob.set_pad_all(6)
                                            # Makes the knob larger
style knob.set transition(transition dsc)
style pressed color.init()
style_pressed_color.set_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.CYAN, 2))
# Create a slider and add the style
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
slider.remove style all()
                                            # Remove the styles coming from the theme
slider.add style(style main, lv.PART.MAIN)
slider.add style(style indicator, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
slider.add style(style pressed color, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
slider.add_style(style_knob, lv.PART.KNOB)
slider.add style(style pressed color, lv.PART.KNOB | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
slider.center()
```

Slider with extended drawer

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE SLIDER && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void slider event cb(lv event t * e);
* Show the current value when the slider is pressed by extending the drawer
void lv example slider 3(void)
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv_obj_t * slider;
    slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(slider);
    lv_slider_set_mode(slider, LV_SLIDER_MODE_RANGE);
    lv_slider_set_value(slider, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_left_value(slider, 20, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(slider);
}
static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    /*Provide some extra space for the value*/
    if(code == LV EVENT REFR EXT DRAW SIZE) {
        lv_coord_t * size = lv_event_get_param(e);
        *size = LV MAX(*size, 50);
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
        if(dsc->part == LV_PART_INDICATOR) {
            char buf[16];
            lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d - %d", (int)lv_slider_get_left_
→value(obj), (int)lv_slider_get_value(obj));
            lv_point_t label_size;
            lv_txt_get_size(&label_size, buf, LV_FONT_DEFAULT, 0, 0, LV_COORD_MAX, 0);
            lv_area_t label_area;
            label_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x1 + lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) /__
\rightarrow 2 - label size.x / 2;
            label_area.x2 = label_area.x1 + label_size.x;
            label area.y2 = dsc->draw area->y1 - 10;
            label_area.y1 = label_area.y2 - label_size.y;
            lv draw label dsc t label draw dsc;
            lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_draw_dsc);
            lv_draw_label(dsc->draw_ctx, &label_draw_dsc, &label_area, buf, NULL);
        }
```

(continues on next page)

```
}
}
#endif
```

```
def slider event cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get target()
    # Provide some extra space for the value
    if code == lv.EVENT.REFR EXT DRAW SIZE:
        e.set_ext_draw_size(50)
    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END:
        # print("DRAW PART END")
        dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
        # print(dsc)
        if dsc.part == lv.PART.INDICATOR:
            label_text = "{:d} - {:d}".format(obj.get_left_value(),slider.get_value())
            label size = lv.point t()
            lv.txt get size(label size, label text, lv.font default(), 0, 0, lv.COORD.
\rightarrowMAX, \odot)
            # print(label size.x, label size.y)
            label area = lv.area t()
            label_area.x1 = dsc.draw_area.x1 + dsc.draw_area.get_width() // 2 - label
⇒size.x // 2
            label area.x2 = label area.x1 + label size.x
            label area.y2 = dsc.draw area.y1 - 10
            label area.y1 = label area.y2 - label size.y
            label draw dsc = lv.draw label dsc t()
            label draw dsc.init()
            dsc.draw ctx.label(label draw dsc, label area, label text, None)
# Show the current value when the slider if pressed by extending the drawer
#Create a slider in the center of the display
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
slider.center()
slider.set mode(lv.slider.MODE.RANGE)
slider.set value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
slider.set_left_value(20, lv.ANIM.OFF)
slider.add event cb(slider event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
slider.refresh ext draw size()
```

2.7.24 Span

Span with custom styles

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE SPAN && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
 * Create span.
void lv example span 1(void)
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv style init(&style);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 1);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE));
    lv style set pad all(&style, 2);
    lv obj t * spans = lv spangroup create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_width(spans, 300);
    lv_obj_set_height(spans,300);
    lv_obj_center(spans);
    lv_obj_add_style(spans, &style, 0);
   lv spangroup set align(spans, LV TEXT ALIGN LEFT);
    lv_spangroup_set_overflow(spans, LV SPAN OVERFLOW CLIP);
    lv_spangroup_set_indent(spans, 20);
   lv spangroup_set_mode(spans, LV_SPAN_MODE_BREAK);
    lv_span_t * span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv span set text(span, "China is a beautiful country.");
    lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_text_decor(&span->style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_STRIKETHROUGH | LV_TEXT_DECOR_
→UNDERLINE);
    lv style set text opa(&span->style, LV OPA 50);
    span = lv spangroup new span(spans);
    lv span set text static(span, "good good study, day day up.");
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 24
    lv_style_set_text_font(&span->style, &lv_font_montserrat_24);
#endif
    lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    span = lv spangroup new span(spans);
    lv_span_set_text_static(span, "LVGL is an open-source graphics library.");
    lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    span = lv spangroup new span(spans);
    lv_span_set_text_static(span, "the boy no name.");
    lv style set text color(&span->style, lv palette main(LV PALETTE GREEN));
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 20
   lv style set text font(&span->style, &lv font montserrat 20);
#endif
    lv_style_set_text_decor(&span->style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_UNDERLINE);
    span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv span set text(span, "I have a dream that hope to come true.");
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_spangroup_refr_mode(spans);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create span
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
style.set_border_width(1)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE))
style.set pad all(2)
spans = lv.spangroup(lv.scr act())
spans.set width(300)
spans.set_height(300)
spans.center()
spans.add_style(style, 0)
spans.set align(lv.TEXT ALIGN.LEFT)
spans.set overflow(lv.SPAN OVERFLOW.CLIP)
spans.set_indent(20)
spans.set_mode(lv.SPAN_MODE.BREAK)
span = spans.new span()
span.set text("china is a beautiful country.")
span.style.set text color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
span.style.set text decor(lv.TEXT DECOR.STRIKETHROUGH | lv.TEXT DECOR.UNDERLINE)
span.style.set text opa(lv.OPA. 30)
span = spans.new span()
span.set text static("good good study, day day up.")
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 24
     lv style set text font(&span->style, &lv font montserrat 24);
#endif
span.style.set text color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
span = spans.new span()
span.set text static("LVGL is an open-source graphics library.")
span.style.set text color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
span = spans.new span()
span.set text static("the boy no name.")
span.style.set text color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 20
     lv style set text font(&span->style, &lv font montserrat 20);
#endif
span.style.set text decor(lv.TEXT DECOR.UNDERLINE)
span = spans.new span()
span.set text("I have a dream that hope to come true.")
spans.refr mode()
```

(continues on next page)

```
# lv_span_del(spans, span);
# lv_obj_del(spans);
```

2.7.25 Spinbox

Simple Spinbox

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE SPINBOX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * spinbox;
static void lv spinbox increment event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_SHORT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT) {
        lv_spinbox_increment(spinbox);
    }
}
static void lv spinbox decrement event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_SHORT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT) {
        lv_spinbox_decrement(spinbox);
    }
}
void lv_example_spinbox_1(void)
    spinbox = lv_spinbox_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv spinbox set range(spinbox, -1000, 25000);
    lv spinbox set digit format(spinbox, 5, 2);
    lv_spinbox_step_prev(spinbox);
    lv_obj_set_width(spinbox, 100);
    lv_obj_center(spinbox);
   lv_coord_t h = lv_obj_get_height(spinbox);
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, h, h);
    lv_obj_align_to(btn, spinbox, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 5, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(btn, LV_SYMBOL_PLUS, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, lv_spinbox_increment_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    btn = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, h, h);
    lv_obj_align_to(btn, spinbox, LV_ALIGN_OUT_LEFT_MID, -5, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(btn, LV_SYMBOL_MINUS, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, lv_spinbox_decrement_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}
```

(continues on next page)

#endif

```
def increment event cb(e):
    code = e.get code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.SHORT_CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        spinbox.increment()
def decrement event cb(e):
    code = e.get code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.SHORT CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG PRESSED REPEAT:
        spinbox.decrement()
spinbox = lv.spinbox(lv.scr act())
spinbox.set range(-1000, 25000)
spinbox.set digit format(5, 2)
spinbox.step_prev()
spinbox.set width(100)
spinbox.center()
h = spinbox.get height()
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
btn.set size(h, h)
btn.align_to(spinbox, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 5, 0)
btn.set style bg img src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
btn.add_event_cb(increment_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
btn.set size(h, h)
btn.align to(spinbox, lv.ALIGN.OUT LEFT MID, -5, 0)
btn.set style bg img src(lv.SYMBOL.MINUS, 0)
btn.add_event_cb(decrement_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

2.7.26 Spinner

Simple spinner

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPINNER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_spinner_1(void)
{
    /*Create a spinner*/
    lv_obj_t * spinner = lv_spinner_create(lv_scr_act(), 1000, 60);
    lv_obj_set_size(spinner, 100, 100);
    lv_obj_center(spinner);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a spinner
spinner = lv.spinner(lv.scr_act(), 1000, 60)
(continues on next page)
```

```
spinner.set_size(100, 100)
spinner.center()
```

2.7.27 Switch

Simple Switch

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SWITCH && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED) {
       LV_LOG_USER("State: %s\n", lv_obj_has_state(obj, LV_STATE_CHECKED) ? "On" :
→"Off");
   }
}
void lv example switch 1(void)
    lv obj set flex flow(lv scr act(), LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN);
    lv obj set flex align(lv scr act(), LV FLEX ALIGN CENTER, LV FLEX ALIGN CENTER,...
→LV FLEX ALIGN CENTER);
   lv_obj_t * sw;
    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj add event cb(sw, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    sw = lv switch create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    sw = lv switch create(lv scr act());
    lv obj add state(sw, LV STATE DISABLED);
    lv obj add event cb(sw, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj add state(sw, LV STATE CHECKED | LV STATE DISABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
#endif
```

```
def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        if obj.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
            print("State: on")
```

(continues on next page)

```
else:
            print("State: off")
lv.scr act().set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.COLUMN)
lv.scr_act().set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.
→CENTER)
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr act())
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr act())
sw.add state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr act())
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.DISABLED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr act())
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED | lv.STATE.DISABLED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

2.7.28 Table

Simple table

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE TABLE && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void draw_part_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv obj draw part dsc t * dsc = lv event get param(e);
    /*If the cells are drawn...*/
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        uint32_t row = dsc->id / lv_table_get_col_cnt(obj);
        uint32_t col = dsc->id - row * lv_table_get_col_cnt(obj);
        /*Make the texts in the first cell center aligned*/
        if(row == 0) {
            dsc->label dsc->align = LV TEXT ALIGN CENTER;
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),_

dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color, LV_0PA_20);
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
        /*In the first column align the texts to the right*/
        else if(col == 0) {
            dsc->label_dsc->align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_RIGHT;
        /*MAke every 2nd row grayish*/
        if((row != 0 \&\& row % 2) == 0) {
```

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```
dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY),_

dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color, LV OPA 10);
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
        }
    }
}
void lv_example_table_1(void)
    lv_obj_t * table = lv_table_create(lv_scr_act());
    /*Fill the first column*/
   lv table set cell value(table, 0, 0, "Name");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 1, 0, "Apple");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 2, 0, "Banana");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 3, 0, "Lemon");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 4, 0, "Grape");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 5, 0, "Melon");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 6, 0, "Peach");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 7, 0, "Nuts");
    /*Fill the second column*/
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 0, 1, "Price");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 1, 1, "$7");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 2, 1, "$4");
    lv table set cell value(table, 3, 1, "$6");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 4, 1, "$2");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 5, 1, "$5");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 6, 1, "$1");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 7, 1, "$9");
    /*Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable*/
    lv obj set height(table, 200);
    lv_obj_center(table);
    /*Add an event callback to to apply some custom drawing*/
    lv obj add event cb(table, draw part event cb, LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def draw_part_event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
# If the cells are drawn../
if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
    row = dsc.id // obj.get_col_cnt()
    col = dsc.id - row * obj.get_col_cnt()

# Make the texts in the first cell center aligned
if row == 0:
    dsc.label_dsc.align = lv.TEXT_ALIGN.CENTER
    dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE).color_mix(dsc.
    rect_dsc.bg_color, lv.OPA._20)
    dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER
```

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```
# In the first column align the texts to the right
        elif col == 0:
            dsc.label_dsc.flag = lv.TEXT_ALIGN.RIGHT
        # Make every 2nd row grayish
        if row ! = 0 and (row % 2) == 0:
            dsc.rect dsc.bg color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY).color mix(dsc.
→rect_dsc.bg_color, lv.0PA._10)
            dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER
table = lv.table(lv.scr act())
# Fill the first column
table.set_cell_value(0, 0, "Name")
table.set_cell_value(1, 0, "Apple")
table.set_cell_value(2, 0, "Banana")
table.set_cell_value(3, 0, "Lemon")
table.set_cell_value(4, 0, "Grape")
table.set_cell_value(5, 0, "Melon")
table.set_cell_value(6, 0, "Peach")
table.set_cell_value(7, 0, "Nuts")
# Fill the second column
table.set_cell_value(0, 1, "Price")
table.set_cell_value(1, 1, "$7")
table.set_cell_value(2, 1, "$4")
table.set_cell_value(3, 1, "$6")
table.set_cell_value(4, 1, "$2")
table.set_cell_value(5, 1, "$5")
table.set_cell_value(6, 1, "$1")
table.set_cell_value(7, 1, "$9")
# Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable
table.set height(200)
table.center()
# Add an event callback to apply some custom drawing
table.add event cb(draw part event cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW PART BEGIN, None)
```

Lightweighted list from table

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABLE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

#define ITEM_CNT 200

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    /*If the cells are drawn...*/
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
```

(continues on next page)

```
bool chk = lv_table_has_cell_ctrl(obj, dsc->id, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_
\hookrightarrow1);
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t rect_dsc;
        lv draw rect dsc init(&rect dsc);
        rect_dsc.bg_color = chk ? lv_theme_get_color_primary(obj) : lv_palette_
→lighten(LV PALETTE GREY, 2);
        rect dsc.radius = LV RADIUS CIRCLE;
        lv_area_t sw_area;
        sw_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x2 - 50;
        sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 40;
        sw area.y1 = dsc->draw area->y1 + lv area get height(dsc->draw area) / 2 - 10;
        sw area.y2 = sw area.y1 + 20;
        lv draw rect(dsc->draw ctx, &rect dsc, &sw area);
        rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_color_white();
        if(chk) {
            sw area.x2 -= 2;
            sw area.x1 = sw area.x2 - 16;
        } else {
            sw_area.x1 += 2;
            sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 16;
        sw area.y1 += 2;
        sw area.y2 -= 2;
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &rect_dsc, &sw_area);
    }
}
static void change event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
    uint16_t col;
    uint16_t row;
    lv_table_get_selected_cell(obj, &row, &col);
    bool chk = lv table has cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
    if(chk) lv_table_clear_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
    else lv_table_add_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
}
* A very light-weighted list created from table
void lv example table 2(void)
    /*Measure memory usage*/
    lv_mem_monitor_t mon1;
    lv_mem_monitor(&mon1);
   uint32_t t = lv_tick_get();
    lv obj t * table = lv table create(lv scr act());
    /*Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable*/
    lv obj set size(table, LV SIZE CONTENT, 200);
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

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```
lv table set col width(table, 0, 150);
    lv_table_set_row_cnt(table, ITEM_CNT); /*Not required but avoids a lot of memory,.
→reallocation lv_table_set_set_value*/
    lv_table_set_col_cnt(table, 1);
    /*Don't make the cell pressed, we will draw something different in the event*/
    lv obj remove style(table, NULL, LV PART ITEMS | LV STATE PRESSED);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < ITEM_CNT; i++) {
       lv table set cell value fmt(table, i, 0, "Item %"LV PRIu32, i + 1);
   lv obj align(table, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, -20);
   /*Add an event callback to to apply some custom drawing*/
    lv obj add event cb(table, draw event cb, LV EVENT DRAW PART END, NULL);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(table, change_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv mem monitor t mon2;
   lv mem monitor(&mon2);
   uint32_t mem_used = mon1.free_size - mon2.free_size;
   uint32 t elaps = lv tick elaps(t);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32" items were created in %"LV_PRIu32" ms\n
                                  "using %"LV PRIu32" bytes of memory",
                                  ITEM CNT, elaps, mem used);
    lv obj align(label, LV ALIGN BOTTOM MID, 0, -10);
}
#endif
```

```
from utime import ticks_ms
import gc

ITEM_CNT = 200

def draw_event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    # If the cells are drawn...
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        chk = obj.has_cell_ctrl(dsc.id, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)

        rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        rect_dsc.init()

        if chk:
            rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.theme_get_color_primary(obj)
```

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```
else:
            rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 2)
        rect_dsc.radius = lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE
        sw_area = lv.area_t()
        sw area.x1 = dsc.draw area.x2 - 50
        sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 40
        sw_area.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + dsc.draw_area.get_height() // 2 - 10
        sw_area.y2 = sw_area.y1 + 20
        dsc.draw_ctx.rect(rect_dsc, sw_area)
        rect dsc.bg color = lv.color white()
        if chk:
            sw_area.x2 -= 2
            sw_area.x1 = sw_area.x2 - 16
        else:
            sw_area.x1 += 2
            sw area.x2 = sw area.x1 + 16
        sw area.y1 += 2
        sw area.y2 -= 2
        dsc.draw_ctx.rect(rect_dsc, sw_area)
def change event cb(e):
    obj = e.get target()
    row = lv.C Pointer()
    col = lv.C Pointer()
    table get_selected_cell(row, col)
    # print("row: ",row.uint_val)
    chk = table.has_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)
    if chk:
        table.clear cell ctrl(row.uint val, 0, lv.table.CELL CTRL.CUSTOM 1)
    else:
        table.add_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)
# A very light-weighted list created from table
# Measure memory usage
qc.enable()
gc.collect()
mem_free = gc.mem_free()
print("mem free: ", mem free)
t = ticks ms()
print("ticks: ", t)
table = lv.table(lv.scr_act())
# Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable
table.set_size(150, 200)
table set col width (0, 150)
table.set row cnt(ITEM CNT) # Not required but avoids a lot of memory reallocation,
→ lv table set set value
table.set col cnt(1)
```

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```
# Don't make the cell pressed, we will draw something different in the event
table.remove style(None, lv.PART.ITEMS | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
for i in range(ITEM CNT):
   table.set_cell_value(i, 0, "Item " + str(i+1))
table.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -20)
# Add an event callback to apply some custom drawing
table.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END, None)
table.add event cb(change event cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED, None)
gc.collect()
mem used = mem free - gc.mem free()
elaps = ticks ms()-t
label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label.set_text(str(ITEM_CNT) + " items were created in " + str(elaps) + " ms\n using
→" + str(mem used) + " bytes of memory")
#label.set text(str(ITEM CNT) + " items were created in " + str(elaps) + " ms")
label.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM MID, 0, -10)
```

2.7.29 Tabview

Simple Tabview

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE TABVIEW && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
void lv_example_tabview_1(void)
    /*Create a Tab view object*/
   lv obj t *tabview;
   tabview = lv tabview create(lv scr act(), LV DIR TOP, 50);
   /*Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv page) and can be scrolled*/
   lv_obj_t *tab1 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 1");
    lv_obj_t *tab2 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 2");
    lv_obj_t *tab3 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 3");
    /*Add content to the tabs*/
   lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tab1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "This the first tab\n\n"
                             "If the content\n"
                             "of a tab\n"
                             "becomes too\n"
                             "longer\n"
                             "than the \n"
                             "container\n"
                             "then it\n"
                             "automatically\n"
                             "becomes\n"
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Create a Tab view object
tabview = lv.tabview(lv.scr_act(), lv.DIR.TOP, 50)
# Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv page) and can be scrolled
tab1 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 1")
tab2 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 2")
tab3 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 3")
# Add content to the tabs
label = lv.label(tab1)
label.set text("""This the first tab
If the content
of a tab
becomes too
longer
than the
container
then it
automatically
becomes
scrollable.
Can you see it?""")
label = lv.label(tab2)
label.set_text("Second tab")
label = lv.label(tab3)
label.set_text("Third tab");
label.scroll_to_view_recursive(lv.ANIM.ON)
```

Tabs on the left, styling and no scrolling

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE TABVIEW && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void scroll begin event(lv event t * e)
    /*Disable the scroll animations. Triggered when a tab button is clicked */
    if(lv event get code(e) == LV EVENT SCROLL BEGIN) {
        lv_anim_t * a = lv_event_get_param(e);
        if(a) a \rightarrow time = 0;
    }
}
void lv example tabview 2(void)
    /*Create a Tab view object*/
    lv_obj_t *tabview;
    tabview = lv_tabview_create(lv_scr_act(), LV_DIR_LEFT, 80);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(lv_tabview_get_content(tabview), scroll_begin_event, LV_EVENT_
→SCROLL_BEGIN, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(tabview, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_RED, 2), 0);
    lv_obj_t * tab_btns = lv_tabview_get_tab_btns(tabview);
    lv obj set style bg color(tab btns, lv palette darken(LV PALETTE GREY, 3), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_color(tab_btns, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 5), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_border_side(tab_btns, LV_BORDER_SIDE_RIGHT, LV_PART_ITEMS | LV_
→STATE_CHECKED);
    /*Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled*/
    lv_obj_t *tab1 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 1");
    lv_obj_t *tab2 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 2");
    lv_obj_t *tab3 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 3");
    lv_obj_t *tab4 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 4");
    lv_obj_t *tab5 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 5");
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(tab2, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_AMBER, 3), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(tab2, LV_OPA_COVER, 0);
   /*Add content to the tabs*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tab1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "First tab");
    label = lv label create(tab2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Second tab");
    label = lv label create(tab3);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Third tab");
    label = lv_label_create(tab4);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Forth tab");
    label = lv label create(tab5);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Fifth tab");
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_clear_flag(lv_tabview_get_content(tabview), LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLLABLE);
}
#endif
```

```
def scroll_begin_event(e):
    #Disable the scroll animations. Triggered when a tab button is clicked */
    if e.get code() == lv.EVENT.SCROLL BEGIN:
        a = lv.anim_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
            a.time = 0
# Create a Tab view object
tabview = lv.tabview(lv.scr act(), lv.DIR.LEFT, 80)
tabview.get content().add event cb(scroll begin event, lv.EVENT.SCROLL BEGIN, None)
tabview.set style bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 2), 0)
tab btns = tabview.get tab btns()
tab_btns.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), 0)
tab btns.set style text color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 5), 0)
tab btns.set style border side(lv.BORDER SIDE.RIGHT, lv.PART.ITEMS | lv.STATE.CHECKED)
# Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled
tab1 = tabview.add tab("Tab 1")
tab2 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 2")
tab3 = tabview.add tab("Tab 3")
tab4 = tabview.add tab("Tab 4")
tab5 = tabview.add tab("Tab 5")
tab2.set style bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.AMBER, 3), 0)
tab2.set style bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER, 0)
# Add content to the tabs
label = lv.label(tab1)
label.set text("First tab")
label = lv.label(tab2)
label.set_text("Second tab")
label = lv.label(tab3)
label.set text("Third tab")
label = lv.label(tab4)
label.set text("Forth tab")
label = lv.label(tab5)
label.set text("Fifth tab")
tabview.get_content().clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLLABLE)
```

2.7.30 Textarea

Simple Text area

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE TEXTAREA && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void textarea event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    LV_LOG_USER("Enter was pressed. The current text is: %s", lv_textarea_get_
→text(ta));
static void btnm_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    const char * txt = lv btnmatrix get btn text(obj, lv btnmatrix get selected
→btn(obj));
    if(strcmp(txt, LV_SYMBOL_BACKSPACE) == 0) lv_textarea_del_char(ta);
    else if(strcmp(txt, LV_SYMBOL_NEW_LINE) == 0) lv_event_send(ta, LV_EVENT_READY,_
→NULL);
    else lv_textarea_add_text(ta, txt);
}
void lv_example_textarea_1(void)
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv textarea set one line(ta, true);
    lv obj align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, textarea_event_handler, LV_EVENT_READY, ta);
    lv_obj_add_state(ta, LV_STATE_FOCUSED); /*To be sure the cursor is visible*/
    static const char * btnm map[] = {"1", "2", "3", "\n",
                               "4", "5", "6", "\n", "7", "8", "9", "\n",
                               LV SYMBOL BACKSPACE, "0", LV SYMBOL NEW LINE, ""};
    lv obj t * btnm = lv btnmatrix create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btnm, 200, 150);
    lv obj align(btnm, LV ALIGN BOTTOM MID, 0, -10);
    lv obj add event cb(btnm, btnm event handler, LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED, ta);
    lv obj clear flag(btnm, LV OBJ FLAG CLICK FOCUSABLE); /*To keep the text area,
→focused on button clicks*/
    lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm, btnm_map);
}
#endif
```

```
def textarea_event_handler(e, ta):
    print("Enter was pressed. The current text is: " + ta.get_text())

def btnm_event_handler(e, ta):
```

(continues on next page)

```
obj = e.get target()
              txt = obj.get btn text(obj.get selected btn())
             if txt == lv.SYMBOL.BACKSPACE:
                           ta.del_char()
             elif txt == lv.SYMBOL.NEW LINE:
                           lv.event_send(ta, lv.EVENT.READY, None)
              elif txt:
                           ta.add text(txt)
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.set one line(True)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP MID, 0, 10)
ta.add event cb(lambda e: textarea event handler(e, ta), lv.EVENT.READY, None)
ta.add state(lv.STATE.FOCUSED) # To be sure the cursor is visible
\label{eq:btnm_map} \texttt{btnm\_map} = ["1", "2", "3", " \ "n", "4", "5", "6", " \ "n", "n", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", 
                                         "7", "8", "9", "\n",
                                         lv.SYMBOL.BACKSPACE, "0", lv.SYMBOL.NEW LINE, ""]
btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm.set_size(200, 150)
btnm.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10)
btnm.add_event_cb(lambda e: btnm_event_handler(e, ta), lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
btnm.clear flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CLICK FOCUSABLE) # To keep the text area focused on,
 →button clicks
btnm.set map(btnm map)
```

Text area with password field

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE TEXTAREA && LV USE KEYBOARD && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void ta event cb(lv event t * e);
static lv obj t * kb;
void lv example textarea 2(void)
    /*Create the password box*/
    lv obj t * pwd ta = lv textarea create(lv scr act());
    lv_textarea_set_text(pwd_ta, "");
    lv textarea set password mode(pwd ta, true);
    lv textarea set one line(pwd ta, true);
    lv_obj_set_width(pwd_ta, lv_pct(40));
    lv obj set pos(pwd ta, 5, 20);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(pwd_ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    /*Create a label and position it above the text box*/
   lv_obj_t * pwd_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
   lv_label_set_text(pwd_label, "Password:");
   lv_obj_align_to(pwd_label, pwd_ta, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0);
   /*Create the one-line mode text area*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv obj t * text ta = lv textarea create(lv scr act());
    lv textarea set one line(text ta, true);
    lv_textarea_set_password_mode(text_ta, false);
    lv_obj_set_width(text_ta, lv_pct(40));
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(text_ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(text_ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -5, 20);
    /*Create a label and position it above the text box*/
   lv_obj_t * oneline_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(oneline_label, "Text:");
    lv_obj_align_to(oneline_label, text_ta, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0);
   /*Create a keyboard*/
    kb = lv keyboard create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(kb, LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES / 2);
    lv keyboard set textarea(kb, pwd ta); /*Focus it on one of the text areas to...
⇔start*/
static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv obj t * ta = lv event get target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT CLICKED || code == LV EVENT FOCUSED) {
        /*Focus on the clicked text area*/
        if(kb != NULL) lv keyboard set textarea(kb, ta);
    }
   else if(code == LV EVENT READY) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Ready, current text: %s", lv_textarea_get_text(ta));
    }
}
#endif
```

```
def ta_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    ta = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.FOCUSED:
        # Focus on the clicked text area
        if kb != None:
            kb.set_textarea(ta)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.READY:
        print("Ready, current text: " + ta.get_text())

# Create the password box
LV_HOR_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.hor_res
LV_VER_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.ver_res

pwd_ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
pwd_ta.set_text("")
pwd_ta.set_password_mode(True)
```

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```
pwd ta.set one line(True)
pwd ta.set width(LV HOR RES // 2 - 20)
pwd_ta.set_pos(5, 20)
pwd_ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
# Create a label and position it above the text box
pwd label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
pwd_label.set_text("Password:")
pwd_label.align_to(pwd_ta, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0)
# Create the one-line mode text area
text ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr act())
text ta.set width(LV HOR RES // 2 - 20)
text ta.set one line(True)
text ta.add event cb(ta event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
text ta.set password mode(False)
text ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP RIGHT, -5, 20)
# Create a label and position it above the text box
oneline_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
oneline_label.set_text("Text:")
oneline_label.align_to(text_ta, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0)
# Create a keyboard
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr act())
kb.set_size(LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES // 2)
kb.set textarea(pwd ta) # Focus it on one of the text areas to start
```

Text auto-formatting

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TEXTAREA && LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);

static lv_obj_t * kb;

/**
    * Automatically format text like a clock. E.g. "12:34"
    * Add the ':' automatically.
    */
void lv_example_textarea_3(void)
{
        /*Create the text area*/
        lv_obj_t * ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
        lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
        lv_textarea_set_accepted_chars(ta, "0123456789:");
        lv_textarea_set_max_length(ta, 5);
        lv_textarea_set_one_line(ta, true);
        lv_textarea_set_text(ta, "");

        /*Create a keyboard*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
kb = lv keyboard create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(kb, LV HOR RES, LV VER RES / 2);
    lv_keyboard_set_mode(kb, LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_NUMBER);
    lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
}
static void ta event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    const char * txt = lv_textarea_get_text(ta);
    if(txt[0] >= '0' && txt[0] <= '9' &&
        txt[1] >= '0' \&\& txt[1] <= '9' \&\&
        txt[2] != ':')
    {
        lv textarea set cursor pos(ta, 2);
        lv_textarea_add_char(ta, ':');
    }
}
#endif
```

```
def ta event cb(e):
   ta = e.get_target()
   txt = ta.get_text()
   # print(txt)
   pos = ta.get cursor pos()
    # print("cursor pos: ",pos)
    # find position of ":" in text
    colon pos= txt.find(":")
    # if there are more than 2 digits before the colon, remove the last one entered
   if colon pos == 3:
        ta.del char()
    if colon pos != -1:
        # if there are more than 3 digits after the ":" remove the last one entered
        rest = txt[colon pos:]
        if len(rest) > 3:
            ta.del char()
   if len(txt) < 2:
        return
    if ":" in txt:
    if txt[0] >= '0' and txt[0] <= '9' and \
        txt[1] >= '0' and txt[1] <= '9':
        if len(txt) == 2 or txt[2] != ':' :
            ta.set cursor pos(2)
            ta.add char(ord(':'))
# Automatically format text like a clock. E.g. "12:34"
# Add the ':' automatically
# Create the text area
LV HOR RES = lv.scr act().get disp().driver.hor res
LV VER RES = lv.scr act().get disp().driver.ver res
```

(continues on next page)

```
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
ta.set_accepted_chars("0123456789:")
ta.set_max_length(5)
ta.set_one_line(True)
ta.set_text("")
ta.add_state(lv.STATE.FOCUSED)

# Create a keyboard
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())
kb.set_size(LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES // 2)
kb.set_mode(lv.keyboard.MODE.NUMBER)
kb.set_textarea(ta)
```

2.7.31 Tabview

Tileview with content

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE TILEVIEW && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Create a 2x2 tile view and allow scrolling only in an "L" shape.
* Demonstrate scroll chaining with a long list that
* scrolls the tile view when it can't be scrolled further.
void lv example tileview 1(void)
    lv_obj_t *tv = lv_tileview_create(lv_scr_act());
   /*Tile1: just a label*/
   lv_obj_t * tile1 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 0, 0, LV_DIR_BOTTOM);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(tile1);
    lv label set text(label, "Scroll down");
    lv_obj_center(label);
   /*Tile2: a button*/
   lv obj t * tile2 = lv tileview add tile(tv, 0, 1, LV DIR TOP | LV DIR RIGHT);
   lv obj t * btn = lv btn create(tile2);
   label = lv_label_create(btn);
   lv_label_set_text(label, "Scroll up or right");
   lv obj set size(btn, LV SIZE CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
   lv obj center(btn);
   /*Tile3: a list*/
   lv_obj_t * tile3 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 1, 1, LV_DIR LEFT);
    lv obj t * list = lv list create(tile3);
    lv obj set size(list, LV PCT(100), LV PCT(100));
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "One");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Two");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Three");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Four");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Five");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Six");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Seven");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Eight");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Nine");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Ten");
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a 2x2 tile view and allow scrolling only in an "L" shape.
# Demonstrate scroll chaining with a long list that
# scrolls the tile view when it can't be scrolled further.
tv = lv.tileview(lv.scr act())
# Tile1: just a label
tile1 = tv.add_tile(0, 0, lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
label = lv.label(tile1)
label.set text("Scroll down")
label.center()
# Tile2: a button
tile2 = tv.add tile(0, 1, lv.DIR.TOP | lv.DIR.RIGHT)
btn = lv.btn(tile2)
label = lv.label(btn)
label.set text("Scroll up or right")
btn.set size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
btn.center()
# Tile3: a list
tile3 = tv.add tile(1, 1, lv.DIR.LEFT)
list = lv.list(tile3)
list.set size(lv.pct(100), lv.pct(100))
list.add_btn(None, "One")
list.add_btn(None, "Two")
list.add_btn(None, "Three")
list.add_btn(None, "Four")
list.add_btn(None, "Five")
list.add_btn(None, "Six")
list.add_btn(None, "Seven")
list.add_btn(None, "Eight")
list.add_btn(None, "Nine")
list.add btn(None, "Ten")
```

2.7.32 Window

Simple window

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE WIN && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    LV_LOG_USER("Button %d clicked", (int)lv_obj_get_index(obj));
void lv_example_win_1(void)
    lv_obj_t * win = lv_win_create(lv_scr_act(), 40);
    lv_obj_t * btn;
    btn = lv win add btn(win, LV SYMBOL LEFT, 40);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
   lv_win_add_title(win, "A title");
   btn = lv_win_add_btn(win, LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT, 40);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv win add btn(win, LV SYMBOL CLOSE, 60);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
   lv_obj_t * cont = lv_win_get_content(win); /*Content can be added here*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "This is\n"
                             "a pretty\n"
                             "long text\n"
                             "to see how\n"
                             "the window\n"
                             "becomes\n"
                             "scrollable.\n"
                             "\n"
                             "\n"
                             "Some more \n"
                             "text to be \n"
                             "sure it\n"
                             "overflows. :)");
}
#endif
```

```
def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        print("Button {:d} clicked".format(obj.get_child_id()))
```

(continues on next page)

```
win = lv.win(lv.scr_act(), 60)
btn1 = win.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT, 40)
btn1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
win.add_title("A title")
btn2=win.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT, 40)
btn2.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn3 = win.add btn(lv.SYMB0L.CL0SE, 60)
btn3.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cont = win.get_content() # Content can be added here
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("""This is
a pretty
long text
to see how
the window
becomes
scrollable.
We need
quite some text
and we will
even put
some more
text to be
sure it
overflows.
""")
```

THREE

GET STARTED

There are several ways to get your feet wet with LVGL. Here is one recommended order of documents to read and things to play with when you are learning to use LVGL:

- 1. Check the Online demos to see LVGL in action (3 minutes)
- 2. Read the Introduction page of the documentation (5 minutes)
- 3. Read the Quick overview page of the documentation (15 minutes)
- 4. Set up a Simulator (10 minutes)
- 5. Try out some Examples
- 6. Check out the Platform-specific tutorials. (in this section below). (10 minutes)
- 7. Port LVGL to a board. See the Porting guide or check the ready to use Projects
- 8. Read the Overview page to get a better understanding of the library. (2-3 hours)
- 9. Check the documentation of the Widgets to see their features and usage
- 10. If you have questions got to the Forum
- 11. Read the Contributing guide to see how you can help to improve LVGL (15 minutes)

3.1 Quick overview

Here you can learn the most important things about LVGL. You should read this first to get a general impression and read the detailed *Porting* and *Overview* sections after that.

3.1.1 Get started in a simulator

Instead of porting LVGL to embedded hardware straight away, it's highly recommended to get started in a simulator first.

LVGL is ported to many IDEs to be sure you will find your favorite one. Go to the *Simulators* section to get ready-to-use projects that can be run on your PC. This way you can save the time of porting for now and get some experience with LVGL immediately.

3.1.2 Add LVGL into your project

If you would rather try LVGL on your own project follow these steps:

- Download or clone the library from GitHub with git clone https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl.git.
- Copy the lvgl folder into your project.
- Copy lvgl/lv_conf_template.h as lv_conf.h next to the lvgl folder, change the first #if 0 to 1 to enable the file's content and set the LV_COLOR_DEPTH defines.
- Include lvgl/lvgl.h in files where you need to use LVGL related functions.
- Call lv_tick_inc(x) every x milliseconds in a Timer or Task (x should be between 1 and 10). It is required for the internal timing of LVGL. Alternatively, configure LV_TICK_CUSTOM (see lv_conf.h) so that LVGL can retrieve the current time directly.
- Call lv_init()
- Create a draw buffer: LVGL will render the graphics here first, and send the rendered image to the display. The buffer size can be set freely but 1/10 screen size is a good starting point.

• Implement and register a function which can copy the rendered image to an area of your display:

```
static lv_disp_drv_t disp_drv;
                                      /*Descriptor of a display driver*/
lv disp drv init(&disp drv);
                                      /*Basic initialization*/
                                      /*Set your driver function*/
disp drv.flush cb = my disp flush;
disp drv.draw_buf = &draw_buf;
                                      /*Assign the buffer to the display*/
disp_drv.hor_res = MY_DISP_HOR_RES;
                                      /*Set the horizontal resolution of the display*/
disp_drv.ver_res = MY_DISP_VER_RES;
                                      /*Set the vertical resolution of the display*/
lv_disp_drv_register(&disp_drv);
                                      /*Finally register the driver*/
void my_disp_flush(lv_disp_drv_t * disp, const lv_area_t * area, lv_color_t * color_p)
    int32_t x, y;
   /*It's a very slow but simple implementation.
    *`set pixel` needs to be written by you to a set pixel on the screen*/
    for(y = area->y1; y <= area->y2; y++) {
        for(x = area->x1; x <= area->x2; x++) {
            set_pixel(x, y, *color_p);
            color_p++;
        }
    }
                                      /* Indicate you are ready with the flushing*/
    lv disp flush ready(disp);
}
```

• Implement and register a function which can read an input device. E.g. for a touchpad:

```
static lv_indev_drv_t indev_drv;
lv_indev_drv_init(&indev_drv);
indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER;
indev_drv.read_cb = my_touchpad_read;
lv_indev_drv_register(&indev_drv);
/*Finally register the driver*/
/*Basic initialization*/
/*Touch pad is a pointer-like device*/
/*Set your driver function*/
/*Finally register the driver*/
```

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```
void my_touchpad_read(lv_indev_t * indev, lv_indev_data_t * data)
{
    /*`touchpad_is_pressed` and `touchpad_get_xy` needs to be implemented by you*/
    if(touchpad_is_pressed()) {
        data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED;
        touchpad_get_xy(&data->point.x, &data->point.y);
    } else {
        data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED;
    }
}
```

• Call lv_timer_handler() periodically every few milliseconds in the main while(1) loop or in an operating system task. It will redraw the screen if required, handle input devices, animation etc.

For a more detailed guide go to the *Porting* section.

3.1.3 Learn the basics

Widgets

The graphical elements like Buttons, Labels, Sliders, Charts etc. are called objects or widgets. Go to *Widgets* to see the full list of available widgets.

Every object has a parent object where it is created. For example, if a label is created on a button, the button is the parent of label.

The child object moves with the parent and if the parent is deleted the children will be deleted too.

Children can be visible only within their parent's bounding area. In other words, the parts of the children outside the parent are clipped.

A Screen is the "root" parent. You can have any number of screens.

To get the current screen call lv scr act(), and to load a screen use lv scr load(scrl).

You can create a new object with $lv_<type>_create(parent)$. It will return an $lv_obj_t * variable$ that can be used as a reference to the object to set its parameters.

For example:

```
lv_obj_t * slider1 = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
```

To set some basic attributes lv_obj_set_<parameter_name>(obj, <value>) functions can be used. For example:

```
lv_obj_set_x(btn1, 30);
lv_obj_set_y(btn1, 10);
lv_obj_set_size(btn1, 200, 50);
```

Along with the basic attributes, widgets can have type specific parameters which are set by lv_<widget_type>_set_<parameter_name>(obj, <value>) functions. For example:

```
lv_slider_set_value(slider1, 70, LV_ANIM_ON);
```

To see the full API visit the documentation of the widgets or the related header file (e.g. lvgl/src/widgets/lv slider.h).

Events

Events are used to inform the user that something has happened with an object. You can assign one or more callbacks to an object which will be called if the object is clicked, released, dragged, being deleted, etc.

A callback is assigned like this:

LV EVENT ALL can be used instead of LV EVENT CLICKED to invoke the callback for any event.

From lv_event_t * e the current event code can be retrieved with:

```
lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
```

The object that triggered the event can be retrieved with:

```
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
```

To learn all features of the events go to the *Event overview* section.

Parts

Widgets might be built from one or more *parts*. For example, a button has only one part called LV_PART_MAIN. However, a *Slider* has LV_PART_MAIN, LV_PART_INDICATOR and LV_PART_KNOB.

By using parts you can apply different styles to sub-elements of a widget. (See below)

Read the widgets' documentation to learn which parts each uses.

States

LVGL objects can be in a combination of the following states:

- LV_STATE_DEFAULT Normal, released state
- LV_STATE_CHECKED Toggled or checked state
- LV_STATE_FOCUSED Focused via keypad or encoder or clicked via touchpad/mouse
- LV STATE FOCUS KEY Focused via keypad or encoder but not via touchpad/mouse
- LV STATE EDITED Edit by an encoder
- LV STATE HOVERED Hovered by mouse (not supported now)
- LV STATE PRESSED Being pressed
- LV STATE SCROLLED Being scrolled
- LV STATE DISABLED Disabled

For example, if you press an object it will automatically go to the LV_STATE_FOCUSED and LV_STATE_PRESSED states and when you release it the LV_STATE_PRESSED state will be removed while focus remains active.

To check if an object is in a given state use lv_obj_has_state(obj, LV_STATE_...). It will return true if the object is currently in that state.

To manually add or remove states use:

```
lv_obj_add_state(obj, LV_STATE_...);
lv_obj_clear_state(obj, LV_STATE_...);
```

Styles

A style instance contains properties such as background color, border width, font, etc. that describe the appearance of objects.

Styles are represented with <code>lv_style_t</code> variables. Only their pointer is saved in the objects so they need to be defined as static or global. Before using a style it needs to be initialized with <code>lv_style_init(&style1)</code>. After that, properties can be added to configure the style. For example:

```
static lv_style_t style1;
lv_style_init(&style1);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style1, lv_color_hex(0xa03080))
lv_style_set_border_width(&style1, 2))
```

See the full list of properties here.

Styles are assigned using the ORed combination of an object's part and state. For example to use this style on the slider's indicator when the slider is pressed:

```
lv_obj_add_style(slider1, &style1, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_PRESSED);
```

If the *part* is LV PART MAIN it can be omitted:

Similarly, LV STATE DEFAULT can be omitted too:

For LV STATE DEFAULT and LV PART MAIN simply write 0:

```
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style1, 0); /*Equal to LV_PART_MAIN | LV_STATE_DEFAULT*/
```

Styles can be cascaded (similarly to CSS). It means you can add more styles to a part of an object. For example style_btn can set a default button appearance, and style_btn_red can overwrite the background color to make the button red:

```
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_btn, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style1_btn_red, 0);
```

If a property is not set on for the current state, the style with LV_STATE_DEFAULT will be used. A default value is used if the property is not defined in the default state.

Some properties (typically the text-related ones) can be inherited. This means if a property is not set in an object it will be searched for in its parents too. For example, you can set the font once in the screen's style and all text on that screen will inherit it by default.

Local style properties also can be added to objects. This creates a style which resides inside the object and is used only by the object:

To learn all the features of styles see the *Style overview* section.

Themes

Themes are the default styles for objects. Styles from a theme are applied automatically when objects are created.

The theme for your application is a compile time configuration set in lv conf.h.

3.1.4 Examples

A button with a label and react on click event

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE BTN
static void btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv obj t * btn = lv event get target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        static uint8_t cnt = 0;
        cnt++;
        /*Get the first child of the button which is the label and change its text*/
        lv obj t * label = lv obj get child(btn, 0);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Button: %d", cnt);
    }
}
* Create a button with a label and react on click event.
void lv example get started 1(void)
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act()); /*Add a button the current_
→screen*/
   lv_obj_set_pos(btn, 10, 10);
                                                            /*Set its position*/
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 120, 50);
                                                            /*Set its size*/
    lv obj add event cb(btn, btn event cb, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
                                                                          /*Assign a
→callback to the button*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
                                                     /*Add a label to the button*/
    lv label set text(label, "Button");
                                                           /*Set the labels text*/
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
```

(continues on next page)

#endif

```
class CounterBtn():
    def __init__(self):
        self.cnt = 0
        # Create a button with a label and react on click event.
       btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
                                                                  # Add a button the...
⇔current screen
        btn.set pos(10, 10)
                                                                  # Set its position
        btn.set size(120, 50)
                                                                  # Set its size
        btn.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER,0,0)
        btn.add_event_cb(self.btn_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None) # Assign a callback_

→to the button

        label = lv.label(btn)
                                                                  # Add a label to the...
→button
                                                                  # Set the labels text
        label.set text("Button")
        label.center()
   def btn_event_cb(self,evt):
        code = evt.get_code()
        btn = evt.get target()
        if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
            self.cnt += 1
        # Get the first child of the button which is the label and change its text
        label = btn.get child(0)
        label.set text("Button: " + str(self.cnt))
counterBtn = CounterBtn()
```

Create styles from scratch for buttons

(continues on next page)

```
{
    /*Create a simple button style*/
    lv style init(&style btn);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 10);
    lv style set bg opa(&style btn, LV OPA COVER);
    lv style set bg color(&style btn, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE GREY, 3));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv style set bg grad dir(&style btn, LV GRAD DIR VER);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_color_black());
    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_20);
   lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 2);
   lv style set text color(&style btn, lv color black());
   /*Create a style for the pressed state.
    *Use a color filter to simply modify all colors in this state*/
    static lv color filter dsc t color filter;
    lv_color_filter_dsc_init(&color_filter, darken);
    lv style init(&style btn pressed);
    lv style set color filter dsc(&style btn pressed, &color filter);
    lv_style_set_color_filter_opa(&style_btn_pressed, LV_OPA_20);
   /*Create a red style. Change only some colors.*/
   lv style init(&style btn red);
    lv style set bg color(&style btn red, lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED));
    lv style set bg grad color(&style btn red, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE RED, 3));
}
/**
* Create styles from scratch for buttons.
void lv example get started 2(void)
    /*Initialize the style*/
    style init();
    /*Create a button and use the new styles*/
   lv obj t * btn = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    /* Remove the styles coming from the theme
    * Note that size and position are also stored as style properties
    * so lv obj remove style all will remove the set size and position too */
    lv obj remove style all(btn);
    lv obj set pos(btn, 10, 10);
    lv obj set size(btn, 120, 50);
    lv obj add style(btn, &style btn, 0);
    lv obj add style(btn, &style btn pressed, LV STATE PRESSED);
    /*Add a label to the button*/
   lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv label set text(label, "Button");
    lv_obj_center(label);
   /*Create another button and use the red style too*/
   lv obj t * btn2 = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    lv obj remove style all(btn2);
                                                        /*Remove the styles coming.
→from the theme*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_set_pos(btn2, 10, 80);
lv_obj_set_size(btn2, 120, 50);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn_red, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
lv_obj_set_style_radius(btn2, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0); /*Add a local style too*/

label = lv_label_create(btn2);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Button 2");
lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create styles from scratch for buttons.
style btn = lv.style t()
style btn red = lv.style t()
style_btn_pressed = lv.style_t()
# Create a simple button style
style btn.init()
style_btn.set_radius(10)
style_btn.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style btn.set bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3))
style_btn.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style btn.set bg grad dir(lv.GRAD DIR.VER)
# Add a border
style btn.set border color(lv.color white())
style btn.set border opa(lv.OPA. 70)
style_btn.set_border_width(2)
# Set the text style
style btn.set text color(lv.color white())
# Create a red style. Change only some colors.
style btn red.init()
style btn red.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style btn red.set bg grad color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 2))
# Create a style for the pressed state.
style btn pressed.init()
style btn pressed.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_btn_pressed.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
# Create a button and use the new styles
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
                                            # Add a button the current screen
# Remove the styles coming from the theme
# Note that size and position are also stored as style properties
# so lv obj remove style all will remove the set size and position too
btn.remove style all()
                                            # Remove the styles coming from the theme
btn.set pos(10, 10)
                                            # Set its position
btn.set size(120, 50)
                                            # Set its size
btn.add style(style btn, 0)
```

(continues on next page)

```
btn.add style(style btn pressed, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
label = lv.label(btn)
                                           # Add a label to the button
label.set text("Button")
                                           # Set the labels text
label.center()
# Create another button and use the red style too
btn2 = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
btn2.remove style all()
                                           # Remove the styles coming from the theme
btn2.set_pos(10, 80)
                                           # Set its position
btn2.set_size(120, 50)
                                           # Set its size
btn2.add_style(style_btn, 0)
btn2.add style(style btn red, 0)
btn2.add style(style btn pressed, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn2.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0) # Add a local style
label = lv.label(btn2)
                                          # Add a label to the button
label.set text("Button 2")
                                          # Set the labels text
label.center()
```

Create a slider and write its value on a label

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE SLIDER
static lv obj t * label;
static void slider event cb(lv event t * e)
   lv_obj_t * slider = lv_event_get_target(e);
   /*Refresh the text*/
   lv label set text fmt(label, "%"LV_PRId32, lv_slider_get_value(slider));
   lv obj align to(label, slider, LV ALIGN OUT TOP MID, 0, -15); /*Align top of...
→the slider*/
}
* Create a slider and write its value on a label.
void lv example get started 3(void)
   /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
   lv obj t * slider = lv slider create(lv scr act());
   lv_obj_set_width(slider, 200);
                                                            /*Set the width*/
    lv obj center(slider);
                                                            /*Align to the center of...
→the parent (screen)*/
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
→*Assign an event function*/
    /*Create a label below the slider*/
   label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
   lv_label_set_text(label, "0");
    lv obj align to(label, slider, LV ALIGN OUT TOP MID, 0, -15); /*Align top of,
→the slider*/
                                                                         (continues on next page)
```

```
}
#endif
```

```
def slider_event_cb(evt):
   slider = evt.get_target()
   # Refresh the text
   label.set_text(str(slider.get_value()))
# Create a slider and write its value on a label.
# Create a slider in the center of the display
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.set width(200)
                                                                   # Set the width
slider.center()
                                                                   # Align to the
→center of the parent (screen)
slider.add event cb(slider event cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED, None) # Assign an event.
→function
# Create a label below the slider
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set text("0")
label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15)
                                                                 # Align below the...
⊶slider
```

3.1.5 Micropython

Learn more about Micropython.

```
# Create a Button and a Label
scr = lv.obj()
btn = lv.btn(scr)
btn.align(lv.scr_act(), lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Button")

# Load the screen
lv.scr_load(scr)
```

3.2 Simulator on PC

You can try out LVGL using only your PC (i.e. without any development boards). LVGL will run on a simulator environment on the PC where anyone can write and experiment with real LVGL applications.

Using the simulator on a PC has the following advantages:

- Hardware independent Write code, run it on the PC and see the result on a monitor.
- Cross-platform Any Windows, Linux or macOS system can run the PC simulator.
- Portability The written code is portable, which means you can simply copy it when migrating to embedded hardware.
- Easy Validation The simulator is also very useful to report bugs because it provides a common platform for every user. So it's a good idea to reproduce a bug in the simulator and use that code snippet in the Forum.

3.2.1 Select an IDE

The simulator is ported to various IDEs (Integrated Development Environments). Choose your favorite IDE, read its README on GitHub, download the project, and load it to the IDE.

- Eclipse with SDL driver: Recommended on Linux and Mac
- · CodeBlocks: Recommended on Windows
- · VisualStudio with SDL driver: For Windows
- · VSCode with SDL driver: Recommended on Linux and Mac
- PlatformIO with SDL driver: Recommended on Linux and Mac

You can use any IDE for development but, for simplicity, the configuration for Eclipse CDT is what we'll focus on in this tutorial. The following section describes the set-up guide of Eclipse CDT in more detail.

Note: If you are on Windows, it's usually better to use the Visual Studio or CodeBlocks projects instead. They work out of the box without requiring extra steps.

3.2.2 Set-up Eclipse CDT

Install Eclipse CDT

Eclipse CDT is a C/C++ IDE.

Eclipse is a Java-based tool so be sure **Java Runtime Environment** is installed on your system.

On Debian-based distros (e.g. Ubuntu): sudo apt-get install default-jre

Note: If you are using other distros, then please install a 'Java Runtime Environment' suitable to your distro. Note: If you are using macOS and get a "Failed to create the Java Virtual Machine" error, uninstall any other Java JDK installs and install Java JDK 8u. This should fix the problem.

You can download Eclipse's CDT from: https://www.eclipse.org/cdt/downloads.php. Start the installer and choose *Eclipse CDT* from the list.

3.2. Simulator on PC 231

Install SDL 2

The PC simulator uses the SDL 2 cross-platform library to simulate a TFT display and a touchpad.

Linux

On **Linux** you can easily install SDL2 using a terminal:

- 1. Find the current version of SDL2: apt-cache search libsdl2 (e.g. libsdl2-2.0-0)
- 2. Install SDL2: sudo apt-get install libsdl2-2.0-0 (replace with the found version)
- 3. Install SDL2 development package: sudo apt-get install libsdl2-dev
- 4. If build essentials are not installed yet: sudo apt-get install build-essential

Windows

If you are using **Windows** firstly you need to install MinGW (64 bit version). After installing MinGW, do the following steps to add SDL2:

- 1. Download the development libraries of SDL.Go to https://www.libsdl.org/download-2.0.php and download *Development Libraries: SDL2-devel-2.0.5-mingw.tar.gz*
- 2. Decompress the file and go to x86_64-w64-mingw32 directory (for 64 bit MinGW) or to i686-w64-mingw32 (for 32 bit MinGW)
- 3. Copy _...mingw32/include/SDL2 folder to C:/MinGW/.../x86_64-w64-mingw32/include
- 4. Copy _...mingw32/lib/ content to C:/MinGW/.../x86_64-w64-mingw32/lib
- 5. Copy _...mingw32/bin/SDL2.dll to {eclipse_workspace}/pc_simulator/Debug/. Do it later when Eclipse is installed.

Note: If you are using Microsoft Visual Studio instead of Eclipse then you don't have to install MinGW.

OSX

On OSX you can easily install SDL2 with brew: brew install sdl2

If something is not working, then please refer this tutorial to get started with SDL.

Pre-configured project

A pre-configured graphics library project (based on the latest release) is always available to get started easily. You can find the latest one on GitHub. (Please note that, the project is configured for Eclipse CDT).

3.2. Simulator on PC 232

Add the pre-configured project to Eclipse CDT

Run Eclipse CDT. It will show a dialogue about the **workspace path**. Before accepting the path, check that path and copy (and unzip) the downloaded pre-configured project there. After that, you can accept the workspace path. Of course you can modify this path but in that case copy the project to the corresponding location.

Close the start-up window and go to File->Import and choose General->Existing project into Workspace. Browse the root directory of the project and click Finish

On Windows you have to do two additional things:

- · Copy the SDL2.dll into the project's Debug folder
- Right-click on the project -> Project properties -> C/C++ Build -> Settings -> Libraries -> Add ... and add *mingw32* above SDLmain and SDL. (The order is important: mingw32, SDLmain, SDL)

Compile and Run

Now you are ready to run LVGL on your PC. Click on the Hammer Icon on the top menu bar to Build the project. If you have done everything right, then you will not get any errors. Note that on some systems additional steps might be required to "see" SDL 2 from Eclipse but in most cases the configuration in the downloaded project is enough.

After a successful build, click on the Play button on the top menu bar to run the project. Now a window should appear in the middle of your screen.

Now you are ready to use LVGL and begin development on your PC.

3.3 STM32

TODO

3.4 NXP

NXP has integrated LVGL into the MCUXpresso SDK packages for several of their general purpose and crossover microcontrollers, allowing easy evaluation and migration into your product design. Download an SDK for a supported board today and get started with your next GUI application.

3.4.1 Creating new project with LVGL

Downloading the MCU SDK example project is recommended as a starting point. It comes fully configured with LVGL (and with PXP support if module is present), no additional integration work is required.

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3.4.2 Adding HW acceleration for NXP iMX RT platforms using PXP (PiXel Pipeline) engine for existing projects

Several drawing features in LVGL can be offloaded to the PXP engine. The CPU is available for other operations while the PXP is running. An RTOS is required to block the LVGL drawing thread and switch to another task or suspend the CPU for power savings.

Features supported:

- · RGB565 color format
- Area fill + optional transparency
- BLIT (BLock Image Transfer) + optional transparency
- Color keying + optional transparency
- Recoloring (color tint) + optional transparency
- · RTOS integration layer
- · Default FreeRTOS and bare metal code provided

Basic configuration:

- Select NXP PXP engine in lv_conf.h: Set LV_USE_GPU_NXP_PXP to 1
- Enable default implementation for interrupt handling, PXP start function and automatic initialization: Set LV USE GPU NXP PXP AUTO INIT to 1
- If FSL_RT0S_FREE_RT0S symbol is defined, FreeRTOS implementation will be used, otherwise bare metal code will be included

Basic initialization:

- If LV_USE_GPU_NXP_PXP_AUTO_INIT is enabled, no user code is required; PXP is initialized automatically in lv init()
- For manual PXP initialization, default configuration structure for callbacks can be used. Initialize PXP before calling lv_init()

```
#if LV_USE_GPU_NXP_PXP
    #include "lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp_pxp.h"
    #include "lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp_pxp_osa.h"
#endif
...
#if LV_USE_GPU_NXP_PXP
    if (lv_gpu_nxp_pxp_init(&pxp_default_cfg) != LV_RES_OK) {
        PRINTF("PXP init error. STOP.\n");
        for (;;);
    }
#endif
```

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Project setup:

- Add PXP related files to project:
 - lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp.c, lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp.h: low level drawing calls for LVGL
 - lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp_osa.c, lv_gpu/lv_gpu_osa.h: default implementation of OS-specific functions (bare metal and FreeRTOS only)
 - * optional, required only if LV USE GPU NXP PXP AUTO INIT is set to 1
- PXP related code depends on two drivers provided by MCU SDK. These drivers need to be added to project:
 - fsl_pxp.c, fsl_pxp.h: PXP driver
 - fsl_cache.c, fsl_cache.h: CPU cache handling functions

Advanced configuration:

- Implementation depends on multiple OS-specific functions. The struct lv_nxp_pxp_cfg_t with callback pointers is used as a parameter for the lv_gpu_nxp_pxp_init() function. Default implementation for FreeRTOS and baremetal is provided in lv_gpu_nxp_osa.c
 - pxp interrupt init(): Initialize PXP interrupt (HW setup, OS setup)
 - pxp_interrupt_deinit(): Deinitialize PXP interrupt (HW setup, OS setup)
 - pxp_run(): Start PXP job. Use OS-specific mechanism to block drawing thread. PXP must finish drawing before leaving this function.
- There are configurable area thresholds which are used to decide whether the area will be processed by CPU, or by PXP. Areas smaller than a defined value will be processed by CPU and those bigger than the threshold will be processed by PXP. These thresholds may be defined as preprocessor variables. Default values are defined lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp_pxp.h
 - GPU_NXP_PXP_BLIT_SIZE_LIMIT: size threshold for image BLIT, BLIT with color keying, and BLIT with recolor (OPA > LV OPA MAX)
 - GPU_NXP_PXP_BLIT_OPA_SIZE_LIMIT: size threshold for image BLIT and BLIT with color keying with transparency (OPA < LV_OPA_MAX)
 - GPU_NXP_PXP_FILL_SIZE_LIMIT: size threshold for fill operation (OPA > LV_OPA_MAX)
 - GPU_NXP_PXP_FILL_OPA_SIZE_LIMIT: size threshold for fill operation with transparency (OPA < LV OPA MAX)

3.5 Espressif (ESP32 chip series)

LVGL can be used and configured as a standard ESP-IDF component.

More information about ESP-IDF build system can be found here.

3.5.1 LVGL demo project for ESP32

We've created lv_port_esp32, a project using ESP-IDF and LVGL to show one of the demos from lv_demos. You can configure the project to use one of the many supported display controllers and targets (chips).

See lvgl_esp32_drivers repository for a complete list of supported display and indev (touch) controllers and targets.

3.5.2 Using LVGL in your ESP-IDF project

Prerequisites

- ESP-IDF v4.1 and above
- ESP evaluation board with a display

Obtaining LVGL

Option 1: git submodule

Simply clone LVGL into your project_root/components directory and it will be automatically integrated into the project. If the project is a git repository you can include LVGL as a git submodule:

```
git submodule add https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl.git components/lvgl
```

The above command will clone LVGL's main repository into the components/lvgl directory. LVGL includes a CMakeLists.txt file that sets some configuration options so you can use LVGL right away.

Option 2: IDF Component Manager

LVGL is also distributed through IDF Component Manager. It allows users to seamlessly integrate LVGL component into their project with following command:

```
idf.py add-dependency lvgl/lvgl>=8.*
```

During next project build, LVGL component will be fetched from the component registry and added to project build.

Configuration

When you are ready to configure LVGL, launch the configuration menu with idf.py menuconfig in your project root directory, go to Component config and then LVGL configuration.

3.5.3 Using lvgl esp32 drivers in ESP-IDF project

You can also add lvgl_esp32_drivers as a "component". This component should be located inside a directory named "components" in your project root directory.

When your project is a git repository you can include lvgl esp32 drivers as a git submodule:

```
git submodule add https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl_esp32_drivers.git components/lvgl_

→esp32 drivers
```

3.6 Arduino

The LVGL library is directly available as Arduino libraries.

Note that you need to choose a board powerful enough to run LVGL and your GUI. See the requirements of LVGL.

For example ESP32 is a good candidate to create UI's with LVGL.

3.6.1 Get the LVGL Arduino library

LVGL can be installed via the Arduino IDE Library Manager or as a .ZIP library.

You can Download the latest version of LVGL from GitHub and simply copy it to Arduino's library folder.

3.6.2 Set up drivers

To get started it's recommended to use TFT_eSPI library as a TFT driver to simplify testing. To make it work, setup TFT_eSPI according to your TFT display type via editing either

- · User Setup.h
- or by selecting a configuration in the User_Setup_Select.h

Both files are located in TFT eSPI library's folder.

3.6.3 Configure LVGL

LVGL has its own configuration file called lv_conf.h. When LVGL is installed, follow these configuration steps:

- 1. Go to the directory of the installed Arduino libraries
- 2. Go to lvgl and copy lv_conf_template.h as lv_conf.h into the Arduino Libraries directory next to the lvgl library folder.
- 3. Open lv conf.h and change the first #if 0 to #if 1 to enable the content of the file
- 4. Set the color depth of you display in LV COLOR DEPTH
- 5. Set LV_TICK_CUSTOM 1

Finally the layout with lv_conf.h should look like this:

```
arduino
|-libraries
|-lvgl
|-other_lib_1
|-other_lib_2
|-lv_conf.h
```

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3.6.4 Initialize and run LVGL

Take a look at LVGL_Arduino.ino to see how to initialize LVGL. TFT eSPI is used as the display driver.

In the INO file you can see how to register a display and a touchpad for LVGL and call an example.

3.6.5 Use the examples and demos

Note that, there is no dedicated INO file for every example. Instead, you can load an example by calling an $lv_example_...$ function. For example $lv_example_btn_1()$.

IMPORTANT Due to some the limitations of Arduino's build system you need to copy lvgl/examples to lvgl/src/examples. Similarly for the demos lvgl/demos to lvgl/src/demos.

3.6.6 Debugging and logging

LVGL can display debug information in case of trouble. In the LVGL_Arduino.ino example there is a my_print method, which sends this debug information to the serial interface. To enable this feature you have to edit the lv_conf. h file and enable logging in the section log settings:

```
/*Log settings*/
#define USE LV LOG
                            /*Enable/disable the log module*/
#if LV USE LOG
/* How important log should be added:
* LV LOG LEVEL TRACE
                            A lot of logs to give detailed information
* LV LOG LEVEL INFO
                            Log important events
* LV_LOG_LEVEL_WARN
                            Log if something unwanted happened but didn't cause a.
→problem
 * LV_LOG_LEVEL ERROR
                            Only critical issue, when the system may fail
* LV_LOG_LEVEL_NONE
                            Do not log anything
# define LV_LOG_LEVEL
                          LV_LOG_LEVEL_WARN
```

After enabling the log module and setting LV_LOG_LEVEL accordingly, the output log is sent to the Serial port @ 115200 bps.

3.7 Micropython

3.7.1 What is Micropython?

Micropython is Python for microcontrollers. Using Micropython, you can write Python3 code and run it even on a bare metal architecture with limited resources.

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Highlights of Micropython

- Compact Fits and runs within just 256k of code space and 16k of RAM. No OS is needed, although you can also run it with an OS, if you want.
- Compatible Strives to be as compatible as possible with normal Python (known as CPython).
- Versatile Supports many architectures (x86, x86-64, ARM, ARM Thumb, Xtensa).
- **Interactive** No need for the compile-flash-boot cycle. With the REPL (interactive prompt) you can type commands and execute them immediately, run scripts, etc.
- **Popular** Many platforms are supported. The user base is growing bigger. Notable forks: MicroPython, Circuit-Python, MicroPython_ESP32_psRAM_LoBo
- Embedded Oriented Comes with modules specifically for embedded systems, such as the machine module for accessing low-level hardware (I/O pins, ADC, UART, SPI, I2C, RTC, Timers etc.)

3.7.2 Why Micropython + LVGL?

Currently, Micropython does not have a good high-level GUI library by default. LVGL is an Object-Oriented Component Based high-level GUI library, which seems to be a natural candidate to map into a higher level language, such as Python. LVGL is implemented in C and its APIs are in C.

Here are some advantages of using LVGL in Micropython:

- Develop GUI in Python, a very popular high level language. Use paradigms such as Object-Oriented Programming.
- Usually, GUI development requires multiple iterations to get things right. With C, each iteration consists of
 Change code > Build > Flash > Run. In Micropython it's just Change code > Run! You can even run
 commands interactively using the REPL (the interactive prompt)

Micropython + LVGL could be used for:

- Fast prototyping GUI.
- Shortening the cycle of changing and fine-tuning the GUI.
- Modelling the GUI in a more abstract way by defining reusable composite objects, taking advantage of Python's language features such as Inheritance, Closures, List Comprehension, Generators, Exception Handling, Arbitrary Precision Integers and others.
- Make LVGL accessible to a larger audience. No need to know C to create a nice GUI on an embedded system. This
 goes well with CircuitPython vision. CircuitPython was designed with education in mind, to make it easier for new
 or inexperienced users to get started with embedded development.
- Creating tools to work with LVGL at a higher level (e.g. drag-and-drop designer).

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3.7.3 So what does it look like?

TL;DR: It's very much like the C API, but Object-Oriented for LVGL components.

Let's dive right into an example!

A simple example

```
import lvgl as lv
lv.init()
scr = lv.obj()
btn = lv.btn(scr)
btn.align(lv.scr_act(), lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Button")
lv.scr_load(scr)
```

3.7.4 How can I use it?

Online Simulator

If you want to experiment with LVGL + Micropython without downloading anything - you can use our online simulator!It's a fully functional LVGL + Micropython that runs entirely in the browser and allows you to edit a python script and run it.

Click here to experiment on the online simulator

Hello World

Note: the online simulator is available for lvgl v6 and v7.

PC Simulator

Micropython is ported to many platforms. One notable port is "unix", which allows you to build and run Micropython (+LVGL) on a Linux machine. (On a Windows machine you might need Virtual Box or WSL or MinGW or Cygwin etc.)

Click here to know more information about building and running the unix port

Embedded platform

In the end, the goal is to run it all on an embedded platform.Both Micropython and LVGL can be used on many embedded architectures, such as stm32, ESP32 etc.You would also need display and input drivers. We have some sample drivers (ESP32+ILI9341, as well as some other examples), but chances are you would want to create your own input/display drivers for your specific hardware. Drivers can be implemented either in C as a Micropython module, or in pure Micropython!

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3.7.5 Where can I find more information?

- · In this Blog Post
- lv_micropython README
- lv_binding_micropython README
- The LVGL micropython forum (Feel free to ask anything!)
- · At Micropython: docs and forum

3.8 Tasmota and berry

3.8.1 What is Tasmota?

Tasmota is a widely used open-source firmware for ESP8266 and EPS32 based devices. It supports a wide variety of devices, sensors and integrations to Home Automation and Cloud services. Tasmota firmware is downloaded more than 200,000 times each month, and has an active and growing community.

Tasmota provides access to hundreds of supported devices, full support of MQTT, HTTP(S), integration with major Home Automation systems, myriad of sensors, IR, RF, Zigbee, Bluetooth, AWS IoT, Azure IoT, Alexa and many more.

3.8.2 What is Berry?

Berry is a ultra-lightweight dynamically typed embedded scripting language. It is designed for lower-performance embedded devices. The interpreter of Berry include a one-pass compiler and register-based VM, all the code is written in ANSI C99. Berry offers a syntax very similar to Python, and is inspired from LUA VM. It is fully integrated in Tasmota

Highlights of Berry

Berry has the following advantages:

- Lightweight: A well-optimized interpreter with very little resources. Ideal for use in microprocessors.
- Fast: optimized one-pass bytecode compiler and register-based virtual machine.
- Powerful: supports imperative programming, object-oriented programming, functional programming.
- Flexible: Berry is a dynamic type script, and it's intended for embedding in applications. It can provide good dynamic scalability for the host system.
- Simple: simple and natural syntax, support garbage collection, and easy to use FFI (foreign function interface).
- RAM saving: With compile-time object construction, most of the constant objects are stored in read-only code data segments, so the RAM usage of the interpreter is very low when it starts.

All features are detailed in the Berry Reference Manual

3.8.3 Why LVGL + Tasmota + Berry?

In 2021, Tasmota added full support of LVGL for ESP32 based devices. It also introduced the Berry scripting language, a small-footprint language similar to Python and fully integrated in Tasmota.

A comprehensive mapping of LVGL in Berry language is now available, similar to the mapping of Micropython. It allows to use +98% of all LVGL features. It is also possible to write custom widgets in Berry.

Versions supported: LVGL v8.0.2, LodePNG v20201017, Freetype 2.10.4

Tasmota + Berry + LVGL could be used for:

- Fast prototyping GUI.
- Shortening the cycle of changing and fine-tuning the GUI.
- Modelling the GUI in a more abstract way by defining reusable composite objects, taking advantage of Berry's language features such as Inheritance, Closures, Exception Handling...
- Make LVGL accessible to a larger audience. No need to know C to create a nice GUI on an embedded system.

A higher level interface compatible with OpenHASP is also under development.

3.8.4 So what does it look like?

TL;DR: Similar to MicroPython, it's very much like the C API, but Object-Oriented for LVGL components.

Let's dive right into an example!

A simple example

3.8.5 How can I use it?

You can start in less than 10 minutes on a M5Stack or equivalent device in less than 10 minutes in this short tutorial

3.8.6 Where can I find more information?

3.9 NuttX RTOS

3.9.1 What is NuttX?

NuttX is a mature and secure real-time operating system (RTOS) with an emphasis on technical standards compliance and small size. It is scalable from 8-bit to 64-bit microcontrollers and microprocessors and compliant with the Portable

3.9. NuttX RTOS 242

Operating System Interface (POSIX) and the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standards and with many Linux-like subsystems. The best way to think about NuttX is to think of it as a small Unix/Linux for microcontrollers.

Highlights of NuttX

- Small Fits and runs in microcontrollers as small as 32 kB Flash and 8 kB of RAM.
- Compliant Strives to be as compatible as possible with POSIX and Linux.
- Versatile Supports many architectures (ARM, ARM Thumb, AVR, MIPS, OpenRISC, RISC-V 32-bit and 64-bit, RX65N, x86-64, Xtensa, Z80/Z180, etc.).
- Modular Its modular design allows developers to select only what really matters and use modules to include new
 features.
- **Popular** NuttX is used by many companies around the world. Probably you already used a product with NuttX without knowing it was running NuttX.
- Predictable NuttX is a preemptible Realtime kernel, so you can use it to create predictable applications for realtime control.

3.9.2 Why NuttX + LVGL?

Although NuttX has its own graphic library called NX, LVGL is a good alternative because users could find more eyecandy demos and they can reuse code from previous projects. LVGL is an Object-Oriented Component Based high-level GUI library, that could fit very well for a RTOS with advanced features like NuttX. LVGL is implemented in C and its APIs are in C.

Here are some advantages of using LVGL in NuttX

- Develop GUI in Linux first and when it is done just compile it for NuttX. Nothing more, no wasting of time.
- Usually, GUI development for low level RTOS requires multiple iterations to get things right, where each iteration consists of Change code > Build > Flash > Run. Using LVGL, Linux and NuttX you can reduce this process and just test everything on your computer and when it is done, compile it on NuttX and that is it.

NuttX + LVGL could be used for

- GUI demos to demonstrate your board graphics capacities.
- Fast prototyping GUI for MVP (Minimum Viable Product) presentation.
- visualize sensor data directly and easily on the board without using a computer.
- Final products with a GUI without a touchscreen (i.e. 3D Printer Interface using Rotary Encoder to Input data).
- Final products with a touchscreen (and all sorts of bells and whistles).

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3.9.3 How to get started with NuttX and LVGL?

There are many boards in the NuttX mainline with support for LVGL. Let's use the STM32F429IDISCOVERY as an example because it is a very popular board.

First you need to install the pre-requisites on your system

Let's use the Windows Subsystem for Linux

```
$ sudo apt-get install automake bison build-essential flex gcc-arm-none-eabi gperf

→git libncurses5-dev libtool libusb-dev libusb-1.0.0-dev pkg-config kconfig-

→frontends openocd
```

Now let's create a workspace to save our files

```
$ mkdir ~/nuttxspace
$ cd ~/nuttxspace
```

Clone the NuttX and Apps repositories:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/apache/incubator-nuttx nuttx
$ git clone https://github.com/apache/incubator-nuttx-apps apps
```

Configure NuttX to use the stm32f429i-disco board and the LVGL Demo

```
$ ./tools/configure.sh stm32f429i-disco:lvgl
$ make
```

If everything went fine you should have now the file nuttx.bin to flash on your board:

```
$ ls -l nuttx.bin
-rwxrwxr-x 1 alan alan 287144 Jun 27 09:26 nuttx.bin
```

Flashing the firmware in the board using OpenOCD:

Reset the board and using the 'NSH>' terminal start the LVGL demo:

```
nsh> lvgldemo
```

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3.9.4 Where can I find more information?

• This blog post: LVGL on LPCXpresso54628

• NuttX mailing list: Apache NuttX Mailing List

3.10 RT-Thread RTOS

3.10.1 What is RT-Thread?

RT-Thread is an open source, neutral, and community-based real-time operating system (RTOS). RT-Thread has **Standard version** and **Nano version**. For resource-constrained microcontroller (MCU) systems, the Nano version that requires only 3 KB Flash and 1.2 KB RAM memory resources can be tailored with easy-to-use tools. For resource-rich IoT devices, RT-Thread can use the **online software package** management tool, together with system configuration tools, to achieve intuitive and rapid modular cutting, seamlessly import rich software packages; thus, achieving complex functions like Android's graphical interface and touch sliding effects, smart voice interaction effects, and so on.

Key features:

- Designed for resource-constrained devices, the minimum kernel requires only 1.2KB of RAM and 3 KB of Flash.
- A variety of standard interfaces, such as POSIX, CMSIS, C++ application environment.
- Has rich components and a prosperous and fast growing package ecosystem
- Elegant code style, easy to use, read and master.
- High Scalability. RT-Thread has high-quality scalable software architecture, loose coupling, modularity, is easy to tailor and expand.
- · Supports high-performance applications.
- Supports all mainstream compiling tools such as GCC, Keil and IAR.
- Supports a wide range of architectures and chips.

3.10.2 How to run LVGL on RT-Thread?

????

LVGL has registered as a software package of RT-Thread. By using Env tool or RT-Thread Studio IDE, RT-Thread users can easily download LVGL source code and combine with RT-Thread project. RT-Thread community has port LVGL to several BSPs:

3.11 CMake

LVGL supports integrating with CMake. It comes with preconfigured targets for:

On top of the preconfigured targets you can also use "plain" CMake to integrate LVGL into any custom C/C++ project.

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3.11.1 Prerequisites

- CMake (>= 3.12.4)
- · Compatible build tool e.g.

3.11.2 Building LVGL with CMake

There are many ways to include external CMake projects into your own. A modern one also used in this example is the CMake FetchContent module. This module conveniently allows us to download dependencies directly at configure time from e.g. GitHub. Here is an example how we might include LVGL into our own project.

This configuration declares a dependency between the two targets **MyFirmware** and **lvgl**. Upon building the target **MyFirmware** this dependency will be resolved and **lvgl** will be built and linked with it. Since LVGL requires a config header called lv_conf.h to be includable by its sources we also set the option LV_CONF_PATH to point to our own copy of it.

Additional CMake options

Besides LV_CONF_PATH there are two additional CMake options to specify include paths.

LV LVGL H INCLUDE SIMPLE which specifies whether to #include "lvgl.h" absolut or relative

LV_CONF_INCLUDE_SIMPLE which specifies whether to #include "lv_conf.h" and "lv_drv_conf.h" absolut or relative

I do not recommend disabling those options unless your folder layout makes it absolutely necessary.

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3.11.3 Building LVGL examples with CMake

LVGL examples have their own CMake target. If you want to build the examples simply add them to your dependencies.

```
# The target "MyFirmware" depends on LVGL and examples
target_link_libraries(MyFirmware PRIVATE lvgl::lvgl lvgl::examples)
```

3.11.4 Building LVGL drivers and demos with CMake

Exactly the same goes for the drivers and the demos.

Just like the lv_conf.h header demos comes with its own config header called lv_demo_conf.h. Analogous to LV_CONF_PATH its path can be set by using the option LV_DEMO_CONF_PATH.

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CHAPTER

FOUR

PORTING

4.1 Set up a project

4.1.1 Get the library

LVGL is available on GitHub: https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl.

You can clone it or Download the latest version of the library from GitHub.

4.1.2 Add lvgl to your project

The graphics library itself is the lvgl directory. It contains a couple of folders but to use lvgl you only need . C and . h files from the SrC folder.

Automatically add files

If your IDE automatically adds the files from the folders copied to the project folder (as Eclipse or VSCode does), you can simply copy the lvgl folder as it is into your project.

Make and CMake

LVGL also supports make and CMake build systems out of the box. To add LVGL to your Makefile based build system add these lines to your main Makefile:

```
LVGL_DIR_NAME ?= lvgl #The name of the lvgl folder (change this if you have renamed it)

LVGL_DIR ?= ${shell pwd} #The path where the lvgl folder is include $(LVGL_DIR)/$(LVGL_DIR_NAME)/lvgl.mk
```

For integration with CMake take a look this section of the *Documentation*.

Other platforms and tools

The Get started section contains many platform specific descriptions e.g. for ESP32, Arduino, NXP, RT-Thread, NuttX, etc.

Demos and Examples

The lvgl folder also contains an examples and a demos folder. If you needed to add the source files manually to your project, you can do the same with the source files of these two folders too. make and CMake handles the examples and demos, so no extra action required in these cases.

4.1.3 Configuration file

There is a configuration header file for LVGL called **lv_conf.h**. You modify this header to set the library's basic behavior, disable unused modules and features, adjust the size of memory buffers in compile-time, etc.

To get $lv_conf.h$ copy $lvgl/lv_conf_template.h$ next to the lvgl directory and rename it to $lv_conf.h$. Open the file and change the #if 0 at the beginning to #if 1 to enable its content. So the layout of the files should look like this:

```
|-lvgl
|-lv_conf.h
|-other files and folders
```

Comments in the config file explain the meaning of the options. Be sure to set at least LV_COLOR_DEPTH according to your display's color depth. Note that, the examples and demos explicitly need to be enabled in lv conf.h.

Alternatively, <code>lv_conf.h</code> can be copied to another place but then you should add the <code>LV_CONF_INCLUDE_SIMPLE</code> define to your compiler options (e.g. <code>-DLV_CONF_INCLUDE_SIMPLE</code> for GCC compiler) and set the include path manually (e.g. <code>-I../include/gui</code>). In this case <code>LVGL</code> will attempt to include <code>lv_conf.h</code> simply with <code>#in-clude "lv conf.h"</code>.

You can even use a different name for <code>lv_conf.h</code>. The custom path can be set via the <code>LV_CONF_PATH</code> define. For example <code>-DLV_CONF_PATH="/home/joe/my_project/my_custom_conf.h"</code>

If LV_CONF_SKIP is defined, LVGL will not try to include lv_conf.h. Instead you can pass the config defines using build options. For example "-DLV_COLOR_DEPTH=32 -DLV_USE_BTN 1". The unset options will get a default value which is the same as the ones in lv conf template.h.

LVGL also can be used via Kconfig and menuconfig. You can use lv_conf.h together with Kconfig, but keep in mind that the value from lv_conf.h or build settings (-D...) overwrite the values set in Kconfig. To ignore the configs from lv_conf.h simply remove its content, or define LV_CONF_SKIP.

4.1.4 Initialization

To use the graphics library you have to initialize it and setup required components. The order of the initialization is:

- Call lv_init().
- 2. Initialize your drivers.
- 3. Register the display and input devices drivers in LVGL. Learn more about *Display* and *Input device* registration.
- 4. Call lv tick inc(x) every x milliseconds in an interrupt to report the elapsed time to LVGL. *Learn more*.
- 5. Call lv_timer_handler() every few milliseconds to handle LVGL related tasks. *Learn more*.

4.2 Display interface

To register a display for LVGL, a lv_disp_draw_buf_t and a lv_disp_drv_t variable have to be initialized.

- lv disp draw buf t contains internal graphic buffer(s) called draw buffer(s).
- lv_disp_drv_t contains callback functions to interact with the display and manipulate low level drawing behavior.

4.2.1 Draw buffer

Draw buffer(s) are simple array(s) that LVGL uses to render the screen content. Once rendering is ready the content of the draw buffer is sent to the display using the flush cb function set in the display driver (see below).

A draw buffer can be initialized via a lv_disp_draw_buf_t variable like this:

Note that lv_disp_draw_buf_t must be a static, global or dynamically allocated variable. It cannot be a local variable as they are destroyed upon end of scope.

As you can see above, the draw buffer may be smaller than the screen. In this case, larger areas are redrawn in smaller segments that fit into the draw buffer(s). If only a small area changes (e.g. a button is pressed) then only that area will be refreshed.

A larger buffer results in better performance but above 1/10 screen sized buffer(s) there is no significant performance improvement. Therefore it's recommended to choose the size of the draw buffer(s) to be at least 1/10 screen sized.

4.2.2 Buffering modes

There are several settings to adjust the number draw buffers and buffering/refreshing modes.

You can measure the performance of different configurations using the benchmark example.

One buffer

If only one buffer is used LVGL draws the content of the screen into that draw buffer and sends it to the display. LVGL then needs to wait until the content of the buffer is sent to the display before drawing something new in it.

Two buffers

If two buffers are used LVGL can draw into one buffer while the content of the other buffer is sent to the display in the background. DMA or other hardware should be used to transfer data to the display so the MCU can continue drawing. This way, the rendering and refreshing of the display become parallel operations.

Full refresh

In the display driver (lv_disp_drv_t) enabling the full_refresh bit will force LVGL to always redraw the whole screen. This works in both *one buffer* and *two buffers* modes. If full_refresh is enabled and two screen sized draw buffers are provided, LVGL's display handling works like "traditional" double buffering. This means the flush_cb callback only has to update the address of the framebuffer (color_p parameter). This configuration should be used if the MCU has an LCD controller peripheral and not with an external display controller (e.g. ILI9341 or SSD1963) accessed via serial link. The latter will generally be too slow to maintain high frame rates with full screen redraws.

Direct mode

If the direct_mode flag is enabled in the display driver LVGL will draw directly into a screen sized frame buffer. That is the draw buffer(s) needs to be screen sized. It this case flush_cb will be called only once when all dirty areas are redrawn. With direct_mode the frame buffer always contains the current frame as it should be displayed on the screen. If 2 frame buffers are provided as draw buffers LVGL will alter the buffers but always draw only the dirty areas. Therefore the 2 buffers needs to synchronized in flush cb like this:

- 1. Display the frame buffer pointed by color p
- 2. Copy the redrawn areas from color p to the other buffer.

The get the redrawn areas to copy use the following functions _lv_refr_get_disp_refreshing() returns the display being refreshed disp->inv_areas[LV_INV_BUF_SIZE] contains the invalidated areas disp->inv_area_joined[LV_INV_BUF_SIZE] if 1 that area was joined into another one and should be ignored disp->inv_p number of valid elements in inv_areas

4.2.3 Display driver

Once the buffer initialization is ready a lv disp drv t display driver needs to be:

- initialized with lv_disp_drv_init(&disp_drv)
- 2. its fields need to be set
- 3. it needs to be registered in LVGL with lv disp drv register(&disp drv)

Note that lv disp drv t also needs to be a static, global or dynamically allocated variable.

Mandatory fields

In the most simple case only the following fields of lv_disp_drv_t need to be set:

- draw buf pointer to an initialized lv disp draw buf t variable.
- hor res horizontal resolution of the display in pixels.
- ver res vertical resolution of the display in pixels.

• flush_cb a callback function to copy a buffer's content to a specific area of the display. lv_disp_flush_ready(&disp_drv) needs to be called when flushing is ready. LVGL might render the screen in multiple chunks and therefore call flush_cb multiple times. To see if the current one is the last chunk of rendering use lv disp flush is last(&disp drv).

Optional fields

There are some optional display driver data fields:

- physical_hor_res horizontal resolution of the full / physical display in pixels. Only set this when *not* using the full screen (defaults to -1 / same as hor res).
- physical_ver_res vertical resolution of the full / physical display in pixels. Only set this when *not* using the full screen (defaults to -1 / same as ver_res).
- offset_x horizontal offset from the full / physical display in pixels. Only set this when *not* using the full screen (defaults to 0).
- offset_y vertical offset from the full / physical display in pixels. Only set this when not using the full screen (defaults to 0).
- color_chroma_key A color which will be drawn as transparent on chrome keyed images. Set to LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY from lv_conf.h by default.
- anti_aliasing use anti-aliasing (edge smoothing). Enabled by default if LV_COLOR_DEPTH is set to at least 16 in lv conf.h.
- rotated and sw_rotate See the Rotation section below.
- screen_transp if 1 the screen itself can have transparency as well. LV_COLOR_SCREEN_TRANSP must be enabled in lv conf.h and LV COLOR DEPTH must be 32.
- user_data A custom void user data for the driver.
- full_refresh always redrawn the whole screen (see above)
- direct mode draw directly into the frame buffer (see above)

Some other optional callbacks to make it easier and more optimal to work with monochrome, grayscale or other non-standard RGB displays:

- rounder_cb Round the coordinates of areas to redraw. E.g. a 2x2 px can be converted to 2x8. It can be used if the display controller can refresh only areas with specific height or width (usually 8 px height with monochrome displays).
- Set_px_cb a custom function to write the draw buffer. It can be used to store the pixels more compactly in the draw buffer if the display has a special color format. (e.g. 1-bit monochrome, 2-bit grayscale etc.) This way the buffers used in lv_disp_draw_buf_t can be smaller to hold only the required number of bits for the given area size. Note that rendering with Set px cb is slower than normal rendering.
- monitor_cb A callback function that tells how many pixels were refreshed and in how much time. Called when the last chunk is rendered and sent to the display.
- clean dcache cb A callback for cleaning any caches related to the display.

LVGL has built-in support to several GPUs (see lv_conf.h) but if something else is required these functions can be used to make LVGL use a GPU:

- gpu fill cb fill an area in the memory with a color.
- gpu_wait_cb if any GPU function returns while the GPU is still working, LVGL will use this function when required to make sure GPU rendering is ready.

Examples

All together it looks like this:

```
static lv disp drv t disp drv;
                                        /*A variable to hold the drivers. Must be...
⇔static or global.*/
lv disp drv init(&disp drv);
                                       /*Basic initialization*/
                                       /*Set an initialized buffer*/
disp drv.draw buf = &disp buf;
disp drv.flush cb = my flush cb;
                                       /*Set a flush callback to draw to the...
→display*/
disp drv.hor res = 320;
                                       /*Set the horizontal resolution in pixels*/
disp_drv.ver_res = 240;
                                        /*Set the vertical resolution in pixels*/
lv disp t * disp;
disp = lv disp drv register(&disp drv); /*Register the driver and save the created,
→display objects*/
```

Here are some simple examples of the callbacks:

```
void my flush cb(lv disp drv t * disp drv, const lv area t * area, lv color t * color
→p)
{
   /*The most simple case (but also the slowest) to put all pixels to the screen one-
-by-one
     *`put_px` is just an example, it needs to implemented by you.*/
    int32_t x, y;
    for(y = area->y1; y <= area->y2; y++) {
        for(x = area->x1; x <= area->x2; x++) {
            put_px(x, y, *color_p);
            color_p++;
        }
   }
   /* IMPORTANT!!!
    * Inform the graphics library that you are ready with the flushing*/
   lv_disp_flush_ready(disp_drv);
}
void my_gpu_fill_cb(lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, lv_color_t * dest_buf, const lv_area_t_
→* dest_area, const lv_area_t * fill_area, lv_color_t color);
    /*It's an example code which should be done by your GPU*/
   uint32_t x, y;
   dest_buf += dest_width * fill_area->y1; /*Go to the first line*/
    for(y = fill_area->y1; y < fill_area->y2; y++) {
        for (x = fill area->x1; x < fill area->x2; x++) {
            dest_buf[x] = color;
        dest_buf+=dest_width; /*Go to the next line*/
    }
}
void my_rounder_cb(lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, lv_area_t * area)
 /* Update the areas as needed.
  * For example it makes the area to start only on 8th rows and have Nx8 pixel,
(continues on next page)
```

(continued from previous page)

```
area->y1 = area->y1 & 0 \times 07;
   area->y2 = (area->y2 & 0 \times 07) + 8;
}
void my set px cb(lv disp drv t * disp drv, uint8 t * buf, lv coord t buf w, lv coord
→t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_color_t color, lv_opa_t opa)
   /* Write to the buffer as required for the display.
    * For example it writes only 1-bit for monochrome displays mapped vertically.*/
   buf += buf w * (y >> 3) + x;
   if(lv\_color\_brightness(color) > 128) (*buf) |= (1 << (y % 8));
   else (*buf) \&= \sim (1 << (y % 8));
}
void my monitor cb(lv disp drv t * disp drv, uint32 t time, uint32 t px)
  printf("%d px refreshed in %d ms\n", time, ms);
void my clean dcache cb(lv disp drv t * disp drv, uint32)
  /* Example for Cortex-M (CMSIS) */
  SCB CleanInvalidateDCache();
```

4.2.4 Rotation

LVGL supports rotation of the display in 90 degree increments. You can select whether you'd like software rotation or hardware rotation.

If you select software rotation (Sw_rotate flag set to 1), LVGL will perform the rotation for you. Your driver can and should assume that the screen width and height have not changed. Simply flush pixels to the display as normal. Software rotation requires no additional logic in your flush cb callback.

There is a noticeable amount of overhead to performing rotation in software. Hardware rotation is available to avoid unwanted slowdowns. In this mode, LVGL draws into the buffer as if your screen width and height were swapped. You are responsible for rotating the provided pixels yourself.

The default rotation of your display when it is initialized can be set using the rotated flag. The available options are LV_DISP_ROT_NONE, LV_DISP_ROT_90, LV_DISP_ROT_180, or LV_DISP_ROT_270. The rotation values are relative to how you would rotate the physical display in the clockwise direction. Thus, LV_DISP_ROT_90 means you rotate the hardware 90 degrees clockwise, and the display rotates 90 degrees counterclockwise to compensate.

(Note for users upgrading from 7.10.0 and older: these new rotation enum values match up with the old 0/1 system for rotating 90 degrees, so legacy code should continue to work as expected. Software rotation is also disabled by default for compatibility.)

Display rotation can also be changed at runtime using the lv disp set rotation(disp, rot) API.

Support for software rotation is a new feature, so there may be some glitches/bugs depending on your configuration. If you encounter a problem please open an issue on GitHub.

4.2.5 Further reading

- lv_port_disp_template.c for a template for your own driver.
- Drawing to learn more about how rendering works in LVGL.
- Display features to learn more about higher level display features.

4.2.6 API

@description Display Driver HAL interface header file

Typedefs

```
typedef struct _lv_disp_draw_buf_t lv_disp_draw_buf_t
Structure for holding display buffer information.

typedef struct _lv_disp_drv_t lv_disp_drv_t
Display Driver structure to be registered by HAL. Only its pointer will be saved in lv_disp_t so it should be declared as static lv_disp_drv_t my_drv or allocated dynamically.

typedef struct _lv_disp_t lv_disp_t
Display structure.
```

Enums

```
enum lv_disp_rot_t
Values:

enumerator LV_DISP_ROT_NONE
enumerator LV_DISP_ROT_90
enumerator LV_DISP_ROT_180
enumerator LV_DISP_ROT_270
```

Functions

```
void lv_disp_drv_init(lv_disp_drv_t *driver)
```

Initialize a display driver with default values. It is used to have known values in the fields and not junk in memory. After it you can safely set only the fields you need.

```
Parameters driver -- pointer to driver variable to initialize
```

Note: lv_disp_drv_t should be the first member of the structure.

```
void lv_disp_draw_buf_init (lv_disp_draw_buf_t *draw_buf, void *buf1, void *buf2, uint32_t size_in_px_cnt)

Initialize a display buffer
```

Parameters

- draw_buf -- pointer lv disp draw buf t variable to initialize
- **buf1** -- A buffer to be used by LVGL to draw the image. Always has to specified and can't be NULL. Can be an array allocated by the user. E.g. static lv_color_t disp_buf1[1024 * 10] Or a memory address e.g. in external SRAM
- **buf2** -- Optionally specify a second buffer to make image rendering and image flushing (sending to the display) parallel. In the disp_drv->flush you should use DMA or similar hardware to send the image to the display in the background. It lets LVGL to render next frame into the other buffer while previous is being sent. Set to NULL if unused.
- size in px cnt -- size of the buf1 and buf2 in pixel count.

lv_disp_t *lv_disp_drv_register(lv_disp_drv_t *driver)

Register an initialized display driver. Automatically set the first display as active.

Parameters driver -- pointer to an initialized 'lv_disp_drv_t' variable. Only its pointer is saved!

Returns pointer to the new display or NULL on error

```
void lv_disp_drv_update(lv_disp_t *disp, lv_disp_drv_t *new_drv)
```

Update the driver in run time.

Parameters

- **disp** -- pointer to a display. (return value of lv_disp_drv_register)
- **new drv** -- pointer to the new driver

```
void lv_disp_remove(lv_disp_t *disp)
```

Remove a display

Parameters disp -- pointer to display

```
void lv disp set default(lv_disp_t *disp)
```

Set a default display. The new screens will be created on it by default.

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display

Get the default display

Returns pointer to the default display

Get the horizontal resolution of a display

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

Returns the horizontal resolution of the display

Get the vertical resolution of a display

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

Returns the vertical resolution of the display

lv_coord_t lv_disp_get_physical_hor_res(lv_disp_t *disp)

Get the full / physical horizontal resolution of a display

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

Returns the full / physical horizontal resolution of the display

```
lv_coord_t lv disp get physical ver res(lv_disp_t *disp)
     Get the full / physical vertical resolution of a display
           Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)
           Returns the full / physical vertical resolution of the display
lv coord tlv disp get offset x(lv disp t *disp)
     Get the horizontal offset from the full / physical display
           Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)
           Returns the horizontal offset from the full / physical display
lv_coord_t lv disp get offset y(lv_disp_t *disp)
     Get the vertical offset from the full / physical display
           Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)
           Returns the horizontal offset from the full / physical display
bool lv disp get antialiasing(lv_disp_t *disp)
     Get if anti-aliasing is enabled for a display or not
           Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)
           Returns true: anti-aliasing is enabled; false: disabled
lv_coord_t lv_disp_get_dpi(const lv_disp_t *disp)
     Get the DPI of the display
           Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)
           Returns dpi of the display
void lv_disp_set_rotation(lv_disp_t *disp, lv_disp_rot_t rotation)
     Set the rotation of this display.
           Parameters
                 • disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)
                 • rotation -- rotation angle
lv disp rot tlv disp get rotation(lv disp t*disp)
     Get the current rotation of this display.
           Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)
           Returns rotation angle
lv_disp_t *lv_disp_get_next(lv_disp_t *disp)
     Get the next display.
           Parameters disp -- pointer to the current display. NULL to initialize.
           Returns the next display or NULL if no more. Give the first display when the parameter is NULL
lv_disp_draw_buf_t *lv disp get draw buf(lv_disp_t *disp)
     Get the internal buffer of a display
           Parameters disp -- pointer to a display
           Returns pointer to the internal buffers
void lv disp drv use generic set px cb(lv disp drv t*disp drv, lv img cf t cf)
```

struct_lv_disp_draw_buf_t

#include <lv_hal_disp.h> Structure for holding display buffer information.

Public Members

void *buf1

First display buffer.

void *buf2

Second display buffer.

void *buf_act

uint32_t size

int flushing

int flushing last

uint32_t last_area

uint32_t last_part

struct _lv_disp_drv_t

#include <lv_hal_disp.h> Display Driver structure to be registered by HAL. Only its pointer will be saved in lv_disp_t so it should be declared as static lv_disp_drv_t my_drv or allocated dynamically.

Public Members

lv_coord_t hor res

Horizontal resolution.

lv_coord_t ver_res

Vertical resolution.

lv_coord_t physical_hor_res

Horizontal resolution of the full / physical display. Set to -1 for fullscreen mode.

lv coord t physical ver res

Vertical resolution of the full / physical display. Set to -1 for fullscreen mode.

lv_coord_t offset x

Horizontal offset from the full / physical display. Set to 0 for fullscreen mode.

lv_coord_t offset_y

Vertical offset from the full / physical display. Set to 0 for fullscreen mode.

lv disp draw buf t*draw buf

Pointer to a buffer initialized with $lv_disp_draw_buf_init()$. LVGL will use this buffer(s) to draw the screens contents

uint32 t direct mode

1: Use screen-sized buffers and draw to absolute coordinates

uint32_t full refresh

1: Always make the whole screen redrawn

uint32 t sw rotate

1: use software rotation (slower)

uint32 t antialiasing

1: anti-aliasing is enabled on this display.

uint32 t rotated

1: turn the display by 90 degree.

Warning: Does not update coordinates for you!

uint32_t screen_transp

uint32_t **dpi**

Handle if the screen doesn't have a solid (opa == LV_OPA_COVER) background. Use only if required because it's slower.

void (***flush_cb**)(struct _*lv_disp_drv_t* *disp_drv, const lv_area_t *area, lv_color_t *color_p)

DPI (dot per inch) of the display. Default value is LV_DPI_DEF. MANDATORY: Write the internal buffer (draw_buf) to the display. 'lv_disp_flush_ready()' has to be called when finished

void (***rounder_cb**)(struct _*lv_disp_drv_t* *disp_drv, lv_area_t *area)

OPTIONAL: Extend the invalidated areas to match with the display drivers requirements E.g. round y to, 8, 16 ..) on a monochrome display

void (***set_px_cb**)(struct _*lv_disp_drv_t* *disp_drv, uint8_t *buf, lv_coord_t buf_w, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_color_t color, lv_opa_t opa)

OPTIONAL: Set a pixel in a buffer according to the special requirements of the display Can be used for color format not supported in LittelvGL. E.g. 2 bit -> 4 gray scales

Note: Much slower then drawing with supported color formats.

```
void (*clear_cb)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t *disp_drv, uint8_t *buf, uint32_t size)
```

void (*monitor cb)(struct ly disp dry t *disp dry, uint32 t time, uint32 t px)

OPTIONAL: Called after every refresh cycle to tell the rendering and flushing time + the number of flushed pixels

void (*wait_cb)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t *disp_drv)

OPTIONAL: Called periodically while lvgl waits for operation to be completed. For example flushing or GPU User can execute very simple tasks here or yield the task

```
void (*clean dcache cb)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t *disp_drv)
          OPTIONAL: Called when lvgl needs any CPU cache that affects rendering to be cleaned
     void (*drv_update_cb)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t *disp_drv)
          OPTIONAL: called when driver parameters are updated
     lv_color_t color_chroma_key
          On CHROMA_KEYED images this color will be transparent. LV COLOR CHROMA KEY by default.
          (lv_conf.h)
     lv_draw_ctx_t *draw_ctx
     void (*draw_ctx_init)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t *disp_drv, lv_draw_ctx_t *draw_ctx)
     void (*draw ctx deinit)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t *disp_drv, lv_draw_ctx_t *draw_ctx)
     size_t draw ctx size
     void *user data
          Custom display driver user data
struct _lv_disp_t
     #include <lv_hal_disp.h> Display structure.
     Note: lv disp drv t should be the first member of the structure.
```

Public Members

```
struct _lv_obj_t *sys layer
     See lv_disp_get_layer_sys
uint32_t screen_cnt
uint8_t del_prev
     1: Automatically delete the previous screen when the screen load animation is ready
lv opa t bg opa
     Opacity of the background color or wallpaper
lv color t bg color
     Default display color when screens are transparent
const void *bg img
     An image source to display as wallpaper
lv_area_t inv areas[LV_INV_BUF_SIZE]
     Invalidated (marked to redraw) areas
uint8 t inv area joined[LV INV BUF SIZE]
uint16_t inv_p
uint32_t last_activity_time
     Last time when there was activity on this display
```

4.3 Input device interface

4.3.1 Types of input devices

To register an input device an lv_indev_drv_t variable has to be initialized. Be sure to register at least one display before you register any input devices.

The type member can be:

- LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER touchpad or mouse
- LV INDEV TYPE KEYPAD keyboard or keypad
- LV INDEV TYPE ENCODER encoder with left/right turn and push options
- LV INDEV TYPE BUTTON external buttons virtually pressing the screen

read cb is a function pointer which will be called periodically to report the current state of an input device.

Visit *Input devices* to learn more about input devices in general.

Touchpad, mouse or any pointer

Input devices that can click points on the screen belong to this category.

```
indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER;
indev_drv.read_cb = my_input_read;
...

void my_input_read(lv_indev_drv_t * drv, lv_indev_data_t*data)
{
   if(touchpad_pressed) {
      data->point.x = touchpad_x;
      data->point.y = touchpad_y;
      data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED;
   } else {
      data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED;
   }
}
```

To set a mouse cursor use lv_indev_set_cursor(my_indev, &img_cursor). (my_indev is the return value of lv indev drv register)

Keypad or keyboard

Full keyboards with all the letters or simple keypads with a few navigation buttons belong here.

To use a keyboard/keypad:

- Register a read cb function with LV INDEV TYPE KEYPAD type.
- An object group has to be created: lv_group_t * g = lv_group_create() and objects have to be added to it with lv group add obj(g, obj)
- The created group has to be assigned to an input device: lv_indev_set_group(my_indev, g)
 (my_indev is the return value of lv_indev_drv_register)
- Use LV_KEY_... to navigate among the objects in the group. See lv_core/lv_group.h for the available keys.

Encoder

With an encoder you can do the following:

- 1. Press its button
- 2. Long-press its button
- 3. Turn left
- 4. Turn right

In short, the Encoder input devices work like this:

- By turning the encoder you can focus on the next/previous object.
- When you press the encoder on a simple object (like a button), it will be clicked.
- If you press the encoder on a complex object (like a list, message box, etc.) the object will go to edit mode whereby you can navigate inside the object by turning the encoder.
- To leave edit mode, long press the button.

To use an *Encoder* (similarly to the *Keypads*) the objects should be added to groups.

```
indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_ENCODER;
indev_drv.read_cb = encoder_read;
...

void encoder_read(lv_indev_drv_t * drv, lv_indev_data_t*data){
   data->enc_diff = enc_get_new_moves();

   if(enc_pressed()) data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED;
   else data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED;
}
```

Using buttons with Encoder logic

In addition to standard encoder behavior, you can also utilize its logic to navigate(focus) and edit widgets using buttons. This is especially handy if you have only few buttons available, or you want to use other buttons in addition to encoder wheel.

You need to have 3 buttons available:

- LV KEY ENTER will simulate press or pushing of the encoder button
- LV KEY LEFT will simulate turning encoder left
- LV KEY RIGHT will simulate turning encoder right
- other keys will be passed to the focused widget

If you hold the keys it will simulate an encoder advance with period specified in indev_drv. long press rep time.

```
indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_ENCODER;
indev_drv.read_cb = encoder_with_keys_read;
...
```

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Button

Buttons mean external "hardware" buttons next to the screen which are assigned to specific coordinates of the screen. If a button is pressed it will simulate the pressing on the assigned coordinate. (Similarly to a touchpad)

```
To assign buttons to coordinates use lv_indev_set_button_points(my_indev, points_array).points_array should look like const <math>lv_point_t points_array[] = \{\{12,30\},\{60,90\},\ldots\}
```

Important: The points_array can't go out of scope. Either declare it as a global variable or as a static variable inside a function.

```
indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV TYPE BUTTON;
indev drv.read cb = button read;
void button_read(lv_indev_drv_t * drv, lv_indev_data_t*data){
    static uint32 t last btn = 0; /*Store the last pressed button*/
    int btn_pr = my_btn_read(); /*Get the ID (0,1,2...) of the pressed button*/
                                   /*Is there a button press? (E.g. -1 indicated no...
    if(btn pr >= 0) {
→button was pressed)*/
      last_btn = btn_pr;
                                    /*Save the ID of the pressed button*/
       data->state = LV INDEV STATE PRESSED; /*Set the pressed state*/
    } else {
       data->state = LV INDEV STATE RELEASED; /*Set the released state*/
    }
   data->btn = last btn;
                                    /*Save the last button*/
}
```

4.3.2 Other features

Parameters

The default value of the following parameters can be changed in lv_indev_drv_t:

- scroll limit Number of pixels to slide before actually scrolling the object.
- scroll throw Scroll throw (momentum) slow-down in [%]. Greater value means faster slow-down.
- long press time Press time to send LV EVENT LONG PRESSED (in milliseconds)

- long_press_rep_time Interval of sending LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT (in milliseconds)
- read_timer pointer to the lv_timer which reads the input device. Its parameters can be changed by lv_timer_...() functions. LV_INDEV_DEF_READ_PERIOD in lv_conf.h sets the default read period.

Feedback

Besides read_cb a feedback_cb callback can be also specified in lv_indev_drv_t. feedback_cb is called when any type of event is sent by the input devices (independently of its type). This allows generating feedback for the user, e.g. to play a sound on LV EVENT CLICKED.

Associating with a display

Every input device is associated with a display. By default, a new input device is added to the last display created or explicitly selected (using lv_disp_set_default()). The associated display is stored and can be changed in disp field of the driver.

Buffered reading

By default, LVGL calls read_cb periodically. Because of this intermittent polling there is a chance that some user gestures are missed.

To solve this you can write an event driven driver for your input device that buffers measured data. In read_cb you can report the buffered data instead of directly reading the input device. Setting the data->continue_reading flag will tell LVGL there is more data to read and it should call read_cb again.

4.3.3 Further reading

- ly port indev template.c for a template for your own driver.
- *INdev features* to learn more about higher level input device features.

4.3.4 API

@description Input Device HAL interface layer header file

Typedefs

Enums

```
enum lv indev type t
     Possible input device types
      Values:
     enumerator LV INDEV TYPE NONE
          Uninitialized state
     enumerator LV INDEV TYPE POINTER
          Touch pad, mouse, external button
     enumerator LV_INDEV_TYPE_KEYPAD
          Keypad or keyboard
     enumerator LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON
          External (hardware button) which is assigned to a specific point of the screen
     enumerator LV_INDEV_TYPE_ENCODER
          Encoder with only Left, Right turn and a Button
enum lv indev state t
     States for input devices
      Values:
     enumerator LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED
     enumerator LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED
Functions
void lv indev drv init(struct _lv_indev_drv_t *driver)
     Initialize an input device driver with default values. It is used to surely have known values in the fields and not
     memory junk. After it you can set the fields.
          Parameters driver -- pointer to driver variable to initialize
lv_indev_t *lv_indev_drv_register(struct _lv_indev_drv_t *driver)
     Register an initialized input device driver.
          Parameters driver -- pointer to an initialized 'lv_indev_drv_t' variable (can be local variable)
          Returns pointer to the new input device or NULL on error
void lv indev drv update(lv_indev_t *indev, struct _lv_indev_drv_t *new_drv)
     Update the driver in run time.
          Parameters
                • indev -- pointer to an input device. (return value of lv indev drv register)
                 • new drv -- pointer to the new driver
```

Remove the provided input device. Make sure not to use the provided input device afterwards anymore.

void lv indev delete(lv_indev_t *indev)

Parameters indev -- pointer to delete

lv_indev_t *lv_indev_get_next(lv_indev_t *indev)

Get the next input device.

Parameters indev -- pointer to the current input device. NULL to initialize.

Returns the next input device or NULL if there are no more. Provide the first input device when the parameter is NULL

void _lv_indev_read(lv_indev_t *indev, lv_indev_data_t *data)

Read data from an input device.

Parameters

- indev -- pointer to an input device
- data -- input device will write its data here

struct lv indev data t

#include <lv_hal_indev.h> Data structure passed to an input driver to fill

Public Members

lv_point_t point

For LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER the currently pressed point

uint32_t key

For LV_INDEV_TYPE_KEYPAD the currently pressed key

uint32_t btn id

For LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON the currently pressed button

int16_t enc_diff

For LV_INDEV_TYPE_ENCODER number of steps since the previous read

lv_indev_state_t state

LV_INDEV_STATE_REL or LV_INDEV_STATE_PR

bool continue reading

If set to true, the read callback is invoked again

struct lv indev drv t

#include <lv_hal_indev.h> Initialized by the user and registered by 'lv_indev_add()'

Public Members

```
lv_indev_type_t type
           < Input device type Function pointer to read input device data.
     void (*read cb)(struct _lv_indev_drv_t *indev_drv, lv_indev_data_t *data)
     void (*feedback cb)(struct _lv_indev_drv_t*, uint8_t)
           Called when an action happened on the input device. The second parameter is the event from lv event t
     void *user_data
     struct _lv_disp_t *disp
           < Pointer to the assigned display Timer to periodically read the input device
     lv timer t*read timer
           Number of pixels to slide before actually drag the object
     uint8_t scroll_limit
           Drag throw slow-down in [%]. Greater value means faster slow-down
     uint8 t scroll throw
           At least this difference should be between two points to evaluate as gesture
     uint8_t gesture min velocity
           At least this difference should be to send a gesture
     uint8_t gesture_limit
          Long press time in milliseconds
     uint16_t long_press_time
           Repeated trigger period in long press [ms]
     uint16_t long press repeat time
struct _lv_indev_proc_t
     #include <lv_hal_indev.h> Run time data of input devices Internally used by the library, you should not need to
     touch it.
     Public Members
     lv_indev_state_t state
           Current state of the input device.
     uint8_t long_pr_sent
     uint8_t reset_query
     uint8 t disabled
     uint8_t wait_until_release
```

lv_point_t act_point

Current point of input device.

```
lv_point_t last point
    Last point of input device.
lv_point_t last raw point
    Last point read from read_cb.
lv point t vect
    Difference between act point and last point.
lv_point_t scroll_sum
lv_point_t scroll_throw_vect
lv_point_t scroll_throw_vect_ori
struct _lv_obj_t *act_obj
struct _lv_obj_t *last_obj
struct _lv_obj_t *scroll_obj
struct _lv_obj_t *last_pressed
lv_area_t scroll area
lv_point_t gesture_sum
lv_dir_t scroll_dir
lv_dir_t gesture dir
uint8_t gesture sent
struct _lv_indev_proc_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] pointer
lv_indev_state_t last_state
uint32_t last_key
struct _lv_indev_proc_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] keypad
union _lv_indev_proc_t::[anonymous] types
uint32_t pr_timestamp
    Pressed time stamp
uint32_t longpr_rep_timestamp
    Long press repeat time stamp
```

struct _lv_indev_t

#include <lv_hal_indev.h> The main input device descriptor with driver, runtime data ('proc') and some additional information

Public Members

4.4 Tick interface

LVGL needs a system tick to know elapsed time for animations and other tasks.

You need to call the lv_tick_inc(tick_period) function periodically and provide the call period in milliseconds. For example, lv_tick_inc(1) when calling every millisecond.

lv_tick_inc should be called in a higher priority routine than lv_task_handler() (e.g. in an interrupt) to precisely know the elapsed milliseconds even if the execution of lv_task_handler takes more time.

With FreeRTOS lv tick inc can be called in vApplicationTickHook.

On Linux based operating systems (e.g. on Raspberry Pi) lv_tick_inc can be called in a thread like below:

4.4.1 API

Provide access to the system tick with 1 millisecond resolution

Functions

```
uint32_t lv_tick_get(void)
Get the elapsed milliseconds since start up

Returns the elapsed milliseconds

uint32_t lv_tick_elaps(uint32_t prev_tick)
Get the elapsed milliseconds since a previous time stamp

Parameters prev_tick -- a previous time stamp (return value of lv_tick_get())

Returns the elapsed milliseconds since 'prev_tick'
```

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4.5 Task Handler

To handle the tasks of LVGL you need to call lv timer handler() periodically in one of the following:

- while(1) of main() function
- timer interrupt periodically (lower priority than lv tick inc())
- · an OS task periodically

The timing is not critical but it should be about 5 milliseconds to keep the system responsive.

Example:

```
while(1) {
   lv_timer_handler();
   my_delay_ms(5);
}
```

To learn more about timers visit the *Timer* section.

4.6 Sleep management

The MCU can go to sleep when no user input happens. In this case, the main while (1) should look like this:

You should also add the following lines to your input device read function to signal a wake-up (press, touch or click etc.) has happened:

In addition to lv_disp_get_inactive_time() you can check lv_anim_count_running() to see if all animations have finished.

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4.7 Operating system and interrupts

LVGL is **not thread-safe** by default.

However, in the following conditions it's valid to call LVGL related functions:

- In events. Learn more in Events.
- In *lv_timer*. Learn more in *Timers*.

4.7.1 Tasks and threads

If you need to use real tasks or threads, you need a mutex which should be invoked before the call of lv_timer_handler and released after it. Also, you have to use the same mutex in other tasks and threads around every LVGL (lv_...) related function call and code. This way you can use LVGL in a real multitasking environment. Just make use of a mutex to avoid the concurrent calling of LVGL functions.

Here is some pseudocode to illustrate the concept:

```
static mutex_t lvgl_mutex;
void lvgl thread(void)
    while(1) {
        mutex_lock(&lvgl_mutex);
        lv_task_handler();
        mutex unlock(&lvgl mutex);
        thread_sleep(10); /* sleep for 10 ms */
    }
}
void other_thread(void)
    /* You must always hold the mutex while using LVGL APIs */
    mutex lock(&lvgl mutex);
    lv_obj_t *img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    mutex_unlock(&lvgl_mutex);
    while(1) {
        mutex lock(&lvgl mutex);
        /* change to the next image */
        lv_img_set_src(img, next_image);
        mutex_unlock(&lvgl_mutex);
        thread_sleep(2000);
    }
}
```

4.7.2 Interrupts

Try to avoid calling LVGL functions from interrupt handlers (except lv_tick_inc() and lv_disp_flush_ready()). But if you need to do this you have to disable the interrupt which uses LVGL functions while lv_timer_handler is running.

It's a better approach to simply set a flag or some value in the interrupt, and periodically check it in an LVGL timer (which is run by lv timer handler).

4.8 Logging

LVGL has a built-in *Log* module to inform the user about what is happening in the library.

4.8.1 Log level

To enable logging, set LV USE LOG 1 in lv conf. h and set LV LOG LEVEL to one of the following values:

- LV LOG LEVEL TRACE A lot of logs to give detailed information
- LV_LOG_LEVEL_INFO Log important events
- LV_LOG_LEVEL_WARN Log if something unwanted happened but didn't cause a problem
- LV_L0G_LEVEL_ERROR Only critical issues, where the system may fail
- LV_L0G_LEVEL_USER Only user messages
- LV_LOG_LEVEL_NONE Do not log anything

The events which have a higher level than the set log level will be logged too. E.g. if you LV_LOG_LEVEL_WARN, errors will be also logged.

4.8.2 Printing logs

Logging with printf

If your system supports printf, you just need to enable LV_LOG_PRINTF in lv_conf.h to send the logs with printf.

Custom log function

If you can't use printf or want to use a custom function to log, you can register a "logger" callback with lv log register print cb().

For example:

```
void my_log_cb(const char * buf)
{
   serial_send(buf, strlen(buf));
}
...
```

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lv_log_register_print_cb(my_log_cb);

4.8.3 Add logs

You can also use the log module via the LV_LOG_TRACE/INFO/WARN/ERROR/USER(text) functions.

4.9 Add custom GPU

LVGL has a flexible and extendable draw pipeline. You can hook it to do some rendering with a GPU or even completely replace the built-in software renderer.

4.9.1 Draw context

The core structure of drawing is lv_draw_ctx_t. It contains a pointer to a buffer where drawing should happen and a couple of callbacks to draw rectangles, texts, and other primitives.

Fields

lv_draw_ctx_t has the following fields:

- void * buf Pointer to a buffer to draw into
- lv area t * buf area The position and size of buf (absolute coordinates)
- const lv_area_t * clip_area The current clip area with absolute coordinates, always the same or smaller than buf_area. All drawings should be clipped to this area.
- void (*draw rect)() Draw a rectangle with shadow, gradient, border, etc.
- void (*draw arc)() Draw an arc
- void (*draw_img_decoded)() Draw an (A)RGB image that is already decoded by LVGL.
- lv_res_t (*draw_img)() Draw an image before decoding it (it bypasses LVGL's internal image decoders)
- void (*draw_letter)() Draw a letter
- void (*draw line)() Draw a line
- void (*draw polygon)() Draw a polygon
- void (*draw bg)() Replace the buffer with a rect without decoration like radius or borders.
- void (*wait_for_finish)() Wait until all background operation are finished. (E.g. GPU operations)
- void * user data Custom user data for arbitrary purpose

(For the sake of simplicity the parameters of the callbacks are not shown here.)

All draw_* callbacks receive a pointer to the current draw_ctx as their first parameter. Among the other parameters there is a descriptor that tells what to draw, e.g. for draw_rect it's called lv_draw_rect_dsc_t, for lv_draw_line it's called lv_draw_line_dsc_t, etc.

To correctly render according to a <code>draw_dsc</code> you need to be familiar with the Boxing model of LVGL and the meanings of the fields. The name and meaning of the fields are identical to name and meaning of the Style properties.

4.9. Add custom GPU 274

Initialization

The lv disp drv t has 4 fields related to the draw context:

- lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx Pointer to the draw_ctx of this display
- void (*draw_ctx_init)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx) Callback to initialize a draw_ctx
- void (*draw_ctx_deinit)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, lv_draw_ctx_t * draw ctx) Callback to de-initialize a draw ctx
- size t draw ctx size Size of the draw context structure. E.g. sizeof(lv draw sw ctx t)

When you ignore these fields, LVGL will set default values for callbacks and size in lv_disp_drv_init() based on the configuration in lv_conf.h. lv_disp_drv_register() will allocate a draw_ctx based on draw_ctx_size and call draw_ctx_init() on it.

However, you can overwrite the callbacks and the size values before calling <code>lv_disp_drv_register()</code>. It makes it possible to use your own <code>draw ctx</code> with your own callbacks.

4.9.2 Software renderer

LVGL's built in software renderer extends the basic lv_draw_ctx_t structure and sets the draw callbacks. It looks like this:

```
typedef struct {
    /** Include the basic draw_ctx type*/
    lv_draw_ctx_t base_draw;

    /** Blend a color or image to an area*/
    void (*blend)(lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx, const lv_draw_sw_blend_dsc_t * dsc);
} lv_draw_sw_ctx_t;
```

Set the draw callbacks in draw_ctx_init() like:

```
draw_sw_ctx->base_draw.draw_rect = lv_draw_sw_rect;
draw_sw_ctx->base_draw.draw_letter = lv_draw_sw_letter;
...
```

Blend callback

As you saw above the software renderer adds the blend callback field. It's a special callback related to how the software renderer works. All draw operations end up in the blend callback which can either fill an area or copy an image to an area by considering an optional mask.

The lv draw sw blend dsc t parameter describes what and how to blend. It has the following fields:

- const lv_area_t * blend_area The area with absolute coordinates to draw on draw_ctx->buf. If src_buf is set, it's the coordinates of the image to blend.
- const lv_color_t * src_buf Pointer to an image to blend. If set, color is ignored. If not set fill blend area with color
- lv color t color Fill color. Used only if src buf == NULL
- lv opa t * mask buf NULL if ignored, or an alpha mask to apply on blend area

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- lv_draw_mask_res_t mask_res The result of the previous mask operation. (LV_DRAW_MASK_RES_...)
- const lv_area_t * mask_area The area of mask_buf with absolute coordinates
- lv opa t opa The overall opacity
- lv blend mode t blend mode E.g. LV BLEND MODE ADDITIVE

4.9.3 Extend the software renderer

New blend callback

Let's take a practical example: you would like to use your MCUs GPU for color fill operations only.

As all draw callbacks call blend callback to fill an area in the end only the blend callback needs to be overwritten.

First extend lv draw sw ctx t:

```
/*We don't add new fields, so just for clarity add new type*/
typedef lv_draw_sw_ctx_t my_draw_ctx_t;

void my_draw_ctx_init(lv_disp_drv_t * drv, lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx)
{
    /*Initialize the parent type first */
    lv_draw_sw_init_ctx(drv, draw_ctx);

    /*Change some callbacks*/
    my_draw_ctx_t * my_draw_ctx = (my_draw_ctx_t *)draw_ctx;

    my_draw_ctx->blend = my_draw_blend;
    my_draw_ctx->base_draw.wait_for_finish = my_gpu_wait;
}
```

After calling $lv_disp_draw_init(\&drv)$ you can assign the new $draw_ctx_init$ callback and set $draw_ctx_size$ to overwrite the defaults:

```
static lv_disp_drv_t drv;
lv_disp_draw_init(&drv);
drv->hor_res = my_hor_res;
drv->ver_res = my_ver_res;
drv->flush_cb = my_flush_cb;

/*New draw ctx settings*/
drv->draw_ctx_init = my_draw_ctx_init;
drv->draw_ctx_size = sizeof(my_draw_ctx_t);

lv_disp_drv_register(&drv);
```

This way when LVGL calls blend it will call my_draw_blend and we can do custom GPU operations. Here is a complete example:

```
void my_draw_blend(lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx, const lv_draw_sw_blend_dsc_t * dsc)
{
    /*Let's get the blend area which is the intersection of the area to fill and the_
    clip area.*/
    lv_area_t blend_area;
```

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```
if(! lv area intersect(&blend area, dsc->blend area, draw ctx->clip area)) return;
  /*Fully clipped, nothing to do*/
   /*Fill only non masked, fully opaque, normal blended and not too small areas*/
    if(dsc->src buf == NULL && dsc->mask == NULL && dsc->opa >= LV OPA MAX &&
       dsc->blend_mode == LV_BLEND_MODE_NORMAL && lv_area_get_size(&blend_area) >__
→100) {
        /*Got the first pixel on the buffer*/
       lv_coord_t dest_stride = lv_area_get_width(draw_ctx->buf_area); /*Width of_
→the destination buffer*/
       lv color t * dest buf = draw ctx->buf;
       dest buf += dest stride * (blend area.y1 - draw ctx->buf area->y1) + (blend
⇒area.x1 - draw ctx->buf area->x1);
       /*Make the blend area relative to the buffer*/
       lv_area_move(&blend_area, -draw_ctx->buf_area->x1, -draw_ctx->buf_area->y1);
       /*Call your custom gou fill function to fill blend area, on dest buf with dsc-
→>color*/
       my gpu fill(dest buf, dest stride, &blend area, dsc->color);
    /*Fallback: the GPU doesn't support these settings. Call the SW renderer.*/
   else {
      lv draw sw blend basic(draw ctx, dsc);
}
```

The implementation of wait callback is much simpler:

```
void my_gpu_wait(lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx)
{
    while(my_gpu_is_working());

    /*Call SW renderer's wait callback too*/
    lv_draw_sw_wait_for_finish(draw_ctx);
}
```

New rectangle drawer

If your MCU has a more powerful GPU that can draw e.g. rounded rectangles you can replace the original software drawer too. A custom draw rect callback might look like this:

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my_draw_rect can fully bypass the use of blend callback if needed.

4.9.4 Fully custom draw engine

For example if your MCU/MPU supports a powerful vector graphics engine you might use only that instead of LVGL's SW renderer. In this case, you need to base the renderer on the basic $lv_draw_ctx_t$ (instead of $lv_draw_sw_ctx_t$) and extend/initialize it as you wish.

CHAPTER

FIVE

OVERVIEW

5.1 Objects

In LVGL the **basic building blocks** of a user interface are the objects, also called *Widgets*. For example a *Button*, *Label*, *Image*, *List*, *Chart* or *Text area*.

You can see all the Object types here.

All objects are referenced using an lv_obj_t pointer as a handle. This pointer can later be used to set or get the attributes of the object.

5.1.1 Attributes

Basic attributes

All object types share some basic attributes:

- Position
- Size
- Parent
- Styles
- · Event handlers
- Etc

You can set/get these attributes with lv_obj_set_... and lv_obj_get_... functions. For example:

To see all the available functions visit the Base object's documentation.

Specific attributes

The object types have special attributes too. For example, a slider has

- · Minimum and maximum values
- · Current value

For these special attributes, every object type may have unique API functions. For example for a slider:

The API of the widgets is described in their *Documentation* but you can also check the respective header files (e.g. widgets/lv_slider.h)

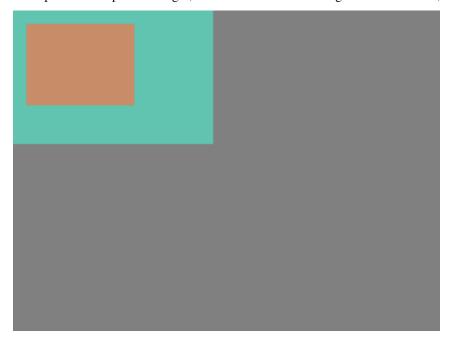
5.1.2 Working mechanisms

Parent-child structure

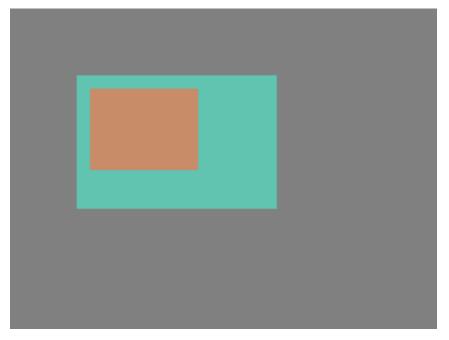
A parent object can be considered as the container of its children. Every object has exactly one parent object (except screens), but a parent can have any number of children. There is no limitation for the type of the parent but there are objects which are typically a parent (e.g. button) or a child (e.g. label).

Moving together

If the position of a parent changes, the children will move along with it. Therefore, all positions are relative to the parent.



Modify the position of the parent:

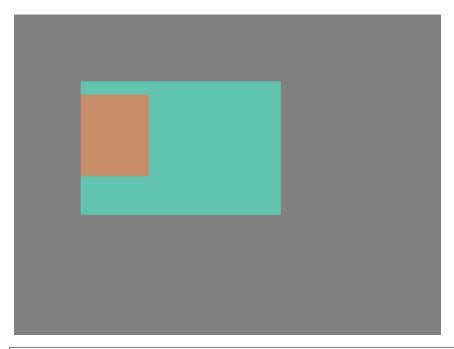


```
v_obj_set_pos(parent, 50, 50); /*Move the parent. The child will move with it. \Rightarrow^*/
```

(For simplicity the adjusting of colors of the objects is not shown in the example.)

Visibility only on the parent

If a child is partially or fully outside its parent then the parts outside will not be visible.



```
lv_obj_set_x(obj1, -30); /*Move the child a little bit off the parent*/
```

This behavior can be overwritten with lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_OVERFLOW_VISIBLE); which allow the children to be drawn out of the parent.

Create and delete objects

In LVGL, objects can be created and deleted dynamically at run time. It means only the currently created (existing) objects consume RAM.

This allows for the creation of a screen just when a button is clicked to open it, and for deletion of screens when a new screen is loaded.

UIs can be created based on the current environment of the device. For example one can create meters, charts, bars and sliders based on the currently attached sensors.

Every widget has its own create function with a prototype like this:

```
lv_obj_t * lv_<widget>_create(lv_obj_t * parent, <other parameters if any>);
```

Typically, the create functions only have a *parent* parameter telling them on which object to create the new widget.

The return value is a pointer to the created object with lv obj t * type.

There is a common delete function for all object types. It deletes the object and all of its children.

```
void lv_obj_del(lv_obj_t * obj);
```

<code>lv_obj_del</code> will delete the object immediately. If for any reason you can't delete the object immediately you can use <code>lv_obj_del_async(obj)</code> which will perform the deletion on the next call of <code>lv_timer_handler()</code>. This is useful e.g. if you want to delete the parent of an object in the child's <code>LV EVENT DELETE</code> handler.

You can remove all the children of an object (but not the object itself) using lv_obj_clean(obj).

You can use <code>lv_obj_del_delayed(obj, 1000)</code> to delete an object after some time. The delay is expressed in milliseconds.

5.1.3 Screens

Create screens

The screens are special objects which have no parent object. So they can be created like:

```
lv_obj_t * scr1 = lv_obj_create(NULL);
```

Screens can be created with any object type. For example, a *Base object* or an image to make a wallpaper.

Get the active screen

There is always an active screen on each display. By default, the library creates and loads a "Base object" as a screen for each display.

To get the currently active screen use the <code>lv_scr_act()</code> function.

Load screens

To load a new screen, use lv_scr_load(scr1).

Layers

There are two automatically generated layers:

- top layer
- · system layer

They are independent of the screens and they will be shown on every screen. The *top layer* is above every object on the screen and the *system layer* is above the *top layer*. You can add any pop-up windows to the *top layer* freely. But, the *system layer* is restricted to system-level things (e.g. mouse cursor will be placed there with lv_indev_set_cursor()).

The lv_layer_top() and lv_layer_sys() functions return pointers to the top and system layers respectively.

Read the Layer overview section to learn more about layers.

Load screen with animation

A new screen can be loaded with animation by using lv_scr_load_anim(scr, transition_type, time, delay, auto del). The following transition types exist:

- LV SCR LOAD ANIM NONE Switch immediately after delay milliseconds
- LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_LEFT/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM Move the new screen over the current towards the given direction
- LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_LEFT/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM Move both the current and new screens towards the given direction
- LV SCR LOAD ANIM FADE ON Fade the new screen over the old screen

Setting auto del to true will automatically delete the old screen when the animation is finished.

The new screen will become active (returned by lv_scr_act()) when the animation starts after delay time.

Handling multiple displays

Screens are created on the currently selected *default display*. The *default display* is the last registered display with lv_disp_drv_register. You can also explicitly select a new default display using lv disp set default(disp).

lv_scr_act(), lv_scr_load() and lv_scr_load_anim() operate on the default screen.

Visit Multi-display support to learn more.

5.1.4 Parts

The widgets are built from multiple parts. For example a *Base object* uses the main and scrollbar parts but a *Slider* uses the main, indicator and knob parts. Parts are similar to *pseudo-elements* in CSS.

The following predefined parts exist in LVGL:

- LV PART MAIN A background like rectangle
- LV PART SCROLLBAR The scrollbar(s)
- LV_PART_INDICATOR Indicator, e.g. for slider, bar, switch, or the tick box of the checkbox
- LV PART KNOB Like a handle to grab to adjust the value
- LV_PART_SELECTED Indicate the currently selected option or section
- LV PART ITEMS Used if the widget has multiple similar elements (e.g. table cells)
- LV PART TICKS Ticks on scales e.g. for a chart or meter
- LV_PART_CURSOR Mark a specific place e.g. text area's or chart's cursor
- LV PART CUSTOM FIRST Custom parts can be added from here.

The main purpose of parts is to allow styling the "components" of the widgets. They are described in more detail in the *Style overview* section.

5.1.5 States

The object can be in a combination of the following states:

- LV STATE DEFAULT Normal, released state
- LV STATE CHECKED Toggled or checked state
- LV STATE FOCUSED Focused via keypad or encoder or clicked via touchpad/mouse
- LV STATE FOCUS_KEY Focused via keypad or encoder but not via touchpad/mouse
- · LV STATE EDITED Edit by an encoder
- LV STATE HOVERED Hovered by mouse (not supported now)
- LV STATE PRESSED Being pressed
- LV STATE SCROLLED Being scrolled
- LV STATE DISABLED Disabled state
- LV_STATE_USER_1 Custom state
- LV STATE USER 2 Custom state

- LV STATE USER 3 Custom state
- LV_STATE_USER_4 Custom state

The states are usually automatically changed by the library as the user interacts qith an object (presses, releases, focuses, etc.). However, the states can be changed manually too. To set or clear given state (but leave the other states untouched) use $lv_obj_add/clear_state(obj, LV_STATE_...)$ In both cases OR-ed state values can be used as well. E.g. $lv_obj_add_state(obj, part, LV_STATE_PRESSED_| LV_PRESSED_CHECKED)$.

To learn more about the states read the related section of the *Style overview*.

5.1.6 Snapshot

A snapshot image can be generated for an object together with its children. Check details in *Snapshot*.

5.2 Positions, sizes, and layouts

5.2.1 Overview

Similarly to many other parts of LVGL, the concept of setting the coordinates was inspired by CSS. LVGL has by no means a complete implementation of CSS but a comparable subset is implemented (sometimes with minor adjustments).

In short this means:

- Explicitly set coordinates are stored in styles (size, position, layouts, etc.)
- · support min-width, max-width, min-height, max-height
- · have pixel, percentage, and "content" units
- x=0; y=0 coordinate means the top-left corner of the parent plus the left/top padding plus border width
- width/height means the full size, the "content area" is smaller with padding and border width
- · a subset of flexbox and grid layouts are supported

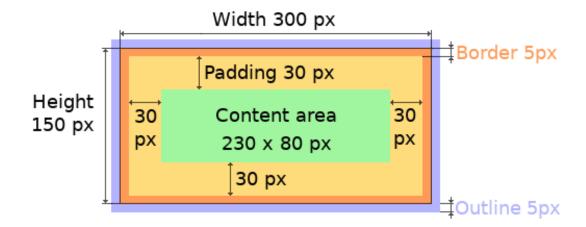
Units

- pixel: Simply a position in pixels. An integer always means pixels. E.g. lv_obj_set_x(btn, 10)
- percentage: The percentage of the size of the object or its parent (depending on the property). lv_pct(value) converts a value to percentage. E.g. lv obj set width(btn, lv pct(50))
- LV_SIZE_CONTENT: Special value to set the width/height of an object to involve all the children. It's similar to auto in CSS. E.g. lv_obj_set_width(btn, LV_SIZE_CONTENT).

Boxing model

LVGL follows CSS's border-box model. An object's "box" is built from the following parts:

- bounding box: the width/height of the elements.
- border width: the width of the border.
- padding: space between the sides of the object and its children.
- content: the content area which is the size of the bounding box reduced by the border width and padding.



The border is drawn inside the bounding box. Inside the border LVGL keeps a "padding margin" when placing an object's children.

The outline is drawn outside the bounding box.

Important notes

This section describes special cases in which LVGL's behavior might be unexpected.

Postponed coordinate calculation

LVGL doesn't recalculate all the coordinate changes immediately. This is done to improve performance. Instead, the objects are marked as "dirty" and before redrawing the screen LVGL checks if there are any "dirty" objects. If so it refreshes their position, size and layout.

In other words, if you need to get the coordinate of an object and the coordinates were just changed, LVGL needs to be forced to recalculate the coordinates. To do this call $lv_obj_update_layout(obj)$.

The size and position might depend on the parent or layout. Therefore lv_obj_update_layout recalculates the coordinates of all objects on the screen of obj.

Removing styles

As it's described in the *Using styles* section, coordinates can also be set via style properties. To be more precise, under the hood every style coordinate related property is stored as a style property. If you use $lv_obj_set_x(obj, 20)$ LVGL saves x=20 in the local style of the object.

This is an internal mechanism and doesn't matter much as you use LVGL. However, there is one case in which you need to be aware of the implementation. If the style(s) of an object are removed by

```
lv_obj_remove_style_all(obj)
```

or

```
lv_obj_remove_style(obj, NULL, LV_PART_MAIN);
```

the earlier set coordinates will be removed as well.

For example:

```
/*The size of obj1 will be set back to the default in the end*/
lv_obj_set_size(obj1, 200, 100); /*Now obj1 has 200;100 size*/
lv_obj_remove_style_all(obj1); /*It removes the set sizes*/

/*obj2 will have 200;100 size in the end */
lv_obj_remove_style_all(obj2);
lv_obj_set_size(obj2, 200, 100);
```

5.2.2 Position

Simple way

To simply set the x and y coordinates of an object use:

```
lv_obj_set_x(obj, 10);  //Separate...
lv_obj_set_y(obj, 20);
lv_obj_set_pos(obj, 10, 20);  //Or in one function
```

By default, the x and y coordinates are measured from the top left corner of the parent's content area. For example if the parent has five pixels of padding on every side the above code will place obj at (15, 25) because the content area starts after the padding.

Percentage values are calculated from the parent's content area size.

```
lv_obj_set_x(btn, lv_pct(10)); //x = 10 % of parent content area width
```

Align

In some cases it's convenient to change the origin of the positioning from the default top left. If the origin is changed e.g. to bottom-right, the (0,0) position means: align to the bottom-right corner. To change the origin use:

```
lv_obj_set_align(obj, align);
```

To change the alignment and set new coordinates:

```
lv_obj_align(obj, align, x, y);
```

The following alignment options can be used:

- LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT
- LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID
- LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT
- LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_LEFT
- LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID
- LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_RIGHT
- LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID
- LV ALIGN RIGHT MID
- LV ALIGN CENTER

It's quite common to align a child to the center of its parent, therefore a dedicated function exists:

```
lv_obj_center(obj);
//Has the same effect
lv_obj_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
```

If the parent's size changes, the set alignment and position of the children is updated automatically.

The functions introduced above align the object to its parent. However, it's also possible to align an object to an arbitrary reference object.

```
lv_obj_align_to(obj_to_align, reference_obj, align, x, y);
```

Besides the alignments options above, the following can be used to align an object outside the reference object:

- LV ALIGN OUT TOP LEFT
- LV ALIGN OUT TOP MID
- LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_RIGHT
- LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_LEFT
- LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID
- LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_RIGHT
- LV ALIGN OUT LEFT TOP
- LV ALIGN OUT LEFT MID
- LV ALIGN OUT LEFT BOTTOM
- LV ALIGN OUT RIGHT TOP

- LV ALIGN OUT RIGHT MID
- LV ALIGN OUT RIGHT BOTTOM

For example to align a label above a button and center the label horizontally:

```
lv_obj_align_to(label, btn, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -10);
```

Note that, unlike with $lv_obj_align()$, $lv_obj_align_to()$ can not realign the object if its coordinates or the reference object's coordinates change.

5.2.3 Size

Simple way

The width and the height of an object can be set easily as well:

Percentage values are calculated based on the parent's content area size. For example to set the object's height to the screen height:

```
lv_obj_set_height(obj, lv_pct(100));
```

The size settings support a special value: LV_SIZE_CONTENT. It means the object's size in the respective direction will be set to the size of its children. Note that only children on the right and bottom sides will be considered and children on the top and left remain cropped. This limitation makes the behavior more predictable.

Objects with LV_0BJ_FLAG_HIDDEN or LV_0BJ_FLAG_FLOATING will be ignored by the LV_SIZE_CONTENT calculation.

The above functions set the size of an object's bounding box but the size of the content area can be set as well. This means an object's bounding box will be enlarged with the addition of padding.

```
lv_obj_set_content_width(obj, 50); //The actual width: padding left + 50 + padding
→right
lv_obj_set_content_height(obj, 30); //The actual width: padding top + 30 + padding
→bottom
```

The size of the bounding box and the content area can be retrieved with the following functions:

```
lv_coord_t w = lv_obj_get_width(obj);
lv_coord_t h = lv_obj_get_height(obj);
lv_coord_t content_w = lv_obj_get_content_width(obj);
lv_coord_t content_h = lv_obj_get_content_height(obj);
```

5.2.4 Using styles

Under the hood the position, size and alignment properties are style properties. The above described "simple functions" hide the style related code for the sake of simplicity and set the position, size, and alignment properties in the local styles of the object.

However, using styles to set the coordinates has some great advantages:

- It makes it easy to set the width/height/etc. for several objects together. E.g. make all the sliders 100x10 pixels sized.
- It also makes possible to modify the values in one place.
- The values can be partially overwritten by other styles. For example style_btn makes the object 100x50 by
 default but adding style full width overwrites only the width of the object.
- The object can have different position or size depending on state. E.g. 100 px wide in LV_STATE_DEFAULT but 120 px in LV_STATE_PRESSED.
- Style transitions can be used to make the coordinate changes smooth.

Here are some examples to set an object's size using a style:

```
static lv_style_t style;
lv_style_init(&style);
lv_style_set_width(&style, 100);
lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(btn, &style, LV_PART_MAIN);
```

As you will see below there are some other great features of size and position setting. However, to keep the LVGL API lean, only the most common coordinate setting features have a "simple" version and the more complex features can be used via styles.

5.2.5 Translation

Let's say the there are 3 buttons next to each other. Their position is set as described above. Now you want to move a button up a little when it's pressed.

One way to achieve this is by setting a new Y coordinate for the pressed state:

```
static lv_style_t style_normal;
lv_style_init(&style_normal);
lv_style_set_y(&style_normal, 100);

static lv_style_t style_pressed;
lv_style_init(&style_pressed);
lv_style_set_y(&style_pressed, 80);

lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_normal, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
```

This works, but it's not really flexible because the pressed coordinate is hard-coded. If the buttons are not at y=100, style pressed won't work as expected. Translations can be used to solve this:

```
static lv_style_t style_normal;
lv_style_init(&style_normal);
lv_style_set_y(&style_normal, 100);
static lv_style_t style_pressed;
lv_style_init(&style_pressed);
lv_style_set_translate_y(&style_pressed, -20);
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
```

Translation is applied from the current position of the object.

Percentage values can be used in translations as well. The percentage is relative to the size of the object (and not to the size of the parent). For example $lv_pct(50)$ will move the object with half of its width/height.

The translation is applied after the layouts are calculated. Therefore, even laid out objects' position can be translated.

The translation actually moves the object. That means it makes the scrollbars and LV_SIZE_CONTENT sized objects react to the position change.

5.2.6 Transformation

Similarly to position, an object's size can be changed relative to the current size as well. The transformed width and height are added on both sides of the object. This means a 10 px transformed width makes the object 2x10 pixels wider.

Unlike position translation, the size transformation doesn't make the object "really" larger. In other words scrollbars, layouts, and LV_SIZE_CONTENT will not react to the transformed size. Hence, size transformation is "only" a visual effect.

This code enlarges a button when it's pressed:

```
static lv_style_t style_pressed;
lv_style_init(&style_pressed);
lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pressed, 10);
lv_style_set_transform_height(&style_pressed, 10);
lv_obj_add_style(btn, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
```

Min and Max size

Similarly to CSS, LVGL also supports min-width, max-width, min-height and max-height. These are limits preventing an object's size from becoming smaller/larger than these values. They are especially useful if the size is set by percentage or LV_SIZE_CONTENT.

Percentage values can be used as well which are relative to the size of the parent's content area.

5.2.7 Layout

Overview

Layouts can update the position and size of an object's children. They can be used to automatically arrange the children into a line or column, or in much more complicated forms.

The position and size set by the layout overwrites the "normal" x, y, width, and height settings.

There is only one function that is the same for every layout: lv_obj_set_layout(obj, <LAYOUT_NAME>) sets the layout on an object. For further settings of the parent and children see the documentation of the given layout.

Built-in layout

LVGL comes with two very powerful layouts:

- Flexbox
- Grid

Both are heavily inspired by the CSS layouts with the same name.

Flags

There are some flags that can be used on objects to affect how they behave with layouts:

- LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN Hidden objects are ignored in layout calculations.
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT The object is simply ignored by the layouts. Its coordinates can be set as usual.
- LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING Same as LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT but the object with LV OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING will be ignored in LV_SIZE_CONTENT calculations.

These flags can be added/removed with lv_obj_add/clear_flag(obj, FLAG);

Adding new layouts

LVGL can be freely extended by a custom layout like this:

Custom style properties can be added which can be retrieved and used in the update callback. For example:

```
uint32_t MY_PROP;
...

LV_STYLE_MY_PROP = lv_style_register_prop();
...
static inline void lv_style_set_my_prop(lv_style_t * style, uint32_t value)
{
    lv_style_value_t v = {
        .num = (int32_t)value
    };
    lv_style_set_prop(style, LV_STYLE_MY_PROP, v);
}
```

5.2.8 Examples

5.3 Styles

Styles are used to set the appearance of objects. Styles in lvgl are heavily inspired by CSS. The concept in a nutshell is as follows:

- A style is an lv_style_t variable which can hold properties like border width, text color and so on. It's similar
 to a class in CSS.
- Styles can be assigned to objects to change their appearance. Upon assignment, the target part (*pseudo-element* in CSS) and target state (*pseudo class*) can be specified. For example one can add style_blue to the knob of a slider when it's in pressed state.
- The same style can be used by any number of objects.
- Styles can be cascaded which means multiple styles may be assigned to an object and each style can have different
 properties. Therefore, not all properties have to be specified in a style. LVGL will search for a property until a style
 defines it or use a default if it's not specified by any of the styles. For example style_btn can result in a default
 gray button and style_btn_red can add only a background-color=red to overwrite the background
 color.
- The most recently added style has higher precedence. This means if a property is specified in two styles the newest style in the object will be used.
- Some properties (e.g. text color) can be inherited from a parent(s) if it's not specified in an object.
- Objects can also have local styles with higher precedence than "normal" styles.
- Unlike CSS (where pseudo-classes describe different states, e.g. :focus), in LVGL a property is assigned to a given state.
- Transitions can be applied when the object changes state.

5.3.1 States

The objects can be in the combination of the following states:

- LV_STATE_DEFAULT (0x0000) Normal, released state
- LV STATE CHECKED (0x0001) Toggled or checked state
- LV STATE F0CUSED (0x0002) Focused via keypad or encoder or clicked via touchpad/mouse
- LV STATE_F0CUS_KEY (0x0004) Focused via keypad or encoder but not via touchpad/mouse
- LV STATE EDITED (0x0008) Edit by an encoder
- LV STATE HOVERED (0x0010) Hovered by mouse (not supported now)
- LV STATE PRESSED (0x0020) Being pressed
- LV STATE SCROLLED (0x0040) Being scrolled
- LV STATE DISABLED (0x0080) Disabled state
- LV STATE USER 1 (0x1000) Custom state
- LV_STATE_USER_2 (0x2000) Custom state
- LV_STATE_USER_3 (0x4000) Custom state
- LV STATE USER 4 (0x8000) Custom state

An object can be in a combination of states such as being focused and pressed at the same time. This is represented as LV STATE FOCUSED | LV STATE PRESSED.

A style can be added to any state or state combination. For example, setting a different background color for the default and pressed states. If a property is not defined in a state the best matching state's property will be used. Typically this means the property with LV_STATE_DEFAULT is used. If the property is not set even for the default state the default value will be used. (See later)

But what does the "best matching state's property" really mean? States have a precedence which is shown by their value (see in the above list). A higher value means higher precedence. To determine which state's property to use let's take an example. Imagine the background color is defined like this:

- LV STATE DEFAULT: white
- LV STATE PRESSED: gray
- LV STATE FOCUSED: red
- 1. Initially the object is in the default state, so it's a simple case: the property is perfectly defined in the object's current state as white.
- 2. When the object is pressed there are 2 related properties: default with white (default is related to every state) and pressed with gray. The pressed state has 0x0020 precedence which is higher than the default state's 0x0000 precedence, so gray color will be used.
- 3. When the object is focused the same thing happens as in pressed state and red color will be used. (Focused state has higher precedence than default state).
- 4. When the object is focused and pressed both gray and red would work, but the pressed state has higher precedence than focused so gray color will be used.
- 5. It's possible to set e.g. rose color for LV_STATE_PRESSED | LV_STATE_FOCUSED. In this case, this combined state has 0x0020 + 0x0002 = 0x0022 precedence, which is higher than the pressed state's precedence so rose color would be used.
- 6. When the object is in the checked state there is no property to set the background color for this state. So for lack of a better option, the object remains white from the default state's property.

Some practical notes:

- The precedence (value) of states is quite intuitive, and it's something the user would expect naturally. E.g. if an object is focused the user will still want to see if it's pressed, therefore the pressed state has a higher precedence. If the focused state had a higher precedence it would overwrite the pressed color.
- If you want to set a property for all states (e.g. red background color) just set it for the default state. If the object can't find a property for its current state it will fall back to the default state's property.
- Use ORed states to describe the properties for complex cases. (E.g. pressed + checked + focused)
- It might be a good idea to use different style elements for different states. For example, finding background colors for released, pressed, checked + pressed, focused + pressed, focused + pressed + checked, etc. states is quite difficult. Instead, for example, use the background color for pressed and checked states and indicate the focused state with a different border color.

5.3.2 Cascading styles

It's not required to set all the properties in one style. It's possible to add more styles to an object and have the latter added style modify or extend appearance. For example, create a general gray button style and create a new one for red buttons where only the new background color is set.

This is much like in CSS when used classes are listed like <div class=".btn .btn-red">.

Styles added later have precedence over ones set earlier. So in the gray/red button example above, the normal button style should be added first and the red style second. However, the precedence of the states are still taken into account. So let's examine the following case:

- · the basic button style defines dark-gray color for the default state and light-gray color for the pressed state
- the red button style defines the background color as red only in the default state

In this case, when the button is released (it's in default state) it will be red because a perfect match is found in the most recently added style (red). When the button is pressed the light-gray color is a better match because it describes the current state perfectly, so the button will be light-gray.

5.3.3 Inheritance

Some properties (typically those related to text) can be inherited from the parent object's styles. Inheritance is applied only if the given property is not set in the object's styles (even in default state). In this case, if the property is inheritable, the property's value will be searched in the parents until an object specifies a value for the property. The parents will use their own state to determine the value. So if a button is pressed, and the text color comes from here, the pressed text color will be used.

5.3.4 Parts

Objects can be composed of *parts* which may each have their own styles.

The following predefined parts exist in LVGL:

- LV PART MAIN A background like rectangle
- LV_PART_SCROLLBAR The scrollbar(s)
- LV PART INDICATOR Indicator, e.g. for slider, bar, switch, or the tick box of the checkbox
- LV PART KNOB Like a handle to grab to adjust a value
- LV PART SELECTED Indicate the currently selected option or section
- LV PART ITEMS Used if the widget has multiple similar elements (e.g. table cells)
- LV_PART_TICKS Ticks on scales e.g. for a chart or meter
- LV PART CURSOR Mark a specific place e.g. text area's or chart's cursor
- LV_PART_CUSTOM_FIRST Custom part identifiers can be added starting from here.

For example a *Slider* has three parts:

- Background
- Indicator
- Knob

This means all three parts of the slider can have their own styles. See later how to add styles to objects and parts.

5.3.5 Initialize styles and set/get properties

Styles are stored in <code>lv_style_t</code> variables. Style variables should be <code>static</code>, global or dynamically allocated. In other words they cannot be local variables in functions which are destroyed when the function exits. Before using a style it should be initialized with <code>lv_style_init(&my_style)</code>. After initializing a style, properties can be added or changed.

Property set functions looks like this: lv_style_set_property_name>(&style, <value>); For example:

```
static lv_style_t style_btn;
lv_style_init(&style_btn);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn, lv_color_hex(0x115588));
lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 2);
lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_color_black());

static lv_style_t style_btn_red;
lv_style_init(&style_btn_red);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn_red, lv_plaette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_btn_red, LV_OPA_COVER);
```

To remove a property use:

```
lv_style_remove_prop(&style, LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR);
```

To get a property's value from a style:

lv_style_value_t has 3 fields:

- num for integer, boolean and opacity properties
- color for color properties
- ptr for pointer properties

To reset a style (free all its data) use:

```
lv_style_reset(&style);
```

Styles can be built as const too to save RAM:

```
const lv_style_const_prop_t style1_props[] = {
   LV_STYLE_CONST_WIDTH(50),
   LV_STYLE_CONST_HEIGHT(50),
   LV_STYLE_PROP_INV,
};

LV_STYLE_CONST_INIT(style1, style1_props);
```

Later CONSt style can be used like any other style but (obviously) new properties can not be added.

5.3.6 Add and remove styles to a widget

A style on its own is not that useful. It must be assigned to an object to take effect.

Add styles

To add a style to an object use <code>lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, <selector>)</code>. <code><selector></code> is an OR-ed value of parts and state to which the style should be added. Some examples:

- LV_PART_MAIN | LV_STATE_DEFAULT
- LV_STATE_PRESSED: The main part in pressed state. LV_PART_MAIN can be omitted
- LV PART SCROLLBAR: The scrollbar part in the default state. LV STATE DEFAULT can be omitted.
- LV_PART_SCROLLBAR | LV_STATE_SCROLLED: The scrollbar part when the object is being scrolled
- 0 Same as LV_PART_MAIN | LV_STATE_DEFAULT.
- LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_PRESSED | LV_STATE_CHECKED The indicator part when the object is pressed and checked at the same time.

Using lv obj add style:

Remove styles

To remove all styles from an object use lv obj remove style all(obj).

To remove specific styles use <code>lv_obj_remove_style(obj, style, selector)</code>. This function will remove <code>style</code> only if the <code>selector</code> matches with the <code>selector</code> used in <code>lv_obj_add_style</code>. <code>style</code> can be <code>NULL</code> to check only the <code>selector</code> and remove all matching styles. The <code>selector</code> can use the <code>LV_STATE_ANY</code> and <code>LV_PART_ANY</code> values to remove the style from any state or part.

Report style changes

If a style which is already assigned to an object changes (i.e. a property is added or changed), the objects using that style should be notified. There are 3 options to do this:

- 1. If you know that the changed properties can be applied by a simple redraw (e.g. color or opacity changes) just call lv obj invalidate(obj) or lv obj invalidate(lv scr act()).
- 2. If more complex style properties were changed or added, and you know which object(s) are affected by that style call lv_obj_refresh_style(obj, part, property). To refresh all parts and properties use lv obj refresh style(obj, LV PART ANY, LV STYLE PROP ANY).
- 3. To make LVGL check all objects to see if they use a style and refresh them when needed, call lv_obj_report_style_change(&style). If style is NULL all objects will be notified about a style change.

Get a property's value on an object

To get a final value of property - considering cascading, inheritance, local styles and transitions (see below) - property get functions like this can be used: lv_obj_get_style_property_name(obj, <part>). These functions use the object's current state and if no better candidate exists they return a default value. For example:

```
lv_color_t color = lv_obj_get_style_bg_color(btn, LV_PART_MAIN);
```

5.3.7 Local styles

In addition to "normal" styles, objects can also store local styles. This concept is similar to inline styles in CSS (e.g. <div style="color:red">) with some modification.

Local styles are like normal styles, but they can't be shared among other objects. If used, local styles are allocated automatically, and freed when the object is deleted. They are useful to add local customization to an object.

Unlike in CSS, LVGL local styles can be assigned to states (pseudo-classes) and parts (pseudo-elements).

To set a local property use functions like lv_obj_set_style_property_name>(obj, <value>, <selector>); For example:

5.3.8 Properties

For the full list of style properties click here.

Typical background properties

In the documentation of the widgets you will see sentences like "The widget uses the typical background properties". These "typical background properties" are the ones related to:

- · Background
- Border
- Outline
- Shadow
- Padding
- Width and height transformation
- X and Y translation

5.3.9 Transitions

By default, when an object changes state (e.g. it's pressed) the new properties from the new state are set immediately. However, with transitions it's possible to play an animation on state change. For example, on pressing a button its background color can be animated to the pressed color over 300 ms.

The parameters of the transitions are stored in the styles. It's possible to set

- the time of the transition
- the delay before starting the transition
- the animation path (also known as the timing or easing function)
- the properties to animate

The transition properties can be defined for each state. For example, setting a 500 ms transition time in the default state means that when the object goes to the default state a 500 ms transition time is applied. Setting a 100 ms transition time in the pressed state causes a 100 ms transition when going to the pressed state. This example configuration results in going to the pressed state quickly and then going back to default slowly.

To describe a transition an lv transition dsc t variable needs to be initialized and added to a style:

5.3.10 Color filter

TODO

5.3.11 Themes

Themes are a collection of styles. If there is an active theme LVGL applies it on every created widget. This will give a default appearance to the UI which can then be modified by adding further styles.

Every display can have a different theme. For example, you could have a colorful theme on a TFT and monochrome theme on a secondary monochrome display.

To set a theme for a display, two steps are required:

- 1. Initialize a theme
- 2. Assign the initialized theme to a display.

Theme initialization functions can have different prototypes. This example shows how to set the "default" theme:

The included themes are enabled in lv_conf.h. If the default theme is enabled by LV_USE_THEME_DEFAULT 1 LVGL automatically initializes and sets it when a display is created.

Extending themes

Built-in themes can be extended. If a custom theme is created, a parent theme can be selected. The parent theme's styles will be added before the custom theme's styles. Any number of themes can be chained this way. E.g. default theme -> custom theme -> dark theme.

lv_theme_set_parent(new_theme, base_theme) extends the base_theme with the new_theme.

There is an example for it below.

5.3.12 Examples

Size styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG
* Using the Size, Position and Padding style properties
void lv_example_style_1(void)
    static lv_style_t style;
     lv_style_init(&style);
     lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
     /*Make a gradient*/
    lv_style_set_width(&style, 150);
    lv_style_set_height(&style, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_style_set_pad_ver(&style, 20);
    lv style set pad left(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_x(&style, lv_pct(50));
    lv_style_set_y(&style, 80);
     /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv obj t * obj = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
     lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello");
}
#endif
```

```
# Using the Size, Position and Padding style properties
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
style.set_radius(5)
# Make a gradient
style.set width(150)
style.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
style.set pad ver(20)
style.set_pad_left(5)
style.set_x(lv.pct(50))
style.set y(80)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set text("Hello")
```

Background styles

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Using the background style properties
void lv_example_style_2(void)
    static lv style t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
   /*Make a gradient*/
    lv style set bg opa(&style, LV OPA COVER);
    static lv_grad_dsc_t grad;
   grad.dir = LV_GRAD_DIR_VER;
   grad.stops_count = 2;
   grad.stops[0].color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
   grad.stops[1].color = lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE);
   /*Shift the gradient to the bottom*/
    grad.stops[0].frac = 128;
```

(continues on next page)

```
grad.stops[1].frac = 192;
    lv_style_set_bg_grad(&style, &grad);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif
```

```
# Using the background style properties
style = lv.style t()
stvle.init()
style.set_radius(5)
# Make a gradient
style.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 1))
style.set bg grad color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.VER)
# Shift the gradient to the bottom
style.set_bg_main_stop(128)
style.set bg grad stop(192)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.add style(style, 0)
obj.center()
```

Border styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Using the border style properties
    */
void lv_example_style_3(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 10);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));

    /*Add border to the bottom+right*/
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 5);
lv_style_set_border_opa(&style, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_border_side(&style, LV_BORDER_SIDE_BOTTOM | LV_BORDER_SIDE_RIGHT);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif
```

```
# Using the border style properties
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
# Set a background color and a radius
style.set radius(10)
style.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style set bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 1))
# Add border to the bottom+right
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_border_width(5)
style.set_border_opa(lv.OPA. 50)
style.set border side(lv.BORDER SIDE.BOTTOM | lv.BORDER SIDE.RIGHT)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add style(style, 0)
obj.center()
```

Outline styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Using the outline style properties
   */
void lv_example_style_4(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));

    /*Add outline*/
    lv_style_set_outline_width(&style, 2);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_style_set_outline_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_outline_pad(&style, 8);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Using the outline style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 1))

# Add outline
style.set_outline_width(2)
style.set_outline_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_outline_pad(8)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()
```

Shadow styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Using the Shadow style properties
    */
void lv_example_style_5(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));

    /*Add a shadow*/
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 55);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
// lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_x(&style, 10);
/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
# Using the Shadow style properties
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
# Set a background color and a radius
style.set radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 1))
# Add a shadow
style.set shadow width(8)
style.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set shadow of x(10)
style.set shadow ofs y(20)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.add style(style, 0)
obj.center()
```

Image styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
   * Using the Image style properties
   */
void lv_example_style_6(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_transform_angle(&style, 300);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);
lv_img_set_src(obj, &img_cogwheel_argb);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('../assets/img cogwheel argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img cogwheel argb.png")
    svs.exit()
img cogwheel argb = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(png data),
  'data': png data
})
# Using the Image style properties
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
# Set a background color and a radius
style.set radius(5)
style.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3))
style.set border width(2)
style.set border color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set img recolor(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.OPA._50)
# style.set transform angle(300)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.img(lv.scr act())
obj.add style(style, 0)
```

(continues on next page)

```
obj.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
obj.center()
```

Arc styles

```
Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/style/lv_ \rightarrow example_style_7.c
```

```
Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/style/lv_

→example_style_7.py
```

Text styles

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE LABEL
* Using the text style properties
void lv example style 8(void)
   static lv style t style;
   lv_style_init(&style);
   lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
   lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA COVER);
   lv style set bg color(&style, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE GREY, 2));
   lv style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
   lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
   lv style set pad all(&style, 10);
   lv style set text color(&style, lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE));
   lv_style_set_text_letter_space(&style, 5);
   lv_style_set_text_line_space(&style, 20);
   lv style set text decor(&style, LV TEXT DECOR UNDERLINE);
   /*Create an object with the new style*/
   lv_obj_t * obj = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
   lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
   lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Using the text style properties
#
```

(continues on next page)

```
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3))
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_pad_al\overline{l}(10)
style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set text letter space(5)
style.set text line space(20)
style.set text decor(lv.TEXT DECOR.UNDERLINE)
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.label(lv.scr act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()
```

Line styles

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE LINE
* Using the line style properties
void lv example style 9(void)
    static lv_style_t style;
   lv style init(&style);
   lv style set line color(&style, lv palette main(LV PALETTE GREY));
    lv_style_set_line_width(&style, 6);
   lv_style_set_line_rounded(&style, true);
   /*Create an object with the new style*/
   lv obj t * obj = lv line create(lv scr act());
    lv obj add style(obj, &style, 0);
    static lv_point_t p[] = {{10, 30}, {30, 50}, {100, 0}};
   lv_line_set_points(obj, p, 3);
    lv obj center(obj);
}
#endif
```

Transition

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG
* Creating a transition
void lv_example_style_10(void)
    static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR, LV_STYLE_BORDER_COLOR, __
→LV STYLE BORDER WIDTH, 0};
   /* A default transition
    * Make it fast (100ms) and start with some delay (200 ms)*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans_def;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans_def, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 100, 200,_
→NULL);
    /* A special transition when going to pressed state
    * Make it slow (500 ms) but start without delay*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans_pr;
    lv style transition dsc init(&trans pr, props, lv anim path linear, 500, 0, NULL);
    static lv style t style def;
    lv style init(&style def);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &trans_def);
    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv style init(&style pr);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_pr, 6);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3));
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &trans_pr);

/*Create an object with the new style_pr*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_def, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif
```

```
# Creating a transition
props = [lv.STYLE.BG COLOR, lv.STYLE.BORDER COLOR, lv.STYLE.BORDER WIDTH, 0]
# A default transition
# Make it fast (100ms) and start with some delay (200 ms)
trans def = lv.style transition dsc t()
trans def.init(props, lv.anim t.path linear, 100, 200, None)
# A special transition when going to pressed state
# Make it slow (500 ms) but start without delay
trans pr = lv.style transition dsc t()
trans pr.init(props, lv.anim t.path linear, 500, 0, None)
style def = lv.style t()
style def.init()
style_def.set_transition(trans_def)
style pr = lv.style t()
style pr.init()
style pr.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_pr.set_border_width(6)
style_pr.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
style_pr.set_transition(trans_pr)
# Create an object with the new style pr
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.add style(style def, 0)
obj.add style(style pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
obj.center()
```

Using multiple styles

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE IMG
* Using multiple styles
void lv example style 11(void)
    /*A base style*/
    static lv style t style base;
    lv_style_init(&style_base);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_base, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE));
    lv style set border color(&style base, lv palette darken(LV PALETTE LIGHT BLUE,...
→3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_base, 2);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_base, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style_base, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style_base, 5);
    lv_style_set_shadow_opa(&style_base, LV_OPA_50);
    lv style set text color(&style base, lv color white());
    lv style set width(&style base, 100);
    lv_style_set_height(&style_base, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
   /*Set only the properties that should be different*/
    static lv style t style warning;
    lv_style_init(&style_warning);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW,_
→3));
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW, 4));
    /*Create an object with the base style only*/
   lv obj t * obj base = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj_base, &style_base, 0);
    lv_obj_align(obj_base, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 20, 0);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj_base);
    lv label set text(label, "Base");
    lv_obj_center(label);
    /*Create another object with the base style and earnings style too*/
    lv_obj_t * obj_warning = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj_warning, &style_base, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj_warning, &style_warning, 0);
    lv_obj_align(obj_warning, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);
    label = lv label create(obj warning);
    lv label set text(label, "Warning");
    lv obj center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Using multiple styles
```

(continues on next page)

```
# A base style
style_base = lv.style_t()
style base.init()
style_base.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT BLUE))
style base.set border color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT BLUE, 3))
style_base.set_border_width(2)
style_base.set_radius(10)
style_base.set_shadow_width(10)
style_base.set_shadow_ofs_y(5)
style_base.set_shadow_opa(lv.OPA._50)
style base.set text color(lv.color white())
style base.set width(100)
style base.set height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
# Set only the properties that should be different
style warning = lv.style t()
style warning.init()
style warning.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW))
style warning.set border color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW, 3))
style warning.set text color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW, 4))
# Create an object with the base style only
obj base = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj base add style(style base, 0)
obj base.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT MID, 20, 0)
label = lv.label(obi base)
label.set text("Base")
label.center()
# Create another object with the base style and earnings style too
obj warning = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj warning.add style(style base, 0)
obj_warning.add_style(style_warning, 0)
obj_warning.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -20, 0)
label = lv.label(obj warning)
label.set text("Warning")
label.center()
```

Local styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
   * Local styles
   */
void lv_example_style_12(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREEN, 3));
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 3);

lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

/*Overwrite the background color locally*/
lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(obj,lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE), LV_PART_MAIN);

lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Local styles
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 3))
style.set_border_width(3)

obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)

# Overwrite the background color locally
obj.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE), lv.PART.MAIN)
obj.center()
```

Add styles to parts and states

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
   * Add styles to parts and states
   */
void lv_example_style_13(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style_indic;
    lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_indic, LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR);

    static lv_style_t style_indic_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_indic_pr);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style_indic_pr, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style_indic_pr, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style_indic_pr, 3);
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Create an object with the new style_pr*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_indic_pr, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_PRESSED);
lv_slider_set_value(obj, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}
#endif
```

```
# Add styles to parts and states
style indic = lv.style t()
style indic.init()
style indic.set bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
style indic.set bg grad color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style indic.set bg grad dir(lv.GRAD DIR.HOR)
style indic pr = lv.style t()
style indic pr.init()
style_indic_pr.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_indic_pr.set_shadow_width(10)
style_indic_pr.set_shadow_spread(3)
# Create an object with the new style pr
obj = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
obj.add style(style indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
obj.add style(style indic pr, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
obj.set value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
obj.center()
```

Extending the current theme

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

static lv_style_t style_btn;

/*Will be called when the styles of the base theme are already added
    to add new styles*/
static void new_theme_apply_cb(lv_theme_t * th, lv_obj_t * obj)
{
    LV_UNUSED(th);
    if(lv_obj_check_type(obj, &lv_btn_class)) {
        lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_btn, 0);
    }
}
static void new_theme_init_and_set(void)
{
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Initialize the styles*/
    lv style init(&style btn);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_GREEN, 3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 3);
    /*Initialize the new theme from the current theme*/
    lv_theme_t * th_act = lv_disp_get_theme(NULL);
    static lv_theme_t th_new;
    th_new = *th_act;
   /*Set the parent theme and the style apply callback for the new theme*/
   lv theme set parent(&th new, th act);
   lv_theme_set_apply_cb(&th_new, new_theme_apply_cb);
   /*Assign the new theme to the current display*/
    lv_disp_set_theme(NULL, &th_new);
}
* Extending the current theme
void lv_example_style_14(void)
    lv obj t * btn;
    lv obj t * label;
    btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(btn, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 20);
    label = lv label create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Original theme");
   new_theme_init_and_set();
   btn = lv btn create(lv scr act());
   lv_obj_align(btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20);
    label = lv label create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "New theme");
}
#endif
```

```
# Will be called when the styles of the base theme are already added
# to add new styles

class NewTheme(lv.theme_t):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        # Initialize the styles
        self.style_btn = lv.style_t()
        self.style_btn.init()
```

(continues on next page)

```
self.style btn.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
        self.style btn.set border color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 3))
        self.style_btn.set_border_width(3)
        # This theme is based on active theme
        th_act = lv.theme_get_from_obj(lv.scr_act())
        # This theme will be applied only after base theme is applied
        self.set_parent(th_act)
class ExampleStyle_14:
    def __init__(self):
        # Extending the current theme
        btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
        btn.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 20)
        label = lv.label(btn)
        label.set_text("Original theme")
        self.new_theme_init_and_set()
        btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
        btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20)
        label = lv.label(btn)
        label.set_text("New theme")
    def new_theme_apply_cb(self, th, obj):
        print(th,obj)
        if obj.get_class() == lv.btn_class:
            obj.add_style(self.th_new.style_btn, 0)
    def new_theme_init_and_set(self):
        print("new theme init and set")
        # Initialize the new theme from the current theme
        self.th new = NewTheme()
        self.th_new.set_apply_cb(self.new_theme_apply_cb)
        lv.disp_get_default().set_theme(self.th_new)
exampleStyle 14 = ExampleStyle 14()
```

5.3.13 API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_blend_mode_t
typedef uint8_t lv_text_decor_t
typedef uint8_t lv_border_side_t
typedef uint8_t lv_grad_dir_t
typedef uint8_t lv_dither_mode_t
```

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Possible options how to blend opaque drawings

Values

```
enumerator LV BLEND MODE NORMAL
```

Simply mix according to the opacity value

enumerator LV_BLEND_MODE_ADDITIVE

Add the respective color channels

enumerator LV_BLEND_MODE_SUBTRACTIVE

Subtract the foreground from the background

enumerator LV_BLEND_MODE_MULTIPLY

Multiply the foreground and background

enumerator LV BLEND MODE REPLACE

Replace background with foreground in the area

enum [anonymous]

Some options to apply decorations on texts. 'OR'ed values can be used.

Values:

```
enumerator LV_TEXT_DECOR_NONE
enumerator LV_TEXT_DECOR_UNDERLINE
enumerator LV_TEXT_DECOR_STRIKETHROUGH
```

enum [anonymous]

Selects on which sides border should be drawn 'OR'ed values can be used.

Values:

```
enumerator LV_BORDER_SIDE_NONE enumerator LV_BORDER_SIDE_BOTTOM
```

```
enumerator LV BORDER SIDE TOP
     enumerator LV BORDER SIDE LEFT
     enumerator LV BORDER SIDE RIGHT
     enumerator LV_BORDER_SIDE_FULL
     enumerator LV_BORDER_SIDE_INTERNAL
          FOR matrix-like objects (e.g. Button matrix)
enum [anonymous]
     The direction of the gradient.
     Values:
     enumerator LV_GRAD_DIR_NONE
          No gradient (the grad color property is ignored)
     enumerator LV_GRAD_DIR_VER
          Vertical (top to bottom) gradient
     enumerator LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR
          Horizontal (left to right) gradient
enum [anonymous]
     The dithering algorithm for the gradient Depends on LV_DITHER_GRADIENT
     Values:
     enumerator LV DITHER NONE
          No dithering, colors are just quantized to the output resolution
     enumerator LV DITHER ORDERED
          Ordered dithering. Faster to compute and use less memory but lower quality
     enumerator LV_DITHER_ERR_DIFF
          Error diffusion mode. Slower to compute and use more memory but give highest dither quality
enum lv style prop t
     Enumeration of all built in style properties
     Values:
     enumerator LV STYLE PROP INV
     enumerator LV STYLE WIDTH
     enumerator LV_STYLE_MIN_WIDTH
     enumerator LV_STYLE_MAX_WIDTH
     enumerator LV STYLE HEIGHT
     enumerator LV_STYLE_MIN_HEIGHT
     enumerator LV_STYLE_MAX_HEIGHT
     enumerator LV_STYLE_X
```

```
enumerator LV STYLE Y
enumerator LV STYLE ALIGN
```

enumerator LV STYLE TRANSFORM WIDTH

enumerator LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_HEIGHT

enumerator LV_STYLE_TRANSLATE_X

enumerator LV_STYLE_TRANSLATE_Y

enumerator LV STYLE TRANSFORM ZOOM

enumerator LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_ANGLE

enumerator LV_STYLE_PAD_TOP

enumerator LV STYLE PAD BOTTOM

enumerator LV STYLE PAD LEFT

enumerator LV STYLE PAD RIGHT

enumerator LV_STYLE_PAD_ROW

enumerator LV STYLE PAD COLUMN

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR_FILTERED

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_OPA

enumerator LV STYLE BG GRAD COLOR

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_GRAD_COLOR_FILTERED

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_GRAD_DIR

enumerator LV STYLE BG MAIN STOP

enumerator LV STYLE BG GRAD STOP

enumerator LV STYLE BG GRAD

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_DITHER_MODE

enumerator LV STYLE BG IMG SRC

enumerator LV STYLE BG IMG OPA

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_IMG_RECOLOR

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_IMG_RECOLOR_FILTERED

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_IMG_RECOLOR_OPA

enumerator LV_STYLE_BG_IMG_TILED

enumerator LV STYLE BORDER COLOR

enumerator LV_STYLE_BORDER_COLOR_FILTERED

enumerator LV STYLE BORDER OPA

enumerator LV STYLE BORDER WIDTH

enumerator LV_STYLE_BORDER_SIDE

enumerator LV STYLE BORDER POST

```
enumerator LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_WIDTH
```

enumerator LV STYLE OUTLINE COLOR

enumerator LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_COLOR_FILTERED

enumerator LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_OPA

enumerator LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_PAD

enumerator LV_STYLE_SHADOW_WIDTH

enumerator LV STYLE SHADOW OFS X

enumerator LV_STYLE_SHADOW_OFS_Y

enumerator LV_STYLE_SHADOW_SPREAD

enumerator LV STYLE SHADOW COLOR

enumerator LV_STYLE_SHADOW_COLOR_FILTERED

enumerator LV_STYLE_SHADOW_OPA

enumerator LV_STYLE_IMG_OPA

enumerator LV_STYLE_IMG_RECOLOR

enumerator LV_STYLE_IMG_RECOLOR_FILTERED

enumerator LV_STYLE_IMG_RECOLOR_OPA

enumerator LV_STYLE_LINE_WIDTH

enumerator LV_STYLE_LINE_DASH_WIDTH

enumerator LV_STYLE_LINE_DASH_GAP

enumerator LV_STYLE_LINE_ROUNDED

enumerator LV STYLE LINE COLOR

enumerator LV STYLE LINE COLOR FILTERED

enumerator LV STYLE LINE OPA

enumerator LV_STYLE_ARC_WIDTH

enumerator LV_STYLE_ARC_ROUNDED

enumerator LV STYLE ARC COLOR

enumerator LV_STYLE_ARC_COLOR_FILTERED

enumerator LV_STYLE_ARC_OPA

enumerator LV_STYLE_ARC_IMG_SRC

enumerator $LV_STYLE_TEXT_COLOR$

enumerator LV_STYLE_TEXT_COLOR_FILTERED

enumerator LV_STYLE_TEXT_OPA

enumerator LV_STYLE_TEXT_FONT

enumerator LV STYLE TEXT LETTER SPACE

enumerator LV_STYLE_TEXT_LINE_SPACE

enumerator LV_STYLE_TEXT_DECOR

```
enumerator LV_STYLE_TEXT_ALIGN
enumerator LV_STYLE_RADIUS
enumerator LV_STYLE_CLIP_CORNER
enumerator LV_STYLE_OPA
enumerator LV_STYLE_COLOR_FILTER_DSC
enumerator LV_STYLE_COLOR_FILTER_OPA
enumerator LV_STYLE_ANIM_TIME
enumerator LV_STYLE_ANIM_SPEED
enumerator LV_STYLE_TRANSITION
enumerator LV_STYLE_BLEND_MODE
enumerator LV_STYLE_BLEND_MODE
enumerator LV_STYLE_BASE_DIR
enumerator LV_STYLE_LAST_BUILT_IN_PROP
enumerator LV_STYLE_PROP_ANY
```

Functions

```
LV_EXPORT_CONST_INT(LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE)
void lv_style_init(lv_style_t *style)
Initialize a style
```

Note: Do not call lv_style_init on styles that already have some properties because this function won't free the used memory, just sets a default state for the style. In other words be sure to initialize styles only once!

Parameters style -- pointer to a style to initialize

```
void lv_style_reset(lv_style_t *style)
```

Clear all properties from a style and free all allocated memories.

Parameters style -- pointer to a style

```
lv_style_prop_t lv_style_register_prop(void)
```

bool lv_style_remove_prop(lv_style_t *style, lv_style_prop_t prop)

Remove a property from a style

Parameters

- style -- pointer to a style
- **prop** -- a style property ORed with a state.

Returns true: the property was found and removed; false: the property wasn't found

```
void lv_style_set_prop(lv_style_t *style, lv_style_prop_t prop, lv_style_value_t value)
```

Set the value of property in a style. This function shouldn't be used directly by the user. Instead use lv_style_set_prop_name>(). E.g. lv_style_set_bg_color()

Parameters

- **style** -- pointer to style
- **prop** -- the ID of a property (e.g. LV_STYLE_BG_C0L0R)
- value -- lv_style_value_t variable in which a field is set according to the type of prop

lv_res_t lv_style_get_prop (const lv_style_t *style, lv_style_prop_t prop, lv_style_value_t *value)

Get the value of a property

Note: For performance reasons there are no sanity check on style

Parameters

- style -- pointer to a style
- **prop** -- the ID of a property
- value -- pointer to a lv style value t variable to store the value

Returns LV_RES_INV: the property wasn't found in the style (value is unchanged) LV_RES_OK: the property was fond, and value is set accordingly

```
static inline lv_res_t lv_style_get_prop_inlined (const lv_style_t *style, lv_style_prop_t prop, lv_style_value t *value)
```

Get the value of a property

Note: For performance reasons there are no sanity check on Style

Note: This function is the same as lv_style_get_prop but inlined. Use it only on performance critical places

Parameters

- style -- pointer to a style
- **prop** -- the ID of a property
- **value** -- pointer to a *lv style value t* variable to store the value

Returns LV_RES_INV: the property wasn't found in the style (value is unchanged) LV_RES_OK: the property was fond, and value is set accordingly

void **lv_style_transition_dsc_init** (*lv_style_transition_dsc_t* *tr, const *lv_style_prop_t* props[], *lv_anim_path_cb_t* path_cb, uint32_t time, uint32_t delay, void *user_data)

lv_style_value_t lv_style_prop_get_default(lv_style_prop_t prop)
Get the default value of a property

Parameters prop -- the ID of a property

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```
Returns the default value
bool lv_style_is_empty (const lv_style_t *style)
     Checks if a style is empty (has no properties)
           Parameters style -- pointer to a style
           Returns true if the style is empty
uint8_t _lv_style_get_prop_group(lv_style_prop_t prop)
     Tell the group of a property. If the a property from a group is set in a style the (1 << group) bit of style->has_group
     is set. It allows early skipping the style if the property is not exists in the style at all.
           Parameters prop -- a style property
           Returns the group [0..7] 7 means all the custom properties with index > 112
static inline void lv_style_set_size(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
static inline void lv style set pad all(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
static inline void lv_style_set_pad_hor (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
static inline void lv_style_set_pad_ver(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
static inline void lv_style_set_pad_gap (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
struct lv gradient stop t
     #include < v style.h > A gradient stop definition. This matches a color and a position in a virtual 0-255 scale.
     Public Members
     lv color t color
           The stop color
     uint8 t frac
           The stop position in 1/255 unit
struct lv_grad_dsc_t
     #include <lv_style.h> A descriptor of a gradient.
     Public Members
     lv_gradient_stop_t stops[LV_GRADIENT_MAX_STOPS]
           A gradient stop array
```

The gradient direction. Any of LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER, LV_GRAD_DIR_NONE

uint8 t stops count

lv grad dir t dir

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The number of used stops in the array

lv_dither_mode_t dither

Whether to dither the gradient or not. Any of LV_DITHER_NONE, LV_DITHER_ORDERED, LV_DITHER_ERR_DIFF

union lv style value t

#include <lv_style.h> A common type to handle all the property types in the same way.

Public Members

int32 t num

Number integer number (opacity, enums, booleans or "normal" numbers)

const void *ptr

Constant pointers (font, cone text, etc)

lv_color_t color

Colors

struct lv style transition dsc t

#include <lv_style.h> Descriptor for style transitions

Public Members

const *lv_style_prop_t* ***props**

An array with the properties to animate.

void *user_data

A custom user data that will be passed to the animation's user_data

lv_anim_path_cb_t path_xcb

A path for the animation.

uint32_t **time**

Duration of the transition in [ms]

uint32_t delay

Delay before the transition in [ms]

struct lv_style_const_prop_t

#include <lv_style.h> Descriptor of a constant style property.

Public Members

```
lv_style_prop_t prop
lv_style_value_t value
struct lv_style_t
    #include <lv_style.h> Descriptor of a style (a collection of properties and values).
```

Public Members

```
uint32_t sentinel
lv_style_value_t value1
uint8_t *values_and_props
const lv_style_const_prop_t *const_props
union lv_style_t::[anonymous] v_p
uint16_t prop1
uint16_t is_const
uint8_t has_group
uint8_t prop_cnt
```

Typedefs

```
typedef void (*lv_theme_apply_cb_t)(struct _lv_theme_t*, lv_obj_t*)
typedef struct _lv_theme_t lv_theme_t
```

Functions

```
lv_theme_t *\v_theme_get_from_obj (lv_obj_t *obj)
Get the theme assigned to the display of the object
Parameters obj -- pointer to a theme object
Returns the theme of the object's display (can be NULL)
void lv_theme_apply (lv_obj_t *obj)
Apply the active theme on an object
Parameters obj -- pointer to an object
void lv theme set parent (lv_theme_t *new_theme, lv_theme_t *parent)
```

Set a base theme for a theme. The styles from the base them will be added before the styles of the current theme. Arbitrary long chain of themes can be created by setting base themes.

Parameters

- **new theme** -- pointer to theme which base should be set
- parent -- pointer to the base theme

```
void lv theme set apply cb(lv_theme_t *theme, lv_theme_apply_cb_t apply_cb)
     Set an apply callback for a theme. The apply callback is used to add styles to different objects
          Parameters
                • theme -- pointer to theme which callback should be set
                • apply cb -- pointer to the callback
const lv_font_t *lv_theme_get_font_small(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the small font of the theme
          Parameters obj -- pointer to an object
          Returns pointer to the font
const lv_font_t *lv theme get font normal(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the normal font of the theme
          Parameters obj -- pointer to an object
          Returns pointer to the font
const lv_font_t *lv_theme_get_font_large(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the subtitle font of the theme
          Parameters obj -- pointer to an object
          Returns pointer to the font
lv_color_t lv_theme_get_color_primary(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the primary color of the theme
          Parameters obj -- pointer to an object
          Returns the color
lv\_color\_t lv\_theme\_get\_color\_secondary(lv\_obj\_t *obj)
     Get the secondary color of the theme
          Parameters obj -- pointer to an object
          Returns the color
struct _lv_theme_t
     Public Members
     lv_theme_apply_cb_t apply_cb
     struct lv theme t*parent
          Apply the current theme's style on top of this theme.
     void *user_data
     struct _lv_disp_t *disp
     lv_color_t color_primary
     lv_color_t color_secondary
     const lv_font_t *font_small
     const ly font t*font normal
```

```
const lv_font_t *font_large
uint32_t flags
```

Functions

```
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_width (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style min width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style max width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_height (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style min height(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_max_height(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_x(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline ly coord tlv obj qet style y(const struct ly obj t*obj, uint32 t part)
static inline lv_align_t lv obj get style align(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style transform width (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_transform_height (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style translate x(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style translate y(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline ly coord tlv obj get style transform zoom(const struct ly obj t*obj, uint32 t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_transform_angle(const struct_lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style pad top(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style pad bottom(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_pad_right(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

```
static inline ly coord tlv obj get style pad row(const struct ly obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_pad_column (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline ly color tlv obj get style bg color (const struct ly obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline ly color tlv obj get style bg color filtered (const struct ly obj t*obj, uint32 t part)
static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_opa (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv obj get style bg grad color (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_tlv obj get style bg grad color filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj,
                                                                          uint32_t part)
static inline lv_grad_dir_t lv_obj_get_style bg_grad_dir(const struct_lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_main_stop(const struct_lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_grad_stop(const struct_lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline const lv\_grad\_dsc\_t *lv_obj_get_style_bg_grad (const struct \_lv\_obj\_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv\_dither\_mode\_t lv obj get style bg dither mode(const struct \_lv\_obj\_t *obj, uint32_t
static inline const void *lv obj get style bg img src(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_img_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get style bg_img_recolor(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline ly color tlv obj get style bg img recolor filtered (const struct ly obj t *obj,
                                                                            uint32 t part)
static inline lv_opa_t lv obj get style bg img recolor opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline bool lv obj get style_bg_img_tiled(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_border_color (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_tlv obj get style border color filtered (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                         part)
```

```
static inline lv_opa_t lv obj get style border opa (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_border_width (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv border side tlv obj qet style border side (const struct lv obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline bool lv obj get style border post (const struct lv obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_outline_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv obj get style outline color (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_tlv obj get style outline color filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj,
                                                                          uint32_t part)
static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_outline_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_outline_pad(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_shadow_width(const struct_lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style shadow ofs x(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style shadow ofs y(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style shadow spread (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_tlv obj get style shadow color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_shadow_color_filtered(const struct_lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                         part)
static inline ly opa t ly obj get style shadow opa (const struct ly obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline ly opa tlv obj get style img opa (const struct ly obj t*obj, uint32 t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_img_recolor (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv obj get style img recolor filtered (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                       part)
static inline lv_opa_t lv obj get style img recolor opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

```
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style line width (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_line_dash_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline ly coord tlv obj get style line dash gap (const struct ly obj t*obj, uint32 t part)
static inline bool lv obj get style line rounded (const struct lv obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv obj get style line color (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_tlv obj get style line color filtered (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
static inline lv_opa_t lv obj get style line opa (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_arc_width(const struct_lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline bool lv_obj_get_style_arc_rounded (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_arc_color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_arc_color_filtered (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                     part)
static inline lv_opa_t lv obj get style arc opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline const void *lv obj get style arc img src(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_text_color(const struct_lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_text_color_filtered(const struct_lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_text_opa (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline const lv_font_t *lv_obj_get_style_text_font (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style text letter space(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_text_line_space(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_text_decor_t lv obj get style text decor(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

```
static inline lv_text_align_t lv obj get style text align(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_radius (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline bool lv obj qet style clip corner (const struct lv obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline ly opa t ly obj qet style opa (const struct ly obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline const lv_color_filter_dsc_t *lv_obj_get_style_color_filter_dsc (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj,
                                                                                   uint32_t part)
static inline lv_opa_t lv obj get style color filter opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline uint32_t lv obj get style anim time(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline uint32_t lv_obj_get_style_anim_speed (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline const lv_style_transition_dsc_t *lv_obj_get_style_transition(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj,
                                                                              uint32 t part)
static inline lv blend mode t lv obj get style blend mode (const struct lv obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline uint16_t lv_obj_get_style_layout (const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_base_dir_t lv obj get style base dir(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
void lv obj set style width (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style min width (struct lv obj t *obj, lv coord t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_max_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style height (struct lv obj t *obj, lv coord t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv obj set style min height (struct lv obj t*obj, lv coord t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_max_height (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style x(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style y(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style align (struct lv obj t *obj, lv align t value, lv style selector t selector)
```

```
void lv obj set style transform width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                 selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_transform_height(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                  selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_translate_x (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style translate y(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style transform zoom(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_transform_angle(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                 selector)
void lv obj set style pad top(struct lv obj t *obj, lv coord t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_pad_bottom(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_pad_left(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style pad right(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style pad row(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_pad_column (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style bg color (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_bg_color_filtered (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                    selector)
void lv obj set style bg opa(struct lv obj t*obj, lv opa t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv obj set style bg grad color (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style bg grad color filtered (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                                           ly style selector t selector)
void lv obj set style bg grad dir (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_grad_dir_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                            selector)
void lv obj set style bg main stop(struct lv obj t *obj, lv coord t value, lv style selector t selector)
```

```
void lv obj set style bg grad stop(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_grad_dsc_t *value, lv_style_selector_t
                                      selector)
void lv obj set style bg dither mode (struct lv obj t*obj, lv dither mode t value, lv style selector t
                                               selector)
void lv obj set style bg img src (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const void *value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style bg img opa (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style bg img recolor(struct _lv_obj_t *obj_t v_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t
void lv obj set style bg img recolor filtered (struct lv obj t*obj, lv color t value,
                                                            ly style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_recolor_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                     selector)
void lv obj set style bg img tiled(struct lv obj t*obj, bool value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_border_color(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style border color filtered (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                                         lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style border opa (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style border width (struct lv obj t *obj, lv coord t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_border_side(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_border_side_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                           selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_border_post(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, bool value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_outline_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                              selector)
void lv obj set style outline color (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style outline color filtered (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                                          ly style selector t selector)
```

```
void ly obj set style outline opa(struct ly obj t*obj, ly opa t value, ly style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_outline_pad (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_width (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style shadow ofs x(struct lv obj t*obj, lv coord t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_ofs_y (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style shadow spread(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
void lv obj set style shadow color(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style shadow color filtered (struct lv obj t *obj, lv color t value,
                                                         ly style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_opa (struct _lv_obj_t *obj_, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style img opa (struct lv obj t *obj, lv opa t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv obj set style img recolor (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style img recolor filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                                        ly style selector t selector)
void lv obj set style img recolor opa (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                 selector)
void lv obj set style line width (struct lv obj t*obj, lv coord t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_line_dash_width(struct_lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
void lv obj set style line dash gap(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                              selector)
void lv obj set style line rounded (struct ly obj t*obj, bool value, ly style selector t selector)
void lv obj set style line color (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style line color filtered (struct lv obj t*obj, lv color t value, lv style selector t
                                                      selector)
```

```
void lv obj set style line opa (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_arc_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style arc rounded (struct lv obj t *obj, bool value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv obj set style arc color(struct lv obj t *obj, lv color t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv obj set style arc color filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                     selector)
void lv obj set style arc opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style arc img src(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const void *value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_text_color (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_text_color_filtered(struct_lv_obj_t *obj_, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                       selector)
void lv obj set style text opa(struct lv obj t*obj, lv opa t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv obj set style text font(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_font_t *value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style text letter space(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                    selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_text_line_space(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                 selector)
void lv obj set style text decor (struct lv obj t*obj, lv text decor t value, lv style selector t
                                           selector)
void lv obj set style text align (struct lv obj t *obj, lv text align t value, lv style selector t
                                           selector)
void lv obj set style radius (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style clip corner (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, bool value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style opa (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_color_filter_dsc(struct_lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_color_filter_dsc_t *value,
                                                   ly style selector t selector)
```

```
void lv obj set style color filter opa (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                  selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_anim_time(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style anim speed (struct lv obj t *obj, uint32 t value, lv style selector t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_transition (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_style_transition_dsc_t *value,
                                          lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style blend mode (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_blend_mode_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                          selector)
void lv obj set style layout (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_base_dir_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
Functions
void lv_style_set_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_min_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_max_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_height(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set min height(lv style t *style, lv coord t value)
void lv style set max height(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set x(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set y(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_align(lv_style_t *style, lv_align_t value)
void lv_style_set_transform_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set transform height(lv style t *style, lv coord t value)
void lv style set translate x (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv style set translate y(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_transform_zoom(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_transform_angle(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_pad_top(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_pad_bottom(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set pad left(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set pad right(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_pad_row(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_pad_column(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set bg color(lv style t *style, lv color t value)
void lv_style_set_bg_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_bg_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
void lv style set bg grad color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_bg_grad_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(lv_style_t *style, lv_grad_dir_t value)
void lv_style_set_bg_main_stop(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set bg grad stop(lv style t *style, lv coord t value)
void lv_style_set_bg_grad (lv_style_t *style, const lv_grad_dsc_t *value)
void lv style set bg dither mode(lv_style_t *style, lv_dither_mode_t value)
void lv style set bg img src(lv_style_t *style, const void *value)
void lv_style_set_bg_img_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
```

```
void lv style set bg img recolor(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_bg_img_recolor_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv style set bg img recolor opa(lv style t *style, lv opa t value)
void lv_style_set_bg_img_tiled(lv_style_t *style, bool value)
void lv_style_set_border_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_border_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv style set border opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
void lv_style_set_border_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_border_side(lv_style_t *style, lv_border_side_t value)
void lv style set border post(lv style t *style, bool value)
void lv_style_set_outline_width(\(lv_style_t\)*style, \(lv_coord_t\) value)
void lv_style_set_outline_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv style set outline color filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv style set outline opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
void lv_style_set_outline_pad (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_shadow_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set shadow ofs x(lv style t *style, lv coord t value)
void lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set shadow spread(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set shadow color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_shadow_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
```

```
void lv style set shadow opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
void lv_style_set_img_opa (lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
\label{eq:color_to_void_lv_style} void \ \textbf{lv\_style\_set\_img\_recolor} (\textit{lv\_style\_t} \ *style, \ lv\_color\_t \ value)
void lv style_set_img_recolor_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
void lv style set line width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set line dash width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style_set_line_dash_gap(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_line_rounded (lv_style_t *style, bool value)
void lv style set line color(lv style t *style, lv color t value)
void lv_style_set_line_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_line_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
void lv style set arc width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set arc rounded(lv_style_t *style, bool value)
void lv_style_set_arc_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_arc_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv style set arc opa(lv style t *style, lv opa t value)
void lv_style_set_arc_img_src(lv_style_t *style, const void *value)
void lv style set text color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv style set text color filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
void lv_style_set_text_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
```

```
void lv style set text font(lv_style_t *style, const lv_font_t *value)
void lv_style_set_text_letter_space(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_text_line_space(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_text_decor(lv_style_t *style, lv_text_decor_t value)
void lv_style_set_text_align(lv_style_t *style, lv_text_align_t value)
void lv style set radius(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set clip corner(lv_style_t *style, bool value)
void lv_style_set_opa (lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
void lv_style_set_color_filter_dsc(lv_style_t *style, const lv_color_filter_dsc_t *value)
void lv style_set_color_filter_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)
void lv_style_set_anim_time(lv_style_t *style, uint32_t value)
void lv style set anim speed(lv_style_t *style, uint32_t value)
void lv style set transition(lv_style_t *style, const lv_style_transition_dsc_t *value)
void lv_style_set_blend_mode(lv_style_t *style, lv_blend_mode_t value)
void lv_style_set_layout (lv_style_t *style, uint16_t value)
void lv_style_set_base_dir(lv_style_t *style, lv_base_dir_t value)
```

5.4 Style properties

5.4.1 Size and position

Properties related to size, position, alignment and layout of the objects.

width

Sets the width of object. Pixel, percentage and LV_SIZE_CONTENT values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

min_width

Sets a minimal width. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

max_width

Sets a maximal width. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

height

Sets the height of object. Pixel, percentage and LV_SIZE_CONTENT can be used. Percentage values are relative to the height of the parent's content area.

min_height

Sets a minimal height. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

max height

Sets a maximal height. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the height of the parent's content area.

X

Set the X coordinate of the object considering the set align. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

у

Set the Y coordinate of the object considering the set align. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the height of the parent's content area.

align

Set the alignment which tells from which point of the parent the X and Y coordinates should be interpreted. The possible values are: LV_ALIGN_DEFAULT, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT/MID/RIGHT, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_LEFT/MID/RIGHT, LV_ALIGN_LEFT/RIGHT_MID, LV_ALIGN_CENTER. LV_ALIGN_DEFAULT means LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT with LTR base direction and LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT with RTL base direction.

transform width

Make the object wider on both sides with this value. Pixel and percentage (with lv_pct(x)) values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the object's width.

transform_height

Make the object higher on both sides with this value. Pixel and percentage (with lv_pct(x)) values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the object's height.

translate x

Move the object with this value in X direction. Applied after layouts, aligns and other positioning. Pixel and percentage (with $lv_pct(x)$) values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the object's width.

translate_y

Move the object with this value in Y direction. Applied after layouts, aligns and other positioning. Pixel and percentage (with lv pct(x)) values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the object's height.

transform zoom

Zoom image-like objects. Multiplied with the zoom set on the object. The value 256 (or LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE) means normal size, 128 half size, 512 double size, and so on

transform angle

Rotate image-like objects. Added to the rotation set on the object. The value is interpreted in 0.1 degree units. E.g. 45 deg. = 450

5.4.2 Padding

Properties to describe spacing between the parent's sides and the children and among the children. Very similar to the padding properties in HTML.

pad top

Sets the padding on the top. It makes the content area smaller in this direction.

pad_bottom

Sets the padding on the bottom. It makes the content area smaller in this direction.

pad left

Sets the padding on the left. It makes the content area smaller in this direction.

pad_right

Sets the padding on the right. It makes the content area smaller in this direction.

pad_row

Sets the padding between the rows. Used by the layouts.

pad column

Sets the padding between the columns. Used by the layouts.

5.4.3 Background

Properties to describe the background color and image of the objects.

bg_color

Set the background color of the object.

bg_opa

Set the opacity of the background. Value 0, LV_0PA_0 or LV_0PA_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV_0PA_100 or LV_0PA_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV_0PA_10, LV_0PA_20, etc means semi transparency.

bg_grad_color

Set the gradient color of the background. Used only if grad dir is not LV GRAD DIR NONE

bg_grad_dir

Set the direction of the gradient of the background. The possible values are LV GRAD DIR NONE/HOR/VER.

bg_main_stop

Set the point from which the background color should start for gradients. 0 means to top/left side, 255 the bottom/right side, 128 the center, and so on

bg_grad_stop

Set the point from which the background's gradient color should start. 0 means to top/left side, 255 the bottom/right side, 128 the center, and so on

bg_grad

Set the gradient definition. The pointed instance must exist while the object is alive. NULL to disable. It wraps BG_GRAD_COLOR, BG_GRAD_DIR, BG_MAIN_STOP and BG_GRAD_STOP into one descriptor and allows craeting gradients with more colors too.

bg_dither_mode

Set the dithering mode of the gradient of the background. The possible values are LV_DITHER_NONE/ORDERED/ERR_DIFF.

bg_img_src

Set a background image. Can be a pointer to lv img dsc t, a path to a file or an LV SYMBOL ...

bg img opa

Set the opacity of the background image. Value 0, LV_0PA_0 or LV_0PA_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV_0PA_100 or LV_0PA_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV_0PA_10, LV_0PA_20, etc means semi transparency.

bg_img_recolor

Set a color to mix to the background image.

bg_img_recolor_opa

Set the intensity of background image recoloring. Value 0, LV_0PA_0 or LV_0PA_TRANSP means no mixing, 255, LV_0PA_100 or LV_0PA_COVER means full recoloring, other values or LV_0PA_10, LV_0PA_20, etc are interpreted proportionally.

bg img tiled

If enabled the background image will be tiled. The possible values are true or false.

5.4.4 Border

Properties to describe the borders

border color

Set the color of the border

border_opa

Set the opacity of the border. Value 0, LV_OPA_0 or LV_OPA_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV_OPA_100 or LV_OPA_0 COVER means fully covering, other values or LV_OPA_10, LV_OPA_20, etc means semi transparency.

border_width

Set hte width of the border. Only pixel values can be used.

border side

Set only which side(s) the border should be drawn. The possible values are $LV_BORDER_SIDE_NONE/TOP/BOTTOM/LEFT/RIGHT/INTERNAL$. OR-ed values can be used as well, e.g. $LV_BORDER_SIDE_TOP \mid LV_BORDER_SIDE_LEFT$.

border post

Sets whether the border should be drawn before or after the children are drawn. true: after children, false: before children

5.4.5 Outline

Properties to describe the outline. It's like a border but drawn outside of the rectangles.

outline_width

Set the width of the outline in pixels.

outline_color

Set the color of the outline.

outline_opa

Set the opacity of the outline. Value 0, LV_0PA_0 or LV_0PA_1RANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV_0PA_100 or LV_0PA_2RANSP means fully covering, other values or LV_0PA_10 , LV_0PA_20 , etc means semi transparency.

outline_pad

Set the padding of the outline, i.e. the gap between object and the outline.

5.4.6 Shadow

Properties to describe the shadow drawn under the rectangles.

shadow_width

Set the width of the shadow in pixels. The value should be ≥ 0 .

shadow_ofs_x

Set an offset on the shadow in pixels in X direction.

shadow_ofs_y

Set an offset on the shadow in pixels in Y direction.

shadow_spread

Make the shadow calculation to use a larger or smaller rectangle as base. The value can be in pixel to make the area larger/smaller

shadow color

Set the color of the shadow

shadow_opa

Set the opacity of the shadow. Value 0, LV_OPA_0 or LV_OPA_1 means fully transparent, 255, LV_OPA_100 or LV_OPA_2 0 or LV_OPA_10 0, LV_OPA_20 0, etc means semi transparency.

5.4.7 Image

Properties to describe the images

img_opa

Set the opacity of an image. Value 0, LV_0PA_0 or LV_0PA_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV_0PA_100 or LV_0PA_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV_0PA_10, LV_0PA_20, etc means semi transparency.

img_recolor

Set color to mixt to the image.

img_recolor_opa

Set the intensity of the color mixing. Value 0, LV_0PA_0 or LV_0PA_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV_0PA_100 or LV_0PA_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV_0PA_10, LV_0PA_20, etc means semi transparency.

5.4.8 Line

Properties to describe line-like objects

line_width

Set the width of the lines in pixel.

line_dash_width

Set the width of dashes in pixel. Note that dash works only on horizontal and vertical lines

line_dash_gap

Set the gap between dashes in pixel. Note that dash works only on horizontal and vertical lines

line_rounded

Make the end points of the lines rounded. true: rounded, false: perpendicular line ending

line_color

Set the color fo the lines.

line_opa

Set the opacity of the lines.

5.4.9 Arc

TODO

arc_width

Set the width (thickness) of the arcs in pixel.

arc_rounded

Make the end points of the arcs rounded. true: rounded, false: perpendicular line ending

arc_color

Set the color of the arc.

arc_opa

Set the opacity of the arcs.

arc_img_src

Set an image from which the arc will be masked out. It's useful to display complex effects on the arcs. Can be a pointer to $lv_img_dsc_t$ or a path to a file

5.4.10 Text

Properties to describe the properties of text. All these properties are inherited.

text_color

Sets the color of the text.

text_opa

Set the opacity of the text. Value 0, LV_0PA_0 or LV_0PA_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV_0PA_100 or LV_0PA_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV_0PA_10, LV_0PA_20, etc means semi transparency.

text_font

Set the font of the text (a pointer lv font t *).

text_letter_space

Set the letter space in pixels

text_line_space

Set the line space in pixels.

text_decor

Set decoration for the text. The possible values are LV_TEXT_DECOR_NONE/UNDERLINE/STRIKETHROUGH. OR-ed values can be used as well.

text_align

Set how to align the lines of the text. Note that it doesn't align the object itself, only the lines inside the object. The possible values are LV_TEXT_ALIGN_LEFT/CENTER/RIGHT/AUTO. LV_TEXT_ALIGN_AUTO detect the text base direction and uses left or right alignment accordingly

5.4.11 Miscellaneous

Mixed properties for various purposes.

radius

Set the radius on every corner. The value is interpreted in pixel (>= 0) or LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE for max. radius

clip_corner

Enable to clip the overflowed content on the rounded corner. Can be true or false.

opa

Scale down all opacity values of the object by this factor. Value 0, LV_OPA_0 or LV_OPA_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV_OPA_100 or LV_OPA_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV_OPA_10, LV_OPA_20, etc means semi transparency.

color_filter_dsc

Mix a color to all colors of the object.

color_filter_opa

The intensity of mixing of color filter.

anim time

The animation time in milliseconds. Its meaning is widget specific. E.g. blink time of the cursor on the text area or scroll time of a roller. See the widgets' documentation to learn more.

anim speed

The animation speed in pixel/sec. Its meaning is widget specific. E.g. scroll speed of label. See the widgets' documentation to learn more.

transition

An initialized lv_style_transition_dsc_t to describe a transition.

blend_mode

Describes how to blend the colors to the background. The possible values are LV_BLEND_MODE_NORMAL/ADDITIVE/SUBTRACTIVE/MULTIPLY

layout

Set the layout if the object. The children will be repositioned and resized according to the policies set for the layout. For the possible values see the documentation of the layouts.

base dir

Set the base direction of the object. The possible values are LV_BIDI_DIR_LTR/RTL/AUTO.

5.5 Scroll

5.5.1 Overview

In LVGL scrolling works very intuitively: if an object is outside its parent content area (the size without padding), the parent becomes scrollable and scrollbar(s) will appear. That's it.

Any object can be scrollable including lv obj t, lv img, lv btn, lv meter, etc

The object can either be scrolled horizontally or vertically in one stroke; diagonal scrolling is not possible.

Scrollbar

Mode

Scrollbars are displayed according to a configured mode. The following modes exist:

- LV SCROLLBAR MODE OFF Never show the scrollbars
- LV_SCROLLBAR_MODE_ON Always show the scrollbars
- LV SCROLLBAR MODE ACTIVE Show scroll bars while an object is being scrolled
- LV SCROLLBAR MODE AUTO Show scroll bars when the content is large enough to be scrolled

lv obj set scrollbar mode(obj, LV SCROLLBAR MODE ...) sets the scrollbar mode on an object.

Styling

The scrollbars have their own dedicated part, called LV_PART_SCROLLBAR. For example a scrollbar can turn to red like this:

```
static lv_style_t style_red;
lv_style_init(&style_red);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_red, lv_color_red());
...
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_red, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR);
```

An object goes to the LV_STATE_SCROLLED state while it's being scrolled. This allows adding different styles to the scrollbar or the object itself when scrolled. This code makes the scrollbar blue when the object is scrolled:

```
static lv_style_t style_blue;
lv_style_init(&style_blue);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_blue, lv_color_blue());
...
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_blue, LV_STATE_SCROLLED | LV_PART_SCROLLBAR);
```

If the base direction of the LV_PART_SCROLLBAR is RTL (LV_BASE_DIR_RTL) the vertical scrollbar will be placed on the left. Note that, the base_dir style property is inherited. Therefore, it can be set directly on the LV_PART_SCROLLBAR part of an object or on the object's or any parent's main part to make a scrollbar inherit the base direction.

pad left/right/top/bottom sets the spacing around the scrollbars and width sets the scrollbar's width.

Events

The following events are related to scrolling:

- LV_EVENT_SCROLL_BEGIN Scrolling begins
- LV_EVENT_SCROLL_END Scrolling ends
- LV_EVENT_SCROLL Scroll happened. Triggered on every position change. Scroll events

5.5.2 Basic example

TODO

5.5.3 Features of scrolling

Besides, managing "normal" scrolling there are many interesting and useful additional features.

Scrollable

It's possible to make an object non-scrollable with lv obj clear flag(obj, LV OBJ FLAG SCROLLABLE).

Non-scrollable objects can still propagate the scrolling (chain) to their parents.

The direction in which scrolling happens can be controlled by lv_obj_set_scroll_dir(obj, LV_DIR_...). The following values are possible for the direction:

- LV_DIR_TOP only scroll up
- LV DIR LEFT only scroll left
- LV_DIR_BOTTOM only scroll down
- LV DIR RIGHT only scroll right
- LV_DIR_HOR only scroll horizontally
- LV_DIR_TOP only scroll vertically
- LV DIR ALL scroll any directions

OR-ed values are also possible. E.g. LV DIR TOP | LV DIR LEFT.

Scroll chain

If an object can't be scrolled further (e.g. its content has reached the bottom-most position) additional scrolling is propagated to its parent. If the parent can be scrolled in that direction than it will be scrolled instead. It continues propagating to the grandparent and grand-grandparents as well.

The propagation on scrolling is called "scroll chaining" and it can be enabled/disabled with LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN_HOR/VER flag. If chaining is disabled the propagation stops on the object and the parent(s) won't be scrolled.

Scroll momentum

When the user scrolls an object and releases it, LVGL can emulate inertial momentum for the scrolling. It's like the object was thrown and scrolling slows down smoothly.

The scroll momentum can be enabled/disabled with the LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_MOMENTUM flag.

Elastic scroll

Normally an object can't be scrolled past the extremeties of its content. That is the top side of the content can't be below the top side of the object.

However, with LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ELASTIC a fancy effect is added when the user "over-scrolls" the content. The scrolling slows down, and the content can be scrolled inside the object. When the object is released the content scrolled in it will be animated back to the valid position.

Snapping

The children of an object can be snapped according to specific rules when scrolling ends. Children can be made snappable individually with the LV OBJ FLAG SNAPPABLE flag.

An object can align snapped children in four ways:

- LV_SCROLL_SNAP_NONE Snapping is disabled. (default)
- LV_SCROLL_SNAP_START Align the children to the left/top side of a scrolled object
- LV SCROLL SNAP END Align the children to the right/bottom side of a scrolled object
- LV SCROLL SNAP CENTER Align the children to the center of a scrolled object

Snap alignment is set with lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_x/y(obj, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_...):

Under the hood the following happens:

- 1. User scrolls an object and releases the screen
- 2. LVGL calculates where the scroll would end considering scroll momentum
- 3. LVGL finds the nearest scroll point
- 4. LVGL scrolls to the snap point with an animation

Scroll one

The "scroll one" feature tells LVGL to allow scrolling only one snappable child at a time. This requires making the children snappable and setting a scroll snap alignment different from LV_SCROLL_SNAP_NONE.

This feature can be enabled by the LV_0BJ_FLAG_SCR0LL_0NE flag.

Scroll on focus

Imagine that there a lot of objects in a group that are on a scrollable object. Pressing the "Tab" button focuses the next object but it might be outside the visible area of the scrollable object. If the "scroll on focus" feature is enabled LVGL will automatically scroll objects to bring their children into view. The scrolling happens recursively therefore even nested scrollable objects are handled properly. The object will be scrolled into view even if it's on a different page of a tabview.

5.5.4 Scroll manually

The following API functions allow manual scrolling of objects:

- lv obj scroll by(obj, x, y, LV ANIM ON/OFF) scroll by x and y values
- lv_obj_scroll_to(obj, x, y, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF) scroll to bring the given coordinate to the top left corner
- lv_obj_scroll_to_x(obj, x, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF) scroll to bring the given coordinate to the left side
- $lv_obj_scroll_to_y(obj, y, LV_ANIM_oN/OFF)$ scroll to bring the given coordinate to the top side

5.5.5 Self size

Self size is a property of an object. Normally, the user shouldn't use this parameter but if a custom widget is created it might be useful.

In short, self size establishes the size of an object's content. To understand it better take the example of a table. Let's say it has 10 rows each with 50 px height. So the total height of the content is 500 px. In other words the "self height" is 500 px. If the user sets only 200 px height for the table LVGL will see that the self size is larger and make the table scrollable.

This means not only the children can make an object scrollable but a larger self size will too.

LVGL uses the LV_EVENT_GET_SELF_SIZE event to get the self size of an object. Here is an example to see how to handle the event:

5.5.6 Examples

Nested scrolling

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Demonstrate how scrolling appears automatically
void lv_example_scroll_1(void)
    /*Create an object with the new style*/
   lv_obj_t * panel = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(panel, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(panel);
    lv_obj_t * child;
    lv obj t * label;
    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(child, 70, 70);
    label = lv_label_create(child);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Zero");
   lv obj center(label);
    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 160, 80);
    lv_obj_set_size(child, 80, 80);
    lv obj t * child2 = lv btn create(child);
    lv_obj_set_size(child2, 100, 50);
    label = lv_label_create(child2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Right");
    lv_obj_center(label);
    child = lv obj create(panel);
    lv obj set pos(child, 40, 160);
    lv_obj_set_size(child, 100, 70);
    label = lv_label_create(child);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Bottom");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Demonstrate how scrolling appears automatically
#
# Create an object with the new style
panel = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
panel.set_size(200, 200)
panel.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)

(continues on next page)
```

```
child.set_pos(0, 0)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Zero")
label.center()
child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set pos(-40, 100)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Left")
label.center()
child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set pos(90, -30)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set text("Top")
label.center()
child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(150, 80)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Right")
label.center()
child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(60, 170)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set text("Bottom")
label.center()
```

Snapping

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE FLEX
static void sw event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv obj t * sw = lv event get target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED) {
        lv obj t * list = lv event get user data(e);
        if(lv obj has state(sw, LV STATE CHECKED)) lv obj add flag(list, LV OBJ FLAG

¬SCROLL ONE);
        else lv_obj_clear_flag(list, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ONE);
    }
}
* Show an example to scroll snap
void lv_example_scroll_2(void)
    lv_obj_t * panel = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
lv obj set size(panel, 280, 120);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_x(panel, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_CENTER);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(panel, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
    lv_obj_align(panel, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 20);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(panel);
        lv_obj_set_size(btn, 150, lv_pct(100));
        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
        if(i == 3) {
            lv label set text fmt(label, "Panel %"LV PRIu32"\nno snap", i);
            lv_obj_clear_flag(btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE);
            lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Panel %"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    lv obj update snap(panel, LV ANIM ON);
#if LV USE SWITCH
    /*Switch between "One scroll" and "Normal scroll" mode*/
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(sw, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -20, 10);
    lv obj add event cb(sw, sw event cb, LV EVENT ALL, panel);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv label set text(label, "One scroll");
    lv obj align to(label, sw, LV ALIGN OUT BOTTOM MID, 0, 5);
#endif
#endif
```

```
def sw_event_cb(e,panel):
    code = e.get_code()
    sw = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        if sw.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
            panel.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLL_ONE)
        else:
            panel.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLL_ONE)

# Show an example to scroll snap
#
panel = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
panel.set_size(280, 150)
panel.set_scroll_snap_x(lv.SCROLL_SNAP.CENTER)
panel.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)
```

(continues on next page)

```
panel.center()
for i in range(10):
    btn = lv.btn(panel)
    btn.set_size(150, 100)
    label = lv.label(btn)
    if i == 3:
        label.set_text("Panel {:d}\nno snap".format(i))
        btn.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SNAPPABLE)
        label.set text("Panel {:d}".format(i))
    label.center()
panel.update snap(lv.ANIM.ON)
# Switch between "One scroll" and "Normal scroll" mode
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, -20, 10)
sw.add_event_cb(lambda evt: sw_event_cb(evt,panel), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label.set_text("One scroll")
label.align_to(sw, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5)
```

Floating button

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE LIST
static uint32_t btn_cnt = 1;
static void float btn event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT CLICKED) {
        lv obj t * list = lv event get user data(e);
        char buf[32];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "Track %d", (int)btn_cnt);
        lv obj t * list btn = lv list add btn(list, LV SYMBOL AUDIO, buf);
        btn cnt++;
        lv obj move foreground(float btn);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(list_btn, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}
 * Create a list a with a floating button
```

(continues on next page)

```
void lv example scroll 3(void)
    lv_obj_t * list = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list, 280, 220);
    lv_obj_center(list);
    for(btn_cnt = 1; btn_cnt <= 2; btn_cnt++) {</pre>
        char buf[32];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "Track %d", (int)btn_cnt);
        lv_list_add_btn(list, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, buf);
    }
    lv obj t * float btn = lv btn create(list);
    lv obj set size(float btn, 50, 50);
    lv obj add flag(float btn, LV OBJ FLAG FLOATING);
    lv_obj_align(float_btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_RIGHT, 0, -lv_obj_get_style_pad_
→right(list, LV_PART_MAIN));
    lv obj add event cb(float btn, float btn event cb, LV EVENT ALL, list);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(float_btn, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
    lv obj set style bg img src(float btn, LV SYMBOL PLUS, 0);
    lv obj set style text font(float btn, lv theme get font large(float btn), 0);
}
#endif
```

```
class ScrollExample 3():
   def __init__(self):
       self.btn cnt = 1
        # Create a list a with a floating button
        list = lv.list(lv.scr act())
        list.set size(280, 220)
        list.center()
        for btn cnt in range(2):
            list.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.AUDIO, "Track {:d}".format(btn cnt))
        float_btn = lv.btn(list)
        float btn.set size(50, 50)
        float btn.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.FLOATING)
        float_btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_RIGHT, 0, -list.get_style_pad_right(lv.PART.
→MAIN))
        float_btn.add_event_cb(lambda evt: self.float_btn_event_cb(evt,list), lv.
→EVENT.ALL, None)
        float btn.set style radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
        float_btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
        float_btn.set_style_text_font(lv.theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0)
    def float_btn_event_cb(self,e,list):
        code = e.get code()
        float_btn = e.get_target()
        if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
            list_btn = list.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.AUDIO, "Track {:d}".format(self.btn_
 →cnt))
                                                                          (continues on next page)
```

```
self.btn_cnt += 1
float_btn.move_foreground()
list_btn.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)
scroll_example_3 = ScrollExample_3()
```

Styling the scrollbars

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE LIST
* Styling the scrollbars
void lv_example_scroll_4(void)
    lv obj t * obj = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 200, 100);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(obj);
    lv label set text(label,
            "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.\n"
            "Etiam dictum, tortor vestibulum lacinia laoreet, mi neque consectetur,
⊸neque, vel mattis odio dolor egestas ligula. \n"
            "Sed vestibulum sapien nulla, id convallis ex porttitor nec. \n"
            "Duis et massa eu libero accumsan faucibus a in arcu. \n"
            "Ut pulvinar odio lorem, vel tempus turpis condimentum quis. Nam,
→consectetur condimentum sem in auctor. \n"
            "Sed nisl augue, venenatis in blandit et, gravida ac tortor. \n"
            "Etiam dapibus elementum suscipit. \n"
            "Proin mollis sollicitudin convallis. \n"
            "Integer dapibus tempus arcu nec viverra. \n"
            "Donec molestie nulla enim, eu interdum velit placerat quis. \n"
            "Donec id efficitur risus, at molestie turpis. \n"
            "Suspendisse vestibulum consectetur nunc ut commodo. \n"
            "Fusce molestie rhoncus nisi sit amet tincidunt. \n"
            "Suspendisse a nunc ut magna ornare volutpat.");
    /*Remove the style of scrollbar to have clean start*/
    lv obj remove style(obj, NULL, LV PART SCROLLBAR | LV STATE ANY);
    /*Create a transition the animate the some properties on state change*/
    static const lv style prop t props[] = {LV STYLE BG OPA, LV STYLE WIDTH, 0};
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 200, 0, NULL);
    /*Create a style for the scrollbars*/
    static lv style t style;
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv style init(&style);
    lv style set width(&style, 4);
                                       /*Width of the scrollbar*/
    lv_style_set_pad_right(&style, 5); /*Space from the parallel side*/
    lv_style_set_pad_top(&style, 5);
                                       /*Space from the perpendicular side*/
    lv style set radius(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_70);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE BLUE));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 8);
    lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style, 2);
    lv style set shadow color(&style, lv palette darken(LV PALETTE BLUE, 1));
   lv style set transition(&style, &trans);
   /*Make the scrollbars wider and use 100% opacity when scrolled*/
   static lv style t style scrolled;
    lv style_init(&style_scrolled);
    lv_style_set_width(&style_scrolled, 8);
    lv style set bg opa(&style scrolled, LV OPA COVER);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_scrolled, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR | LV_STATE_SCROLLED);
}
#endif
```

```
# Styling the scrollbars
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.set size(200, 100)
obj.center()
label = lv.label(obi)
label.set text(
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
Etiam dictum, tortor vestibulum lacinia laoreet, mi neque consectetur neque, vel.
→mattis odio dolor egestas ligula.
Sed vestibulum sapien nulla, id convallis ex porttitor nec.
Duis et massa eu libero accumsan faucibus a in arcu.
Ut pulvinar odio lorem, vel tempus turpis condimentum quis. Nam consectetur.
→condimentum sem in auctor.
Sed nisl augue, venenatis in blandit et, gravida ac tortor.
Etiam dapibus elementum suscipit.
Proin mollis sollicitudin convallis.
Integer dapibus tempus arcu nec viverra.
Donec molestie nulla enim, eu interdum velit placerat quis.
Donec id efficitur risus, at molestie turpis.
Suspendisse vestibulum consectetur nunc ut commodo.
Fusce molestie rhoncus nisi sit amet tincidunt.
Suspendisse a nunc ut magna ornare volutpat.
""")
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Remove the style of scrollbar to have clean start
obj.remove style(None, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR | lv.STATE.ANY)
# Create a transition the animate the some properties on state change
props = [lv.STYLE.BG OPA, lv.STYLE.WIDTH, 0]
trans = lv.style transition dsc t()
trans.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 200, 0, None)
# Create a style for the scrollbars
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set width(4)
                               # Width of the scrollbar
                              # Space from the parallel side
style.set pad right(5)
style.set_pad_top(5)
                               # Space from the perpendicular side
style.set_radius(2)
style set bg opa(lv.OPA. 70)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set border color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 3))
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_shadow_width(8)
style.set_shadow_spread(2)
style.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 1))
style.set transition(trans)
# Make the scrollbars wider and use 100% opacity when scrolled
style scrolled = lv.style t()
style scrolled.init()
style scrolled.set width(8)
style_scrolled.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
obj.add style(style, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR)
obj.add_style(style_scrolled, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR | lv.STATE.SCROLLED)
```

Right to left scrolling

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"

#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_FONT_DEJAVU_16_PERSIAN_HEBREW

/**

* Scrolling with Right To Left base direction

*/

void lv_example_scroll_5(void)

{

lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());

lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(obj, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);

lv_obj_set_size(obj, 200, 100);

lv_obj_center(obj);

lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);

lv_label_set_text(label, "الراحة المحافية المحافي
```

```
lv_obj_set_width(label, 400);
lv_obj_set_style_text_font(label, &lv_font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0);
}
#endif
```

Translate on scroll

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE FLEX
static void scroll event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv obj t * cont = lv event get target(e);
    lv area t cont a;
    lv obj get coords(cont, &cont a);
    lv coord t cont y center = cont a.y1 + lv area get height(&cont a) / 2;
    lv coord t r = lv obj get height(cont) * 7 / 10;
   uint32 t i:
    uint32 t child cnt = lv obj get child cnt(cont);
    for(i = 0; i < child cnt; <math>i++) {
        lv obj t * child = lv obj get child(cont, i);
        lv area t child a;
        lv_obj_get_coords(child, &child_a);
        lv_coord_t child_y_center = child_a.y1 + lv_area_get_height(&child_a) / 2;
        lv coord t diff y = child y center - cont y center;
        diff y = LV ABS(diff y);
        /*Get the x of diff y on a circle.*/
        lv coord t x;
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*If diff y is out of the circle use the last point of the circle (the...
→radius)*/
        if(diff_y >= r) {
            x = r;
        } else {
            /*Use Pythagoras theorem to get x from radius and y*/
            uint32 t x sqr = r * r - diff y * diff y;
            lv_sqrt_res_t res;
            lv_sqrt(x_sqr, &res, 0x8000); /*Use lvgl's built in sqrt root function*/
            x = r - res.i;
        }
        /*Translate the item by the calculated X coordinate*/
        lv obj set style translate x(child, x, 0);
        /*Use some opacity with larger translations*/
        lv_opa_t opa = lv_map(x, 0, r, LV_OPA_TRANSP, LV_OPA_COVER);
        lv obj set style opa(child, LV OPA COVER - opa, 0);
    }
}
* Translate the object as they scroll
void lv example scroll 6(void)
    lv obj t * cont = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(cont, 200, 200);
    lv obj center(cont);
    lv obj set flex flow(cont, LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN);
    lv obj add event cb(cont, scroll event cb, LV EVENT SCROLL, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(cont, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
    lv obj set style clip corner(cont, true, 0);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_dir(cont, LV_DIR_VER);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_y(cont, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_CENTER);
    lv obj set scrollbar mode(cont, LV SCROLLBAR MODE OFF);
   uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
       lv obj t * btn = lv btn create(cont);
        lv obj set width(btn, lv pct(100));
        lv obj t * label = lv label create(btn);
        lv label set text fmt(label, "Button %"LV PRIu32, i);
    }
    /*Update the buttons position manually for first*/
    lv event send(cont, LV EVENT SCROLL, NULL);
    /*Be sure the fist button is in the middle*/
    lv obj scroll to view(lv obj get child(cont, 0), LV ANIM OFF);
}
#endif
```

```
def scroll_event_cb(e):
```

(continues on next page)

```
cont = e.get_target()
    cont_a = lv.area_t()
    cont.get coords(cont a)
    cont_y_center = cont_a.y1 + cont_a.get_height() // 2
    r = cont.get_height() * 7 // 10
    child_cnt = cont.get_child_cnt()
    for i in range(child_cnt):
        child = cont.get_child(i)
        child a = lv.area t()
        child.get_coords(child_a)
        child_y_center = child_a.y1 + child_a.get_height() // 2
        diff_y = child_y_center - cont_y_center
        diff_y = abs(diff_y)
        # Get the x of diff y on a circle.
        # If diff_y is out of the circle use the last point of the circle (the radius)
        if diff_y >= r:
            x = r
        else:
            # Use Pythagoras theorem to get x from radius and y
            x sqr = r * r - diff_y * diff_y
            res = lv.sqrt_res_t()
            lv.sqrt(x_sqr, res, 0x8000) # Use lvgl's built in sqrt root function
            x = r - res.i
        # Translate the item by the calculated X coordinate
        child.set_style_translate_x(x, 0)
        # Use some opacity with larger translations
        opa = lv.map(x, 0, r, lv.OPA.TRANSP, lv.OPA.COVER)
        child.set style opa(lv.OPA.COVER - opa, 0)
# Translate the object as they scroll
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set size(200, 200)
cont.center()
cont.set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.COLUMN)
cont.add_event_cb(scroll_event_cb, lv.EVENT.SCROLL, None)
cont.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
cont.set_style_clip_corner(True, 0)
cont.set_scroll_dir(lv.DIR.VER)
cont.set_scroll_snap_y(lv.SCROLL_SNAP.CENTER)
cont.set scrollbar mode(lv.SCROLLBAR MODE.OFF)
for i in range(20):
    btn = lv.btn(cont)
    btn.set width(lv.pct(100))
```

(continues on next page)

```
label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Button " + str(i))

# Update the buttons position manually for first*
lv.event_send(cont, lv.EVENT.SCROLL, None)

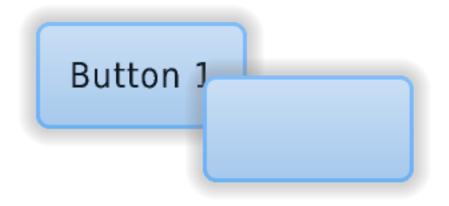
# Be sure the fist button is in the middle
#lv.obj.scroll_to_view(cont.get_child(0), lv.ANIM.OFF)
cont.get_child(0).scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

5.6 Layers

5.6.1 Order of creation

By default, LVGL draws new objects on top of old objects.

For example, assume we add a button to a parent object named button1 and then another button named button2. Then button1 (along with its child object(s)) will be in the background and can be covered by button2 and its children.



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```
lv obj t * btn2 = lv btn create(scr, btn1);
                                                     /*Copy the first button*/
lv obj set pos(btn2, 180, 80);
                                                   /*Set the position of the button*/
/*Add labels to the buttons*/
lv_obj_t * label1 = lv_label_create(btn1, NULL);
                                                         /*Create a label on the first.
→button*/
lv label set text(label1, "Button 1");
                                                         /*Set the text of the label*/
lv_obj_t * label2 = lv_label_create(btn2, NULL);
                                                           /*Create a label on the...
→second button*/
lv_label_set_text(label2, "Button 2");
                                                           /*Set the text of the...
→label*/
/*Delete the second label*/
lv obj del(label2);
```

5.6.2 Bring to the foreground

There are four explicit ways to bring an object to the foreground:

- Use lv_obj_move_foreground(obj) to bring an object to the foreground. Similarly, use lv_obj_move_background(obj) to move it to the background.
- Use lv_obj_move_up(obj) to move an object one position up in the hierarchy, Similarly, use lv_obj_move_down(obj) to move an object one position down in the hierarchy.
- Use lv_obj_swap(obj1, obj2) to swap the relative layer position of two objects.
- When lv_obj_set_parent(obj, new_parent) is used, obj will be on the foreground of the new parent.

5.6.3 Top and sys layers

LVGL uses two special layers named layer_top and layer_sys. Both are visible and common on all screens of a display. They are not, however, shared among multiple physical displays. The layer_top is always on top of the default screen (lv_scr_act()), and layer_sys is on top of layer_top.

The layer_top can be used by the user to create some content visible everywhere. For example, a menu bar, a pop-up, etc. If the click attribute is enabled, then layer top will absorb all user clicks and acts as a modal.

```
lv_obj_add_flag(lv_layer_top(), LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE);
```

The layer_sys is also used for similar purposes in LVGL. For example, it places the mouse cursor above all layers to be sure it's always visible.

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5.7 Events

Events are triggered in LVGL when something happens which might be interesting to the user, e.g. when an object

- · is clicked
- · is scrolled
- · has its value changed
- is redrawn, etc.

5.7.1 Add events to the object

The user can assign callback functions to an object to see its events. In practice, it looks like this:

In the example LV_EVENT_CLICKED means that only the click event will call my_event_cb. See the *list of event codes* for all the options. LV_EVENT_ALL can be used to receive all events.

The last parameter of <code>lv_obj_add_event_cb</code> is a pointer to any custom data that will be available in the event. It will be described later in more detail.

More events can be added to an object, like this:

Even the same event callback can be used on an object with different user data. For example:

```
lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, increment_on_click, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &num1);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, increment_on_click, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &num2);
```

The events will be called in the order as they were added.

Other objects can use the same event callback.

5.7.2 Remove event(s) from an object

Events can be removed from an object with the <code>lv_obj_remove_event_cb(obj, event_cb)</code> function or <code>lv_obj_remove_event_dsc(obj, event_dsc)</code>. event_dsc is a pointer returned by <code>lv_obj_add_event_cb</code>.

5.7.3 Event codes

The event codes can be grouped into these categories:

- Input device events
- · Drawing events
- · Other events
- · Special events
- · Custom events

All objects (such as Buttons/Labels/Sliders etc.) regardless their type receive the *Input device*, *Drawing* and *Other* events.

However, the Special events are specific to a particular widget type. See the widgets' documentation to learn when they are sent,

Custom events are added by the user and are never sent by LVGL.

The following event codes exist:

Input device events

- LV_EVENT_PRESSED An object has been pressed
- LV_EVENT_PRESSING An object is being pressed (called continuously while pressing)
- LV EVENT PRESS LOST An object is still being pressed but slid cursor/finger off of the object
- LV_EVENT_SHORT_CLICKED An object was pressed for a short period of time, then released. Not called if scrolled.
- LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED An object has been pressed for at least the long_press_time specified in the input device driver. Not called if scrolled.
- LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT Called after long_press_time in every long_press_repeat_time ms. Not called if scrolled.
- LV_EVENT_CLICKED Called on release if an object did not scroll (regardless of long press)
- LV EVENT RELEASED Called in every case when an object has been released
- LV_EVENT_SCROLL_BEGIN Scrolling begins. The event parameter is NULL or an lv_anim_t * with a scroll animation descriptor that can be modified if required.
- LV EVENT SCROLL END Scrolling ends.
- LV EVENT SCROLL An object was scrolled
- LV_EVENT_GESTURE A gesture is detected. Get the gesture with lv_indev_get_gesture_dir(lv_indev_get_act());
- LV_EVENT_KEY A key is sent to an object. Get the key with lv_indev_get_key(lv_indev_get_act());

- LV EVENT FOCUSED An object is focused
- LV EVENT DEFOCUSED An object is unfocused
- LV EVENT LEAVE An object is unfocused but still selected
- LV_EVENT_HIT_TEST Perform advanced hit-testing. Use lv_hit_test_info_t * a = lv_event_get_hit_test_info(e) and check if a->point can click the object or not. If not set a->res = false

Drawing events

- LV_EVENT_COVER_CHECK Check if an object fully covers an area. The event parameter is lv_cover_check_info_t *.
- LV_EVENT_REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE Get the required extra draw area around an object (e.g. for a shadow). The event parameter is lv_coord_t * to store the size. Only overwrite it with a larger value.
- LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN Starting the main drawing phase.
- LV EVENT DRAW MAIN Perform the main drawing
- LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_END Finishing the main drawing phase
- LV EVENT DRAW POST BEGIN Starting the post draw phase (when all children are drawn)
- LV EVENT DRAW POST Perform the post draw phase (when all children are drawn)
- LV EVENT DRAW POST END Finishing the post draw phase (when all children are drawn)
- LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN Starting to draw a part. The event parameter is lv_obj_draw_dsc_t *. Learn more *here*.
- LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END Finishing to draw a part. The event parameter is lv_obj_draw_dsc_t *.
 Learn more here.

In LV_EVENT_DRAW_... events it's not allowed to adjust the widgets' properties. E.g. you can not call lv obj set width(). In other words only get functions can be called.

Other events

- LV EVENT DELETE Object is being deleted
- LV_EVENT_CHILD_CHANGED Child was removed/added
- LV EVENT CHILD CREATED Child was created, always bubbles up to all parents
- LV EVENT CHILD DELETED Child was deleted, always bubbles up to all parents
- LV EVENT SIZE CHANGED Object coordinates/size have changed
- LV_EVENT_STYLE_CHANGED Object's style has changed
- LV_EVENT_BASE_DIR_CHANGED The base dir has changed
- LV EVENT GET SELF SIZE Get the internal size of a widget
- LV_EVENT_SCREEN_UNLOAD_START A screen unload started, fired immediately when lv_scr_load/lv_scr_load_anim is called
- LV EVENT SCREEN LOAD START A screen load started, fired when the screen change delay is expired
- LV_EVENT_SCREEN_LOADED A screen was loaded, called when all animations are finished

• LV EVENT SCREEN UNLOADED A screen was unloaded, called when all animations are finished

Special events

- LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED The object's value has changed (i.e. slider moved)
- LV_EVENT_INSERT Text is being inserted into the object. The event data is char * being inserted.
- LV_EVENT_REFRESH Notify the object to refresh something on it (for the user)
- LV EVENT READY A process has finished
- LV EVENT CANCEL A process has been canceled

Custom events

```
Any custom event codes can be registered by uint32\_t MY\_EVENT\_1 = lv\_event\_register\_id();
They can be sent to any object with lv\_event\_send(obj, MY\_EVENT\_1, &some\_data)
```

5.7.4 Sending events

To manually send events to an object, use <code>lv_event_send(obj, <EVENT_CODE> &some_data)</code>.

For example, this can be used to manually close a message box by simulating a button press (although there are simpler ways to do this):

```
/*Simulate the press of the first button (indexes start from zero)*/
uint32_t btn_id = 0;
lv_event_send(mbox, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, &btn_id);
```

Refresh event

LV_EVENT_REFRESH is a special event because it's designed to let the user notify an object to refresh itself. Some examples:

- notify a label to refresh its text according to one or more variables (e.g. current time)
- refresh a label when the language changes
- enable a button if some conditions are met (e.g. the correct PIN is entered)
- add/remove styles to/from an object if a limit is exceeded, etc

5.7.5 Fields of lv_event_t

lv_event_t is the only parameter passed to the event callback and it contains all data about the event. The following values can be gotten from it:

- lv event get code(e) get the event code
- lv_event_get_current_target(e) get the object to which an event was sent. I.e. the object whose event handler is being called.
- lv_event_get_target(e) get the object that originally triggered the event (different from lv_event_get_target if event bubbling is enabled)

- lv_event_get_user_data(e) get the pointer passed as the last parameter of lv_obj_add_event_cb.
- lv event get param(e) get the parameter passed as the last parameter of lv event send

5.7.6 Event bubbling

If <code>lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE)</code> is enabled all events will be sent to an object's parent too. If the parent also has <code>LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE</code> enabled the event will be sent to its parent and so on

The *target* parameter of the event is always the current target object, not the original object. To get the original target call lv event get original target(e) in the event handler.

5.7.7 Examples

Button click event

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE SWITCH
static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    LV LOG USER("Clicked");
    static uint32 t cnt = 1;
    lv obj t * btn = lv event get target(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_obj_get_child(btn, 0);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, cnt);
    cnt++;
}
* Add click event to a button
void lv_example_event_1(void)
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(btn, 100, 50);
    lv obj center(btn);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv label set text(label, "Click me!");
    lv obj center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
class Event_1():
    def __init__(self):
        self.cnt = 1
        #
        # Add click event to a button
        #
```

(continues on next page)

```
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set_size(100, 50)
btn.center()
btn.add_event_cb(self.event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)

label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Click me!")
label.center()

def event_cb(self,e):
    print("Clicked")

btn = e.get_target()
label = btn.get_child(0)
label.set_text(str(self.cnt))
self.cnt += 1
evt1 = Event_1()
```

Handle multiple events

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV USE SWITCH
static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv obj t * label = lv event get user data(e);
    switch(code) {
    case LV EVENT PRESSED:
        lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_PRESSED");
        break;
    case LV EVENT CLICKED:
        lv label set text(label, "The last button event:\nLV EVENT CLICKED");
    case LV EVENT LONG PRESSED:
        lv_label_set text(label, "The last button event:\nLV EVENT LONG PRESSED");
        break;
    case LV EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        lv label set text(label, "The last button event:\nLV EVENT LONG PRESSED REPEAT

→ " );
        break;
   default:
        break;
    }
}
* Handle multiple events
void lv_example_event_2(void)
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(btn, 100, 50);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_center(btn);

lv_obj_t * btn_label = lv_label_create(btn);
lv_label_set_text(btn_label, "Click me!");
lv_obj_center(btn_label);

lv_obj_t * info_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_label_set_text(info_label, "The last button event:\nNone");

lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, info_label);

#endif
```

```
def event cb(e,label):
    code = e.get code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.PRESSED:
        label.set text("The last button event:\nLV EVENT PRESSED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        label.set text("The last button event:\nLV EVENT CLICKED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.LONG PRESSED:
       label.set text("The last button event:\nLV EVENT LONG PRESSED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.LONG PRESSED REPEAT:
        label.set text("The last button event:\nLV EVENT LONG PRESSED REPEAT")
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set size(100, 50)
btn.center()
btn label = lv.label(btn)
btn label.set text("Click me!")
btn label.center()
info label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
info label.set text("The last button event:\nNone")
btn.add event cb(lambda e: event cb(e,info label), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

Event bubbling

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    /*The original target of the event. Can be the buttons or the container*/
    lv_obj_t * target = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*The current target is always the container as the event is added to it*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_current_target(e);

    /*If container was clicked do nothing*/
    if(target == cont) return;

    /*Make the clicked buttons red*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(target, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
}
* Demonstrate event bubbling
void lv example event 3(void)
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 290, 200);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv obj set flex flow(cont, LV FLEX FLOW ROW WRAP);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 30; i++) {
        lv obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(cont);
        lv obj set size(btn, 80, 50);
        lv_obj_add_flag(btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE);
        lv obj t * label = lv label create(btn);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
    lv obj add event cb(cont, event cb, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def event cb(e):
    # The original target of the event. Can be the buttons or the container
    target = e.get target()
   # print(type(target))
   # If container was clicked do nothing
   if type(target) != type(lv.btn()):
        return
   # Make the clicked buttons red
   target.set style bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
# Demonstrate event bubbling
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set size(320, 200)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)
for i in range (30):
    btn = lv.btn(cont)
    btn.set size(80, 50)
    btn.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.EVENT BUBBLE)
```

(continues on next page)

```
label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text(str(i))
label.center()

cont.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
```

5.8 Input devices

An input device usually means:

- · Pointer-like input device like touchpad or mouse
- Keypads like a normal keyboard or simple numeric keypad
- Encoders with left/right turn and push options
- · External hardware buttons which are assigned to specific points on the screen

Important: Before reading further, please read the [Porting](/porting/indev) section of Input devices

5.8.1 Pointers

Cursor

Pointer input devices (like a mouse) can have a cursor.

Note that the cursor object should have <code>lv_obj_clear_flag(cursor_obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE)</code>. For images, <code>clicking</code> is disabled by default.

Gestures

Pointer input devices can detect basic gestures. By default, most of the widgets send the gestures to its parent, so finally the gestures can be detected on the screen object in a form of an LV_EVENT_GESTURE event. For example:

To prevent passing the gesture event to the parent from an object use $lv_obj_clear_flag(obj, LV OBJ FLAG GESTURE BUBBLE)$.

Note that, gestures are not triggered if an object is being scrolled.

5.8.2 Keypad and encoder

You can fully control the user interface without a touchpad or mouse by using a keypad or encoder(s). It works similar to the *TAB* key on the PC to select an element in an application or a web page.

Groups

Objects you want to control with a keypad or encoder need to be added to a *Group*. In every group there is exactly one focused object which receives the pressed keys or the encoder actions. For example, if a *Text area* is focused and you press some letter on a keyboard, the keys will be sent and inserted into the text area. Similarly, if a *Slider* is focused and you press the left or right arrows, the slider's value will be changed.

You need to associate an input device with a group. An input device can send key events to only one group but a group can receive data from more than one input device.

To create a group use $lv_group_t * g = lv_group_create()$ and to add an object to the group use $lv_group_add_obj(g, obj)$.

To associate a group with an input device use $lv_indev_set_group(indev, g)$, where indev is the return value of $lv_indev_drv_register()$

Keys

There are some predefined keys which have special meaning:

- LV_KEY_NEXT Focus on the next object
- LV_KEY_PREV Focus on the previous object
- LV_KEY_ENTER Triggers LV EVENT PRESSED/CLICKED/LONG PRESSED etc. events
- LV_KEY_UP Increase value or move upwards
- LV_KEY_DOWN Decrease value or move downwards
- LV_KEY_RIGHT Increase value or move to the right
- LV_KEY_LEFT Decrease value or move to the left
- LV_KEY_ESC Close or exit (E.g. close a *Drop down list*)
- LV_KEY_DEL Delete (E.g. a character on the right in a *Text area*)
- LV_KEY_BACKSPACE Delete a character on the left (E.g. in a *Text area*)
- LV_KEY_HOME Go to the beginning/top (E.g. in a *Text area*)
- LV_KEY_END Go to the end (E.g. in a Text area)

The most important special keys are LV_KEY_NEXT/PREV, LV_KEY_ENTER and LV_KEY_UP/D0WN/LEFT/RIGHT. In your read_cb function, you should translate some of your keys to these special keys to support navigation in a group and interact with selected objects.

Usually, it's enough to use only LV_KEY_LEFT/RIGHT because most objects can be fully controlled with them.

With an encoder you should use only LV KEY LEFT, LV KEY RIGHT, and LV KEY ENTER.

Edit and navigate mode

Since a keypad has plenty of keys, it's easy to navigate between objects and edit them using the keypad. But encoders have a limited number of "keys" and hence it is difficult to navigate using the default options. *Navigate* and *Edit* modes are used to avoid this problem with encoders.

In *Navigate* mode, an encoder's LV_KEY_LEFT/RIGHT is translated to LV_KEY_NEXT/PREV. Therefore, the next or previous object will be selected by turning the encoder. Pressing LV KEY ENTER will change to *Edit* mode.

In *Edit* mode, LV_KEY_NEXT/PREV is usually used to modify an object. Depending on the object's type, a short or long press of LV_KEY_ENTER changes back to *Navigate* mode. Usually, an object which cannot be pressed (like a *Slider*) leaves *Edit* mode upon a short click. But with objects where a short click has meaning (e.g. *Button*), a long press is required.

Default group

Interactive widgets - such as buttons, checkboxes, sliders, etc. - can be automatically added to a default group. Just create a group with $lv_group_t * g = lv_group_create()$; and set the default group with $lv_group_set_default(g)$;

Don't forget to assign one or more input devices to the default group with lv_indev_set_group(my_indev,g);.

Styling

If an object is focused either by clicking it via touchpad or focused via an encoder or keypad it goes to the LV_STATE_F0CUSED state. Hence, focused styles will be applied to it.

If an object switches to edit mode it enters the LV_STATE_FOCUSED | LV_STATE_EDITED states so these style properties will be shown.

For a more detailed description read the Style section.

5.8.3 API

Input device

Functions

```
void lv_indev_read_timer_cb(lv_timer_t *timer)

Called periodically to read the input devices

Parameters timer -- pointer to a timer to read
```

void lv indev enable(lv_indev_t *indev, bool en)

```
lv_indev_t *lv_indev_get_act(void)
```

Get the currently processed input device. Can be used in action functions too.

Returns pointer to the currently processed input device or NULL if no input device processing right now

```
lv_indev_type_t lv_indev_get_type(const lv_indev_t *indev)
```

Get the type of an input device

Parameters indev -- pointer to an input device

Returns the type of the input device from lv hal indev type t(LV INDEV TYPE ...)

```
void lv indev reset(lv_indev_t *indev, lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Reset one or all input devices

Parameters

- indev -- pointer to an input device to reset or NULL to reset all of them
- **obj** -- pointer to an object which triggers the reset.

```
void lv_indev_reset_long_press(lv_indev_t *indev)
```

Reset the long press state of an input device

Parameters indev -- pointer to an input device

```
void lv_indev_set_cursor(lv_indev_t *indev, lv_obj_t *cur_obj)
```

Set a cursor for a pointer input device (for LV_INPUT_TYPE_POINTER and LV_INPUT_TYPE_BUTTON)

Parameters

- indev -- pointer to an input device
- cur_obj -- pointer to an object to be used as cursor

```
void lv_indev_set_group(lv_indev_t *indev, lv_group_t *group)
```

Set a destination group for a keypad input device (for LV_INDEV_TYPE_KEYPAD)

Parameters

- indev -- pointer to an input device
- group -- point to a group

void lv_indev_set_button_points(lv_indev_t *indev, const lv_point_t points[])

Set the an array of points for LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON. These points will be assigned to the buttons to press a specific point on the screen

Parameters

- indev -- pointer to an input device
- group -- point to a group

void lv_indev_get_point(const lv_indev_t *indev, lv_point_t *point)

Get the last point of an input device (for LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER and LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON)

Parameters

- indev -- pointer to an input device
- point -- pointer to a point to store the result

lv_dir_t lv_indev_get_gesture_dir(const lv_indev_t *indev)

Get the current gesture direct

Parameters indev -- pointer to an input device

Returns current gesture direct

uint32_t lv indev get key(const lv_indev_t *indev)

Get the last pressed key of an input device (for LV_INDEV_TYPE_KEYPAD)

Parameters indev -- pointer to an input device

Returns the last pressed key (0 on error)

lv_dir_t lv_indev_get_scroll_dir(const lv_indev_t *indev)

Check the current scroll direction of an input device (for LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER and LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON)

Parameters indev -- pointer to an input device

Returns LV DIR NONE: no scrolling now LV DIR HOR/VER

lv_obj_t *lv_indev_get_scroll_obj (const lv_indev_t *indev)

Get the currently scrolled object (for LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER and LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON)

Parameters indev -- pointer to an input device

Returns pointer to the currently scrolled object or NULL if no scrolling by this indev

void lv indev get vect(const lv_indev_t *indev, lv_point_t *point)

Get the movement vector of an input device (for LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER and LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON)

Parameters

- **indev** -- pointer to an input device
- **point** -- pointer to a point to store the types.pointer.vector

void lv_indev_wait_release(lv_indev_t *indev)

Do nothing until the next release

Parameters indev -- pointer to an input device

```
lv_obj_t *lv_indev_get_obj_act(void)
```

Gets a pointer to the currently active object in the currently processed input device.

Returns pointer to currently active object or NULL if no active object

```
lv_timer_t *lv_indev_get_read_timer(lv_disp_t *indev)
```

Get a pointer to the indev read timer to modify its parameters with lv timer ... functions.

Parameters indev -- pointer to an input device

Returns pointer to the indev read refresher timer. (NULL on error)

```
lv_obj_t *lv_indev_search_obj (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_point_t *point)
```

Search the most top, clickable object by a point

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a start object, typically the screen
- point -- pointer to a point for searching the most top child

Returns pointer to the found object or NULL if there was no suitable object

Groups

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_key_t
typedef void (*lv_group_focus_cb_t)(struct _lv_group_t*)
typedef struct _lv_group_t lv group t
```

Groups can be used to logically hold objects so that they can be individually focused. They are NOT for laying out objects on a screen (try layouts for that).

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Values:

```
enumerator LV_KEY_UP
enumerator LV_KEY_DOWN
enumerator LV_KEY_RIGHT
enumerator LV_KEY_LEFT
enumerator LV_KEY_ESC
enumerator LV_KEY_DEL
enumerator LV_KEY_BACKSPACE
enumerator LV_KEY_ENTER
enumerator LV_KEY_NEXT
enumerator LV_KEY_PREV
enumerator LV_KEY_HOME
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_END
enum lv group refocus policy t
     Values:
     enumerator LV_GROUP_REFOCUS_POLICY_NEXT
     enumerator LV GROUP REFOCUS POLICY PREV
Functions
void lv group init(void)
     Init. the group module
     Remark Internal function, do not call directly.
lv group t*lv group create(void)
     Create a new object group
          Returns pointer to the new object group
void lv group del(lv_group_t *group)
     Delete a group object
          Parameters group -- pointer to a group
void lv_group_set_default(lv_group_t *group)
     Set a default group. New object are added to this group if it's enabled in their class with add_to_def_group
     = true
          Parameters group -- pointer to a group (can be NULL)
lv_group_t *lv_group_get_default(void)
     Get the default group
          Returns pointer to the default group
void lv group add obj (lv group t *group, struct lv obj t *obj)
     Add an object to a group
          Parameters
                • group -- pointer to a group
                • obj -- pointer to an object to add
void lv group swap obj (struct _lv_obj_t *obj1, struct _lv_obj_t *obj2)
     Swap 2 object in a group. The object must be in the same group
          Parameters
                • obj1 -- pointer to an object
                • obj2 -- pointer to an other object
void lv_group_remove_obj (struct _lv_obj_t *obj)
     Remove an object from its group
          Parameters obj -- pointer to an object to remove
void lv group remove all objs(lv_group_t *group)
     Remove all objects from a group
          Parameters group -- pointer to a group
```

void lv_group_focus_obj (struct _lv_obj_t *obj)

Focus on an object (defocus the current)

Parameters obj -- pointer to an object to focus on

void lv_group_focus_next(lv_group_t *group)

Focus the next object in a group (defocus the current)

Parameters group -- pointer to a group

void lv_group_focus_prev(lv_group_t *group)

Focus the previous object in a group (defocus the current)

Parameters group -- pointer to a group

void lv_group_focus_freeze(lv_group_t *group, bool en)

Do not let to change the focus from the current object

Parameters

- group -- pointer to a group
- **en** -- true: freeze, false: release freezing (normal mode)

lv_res_t lv group send data(lv_group_t *group, uint32_t c)

Send a control character to the focuses object of a group

Parameters

- group -- pointer to a group
- **c** -- a character (use LV_KEY_.. to navigate)

Returns result of focused object in group.

Set a function for a group which will be called when a new object is focused

Parameters

- group -- pointer to a group
- focus cb -- the call back function or NULL if unused

void lv_group_set_refocus_policy(lv_group_t *group, lv_group_refocus_policy_t policy)

Set whether the next or previous item in a group is focused if the currently focused obj is deleted.

Parameters

- group -- pointer to a group
- policy -- new refocus policy enum

void lv group set editing(lv_group_t *group, bool edit)

Manually set the current mode (edit or navigate).

Parameters

- group -- pointer to group
- edit -- true: edit mode; false: navigate mode

void lv group set wrap(lv_group_t *group, bool en)

Set whether focus next/prev will allow wrapping from first->last or last->first object.

Parameters

• group -- pointer to group

• en -- true: wrapping enabled; false: wrapping disabled

struct _lv_obj_t *lv_group_get_focused(const lv_group_t *group)

Get the focused object or NULL if there isn't one

Parameters group -- pointer to a group

Returns pointer to the focused object

lv_group_focus_cb_t lv_group_get_focus_cb(const lv_group_t *group)

Get the focus callback function of a group

Parameters group -- pointer to a group

Returns the call back function or NULL if not set

bool lv_group_get_editing(const lv_group_t *group)

Get the current mode (edit or navigate).

Parameters group -- pointer to group

Returns true: edit mode; false: navigate mode

bool lv_group_get_wrap(by_group_t *group)

Get whether focus next/prev will allow wrapping from first->last or last->first object.

Parameters

- group -- pointer to group
- en -- true: wrapping enabled; false: wrapping disabled

uint32_t lv_group_get_obj_count(lv_group_t *group)

Get the number of object in the group

Parameters group -- pointer to a group

Returns number of objects in the group

struct lv group t

#include <lv_group.h> Groups can be used to logically hold objects so that they can be individually focused. They are NOT for laying out objects on a screen (try layouts for that).

Public Members

lv_ll_t obj_ll

Linked list to store the objects in the group

struct _lv_obj_t **obj focus

The object in focus

lv_group_focus_cb_t focus_cb

A function to call when a new object is focused (optional)

void *user_data

uint8 t frozen

1: can't focus to new object

uint8 t editing

1: Edit mode, 0: Navigate mode

uint8_t refocus policy

1: Focus prev if focused on deletion. 0: Focus next if focused on deletion.

uint8 t wrap

1: Focus next/prev can wrap at end of list. 0: Focus next/prev stops at end of list.

5.9 Displays

Important: The basic concept of a *display* in LVGL is explained in the [Porting](/porting/display) section. So before reading further, please read the [Porting](/porting/display) section first.

5.9.1 Multiple display support

In LVGL you can have multiple displays, each with their own driver and objects. The only limitation is that every display needs to have the same color depth (as defined in LV_COLOR_DEPTH). If the displays are different in this regard the rendered image can be converted to the correct format in the drivers flush_cb.

Creating more displays is easy: just initialize more display buffers and register another driver for every display. When you create the UI, use lv_disp_set_default(disp) to tell the library on which display to create objects.

Why would you want multi-display support? Here are some examples:

- Have a "normal" TFT display with local UI and create "virtual" screens on VNC on demand. (You need to add your VNC driver).
- Have a large TFT display and a small monochrome display.
- Have some smaller and simple displays in a large instrument or technology.
- Have two large TFT displays: one for a customer and one for the shop assistant.

Using only one display

Using more displays can be useful but in most cases it's not required. Therefore, the whole concept of multi-display handling is completely hidden if you register only one display. By default, the last created (and only) display is used.

lv_scr_act(), lv_scr_load(scr), lv_layer_top(), lv_layer_sys(), LV_HOR_RES and LV_VER_RES are always applied on the most recently created (default) display. If you pass NULL as disp parameter to display related functions the default display will usually be used. E.g. lv_disp_trig_activity(NULL) will trigger a user activity on the default display. (See below in *Inactivity*).

Mirror display

To mirror the image of a display to another display, you don't need to use multi-display support. Just transfer the buffer received in drv.flush_cb to the other display too.

Split image

You can create a larger virtual display from an array of smaller ones. You can create it as below:

- 1. Set the resolution of the displays to the large display's resolution.
- 2. In drv.flush_cb, truncate and modify the area parameter for each display.
- 3. Send the buffer's content to each real display with the truncated area.

5.9.2 Screens

Every display has its own set of screens and the objects on each screen.

Be sure not to confuse displays and screens:

- **Displays** are the physical hardware drawing the pixels.
- Screens are the high-level root objects associated with a particular display. One display can have multiple screens
 associated with it, but not vice versa.

Screens can be considered the highest level containers which have no parent. A screen's size is always equal to its display and their origin is (0;0). Therefore, a screen's coordinates can't be changed, i.e. $v_obj_set_pos()$, $v_obj_set_size()$ or similar functions can't be used on screens.

A screen can be created from any object type but the two most typical types are *Base object* and *Image* (to create a wallpaper).

To create a screen, use lv_obj_t * scr = lv_<type>_create(NULL, copy). copy can be an existing screen copied into the new screen.

To load a screen, use <code>lv_scr_load(scr)</code>. To get the active screen, use <code>lv_scr_act()</code>. These functions work on the default display. If you want to specify which display to work on, use <code>lv_disp_get_scr_act(disp)</code> and <code>lv_disp_load_scr(disp, scr)</code>. A screen can be loaded with animations too. Read more here.

Screens can be deleted with lv obj del(scr), but ensure that you do not delete the currently loaded screen.

Transparent screens

Usually, the opacity of the screen is LV_0PA_COVER to provide a solid background for its children. If this is not the case (opacity < 100%) the display's background color or image will be visible. See the *Display background* section for more details. If the display's background opacity is also not LV_0PA_COVER LVGL has no solid background to draw.

This configuration (transparent screen and display) could be used to create for example OSD menus where a video is played on a lower layer, and a menu is overlayed on an upper layer.

To handle transparent displays, special (slower) color mixing algorithms need to be used by LVGL so this feature needs to enabled with LV_COLOR_SCREEN_TRANSP in lv_conf.h. As this mode operates on the Alpha channel of the pixels LV_COLOR_DEPTH = 32 is also required. The Alpha channel of 32-bit colors will be 0 where there are no objects and 255 where there are solid objects.

In summary, to enable transparent screens and displays for OSD menu-like UIs:

• Enable LV_COLOR_SCREEN_TRANSP in lv_conf.h

- Be sure to use LV_COLOR_DEPTH 32
- Set the screen's opacity to LV_OPA_TRANSPe.g. with lv_obj_set_style_local_bg_opa(lv_scr_act(), LV OBJMASK PART MAIN, LV STATE DEFAULT, LV OPA TRANSP)
- Set the display opacity to LV OPA TRANSP with lv disp set bg opa(NULL, LV OPA TRANSP);

5.9.3 Features of displays

Inactivity

A user's inactivity time is measured on each display. Every use of an *Input device* (if associated with the display) counts as an activity. To get time elapsed since the last activity, use <code>lv_disp_get_inactive_time(disp)</code>. If <code>NULL</code> is passed, the lowest inactivity time among all displays will be returned (<code>NULL</code> isn't just the default display).

You can manually trigger an activity using lv_disp_trig_activity(disp). If disp is NULL, the default screen will be used (and not all displays).

Background

Every display has a background color, background image and background opacity properties. They become visible when the current screen is transparent or not positioned to cover the whole display.

The background color is a simple color to fill the display. It can be adjusted with lv_disp_set_bg_color(disp, color);

The display background image is a path to a file or a pointer to an lv_img_dsc_t variable (converted image data) to be used as wallpaper. It can be set with lv_disp_set_bg_image(disp, &my_img); If a background image is configured the background won't be filled with bg color.

The opacity of the background color or image can be adjusted with lv disp set bg opa(disp, opa).

The disp parameter of these functions can be NULL to select the default display.

5.9.4 API

Enums

```
enum lv_scr_load_anim_t
Values:

enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_NONE
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_LEFT
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_RIGHT
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_TOP
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_BOTTOM
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_LEFT
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_RIGHT
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_TOP
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_TOP
```

enumerator LV SCR LOAD ANIM FADE ON

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_disp_get_scr_act(lv_disp_t *disp)
```

Return with a pointer to the active screen

Parameters disp -- pointer to display which active screen should be get. (NULL to use the default screen)

Returns pointer to the active screen object (loaded by 'lv_scr_load()')

Return with a pointer to the previous screen. Only used during screen transitions.

Parameters disp -- pointer to display which previous screen should be get. (NULL to use the default screen)

Returns pointer to the previous screen object or NULL if not used now

Make a screen active

Parameters SCT -- pointer to a screen

Return with the top layer. (Same on every screen and it is above the normal screen layer)

Parameters disp -- pointer to display which top layer should be get. (NULL to use the default screen)

Returns pointer to the top layer object (transparent screen sized lv_obj)

Return with the sys. layer. (Same on every screen and it is above the normal screen and the top layer)

Parameters disp -- pointer to display which sys. layer should be retrieved. (NULL to use the default screen)

Returns pointer to the sys layer object (transparent screen sized lv_obj)

```
void lv disp set theme(lv_disp_t *disp, lv_theme_t *th)
```

Set the theme of a display

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display

Get the theme of a display

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display

Returns the display's theme (can be NULL)

Set the background color of a display

Parameters

- **disp** -- pointer to a display
- color -- color of the background

void lv_disp_set_bg_image(lv_disp_t *disp, const void *img_src)

Set the background image of a display

Parameters

- disp -- pointer to a display
- img_src -- path to file or pointer to an lv img dsc t variable

void lv_disp_set_bg_opa(lv_disp_t *disp, lv_opa_t opa)

Set opacity of the background

Parameters

- disp -- pointer to a display
- **opa** -- opacity (0..255)

Switch screen with animation

Parameters

- scr -- pointer to the new screen to load
- anim_type -- type of the animation from lv_scr_load_anim_t. E.g. LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_LEFT
- time -- time of the animation
- delay -- delay before the transition
- auto del -- true: automatically delete the old screen

uint32_t lv_disp_get_inactive_time(const lv_disp_t *disp)

Get elapsed time since last user activity on a display (e.g. click)

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to get the overall smallest inactivity)

Returns elapsed ticks (milliseconds) since the last activity

```
void lv disp trig activity(lv_disp_t *disp)
```

Manually trigger an activity on a display

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

```
void lv_disp_clean_dcache(lv_disp_t *disp)
```

Clean any CPU cache that is related to the display.

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

```
lv_timer_t *_lv_disp_get_refr_timer(lv_disp_t *disp)
```

Get a pointer to the screen refresher timer to modify its parameters with lv timer ... functions.

Parameters disp -- pointer to a display

Returns pointer to the display refresher timer. (NULL on error)

static inline *lv_obj_t* *lv_scr_act(void)

Get the active screen of the default display

Returns pointer to the active screen

static inline *lv_obj_t* ***lv_layer_top** (void)

Get the top layer of the default display

Returns pointer to the top layer

static inline *lv_obj_t* ***lv_layer_sys** (void)

Get the active screen of the default display

Returns pointer to the sys layer

```
static inline void lv_scr_load (lv_obj_t *scr)
```

```
static inline lv_coord_t lv_dpx (lv_coord_t n)
```

Scale the given number of pixels (a distance or size) relative to a 160 DPI display considering the DPI of the default display. It ensures that e.g. lv dpx(100) will have the same physical size regardless to the DPI of the display.

Parameters n -- the number of pixels to scale

```
Returns n x current_dpi/160
```

```
static inline lv_coord_t lv disp dpx (const lv_disp_t *disp, lv_coord_t n)
```

Scale the given number of pixels (a distance or size) relative to a 160 DPI display considering the DPI of the given display. It ensures that e.g. lv_dpx(100) will have the same physical size regardless to the DPI of the display.

Parameters

- **obj** -- a display whose dpi should be considered
- **n** -- the number of pixels to scale

Returns n x current_dpi/160

5.10 Colors

The color module handles all color-related functions like changing color depth, creating colors from hex code, converting between color depths, mixing colors, etc.

The type lv_color_t is used to store a color. Its fields are set according to LV_COLOR_DEPTH in lv_conf.h. (See below)

You may set LV_COLOR_16_SWAP in lv_conf.h to swap bytes of *RGB565* colors. You may need this when sending 16-bit colors via a byte-oriented interface like SPI. As 16-bit numbers are stored in little-endian format (lower byte at the lower address), the interface will send the lower byte first. However, displays usually need the higher byte first. A mismatch in the byte order will result in highly distorted colors.

5.10.1 Creating colors

RGB

Create colors from Red, Green and Blue channel values:

```
//All channels are 0-255
lv_color_t c = lv_color_make(red, green, blue);

//From hex code 0x000000..0xFFFFFF interpreted as RED + GREEN + BLUE
lv_color_t c = lv_color_hex(0x123456);

//From 3 digits. Same as lv_color_hex(0x112233)
lv_color_t c = lv_color_hex3(0x123);
```

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HSV

Create colors from Hue, Saturation and Value values:

```
//h = 0..359, s = 0..100, v = 0..100
lv_color_t c = lv_color_hsv_to_rgb(h, s, v);

//All channels are 0-255
lv_color_hsv_t c_hsv = lv_color_rgb_to_hsv(r, g, b);

//From lv_color_t variable
lv_color_hsv_t c_hsv = lv_color_to_hsv(color);
```

Palette

LVGL includes Material Design's palette of colors. In this system all named colors have a nominal main color as well as four darker and five lighter variants.

The names of the colors are as follows:

- LV_PALETTE_RED
- LV PALETTE PINK
- LV_PALETTE_PURPLE
- LV PALETTE DEEP PURPLE
- LV PALETTE INDIGO
- LV_PALETTE_BLUE
- LV PALETTE LIGHT BLUE
- LV PALETTE CYAN
- LV_PALETTE_TEAL
- LV PALETTE GREEN
- LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_GREEN
- LV PALETTE LIME
- LV PALETTE YELLOW
- LV_PALETTE_AMBER
- LV PALETTE ORANGE
- LV_PALETTE_DEEP_ORANGE
- LV PALETTE BROWN
- LV PALETTE BLUE GREY
- LV PALETTE GREY

To get the main color use lv color t c = lv palette main(lv PALETTE ...).

For the lighter variants of a palette color use lv_color_t $c = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_..., v)$. V can be 1..5. For the darker variants of a palette color use lv_color_t $c = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_..., v)$. V can be 1..4.

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Modify and mix colors

The following functions can modify a color:

```
// Lighten a color. 0: no change, 255: white
lv_color_t c = lv_color_lighten(c, lvl);

// Darken a color. 0: no change, 255: black
lv_color_t c = lv_color_darken(lv_color_t c, lv_opa_t lvl);

// Lighten or darken a color. 0: black, 128: no change 255: white
lv_color_t c = lv_color_change_lightness(lv_color_t c, lv_opa_t lvl);

// Mix two colors with a given ratio 0: full c2, 255: full c1, 128: half c1 and half__
-c2
lv_color_t c = lv_color_mix(c1, c2, ratio);
```

Built-in colors

lv_color_white() and lv_color_black() return 0xFFFFFF and 0x000000 respectively.

5.10.2 Opacity

To describe opacity the lv opa t type is created from uint8 t. Some special purpose defines are also introduced:

- LV_OPA_TRANSP Value: 0, means no opacity making the color completely transparent
- LV_0PA_10 Value: 25, means the color covers only a little
- LV OPA 20 ... OPA 80 follow logically
- LV OPA 90 Value: 229, means the color near completely covers
- LV OPA COVER Value: 255, means the color completely covers (full opacity)

You can also use the LV OPA * defines in lv color mix() as a mixing ratio.

5.10.3 Color types

The following variable types are defined by the color module:

- lv_color1_t Monochrome color. Also has R, G, B fields for compatibility but they are always the same value (1 byte)
- lv_color8_t A structure to store R (3 bit),G (3 bit),B (2 bit) components for 8-bit colors (1 byte)
- lv color16 t A structure to store R (5 bit),G (6 bit),B (5 bit) components for 16-bit colors (2 byte)
- ly color32 t A structure to store R (8 bit), G (8 bit), B (8 bit) components for 24-bit colors (4 byte)
- lv color t Equal to lv color1/8/16/24 t depending on the configured color depth setting
- lv_color_int_t uint8_t, uint16_t or uint32_t depending on the color depth setting. Used to build color arrays from plain numbers.
- lv opa t A simple uint8 t type to describe opacity.

The lv color t, lv color1 t, lv color8 t, lv color16 t and lv color32 t types have four fields:

- ch.red red channel
- ch.green green channel
- ch.blue blue channel
- full* red + green + blue as one number

You can set the current color depth in *lv_conf.h*, by setting the LV_COLOR_DEPTH define to 1 (monochrome), 8, 16 or 32.

Convert color

You can convert a color from the current color depth to another. The converter functions return with a number, so you have to use the full field to map a converted color back into a structure:

5.10.4 API

Typedefs

```
typedef lv_color_t (*lv_color_filter_cb_t)(const struct _lv_color_filter_dsc_t*, lv_color_t, lv_opa_t) typedef struct _lv_color_filter_dsc_t lv_color_filter_dsc_t
```

Enums

enum [anonymous] Opacity percentages. Values: enumerator LV_OPA_TRANSP enumerator LV_OPA_0 enumerator LV_OPA_10

enumerator LV_0PA_20

```
enumerator LV_0PA_30
    enumerator LV OPA 40
    enumerator LV OPA 50
    enumerator LV_OPA_60
    enumerator LV_0PA_70
    enumerator LV_OPA_80
    enumerator LV_OPA_90
    enumerator LV_OPA_100
    enumerator LV_OPA_COVER
enum lv_palette_t
    Values:
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_RED
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_PINK
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_PURPLE
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_DEEP_PURPLE
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_INDIGO
    enumerator LV PALETTE BLUE
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_CYAN
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_TEAL
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_GREEN
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_GREEN
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_LIME
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_YELLOW
    enumerator LV PALETTE AMBER
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_ORANGE
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_DEEP_ORANGE
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_BROWN
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_BLUE_GREY
    enumerator LV PALETTE GREY
    enumerator _LV_PALETTE_LAST
    enumerator LV_PALETTE_NONE
```

Functions

```
LV_EXPORT_CONST_INT(LV_COLOR_DEPTH)
LV EXPORT CONST INT(LV COLOR 16 SWAP)
typedef LV CONCAT3 (uint, LV COLOR SIZE, t) lv color int t
typedef LV_CONCAT3 (lv_color, LV_COLOR_DEPTH, _t) lv_color_t
static inline uint8_t lv_color_to1(lv_color_t color)
static inline uint8_t lv_color_to8 (lv_color_t color)
static inline uint16_t lv_color_to16 (lv_color_t color)
static inline uint32_t lv color to32 (lv_color_t color)
static inline uint8_t lv_color_brightness(lv_color_t color)
     Get the brightness of a color
          Parameters color -- a color
          Returns the brightness [0..255]
static inline lv_color_t lv_color_make(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b)
static inline lv_color_t lv_color_hex (uint32_t c)
static inline ly color tlv color hex3(uint32 tc)
static inline void lv_color_filter_dsc_init(lv_color_filter_dsc_t *dsc, lv_color_filter_cb_t cb)
lv_color_t lv color lighten(lv_color_t c, lv_opa_t lvl)
lv_color_t lv_color_darken(lv_color_t c, lv_opa_t lvl)
lv_color_t lv color change lightness(lv_color_t c, lv_opa_t lvl)
lv_color_t lv_color_hsv_to_rgb(uint16_t h, uint8_t s, uint8_t v)
     Convert a HSV color to RGB
          Parameters
                • h -- hue [0..359]
                • s -- saturation [0..100]
                • v -- value [0..100]
          Returns the given RGB color in RGB (with LV_COLOR_DEPTH depth)
```

```
lv_color_hsv_t lv_color_rgb_to_hsv(uint8_t r8, uint8_t g8, uint8_t b8)
     Convert a 32-bit RGB color to HSV
          Parameters
                • r8 -- 8-bit red
                • q8 -- 8-bit green
                • b8 -- 8-bit blue
          Returns the given RGB color in HSV
lv_color_hsv_t lv_color_to_hsv(lv_color_t color)
     Convert a color to HSV
          Parameters color -- color
          Returns the given color in HSV
static inline lv_color_t lv_color_chroma_key(void)
     Just a wrapper around LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY because it might be more convenient to use a function is
          Returns LV COLOR CHROMA KEY
lv_color_t lv_palette_main(lv_palette_t p)
static inline lv_color_t lv_color_white(void)
static inline lv_color_t lv_color_black(void)
lv_color_t lv palette lighten(lv_palette_t p, uint8_t lvl)
lv_color_t lv_palette_darken(lv_palette_t p, uint8_t lvl)
union lv_color1_t
     Public Members
     uint8_t full
     uint8_t blue
     uint8_t green
     uint8 t red
     union lv_color1_t::[anonymous] ch
union lv_color8_t
```

Public Members

```
uint8_t blue
     uint8_t green
     uint8_t red
     struct lv_color8_t::[anonymous] ch
     uint8_t full
union lv_color16_t
     Public Members
     uint16_t blue
     uint16_t green
     uint16_t red
     uint16_t green_h
     uint16_t green_l
     struct lv_color16_t::[anonymous] ch
     uint16_t full
union lv_color32_t
     Public Members
     uint8_t blue
     uint8_t green
     uint8_t red
     uint8_t alpha
     struct lv_color32_t::[anonymous] ch
     uint32_t full
struct lv_color_hsv_t
     Public Members
     uint16_t h
     uint8_t s
     uint8_t v
```

struct _lv_color_filter_dsc_t

Public Members

```
lv_color_filter_cb_t filter_cb
void *user data
```

5.11 Fonts

In LVGL fonts are collections of bitmaps and other information required to render images of individual letters (glyph). A font is stored in a lv font t variable and can be set in a style's *text font* field. For example:

```
lv_style_set_text_font(&my_style, &lv_font_montserrat_28); /*Set a larger font*/
```

Fonts have a **bpp** (**bits per pixel**) property. It shows how many bits are used to describe a pixel in a font. The value stored for a pixel determines the pixel's opacity. This way, with higher *bpp*, the edges of the letter can be smoother. The possible *bpp* values are 1, 2, 4 and 8 (higher values mean better quality).

The *bpp* property also affects the amount of memory needed to store a font. For example, bpp = 4 makes a font nearly four times larger compared to bpp = 1.

5.11.1 Unicode support

LVGL supports UTF-8 encoded Unicode characters. Your editor needs to be configured to save your code/text as UTF-8 (usually this the default) and be sure that, LV_TXT_ENC is set to LV_TXT_ENC_UTF8 in *lv_conf.h*. (This is the default value)

To test it try

```
lv_obj_t * label1 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act(), NULL);
lv_label_set_text(label1, LV_SYMBOL_OK);
```

If all works well, a \checkmark character should be displayed.

5.11.2 Built-in fonts

There are several built-in fonts in different sizes, which can be enabled in lv conf. h with LV FONT ... defines.

Normal fonts

Containing all the ASCII characters, the degree symbol (U+00B0), the bullet symbol (U+2022) and the built-in symbols (see below).

- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 12 12 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 14 14 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 16 16 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 18 18 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 20 20 px font
- LV_FONT_MONTSERRAT_22 22 px font

- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 24 24 px font
- LV FONT_MONTSERRAT_26 26 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 28 28 px font
- LV_FONT_MONTSERRAT_30 30 px font
- LV_FONT_MONTSERRAT_32 32 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 34 34 px font
- LV_FONT_MONTSERRAT_36 36 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 38 38 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 40 40 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 42 42 px font
- LV FONT MONTSERRAT 44 44 px font
- LV_FONT_MONTSERRAT_46 46 px font
- LV_FONT_MONTSERRAT_48 48 px font

Special fonts

- LV_FONT_MONTSERRAT_12_SUBPX Same as normal 12 px font but with subpixel rendering
- LV_FONT_MONTSERRAT_28_COMPRESSED Same as normal 28 px font but stored as a *compressed font* with 3 bpp
- LV_FONT_DEJAVU_16_PERSIAN_HEBREW 16 px font with normal range + Hebrew, Arabic, Persian letters and all their forms
- LV_FONT_SIMSUN_16_CJK16 px font with normal range plus 1000 of the most common CJK radicals
- LV FONT UNSCII 8 8 px pixel perfect font with only ASCII characters
- LV FONT UNSCII 16 16 px pixel perfect font with only ASCII characters

The built-in fonts are **global variables** with names like <code>lv_font_montserrat_16</code> for a 16 px height font. To use them in a style, just add a pointer to a font variable like shown above.

The built-in fonts with bpp = 4 contain the ASCII characters and use the Montserrat font.

In addition to the ASCII range, the following symbols are also added to the built-in fonts from the FontAwesome font.

- □ LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO
- E LV_SYMBOL_VIDEO
- LV_SYMBOL_LIST
- ✓ LV_SYMBOL_OK
- ★ LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE
- U LV_SYMBOL_POWER
- LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS
- LV SYMBOL TRASH
- ♠ LV_SYMBOL_HOME
- ♣ LV_SYMBOL_DOWNLOAD
- LV_SYMBOL_DRIVE
- ₽ LV_SYMBOL_REFRESH
- LV_SYMBOL_MUTE
- LV_SYMBOL_VOLUME_MID
- LV_SYMBOL_VOLUME_MAX
- LV_SYMBOL_IMAGE
- LV_SYMBOL_PREV
- LV_SYMBOL_PLAY
- LV_SYMBOL_PAUSE
- LV_SYMBOL_STOP
- LV_SYMBOL_NEXT
- ▲ LV_SYMBOL_EJECT
- \ LV_SYMBOL_LEFT
- LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT
- + LV_SYMBOL_PLUS
- LV_SYMBOL_MINUS
- UV_SYMBOL_EYE_OPEN
- X LV_SYMBOL_EYE_CLOSE

- ▲ LV_SYMBOL_WARNING
- ★ LV_SYMBOL_SHUFFLE
- ▲ LV_SYMBOL_UP
- LV_SYMBOL_DOWN
- LV_SYMBOL_LOOP
- LV_SYMBOL_DIRECTORY
- LV_SYMBOL_UPLOAD
- ♪ LV_SYMBOL_CALL
- * LV_SYMBOL_CUT
- LV_SYMBOL_COPY
- LV_SYMBOL_SAVE
- LV_SYMBOL_CHARGE
- LV_SYMBOL_PASTE
- LV_SYMBOL_BELL
- LV_SYMBOL_KEYBOARD
- ◀ LV_SYMBOL_GPS
- LV_SYMBOL_FILE
- LV_SYMBOL_WIFI
- LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_FULL
- LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_3
- LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_2
- LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_1
- □ LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_EMPTY
- •

 LV_SYMBOL_USB
- LV_SYMBOL_BACKSPACE
- LV_SYMBOL_SD_CARD
- ← LV SYMBOL NEW LINE

The symbols can be used singly as:

lv_label_set_text(my_label, LV_SYMBOL_OK);

Or with together with strings (compile time string concatenation):

lv label set text(my label, LV SYMBOL OK "Apply");

Or more symbols together:

lv_label_set_text(my_label, LV_SYMBOL_OK LV_SYMBOL_WIFI LV_SYMBOL_PLAY);

5.11.3 Special features

Bidirectional support

Most languages use a Left-to-Right (LTR for short) writing direction, however some languages (such as Hebrew, Persian or Arabic) use Right-to-Left (RTL for short) direction.

LVGL not only supports RTL texts but supports mixed (a.k.a. bidirectional, BiDi) text rendering too. Some examples:

The names of these states in Arabic are الكويت and الكويت respectively.

in Arabic مفتاح معايير الويب! The title is

BiDi support is enabled by LV_USE_BIDI in lv_conf.h

All texts have a base direction (LTR or RTL) which determines some rendering rules and the default alignment of the text (Left or Right). However, in LVGL, the base direction is not only applied to labels. It's a general property which can be set for every object. If not set then it will be inherited from the parent. This means it's enough to set the base direction of a screen and every object will inherit it.

The default base direction for screens can be set by LV_BIDI_BASE_DIR_DEF in *lv_conf.h* and other objects inherit the base direction from their parent.

To set an object's base direction use lv_obj_set_base_dir(obj, base_dir). The possible base directions are:

- LV BIDI DIR LTR: Left to Right base direction
- LV BIDI DIR RTL: Right to Left base direction
- LV BIDI DIR AUTO: Auto detect base direction
- LV BIDI DIR INHERIT: Inherit base direction from the parent (or a default value for non-screen objects)

This list summarizes the effect of RTL base direction on objects:

- · Create objects by default on the right
- lv tabview: Displays tabs from right to left
- lv checkbox: Shows the box on the right
- lv btnmatrix: Shows buttons from right to left
- lv list: Shows icons on the right
- lv dropdown: Aligns options to the right
- The texts in lv_table, lv_btnmatrix, lv_keyboard, lv_tabview, lv_dropdown, lv_roller are "BiDi processed" to be displayed correctly

Arabic and Persian support

There are some special rules to display Arabic and Persian characters: the *form* of a character depends on its position in the text. A different form of the same letter needs to be used if is isolated, at start, middle or end positions. Besides these, some conjunction rules should also be taken into account.

LVGL supports these rules if LV_USE_ARABIC_PERSIAN_CHARS is enabled.

However, there some limitations:

- Only displaying text is supported (e.g. on labels), text inputs (e.g. text area) don't support this feature.
- Static text (i.e. const) is not processed. E.g. texts set by lv_label_set_text() will be "Arabic processed"
 but lv lable set text static() won't.
- Text get functions (e.g. lv label get text()) will return the processed text.

Subpixel rendering

Subpixel rendering allows for tripling the horizontal resolution by rendering anti-aliased edges on Red, Green and Blue channels instead of at pixel level granularity. This takes advantage of the position of physical color channels of each pixel, resulting in higher quality letter anti-aliasing. Learn more here.

For subpixel rendering, the fonts need to be generated with special settings:

- In the online converter tick the Subpixel box
- In the command line tool use --lcd flag. Note that the generated font needs about three times more memory.

Subpixel rendering works only if the color channels of the pixels have a horizontal layout. That is the R, G, B channels are next each other and not above each other. The order of color channels also needs to match with the library settings. By default, LVGL assumes RGB order, however this can be swapped by setting LV_SUBPX_BGR 1 in *lv_conf.h*.

Compressed fonts

The bitmaps of fonts can be compressed by

- ticking the Compressed check box in the online converter
- not passing the --no-compress flag to the offline converter (compression is applied by default)

Compression is more effective with larger fonts and higher bpp. However, it's about 30% slower to render compressed fonts. Therefore it's recommended to compress only the largest fonts of a user interface, because

- · they need the most memory
- they can be compressed better
- and probably they are used less frequently then the medium-sized fonts, so the performance cost is smaller.

5.11.4 Add a new font

There are several ways to add a new font to your project:

- 1. The simplest method is to use the Online font converter. Just set the parameters, click the *Convert* button, copy the font to your project and use it. **Be sure to carefully read the steps provided on that site or you will get an error while converting.**
- 2. Use the Offline font converter. (Requires Node. js to be installed)
- 3. If you want to create something like the built-in fonts (Montserrat font and symbols) but in a different size and/or ranges, you can use the built_in_font_gen.py script in lvgl/scripts/built_in_font folder. (This requires Python and lv font conv to be installed)

To declare a font in a file, use LV FONT DECLARE(my font name).

To make fonts globally available (like the builtin fonts), add them to LV_FONT_CUSTOM_DECLARE in lv_conf.h.

5.11.5 Add new symbols

The built-in symbols are created from the FontAwesome font.

- Search for a symbol on https://fontawesome.com. For example the USB symbol. Copy its Unicode ID which is 0xf287 in this case.
- 2. Open the Online font converter. Add FontAwesome.woff. .
- 3. Set the parameters such as Name, Size, BPP. You'll use this name to declare and use the font in your code.
- 4. Add the Unicode ID of the symbol to the range field. E.g. 0xf287 for the USB symbol. More symbols can be enumerated with , .
- 5. Convert the font and copy the generated source code to your project. Make sure to compile the .c file of your font.
- 6. Declare the font using extern lv_font_t my_font_name; or simply use LV FONT DECLARE(my font name);.

Using the symbol

- 1. Convert the Unicode value to UTF8, for example on this site. For 0xf287 the Hex UTF-8 bytes are EF 8A 87.
- 2. Create a define string from the UTF8 values: #define MY_USB_SYMBOL "\xEF\x8A\x87"
- 3. Create a label and set the text. Eg. lv label set text(label, MY USB SYMBOL)

Note - $lv_label_set_text(label, MY_USB_SYMBOL)$ searches for this symbol in the font defined in style.text.font properties. To use the symbol you may need to change it. Eg $style.text.font = my_font_name$

5.11.6 Load a font at run-time

lv_font_load can be used to load a font from a file. The font needs to have a special binary format. (Not TTF or WOFF). Use lv_font_conv with the --format bin option to generate an LVGL compatible font file.

Note that to load a font LVGL's filesystem needs to be enabled and a driver must be added.

Example

```
lv_font_t * my_font;
my_font = lv_font_load(X/path/to/my_font.bin);
/*Use the font*/
```

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```
/*Free the font if not required anymore*/
lv_font_free(my_font);
```

5.11.7 Add a new font engine

LVGL's font interface is designed to be very flexible but, even so, you can add your own font engine in place of LVGL's internal one. For example, you can use FreeType to real-time render glyphs from TTF fonts or use an external flash to store the font's bitmap and read them when the library needs them.

A ready to use FreeType can be found in lv_freetype repository.

To do this, a custom lv_font_t variable needs to be created:

```
/*Describe the properties of a font*/
lv_font_t my_font;
my font.get glyph dsc = my get glyph dsc cb;
                                                 /*Set a callback to get info
→about gylphs*/
my font.get glyph bitmap = my get glyph bitmap cb; /*Set a callback to get bitmap of,
→a glyp*/
my_font.line_height = height;
                                                    /*The real line height where any
→text fits*/
my font.base line = base line;
                                                    /*Base line measured from the top...
→of line height*/
my font.dsc = something required;
                                                    /*Store any implementation...
→specific data here*/
                                                    /*Optionally some extra user.
my_font.user_data = user_data;

data*/
/* Get info about glyph of `unicode_letter` in `font` font.
* Store the result in `dsc out`.
* The next letter (`unicode_letter_next`) might be used to calculate the width
→required by this glyph (kerning)
bool my_get_glyph_dsc_cb(const lv_font_t * font, lv_font_glyph_dsc_t * dsc_out,__
→uint32 t unicode letter, uint32_t unicode_letter_next)
{
    /*Your code here*/
    /* Store the result.
    * For example ...
   dsc out->adv w = 12;
                               /*Horizontal space required by the glyph in [px]*/
   dsc out -> box h = 8;
                               /*Height of the bitmap in [px]*/
                               /*Width of the bitmap in [px]*/
   dsc_out->box_w = 6;
                               /*X offset of the bitmap in [pf]*/
    dsc_out->ofs_x = 0;
                               /*Y offset of the bitmap measured from the as line*/
    dsc_out->ofs_y = 3;
   dsc_out->bpp = 2;
                               /*Bits per pixel: 1/2/4/8*/
    return true;
                               /*true: glyph found; false: glyph was not found*/
}
```

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5.11.8 Use font fallback

You can specify fallback in lv_font_t to provide fallback to the font. When the font fails to find glyph to a letter, it will try to let font from fallback to handle.

fallback can be chained, so it will try to solve until there is no fallback set.

5.12 Images

An image can be a file or a variable which stores the bitmap itself and some metadata.

5.12.1 Store images

You can store images in two places

- as a variable in internal memory (RAM or ROM)
- · as a file

Variables

Images stored internally in a variable are composed mainly of an lv_img_dsc_t structure with the following fields:

header

- cf Color format. See below
- w width in pixels (≤ 2048)
- h height in pixels (\leq 2048)
- always zero 3 bits which need to be always zero

- reserved reserved for future use
- data pointer to an array where the image itself is stored
- data_size length of data in bytes

These are usually stored within a project as C files. They are linked into the resulting executable like any other constant data.

Files

To deal with files you need to add a storage *Drive* to LVGL. In short, a *Drive* is a collection of functions (*open*, *read*, *close*, etc.) registered in LVGL to make file operations. You can add an interface to a standard file system (FAT32 on SD card) or you create your simple file system to read data from an SPI Flash memory. In every case, a *Drive* is just an abstraction to read and/or write data to memory. See the *File system* section to learn more.

Images stored as files are not linked into the resulting executable, and must be read into RAM before being drawn. As a result, they are not as resource-friendly as images linked at compile time. However, they are easier to replace without needing to rebuild the main program.

5.12.2 Color formats

Various built-in color formats are supported:

- LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR Simply stores the RGB colors (in whatever color depth LVGL is configured for).
- LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA Like LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR but it also adds an alpha (transparency) byte for every pixel.
- LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_CHROMA_KEYED Like LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR but if a pixel has the LV_COLOR_TRANSP color (set in *lv_conf.h*) it will be transparent.
- LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_1/2/4/8BIT Uses a palette with 2, 4, 16 or 256 colors and stores each pixel in 1, 2, 4 or 8 bits.
- LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_1/2/4/8BIT Only stores the Alpha value with 1, 2, 4 or 8 bits. The pixels take the color of style.img_recolor and the set opacity. The source image has to be an alpha channel. This is ideal for bitmaps similar to fonts where the whole image is one color that can be altered.

The bytes of LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR images are stored in the following order.

For 32-bit color depth:

- Byte 0: Blue
- Byte 1: Green
- Byte 2: Red
- Byte 3: Alpha

For 16-bit color depth:

- Byte 0: Green 3 lower bit, Blue 5 bit
- Byte 1: Red 5 bit, Green 3 higher bit
- Byte 2: Alpha byte (only with LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA)

For 8-bit color depth:

• Byte 0: Red 3 bit, Green 3 bit, Blue 2 bit

• Byte 2: Alpha byte (only with LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA)

You can store images in a *Raw* format to indicate that it's not encoded with one of the built-in color formats and an external *Image decoder* needs to be used to decode the image.

- LV_IMG_CF_RAW Indicates a basic raw image (e.g. a PNG or JPG image).
- LV_IMG_CF_RAW_ALPHA Indicates that an image has alpha and an alpha byte is added for every pixel.
- LV_IMG_CF_RAW_CHROMA_KEYED Indicates that an image is chroma-keyed as described in LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_CHROMA_KEYED above.

5.12.3 Add and use images

You can add images to LVGL in two ways:

- · using the online converter
- · manually create images

Online converter

The online Image converter is available here: https://lvgl.io/tools/imageconverter

Adding an image to LVGL via the online converter is easy.

- 1. You need to select a BMP, PNG or JPG image first.
- 2. Give the image a name that will be used within LVGL.
- 3. Select the *Color format*.
- 4. Select the type of image you want. Choosing a binary will generate a .bin file that must be stored separately and read using the *file support*. Choosing a variable will generate a standard C file that can be linked into your project.
- 5. Hit the *Convert* button. Once the conversion is finished, your browser will automatically download the resulting file.

In the generated C arrays (variables), bitmaps for all the color depths (1, 8, 16 or 32) are included in the C file, but only the color depth that matches LV_COLOR_DEPTH in *lv_conf.h* will actually be linked into the resulting executable.

In the case of binary files, you need to specify the color format you want:

- RGB332 for 8-bit color depth
- RGB565 for 16-bit color depth
- RGB565 Swap for 16-bit color depth (two bytes are swapped)
- RGB888 for 32-bit color depth

Manually create an image

If you are generating an image at run-time, you can craft an image variable to display it using LVGL. For example:

```
uint8_t my_img_data[] = {0x00, 0x01, 0x02, ...};

static lv_img_dsc_t my_img_dsc = {
    .header.always_zero = 0,
    .header.w = 80,
    .header.h = 60,
    .data_size = 80 * 60 * LV_COLOR_DEPTH / 8,
    .header.cf = LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR,
    .data = my_img_data,
};
```

If the color format is LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA you can set data_size like 80 $\,^*$ 60 $\,^*$ LV_IMG_PX_SIZE_ALPHA_BYTE.

Another (possibly simpler) option to create and display an image at run-time is to use the *Canvas* object.

Use images

The simplest way to use an image in LVGL is to display it with an lv_img object:

```
lv_obj_t * icon = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act(), NULL);

/*From variable*/
lv_img_set_src(icon, &my_icon_dsc);

/*From file*/
lv_img_set_src(icon, "S:my_icon.bin");
```

If the image was converted with the online converter, you should use LV_IMG_DECLARE(my_icon_dsc) to declare the image in the file where you want to use it.

5.12.4 Image decoder

As you can see in the *Color formats* section, LVGL supports several built-in image formats. In many cases, these will be all you need. LVGL doesn't directly support, however, generic image formats like PNG or JPG.

To handle non-built-in image formats, you need to use external libraries and attach them to LVGL via the *Image decoder* interface.

An image decoder consists of 4 callbacks:

- **info** get some basic info about the image (width, height and color format).
- open open an image: either store a decoded image or set it to NULL to indicate the image can be read line-by-line.
- read if open didn't fully open an image this function should give some decoded data (max 1 line) from a given position.
- close close an opened image, free the allocated resources.

You can add any number of image decoders. When an image needs to be drawn, the library will try all the registered image decoders until it finds one which can open the image, i.e. one which knows that format.

The LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_..., LV_IMG_INDEXED_... and LV_IMG_ALPHA_... formats (essentially, all non-RAW formats) are understood by the built-in decoder.

Custom image formats

The easiest way to create a custom image is to use the online image converter and select Raw, Raw with alpha or Raw with chroma-keyed format. It will just take every byte of the binary file you uploaded and write it as an image "bitmap". You then need to attach an image decoder that will parse that bitmap and generate the real, renderable bitmap.

header.cf will be LV_IMG_CF_RAW, LV_IMG_CF_RAW_ALPHA or LV_IMG_CF_RAW_CHROMA_KEYED accordingly. You should choose the correct format according to your needs: a fully opaque image, using an alpha channel or using a chroma key.

After decoding, the *raw* formats are considered *True color* by the library. In other words, the image decoder must decode the *Raw* images to *True color* according to the format described in the *Color formats* section.

If you want to create a custom image, you should use LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_0..7 color formats. However, the library can draw images only in *True color* format (or *Raw* but ultimately it will be in *True color* format). The LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_... formats are not known by the library and therefore they should be decoded to one of the known formats from the *Color formats* section. It's possible to decode an image to a non-true color format first (for example: LV IMG INDEXED 4BITS) and then call the built-in decoder functions to convert it to *True color*.

With *User encoded* formats, the color format in the open function (dsc->header.cf) should be changed according to the new format.

Register an image decoder

Here's an example of getting LVGL to work with PNG images.

First, you need to create a new image decoder and set some functions to open/close the PNG files. It should look like this:

```
/*Create a new decoder and register functions */
lv_img_decoder_t * dec = lv_img_decoder_create();
lv_img_decoder_set_info_cb(dec, decoder_info);
lv_img_decoder_set_open_cb(dec, decoder_open);
lv img decoder set close cb(dec, decoder close);
* Get info about a PNG image
* @param decoder pointer to the decoder where this function belongs
* @param src can be file name or pointer to a C array
* @param header store the info here
* @return LV RES OK: no error; LV RES INV: can't get the info
static lv_res_t decoder_info(lv_img_decoder_t * decoder, const void * src, lv_img_
→header_t * header)
 /*Check whether the type `src` is known by the decoder*/
 if(is_png(src) == false) return LV_RES_INV;
 /* Read the PNG header and find `width` and `height` */
 header->cf = LV_IMG_CF_RAW_ALPHA;
 header->w = width;
 header->h = height;
}
```

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```
* Open a PNG image and return the decided image
* @param decoder pointer to the decoder where this function belongs
* @param dsc pointer to a descriptor which describes this decoding session
* @return LV RES OK: no error; LV RES INV: can't get the info
static lv res t decoder open(lv img decoder t * decoder, lv img decoder dsc t * dsc)
  /*Check whether the type `src` is known by the decoder*/
 if(is_png(src) == false) return LV_RES_INV;
 /*Decode and store the image. If `dsc->img data` is `NULL`, the `read line`...
→function will be called to get the image data line-by-line*/
 dsc->img data = my png decoder(src);
 /*Change the color format if required. For PNG usually 'Raw' is fine*/
 dsc->header.cf = LV IMG CF ...
 /*Call a built in decoder function if required. It's not required if'my png
→decoder` opened the image in true color format.*/
 lv res t res = lv img decoder built in open(decoder, dsc);
 return res;
}
* Decode `len` pixels starting from the given `x`, `y` coordinates and store them in.,
* Required only if the "open" function can't open the whole decoded pixel array...
\hookrightarrow (dsc->img_data == NULL)
* @param decoder pointer to the decoder the function associated with
* @param dsc pointer to decoder descriptor
* @param x start x coordinate
* @param y start y coordinate
* @param len number of pixels to decode
* @param buf a buffer to store the decoded pixels
* @return LV RES OK: ok; LV RES INV: failed
lv res t decoder built in read line(lv img decoder t * decoder, lv img decoder dsc t...
\rightarrow^* dsc, lv coord t x,
                                                   lv coord t y, lv coord t len, uint8
\rightarrowt * buf)
  /*With PNG it's usually not required*/
  /*Copy `len` pixels from `x` and `y` coordinates in True color format to `buf` */
}
* Free the allocated resources
* @param decoder pointer to the decoder where this function belongs
* @param dsc pointer to a descriptor which describes this decoding session
static void decoder close(lv img decoder t * decoder, lv img decoder dsc t * dsc)
```

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```
/*Free all allocated data*/
/*Call the built-in close function if the built-in open/read_line was used*/
lv_img_decoder_built_in_close(decoder, dsc);
}
```

So in summary:

- In decoder info, you should collect some basic information about the image and store it in header.
- In decoder_open, you should try to open the image source pointed by dsc->src_type is already in dsc->src_type == LV_IMG_SRC_FILE/VARIABLE. If this format/type is not supported by the decoder, return LV_RES_INV. However, if you can open the image, a pointer to the decoded *True color* image should be set in dsc->img_data. If the format is known, but you don't want to decode the entire image (e.g. no memory for it), set dsc->img_data = NULL and use read line to get the pixel data.
- In decoder_close you should free all allocated resources.
- decoder_read is optional. Decoding the whole image requires extra memory and some computational overhead. However, it can decode one line of the image without decoding the whole image, you can save memory and time. To indicate that the *line read* function should be used, set dsc->img_data = NULL in the open function.

Manually use an image decoder

LVGL will use registered image decoders automatically if you try and draw a raw image (i.e. using the lv_img object) but you can use them manually too. Create an $lv_img_decoder_dsc_t$ variable to describe the decoding session and call $lv_img_decoder_open()$.

The color parameter is used only with LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_1/2/4/8BIT images to tell color of the image. frame_id can be used if the image to open is an animation.

```
lv_res_t res;
lv_img_decoder_dsc_t dsc;
res = lv_img_decoder_open(&dsc, &my_img_dsc, color, frame_id);

if(res == LV_RES_OK) {
   /*Do something with `dsc->img_data`*/
   lv_img_decoder_close(&dsc);
}
```

5.12.5 Image caching

Sometimes it takes a lot of time to open an image. Continuously decoding a PNG image or loading images from a slow external memory would be inefficient and detrimental to the user experience.

Therefore, LVGL caches a given number of images. Caching means some images will be left open, hence LVGL can quickly access them from dsc->img_data instead of needing to decode them again.

Of course, caching images is resource intensive as it uses more RAM to store the decoded image. LVGL tries to optimize the process as much as possible (see below), but you will still need to evaluate if this would be beneficial for your platform or not. Image caching may not be worth it if you have a deeply embedded target which decodes small images from a relatively fast storage medium.

Cache size

The number of cache entries can be defined with LV_IMG_CACHE_DEF_SIZE in *lv_conf.h*. The default value is 1 so only the most recently used image will be left open.

The size of the cache can be changed at run-time with lv img cache set size(entry num).

Value of images

When you use more images than cache entries, LVGL can't cache all the images. Instead, the library will close one of the cached images to free space.

To decide which image to close, LVGL uses a measurement it previously made of how long it took to open the image. Cache entries that hold slower-to-open images are considered more valuable and are kept in the cache as long as possible.

If you want or need to override LVGL's measurement, you can manually set the *time to open* value in the decoder open function in dsc->time_to_open = time_ms to give a higher or lower value. (Leave it unchanged to let LVGL control it.)

Every cache entry has a "life" value. Every time an image is opened through the cache, the life value of all entries is decreased to make them older. When a cached image is used, its life value is increased by the time to open value to make it more alive.

If there is no more space in the cache, the entry with the lowest life value will be closed.

Memory usage

Note that a cached image might continuously consume memory. For example, if three PNG images are cached, they will consume memory while they are open.

Therefore, it's the user's responsibility to be sure there is enough RAM to cache even the largest images at the same time.

Clean the cache

Let's say you have loaded a PNG image into a <code>lv_img_dsc_t my_png</code> variable and use it in an <code>lv_img</code> object. If the image is already cached and you then change the underlying PNG file, you need to notify LVGL to cache the image again. Otherwise, there is no easy way of detecting that the underlying file changed and LVGL will still draw the old image from cache.

To do this, use <code>lv_img_cache_invalidate_src(&my_png)</code>. If <code>NULL</code> is passed as a parameter, the whole cache will be cleaned.

5.12.6 API

Image buffer

Typedefs

typedef uint8_t lv img cf t

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Values:

enumerator LV_IMG_CF_UNKNOWN

enumerator LV IMG CF RAW

Contains the file as it is. Needs custom decoder function

enumerator LV IMG CF RAW ALPHA

Contains the file as it is. The image has alpha. Needs custom decoder function

enumerator LV_IMG_CF_RAW_CHROMA_KEYED

Contains the file as it is. The image is chroma keyed. Needs custom decoder function

enumerator $LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR$

Color format and depth should match with LV_COLOR settings

enumerator LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA

Same as LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR but every pixel has an alpha byte

enumerator LV IMG CF TRUE COLOR CHROMA KEYED

Same as LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR but LV_COLOR_TRANSP pixels will be transparent

enumerator LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_1BIT

Can have 2 different colors in a palette (always chroma keyed)

enumerator LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_2BIT

Can have 4 different colors in a palette (always chroma keyed)

enumerator LV IMG CF INDEXED 4BIT

Can have 16 different colors in a palette (always chroma keyed)

enumerator LV IMG CF INDEXED 8BIT

Can have 256 different colors in a palette (always chroma keyed)

enumerator LV IMG CF ALPHA 1BIT

Can have one color and it can be drawn or not

enumerator LV IMG CF ALPHA 2BIT

Can have one color but 4 different alpha value

enumerator LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_4BIT

Can have one color but 16 different alpha value

enumerator LV IMG CF ALPHA 8BIT

Can have one color but 256 different alpha value

enumerator LV IMG CF RESERVED 15

Reserved for further use.

- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_RESERVED_16
 Reserved for further use.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_RESERVED_17
 Reserved for further use.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_RESERVED_18
 Reserved for further use.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_RESERVED_19
 Reserved for further use.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_RESERVED_20 Reserved for further use.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_RESERVED_21 Reserved for further use.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_RESERVED_22 Reserved for further use.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_RESERVED_23
 Reserved for further use.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_0
 User holder encoding format.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_1 User holder encoding format.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_2 User holder encoding format.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_3
 User holder encoding format.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_4
 User holder encoding format.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_5
 User holder encoding format.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_6
 User holder encoding format.
- enumerator LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_7
 User holder encoding format.

Functions

```
lv_img_dsc_t *lv_img_buf_alloc(lv_coord_t w, lv_coord_t h, lv_img_cf_t cf)
Allocate an image buffer in RAM
```

Parameters

- W -- width of image
- **h** -- height of image
- **cf** -- a color format (LV_IMG_CF_...)

Returns an allocated image, or NULL on failure

lv_color_t lv_img_buf_get_px_color(lv_img_dsc_t *dsc, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_color_t color)

Get the color of an image's pixel

Parameters

- dsc -- an image descriptor
- **x** -- x coordinate of the point to get
- y -- x coordinate of the point to get
- color -- the color of the image. In case of LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_1/2/4/8 this color is used. Not used in other cases.
- safe -- true: check out of bounds

Returns color of the point

lv_opa_t lv_img_buf_get_px_alpha (lv_img_dsc_t *dsc, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y)

Get the alpha value of an image's pixel

Parameters

- dsc -- pointer to an image descriptor
- x -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **y** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- safe -- true: check out of bounds

Returns alpha value of the point

void **lv_img_buf_set_px_color**(*lv_img_dsc_t* *dsc, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_color_t c) Set the color of a pixel of an image. The alpha channel won't be affected.

Parameters

- dsc -- pointer to an image descriptor
- x -- x coordinate of the point to set
- y -- x coordinate of the point to set
- C -- color of the point
- safe -- true: check out of bounds

void **lv_img_buf_set_px_alpha** (*lv_img_dsc_t* *dsc, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_opa_t opa) Set the alpha value of a pixel of an image. The color won't be affected

Parameters

• dsc -- pointer to an image descriptor

- x -- x coordinate of the point to set
- y -- x coordinate of the point to set
- opa -- the desired opacity
- safe -- true: check out of bounds

void lv_img_buf_set_palette(lv_img_dsc_t *dsc, uint8_t id, lv_color_t c)

Set the palette color of an indexed image. Valid only for LV IMG CF INDEXED1/2/4/8

Parameters

- dsc -- pointer to an image descriptor
- **id** -- the palette color to set:
 - for LV IMG CF INDEXED1: 0..1
 - for LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED2: 0..3
 - for LV IMG CF INDEXED4: 0..15
 - for LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED8: 0..255
- C -- the color to set

void lv_img_buf_free(lv_img_dsc_t *dsc)

Free an allocated image buffer

Parameters dsc -- image buffer to free

uint32_t lv_img_buf_get_img_size(lv_coord_t w, lv_coord_t h, lv_img_cf_t cf)

Get the memory consumption of a raw bitmap, given color format and dimensions.

Parameters

- **W** -- width
- **h** -- height
- cf -- color format

Returns size in bytes

void _lv_img_buf_transform_init(lv_img_transform_dsc_t *dsc)

Initialize a descriptor to rotate an image

Parameters dsc -- pointer to an lv_img_transform_dsc_t variable whose cfg field is initialized

bool lv img buf transform anti alias(lv img transform dsc t *dsc)

Continue transformation by taking the neighbors into account

Parameters dsc -- pointer to the transformation descriptor

bool lv img buf transform(lv_img_transform_dsc_t *dsc, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y)

Get which color and opa would come to a pixel if it were rotated

Note: the result is written back to dsc->res color and dsc->res opa

Parameters

- dsc -- a descriptor initialized by lv img buf rotate init
- x -- the coordinate which color and opa should be get

• y -- the coordinate which color and opa should be get

Returns true: there is valid pixel on these x/y coordinates; false: the rotated pixel was out of the image

```
void _lv_img_buf_get_transformed_area(lv_area_t *res, lv_coord_t w, lv_coord_t h, int16_t angle, uint16_t zoom, const lv_point_t *pivot)
```

Get the area of a rectangle if its rotated and scaled

Parameters

- res -- store the coordinates here
- W -- width of the rectangle to transform
- **h** -- height of the rectangle to transform
- angle -- angle of rotation
- **zoom** -- zoom, (256 no zoom)
- pivot -- x,y pivot coordinates of rotation

struct lv_img_header_t

#include <lv_img_buf.h> The first 8 bit is very important to distinguish the different source types. For more info see lv_img_get_src_type() in lv_img.c On big endian systems the order is reversed so cf and always_zero must be at the end of the struct.

Public Members

```
uint32_t h
uint32_t w
uint32_t reserved
uint32_t always_zero
uint32_t cf
```

struct lv img header t

#include <lv_img_buf.h> The first 8 bit is very important to distinguish the different source types. For more info see lv_img_get_src_type() in lv_img.c On big endian systems the order is reversed so cf and always_zero must be at the end of the struct.

Public Members

```
uint32_t h
uint32_t w
uint32_t reserved
uint32_t always_zero
uint32_t cf
```

struct lv img dsc t

#include <lv_img_buf.h> Image header it is compatible with the result from image converter utility

Public Members

lv_img_header_t header

A header describing the basics of the image

```
uint32_t data size
          Size of the image in bytes
     const uint8 t *data
          Pointer to the data of the image
struct lv_img_transform_dsc_t
     Public Members
     const void *src
     lv_coord_t src w
     lv_coord_t src_h
     lv_coord_t pivot_x
     lv_coord_t pivot_y
     int16_t angle
     uint16_t zoom
     lv_color_t color
     lv_img_cf_t cf
     bool antialias
     struct lv_img_transform_dsc_t::[anonymous] cfg
     lv_opa_t opa
     struct lv_img_transform_dsc_t::[anonymous] res
     lv_img_dsc_t img dsc
     int32_t pivot_x_256
     int32_t pivot_y_256
     int32_t sinma
     int32 t cosma
     uint8_t chroma_keyed
     uint8_t has_alpha
     uint8_t native_color
     uint32_t zoom_inv
     lv_coord_t xs
     lv_coord_t ys
```

```
lv_coord_t xs_int
lv_coord_t ys_int
uint32_t pxi
uint8_t px_size
struct lv_img_transform_dsc_t::[anonymous] tmp
```

5.13 File system

LVGL has a 'File system' abstraction module that enables you to attach any type of file system. A file system is identified by an assigned drive letter. For example, if an SD card is associated with the letter 'S', a file can be reached using "S:path/to/file.txt".

5.13.1 Ready to use drivers

The lv_fs_if repository contains prepared drivers using POSIX, standard C and the FATFS API. See its README for the details.

5.13.2 Adding a driver

Registering a driver

To add a driver, a $lv_fs_drv_t$ needs to be initialized like below. The $lv_fs_drv_t$ needs to be static, global or dynamically allocated and not a local variable.

```
static lv_fs_drv_t drv;
                                          /*Needs to be static or global*/
                                          /*Basic initialization*/
lv_fs_drv_init(&drv);
drv.letter = 'S';
                                          /*An uppercase letter to identify the drive
drv.cache_size = my_cahce_size;
                                          /*Cache size for reading in bytes. 0 to not
→cache.*/
drv.ready_cb = my_ready_cb;
                                          /*Callback to tell if the drive is ready to
→use */
drv.open_cb = my_open_cb;
                                          /*Callback to open a file */
drv.close_cb = my_close_cb;
                                          /*Callback to close a file */
drv.read_cb = my_read_cb;
                                          /*Callback to read a file */
drv.write_cb = my_write_cb;
                                          /*Callback to write a file */
                                         /*Callback to seek in a file (Move cursor)
drv.seek_cb = my_seek_cb;
drv.tell_cb = my_tell_cb;
                                          /*Callback to tell the cursor position */
drv.dir_open_cb = my_dir_open_cb;
                                          /*Callback to open directory to read its.
→content */
drv.dir_read_cb = my_dir_read_cb;
                                          /*Callback to read a directory's content */
drv.dir_close_cb = my_dir_close_cb;
                                          /*Callback to close a directory */
drv.user_data = my_user_data;
                                          /*Any custom data if required*/
```

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```
lv_fs_drv_register(&drv); /*Finally register the drive*/
```

Any of the callbacks can be **NULL** to indicate that operation is not supported.

Implementing the callbacks

Open callback

The prototype of open_cb looks like this:

```
void * (*open_cb)(lv_fs_drv_t * drv, const char * path, lv_fs_mode_t mode);
```

path is the path after the drive letter (e.g. "S:path/to/file.txt" -> "path/to/file.txt"). mode can be LV_FS_MODE_WR or LV FS MODE RD to open for writes or reads.

The return value is a pointer to a *file object* that describes the opened file or **NULL** if there were any issues (e.g. the file wasn't found). The returned file object will be passed to other file system related callbacks. (see below)

Other callbacks

The other callbacks are quite similar. For example write_cb looks like this:

For file_p, LVGL passes the return value of open_cb, buf is the data to write, btw is the Bytes To Write, bw is the actually written bytes.

For a template of these callbacks see lv_fs_template.c.

5.13.3 Usage example

The example below shows how to read from a file:

```
lv_fs_file_t f;
lv_fs_res_t res;
res = lv_fs_open(&f, "S:folder/file.txt", LV_FS_MODE_RD);
if(res != LV_FS_RES_OK) my_error_handling();

uint32_t read_num;
uint8_t buf[8];
res = lv_fs_read(&f, buf, 8, &read_num);
if(res != LV_FS_RES_OK || read_num != 8) my_error_handling();

lv_fs_close(&f);
```

The mode in lv_fs_open can be LV_FS_MODE_WR to open for writes only or LV_FS_MODE_RD LV_FS_MODE_WR for both

This example shows how to read a directory's content. It's up to the driver how to mark directories in the result but it can be a good practice to insert a '/' in front of each directory name.

```
lv fs dir t dir;
lv_fs_res_t res;
res = lv_fs_dir_open(&dir, "S:/folder");
if(res != LV_FS_RES_OK) my_error_handling();
char fn[256];
while(1) {
    res = lv fs dir read(&dir, fn);
    if(res != LV_FS_RES_0K) {
        my_error_handling();
        break;
    }
    /*fn is empty, if not more files to read*/
    if(strlen(fn) == 0) {
        break;
    printf("%s\n", fn);
}
lv_fs_dir_close(&dir);
```

5.13.4 Use drives for images

Image objects can be opened from files too (besides variables stored in the compiled program).

To use files in image widgets the following callbacks are required:

- open
- close
- read
- seek
- tell

5.13.5 API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_fs_res_t
typedef uint8_t lv_fs_mode_t
typedef struct _lv_fs_drv_t lv_fs_drv_t
```

Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
     Errors in the file system module.
     Values:
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_0K
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_HW_ERR
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_FS_ERR
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_NOT_EX
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_FULL
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_LOCKED
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_DENIED
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_BUSY
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_TOUT
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_NOT_IMP
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_OUT_OF_MEM
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_INV_PARAM
     enumerator LV_FS_RES_UNKNOWN
enum [anonymous]
     File open mode.
     Values:
     enumerator LV_FS_MODE_WR
     enumerator LV FS MODE RD
enum lv_fs_whence_t
     Seek modes.
     Values:
     enumerator LV_FS_SEEK_SET
         Set the position from absolutely (from the start of file)
     enumerator LV FS SEEK CUR
         Set the position from the current position
     enumerator LV FS SEEK END
         Set the position from the end of the file
```

Functions

```
void _lv_fs_init(void)
```

Initialize the File system interface

Initialize a file system driver with default values. It is used to surly have known values in the fields ant not memory junk. After it you can set the fields.

Parameters drv -- pointer to driver variable to initialize

Add a new drive

Parameters drv -- pointer to an lv_fs_drv_t structure which is inited with the corresponding function pointers. Only pointer is saved, so the driver should be static or dynamically allocated.

Give a pointer to a driver from its letter

Parameters letter -- the driver letter

Returns pointer to a driver or NULL if not found

bool lv_fs_is_ready (char letter)

Test if a drive is ready or not. If the ready function was not initialized true will be returned.

Parameters letter -- letter of the drive

Returns true: drive is ready; false: drive is not ready

Parameters

- **file_p** -- pointer to a *lv_fs_file_t* variable
- path -- path to the file beginning with the driver letter (e.g. S:/folder/file.txt)
- mode -- read: FS_MODE_RD, write: FS_MODE_WR, both: FS_MODE_RD | FS_MODE_WR

Returns LV_FS_RES_OK or any error from lv_fs_res_t enum

Close an already opened file

Parameters file p -- pointer to a *lv fs file t* variable

Returns LV FS RES OK or any error from ly fs res t enum

Parameters

- **file_p** -- pointer to a *lv_fs_file_t* variable
- **buf** -- pointer to a buffer where the read bytes are stored
- btr -- Bytes To Read
- **br** -- the number of real read bytes (Bytes Read). NULL if unused.

Returns LV_FS_RES_OK or any error from lv_fs_res_t enum

lv_fs_res_t lv_fs_write(lv_fs_file_t *file_p, const void *buf, uint32_t btw, uint32_t *bw)
Write into a file

Parameters

- **file_p** -- pointer to a *lv_fs_file_t* variable
- **buf** -- pointer to a buffer with the bytes to write
- **btr** -- Bytes To Write
- **br** -- the number of real written bytes (Bytes Written). NULL if unused.

Returns LV_FS_RES_OK or any error from lv_fs_res_t enum

lv_fs_res_t **lv_fs_seek** (*lv_fs_file_t* *file_p, uint32_t pos, *lv_fs_whence_t* whence) Set the position of the 'cursor' (read write pointer) in a file

Parameters

- **file_p** -- pointer to a *lv_fs_file_t* variable
- **pos** -- the new position expressed in bytes index (0: start of file)
- whence -- tells from where set the position. See @lv_fs_whence_t

Returns LV_FS_RES_OK or any error from lv_fs_res_t enum

$$lv_fs_res_t$$
 lv_fs_tell ($lv_fs_file_t$ *file_p, uint32_t *pos)

Give the position of the read write pointer

Parameters

- **file_p** -- pointer to a *lv_fs_file_t* variable
- **pos_p** -- pointer to store the position of the read write pointer

Returns LV_FS_RES_OK or any error from 'fs_res_t'

Initialize a 'fs_dir_t' variable for directory reading

Parameters

- **rddir p** -- pointer to a '*lv_fs_dir_t*' variable
- path -- path to a directory

Returns LV_FS_RES_OK or any error from lv_fs_res_t enum

Read the next filename form a directory. The name of the directories will begin with '/'

Parameters

- rddir p -- pointer to an initialized 'fs_dir_t' variable
- **fn** -- pointer to a buffer to store the filename

Returns LV_FS_RES_OK or any error from lv_fs_res_t enum

Close the directory reading

Parameters rddir_p -- pointer to an initialized 'fs_dir_t' variable

Returns LV_FS_RES_OK or any error from lv_fs_res_t enum

```
char *lv fs get letters(char *buf)
     Fill a buffer with the letters of existing drivers
           Parameters buf -- buffer to store the letters ('\0' added after the last letter)
           Returns the buffer
const char *lv fs get ext(const char *fn)
     Return with the extension of the filename
           Parameters fn -- string with a filename
           Returns pointer to the beginning extension or empty string if no extension
char *lv fs up(char *path)
     Step up one level
           Parameters path -- pointer to a file name
           Returns the truncated file name
const char *lv fs get last(const char *path)
     Get the last element of a path (e.g. U:/folder/file -> file)
           Parameters path -- pointer to a file name
           Returns pointer to the beginning of the last element in the path
struct _lv_fs_drv_t
     Public Members
     char letter
     uint16_t cache_size
     bool (*ready cb)(struct _lv_fs_drv_t *drv)
     void *(*open cb)(struct _lv_fs_drv_t *drv, const char *path, lv_fs_mode_t mode)
     lv_fs_res_t (*close cb)(struct _lv_fs_drv_t *drv, void *file_p)
     lv_fs_res_t (*read_cb)(struct _lv_fs_drv_t *drv, void *file_p, void *buf, uint32_t btr, uint32_t *br)
     lv_fs_res_t (*write cb)(struct_lv_fs_drv_t *drv, void *file_p, const void *buf, uint32_t btw, uint32_t *bw)
     lv_fs_res_t (*seek_cb)(struct_lv_fs_drv_t *drv, void *file_p, uint32_t pos, lv_fs_whence_t whence)
     lv_fs_res_t (*tell_cb)(struct _lv_fs_drv_t *drv, void *file_p, uint32_t *pos_p)
     void *(*dir_open_cb)(struct _lv_fs_drv_t *drv, const char *path)
     lv fs res t (*dir read cb)(struct lv fs drv t *drv, void *rddir p, char *fn)
     lv_fs_res_t (*dir_close_cb)(struct _lv_fs_drv_t *drv, void *rddir_p)
     void *user_data
           Custom file user data
struct lv_fs_file_cache_t
```

Public Members

```
uint32_t start
uint32_t end
uint32_t file_position
void *buffer
struct lv_fs_file_t

Public Members

void *file_d
lv_fs_drv_t *drv
lv_fs_file_cache_t *cache
struct lv_fs_dir_t

Public Members

void *dir_d
lv_fs_drv_t *drv
```

5.14 Animations

You can automatically change the value of a variable between a start and an end value using animations. Animation will happen by periodically calling an "animator" function with the corresponding value parameter.

The *animator* functions have the following prototype:

```
void func(void * var, lv_anim_var_t value);
```

This prototype is compatible with the majority of the property *set* functions in LVGL. For example lv_obj_set_x(obj, value) or lv_obj_set_width(obj, value)

5.14.1 Create an animation

To create an animation an lv_anim_t variable has to be initialized and configured with lv_anim_set_...() functions.

```
/* INITIALIZE AN ANIMATION
*----*/

lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
```

(continues on next page)

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(continued from previous page)

```
/* MANDATORY SETTINGS
*----*/
/*Set the "animator" function*/
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t) lv_obj_set_x);
/*Set target of the animation*/
lv_anim_set_var(&a, obj);
/*Length of the animation [ms]*/
lv_anim_set_time(&a, duration);
/*Set start and end values. E.g. 0, 150*/
lv anim set values(&a, start, end);
/* OPTIONAL SETTINGS
*----*/
/*Time to wait before starting the animation [ms]*/
lv_anim_set_delay(&a, delay);
/*Set path (curve). Default is linear*/
lv_anim_set_path(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in);
/*Set a callback to indicate when the animation is ready (idle).*/
lv anim set ready cb(&a, ready cb);
/*Set a callback to indicate when the animation is started (after delay).*/
lv_anim_set_start_cb(&a, start_cb);
/*When ready, play the animation backward with this duration. Default is 0 (disabled)...
→ [ms]*/
lv anim set playback time(\&a, time);
/*Delay before playback. Default is 0 (disabled) [ms]*/
lv anim set playback delay(&a, delay);
/*Number of repetitions. Default is 1. LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE for infinite,
→repetition*/
lv anim set repeat count(&a, cnt);
/*Delay before repeat. Default is 0 (disabled) [ms]*/
lv anim set repeat delay(&a, delay);
/*true (default): apply the start value immediately, false: apply start value after.
→delay when the anim. really starts. */
lv anim_set_early_apply(&a, true/false);
/* START THE ANIMATION
*----*/
lv anim start(\&a);
                                              /*Start the animation*/
```

You can apply multiple different animations on the same variable at the same time. For example, animate the x and y coordinates with $lv_obj_set_x$ and $lv_obj_set_y$. However, only one animation can exist with a given variable and function pair and $lv_anim_start()$ will remove any existing animations for such a pair.

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5.14.2 Animation path

You can control the path of an animation. The most simple case is linear, meaning the current value between *start* and *end* is changed with fixed steps. A *path* is a function which calculates the next value to set based on the current state of the animation. Currently, there are the following built-in path functions:

- lv_anim_path_linear linear animation
- lv_anim_path_step change in one step at the end
- lv_anim_path_ease_in slow at the beginning
- lv anim path ease out slow at the end
- lv_anim_path_ease_in_out slow at the beginning and end
- lv_anim_path_overshoot overshoot the end value
- lv anim path bounce bounce back a little from the end value (like hitting a wall)

5.14.3 Speed vs time

By default, you set the animation time directly. But in some cases, setting the animation speed is more practical.

The lv_anim_speed_to_time(speed, start, end) function calculates the required time in milliseconds to reach the end value from a start value with the given speed. The speed is interpreted in *unit/sec* dimension. For example, lv_anim_speed_to_time(20,0,100) will yield 5000 milliseconds. For example, in the case of lv obj set x *unit* is pixels so 20 means 20 px/sec speed.

5.14.4 Delete animations

You can delete an animation with lv_anim_del(var, func) if you provide the animated variable and its animator function.

5.14.5 Timeline

A timeline is a collection of multiple animations which makes it easy to create complex composite animations.

Firstly, create an animation element but don't call lv anim start().

Secondly, create an animation timeline object by calling lv anim timeline create().

Thirdly, add animation elements to the animation timeline by calling <code>lv_anim_timeline_add(at, start_time, &a)</code>. <code>start_time</code> is the start time of the animation on the timeline. Note that <code>start_time</code> will override the value of <code>delay</code>.

Finally, call lv anim timeline start(at) to start the animation timeline.

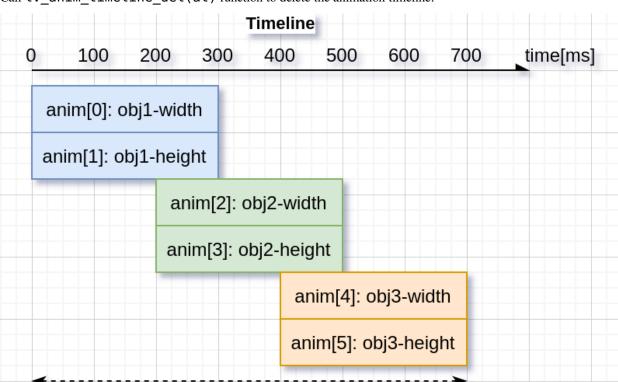
It supports forward and backward playback of the entire animation group, using lv anim timeline set reverse(at, reverse).

Call lv_anim_timeline_stop(at) to stop the animation timeline.

Call lv_anim_timeline_set_progress(at, progress) function to set the state of the object corresponding to the progress of the timeline.

Call lv_anim_timeline_get_playtime(at) function to get the total duration of the entire animation timeline.

Call lv anim timeline get reverse(at) function to get whether to reverse the animation timeline.



Total time = 700 ms

Call lv anim timeline del(at) function to delete the animation timeline.

5.14.6 Examples

Start animation on an event

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE SWITCH
static void anim_x_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_x(var, v);
}
static void sw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    if(lv_obj_has_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) {
        lv_anim_t a;
        lv anim init(\&a);
        lv_anim_set_var(&a, label);
        lv_anim_set_values(&a, lv_obj_get_x(label), 100);
        lv anim set time(\&a, 500);
        lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
        lv anim set path cb(\&a, lv anim path overshoot);
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
lv_anim_start(&a);
    } else {
        lv_anim_t a;
        lv_anim_init(&a);
        lv_anim_set_var(&a, label);
        lv_anim_set_values(&a, lv_obj_get_x(label), -lv_obj_get_width(label));
        lv_anim_set_time(\&a, 500);
        lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
        lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in);
        lv_anim_start(&a);
    }
}
* Start animation on an event
void lv_example_anim_1(void)
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello animations!");
    lv_obj_set_pos(label, 100, 10);
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj center(sw);
    lv obj add state(sw, LV STATE CHECKED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, sw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, label);
}
#endif
```

```
def anim_x_cb(label, v):
    label.set x(v)
def sw event cb(e,label):
    sw = e.get_target()
    if sw.has state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
        a = lv.anim t()
        a.init()
        a.set var(label)
        a.set_values(label.get_x(), 100)
        a.set time(500)
        a.set path cb(lv.anim t.path overshoot)
        a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: anim_x_cb(label,val))
        lv.anim t.start(a)
    else:
        a = lv.anim t()
        a.init()
        a.set_var(label)
        a.set_values(label.get_x(), -label.get_width())
        a.set time(500)
        a.set path cb(lv.anim t.path ease in)
        a.set custom exec cb(lambda a, val: anim x cb(label, val))
        lv.anim t.start(a)
```

(continues on next page)

```
#
# Start animation on an event
#
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Hello animations!")
label.set_pos(100, 10)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.center()
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
sw.add_event_cb(lambda e: sw_event_cb(e,label), lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
```

Playback animation

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH
static void anim_x_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
    lv obj set x(var, v);
}
static void anim_size_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
    lv_obj_set_size(var, v, v);
}
* Create a playback animation
void lv_example_anim_2(void)
    lv obj t * obj = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set style bg color(obj, lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(obj, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
   lv obj align(obj, LV ALIGN LEFT MID, 10, 0);
    lv anim t a;
    lv_anim_init(\&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, obj);
    lv_anim_set_values(\&a, 10, 50);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 300);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 500);
    lv anim set repeat count(&a, LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in_out);

lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_size_cb);
lv_anim_start(&a);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 10, 240);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def anim_x_cb(obj, v):
   obj.set_x(v)
def anim size cb(obj, v):
    obj.set_size(v, v)
# Create a playback animation
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
obj.set style bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
obj.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
obj.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT MID, 10, 0)
a1 = lv.anim t()
al.init()
al.set var(obj)
al.set values(10, 50)
al.set time(1000)
a1.set_playback_delay(100)
al.set playback time(300)
al.set repeat delay(500)
a1.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
al.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_in_out)
al.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda al,val: anim_size_cb(obj,val))
lv.anim t.start(a1)
a2 = lv.anim t()
a2.init()
a2.set var(obj)
a2.set values(10, 240)
a2.set time(1000)
a2.set_playback_delay(100)
a2.set playback time(300)
a2.set repeat delay(500)
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a2.set path cb(lv.anim t.path ease in out)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a1,val: anim_x_cb(obj,val))
lv.anim t.start(a2)
```

Animation timeline

```
#include "../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE FLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv_anim_timeline_t * anim_timeline = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj1 = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj2 = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj3 = NULL;
static const lv coord t obj width = 90;
static const lv_coord_t obj_height = 70;
static void set_width(void * var, int32_t v)
    lv_obj_set_width((lv_obj_t *)var, v);
}
static void set_height(void * var, int32_t v)
   lv_obj_set_height((lv_obj_t *)var, v);
}
static void anim_timeline_create(void)
   /* obj1 */
   lv_anim_t a1;
   lv_anim_init(&a1);
   lv_anim_set_var(&a1, obj1);
   lv_anim_set_values(&a1, 0, obj_width);
   lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a1, false);
   lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a1, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
   lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a1, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
   lv\_anim\_set\_time(\&a1, 300);
   lv_anim_t a2;
   lv_anim_init(&a2);
   lv_anim_set_var(&a2, obj1);
   lv_anim_set_values(&a2, 0, obj_height);
   lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a2, false);
   lv_anim_set_time(\&a2, 300);
   /* obj2 */
   lv_anim_t a3;
   lv anim init(&a3);
   lv_anim_set_var(&a3, obj2);
   lv_anim_set_values(&a3, 0, obj_width);
   lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a3, false);
   lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a3, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
   lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a3, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
   lv_anim_set_time(&a3, 300);
   lv anim t a4;
    lv_anim_init(&a4);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv anim set var(&a4, obj2);
    lv anim set values(&a4, 0, obj height);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a4, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a4, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a4, lv_anim_path_ease_out);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a4, 300);
    /* obi3 */
    lv_anim_t a5;
    lv_anim_init(&a5);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a5, obj3);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a5, 0, obj_width);
    lv anim set early apply(&a5, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a5, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
    lv anim set path cb(\&a5, lv anim path overshoot);
    lv_anim_set_time(\&a5, 300);
    lv anim t a6;
    lv_anim_init(&a6);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a6, obj3);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a6, 0, obj_height);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a6, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a6, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a6, lv_anim_path_ease_out);
    lv_anim_set_time(\&a6, 300);
   /* Create anim timeline */
   anim timeline = lv anim timeline create();
    lv anim timeline add(anim timeline, 0, &a1);
    lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 0, &a2);
    lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 200, &a3);
    lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 200, &a4);
    lv anim timeline add(anim timeline, 400, &a5);
    lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 400, &a6);
}
static void btn_start_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
   lv_obj_t * btn = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if (!anim timeline) {
        anim_timeline_create();
    }
    bool reverse = lv_obj_has_state(btn, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv anim timeline set reverse(anim timeline, reverse);
    lv_anim_timeline_start(anim_timeline);
static void btn_del_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    LV UNUSED(e);
    if (anim timeline) {
        lv anim timeline del(anim timeline);
        anim timeline = NULL;
    }
```

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```
static void btn stop event handler(lv event t * e)
    LV UNUSED(e);
    if (anim timeline) {
        lv_anim_timeline_stop(anim_timeline);
}
static void slider prg event handler(lv event t * e)
   lv obj t * slider = lv event get target(e);
    if (!anim timeline) {
        anim timeline create();
    }
    int32 t progress = lv slider get value(slider);
    lv_anim_timeline_set_progress(anim_timeline, progress);
}
* Create an animation timeline
void lv example anim timeline 1(void)
    lv obj t * par = lv scr act();
    lv obj set flex flow(par, LV FLEX FLOW ROW);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(par, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_
→FLEX ALIGN CENTER);
    /* create btn start */
    lv obj t * btn start = lv btn create(par);
    lv obj add event cb(btn start, btn start event handler, LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED,...
→NULL):
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_start, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_start, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE);
    lv obj align(btn start, LV ALIGN TOP MID, -100, 20);
   lv obj t * label start = lv label create(btn start);
    lv label set text(label start, "Start");
    lv obj center(label start);
   /* create btn del */
   lv_obj_t * btn_del = lv_btn_create(par);
    lv obj add event cb(btn del, btn del event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_del, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE LAYOUT);
    lv_obj_align(btn_del, LV_ALIGN TOP MID, 0, 20);
    lv_obj_t * label_del = lv_label_create(btn_del);
    lv label set text(label del, "Delete");
    lv_obj_center(label_del);
   /* create btn stop */
   lv obj t * btn stop = lv btn create(par);
    lv obj add event cb(btn stop, btn stop event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    lv obj add flag(btn stop, LV OBJ FLAG IGNORE LAYOUT);
                                                                          (continues on next page)
```

```
lv_obj_align(btn_stop, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 100, 20);
    lv_obj_t * label_stop = lv_label_create(btn_stop);
    lv_label_set_text(label_stop, "Stop");
    lv_obj_center(label_stop);
    /* create slider prg */
    lv_obj_t * slider_prg = lv_slider_create(par);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider_prg, slider_prg_event_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED,_
→NULL);
   lv_obj_add_flag(slider_prg, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
    lv_obj_align(slider_prg, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20);
    lv slider set range(slider prg, 0, 65535);
   /* create 3 objects */
   obj1 = lv obj create(par);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj1, obj_width, obj_height);
   obj2 = lv_obj_create(par);
    lv obj set size(obj2, obj width, obj height);
    obj3 = lv_obj_create(par);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj3, obj_width, obj_height);
}
#endif
```

```
class LV ExampleAnimTimeline 1(object):
   def init (self):
       self.obj width = 120
       self.obj height = 150
       # Create an animation timeline
        self.par = lv.scr act()
        self.par.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)
        self.par.set flex align(lv.FLEX ALIGN.SPACE AROUND, lv.FLEX ALIGN.CENTER, lv.
→FLEX ALIGN.CENTER)
        self.btn run = lv.btn(self.par)
        self.btn_run.add_event_cb(self.btn_run_event_handler, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED,_
→None)
        self.btn run.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE LAYOUT)
        self.btn run.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CHECKABLE)
        self.btn run.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP MID, -50, 20)
        self.label run = lv.label(self.btn run)
        self.label_run.set_text("Run")
        self.label_run.center()
        self.btn del = lv.btn(self.par)
        self.btn del.add event cb(self.btn del event handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
        self.btn del.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE LAYOUT)
        self.btn del.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP MID, 50, 20)
```

(continues on next page)

```
self.label del = lv.label(self.btn del)
       self.label_del.set_text("Stop")
       self.label_del.center()
       self.slider = lv.slider(self.par)
       self.slider.add event cb(self.slider prg event handler, lv.EVENT.VALUE
→CHANGED, None)
       self.slider.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE_LAYOUT)
       self.slider.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM RIGHT, -20, -20)
       self.slider.set_range(0, 65535)
       self.obj1 = lv.obj(self.par)
       self.obj1.set_size(self.obj_width, self.obj_height)
       self.obj2 = lv.obj(self.par)
       self.obj2.set_size(self.obj_width, self.obj_height)
       self.obj3 = lv.obj(self.par)
       self.obj3.set size(self.obj width, self.obj height)
       self.anim timeline = None
   def set_width(self,obj, v):
       obj.set_width(v)
   def set height(self,obj, v):
       obj.set height(v)
   def anim_timeline_create(self):
       # obj1
       self.a1 = lv.anim_t()
       self.al.init()
       self.al.set_values(0, self.obj_width)
       self.a1.set_early_apply(False)
       self.a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_width(self.obj1,v))
       self.a1.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
       self.al.set_time(300)
       self.a2 = lv.anim t()
       self.a2.init()
       self.a2.set values(0, self.obj height)
       self.a2.set_early_apply(False)
       self.a2.set custom exec cb(lambda a,v: self.set height(self.obj1,v))
       self.a2.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_out)
       self.a2.set time(300)
       # obi2
       self.a3=lv.anim_t()
       self.a3.init()
       self.a3.set values(0, self.obj width)
       self.a3.set_early_apply(False)
       self.a3.set custom exec cb(lambda a,v: self.set width(self.obj2,v))
       self.a3.set path cb(lv.anim t.path overshoot)
       self.a3.set time(300)
       self.a4 = lv.anim t()
```

(continues on next page)

```
self.a4.init()
    self.a4.set values(0, self.obj height)
    self.a4.set_early_apply(False)
    self.a4.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_height(self.obj2,v))
    self.a4.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_out)
    self.a4.set_time(300)
   # obj3
   self.a5 = lv.anim_t()
    self.a5.init()
    self.a5.set_values(0, self.obj_width)
    self.a5.set_early_apply(False)
    self.a5.set custom exec cb(lambda a,v: self.set width(self.obj3,v))
    self.a5.set path cb(lv.anim t.path overshoot)
    self.a5.set_time(300)
    self.a6 = lv.anim_t()
    self.a6.init()
   self.a6.set_values(0, self.obj_height)
    self.a6.set early apply(False)
    self.a6.set custom exec cb(lambda a,v: self.set height(self.obj3,v))
    self.a6.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path ease out)
    self.a6.set_time(300)
   # Create anim timeline
    print("Create new anim timeline")
    self.anim timeline = lv.anim timeline create()
   lv.anim timeline add(self.anim timeline, 0, self.a1)
    lv.anim timeline add(self.anim timeline, 0, self.a2)
    lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 200, self.a3)
   lv.anim timeline add(self.anim timeline, 200, self.a4)
    lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 400, self.a5)
   lv.anim timeline add(self.anim timeline, 400, self.a6)
def slider prg event handler(self,e):
   slider = e.get_target()
   if not self.anim timeline:
        self.anim_timeline_create()
   progress = slider.get value()
    lv.anim timeline set progress(self.anim timeline, progress)
def btn run event handler(self,e):
   btn = e.get target()
    if not self.anim timeline:
        self.anim timeline create()
    reverse = btn.has state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
   lv.anim timeline set reverse(self.anim timeline,reverse)
   lv.anim_timeline_start(self.anim_timeline)
def btn del event handler(self,e):
    if self.anim timeline:
        lv.anim timeline del(self.anim timeline)
    self.anim timeline = None
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_example_anim_timeline_1 = LV_ExampleAnimTimeline_1()
```

5.14.7 API

enumerator LV_ANIM_ON

```
Typedefs
typedef int32_t (*\lambda \cdot anim_path_cb_t)(const struct \( \llow \lambda anim_t \cdot \))
     Get the current value during an animation
typedef void (*lv anim exec xcb t)(void*, int32_t)
     Generic prototype of "animator" functions. First parameter is the variable to animate. Second parameter is the
     value to set. Compatible with lv_xxx_set_yyy(obj, value) functions The x in _xcb_t means it's not
     a fully generic prototype because it doesn't receive lv anim t * as its first argument
typedef void (*lv anim custom exec cb t)(struct _lv_anim_t*, int32_t)
     Same as lv anim exec xcb t but receives lv anim t * as the first parameter. It's more consistent but
     less convenient. Might be used by binding generator functions.
typedef void (*lv anim ready cb t)(struct lv anim t*)
     Callback to call when the animation is ready
typedef void (*lv_anim_start_cb_t)(struct _lv_anim_t*)
     Callback to call when the animation really stars (considering delay)
typedef int32_t (*lv anim get value cb t)(struct _lv_anim_t*)
     Callback used when the animation values are relative to get the current value
typedef struct _lv_anim_t lv anim t
     Describes an animation
Enums
enum lv_anim_enable_t
     Can be used to indicate if animations are enabled or disabled in a case
      Values:
     enumerator LV_ANIM_OFF
```

Functions

```
LV_EXPORT_CONST_INT(LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE)
LV EXPORT CONST INT(LV ANIM PLAYTIME INFINITE)
void lv anim core init(void)
     Init. the animation module
void lv anim init(lv_anim_t *a)
     Initialize an animation variable. E.g.: lv_anim_t a; lv_anim_init(&a); lv_anim_set_...(&a); lv_anim_start(&a);
           Parameters a -- pointer to an lv anim t variable to initialize
static inline void lv anim set var(lv_anim_t *a, void *var)
     Set a variable to animate
           Parameters
                 • a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
                 • var -- pointer to a variable to animate
static inline void lv_anim_set_exec_cb (lv_anim_t *a, lv_anim_exec_xcb_t exec_cb)
     Set a function to animate var
           Parameters
                 • a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
                 • exec cb -- a function to execute during animation LVGL's built-in functions can be used.
                   E.g. lv_obj_set_x
static inline void lv anim set time (lv_anim_t *a, uint32_t duration)
     Set the duration of an animation
           Parameters
                 • a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
                 • duration -- duration of the animation in milliseconds
static inline void lv anim set delay (lv anim t *a, uint32 t delay)
     Set a delay before starting the animation
           Parameters
                 • a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
                 • delay -- delay before the animation in milliseconds
static inline void lv anim set values (lv_anim_t *a, int32_t start, int32_t end)
     Set the start and end values of an animation
           Parameters
                 • a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
```

first parameter instead of VOid *. This function might be used when LVGL is bound to other languages because

Similar to lv_anim_set_exec_cb but lv_anim_custom_exec cb t receives lv anim t * as its

static inline void **lv anim set custom exec cb**(*lv anim t**a, *lv anim custom exec cb t* exec cb)

start -- the start valueend -- the end value

it's more consistent to have lv_anim_t * as first parameter. The variable to animate can be stored in the animation's user_data

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv_anim_t variable
- exec cb -- a function to execute.

static inline void **lv_anim_set_path_cb** (*lv_anim_t* *a, *lv_anim_path_cb_t* path_cb) Set the path (curve) of the animation.

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv_anim_t variable
- path_cb -- a function to set the current value of the animation.

static inline void **lv_anim_set_start_cb** (*lv_anim_t* *a, *lv_anim_start_cb_t* start_cb)

Set a function call when the animation really starts (considering delay)

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv_anim_t variable
- **start_cb** -- a function call when the animation starts

static inline void **lv_anim_set_get_value_cb**(*lv_anim_t* *a, *lv_anim_get_value_cb_t* get_value_cb)

Set a function to use the current value of the variable and make start and end value relative to the returned current value.

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv_anim_t variable
- get_value_cb -- a function call when the animation starts

static inline void **lv_anim_set_ready_cb** (*lv_anim_t* *a, *lv_anim_ready_cb_t* ready_cb)

Set a function call when the animation is ready

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
- ready_cb -- a function call when the animation is ready

static inline void lv anim set playback time (lv anim t *a, uint32 t time)

Make the animation to play back to when the forward direction is ready

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
- **time** -- the duration of the playback animation in milliseconds. 0: disable playback

static inline void **lv_anim_set_playback_delay** (*lv_anim_t* *a, uint32_t delay)

Make the animation to play back to when the forward direction is ready

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
- **delay** -- delay in milliseconds before starting the playback animation.

static inline void **lv_anim_set_repeat_count**(lv_anim_t *a, uint16_t cnt)

Make the animation repeat itself.

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
- **cnt** -- repeat count or LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE for infinite repetition. 0: to disable repetition.

static inline void **lv_anim_set_repeat_delay** (*lv_anim_t* *a, uint32_t delay)

Set a delay before repeating the animation.

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable
- **delay** -- delay in milliseconds before repeating the animation.

static inline void **lv_anim_set_early_apply** (*lv_anim_t* *a, bool en)

Set a whether the animation's should be applied immediately or only when the delay expired.

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv_anim_t variable
- **en** -- true: apply the start value immediately in lv_anim_start; false: apply the start value only when delay ms is elapsed and the animations really starts

static inline void **lv_anim_set_user_data** (*lv_anim_t* *a, void *user_data)

Set the custom user data field of the animation.

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an initialized lv_anim_t variable
- user data -- pointer to the new user_data.

lv_anim_t *lv_anim_start(const lv_anim_t *a)

Create an animation

Parameters a -- an initialized 'anim_t' variable. Not required after call.

Returns pointer to the created animation (different from the a parameter)

static inline uint32_t lv_anim_get_delay(lv_anim_t *a)

Get a delay before starting the animation

Parameters a -- pointer to an initialized lv anim t variable

Returns delay before the animation in milliseconds

uint32_t lv_anim_get_playtime(lv_anim_t *a)

Get the time used to play the animation.

Parameters a -- pointer to an animation.

Returns the play time in milliseconds.

static inline void *lv_anim_get_user_data(lv_anim_t *a)

Get the user_data field of the animation

Parameters a -- pointer to an initialized lv_anim_t variable

Returns the pointer to the custom user_data of the animation

bool **lv anim del** (void *var, *lv_anim_exec_xcb_t* exec_cb)

Delete an animation of a variable with a given animator function

Parameters

• var -- pointer to variable

• exec_cb -- a function pointer which is animating 'var', or NULL to ignore it and delete all the animations of 'var

Returns true: at least 1 animation is deleted, false: no animation is deleted

void lv_anim_del_all(void)

Delete all the animations

lv_anim_t *lv_anim_get(void *var, lv_anim_exec_xcb_t exec_cb)

Get the animation of a variable and its exec cb.

Parameters

- var -- pointer to variable
- exec_cb -- a function pointer which is animating 'var', or NULL to return first matching 'var'

Returns pointer to the animation.

```
static inline bool lv_anim_custom_del(lv_anim_t *a, lv_anim_custom_exec_cb_t exec_cb)
```

Delete an animation by getting the animated variable from a. Only animations with exec_cb will be deleted. This function exists because it's logical that all anim. functions receives an lv_anim_t as their first parameter. It's not practical in C but might make the API more consequent and makes easier to generate bindings.

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an animation.
- exec_cb -- a function pointer which is animating 'var', or NULL to ignore it and delete all
 the animations of 'var

Returns true: at least 1 animation is deleted, false: no animation is deleted

```
static inline lv_anim_t *lv_anim_custom_get(lv_anim_t *a, lv_anim_custom_exec_cb_t exec_cb)
```

Get the animation of a variable and its exec_cb. This function exists because it's logical that all anim. functions receives an lv_anim_t as their first parameter. It's not practical in C but might make the API more consequent and makes easier to generate bindings.

Parameters

- a -- pointer to an animation.
- exec cb -- a function pointer which is animating 'var', or NULL to return first matching 'var'

Returns pointer to the animation.

uint16_t lv_anim_count_running(void)

Get the number of currently running animations

Returns the number of running animations

```
uint32_t lv_anim_speed_to_time(uint32_t speed, int32_t start, int32_t end)
```

Calculate the time of an animation with a given speed and the start and end values

Parameters

- speed -- speed of animation in unit/sec
- start -- start value of the animation
- end -- end value of the animation

Returns the required time [ms] for the animation with the given parameters

void lv anim refr now(void)

Manually refresh the state of the animations. Useful to make the animations running in a blocking process where $lv_timer_handler$ can't run for a while. Shouldn't be used directly because it is called in $lv_refr_now()$.

```
int32_t lv anim path linear(const lv_anim_t *a)
     Calculate the current value of an animation applying linear characteristic
           Parameters a -- pointer to an animation
           Returns the current value to set
int32 tlv anim path ease in (const lv anim t *a)
     Calculate the current value of an animation slowing down the start phase
           Parameters a -- pointer to an animation
           Returns the current value to set
int32_t lv anim path ease out(const lv_anim_t *a)
     Calculate the current value of an animation slowing down the end phase
           Parameters a -- pointer to an animation
           Returns the current value to set
int32_t lv anim path ease in out(const lv_anim_t *a)
     Calculate the current value of an animation applying an "S" characteristic (cosine)
           Parameters a -- pointer to an animation
           Returns the current value to set
int32_t lv_anim_path_overshoot (const lv_anim_t *a)
     Calculate the current value of an animation with overshoot at the end
           Parameters a -- pointer to an animation
           Returns the current value to set
int32_t lv anim path bounce(const lv_anim_t *a)
     Calculate the current value of an animation with 3 bounces
           Parameters a -- pointer to an animation
           Returns the current value to set
int32_t lv_anim_path_step(const lv_anim_t *a)
     Calculate the current value of an animation applying step characteristic. (Set end value on the end of the animation)
           Parameters a -- pointer to an animation
           Returns the current value to set
struct _lv_anim_t
     #include <lv_anim.h> Describes an animation
     Public Members
     void *var
           Variable to animate
     lv anim exec xcb t exec cb
           Function to execute to animate
     lv anim start cb t start cb
           Call it when the animation is starts (considering delay)
```

lv_anim_ready_cb_t ready_cb

Call it when the animation is ready

lv_anim_get_value_cb_t get_value_cb

Get the current value in relative mode

void *user_data

Custom user data

lv anim path cb t path cb

Describe the path (curve) of animations

int32_t start_value

Start value

int32_t current_value

Current value

int32_t end_value

End value

int32 t time

Animation time in ms

int32_t act_time

Current time in animation. Set to negative to make delay.

uint32_t playback_delay

Wait before play back

uint32 t playback time

Duration of playback animation

uint32_t repeat_delay

Wait before repeat

uint16_t repeat_cnt

Repeat count for the animation

uint8_t early_apply

1: Apply start value immediately even is there is delay

uint8_t playback_now

Play back is in progress

uint8_t run_round

Indicates the animation has run in this round

uint8_t start cb called

Indicates that the start_cb was already called

5.15 Timers

LVGL has a built-in timer system. You can register a function to have it be called periodically. The timers are handled and called in lv_timer_handler(), which needs to be called every few milliseconds. See *Porting* for more information.

Timers are non-preemptive, which means a timer cannot interrupt another timer. Therefore, you can call any LVGL related function in a timer.

5.15.1 Create a timer

To create a new timer, use <code>lv_timer_create(timer_cb, period_ms, user_data)</code>. It will create an <code>lv_timer_t * variable</code>, which can be used later to modify the parameters of the timer. <code>lv_timer_create_basic()</code> can also be used. This allows you to create a new timer without specifying any parameters.

A timer callback should have a void (*lv_timer_cb_t)(lv_timer_t *); prototype.

For example:

```
void my_timer(lv_timer_t * timer)
{
    /*Use the user_data*/
    uint32_t * user_data = timer->user_data;
    printf("my_timer called with user data: %d\n", *user_data);

    /*Do something with LVGL*/
    if(something_happened) {
        something_happened = false;
        lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act(), NULL);
    }
}
...
static uint32_t user_data = 10;
lv_timer_t * timer = lv_timer_create(my_timer, 500, &user_data);
```

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5.15.2 Ready and Reset

lv timer ready(timer) makes a timer run on the next call of lv timer handler().

lv_timer_reset(timer) resets the period of a timer. It will be called again after the defined period of milliseconds has elapsed.

5.15.3 Set parameters

You can modify some timer parameters later:

- lv timer set cb(timer, new cb)
- lv timer set period(timer, new period)

5.15.4 Repeat count

You can make a timer repeat only a given number of times with <code>lv_timer_set_repeat_count(timer,count)</code>. The timer will automatically be deleted after it's called the defined number of times. Set the count to <code>-1</code> to repeat indefinitely.

5.15.5 Measure idle time

You can get the idle percentage time of lv_timer_handler with lv_timer_get_idle(). Note that, it doesn't measure the idle time of the overall system, only lv_timer_handler. It can be misleading if you use an operating system and call lv timer handler in a timer, as it won't actually measure the time the OS spends in an idle thread.

5.15.6 Asynchronous calls

In some cases, you can't perform an action immediately. For example, you can't delete an object because something else is still using it, or you don't want to block the execution now. For these cases, lv_async_call(my_function, data_p) can be used to call my_function on the next invocation of lv_timer_handler. data_p will be passed to the function when it's called. Note that only the data pointer is saved, so you need to ensure that the variable will be "alive" while the function is called. It can be *static*, global or dynamically allocated data.

For example:

```
void my_screen_clean_up(void * scr)
{
    /*Free some resources related to `scr`*/

    /*Finally delete the screen*/
    lv_obj_del(scr);
}
...
/*Do something with the object on the current screen*/

/*Delete screen on next call of `lv_timer_handler`, not right now.*/
lv_async_call(my_screen_clean_up, lv_scr_act());
/*The screen is still valid so you can do other things with it*/
```

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If you just want to delete an object and don't need to clean anything up in my_screen_cleanup you could just use lv obj del async which will delete the object on the next call to lv timer handler.

5.15.7 API

```
Typedefs
```

```
typedef void (*lv_timer_cb_t)(struct _lv_timer_t*)
     Timers execute this type of functions.
typedef struct _lv_timer_t lv timer t
     Descriptor of a lv_timer
Functions
void _lv_timer_core_init(void)
     Init the lv_timer module
lv_timer_t *lv_timer_create_basic(void)
     Create an "empty" timer.
                                      It needs to initialized with at least lv timer set cb and
     lv_timer_set_period
          Returns pointer to the created timer
lv_timer_t *lv timer_create(lv_timer_cb_t timer_xcb, uint32_t period, void *user_data)
     Create a new ly timer
          Parameters
                • timer xcb -- a callback to call periodically. (the 'x' in the argument name indicates that it's
                  not a fully generic function because it not follows the func name (object, callback,
                   ...) convention)
                • period -- call period in ms unit
                • user_data -- custom parameter
          Returns pointer to the new timer
void lv timer del(lv_timer_t *timer)
     Delete a ly timer
          Parameters timer -- pointer to an lv_timer
void lv_timer_pause(lv_timer_t *timer)
     Pause/resume a timer.
          Parameters timer -- pointer to an lv_timer
void lv timer resume(lv_timer_t *timer)
void lv_timer_set_cb(lv_timer_t *timer, lv_timer_cb_t timer_cb)
```

Parameters

• timer -- pointer to a timer

Set the callback the timer (the function to call periodically)

• timer_cb -- the function to call periodically

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```
void lv timer set period(lv_timer_t *timer, uint32_t period)
     Set new period for a ly timer
           Parameters
                 • timer -- pointer to a ly timer
                 • period -- the new period
void lv_timer_ready(lv_timer_t *timer)
     Make a ly timer ready. It will not wait its period.
           Parameters timer -- pointer to a lv_timer.
void lv timer set repeat count(lv_timer_t *timer, int32_t repeat_count)
     Set the number of times a timer will repeat.
           Parameters
                 • timer -- pointer to a lv_timer.
                 • repeat count -- -1 : infinity; 0 : stop ; n>0: residual times
void lv_timer_reset(lv_timer_t *timer)
     Reset a lv_timer. It will be called the previously set period milliseconds later.
           Parameters timer -- pointer to a lv_timer.
void lv_timer_enable(bool en)
     Enable or disable the whole ly timer handling
           Parameters en -- true: lv_timer handling is running, false: lv_timer handling is suspended
uint8_t lv_timer_get_idle(void)
     Get idle percentage
           Returns the ly timer idle in percentage
lv_timer_t *lv timer get next(lv_timer_t *timer)
     Iterate through the timers
           Parameters timer -- NULL to start iteration or the previous return value to get the next timer
           Returns the next timer or NULL if there is no more timer
struct _lv_timer_t
     #include <lv_timer.h> Descriptor of a lv_timer
     Public Members
     uint32 t period
           How often the timer should run
     uint32_t last_run
           Last time the timer ran
     lv_timer_cb_t timer cb
           Timer function
     void *user data
```

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Custom user data

```
int32_t repeat_count
1: One time; -1: infinity; n>0: residual times
uint32_t paused
```

Typedefs

```
typedef void (*lv_async_cb_t)(void*)
Type for async callback.
```

Functions

```
lv_res_t lv_async_call(lv_async_cb_t async_xcb, void *user_data)
```

Call an asynchronous function the next time lv_timer_handler() is run. This function is likely to return **before** the call actually happens!

Parameters

- async_xcb -- a callback which is the task itself. (the 'x' in the argument name indicates that it's not a fully generic function because it not follows the func_name(object, callback, ...) convention)
- user_data -- custom parameter

5.16 Drawing

With LVGL, you don't need to draw anything manually. Just create objects (like buttons, labels, arc, etc.), move and change them, and LVGL will refresh and redraw what is required.

However, it can be useful to have a basic understanding of how drawing happens in LVGL to add customization, make it easier to find bugs or just out of curiosity.

The basic concept is to not draw directly onto the display but rather to first draw on an internal draw buffer. When a drawing (rendering) is ready that buffer is copied to the display.

The draw buffer can be smaller than a display's size. LVGL will simply render in "tiles" that fit into the given draw buffer.

This approach has two main advantages compared to directly drawing to the display:

- 1. It avoids flickering while the layers of the UI are drawn. For example, if LVGL drew directly onto the display, when drawing a *background* + *button* + *text*, each "stage" would be visible for a short time.
- 2. It's faster to modify a buffer in internal RAM and finally write one pixel only once than reading/writing the display directly on each pixel access. (e.g. via a display controller with SPI interface).

Note that this concept is different from "traditional" double buffering where there are two display sized frame buffers: one holds the current image to show on the display, and rendering happens to the other (inactive) frame buffer, and they are swapped when the rendering is finished. The main difference is that with LVGL you don't have to store two frame buffers (which usually requires external RAM) but only smaller draw buffer(s) that can easily fit into internal RAM.

5.16.1 Mechanism of screen refreshing

Be sure to get familiar with the Buffering modes of LVGL first.

LVGL refreshes the screen in the following steps:

- 1. Something happens in the UI which requires redrawing. For example, a button is pressed, a chart is changed, an animation happened, etc.
- 2. LVGL saves the changed object's old and new area into a buffer, called an *Invalid area buffer*. For optimization, in some cases, objects are not added to the buffer:
 - Hidden objects are not added.
 - Objects completely out of their parent are not added.
 - Areas partially out of the parent are cropped to the parent's area.
 - Objects on other screens are not added.
- 3. In every LV DISP DEF REFR PERIOD (set in lv conf.h) the following happens:
 - LVGL checks the invalid areas and joins those that are adjacent or intersecting.
 - Takes the first joined area, if it's smaller than the *draw buffer*, then simply renders the area's content into the *draw buffer*. If the area doesn't fit into the buffer, draw as many lines as possible to the *draw buffer*.
 - When the area is rendered, call flush_cb from the display driver to refresh the display.
 - If the area was larger than the buffer, render the remaining parts too.
 - Repeat the same with remaining joined areas.

When an area is redrawn the library searches the top-most object which covers that area and starts drawing from that object. For example, if a button's label has changed, the library will see that it's enough to draw the button under the text and it's not necessary to redraw the display under the rest of the button too.

The difference between buffering modes regarding the drawing mechanism is the following:

- 1. **One buffer** LVGL needs to wait for lv_disp_flush_ready() (called from flush_cb) before starting to redraw the next part.
- 2. **Two buffers** LVGL can immediately draw to the second buffer when the first is sent to flush_cb because the flushing should be done by DMA (or similar hardware) in the background.
- 3. **Double buffering** flush cb should only swap the addresses of the frame buffers.

5.16.2 Masking

Masking is the basic concept of LVGL's draw engine. To use LVGL it's not required to know about the mechanisms described here but you might find interesting to know how drawing works under hood. Knowing about masking comes in handy if you want to customize drawing.

To learn about masking let's see the steps of drawing first. LVGL performs the following steps to render any shape, image or text. It can be considered as a drawing pipeline.

- 1. **Prepare the draw descriptors** Create a draw descriptor from an object's styles (e.g. lv_draw_rect_dsc_t). This gives us the parameters for drawing, for example colors, widths, opacity, fonts, radius, etc.
- 2. **Call the draw function** Call the draw function with the draw descriptor and some other parameters (e.g. lv_draw_rect()). It will render the primitive shape to the current draw buffer.
- 3. **Create masks** If the shape is very simple and doesn't require masks, go to #5. Otherwise, create the required masks in the draw function. (e.g. a rounded rectangle mask)

- 4. Calculate all the added mask It composites opacity values into a *mask buffer* with the "shape" of the created masks. E.g. in case of a "line mask" according to the parameters of the mask, keep one side of the buffer as it is (255 by default) and set the rest to 0 to indicate that this side should be removed.
- 5. **Blend a color or image** During blending, masking (make some pixels transparent or opaque), blending modes (additive, subtractive, etc.) and color/image opacity are handled.

LVGL has the following built-in mask types which can be calculated and applied real-time:

- LV_DRAW_MASK_TYPE_LINE Removes a side from a line (top, bottom, left or right). lv_draw_line uses four instances of it. Essentially, every (skew) line is bounded with four line masks forming a rectangle.
- LV_DRAW_MASK_TYPE_RADIUS Removes the inner or outer corners of a rectangle with a radiused transition. It's also used to create circles by setting the radius to large value (LV RADIUS CIRCLE)
- LV_DRAW_MASK_TYPE_ANGLE Removes a circular sector. It is used by lv_draw_arc to remove the "empty" sector.
- LV_DRAW_MASK_TYPE_FADE Create a vertical fade (change opacity)
- LV_DRAW_MASK_TYPE_MAP The mask is stored in a bitmap array and the necessary parts are applied

Masks are used to create almost every basic primitive:

- letters Create a mask from the letter and draw a rectangle with the letter's color using the mask.
- **line** Created from four "line masks" to mask out the left, right, top and bottom part of the line to get a perfectly perpendicular perimeter.
- rounded rectangle A mask is created real-time to add a radius to the corners.
- clip corner To clip overflowing content (usually children) on rounded corners, a rounded rectangle mask is also applied.
- rectangle border Same as a rounded rectangle but the inner part is masked out too.
- arc drawing A circular border is drawn but an arc mask is applied too.
- ARGB images The alpha channel is separated into a mask and the image is drawn as a normal RGB image.

Using masks

Every mask type has a related parameter structure to describe the mask's data. The following parameter types exist:

- lv_draw_mask_line_param_t
- lv draw mask radius param t
- lv draw mask angle param t
- lv draw_mask_fade_param_t
- lv_draw_mask_map_param_t
- Initialize a mask parameter with lv_draw_mask_<type>_init. See lv_draw_mask.h for the whole API.
- 2. Add the mask parameter to the draw engine with int16_t mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(¶m, ptr). ptr can be any pointer to identify the mask, (NULL if unused).
- 3. Call the draw functions
- 4. Remove the mask from the draw engine with <code>lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_id)</code> or <code>lv_draw_mask_remove_custom(ptr)</code>.
- 5. Free the parameter with lv draw mask free param(¶m).

A parameter can be added and removed any number of times, but it needs to be freed when not required anymore.

lv draw mask add saves only the pointer of the mask so the parameter needs to be valid while in use.

5.16.3 Hook drawing

Although widgets can be easily customized by styles there might be cases when something more custom is required. To ensure a great level of flexibility LVGL sends a lot of events during drawing with parameters that tell what LVGL is about to draw. Some fields of these parameters can be modified to draw something else or any custom drawing operations can be added manually.

A good use case for this is the *Button matrix* widget. By default, its buttons can be styled in different states, but you can't style the buttons one by one. However, an event is sent for every button and you can, for example, tell LVGL to use different colors on a specific button or to manually draw an image on some buttons.

Each of these events is described in detail below.

Main drawing

These events are related to the actual drawing of an object. E.g. the drawing of buttons, texts, etc. happens here.

lv_event_get_clip_area(event) can be used to get the current clip area. The clip area is required in draw functions to make them draw only on a limited area.

LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN

Sent before starting to draw an object. This is a good place to add masks manually. E.g. add a line mask that "removes" the right side of an object.

LV EVENT DRAW MAIN

The actual drawing of an object happens in this event. E.g. a rectangle for a button is drawn here. First, the widgets' internal events are called to perform drawing and after that you can draw anything on top of them. For example you can add a custom text or an image.

LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_END

Called when the main drawing is finished. You can draw anything here as well and it's also a good place to remove any masks created in LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN.

Post drawing

Post drawing events are called when all the children of an object are drawn. For example LVGL use the post drawing phase to draw scrollbars because they should be above all of the children.

lv_event_get_clip_area(event) can be used to get the current clip area.

LV_EVENT_DRAW_POST_BEGIN

Sent before starting the post draw phase. Masks can be added here too to mask out the post drawn content.

LV_EVENT_DRAW_POST

The actual drawing should happen here.

LV_EVENT_DRAW_POST_END

Called when post drawing has finished. If masks were not removed in LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_END they should be removed here.

Part drawing

When LVGL draws a part of an object (e.g. a slider's indicator, a table's cell or a button matrix's button) it sends events before and after drawing that part with some context of the drawing. This allows changing the parts on a very low level with masks, extra drawing, or changing the parameters that LVGL is planning to use for drawing.

In these events an lv_obj_draw_part_t structure is used to describe the context of the drawing. Not all fields are set for every part and widget. To see which fields are set for a widget refer to the widget's documentation.

lv_obj_draw_part_t has the following fields:

```
// Alwavs set
                                   // The current clip area, required if you need to...
const lv area t * clip area;
→draw something in the event
uint32 t part;
                                   // The current part for which the event is sent
uint32 t id;
                                   // The index of the part. E.g. a button's index.
→on button matrix or table cell index.
// Draw desciptors, set only if related
lv_draw_rect_dsc_t * rect_dsc; // A draw descriptor that can be modified to_
→changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for rectangle-like parts
lv_draw_label_dsc_t * label_dsc; // A draw descriptor that can be modified to_
→changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for text-like parts
lv draw line dsc t * line dsc; // A draw descriptor that can be modified to...
→ changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for line-like parts
lv_draw_img_dsc_t * img_dsc;  // A draw descriptor that can be modified to_
→changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for image-like parts
lv_draw_arc_dsc_t * arc_dsc; // A draw descriptor that can be modified to...
→changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for arc-like parts
// Other parameters
lv area t * draw area;
                                   // The area of the part being drawn
const lv_point_t * p1;
                                   // A point calculated during drawing. E.g. a.,
⇒point of a chart or the center of an arc.
const lv_point_t * p2;
                                 // A point calculated during drawing. E.g. a.
⊸point of a chart.
char text[16];
                                   // A text calculated during drawing. Can be...
→modified, E.a. tick labels on a chart axis.
                                   // E.g. the radius of an arc (not the corner.
lv coord t radius;
→radius).
```

(continues on next page)

```
int32_t value; // A value calculated during drawing. E.g. Chart

→'s tick line value.

const void * sub_part_ptr; // A pointer the identifies something in the part.

→ E.g. chart series.
```

lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(event) can be used to get a pointer to lv_obj_draw_part_t.

LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN

Start the drawing of a part. This is a good place to modify the draw descriptors (e.g. rect_dsc), or add masks.

LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END

Finish the drawing of a part. This is a good place to draw extra content on the part or remove masks added in LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN.

Others

LV_EVENT_COVER_CHECK

This event is used to check whether an object fully covers an area or not.

lv_event_get_cover_area(event) returns a pointer to an area to check and
lv event set cover res(event, res) can be used to set one of these results:

- LV COVER RES COVER the area is fully covered by the object
- LV COVER RES NOT COVER the area is not covered by the object
- LV_COVER_RES_MASKED there is a mask on the object, so it does not fully cover the area

Here are some reasons why an object would be unable to fully cover an area:

- It's simply not fully in area
- · It has a radius
- It doesn't have 100% background opacity
- It's an ARGB or chroma keyed image
- It does not have normal blending mode. In this case LVGL needs to know the colors under the object to apply blending properly
- · It's a text, etc

In short if for any reason the area below an object is visible than the object doesn't cover that area.

Before sending this event LVGL checks if at least the widget's coordinates fully cover the area or not. If not the event is not called.

You need to check only the drawing you have added. The existing properties known by a widget are handled in its internal events. E.g. if a widget has > 0 radius it might not cover an area, but you need to handle radius only if you will modify it and the widget won't know about it.

LV_EVENT_REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE

If you need to draw outside a widget, LVGL needs to know about it to provide extra space for drawing. Let's say you create an event which writes the current value of a slider above its knob. In this case LVGL needs to know that the slider's draw area should be larger with the size required for the text.

You can simply set the required draw area with lv_event_set_ext_draw_size(e, size).

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CHAPTER

SIX

WIDGETS

6.1 Base object (lv_obj)

6.1.1 Overview

The 'Base Object' implements the basic properties of widgets on a screen, such as:

- coordinates
- · parent object
- children
- contains the styles
- attributes like Clickable, Scrollable, etc.

In object-oriented thinking, it is the base class from which all other objects in LVGL are inherited.

The functions and functionalities of the Base object can be used with other widgets too. For example lv_obj_set_width(slider, 100)

The Base object can be directly used as a simple widget: it's nothing more than a rectangle. In HTML terms, think of it as a <div>.

Coordinates

Only a small subset of coordinate settings is described here. To see all the features of LVGL (padding, coordinates in styles, layouts, etc) visit the *Coordinates* page.

Size

The object size can be modified on individual axes with $lv_obj_set_width(obj, new_width)$ and $lv_obj_set_height(obj, new_height)$, or both axes can be modified at the same time with $lv_obj_set_size(obj, new_width, new_height)$.

Position

You can set the position relative to the parent with $lv_obj_set_x(obj, new_x)$ and $lv_obj_set_y(obj, new_y)$, or both axes at the same time with $lv_obj_set_pos(obj, new_x, new_y)$.

Alignment

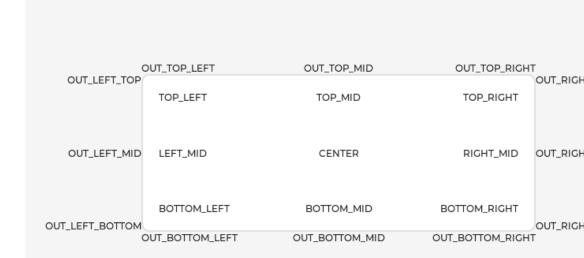
You can align the object on its parent with <code>lv_obj_set_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_...)</code>. After this every x and y setting will be relative to the set alignment mode. For example, this will shift the object by 10;20 px from the center of its parent:

```
lv_obj_set_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_CENTER);
lv_obj_set_pos(obj, 10, 20);

//Or in one function
lv_obj_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 10, 20);
```

To align one object to another use: lv_obj_align_to(obj_to_align, obj_referece, LV_ALIGN_..., x, y)

For example, to align a text below an image: lv_obj_align_to(text, image, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10).



The following align types exist:

Parents and children

You can set a new parent for an object with lv_obj_set_parent(obj, new_parent). To get the current parent, use lv_obj_get_parent(obj).

To get a specific child of a parent use lv obj get child(parent, idx). Some examples for idx:

- 0 get the child created first
- 1 get the child created second
- -1 get the child created last

The children can be iterated lke this:

```
uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < lv_obj_get_child_cnt(parent); i++) {
   lv_obj_t * child = lv_obj_get_child(parent, i);
   /*Do something with child*/
}</pre>
```

lv_obj_get_index(obj) returns the index of the object in its parent. It is equivalent to the number of younger children in the parent.

You can bring an object to the foreground or send it to the background with $lv_obj_move_foreground(obj)$ and $lv_obj_move_background(obj)$.

You can change the index of an object in its parent using lv obj move to index(obj, index).

You can swap the position of two objects with lv_obj_swap(obj1, obj2).

Display and Screens

At the highest level of the LVGL object hierarchy is the *display* which represents the driver for a display device (physical display or simulator). A display can have one or more screens associated with it. Each screen contains a hierarchy of objects for graphical widgets representing a layout that covers the entire display.

When you have created a screen like $lv_obj_t * screen = lv_obj_create(NULL)$, you can make it active with $lv_scr_load(screen)$. The $lv_scr_act()$ function gives you a pointer to the active screen.

If you have multiple displays, it's important to know that the screen functions operate on the most recently created display or the one explicitly selected with $lv_disp_set_default$.

To get an object's screen use the lv obj get screen(obj) function.

Events

To set an event callback for an object, use <code>lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, event_cb, LV_EVENT_..., user_data)</code>,

To manually send an event to an object, use ly event send(obj, LV EVENT ..., param)

Read the Event overview to learn more about events.

Styles

Be sure to read the Style overview. Here only the most essential functions are described.

A new style can be added to an object with the lv_obj_add_style(obj, &new_style, selector) function. selector is an ORed combination of part and state(s). E.g. LV PART SCROLLBAR | LV STATE PRESSED.

The base objects use LV_PART_MAIN style properties and LV_PART_SCROLLBAR with the typical background style properties.

Flags

There are some attributes which can be enabled/disabled by lv_obj_add/clear_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_. . .):

- LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN Make the object hidden. (Like it wasn't there at all)
- LV OBJ FLAG CLICKABLE Make the object clickable by input devices
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_CLICK_F0CUSABLE Add focused state to the object when clicked
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE Toggle checked state when the object is clicked
- LV OBJ FLAG SCROLLABLE Make the object scrollable
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_SCR0LL_ELASTIC Allow scrolling inside but with slower speed
- LV OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_MOMENTUM Make the object scroll further when "thrown"
- LV OBJ FLAG SCROLL ONE Allow scrolling only one snappable children
- LV OBJ FLAG SCROLL CHAIN HOR Allow propagating the horizontal scroll to a parent
- LV OBJ FLAG SCROLL CHAIN VER Allow propagating the vertical scroll to a parent
- LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN Simple packaging for (LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN_HOR | LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN_VER)
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_SCR0LL_0N_F0CUS Automatically scroll object to make it visible when focused
- LV OBJ FLAG SCROLL WITH ARROW Allow scrolling the focused object with arrow keys
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE If scroll snap is enabled on the parent it can snap to this object
- LV OBJ FLAG PRESS LOCK Keep the object pressed even if the press slid from the object
- LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE Propagate the events to the parent too
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_GESTURE_BUBBLE Propagate the gestures to the parent
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_ADV_HITTEST Allow performing more accurate hit (click) test. E.g. accounting for rounded corners
- LV OBJ FLAG IGNORE LAYOUT Make the object positionable by the layouts
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_FL0ATING Do not scroll the object when the parent scrolls and ignore layout
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_0VERFL0W_VISIBLE Do not clip the children's content to the parent's boundary
- LV OBJ FLAG LAYOUT 1 Custom flag, free to use by layouts
- LV OBJ FLAG LAYOUT 2 Custom flag, free to use by layouts
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_WIDGET_1 Custom flag, free to use by widget
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_WIDGET_2 Custom flag, free to use by widget

- LV OBJ FLAG USER 1 Custom flag, free to use by user
- LV OBJ FLAG USER 2 Custom flag, free to use by user
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_USER_3 Custom flag, free to use by user
- LV_0BJ_FLAG_USER_4 Custom flag, free to use by user

Some examples:

```
/*Hide on object*/
lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);

/*Make an object non-clickable*/
lv_obj_clear_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE);
```

Groups

Read the *Input devices overview* to learn more about *Groups*.

Objects are added to a *group* with lv_group_add_obj(group, obj), and you can use lv obj get group(obj) to see which group an object belongs to.

lv_obj_is_focused(obj) returns if the object is currently focused on its group or not. If the object is not added to a group, false will be returned.

Extended click area

By default, the objects can be clicked only within their bounding area. However, this can be extended with lv_obj_set_ext_click_area(obj, size).

6.1.2 Events

- LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED when the LV_0BJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE flag is enabled and the object clicked (on transition to/from the checked state)
- LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END is sent for the following types:
 - LV OBJ DRAW PART RECTANGLE The main rectangle
 - * part: LV PART MAIN
 - * rect_dsc
 - * draw area: the area of the rectangle
 - LV OBJ DRAW PART BORDER POST The border if the border post style property is true
 - * part: LV PART MAIN
 - * rect dsc
 - * draw_area: the area of the rectangle
 - LV_0BJ_DRAW_PART_SCR0LLBAR the scrollbars
 - * part: LV PART SCROLLBAR
 - * rect dsc
 - * draw area: the area of the rectangle

Learn more about *Events*.

6.1.3 Keys

If LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE is enabled, LV_KEY_RIGHT and LV_KEY_UP make the object checked, and LV_KEY_LEFT and LV_KEY_DOWN make it unchecked.

If LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLLABLE is enabled, but the object is not editable (as declared by the widget class), the arrow keys (LV_KEY_UP, LV_KEY_DOWN, LV_KEY_LEFT, LV_KEY_RIGHT) scroll the object. If the object can only scroll vertically, LV_KEY_LEFT and LV_KEY_RIGHT will scroll up/down instead, making it compatible with an encoder input device. See *Input devices overview* for more on encoder behaviors and the edit mode.

Learn more about Keys.

6.1.4 Example

Base objects with custom styles

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES
void lv_example_obj_1(void)
    lv obj t * obj1;
    obj1 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj1, 100, 50);
    lv obj align(obj1, LV ALIGN CENTER, -60, -30);
    static lv style t style shadow;
    lv_style_init(&style_shadow);
    lv style set shadow width(&style shadow, 10);
    lv style set shadow spread(&style shadow, 5);
    lv_style set_shadow_color(&style shadow, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_obj_t * obj2;
    obj2 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj add style(obj2, &style shadow, 0);
    lv_obj_align(obj2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 60, 30);
#endif
```

```
obj1 = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj1.set_size(100, 50)
obj1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -60, -30)

style_shadow = lv.style_t()
style_shadow.init()
style_shadow.set_shadow_width(10)
style_shadow.set_shadow_spread(5)
style_shadow.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))

obj2 = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj2.add_style(style_shadow, 0)
obj2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 60, 30)
```

Make an object draggable

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void drag_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
   lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
   lv_indev_t * indev = lv_indev_get_act();
   if(indev == NULL) return;
    lv_point_t vect;
   lv_indev_get_vect(indev, &vect);
    lv_coord_t x = lv_obj_get_x(obj) + vect.x;
    lv_coord_t y = lv_obj_get_y(obj) + vect.y;
    lv_obj_set_pos(obj, x, y);
}
* Make an object dragable.
void lv_example_obj_2(void)
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 150, 100);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, drag_event_handler, LV_EVENT_PRESSING, NULL);
   lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
   lv_label_set_text(label, "Drag me");
   lv_obj_center(label);
#endif
```

```
def drag_event_handler(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    indev = lv.indev_get_act()

    vect = lv.point_t()
    indev.get_vect(vect)
    x = obj.get_x() + vect.x
    y = obj.get_y() + vect.y
    obj.set_pos(x, y)

#
# Make an object dragable.
#

obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.set_size(150, 100)
```

(continues on next page)

```
obj.add_event_cb(drag_event_handler, lv.EVENT.PRESSING, None)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("Drag me")
label.center()
```

6.1.5 API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint16_t lv_state_t
typedef uint32_t lv_part_t
typedef uint32_t lv_obj_flag_t
typedef struct _lv_obj_t lv_obj_t
```

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Possible states of a widget. OR-ed values are possible

Values:

```
enumerator LV_STATE_DEFAULT
enumerator LV_STATE_CHECKED
enumerator LV_STATE_FOCUSED
enumerator LV_STATE_FOCUS_KEY
enumerator LV_STATE_EDITED
enumerator LV_STATE_HOVERED
enumerator LV_STATE_PRESSED
enumerator LV_STATE_SCROLLED
enumerator LV_STATE_DISABLED
enumerator LV_STATE_USER_1
enumerator LV_STATE_USER_2
enumerator LV_STATE_USER_3
enumerator LV_STATE_USER_4
enumerator LV_STATE_ANY
Special value can be used in some functions to target all states
```

enum [anonymous]

The possible parts of widgets. The parts can be considered as the internal building block of the widgets. E.g. slider = background + indicator + knob Note every part is used by every widget

Values:

enumerator LV PART MAIN

A background like rectangle

enumerator LV_PART_SCROLLBAR

The scrollbar(s)

enumerator LV_PART_INDICATOR

Indicator, e.g. for slider, bar, switch, or the tick box of the checkbox

enumerator LV_PART_KNOB

Like handle to grab to adjust the value

enumerator LV PART SELECTED

Indicate the currently selected option or section

enumerator LV_PART_ITEMS

Used if the widget has multiple similar elements (e.g. table cells)

enumerator LV PART TICKS

Ticks on scale e.g. for a chart or meter

enumerator LV_PART_CURSOR

Mark a specific place e.g. for text area's cursor or on a chart

enumerator LV_PART_CUSTOM_FIRST

Extension point for custom widgets

enumerator LV_PART_ANY

Special value can be used in some functions to target all parts

enum [anonymous]

On/Off features controlling the object's behavior. OR-ed values are possible

Values:

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN

Make the object hidden. (Like it wasn't there at all)

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG CLICKABLE

Make the object clickable by the input devices

enumerator LV_0BJ_FLAG_CLICK_F0CUSABLE

Add focused state to the object when clicked

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG CHECKABLE

Toggle checked state when the object is clicked

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLLABLE

Make the object scrollable

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG SCROLL ELASTIC

Allow scrolling inside but with slower speed

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_MOMENTUM

Make the object scroll further when "thrown"

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG SCROLL ONE

Allow scrolling only one snappable children

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG SCROLL CHAIN HOR

Allow propagating the horizontal scroll to a parent

enumerator LV_0BJ_FLAG_SCR0LL_CHAIN_VER

Allow propagating the vertical scroll to a parent

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG SCROLL ON FOCUS

Automatically scroll object to make it visible when focused

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_WITH_ARROW

Allow scrolling the focused object with arrow keys

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE

If scroll snap is enabled on the parent it can snap to this object

enumerator LV_0BJ_FLAG_PRESS_LOCK

Keep the object pressed even if the press slid from the object

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE

Propagate the events to the parent too

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_GESTURE_BUBBLE

Propagate the gestures to the parent

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG ADV HITTEST

Allow performing more accurate hit (click) test. E.g. consider rounded corners.

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG IGNORE LAYOUT

Make the object position-able by the layouts

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING

Do not scroll the object when the parent scrolls and ignore layout

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_OVERFLOW_VISIBLE

Do not clip the children's content to the parent's boundary

enumerator LV_0BJ_FLAG_LAY0UT_1

Custom flag, free to use by layouts

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG LAYOUT 2

Custom flag, free to use by layouts

enumerator LV_0BJ_FLAG_WIDGET_1

Custom flag, free to use by widget

enumerator LV_OBJ_FLAG_WIDGET_2

Custom flag, free to use by widget

enumerator LV OBJ FLAG USER 1

Custom flag, free to use by user

enumerator LV_0BJ_FLAG_USER_2

Custom flag, free to use by user

enumerator LV_0BJ_FLAG_USER_3

Custom flag, free to use by user

enumerator LV_0BJ_FLAG_USER_4

Custom flag, free to use by user

enum lv_obj_draw_part_type_t

type field in lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t if class_p = lv_obj_class Used in LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END

Values:

enumerator LV_OBJ_DRAW_PART_RECTANGLE

The main rectangle

enumerator LV_OBJ_DRAW_PART_BORDER_POST

The border if style_border_post = true

enumerator LV_OBJ_DRAW_PART_SCROLLBAR

The scrollbar

Functions

void lv init(void)

Initialize LVGL library. Should be called before any other LVGL related function.

void lv_deinit(void)

Deinit the 'lv' library Currently only implemented when not using custom allocators, or GC is enabled.

bool lv is initialized(void)

Returns whether the 'lv' library is currently initialized

lv_obj_t *lv_obj_create(lv_obj_t *parent)

Create a base object (a rectangle)

Parameters parent -- pointer to a parent object. If NULL then a screen will be created.

Returns pointer to the new object

void **lv_obj_add_flag** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_obj_flag_t* f)

Set one or more flags

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- f -- R-ed values from lv obj flag t to set.

Clear one or more flags

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- f -- OR-ed values from lv obj flag t to set.

Add one or more states to the object. The other state bits will remain unchanged. If specified in the styles, transition animation will be started from the previous state to the current.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- state -- the states to add. E.g LV STATE PRESSED | LV STATE FOCUSED

Remove one or more states to the object. The other state bits will remain unchanged. If specified in the styles, transition animation will be started from the previous state to the current.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- state -- the states to add. E.g LV STATE PRESSED | LV STATE FOCUSED

static inline void **lv obj set user data** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, void *user_data)

Set the user_data field of the object

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **user_data** -- pointer to the new user_data.

bool **lv_obj_has_flag** (const *lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_obj_flag_t* f)

Check if a given flag or all the given flags are set on an object.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **f** -- the flag(s) to check (OR-ed values can be used)

Returns true: all flags are set; false: not all flags are set

bool lv obj has flag any (const lv_obj_t *obj, lv_obj_flag_t f)

Check if a given flag or any of the flags are set on an object.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **f** -- the flag(s) to check (OR-ed values can be used)

Returns true: at lest one flag flag is set; false: none of the flags are set

lv_state_t lv_obj_get_state(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the state of an object

Parameters obj -- pointer to an object

Returns the state (OR-ed values from lv state t)

bool **lv_obj_has_state** (const *lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_state_t* state)

Check if the object is in a given state or not.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- state -- a state or combination of states to check

Returns true: obj is in state; false: obj is not in state

void *lv_obj_get_group(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the group of the object

Parameters obj -- pointer to an object

Returns the pointer to group of the object

static inline void ***lv_obj_get_user_data**(*lv_obj_t* *obj)

Get the user_data field of the object

Parameters obj -- pointer to an object

Returns the pointer to the user_data of the object

void lv_obj_allocate_spec_attr(lv_obj_t *obj)

Allocate special data for an object if not allocated yet.

Parameters obj -- pointer to an object

bool **lv_obj_check_type** (const *lv_obj_t* *obj, const lv_obj_class_t *class_p)

Check the type of obj.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- class_p -- a class to check (e.g. lv_slider_class)

Returns true: class p is the obj class.

bool **lv_obj_has_class** (const *lv_obj_t* *obj, const lv_obj_class_t *class_p)

Check if any object has a given class (type). It checks the ancestor classes too.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- class_p -- a class to check (e.g. lv_slider_class)

Returns true: obj has the given class

const lv_obj_class_t *lv_obj_get_class(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the class (type) of the object

Parameters obj -- pointer to an object

Returns the class (type) of the object

bool lv obj is valid(const lv obj t *obj)

Check if any object is still "alive".

Parameters obj -- pointer to an object

Returns true: valid

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_dpx (const lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t n)

Scale the given number of pixels (a distance or size) relative to a 160 DPI display considering the DPI of the obj's display. It ensures that e.g. lv_dpx(100) will have the same physical size regardless to the DPI of the display.

Parameters

- **obj** -- an object whose display's dpi should be considered
- **n** -- the number of pixels to scale

Returns n x current_dpi/160

Variables

const lv_obj_class_t lv_obj_class

Make the base object's class publicly available.

struct _lv_obj_spec_attr_t

#include <lv_obj.h> Special, rarely used attributes. They are allocated automatically if any elements is set.

Public Members

struct *lv obj t* ****children**

Store the pointer of the children in an array.

uint32 t child cnt

Number of children

lv_group_t *group_p

struct _lv_event_dsc_t *event_dsc

Dynamically allocated event callback and user data array

lv_point_t scroll

The current X/Y scroll offset

lv_coord_t ext_click_pad

Extra click padding in all direction

lv_coord_t ext_draw_size

EXTend the size in every direction for drawing.

lv_scrollbar_mode_t scrollbar_mode

How to display scrollbars

lv_scroll_snap_t scroll snap x

Where to align the snappable children horizontally

```
lv_scroll_snap_t scroll_snap_y
          Where to align the snappable children vertically
     lv_dir_t scroll dir
          The allowed scroll direction(s)
     uint8_t event_dsc_cnt
          Number of event callbacks stored in event dsc array
struct _lv_obj_t
     Public Members
     const lv_obj_class_t *class_p
     struct _lv_obj_t *parent
     _lv_obj_spec_attr_t *spec attr
     _lv_obj_style_t *styles
     void *user_data
     lv_area_t coords
     lv_obj_flag_t flags
     lv_state_t state
     uint16_t layout_inv
```

6.2 Core widgets

uint16_t scr_layout_inv

uint16_t skip_trans
uint16_t style_cnt
uint16_t h_layout
uint16_t w_layout

6.2.1 Arc (lv_arc)

Overview

The Arc consists of a background and a foreground arc. The foreground (indicator) can be touch-adjusted.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN Draws a background using the typical background style properties and an arc using the arc style properties. The arc's size and position will respect the *padding* style properties.
- LV_PART_INDICATOR Draws another arc using the *arc* style properties. Its padding values are interpreted relative to the background arc.
- LV_PART_KNOB Draws a handle on the end of the indicator using all background properties and padding values.
 With zero padding the knob size is the same as the indicator's width. Larger padding makes it larger, smaller padding makes it smaller.

Usage

Value and range

A new value can be set using <code>lv_arc_set_value(arc, new_value)</code>. The value is interpreted in a range (minimum and maximum values) which can be modified with <code>lv_arc_set_range(arc, min, max)</code>. The default range is 0..100.

The indicator arc is drawn on the main part's arc. This if the value is set to maximum the indicator arc will cover the entire "background" arc. To set the start and end angle of the background arc use the lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, start angle, end angle) functions or lv arc set bg start/end angle(arc, angle).

Zero degrees is at the middle right (3 o'clock) of the object and the degrees are increasing in clockwise direction. The angles should be in the [0;360] range.

Rotation

An offset to the 0 degree position can be added with lv arc set rotation(arc, deg).

Mode

The arc can be one of the following modes:

- LV_ARC_MODE_NORMAL The indicator arc is drawn from the minimum value to the current.
- LV ARC MODE REVERSE The indicator arc is drawn counter-clockwise from the maximum value to the current.
- LV ARC MODE SYMMETRICAL The indicator arc is drawn from the middle point to the current value.

The mode can be set by <code>lv_arc_set_mode(arc, LV_ARC_MODE_...)</code> and used only if the angle is set by <code>lv_arc_set_value()</code> or the arc is adjusted by finger.

Change rate

If the arc is pressed the current value will set with a limited speed according to the set *change rate*. The change rate is defined in degree/second unit and can be set with lv_arc_set_change_rage(arc, rate)

Setting the indicator manually

It's also possible to set the angles of the indicator arc directly with <code>lv_arc_set_angles(arc, start_angle, end_angle)</code> function or <code>lv_arc_set_start/end_angle(arc, start_angle)</code>. In this case the set "value" and "mode" are ignored.

In other words, the angle and value settings are independent. You should exclusively use one or the other. Mixing the two might result in unintended behavior.

To make the arc non-adjustable, remove the style of the knob and make the object non-clickable:

```
lv_obj_remove_style(arc, NULL, LV_PART_KNOB);
lv_obj_clear_flag(arc, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE);
```

Advanced hit test

If the LV_OBJ_FLAG_ADV_HITTEST flag is enabled the arc can be clicked through in the middle. Clicks are recognized only on the ring of the background arc. $lv_obj_set_ext_click_size()$ makes the sensitive area larger inside and outside with the given number of pixels.

Events

- LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED sent when the arc is pressed/dragged to set a new value.
- LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END are sent with the following types:
 - LV ARC_DRAW_PART_BACKGROUND The background arc.
 - * part: LV PART MAIN
 - * p1: center of the arc
 - * radius: radius of the arc
 - * arc_dsc
 - LV ARC_DRAW_PART_FOREGROUND The foreground arc.
 - * part: LV PART INDICATOR
 - * p1: center of the arc
 - * radius: radius of the arc
 - * arc dsc
 - LV_ARC_DRAW_PART_KNOB The knob
 - * part: LV PART KNOB
 - * draw_area: the area of the knob
 - * rect dsc:

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

- LV_KEY_RIGHT/UP Increases the value by one.
- LV_KEY_LEFT/DOWN Decreases the value by one.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Arc

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"

#if LV_USE_ARC && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_arc_1(void)
{
    /*Create an Arc*/
    lv_obj_t * arc = lv_arc_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(arc, 150, 150);
    lv_arc_set_rotation(arc, 135);
    lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, 0, 270);
    lv_arc_set_value(arc, 40);
    lv_obj_center(arc);
}

#endif
```

```
# Create an Arc
arc = lv.arc(lv.scr_act())
arc.set_end_angle(200)
arc.set_size(150, 150)
arc.center()
```

Loader with Arc

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"

#if LV_USE_ARC && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_angle(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_arc_set_value(obj, v);
}

/**
    * Create an arc which acts as a loader.
    */
void lv_example_arc_2(void)
{
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Create an Arc*/
 lv_obj_t * arc = lv_arc_create(lv_scr_act());
 lv_arc_set_rotation(arc, 270);
 lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, 0, 360);
 lv_obj_remove_style(arc, NULL, LV_PART_KNOB); /*Be sure the knob is not_
→displayed*/
 lv obj clear flag(arc, LV OBJ FLAG CLICKABLE); /*To not allow adjusting by click*/
 lv_obj_center(arc);
 lv_anim_t a;
 lv_anim_init(&a);
 lv_anim_set_var(&a, arc);
 lv anim set exec cb(\&a, set angle);
 lv anim set time(\&a, 1000);
 lv anim set repeat count(&a, LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE); /*Just for the demo*/
 lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 500);
 lv\_anim\_set\_values(\&a, 0, 100);
 lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
# An `lv timer` to call periodically to set the angles of the arc
class ArcLoader():
    def __init__(self):
        self.a = 270
    def arc_loader_cb(self,tim,arc):
        # print(tim,arc)
        self.a += 5
        arc.set_end_angle(self.a)
        if self.a >= 270 + 360:
            tim._del()
# Create an arc which acts as a loader.
# Create an Arc
arc = lv.arc(lv.scr act())
arc.set bg angles (0, 360)
arc.set angles(270, 270)
arc.center()
# create the loader
arc loader = ArcLoader()
# Create an `lv timer` to update the arc.
```

(continues on next page)

```
timer = lv.timer_create_basic()
timer.set_period(20)
timer.set_cb(lambda src: arc_loader.arc_loader_cb(timer,arc))
```

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_arc_mode_t
```

Enums

```
enum [anonymous]

Values:
```

```
enumerator LV_ARC_MODE_NORMAL
enumerator LV_ARC_MODE_SYMMETRICAL
enumerator LV_ARC_MODE_REVERSE
```

enum lv_arc_draw_part_type_t

type field in lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t if class_p = lv_arc_class Used in LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END

Values:

```
enumerator LV_ARC_DRAW_PART_BACKGROUND
```

The background arc

enumerator LV_ARC_DRAW_PART_FOREGROUND

The foreground arc

enumerator LV_ARC_DRAW_PART_KNOB
The knob

Functions

```
lv\_obj\_t *lv\_arc\_create(lv\_obj\_t *parent)
```

Create an arc object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new arc

Returns pointer to the created arc

```
void lv_arc_set_start_angle(lv_obj_t *arc, uint16_t start)
```

Set the start angle of an arc. 0 deg: right, 90 bottom, etc.

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to an arc object
- **start** -- the start angle

void **lv_arc_set_end_angle**(lv_obj_t *arc, uint16_t end)

Set the end angle of an arc. 0 deg: right, 90 bottom, etc.

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to an arc object
- end -- the end angle

void **lv_arc_set_angles** (*lv_obj_t* *arc, uint16_t start, uint16_t end)

Set the start and end angles

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to an arc object
- start -- the start angle
- end -- the end angle

void **lv_arc_set_bg_start_angle** (*lv_obj_t* *arc, uint16_t start)

Set the start angle of an arc background. 0 deg: right, 90 bottom, etc.

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to an arc object
- **start** -- the start angle

void **lv_arc_set_bg_end_angle** (*lv_obj_t* *arc, uint16_t end)

Set the start angle of an arc background. 0 deg: right, 90 bottom etc.

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to an arc object
- end -- the end angle

void lv_arc_set_bg_angles (lv_obj_t *arc, uint16_t start, uint16_t end)

Set the start and end angles of the arc background

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to an arc object
- **start** -- the start angle
- end -- the end angle

void **lv_arc_set_rotation** (*lv_obj_t* *arc, uint16_t rotation)

Set the rotation for the whole arc

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to an arc object
- rotation -- rotation angle

void lv_arc_set_mode(lv_obj_t *arc, lv_arc_mode_t type)

Set the type of arc.

Parameters

• arc -- pointer to arc object

• mode -- arc's mode

void lv_arc_set_value(lv_obj_t *arc, int16_t value)

Set a new value on the arc

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to an arc object
- value -- new value

void lv_arc_set_range(lv_obj_t *arc, int16_t min, int16_t max)

Set minimum and the maximum values of an arc

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to the arc object
- min -- minimum value
- max -- maximum value

void lv_arc_set_change_rate(lv_obj_t *arc, uint16_t rate)

Set a change rate to limit the speed how fast the arc should reach the pressed point.

Parameters

- arc -- pointer to an arc object
- rate -- the change rate

uint16_t lv_arc_get_angle_start(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the start angle of an arc.

Parameters arc -- pointer to an arc object

Returns the start angle [0..360]

uint16_t lv_arc_get_angle_end(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the end angle of an arc.

Parameters arc -- pointer to an arc object

Returns the end angle [0..360]

uint16_t lv_arc_get_bg_angle_start(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the start angle of an arc background.

Parameters arc -- pointer to an arc object

Returns the start angle [0..360]

uint16_t lv_arc_get_bg_angle_end(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the end angle of an arc background.

Parameters arc -- pointer to an arc object

Returns the end angle [0..360]

int16_t lv_arc_get_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the value of an arc

Parameters arc -- pointer to an arc object

Returns the value of the arc

int16_t lv_arc_get_min_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the minimum value of an arc

Parameters arc -- pointer to an arc object

Returns the minimum value of the arc

Get the maximum value of an arc

Parameters arc -- pointer to an arc object

Returns the maximum value of the arc

Get whether the arc is type or not.

Parameters arc -- pointer to an arc object

Returns arc's mode

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_arc_class
struct lv_arc_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
uint16_t rotation
uint16_t indic_angle_start
uint16_t indic_angle_end
uint16_t bg_angle_start
uint16_t bg_angle_end
int16_t value
int16_t min_value
int16_t dragging
uint16_t type
uint16_t min_close
uint16_t chg_rate
uint32_t last_tick
int16_t last_angle
```

6.2.2 Bar (lv_bar)

Overview

The bar object has a background and an indicator on it. The width of the indicator is set according to the current value of the bar.

Vertical bars can be created if the width of the object is smaller than its height.

Not only the end, but also the start value of the bar can be set, which changes the start position of the indicator.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN The background of the bar and it uses the typical background style properties. Adding padding makes the indicator smaller or larger. The anim_time style property sets the animation time if the values set with LV_ANIM_ON.
- LV_PART_INDICATOR The indicator itself; also uses all the typical background properties.

Usage

Value and range

A new value can be set by <code>lv_bar_set_value(bar, new_value, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)</code>. The value is interpreted in a range (minimum and maximum values) which can be modified with <code>lv_bar_set_range(bar, min, max)</code>. The default range is 0..100.

The new value in $lv_bar_set_value$ can be set with or without an animation depending on the last parameter (LV ANIM ON/OFF).

Modes

The bar can be one of the following modes:

- LV BAR MODE NORMAL A normal bar as described above
- LV_BAR_MODE_SYMMETRICAL Draw the indicator from the zero value to current value. Requires a negative minimum range and positive maximum range.
- LV_BAR_MODE_RANGE Allows setting the start value too by lv_bar_set_start_value(bar, new_value, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF). The start value always has to be smaller than the end value.

Events

- LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN and LV EVENT DRAW PART END are sent for the following parts:
 - LV_BAR_DRAW_PART_INDICATOR The indicator of the bar
 - * part: LV PART INDICATOR
 - * draw area: area of the indicator
 - * rect dsc

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

No Keys are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Bar

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_bar_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * bar1 = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(bar1, 200, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar1);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar1, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}
#endif
#endif
```

```
bar1 = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar1.set_size(200, 20)
bar1.center()
bar1.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

Styling a bar

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BAR && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Example of styling the bar
void lv_example_bar_2(void)
    static lv_style_t style_bg;
    static lv_style_t style_indic;
    lv_style_init(&style_bg);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_bg, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_bg, 2);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_bg, 6); /*To make the indicator smaller*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_bg, 6);
    lv_style_set_anim_time(&style_bg, 1000);
   lv style init(&style indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indic, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_indic, 3);
```

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```
lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_remove_style_all(bar); /*To have a clean start*/
lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_bg, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

lv_obj_set_size(bar, 200, 20);
lv_obj_center(bar);
lv_bar_set_value(bar, 100, LV_ANIM_ON);
}
#endif
```

```
# Example of styling the bar
style bg = lv.style t()
style_indic = lv.style_t()
style bg.init()
style_bg.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_bg.set_border_width(2)
style_bg.set_pad_all(6)
                                  # To make the indicator smaller
style_bg.set_radius(6)
style_bg.set_anim_time(1000)
style indic.init()
style indic.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style indic.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_indic.set_radius(3)
bar = lv.bar(lv.scr act())
bar.remove style all() # To have a clean start
bar.add_style(style_bg, 0)
bar.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
bar.set_size(200, 20)
bar.center()
bar.set value(100, lv.ANIM.ON)
```

Temperature meter

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_temp(void * bar, int32_t temp)
{
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, temp, LV_ANIM_ON);
}

/**
    * A temperature meter example
    */
```

(continues on next page)

```
void lv example bar 3(void)
    static lv_style_t style_indic;
    lv style init(&style indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indic, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv style set bg color(&style indic, lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_indic, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);
    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv obj set size(bar, 20, 200);
    lv obj center(bar);
    lv bar set range(bar, -20, 40);
    lv_anim_t a;
    lv anim init(\&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_temp);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, bar);
    lv_anim_set_values(\&a, -20, 40);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_start(\&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def set temp(bar, temp):
    bar.set value(temp, lv.ANIM.ON)
# A temperature meter example
style indic = lv.style t()
style indic.init()
style indic.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style indic.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style indic.set bg grad dir(lv.GRAD DIR.VER)
bar = lv.bar(lv.scr act())
bar.add style(style indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
bar.set size(20, 200)
bar.center()
bar.set_range(-20, 40)
a = lv.anim t()
a.init()
a.set time(3000)
a.set playback time(3000)
```

(continues on next page)

```
a.set_var(bar)
a.set_values(-20, 40)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: set_temp(bar,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)
```

Stripe pattern and range value

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
* Bar with stripe pattern and ranged value
void lv_example_bar_4(void)
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_skew_strip);
   static lv_style_t style_indic;
    lv style init(&style indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_src(&style_indic, &img_skew_strip);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_tiled(&style_indic, true);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_opa(&style_indic, LV_OPA_30);
   lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
   lv obj add style(bar, &style indic, LV PART INDICATOR);
   lv_obj_set_size(bar, 260, 20);
   lv_obj_center(bar);
   lv_bar_set_mode(bar, LV_BAR_MODE_RANGE);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, 90, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv bar set start value(bar, 20, LV ANIM OFF);
}
#endif
```

```
"data": icon_data,
            "data_size": len(icon_data),
        }
    )
    return icon_dsc
# Bar with stripe pattern and ranged value
img_skew_strip_dsc = get_icon("img_skew_strip",80,20)
style indic = lv.style t()
style indic.init()
style indic.set bg img src(img skew strip dsc)
style_indic.set_bg_img_tiled(True)
style_indic.set_bg_img_opa(lv.OPA._30)
bar = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar.add style(style indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
bar.set size(260, 20)
bar.center()
bar.set_mode(lv.bar.MODE.RANGE)
bar.set_value(90, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar.set start value(20, lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

Bar with LTR and RTL base direction

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Bar with LTR and RTL base direction
    */
void lv_example_bar_5(void)
{
        lv_obj_t * bar_ltr = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
        lv_obj_set_size(bar_ltr, 200, 20);
        lv_bar_set_value(bar_ltr, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
        lv_obj_align(bar_ltr, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -30);

        label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
        lv_label_set_text(label, "Left to Right base direction");
        lv_obj_align_to(label, bar_ltr, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);

        lv_obj_t * bar_rtl = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
        lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(bar_rtl, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_set_size(bar_rtl, 200, 20);
lv_bar_set_value(bar_rtl, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
lv_obj_align(bar_rtl, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 30);

label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_label_set_text(label, "Right to Left base direction");
lv_obj_align_to(label, bar_rtl, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);

#endif
#endif
```

```
# Bar with LTR and RTL base direction
bar ltr = lv.bar(lv.scr act())
bar_ltr.set_size(200, 20)
bar_ltr.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar ltr.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -30)
label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label.set text("Left to Right base direction")
label.align_to(bar_ltr, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)
bar_rtl = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar rtl.set style base dir(lv.BASE DIR.RTL,0)
bar_rtl.set_size(200, 20)
bar rtl.set value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar rtl.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 30)
label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label.set text("Right to Left base direction")
label.align_to(bar_rtl, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)
```

Custom drawer to show the current value

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_value(void *bar, int32_t v)
{
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, v, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
    if(dsc->part != LV_PART_INDICATOR) return;
    lv_obj_t * obj= lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.font = LV_FONT_DEFAULT;
```

(continues on next page)

```
char buf[8];
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d", (int)lv_bar_get_value(obj));
    lv point t txt size;
    lv_txt_get_size(&txt_size, buf, label_dsc.font, label_dsc.letter_space, label_dsc.
→line space, LV COORD MAX, label dsc.flag);
   lv_area_t txt_area;
    /*If the indicator is long enough put the text inside on the right*/
    if(lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) > txt_size.x + 20) {
        txt area.x2 = dsc->draw area->x2 - 5;
        txt area.x1 = txt area.x2 - txt size.x + 1;
        label dsc.color = lv color white();
   /*If the indicator is still short put the text out of it on the right*/
   else {
        txt area.x1 = dsc->draw area->x2 + 5;
        txt_area.x2 = txt_area.x1 + txt_size.x - 1;
        label dsc.color = lv color black();
    txt_area.y1 = dsc->draw_area->y1 + (lv_area_get_height(dsc->draw_area) - txt_size.
y) / 2;
   txt area.y2 = txt area.y1 + txt size.y - 1;
    lv draw label(dsc->draw ctx, &label dsc, &txt area, buf, NULL);
}
/**
* Custom drawer on the bar to display the current value
void lv example bar 6(void)
    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(bar, event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 200, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar);
   lv anim t a;
    lv anim init(&a);
    lv anim set var(\&a, bar);
    lv_anim_set_values(\&a, 0, 100);
   lv anim set exec cb(&a, set value);
   lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);
    lv anim set playback time(\&a, 2000);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv anim start(\&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def set_value(bar, v):
   bar.set_value(v, lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

(continues on next page)

```
def event cb(e):
   dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if dsc.part != lv.PART.INDICATOR:
        return
   obj= e.get_target()
    label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
    label_dsc.init()
   # label_dsc.font = LV_FONT_DEFAULT;
   value_txt = str(obj.get_value())
    txt size = lv.point t()
    lv.txt get size(txt size, value txt, label dsc.font, label dsc.letter space,,
→label dsc.line space, lv.COORD.MAX, label dsc.flag)
   txt_area = lv.area_t()
    # If the indicator is long enough put the text inside on the right
    if dsc.draw_area.get_width() > txt_size.x + 20:
        txt area.x2 = dsc.draw area.x2 - 5
        txt_area.x1 = txt_area.x2 - txt_size.x + 1
        label dsc.color = lv.color_white()
    # If the indicator is still short put the text out of it on the right*/
   else:
        txt area.x1 = dsc.draw area.x2 + 5
        txt area.x2 = txt area.x1 + txt size.x - 1
        label_dsc.color = lv.color_black()
    txt_area.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + (dsc.draw_area.get_height() - txt_size.y) // 2
    txt_area.y2 = txt_area.y1 + txt_size.y - 1
   dsc.draw_ctx.label(label_dsc, txt_area, value_txt, None)
# Custom drawer on the bar to display the current value
bar = lv.bar(lv.scr act())
bar.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END, None)
bar.set size(200, 20)
bar.center()
a = lv.anim t()
a.init()
a.set_var(bar)
a.set values(0, 100)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(bar,val))
a.set_time(2000)
a.set_playback_time(2000)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim t.start(a)
```

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_bar_mode_t
```

Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
    Values:

enumerator LV_BAR_MODE_NORMAL
enumerator LV_BAR_MODE_SYMMETRICAL
enumerator LV_BAR_MODE_RANGE
enum lv_bar_draw_part_type_t
    type field in lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t if class_p = lv_bar_class Used in LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END
    Values:
    enumerator LV_BAR_DRAW_PART_INDICATOR
```

Functions

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new bar

Returns pointer to the created bar

```
void lv_bar_set_value (lv_obj_t *obj, int32_t value, lv_anim_enable_t anim)
```

Set a new value on the bar

The indicator

Parameters

- bar -- pointer to a bar object
- value -- new value
- anim -- LV_ANIM_ON: set the value with an animation; LV_ANIM_OFF: change the value immediately

```
void lv_bar_set_start_value(lv_obj_t *obj, int32_t start_value, lv_anim_enable_t anim)
```

Set a new start value on the bar

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a bar object
- value -- new start value
- anim -- LV_ANIM_ON: set the value with an animation; LV_ANIM_OFF: change the value immediately

void lv bar set range (\(\luber obj_t \times obj, \) int32_t min, int32_t max)

Set minimum and the maximum values of a bar

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to the bar object
- min -- minimum value
- max -- maximum value

void lv_bar_set_mode(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_bar_mode_t mode)

Set the type of bar.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to bar object
- **mode** -- bar type from ::lv_bar_mode_t

int32_t lv_bar_get_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the value of a bar

Parameters obj -- pointer to a bar object

Returns the value of the bar

int32_t lv_bar_get_start_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the start value of a bar

Parameters obj -- pointer to a bar object

Returns the start value of the bar

int32_t lv_bar_get_min_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the minimum value of a bar

Parameters obj -- pointer to a bar object

Returns the minimum value of the bar

int32_t lv_bar_get_max_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the maximum value of a bar

Parameters obj -- pointer to a bar object

Returns the maximum value of the bar

lv_bar_mode_t lv_bar_get_mode(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the type of bar.

Parameters obj -- pointer to bar object

Returns bar type from ::lv_bar_mode_t

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_bar_class
struct _lv_bar_anim_t
     Public Members
     lv_obj_t *bar
     int32\_t anim_start
     int32_t anim_end
     int32_t anim_state
struct lv_bar_t
     Public Members
     lv_obj_t obj
     int32_t cur_value
          Current value of the bar
     int32_t min_value
          Minimum value of the bar
     int32_t max_value
          Maximum value of the bar
     int32_t start_value
          Start value of the bar
     lv_area_t indic_area
          Save the indicator area. Might be used by derived types
     _lv_bar_anim_t cur_value_anim
     _lv_bar_anim_t start_value_anim
```

6.2.3 Button (lv btn)

Overview

Buttons have no new features compared to the *Base object*. They are useful for semantic purposes and have slightly different default settings.

Buttons, by default, differ from Base object in the following ways:

- · Not scrollable
- Added to the default group
- Default height and width set to LV_SIZE_CONTENT

Parts and Styles

• LV PART MAIN The background of the button. Uses the typical background style properties.

Usage

There are no new features compared to Base object.

Events

• LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED when the LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE flag is enabled and the object is clicked. The event happens on transition to/from the checked state.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

Note that the state of LV KEY ENTER is translated to LV EVENT PRESSED/PRESSING/RELEASED etc.

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Buttons

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked");
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
```

(continues on next page)

```
LV LOG USER("Toggled");
    }
}
void lv_example_btn_1(void)
    lv obj t * label;
    lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(btn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -40);
    label = lv label create(btn1);
    lv label set text(label, "Button");
    lv obj center(label);
    lv_obj_t * btn2 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj add event cb(btn2, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(btn2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 40);
    lv obj add flag(btn2, LV OBJ FLAG CHECKABLE);
    lv obj set height(btn2, LV SIZE CONTENT);
    label = lv_label_create(btn2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Toggle");
    lv_obj_center(label);
#endif
```

```
def event handler(evt):
    code = evt.get code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
            print("Clicked event seen")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
        print("Value changed seen")
# create a simple button
btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
# attach the callback
btn1.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -40)
label=lv.label(btn1)
label.set text("Button")
# create a toggle button
btn2 = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
# attach the callback
#btn2.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED,None)
btn2.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 40)
btn2.add flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CHECKABLE)
btn2.set height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
```

(continues on next page)

```
label=lv.label(btn2)
label.set_text("Toggle")
label.center()
```

Styling buttons

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BTN && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Style a button from scratch
void lv example btn 2(void)
   /*Init the style for the default state*/
    static lv style t style;
   lv_style_init(&style);
   lv style set radius(&style, 3);
    lv style set bg opa(&style, LV OPA 100);
    lv_style set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 2));
    lv style set bg grad dir(&style, LV GRAD DIR VER);
   lv style set border opa(&style, LV OPA 40);
    lv style set border width(&style, 2);
   lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv style set shadow width(&style, 8);
    lv\_style\_set\_shadow\_color(\&style, lv\_palette\_main(LV PALETTE GREY));
    lv style set shadow ofs y(&style, 8);
    lv style set outline opa(&style, LV OPA COVER);
    lv_style_set_outline_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style, lv_color_white());
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 10);
   /*Init the pressed style*/
    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
   /*Add a large outline when pressed*/
    lv style set outline width(&style pr, 30);
    lv_style_set_outline_opa(&style_pr, LV_OPA_TRANSP);
    lv_style_set_translate_y(&style_pr, 5);
    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style_pr, 3);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 2));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 4));
    /*Add a transition to the outline*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
static lv style transition dsc t trans;
    static lv style prop t props[] = {LV STYLE OUTLINE WIDTH, LV STYLE OUTLINE OPA, 0}
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 300, 0, NULL);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &trans);
    lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr act());
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(btn1);
                                                            /*Remove the style coming.
→ from the theme*/
   lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv obj set size(btn1, LV SIZE CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
    lv_obj_center(btn1);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
    lv obj center(label);
#endif
```

```
# Style a button from scratch
# Init the style for the default state
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
style.set radius(3)
style.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set bg grad color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 2))
style.set bg grad dir(lv.GRAD DIR.VER)
style.set border opa(lv.OPA. 40)
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set border color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style.set shadow width(8)
style.set shadow color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style.set shadow ofs y(8)
style.set outline opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set outline color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set text color(lv.color white())
style.set pad all(10)
# Init the pressed style
style pr = lv.style t()
style_pr.init()
# Add a large outline when pressed
style pr.set outline width(30)
```

(continues on next page)

```
style pr.set outline opa(lv.OPA.TRANSP)
style_pr.set_translate_y(5)
style_pr.set_shadow_ofs_y(3)
style pr.set bg color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 2))
style_pr.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 4))
# Add a transition to the outline
trans = lv.style transition dsc t()
props = [lv.STYLE.OUTLINE_WIDTH, lv.STYLE.OUTLINE_OPA, 0]
trans.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 300, 0, None)
style pr.set transition(trans)
btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
btn1.remove style all()
                                                  # Remove the style coming from the...

→ theme

btn1.add style(style, 0)
btn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn1.set size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
btn1.center()
label = lv.label(btn1)
label.set_text("Button")
label.center()
```

Gummy button

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_BTN
* Create a style transition on a button to act like a gum when clicked
void lv_example_btn_3(void)
    /*Properties to transition*/
    static lv_style_prop_t props[] = {
            LV STYLE TRANSFORM WIDTH, LV STYLE TRANSFORM HEIGHT, LV STYLE TEXT LETTER
⇒SPACE, 0
    };
    /*Transition descriptor when going back to the default state.
     *Add some delay to be sure the press transition is visible even if the press was,
→very short*/
    static lv style transition dsc t transition dsc def;
    lv style transition dsc init(&transition dsc def, props, lv anim path overshoot,
→250, 100, NULL);
    /*Transition descriptor when going to pressed state.
     *No delay, go to presses state immediately*/
    static lv style transition dsc t transition dsc pr;
    lv style transition dsc init(&transition dsc pr, props, lv anim path ease in out,...
 \rightarrow 250, 0, NULL);
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
/*Add only the new transition to he default state*/
    static lv_style_t style_def;
    lv_style_init(&style_def);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &transition_dsc_def);
    /*Add the transition and some transformation to the presses state.*/
    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
    lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pr, 10);
    lv_style_set_transform_height(&style_pr, -10);
    lv_style_set_text_letter_space(&style_pr, 10);
    lv style set transition(&style pr, &transition dsc pr);
    lv obj t * btn1 = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    lv obj align(btn1, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, -80);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_def, 0);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(btn1);
    lv label set text(label, "Gum");
#endif
```

```
# Create a style transition on a button to act like a gum when clicked
#
# Properties to transition
props = [lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM WIDTH, lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM HEIGHT, lv.STYLE.TEXT LETTER
→SPACE, 01
# Transition descriptor when going back to the default state.
# Add some delay to be sure the press transition is visible even if the press was,
→very short*/
transition_dsc_def = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
transition dsc def.init(props, lv.anim t.path overshoot, 250, 100, None)
# Transition descriptor when going to pressed state.
# No delay, go to pressed state immediately
transition dsc pr = lv.style transition dsc t()
transition dsc pr.init(props, lv.anim t.path ease in out, 250, 0, None)
# Add only the new transition to the default state
style def = lv.style t()
style def.init()
style def.set transition(transition dsc def)
# Add the transition and some transformation to the presses state.
style pr = lv.style t()
style pr.init()
style pr.set transform width(10)
style_pr.set_transform_height(-10)
style pr.set text letter space(10)
style pr.set transition(transition dsc pr)
```

(continues on next page)

```
btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -80)
btn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn1.add_style(style_def, 0)

label = lv.label(btn1)
label.set_text("Gum")
```

API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_btn_create(lv_obj_t *parent)

Create a button object
```

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new button

Returns pointer to the created button

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_btn_class
struct lv_btn_t

Public Members

lv_obj_t obj
```

6.2.4 Button matrix (Iv_btnmatrix)

Overview

The Button Matrix object is a lightweight way to display multiple buttons in rows and columns. Lightweight because the buttons are not actually created but just virtually drawn on the fly. This way, one button use only eight extra bytes of memory instead of the $\sim 100-150$ bytes a normal *Button* object plus the 100 or so bytes for the *Label* object.

The Button matrix is added to the default group (if one is set). Besides the Button matrix is an editable object to allow selecting and clicking the buttons with encoder navigation too.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN The background of the button matrix, uses the typical background style properties. pad_row and pad_column sets the space between the buttons.
- LV_PART_ITEMS The buttons all use the text and typical background style properties except translations and transformations.

Usage

Button's text

There is a text on each button. To specify them a descriptor string array, called map, needs to be used. The map can be set with $v_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm, my_map)$. The declaration of a map should look like const char * map[] = {"btn1", "btn2", "btn3", NULL}. Note that the last element has to be either NULL or an empty string ("")!

Use "\n" in the map to insert a **line break**. E.g. {"btn1", "btn2", "\n", "btn3", ""}. Each line's buttons have their width calculated automatically. So in the example the first row will have 2 buttons each with 50% width and a second row with 1 button having 100% width.

Control buttons

The buttons' width can be set relative to the other button the with in same lv btnmatrix set btn width(btnm, btn id, width) E.g. in a line with two buttons: btnA, width = 1 and btnB, width = 2, btnA will have 33 % width and btnB will have 66 % width. It's similar to how the flex-grow property works in CSS. The width must be in the [1..7] range and the default width is 1.

In addition to the width, each button can be customized with the following parameters:

- LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_HIDDEN Makes a button hidden (hidden buttons still take up space in the layout, they are just not visible or clickable)
- LV BTNMATRIX CTRL NO REPEAT Disable repeating when the button is long pressed
- LV BTNMATRIX CTRL DISABLED Makes a button disabled Like LV STATE DISABLED on normal objects
- LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE Enable toggling of a button. I.e. LV_STATE_CHECHED will be added/removed as the button is clicked
- LV BTNMATRIX CTRL CHECKED Make the button checked. It will use the LV STATE CHECHKED styles.
- LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CLICK_TRIG Enabled: send LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGE on CLICK, Disabled: send LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGE on PRESS
- LV BTNMATRIX CTRL POPOVER Show the button label in a popover when pressing this key
- LV BTNMATRIX CTRL RECOLOR Enable recoloring of button texts with #. E.g. "It's #ff0000 red#"
- LV BTNMATRIX CTRL CUSTOM 1 Custom free to use flag
- LV BTNMATRIX CTRL CUSTOM 2 Custom free to use flag

By default, all flags are disabled.

To set or clear a button's control attribute, use lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm, btn_id, LV_BTNM_CTRL_...) and lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, btn_id, LV BTNMATRIX CTRL ...) respectively. More LV BTNM CTRL ... values can be OR-ed

To set/clear the same control attribute for all buttons of a button matrix, use lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl_all(btnm, LV_BTNM_CTRL_...) and lv btnmatrix clear btn ctrl all(btnm, LV BTNMATRIX CTRL ...).

The set a control map for a button matrix (similarly to the map for the text), use $v_btnmatrix_set_ctrl_map(btnm, ctrl_map)$. An element of $ctrl_map$ should look like $ctrl_map[0] = width | LV_BTNM_CTRL_NO_REPEAT | LV_BTNM_CTRL_CHECHKABLE$. The number of elements should be equal to the number of buttons (excluding newlines characters).

One check

The "One check" feature can be enabled with <code>lv_btnmatrix_set_one_checked(btnm, true)</code> to allow only one button to be checked at a time.

Events

- LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent when a button is pressed/released or repeated after long press. The event parameter is set to the ID of the pressed/released button.
- LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN and LV EVENT DRAW PART END are sent for the following types:
 - LV BTNMATRIX_DRAW_PART_BTN The individual buttons.
 - * part: LV_PART_ITEMS
 - * id:index of the button being drawn
 - * draw area: the area of teh button
 - * rect dsc

See the events of the Base object too.

lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(btnm) returns the index of the most recently released or focused button
or LV_BTNMATRIX_BTN_NONE if no such button.

lv_btnmatrix_get_btn_text(btnm, btn_id) returns a pointer to the text of btn_idth button.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

- LV_KEY_RIGHT/UP/LEFT/RIGHT To navigate among the buttons to select one
- LV KEY ENTER To press/release the selected button

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Button matrix

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BTNMATRIX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED) {
       uint32_t id = lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj);
       const char * txt = lv btnmatrix get btn text(obj, id);
       LV_LOG_USER("%s was pressed\n", txt);
   }
}
void lv example btnmatrix 1(void)
    lv obj t * btnm1 = lv btnmatrix create(lv scr act());
    lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm1, btnm_map);
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_width(btnm1, 10, 2);
                                            /*Make "Action1" twice as wide
→as "Action2"*/
   lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm1, 10, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm1, 11, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
    lv obj align(btnm1, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}
#endif
```

(continues on next page)

```
btnm1.set_btn_ctrl(11, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)
btnm1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
btnm1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
#endif
```

Custom buttons

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BTNMATRIX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event cb(lv event t * e)
   lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
   lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
   if(code == LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN) {
       lv obj draw part dsc t * dsc = lv event get param(e);
       /*Change the draw descriptor the 2nd button*/
       if(dsc->id == 1) {
           dsc->rect_dsc->radius = 0;
           if(lv btnmatrix get selected btn(obj) == dsc->id) dsc->rect dsc->bg

¬color = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 3);
           else dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);
           dsc->rect dsc->shadow width = 6;
           dsc->rect_dsc->shadow_ofs_x = 3;
           dsc->rect dsc->shadow ofs y = 3;
           dsc->label_dsc->color = lv_color_white();
       /*Change the draw descriptor the 3rd button*/
       else if(dsc->id == 2) {
           dsc->rect_dsc->radius = LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE;
           if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) dsc->rect_dsc->bg_
else dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED);
           dsc->label_dsc->color = lv_color_white();
       }
       else if(dsc->id == 3) {
           dsc->label dsc->opa = LV OPA TRANSP; /*Hide the text if any*/
       }
   if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END) {
       lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
       /*Add custom content to the 4th button when the button itself was drawn*/
       if(dsc->id == 3) {
           LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_star);
           lv_img_header_t header;
           lv_res_t res = lv_img_decoder_get_info(&img_star, &header);
```

(continues on next page)

```
if(res != LV_RES_OK) return;
            lv_area_t a;
            a.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x1 + (lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) - header.
→w) / 2;
            a.x2 = a.x1 + header.w - 1;
            a.y1 = dsc->draw area->y1 + (lv area get height(dsc->draw area) - header.
→h) / 2;
            a.y2 = a.y1 + header.h - 1;
            lv_draw_img_dsc_t img_draw_dsc;
            lv_draw_img_dsc_init(&img_draw_dsc);
            img draw dsc.recolor = lv color black();
            if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) img_draw_dsc.recolor_
→opa = LV OPA 30;
            lv_draw_img(dsc->draw_ctx, &img_draw_dsc, &a, &img_star);
        }
    }
}
* Add custom drawer to the button matrix to customize buttons one by one
void lv example btnmatrix 2(void)
    lv obj t * btnm = lv btnmatrix create(lv scr act());
    lv obj add event cb(btnm, event cb, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_center(btnm);
}
#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../../assets/img star.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find star.png")
    sys.exit()
img star argb = lv.img dsc t({
  'data_size': len(png_data),
  'data': png_data
})
def event cb(e):
    code = e.get code()
    obj = e.get target()
```

(continues on next page)

```
dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if code == lv.EVENT.DRAW PART BEGIN:
        # Change the draw descriptor the 2nd button
        if dsc.id == 1:
            dsc.rect dsc.radius = 0
            if obj.get_selected_btn() == dsc.id:
                dsc.rect dsc.bg color = lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3)
            else:
                dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)
            dsc.rect_dsc.shadow_width = 6
            dsc.rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_x = 3
            dsc.rect dsc.shadow ofs y = 3
            dsc.label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()
        # Change the draw descriptor the 3rd button
        elif dsc.id == 2:
            dsc.rect dsc.radius = lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE
            if obj.get selected btn() == dsc.id:
                dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3)
            else:
                dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED)
                dsc.label dsc.color = lv.color white()
        elif dsc.id == 3:
            dsc.label dsc.opa = lv.OPA.TRANSP # Hide the text if any
    if code == lv.EVENT.DRAW PART END:
        # Add custom content to the 4th button when the button itself was drawn
        if dsc.id == 3:
            # LV IMG DECLARE(img star)
            header = lv.img header t()
            res = lv.img.decoder_get_info(img_star_argb, header)
            if res != lv.RES.OK:
                print("error when getting image header")
                return
            else:
                a = lv.area t()
                a.x1 = dsc.draw area.x1 + (dsc.draw area.get width() - header.w) // 2
                a.x2 = a.x1 + header.w - 1
                a.y1 = dsc.draw area.y1 + (dsc.draw area.get height() - header.h) // 2
                a.y2 = a.y1 + header.h - 1
                img draw dsc = lv.draw img dsc t()
                img draw dsc.init()
                img draw dsc.recolor = lv.color black()
                if obj.get selected btn() == dsc.id:
                    img draw dsc.recolor opa = lv.OPA. 30
                dsc.draw_ctx.img(img_draw_dsc, a, img_star_argb)
# Add custom drawer to the button matrix to c
btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr act())
btnm.add event cb(event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btnm.center()
```

(continues on next page)

Pagination

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE BTNMATRIX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
    uint32 t id = lv btnmatrix get selected btn(obj);
    bool prev = id == 0 ? true : false;
    bool next = id == 6 ? true : false;
    if(prev || next) {
        /*Find the checked button*/
        uint32 t i;
        for(i = 1; i < 7; i++) {
            if(lv_btnmatrix_has_btn_ctrl(obj, i, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED)) break;
        if(prev && i > 1) i - -;
        else if(next && i < 5) i++;
        lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(obj, i, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
    }
}
* Make a button group (pagination)
void lv_example_btnmatrix_3(void)
    static lv style t style bg;
    lv_style_init(&style_bg);
    lv style set pad all(&style bg, 0);
    lv_style_set_pad_gap(&style_bg, 0);
    lv_style_set_clip_corner(&style_bg, true);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_bg, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_bg, 0);
    static lv_style_t style_btn;
    lv style init(&style btn);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 0);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 1);
    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_50);
    lv style set border color(&style btn, lv palette main(LV PALETTE GREY));
    lv_style_set_border_side(&style_btn, LV_BORDER_SIDE_INTERNAL);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 0);
    static const char * map[] = {LV_SYMBOL_LEFT, "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", LV_SYMBOL_
→RIGHT, ""};
    lv_obj_t * btnm = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm, map);
lv_obj_add_style(btnm, &style_bg, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btnm, &style_btn, LV_PART_ITEMS);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
lv_obj_set_size(btnm, 225, 35);

/*Allow selecting on one number at time*/
lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl_all(btnm, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, 0, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, 6, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
lv_btnmatrix_set_one_checked(btnm, true);
lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm, 1, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
lv_obj_center(btnm);
}
#endif
```

```
def event cb(e):
    obj = e.get target()
    id = obj.get_selected_btn()
    if id == 0:
        prev = True
    else:
        prev = False
    if id == 6:
        next = True
        next = False
    if prev or next:
        # Find the checked butto
        for i in range(7):
            if obj.has btn ctrl(i, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED):
                break
        if prev and i > 1:
            i - = 1
        elif next and i < 5:</pre>
            i+=1
        obj.set btn ctrl(i, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)
# Make a button group
style bg = lv.style t()
style bg.init()
style_bg.set_pad_all(0)
style_bg.set_pad_gap(0)
style_bg.set_clip_corner(True)
style_bg.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style bg.set border width(0)
```

(continues on next page)

```
style btn = lv.style t()
style btn.init()
style_btn.set_radius(0)
style_btn.set_border_width(1)
style_btn.set_border_opa(lv.OPA._50)
style_btn.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style btn.set border side(lv.BORDER SIDE.INTERNAL)
style btn.set radius(0)
map = [lv.SYMBOL.LEFT,"1","2", "3", "4", "5",lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT, ""]
btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm.set map(map)
btnm.add style(style bg, 0)
btnm.add style(style btn, lv.PART.ITEMS)
btnm.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
btnm.set_size(225, 35)
# Allow selecting on one number at time
btnm.set_btn_ctrl_all(lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.clear_btn_ctrl(0, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.clear_btn_ctrl(6, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.set_one_checked(True)
btnm.set_btn_ctrl(1, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)
btnm.center()
```

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint16_t lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t
typedef bool (*lv_btnmatrix_btn_draw_cb_t)(lv_obj_t *btnm, uint32_t btn_id, const lv_area_t *draw_area, const lv_area_t *clip_area)
```

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Type to store button control bits (disabled, hidden etc.) The first 3 bits are used to store the width

Values:

```
enumerator _LV_BTNMATRIX_WIDTH

Reserved to stire the size units
```

enumerator LV BTNMATRIX CTRL HIDDEN

Button hidden

enumerator LV BTNMATRIX CTRL NO REPEAT

Do not repeat press this button.

enumerator LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_DISABLED

Disable this button.

enumerator LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE

The button can be toggled.

enumerator LV BTNMATRIX CTRL CHECKED

Button is currently toggled (e.g. checked).

enumerator LV BTNMATRIX CTRL CLICK TRIG

1: Send LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGE on CLICK, 0: Send LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGE on PRESS

enumerator LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_POPOVER

Show a popover when pressing this key

enumerator LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_RECOLOR

Enable text recoloring with #color

enumerator _LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_RESERVED

Reserved for later use

enumerator LV BTNMATRIX CTRL CUSTOM 1

Custom free to use flag

enumerator LV BTNMATRIX CTRL CUSTOM 2

Custom free to use flag

enum lv_btnmatrix_draw_part_type_t

Values:

enumerator LV_BTNMATRIX_DRAW_PART_BTN

The rectangle and label of buttons

Functions

LV EXPORT CONST INT(LV_BTNMATRIX_BTN_NONE)

lv_obj_t *lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_obj_t *parent)

Create a button matrix object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new button matrix

Returns pointer to the created button matrix

void lv_btnmatrix_set_map(lv_obj_t *obj, const char *map[])

Set a new map. Buttons will be created/deleted according to the map. The button matrix keeps a reference to the map and so the string array must not be deallocated during the life of the matrix.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- map -- pointer a string array. The last string has to be: "". Use "\n" to make a line break.

void lv_btnmatrix_set_ctrl_map(lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t ctrl_map[])

Set the button control map (hidden, disabled etc.) for a button matrix. The control map array will be copied and so may be deallocated after this function returns.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- ctrl_map -- pointer to an array of lv_btn_ctrl_t control bytes. The length of the array and position of the elements must match the number and order of the individual buttons (i.e. excludes newline entries). An element of the map should look like e.g.: ctrl_map[0] = width | LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_NO_REPEAT | LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_TGL_ENABLE

void lv_btnmatrix_set_selected_btn(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t btn_id)

Set the selected buttons

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn_id** -- 0 based index of the button to modify. (Not counting new lines)

$\label{eq:ctrl_to_btn} \mbox{void $\tt lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl$($\it lv_obj_t$ *obj, uint 16_t btn_id, $\it lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t$ ctrl$) $\mbox{ }$

Set the attributes of a button of the button matrix

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- btn id -- 0 based index of the button to modify. (Not counting new lines)
- ctrl -- OR-ed attributs. E.g. LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_NO_REPEAT LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE

$void \ \textbf{lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t} \ ctrl \ (\textit{lv_obj_t} \ * obj, \ uint16_t \ btn_id, \ \textit{lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t} \ ctrl \)$

Clear the attributes of a button of the button matrix

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn_id** -- 0 based index of the button to modify. (Not counting new lines)
- ctrl -- OR-ed attributs. E.g. LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_NO_REPEAT LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE

void lv btnmatrix set btn ctrl all(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t ctrl)

Set attributes of all buttons of a button matrix

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- ctrl -- attribute(s) to set from lv btnmatrix ctrl t. Values can be ORed.

void lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl_all(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t ctrl)

Clear the attributes of all buttons of a button matrix

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- ctrl -- attribute(s) to set from lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t. Values can be ORed.
- en -- true: set the attributes; false: clear the attributes

void lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_width(lv_obj_t*obj, uint16_t btn_id, uint8_t width)

Set a single button's relative width. This method will cause the matrix be regenerated and is a relatively expensive operation. It is recommended that initial width be specified using <code>lv_btnmatrix_set_ctrl_map</code> and this method only be used for dynamic changes.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn id** -- 0 based index of the button to modify.
- width -- relative width compared to the buttons in the same row. [1..7]

void lv btnmatrix set one checked (lv_obj_t *obj, bool en)

Make the button matrix like a selector widget (only one button may be checked at a time). LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE must be enabled on the buttons to be selected using lv btnmatrix set ctrl() or lv btnmatrix set btn ctrl all().

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- en -- whether "one check" mode is enabled

const char **lv_btnmatrix_get_map(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the current map of a button matrix

Parameters obj -- pointer to a button matrix object

Returns the current map

uint16_t lv btnmatrix get selected btn(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the index of the lastly "activated" button by the user (pressed, released, focused etc) Useful in the event_cb to get the text of the button, check if hidden etc.

Parameters obj -- pointer to button matrix object

Returns index of the last released button (LV BTNMATRIX BTN NONE: if unset)

const char *lv btnmatrix get btn text(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t btn_id)

Get the button's text

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn id** -- the index a button not counting new line characters.

Returns text of btn index`button

bool lv_btnmatrix_has_btn_ctrl(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t btn_id, lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t ctrl)

Get the whether a control value is enabled or disabled for button of a button matrix

Parameters

• **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object

- **btn_id** -- the index of a button not counting new line characters.
- ctrl -- control values to check (ORed value can be used)

Returns true: the control attribute is enabled false: disabled

```
bool lv_btnmatrix_get_one_checked(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Tell whether "one check" mode is enabled or not.

Parameters obj -- Button matrix object

Returns true: "one check" mode is enabled; false: disabled

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_btnmatrix_class
struct lv_btnmatrix_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
const char **map_p
lv_area_t *button_areas
lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t *ctrl_bits
uint16_t btn_cnt
uint16_t row_cnt
uint16_t btn_id_sel
uint8_t one_check
```

6.2.5 Canvas (lv canvas)

Overview

A Canvas inherits from *Image* where the user can draw anything. Rectangles, texts, images, lines, arcs can be drawn here using lvgl's drawing engine. Additionally "effects" can be applied, such as rotation, zoom and blur.

Parts and Styles

LV_PART_MAIN Uses the typical rectangle style properties and image style properties.

Usage

Buffer

The Canvas needs a buffer in which stores the drawn image. To assign a buffer to a Canvas, use lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, buffer, width, height, LV_IMG_CF_...). Where buffer is a static buffer (not just a local variable) to hold the image of the canvas. For example, static lv_color_t buffer[LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_TRUE_COLOR(width, height)]. LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_... macros help to determine the size of the buffer with different color formats.

The canvas supports all the built-in color formats like LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR or LV IMG_CF_INDEXED_2BIT. See the full list in the Color formats section.

Indexed colors

For LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_1/2/4/8 color formats a palette needs to be initialized with lv_canvas_set_palette(canvas, 3, LV_COLOR_RED). It sets pixels with *index=3* to red.

Drawing

To set a pixel's color on the canvas, use $lv_canvas_set_px_color(canvas, x, y, LV_COLOR_RED)$. With $LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_...$ the index of the color needs to be passed as color. E.g. $lv_color_t c$; c.full = 3:

To set a pixel's opacity with LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA or LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_... format on the canvas, use lv_canvas_set_px_opa(canvas, x, y, opa).

lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, LV_COLOR_BLUE, LV_OPA_50) fills the whole canvas to blue with 50% opacity. Note that if the current color format doesn't support colors (e.g. LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_2BIT) the color will be ignored. Similarly, if opacity is not supported (e.g. LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR) it will be ignored.

An array of pixels can be copied to the canvas with lv_canvas_copy_buf(canvas, buffer_to_copy, x, y, width, height). The color format of the buffer and the canvas need to match.

To draw something to the canvas use

- lv_canvas_draw_rect(canvas, x, y, width, heigth, &draw_dsc)
- lv_canvas_draw_text(canvas, x, y, max_width, &draw_dsc, txt)
- lv canvas draw img(canvas, x, y, &img src, &draw dsc)
- lv canvas draw line(canvas, point array, point cnt, &draw dsc)
- lv canvas draw polygon(canvas, points array, point cnt, &draw dsc)
- lv canvas draw arc(canvas, x, y, radius, start angle, end angle, &draw dsc)

draw_dsc is a lv_draw_rect/label/img/line/arc_dsc_t variable which should be first initialized with one of lv_draw_rect/label/img/line/arc_dsc_init() and then modified with the desired colors and other values.

The draw function can draw to any color format. For example, it's possible to draw a text to an LV_IMG_VF_ALPHA_8BIT canvas and use the result image as a *draw mask* later.

Transformations

lv_canvas_transform() can be used to rotate and/or scale the image of an image and store the result on the canvas. The function needs the following parameters:

- Canvas pointer to a canvas object to store the result of the transformation.
- img pointer to an image descriptor to transform. Can be the image descriptor of another canvas too (lv_canvas_get_img()).
- angle the angle of rotation (0..3600), 0.1 deg resolution
- **ZOOM** zoom factor (256: no zoom, 512: double size, 128: half size);
- offset X offset X to tell where to put the result data on destination canvas
- offset y offset X to tell where to put the result data on destination canvas
- pivot_x pivot X of rotation. Relative to the source canvas. Set to source width / 2 to rotate around the center.
- pivot_y pivot Y of rotation. Relative to the source canvas. Set to source height / 2 to rotate around the center
- antialias true: apply anti-aliasing during the transformation. Looks better but slower.

Note that a canvas can't be rotated on itself. You need a source and destination canvas or image.

Blur

A given area of the canvas can be blurred horizontally with lv_canvas_blur_hor(canvas, &area, r) or vertically with lv_canvas_blur_ver(canvas, &area, r). r is the radius of the blur (greater value means more intensive burring). area is the area where the blur should be applied (interpreted relative to the canvas).

Events

No special events are sent by canvas objects. The same events are sent as for the

See the events of the *Images* too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Drawing on the Canvas and rotate

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CANVAS && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#define CANVAS WIDTH 200
#define CANVAS_HEIGHT 150
void lv example canvas 1(void)
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_t rect_dsc;
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&rect_dsc);
    rect dsc.radius = 10;
    rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
    rect_dsc.bg_grad.dir = LV_GRAD_DIR HOR;
    rect_dsc.bg_grad.stops[0].color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED);
    rect dsc.bg grad.stops[1].color = lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE);
    rect_dsc.border_width = 2;
    rect dsc.border opa = LV OPA 90;
    rect dsc.border color = lv color white();
    rect dsc.shadow width = 5;
    rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_x = 5;
    rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_y = 5;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE);
    static lv_color_t cbuf[LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_TRUE_COLOR(CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_
→HEIGHT)];
    lv obj t * canvas = lv canvas create(lv scr act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_
lv_obj_center(canvas);
    lv canvas fill bg(canvas, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE GREY, 3), LV OPA COVER);
   lv_canvas_draw_rect(canvas, 70, 60, 100, 70, &rect_dsc);
    lv canvas draw text(canvas, 40, 20, 100, &label dsc, "Some text on text canvas");
    /*Test the rotation. It requires another buffer where the original image is...
⇔stored.
     *So copy the current image to buffer and rotate it to the canvas*/
    static lv color t cbuf tmp[CANVAS WIDTH * CANVAS HEIGHT];
    memcpy(cbuf_tmp, cbuf, sizeof(cbuf_tmp));
    lv img dsc t img;
    img.data = (void *)cbuf_tmp;
    img.header.cf = LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR;
    img.header.w = CANVAS_WIDTH;
    img.header.h = CANVAS_HEIGHT;
    lv canvas fill bg(canvas, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE GREY, 3), LV OPA COVER);
    lv_canvas_transform(canvas, &img, 120, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, 0, 0, CANVAS_WIDTH / 2,,
 →CANVAS HEIGHT / 2, true);
                                                                         (continues on next page)
```

```
}
#endif
```

```
CANVAS WIDTH = 200
CANVAS HEIGHT = 150
\overline{LV} IMG \overline{Z}00M NONE = 256
rect dsc = lv.draw rect dsc t()
rect dsc.init()
rect_dsc.radius = 10
rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER
rect_dsc.bg_grad.dir = lv.GRAD_DIR.HOR
rect dsc.bg grad.stops[0].color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED)
rect dsc.bq grad.stops[1].color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)
rect dsc.border width = 2
rect dsc.border opa = lv.OPA. 90
rect_dsc.border_color = lv.color_white()
rect dsc.shadow width = 5
rect dsc.shadow ofs x = 5
rect dsc.shadow ofs y = 5
label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
label_dsc.init()
label_dsc.color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW)
cbuf = bytearray( CANVAS WIDTH * CANVAS HEIGHT * 4)
canvas = lv.canvas(lv.scr act())
canvas.set_buffer(cbuf, _CANVAS_WIDTH, _CANVAS_HEIGHT, lv.img.CF.TRUE_COLOR)
canvas.center()
canvas.fill bg(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), lv.OPA.COVER)
canvas.draw rect(70, 60, 100, 70, rect dsc)
canvas.draw text(40, 20, 100, label dsc, "Some text on text canvas")
# Test the rotation. It requires another buffer where the original image is stored.
# So copy the current image to buffer and rotate it to the canvas
img = lv.img dsc t()
img.data = cbuf[:]
img.header.cf = lv.img.CF.TRUE COLOR
img.header.w = CANVAS WIDTH
img.header.h = CANVAS HEIGHT
canvas.fill bg(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), lv.OPA.COVER)
canvas transform(img, 30, LV IMG ZOOM NONE, 0, 0, CANVAS WIDTH // 2, CANVAS HEIGHT /
\rightarrow/ 2, True)
```

Transparent Canvas with chroma keying

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CANVAS && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#define CANVAS WIDTH 50
#define CANVAS HEIGHT 50
* Create a transparent canvas with Chroma keying and indexed color format (palette).
void lv example canvas 2(void)
    /*Create a button to better see the transparency*/
   lv btn create(lv scr act());
   /*Create a buffer for the canvas*/
   static lv color t cbuf[LV CANVAS BUF SIZE INDEXED 1BIT(CANVAS WIDTH, CANVAS
→HEIGHT)];
    /*Create a canvas and initialize its palette*/
   lv obj t * canvas = lv canvas create(lv scr act());
    lv canvas set buffer(canvas, cbuf, CANVAS WIDTH, CANVAS HEIGHT, LV IMG CF INDEXED
→1BIT):
   lv_canvas_set_palette(canvas, 0, LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY);
   lv canvas set palette(canvas, 1, lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED));
   /*Create colors with the indices of the palette*/
   lv color t c0;
   lv color t c1;
   c0.full = 0;
   c1.full = 1;
   /*Red background (There is no dedicated alpha channel in indexed images so LV OPA
→ COVER is ignored)*/
   lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, c1, LV_OPA_COVER);
   /*Create hole on the canvas*/
   uint32 t x;
   uint32 t y;
    for (y = 10; y < 30; y++) {
        for(x = 5; x < 20; x++) {
            lv_canvas_set_px_color(canvas, x, y, c0);
    }
#endif
```

```
CANVAS_WIDTH = 50
CANVAS_HEIGHT = 50
LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY = lv.color_hex(0x00ff00)

def LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_ALPHA_1BIT(w, h):
    return int(((w / 8) + 1) * h)
```

(continues on next page)

```
def LV IMG BUF SIZE INDEXED 1BIT(w, h):
    return LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_ALPHA_1BIT(w, h) + 4 * 2
def LV CANVAS BUF SIZE INDEXED 1BIT(w, h):
    return LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(w, h)
# Create a transparent canvas with Chroma keying and indexed color format (palette).
# Create a button to better see the transparency
btn=lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
# Create a buffer for the canvas
cbuf= bytearray(LV CANVAS BUF SIZE INDEXED 1BIT(CANVAS WIDTH, CANVAS HEIGHT))
# Create a canvas and initialize its palette
canvas = lv.canvas(lv.scr act())
canvas.set_buffer(cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, lv.img.CF.INDEXED_1BIT)
canvas.set palette(0, LV COLOR CHROMA KEY)
canvas.set palette(1, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
# Create colors with the indices of the palette
c0 = lv.color t()
c1 = lv.color t()
c0.full = 0
c1.full = 1
# Red background (There is no dedicated alpha channel in indexed images so LV OPA
→ COVER is ignored)
canvas.fill_bg(c1, lv.OPA.COVER)
# Create hole on the canvas
for y in range(10,30):
   for x in range(5,20):
        canvas.set_px(x, y, c0)
```

API

Functions

Parameters

• **buf** -- a buffer where the content of the canvas will be. The required size is (lv_img_color_format_get_px_size(cf) * w) / 8 * h) It can be allocated with

 $lv_mem_alloc()$ or it can be statically allocated array (e.g. static lv_color_t buf[100*50]) or it can be an address in RAM or external SRAM

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- W -- width of the canvas
- **h** -- height of the canvas
- cf -- color format. LV_IMG_CF_...

void **lv_canvas_set_px_color** (*lv_obj_t* *canvas, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_color_t c) Set the color of a pixel on the canvas

Parameters

- · canvas --
- x -- x coordinate of the point to set
- y -- x coordinate of the point to set
- c -- color of the pixel

static inline void **lv_canvas_set_px** (*lv_obj_t* *canvas, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_color_t c) DEPRECATED: added only for backward compatibility

void **lv_canvas_set_px_opa** (*lv_obj_t* *canvas, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_opa_t opa) Set the opacity of a pixel on the canvas

Parameters

- · canvas --
- x -- x coordinate of the point to set
- y -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **opa** -- opacity of the pixel (0..255)

void **lv_canvas_set_palette**(*lv_obj_t* *canvas, uint8_t id, lv_color_t c)

Set the palette color of a canvas with index format. Valid only for LV IMG CF INDEXED1/2/4/8

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to canvas object
- id -- the palette color to set:
- for LV IMG CF INDEXED1: 0..1
- for LV IMG CF INDEXED2: 0..3
- for LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED4: 0..15
- for LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED8: 0..255
- **c** -- the color to set

lv_color_t lv_canvas_get_px(lv_obj_t *canvas, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y)

Get the color of a pixel on the canvas

Parameters

- · canvas --
- **x** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **y** -- x coordinate of the point to set

Returns color of the point

```
lv_img_dsc_t *lv_canvas_get_img(lv_obj_t *canvas)
```

Get the image of the canvas as a pointer to an $lv_img_dsc_t$ variable.

Parameters canvas -- pointer to a canvas object

Returns pointer to the image descriptor.

void **lv_canvas_copy_buf** (*lv_obj_t* *canvas, const void *to_copy, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_coord_t w, lv_coord_t h)

Copy a buffer to the canvas

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- to_copy -- buffer to copy. The color format has to match with the canvas's buffer color format
- **x** -- left side of the destination position
- y -- top side of the destination position
- W -- width of the buffer to copy
- **h** -- height of the buffer to copy

void **lv_canvas_transform** (*lv_obj_t* *canvas, *lv_img_dsc_t* *img, int16_t angle, uint16_t zoom, lv_coord_t offset_x, lv_coord_t offset_y, int32_t pivot_x, int32_t pivot_y, bool antialias)

Transform and image and store the result on a canvas.

Parameters

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object to store the result of the transformation.
- **img** -- pointer to an image descriptor to transform. Can be the image descriptor of an other canvas too (*lv_canvas_get_img()*).
- angle -- the angle of rotation (0..3600), 0.1 deg resolution
- **zoom** -- zoom factor (256 no zoom);
- offset x -- offset X to tell where to put the result data on destination canvas
- offset_y -- offset X to tell where to put the result data on destination canvas
- pivot_x -- pivot X of rotation. Relative to the source canvas Set to source width / 2 to rotate around the center
- pivot_y -- pivot Y of rotation. Relative to the source canvas Set to source height / 2 to rotate around the center
- antialias -- apply anti-aliasing during the transformation. Looks better but slower.

void **lv_canvas_blur_hor** (*lv_obj_t* *canvas, const lv_area_t *area, uint16_t r)
Apply horizontal blur on the canvas

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- area -- the area to blur. If NULL the whole canvas will be blurred.
- r -- radius of the blur

void **lv_canvas_blur_ver** (*lv_obj_t* *canvas, const lv_area_t *area, uint16_t r)
Apply vertical blur on the canvas

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- area -- the area to blur. If NULL the whole canvas will be blurred.
- r -- radius of the blur

```
void lv_canvas_fill_bg (lv_obj_t *canvas, lv_color_t color, lv_opa_t opa)
```

Fill the canvas with color

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas
- color -- the background color
- opa -- the desired opacity

```
void lv_canvas_draw_rect (lv_obj_t *canvas, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_coord_t w, lv_coord_t h, const lv_draw_rect_dsc_t *draw_dsc)
```

Draw a rectangle on the canvas

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- **x** -- left coordinate of the rectangle
- y -- top coordinate of the rectangle
- W -- width of the rectangle
- **h** -- height of the rectangle
- draw_dsc -- descriptor of the rectangle

```
void lv_canvas_draw_text ( lv_obj_t *canvas, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_coord_t max_w, lv_draw_label_dsc_t *draw_dsc, const char *txt)
```

Draw a text on the canvas.

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- x -- left coordinate of the text
- **y** -- top coordinate of the text
- max_w -- max width of the text. The text will be wrapped to fit into this size
- draw dsc -- pointer to a valid label descriptor lv draw label dsc t
- txt -- text to display

```
void lv_canvas_draw_img ( lv_obj_t *canvas, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, const void *src, const lv_draw_img_dsc_t *draw_dsc )
```

Draw an image on the canvas

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- **x** -- left coordinate of the image
- **y** -- top coordinate of the image
- **src** -- image source. Can be a pointer an *lv img dsc t* variable or a path an image.

```
• draw_dsc -- pointer to a valid label descriptor lv_draw_img_dsc_t
```

Draw a line on the canvas

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- points -- point of the line
- point cnt -- number of points
- draw_dsc -- pointer to an initialized lv_draw_line_dsc_t variable

void **lv_canvas_draw_polygon** (*lv_obj_t* *canvas, const lv_point_t points[], uint32_t point_cnt, const lv_draw_rect_dsc_t *draw_dsc)

Draw a polygon on the canvas

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- points -- point of the polygon
- point_cnt -- number of points
- draw_dsc -- pointer to an initialized lv draw rect dsc t variable

void **lv_canvas_draw_arc** (*lv_obj_t* *canvas, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_coord_t r, int32_t start_angle, int32_t end_angle, const lv_draw_arc_dsc_t *draw_dsc)

Draw an arc on the canvas

Parameters

- canvas -- pointer to a canvas object
- **x** -- origo x of the arc
- y -- origo y of the arc
- r -- radius of the arc
- start_angle -- start angle in degrees
- end angle -- end angle in degrees
- draw_dsc -- pointer to an initialized lv_draw_line_dsc_t variable

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_canvas_class struct lv_canvas_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_img_t img
lv img dsc t dsc
```

6.2.6 Checkbox (lv_checkbox)

Overview

The Checkbox object is created from a "tick box" and a label. When the Checkbox is clicked the tick box is toggled.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN The is the background of the Checkbox and it uses the text and all the typical background style properties. pad column adjusts the spacing between the tickbox and the label
- LV_PART_INDICATOR The "tick box" is a square that uses all the typical background style properties. By default, its size is equal to the height of the main part's font. Padding properties make the tick box larger in the respective directions.

The Checkbox is added to the default group (if it is set).

Usage

Text

The text can be modified with the <code>lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "New text")</code> function and will be dynamically allocated.

To set a static text, use <code>lv_checkbox_set_static_text(cb, txt)</code>. This way, only a pointer to <code>txt</code> will be stored. The text then shouldn't be deallocated while the checkbox exists.

Check, uncheck, disable

You can manually check, un-check, and disable the Checkbox by using the common state add/clear function:

Events

- LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED Sent when the checkbox is toggled.
- LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END are sent for the following types:
 - LV_CHECKBOX_DRAW_PART_BOX The tickbox of the checkbox
 - * part: LV PART INDICATOR
 - * draw area: the area of the tickbox
 - * rect_dsc

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

The following *Keys* are processed by the 'Buttons':

- LV KEY RIGHT/UP Go to toggled state if toggling is enabled
- LV_KEY_LEFT/DOWN Go to non-toggled state if toggling is enabled
- LV_KEY_ENTER Clicks the checkbox and toggles it

Note that, as usual, the state of LV_KEY_ENTER is translated to LV_EVENT_PRESSED/PRESSING/RELEASED etc.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Checkboxes

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHECKBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        const char * txt = lv_checkbox_get_text(obj);
        const char * state = lv_obj_get_state(obj) & LV_STATE_CHECKED ? "Checked" :
→"Unchecked";
        LV_LOG_USER("%s: %s", txt, state);
    }
}
void lv_example_checkbox_1(void)
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_START, LV_
→FLEX ALIGN CENTER);
    lv_obj_t * cb;
```

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```
cb = lv checkbox create(lv scr act());
    lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Apple");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    cb = lv checkbox create(lv scr act());
    lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Banana");
    lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Lemon");
    lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_DISABLED);
    lv obj add event cb(cb, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    cb = lv checkbox create(lv scr act());
    lv obj add state(cb, LV STATE CHECKED | LV STATE DISABLED);
    lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Melon\nand a new line");
    lv obj add event cb(cb, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv obj update layout(cb);
}
#endif
```

```
def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
        txt = obj.get text()
        if obj.get state() & lv.STATE.CHECKED:
            state = "Checked"
        else:
            state = "Unchecked"
        print(txt + ":" + state)
lv.scr_act().set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)
lv.scr_act().set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.START, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.
→CENTER)
cb = lv.checkbox(lv.scr act())
cb.set text("Apple")
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cb = lv.checkbox(lv.scr act())
cb.set text("Banana")
cb.add state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
cb.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cb = lv.checkbox(lv.scr_act())
cb.set_text("Lemon")
cb.add_state(lv.STATE.DISABLED)
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cb = lv.checkbox(lv.scr act())
cb.add state(lv.STATE.CHECKED | lv.STATE.DISABLED)
```

(continues on next page)

```
cb.set_text("Melon")
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cb.update_layout()
```

Checkboxes as radio buttons

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHECKBOX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv style t style radio;
static lv_style_t style_radio_chk;
static uint32 t active index 1 = 0;
static uint32 t active index 2 = 0;
static void radio event handler(lv event t * e)
    uint32 t * active id = lv event get user data(e);
    lv obj t * cont = lv event get current target(e);
    lv obj_t * act_cb = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * old_cb = lv_obj_get_child(cont, *active_id);
    /*Do nothing if the container was clicked*/
   if(act cb == cont) return;
   lv obj clear state(old cb, LV STATE CHECKED); /*Uncheck the previous radio...
→button*/
   lv_obj_add_state(act_cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED); /*Uncheck the current radio_
→button*/
    *active id = lv obj get index(act cb);
    LV_LOG_USER("Selected radio buttons: %d, %d", (int)active_index_1, (int)active_
→index 2);
static void radiobutton_create(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * txt)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_checkbox_create(parent);
    lv_checkbox_set_text(obj, txt);
    lv obj add flag(obj, LV OBJ FLAG EVENT BUBBLE);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_radio, LV_PART INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_radio_chk, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_CHECKED);
}
* Checkboxes as radio buttons
void lv_example_checkbox_2(void)
    /* The idea is to enable `LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE` on checkboxes and process the
    * `LV EVENT CLICKED` on the container.
```

(continues on next page)

```
* A variable is passed as event user data where the index of the active
     * radiobutton is saved */
    lv style init(&style radio);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_radio, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv style init(&style radio chk);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_src(&style_radio_chk, NULL);
    uint32_t i;
    char buf[32];
    lv obj t * cont1 = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set flex flow(cont1, LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont1, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(80));
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont1, radio_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &active_index_
\hookrightarrow1);
    for (i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        lv snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "A %d", (int)i + 1);
        radiobutton create(cont1, buf);
    /*Make the first checkbox checked*/
    lv obj add state(lv obj get child(cont1, 0), LV STATE CHECKED);
    lv obj t * cont2 = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set flex flow(cont2, LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont2, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(80));
    lv obj set x(cont2, lv pct(50));
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont2, radio_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &active_index_
→2);
    for (i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        lv snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "B %d", (int)i + 1);
        radiobutton_create(cont2, buf);
    }
    /*Make the first checkbox checked*/
    lv obj add state(lv obj get child(cont2, 0), LV STATE CHECKED);
}
#endif
```

Error encountered **while** trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/ -checkbox/lv_example_checkbox_2.py

API

Enums

```
enum lv_checkbox_draw_part_type_t
type field in lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t if class_p = lv_checkbox_class Used in
LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END

Values:

enumerator LV_CHECKBOX_DRAW_PART_BOX
The tick box
```

Functions

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new button

Returns pointer to the created check box

```
void lv_checkbox_set_text (lv_obj_t *obj, const char *txt)
```

Set the text of a check box. txt will be copied and may be deallocated after this function returns.

Parameters

- **cb** -- pointer to a check box
- txt -- the text of the check box. NULL to refresh with the current text.

```
void lv_checkbox_set_text_static(lv_obj_t *obj, const char *txt)
```

Set the text of a check box. txt must not be deallocated during the life of this checkbox.

Parameters

- **cb** -- pointer to a check box
- **txt** -- the text of the check box.

```
const char *lv_checkbox_get_text(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the text of a check box

Parameters **cb** -- pointer to check box object

Returns pointer to the text of the check box

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_checkbox_class
struct lv_checkbox_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
char *txt
uint32_t static_txt
```

6.2.7 Drop-down list (lv_dropdown)

Overview

The drop-down list allows the user to select one value from a list.

The drop-down list is closed by default and displays a single value or a predefined text. When activated (by click on the drop-down list), a list is created from which the user may select one option. When the user selects a new value, the list is deleted again.

The Drop-down list is added to the default group (if it is set). Besides the Drop-down list is an editable object to allow selecting an option with encoder navigation too.

Parts and Styles

The Dropdown widget is built from the elements: "button" and "list" (both not related to the button and list widgets)

Button

- LV_PART_MAIN The background of the button. Uses the typical background properties and text properties for the text on it.
- LV PART INDICATOR Typically an arrow symbol that can be an image or a text (LV SYMBOL).

The button goes to LV_STATE_CHECKED when it's opened.

List

- LV_PART_MAIN The list itself. Uses the typical background properties. max_height can be used to limit the height of the list.
- LV_PART_SCROLLBAR The scrollbar background, border, shadow properties and width (for its own width) and right padding for the spacing on the right.
- LV_PART_SELECTED Refers to the currently pressed, checked or pressed+checked option. Also uses the typical background properties.

The list is hidden/shown on open/close. To add styles to it use <code>lv_dropdown_get_list(dropdown)</code> to get the list object. For example:

```
lv_obj_t * list = lv_dropdown_get_list(dropdown) /*Get the list*/
lv_obj_add_style(list, &my_style, ...) /*Add the styles to the list*/}`
```

Alternatively the theme can be extended with the new styles.

Usage

Overview

Set options

Options are passed to the drop-down list as a string with \lordoom_set_options(dropdown, options). Options should be separated by \n. For example: "First\nSecond\nThird". This string will be saved in the drop-down list, so it can in a local variable.

The lv_dropdown_add_option(dropdown, "New option", pos) function inserts a new option to pos index.

To save memory the options can set from a static(constant) string too with lv_dropdown_set_static_options(dropdown, options). In this case the options string should be alive while the drop-down list exists and lv dropdown add option can't be used

You can select an option manually with lv_dropdown_set_selected(dropdown, id), where id is the index of an option.

Get selected option

The get the index of the selected option, use $lv_dropdown_get_selected(dropdown)$.

lv_dropdown_get_selected_str(dropdown, buf, buf_size) copies the name of the selected option
to buf.

Direction

The list can be created on any side. The default LV_DIR_BOTTOM can be modified by $lv_dropdown_set_dir(dropdown, LV_DIR_LEFT/RIGHT/UP/BOTTOM)$ function.

If the list would be vertically out of the screen, it will be aligned to the edge.

Symbol

A symbol (typically an arrow) can be added to the dropdown list with $lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dropdown, LV_SYMBOL_...)$

If the direction of the drop-down list is LV_DIR_LEFT the symbol will be shown on the left, otherwise on the right.

Show selected

The main part can either show the selected option or a static text. If a static is set with $lv_dropdown_set_text(dropdown$, "Some text") it will be shown regardless to the selected option. If the text is NULL the selected option is displayed on the button.

Manually open/close

To manually open or close the drop-down list the lv_dropdown_open/close(dropdown) function can be used.

Events

Apart from the Generic events, the following Special events are sent by the drop-down list:

- LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent when the new option is selected or the list is opened/closed.
- LV EVENT CANCEL Sent when the list is closed
- LV EVENT READY Sent when the list is opened

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

- LV KEY RIGHT/DOWN Select the next option.
- LV KEY LEFT/UP Select the previous option.
- LY_KEY_ENTER Apply the selected option (Sends LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED event and closes the drop-down list).

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Drop down list

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_DROPDOWN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[\overline{32}];
        lv_dropdown_get_selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV_LOG_USER("Option: %s", buf);
    }
}
void lv example dropdown 1(void)
    /*Create a normal drop down list*/
    lv_obj_t * dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv dropdown set options(dd, "Apple\n"
                                 "Banana\n"
                                 "Orange\n"
                                 "Cherry\n"
```

(continues on next page)

```
"Grape\n"
"Raspberry\n"
"Melon\n"
"Orange\n"
"Lemon\n"
"Nuts");

lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 20);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(dd, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

#endif
```

```
def event handler(e):
    code = e.get code()
    obj = e.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
        option = " "*10 # should be large enough to store the option
        obj.get selected str(option, len(option))
        # .strip() removes trailing spaces
        print("Option: \"%s\"" % option.strip())
# Create a normal drop down list
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr act())
dd.set_options("\n".join([
    "Apple",
    "Banana",
    "Orange",
    "Cherry",
    "Grape",
    "Raspberry",
    "Melon",
    "Orange",
    "Lemon",
    "Nuts"]))
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 20)
dd.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

Drop down in four directions

(continues on next page)

```
"Melon";
    lv_obj_t * dd;
    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 10);
    dd = lv dropdown create(lv scr act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_BOTTOM);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_UP);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10);
    dd = lv dropdown create(lv scr act());
    lv dropdown set options static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_RIGHT);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT);
    lv obj align(dd, LV ALIGN LEFT MID, 10, 0);
    dd = lv dropdown create(lv scr act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_LEFT);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_LEFT);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -10, 0);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a drop down, up, left and right menus
opts = "\n".join([
    "Apple",
    "Banana"
    "Orange",
    "Melon",
    "Grape",
    "Raspberry"])
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr act())
dd.set options static(opts)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP MID, 0, 10)
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set options static(opts)
dd.set_dir(lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
dd.set symbol(lv.SYMBOL.UP)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM MID, 0, -10)
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set dir(lv.DIR.RIGHT)
dd.set symbol(lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT MID, 10, 0)
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr act())
```

(continues on next page)

```
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set_dir(lv.DIR.LEFT)
dd.set_symbol(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -10, 0)
```

Menu

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE DROPDOWN && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv obj t * dropdown = lv event get target(e);
    char buf[64];
    lv dropdown get selected str(dropdown, buf, sizeof(buf));
    LV LOG USER("'%s' is selected", buf);
}
* Create a menu from a drop-down list and show some drop-down list features and,
⊶styling
void lv example dropdown 3(void)
    /*Create a drop down list*/
   lv obj t * dropdown = lv dropdown create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_align(dropdown, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 10, 10);
    lv dropdown set options(dropdown, "New project\n"
                                      "New file\n"
                                      "Save\n"
                                      "Save as ...\n"
                                      "Open project\n"
                                      "Recent projects\n"
                                      "Preferences\n"
                                      "Exit");
    /*Set a fixed text to display on the button of the drop-down list*/
   lv_dropdown_set_text(dropdown, "Menu");
   /*Use a custom image as down icon and flip it when the list is opened*/
   LV IMG DECLARE(img caret down)
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dropdown, &img_caret_down);
    lv_obj_set_style_transform_angle(dropdown, 1800, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_
→CHECKED);
    /*In a menu we don't need to show the last clicked item*/
   lv_dropdown_set_selected_highlight(dropdown, false);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(dropdown, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get png info, open png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('../../assets/img caret down.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img caret down.png")
    sys.exit()
img_caret_down_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
  data_size': len(png_data),
  'data': png data
})
def event cb(e):
    dropdown = e.get target()
    option = " "*64 # should be large enough to store the option
    dropdown.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
    print(option.strip() +" is selected")
# Create a menu from a drop-down list and show some drop-down list features and
∽styling
# Create a drop down list
dropdown = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dropdown.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP LEFT, 10, 10)
dropdown.set_options("\n".join([
    "New project",
    "New file".
    "Open project",
    "Recent projects",
    "Preferences",
    "Exit"]))
# Set a fixed text to display on the button of the drop-down list
dropdown.set_text("Menu")
# Use a custom image as down icon and flip it when the list is opened
# LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_caret_down)
dropdown.set_symbol(img_caret_down_argb)
dropdown.set_style_transform_angle(1800, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.CHECKED)
# In a menu we don't need to show the last clicked item
dropdown.set_selected_highlight(False)
dropdown.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
```

API

Functions

```
LV_EXPORT_CONST_INT(LV_DROPDOWN_POS_LAST)
```

```
lv_obj_t *lv_dropdown_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create a drop-down list object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new drop-down list

Returns pointer to the created drop-down list

```
void lv_dropdown_set_text ( lv_obj_t *obj, const char *txt )
```

Set text of the drop-down list's button. If set to NULL the selected option's text will be displayed on the button. If set to a specific text then that text will be shown regardless of the selected option.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a drop-down list object
- txt -- the text as a string (Only its pointer is saved)

void lv_dropdown_set_options(lv_obj_t *obj, const char *options)

Set the options in a drop-down list from a string. The options will be copied and saved in the object so the options can be destroyed after calling this function

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- options -- a string with '

'separated options. E.g. "One\nTwo\nThree"

void lv_dropdown_set_options_static(\(lv_obj_t * obj, const \char * options\)

Set the options in a drop-down list from a static string (global, static or dynamically allocated). Only the pointer of the option string will be saved.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- options -- a static string with '

'separated options. E.g. "One\nTwo\nThree"

void **lv_dropdown_add_option** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, const char *option, uint32_t pos)

Add an options to a drop-down list from a string. Only works for non-static options.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- option -- a string without '
 - '. E.g. "Four"
- **pos** -- the insert position, indexed from 0, LV_DROPDOWN_POS_LAST = end of string

void lv_dropdown_clear_options(lv_obj_t *obj)

Clear all options in a drop-down list. Works with both static and dynamic options.

Parameters obj -- pointer to drop-down list object

void lv_dropdown_set_selected(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t sel_opt)

Set the selected option

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- **sel_opt** -- id of the selected option (0 ... number of option 1);

void lv_dropdown_set_dir(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_dir_t dir)

Set the direction of the a drop-down list

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a drop-down list object
- dir -- LV DIR LEFT/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM

void **lv_dropdown_set_symbol** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, const void *symbol)

Set an arrow or other symbol to display when on drop-down list's button. Typically a down caret or arrow.

Note: angle and zoom transformation can be applied if the symbol is an image. E.g. when drop down is checked (opened) rotate the symbol by 180 degree

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- **symbol** -- a text like LV_SYMBOL_DOWN, an image (pointer or path) or NULL to not draw symbol icon

void lv_dropdown_set_selected_highlight(lv_obj_t *obj, bool en)

Set whether the selected option in the list should be highlighted or not

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- en -- true: highlight enabled; false: disabled

lv_obj_t *lv_dropdown_get_list(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the list of a drop-down to allow styling or other modifications

Parameters obj -- pointer to a drop-down list object

Returns pointer to the list of the drop-down

```
const char *lv_dropdown_get_text(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get text of the drop-down list's button.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a drop-down list object

Returns the text as string, NULL if no text

const char *lv dropdown get options (const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the options of a drop-down list

Parameters obj -- pointer to drop-down list object

Returns

the options separated by '

 $\hbox{'-s (E.g. "Option 1 $$ \nOption 2 $$ nOption 3")}$

```
uint16_t lv_dropdown_get_selected(const lv_obj t *obj)
     Get the index of the selected option
           Parameters obj -- pointer to drop-down list object
           Returns index of the selected option (0 ... number of option - 1);
uint16 tlv dropdown get option cnt(const lv obj t *obj)
     Get the total number of options
           Parameters obj -- pointer to drop-down list object
           Returns the total number of options in the list
void lv dropdown get selected str(const lv_obj_t *obj, char *buf, uint32_t buf_size)
     Get the current selected option as a string
           Parameters
                 • obj -- pointer to drop-down object
                 • buf -- pointer to an array to store the string
                 • buf size -- size of buf in bytes. 0: to ignore it.
const char *lv_dropdown_get_symbol(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the symbol on the drop-down list. Typically a down caret or arrow.
           Parameters obj -- pointer to drop-down list object
           Returns the symbol or NULL if not enabled
bool lv_dropdown_get_selected_highlight(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get whether the selected option in the list should be highlighted or not
           Parameters obj -- pointer to drop-down list object
           Returns true: highlight enabled; false: disabled
lv_dir_t lv dropdown get dir(const lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the direction of the drop-down list
           Parameters obj -- pointer to a drop-down list object
           Returns LV_DIR_LEF/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM
void lv dropdown open (lv obj t *dropdown obj)
     Open the drop.down list
           Parameters obj -- pointer to drop-down list object
void lv dropdown close(lv obj t *obj)
     Close (Collapse) the drop-down list
           Parameters obj -- pointer to drop-down list object
bool lv_dropdown_is_open(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Tells whether the list is opened or not
```

Parameters obj -- pointer to a drop-down list object

Returns true if the list os opened

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_dropdown_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_dropdownlist_class
struct lv_dropdown_t

Public Members

lv_obj_t obj
lv_obj_t *list
```

The dropped down list

const char *text

Text to display on the dropdown's button

const void *symbol

Arrow or other icon when the drop-down list is closed

char *options

Options in a '

' separated list

uint16_t option_cnt

Number of options

uint16_t sel_opt_id

Index of the currently selected option

uint16_t sel_opt_id_orig

Store the original index on focus

uint16_t pr opt id

Index of the currently pressed option

lv_dir_t dir

Direction in which the list should open

uint8_t static_txt

1: Only a pointer is saved in options

uint8_t selected_highlight

1: Make the selected option highlighted in the list

struct lv_dropdown_list_t

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_obj_t *dropdown
```

6.2.8 Image (lv_img)

Overview

Images are the basic object to display images from flash (as arrays) or from files. Images can display symbols (LV SYMBOL ...) too.

Using the Image decoder interface custom image formats can be supported as well.

Parts and Styles

• LV_PART_MAIN A background rectangle that uses the typical background style properties and the image itself using the image style properties.

Usage

Image source

To provide maximum flexibility, the source of the image can be:

- a variable in code (a C array with the pixels).
- a file stored externally (e.g. on an SD card).
- a text with Symbols.

To set the source of an image, use lv_img_set_src(img, src).

To generate a pixel array from a PNG, JPG or BMP image, use the Online image converter tool and set the converted image with its pointer: lv_img_set_src(img1, &converted_img_var); To make the variable visible in the C file, you need to declare it with LV IMG DECLARE(converted img var).

To use external files, you also need to convert the image files using the online converter tool but now you should select the binary output format. You also need to use LVGL's file system module and register a driver with some functions for the basic file operation. Go to the *File system* to learn more. To set an image sourced from a file, use lv_img_set_src(img, "S:folder1/my_img.bin").

You can also set a symbol similarly to *Labels*. In this case, the image will be rendered as text according to the *font* specified in the style. It enables to use of light-weight monochrome "letters" instead of real images. You can set symbol like <code>lv_img_set_src(img1, LV_SYMBOL_OK)</code>.

Label as an image

Images and labels are sometimes used to convey the same thing. For example, to describe what a button does. Therefore, images and labels are somewhat interchangeable, that is the images can display texts by using LV_SYMBOL_DUMMY as the prefix of the text. For example, lv img set src(img, LV SYMBOL DUMMY "Some text").

Transparency

The internal (variable) and external images support 2 transparency handling methods:

- Chroma-keying Pixels with LV COLOR CHROMA KEY (lv_conf.h) color will be transparent.
- Alpha byte An alpha byte is added to every pixel that contains the pixel's opacity

Palette and Alpha index

Besides the *True color* (RGB) color format, the following formats are supported:

- Indexed Image has a palette.
- Alpha indexed Only alpha values are stored.

These options can be selected in the image converter. To learn more about the color formats, read the *Images* section.

Recolor

A color can be mixed with every pixel of an image with a given intensity. This can be useful to show different states (checked, inactive, pressed, etc.) of an image without storing more versions of the same image. This feature can be enabled in the style by setting img_recolor_opa between LV_0PA_TRANSP (no recolor, value: 0) and LV_0PA_COVER (full recolor, value: 255). The default value is LV_0PA_TRANSP so this feature is disabled.

The color to mix is set by img recolor.

Auto-size

If the width or height of the image object is set to LV_SIZE_CONTENT the object's size will be set according to the size of the image source in the respective direction.

Mosaic

If the object's size is greater than the image size in any directions, then the image will be repeated like a mosaic. This allows creation a large image from only a very narrow source. For example, you can have a 300 x 5 image with a special gradient and set it as a wallpaper using the mosaic feature.

Offset

With lv_img_set_offset_x(img, x_ofs) and lv_img_set_offset_y(img, y_ofs), you can add some offset to the displayed image. Useful if the object size is smaller than the image source size. Using the offset parameter a Texture atlas or a "running image" effect can be created by *Animating* the x or y offset.

Transformations

Using the <code>lv_img_set_zoom(img, factor)</code> the images will be zoomed. Set <code>factor</code> to 256 or <code>LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE</code> to disable zooming. A larger value enlarges the images (e.g. 512 double size), a smaller value shrinks it (e.g. 128 half size). Fractional scale works as well. E.g. 281 for 10% enlargement.

To rotate the image use lv_img_set_angle(img, angle). Angle has 0.1 degree precision, so for 45.8° set 458.

The transform zoom and transform angle style properties are also used to determine the final zoom and angle.

By default, the pivot point of the rotation is the center of the image. It can be changed with lv img set pivot(img, pivot x, pivot y). 0;0 is the top left corner.

The quality of the transformation can be adjusted with lv_img_set_antialias(img, true/false). With enabled anti-aliasing the transformations are higher quality but slower.

The transformations require the whole image to be available. Therefore indexed images (LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_. ...), alpha only images (LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_...) or images from files can not be transformed. In other words transformations work only on true color images stored as C array, or if a custom Image decoder returns the whole image.

Note that the real coordinates of image objects won't change during transformation. That is lv_obj_get_width/height/x/y() will return the original, non-zoomed coordinates.

Size mode

By default, when the image is zoomed or rotated the real coordinates of the image object are not changed. The larger content simply overflows the object's boundaries. It also means the layouts are not affected the by the transformations.

If you need the object size to be updated to the transformed size set <code>lv_img_set_size_mode(img, LV_IMG_SIZE_MODE_REAL)</code>. (The previous mode is the default and called <code>LV_IMG_SIZE_MODE_VIRTUAL)</code>. In this case if the width/height of the object is set to <code>LV_SIZE_CONTENT</code> the object's size will be set to the zoomed and rotated size. If an explicit size is set then the overflowing content will be cropped.

Rounded image

You can use <code>lv_obj_set_style_radius</code> to set radius to an image, and enable <code>lv_obj_set_style_clip_corner</code> to clip the content to rounded rectangle or circular shape. Please note this will have some negative performance impact to CPU based renderers.

Events

No special events are sent by image objects.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

Kevs

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Image from variable and symbol

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_img_1(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_t * img1 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img1, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -20);
    lv_obj_set_size(img1, 200, 200);

    lv_obj_t * img2 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img2, LV_SYMBOL_OK "Accept");
    lv_obj_align_to(img2, img1, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20);
}
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import usys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png','rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_cogwheel_argb.png")
    sys.exit()
```

(continues on next page)

```
img_cogwheel_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
   'data_size': len(png_data),
   'data': png_data
})

img1 = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img1.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -20)
img1.set_size(200, 200)

img2 = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img2.set_src(lv.SYMBOL.OK + "Accept")
img2.align_to(img1, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20)
```

Image recoloring

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE IMG && LV USE SLIDER && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv obj t * create slider(lv color t color);
static void slider event cb(lv event t * e);
static lv_obj_t * red_slider, * green_slider, * blue_slider, * intense_slider;
static lv obj t * img1;
* Demonstrate runtime image re-coloring
void lv_example_img_2(void)
   /*Create 4 sliders to adjust RGB color and re-color intensity*/
    red_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    green_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    blue_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    intense_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv_slider_set_value(red_slider, LV_OPA_20, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(green_slider, LV_OPA_90, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(blue_slider, LV_OPA_60, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(intense_slider, LV_OPA_50, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv obj align(red slider, LV ALIGN LEFT MID, 25, 0);
    lv obj align to(green slider, red slider, LV ALIGN OUT RIGHT MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(blue_slider, green_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(intense_slider, blue_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);
    /*Now create the actual image*/
    LV IMG DECLARE(img cogwheel argb)
    img1 = lv img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img1, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img1, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_event_send(intense_slider, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    LV_UNUSED(e);
    /*Recolor the image based on the sliders' values*/
    lv_color_t color = lv_color_make(lv_slider_get_value(red_slider), lv_slider_get_
→value(green_slider), lv_slider_get_value(blue_slider));
    lv_opa_t intense = lv_slider_get_value(intense_slider);
    lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor_opa(img1, intense, 0);
    lv obj set style img recolor(img1, color, 0);
static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_color_t color)
    lv obj t * slider = lv slider create(lv scr act());
    lv slider set range(slider, 0, 255);
    lv obj set size(slider, 10, 200);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(slider, color, LV_PART_KNOB);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(slider, lv_color_darken(color, LV_OPA_40), LV_PART_
→INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    return slider;
}
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import usys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
from imagetools import get png info, open png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
    with open('../../assets/img cogwheel argb.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img cogwheel argb.png")
    sys.exit()
img cogwheel argb = lv.img dsc t({
  'data_size': len(png_data),
  'data': png_data
})
def create slider(color):
    slider = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
    slider.set range(0, 255)
```

(continues on next page)

```
slider.set size(10, 200)
    slider.set style bg color(color, lv.PART.KNOB)
    slider.set_style_bg_color(color.color_darken(lv.0PA._40), lv.PART.INDICATOR)
    slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
    return slider
def slider event cb(e):
    # Recolor the image based on the sliders' values
    color = lv.color make(red slider.get value(), green slider.get value(), blue
→slider.get_value())
    intense = intense_slider.get_value()
    img1.set_style_img_recolor_opa(intense, 0)
    img1.set style img recolor(color, 0)
# Demonstrate runtime image re-coloring
# Create 4 sliders to adjust RGB color and re-color intensity
red slider = create slider(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
green slider = create slider(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
blue slider = create slider(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
intense slider = create slider(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
red_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._20, lv.ANIM.OFF)
green slider.set value(lv.OPA. 90, lv.ANIM.OFF)
blue slider.set value(lv.OPA. 60, lv.ANIM.OFF)
intense slider.set value(lv.OPA. 50, lv.ANIM.OFF)
red slider align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT MID. 25. 0)
green slider.align to(red slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT RIGHT MID, 25, 0)
blue slider.align to(green slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT RIGHT MID, 25, 0)
intense_slider.align_to(blue_slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0)
# Now create the actual image
img1 = lv.img(lv.scr act())
img1.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -20, 0)
lv.event_send(intense_slider, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
```

Rotate and zoom

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_angle(void * img, int32_t v)
{
    lv_img_set_angle(img, v);
}
```

(continues on next page)

```
static void set zoom(void * img, int32 t v)
    lv_img_set_zoom(img, v);
* Show transformations (zoom and rotation) using a pivot point.
void lv_example_img_3(void)
    LV IMG DECLARE(img cogwheel argb);
   /*Now create the actual image*/
   lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 50, 50);
    lv_img_set_pivot(img, 0, 0); /*Rotate around the top left corner*/
    lv anim t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, img);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_angle);
    lv_anim_set_values(\&a, 0, 3600);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 5000);
    lv anim set repeat count(&a, LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE);
    lv anim start(\&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_zoom);
    lv anim set values(\&a, 128, 256);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv anim start(\&a);
}
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import usys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
from imagetools import get png info, open png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('../../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
   print("Could not find img cogwheel argb.png")
    sys.exit()
```

(continues on next page)

```
img cogwheel argb = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(png data),
  'data': png_data
})
def set_angle(img, v):
    img.set_angle(v)
def set_zoom(img, v):
    img.set_zoom(v)
# Show transformations (zoom and rotation) using a pivot point.
# Now create the actual image
img = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
img.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 50, 50)
                                  # Rotate around the top left corner
img.set_pivot(0, 0)
a1 = lv.anim_t()
al.init()
a1.set_var(img)
al.set custom exec cb(lambda a, val: set angle(img, val))
al.set values(0, 3600)
al.set time(5000)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim_t.start(a1)
a2 = lv.anim_t()
a2.init()
a2.set var(img)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_zoom(img,val))
a2.set_values(128, 256)
a2.set_time(5000)
a2.set_playback_time(3000)
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim t.start(a2)
```

Image offset and styling

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ofs_y_anim(void * img, int32_t v)
{
    lv_img_set_offset_y(img, v);
}
/**
```

(continues on next page)

```
* Image styling and offset
void lv_example_img_4(void)
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_skew_strip);
    static lv style t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW));
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style, lv_color_black());
    lv obj t * img = lv img create(lv scr act());
    lv obj add style(img, &style, 0);
    lv_img_set_src(img, &img_skew_strip);
    lv_obj_set_size(img, 150, 100);
    lv_obj_center(img);
    lv anim t a;
    lv anim init(\&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, img);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, ofs_y_anim);
    lv_anim_set_values(\&a, 0, 100);
    lv\_anim\_set\_time(\&a, 3000);
    lv anim set playback time(\&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv anim start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
def ofs_y_anim(img, v):
    img.set_offset_y(v)
    # print(img,v)
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../../assets/img skew strip.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img skew strip.png")
    sys.exit()
img skew strip = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(png data),
  'data': png data
})
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Image styling and offset
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW))
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_img_recolor(lv.color_black())
img = lv.img(lv.scr act())
img.add style(style, 0)
img.set src(img skew strip)
img.set_size(150, 100)
img.center()
a = lv.anim_t()
a.init()
a.set_var(img)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_time(3000)
a.set_playback_time(500)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set custom exec cb(lambda a,val: ofs y anim(img,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)
```

API

Typedefs

typedef uint8_t lv_img_size_mode_t

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Image size mode, when image size and object size is different

Values:

enumerator LV IMG SIZE MODE VIRTUAL

Zoom doesn't affect the coordinates of the object, however if zoomed in the image is drawn out of the its coordinates. The layout's won't change on zoom

enumerator LV IMG SIZE MODE REAL

If the object size is set to SIZE_CONTENT, then object size equals zoomed image size. It causes layout recalculation. If the object size is set explicitly, the image will be cropped when zoomed in.

Functions

lv_obj_t *lv_img_create(lv_obj_t *parent)

Create an image object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new image

Returns pointer to the created image

```
void lv_img_set_src(lv_obj_t *obj, const void *src)
```

Set the image data to display on the object

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- **src_img** -- 1) pointer to an *lv_img_dsc_t* descriptor (converted by LVGL's image converter) (e.g. &my_img) or 2) path to an image file (e.g. "S:/dir/img.bin")or 3) a SYMBOL (e.g. LV_SYMBOL_OK)

void lv_img_set_offset_x(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t x)

Set an offset for the source of an image so the image will be displayed from the new origin.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an image
- **x** -- the new offset along x axis.

void lv_img_set_offset_y(lv_obj_t*obj, lv_coord_t y)

Set an offset for the source of an image. so the image will be displayed from the new origin.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an image
- y -- the new offset along y axis.

```
void lv_img_set_angle(lv_obj_t *obj, int16_t angle)
```

Set the rotation angle of the image. The image will be rotated around the set pivot set by lv img set pivot()

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- **angle** -- rotation angle in degree with 0.1 degree resolution (0..3600: clock wise)

```
void lv_img_set_pivot(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y)
```

Set the rotation center of the image. The image will be rotated around this point

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- **x** -- rotation center x of the image
- y -- rotation center y of the image

```
void lv_img_set_zoom(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t zoom)
```

void **lv img set antialias** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, bool antialias)

Enable/disable anti-aliasing for the transformations (rotate, zoom) or not. The quality is better with anti-aliasing looks better but slower.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- antialias -- true: anti-aliased; false: not anti-aliased

void **lv_img_set_size_mode**(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_img_size_mode_t mode)

Set the image object size mode.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- **mode** -- the new size mode.

const void *lv_img_get_src(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the source of the image

Parameters obj -- pointer to an image object

Returns the image source (symbol, file name or ::lv-img_dsc_t for C arrays)

lv_coord_t lv_img_get_offset_x(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the offset's x attribute of the image object.

Parameters img -- pointer to an image

Returns offset X value.

lv_coord_t lv_img_get_offset_y(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the offset's y attribute of the image object.

Parameters obj -- pointer to an image

Returns offset Y value.

uint16_t lv_img_get_angle(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the rotation angle of the image.

Parameters obj -- pointer to an image object

Returns rotation angle in 0.1 degrees (0..3600)

Get the pivot (rotation center) of the image.

Parameters

- img -- pointer to an image object
- **pivot** -- store the rotation center here

Get the zoom factor of the image.

Parameters obj -- pointer to an image object

Returns zoom factor (256: no zoom)

bool lv_img_get_antialias(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get whether the transformations (rotate, zoom) are anti-aliased or not

Parameters obj -- pointer to an image object

Returns true: anti-aliased; false: not anti-aliased

lv_img_size_mode_t lv_img_get_size_mode(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the size mode of the image

Parameters obj -- pointer to an image object

Returns element of lv_img_size_mode_t

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_img_class
struct lv_img_t
    #include <lv_img.h> Data of image
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
const void *src
lv_point_t offset
lv_coord_t w
lv_coord_t h
uint16_t angle
lv_point_t pivot
uint16_t zoom
uint8_t src_type
uint8_t cf
uint8_t antialias
uint8_t obj_size_mode
```

6.2.9 Label (lv_label)

Overview

A label is the basic object type that is used to display text.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN Uses all the typical background properties and the text properties. The padding values can be used to add space between the text and the background.
- LV_PART_SCROLLBAR The scrollbar that is shown when the text is larger than the widget's size.
- LV_PART_SELECTED Tells the style of the *selected text*. Only text_color and bg_color style properties can be used.

Usage

Set text

You can set the text on a label at runtime with <code>lv_label_set_text(label, "New text")</code>. This will allocate a buffer dynamically, and the provided string will be copied into that buffer. Therefore, you don't need to keep the text you pass to <code>lv_label_set_text</code> in scope after that function returns.

With lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Value: %d", 15) printf formatting can be used to set the text.

Labels are able to show text from a static character buffer. To do so, use <code>lv_label_set_text_static(label, "Text")</code>. In this case, the text is not stored in the dynamic memory and the given buffer is used directly instead. This means that the array can't be a local variable which goes out of scope when the function exits. Constant strings are safe to use with <code>lv_label_set_text_static</code> (except when used with <code>LV_LABEL_LONG_DOT</code>, as it modifies the buffer in-place), as they are stored in ROM memory, which is always accessible.

Newline

Newline characters are handled automatically by the label object. You can use \n to make a line break. For example: "linel\nline2\n\nline4"

Long modes

By default, the width and height of the label is set to LV_SIZE_CONTENT. Therefore, the size of the label is automatically expanded to the text size. Otherwise, if the width or height are explicitly set (using e.g.lv_obj_set_width or a layout), the lines wider than the label's width can be manipulated according to several long mode policies. Similarly, the policies can be applied if the height of the text is greater than the height of the label.

- LV_LABEL_LONG_WRAP Wrap too long lines. If the height is LV_SIZE_CONTENT the label's height will be expanded, otherwise the text will be clipped. (Default)
- LV LABEL LONG DOT Replaces the last 3 characters from bottom right corner of the label with dots (.)
- LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL If the text is wider than the label scroll it horizontally back and forth. If it's higher, scroll vertically. Only one direction is scrolled and horizontal scrolling has higher precedence.
- LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR If the text is wider than the label scroll it horizontally continuously. If it's higher, scroll vertically. Only one direction is scrolled and horizontal scrolling has higher precedence.
- LV LABEL LONG CLIP Simply clip the parts of the text outside the label.

You can specify the long mode with lv label set long mode(label, LV LABEL LONG ...)

Note that LV_LABEL_LONG_DOT manipulates the text buffer in-place in order to add/remove the dots. When $lv_label_set_text$ or $lv_label_set_array_text$ are used, a separate buffer is allocated and this implementation detail is unnoticed. This is not the case with $lv_label_set_text_static$. The buffer you pass to $lv_label_set_text_static$ must be writable if you plan to use $lv_label_long_dots$.

Text recolor

In the text, you can use commands to recolor parts of the text. For example: "Write a #ff0000 red# word". This feature can be enabled individually for each label by lv_label_set_recolor() function.

Text selection

If enabled by LV_LABEL_TEXT_SELECTION part of the text can be selected. It's similar to when you use your mouse on a PC to select a text. The whole mechanism (click and select the text as you drag your finger/mouse) is implemented in *Text area* and the Label widget only allows manual text selection with lv_label_get_text_selection_start(label, start_char_index) and lv label get text selection start(label, end char index).

Very long texts

LVGL can efficiently handle very long (e.g. > 40k characters) labels by saving some extra data (\sim 12 bytes) to speed up drawing. To enable this feature, set LV_LABEL_LONG_TXT_HINT 1 in lv_conf.h.

Symbols

The labels can display symbols alongside letters (or on their own). Read the *Font* section to learn more about the symbols.

Events

No special events are sent by the Label.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Line wrap, recoloring and scrolling

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Show line wrap, re-color, line align and text scrolling.
   */
void lv_example_label_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * label1 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv label set long mode(label1, LV LABEL LONG WRAP);
                                                             /*Break the long lines*/
    lv label set recolor(label1, true);
                                                              /*Enable re-coloring by...
→commands in the text*/
    lv_label_set_text(label1, "#0000ff Re-color# #ff00ff words# #ff0000 of a# label,...
→align the lines to the center "
                               "and wrap long text automatically.");
    lv obj set width(label1, 150); /*Set smaller width to make the lines wrap*/
    lv obj set style_text_align(label1, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER, 0);
    lv_obj_align(label1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -40);
    lv_obj_t * label2 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv label set long mode(label2, LV LABEL LONG SCROLL CIRCULAR); /*Circular...
\hookrightarrow scroll*/
    lv obj set width(label2, 150);
    lv label set text(label2, "It is a circularly scrolling text.");
    lv obj align(label2, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 40);
}
#endif
```

```
# Show line wrap, re-color, line align and text scrolling.
label1 = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label1.set_long_mode(lv.label.LONG.WRAP)
                                             # Break the long lines*/
label1.set recolor(True)
                                              # Enable re-coloring by commands in the
→text
label1.set text("#0000ff Re-color# #ff00ff words# #ff0000 of a# label, align the...
→lines to the center"
                              "and wrap long text automatically.")
label1.set width(150)
                                              # Set smaller width to make the lines...
⊶wrap
label1.set style text align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0)
label1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -40)
label2 = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label2.set_long_mode(lv.label.LONG.SCROLL_CIRCULAR) # Circular scroll
label2.set width(150)
label2.set text("It is a circularly scrolling text. ")
label2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 40)
```

Text shadow

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Create a fake text shadow
   */
void lv_example_label_2(void)
{
     /*Create a style for the shadow*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
static lv style t style shadow;
    lv style init(&style shadow);
    lv_style_set_text_opa(&style_shadow, LV_OPA 30);
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_shadow, lv_color_black());
    /*Create a label for the shadow first (it's in the background)*/
    lv obj t * shadow label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_add_style(shadow_label, &style_shadow, 0);
    /*Create the main label*/
   lv_obj_t * main_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv label set text(main label, "A simple method to create\n"
                                  "shadows on a text.\n"
                                  "It even works with\n\n"
                                  "newlines
                                               and spaces.");
   /*Set the same text for the shadow label*/
   lv label set text(shadow label, lv label get text(main label));
    /*Position the main label*/
    lv obj align(main label, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 0);
    /*Shift the second label down and to the right by 2 pixel*/
   lv_obj_align_to(shadow_label, main_label, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 2, 2);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a fake text shadow
# Create a style for the shadow
style shadow = lv.style t()
style shadow.init()
style_shadow.set_text_opa(lv.OPA._30)
style_shadow.set_text_color(lv.color_black())
# Create a label for the shadow first (it's in the background)
shadow label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
shadow label.add style(style shadow, 0)
# Create the main label
main label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
main label.set text("A simple method to create\n"
                   "shadows on a text.\n"
                   "It even works with\n\n"
                   "newlines
                                and spaces.")
# Set the same text for the shadow label
shadow_label.set_text(lv.label.get_text(main_label))
# Position the main label
main label.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
# Shift the second label down and to the right by 2 pixel
```

(continues on next page)

```
shadow_label.align_to(main_label, lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 2, 2)
```

Show LTR, RTL and Chinese texts

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE LABEL && LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV FONT DEJAVU 16 PERSIAN HEBREW && LV FONT
→SIMSUN 16 CJK && LV USE BIDI
* Show mixed LTR, RTL and Chinese label
void lv example label 3(void)
   lv obj t * ltr label = lv label create(lv scr act());
   lv label set text(ltr label, "In modern terminology, a microcontroller is similar,
→to a system on a chip (SoC).");
   lv obj set style text font(ltr label, &lv font montserrat 16, 0);
    lv obj set width(ltr label, 310);
   lv obj align(ltr label, LV ALIGN TOP LEFT, 5, 5);
   lv obj t * rtl label = lv label create(lv scr act());
   lv label_set_text(rtl_label, ", 000 00 0000 0000 00000 00000 :000000) CPU
→- Central Processing Unit).");
   lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(rtl_label, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
   lv_obj_set_style_text_font(rtl_label, \&lv_font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0);
   lv obj set width(rtl label, 310);
   lv_obj_align(rtl_label, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 5, 0);
   lv obj t * cz label = lv label create(lv scr act());
   lv_label_set_text(cz_label, "[]][][]Embedded System[]]\
lv obj set style text font(cz label, &lv font simsun 16 cjk, 0);
   lv_obj_set_width(cz_label, 310);
   lv_obj_align(cz_label, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_LEFT, 5, -5);
}
#endif
```

```
import fs_driver
#
# Show mixed LTR, RTL and Chinese label
#

ltr_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
ltr_label.set_text("In modern terminology, a microcontroller is similar to a system.

on a chip (SoC).")
# ltr_label.set_style_text_font(ltr_label, &lv_font_montserrat_16, 0);

fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')

try:
    ltr_label.set_style_text_font(ltr_label, lv.font_montserrat_16, 0)
```

(continues on next page)

```
except:
   font montserrat 16 = lv.font load("S:../../assets/font/montserrat-16.fnt")
    ltr_label.set_style_text_font(font_montserrat_16, 0)
ltr label.set width(310)
ltr_label.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 5, 5)
rtl label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
rtl_label.set_text(",0000 00 0000 0000 00000 00000 :000000) CPU - Central_
→Processing Unit).")
rtl_label.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL, 0)
rtl_label.set_style_text_font(lv.font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0)
rtl label.set width(310)
rtl label.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT MID, 5, 0)
font_simsun_16_cjk = lv.font_load("S:../../assets/font/lv_font_simsun_16_cjk.fnt")
cz label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
cz_label.set_style_text_font(font_simsun_16_cjk, 0)
cz_label.set_text("_____Embedded System__\n_____")
cz label.set width(310)
cz label.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM LEFT, 5, -5)
```

Draw label with gradient color

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE LABEL && LV USE CANVAS && LV BUILD EXAMPLES && LV DRAW COMPLEX
#define MASK WIDTH 100
#define MASK_HEIGHT 45
static void add mask event cb(lv event t * e)
    static lv_draw_mask_map_param_t m;
    static int16_t mask_id;
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_opa_t * mask_map = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_COVER_CHECK) {
        lv_event_set_cover_res(e, LV_COVER_RES_MASKED);
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN) {
        lv_draw_mask_map_init(&m, &obj->coords, mask_map);
        mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&m, NULL);
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_END) {
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(&m);
        lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_id);
    }
}
```

(continues on next page)

```
* Draw label with gradient color
void lv_example_label_4(void)
    /* Create the mask of a text by drawing it to a canvas*/
    static lv opa t mask map[MASK WIDTH * MASK HEIGHT];
    /*Create a "8 bit alpha" canvas and clear it*/
    lv_obj_t * canvas = lv_canvas_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, mask_map, MASK_WIDTH, MASK_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_
→8BIT);
   lv canvas fill bg(canvas, lv color black(), LV OPA TRANSP);
   /*Draw a label to the canvas. The result "image" will be used as mask*/
   lv draw label dsc t label dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.color = lv_color_white();
    label_dsc.align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER;
    lv canvas draw text(canvas, 5, 5, MASK WIDTH, &label dsc, "Text with gradient");
    /*The mask is reads the canvas is not required anymore*/
   lv obj del(canvas);
    /* Create an object from where the text will be masked out.
    * Now it's a rectangle with a gradient but it could be an image too*/
   lv obj t * grad = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(grad, MASK WIDTH, MASK HEIGHT);
    lv obj center(grad);
    lv obj set style bg color(grad, lv color hex(0xff0000), 0);
    lv obj set style bg grad color(grad, lv color hex(0x0000ff), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad_dir(grad, LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR, 0);
    lv obj add event cb(grad, add mask event cb, LV EVENT ALL, mask map);
}
#endif
```

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/

→label/lv_example_label_4.py

API

Typedefs

typedef uint8_t lv label long mode t

Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
     Long mode behaviors. Used in 'lv_label_ext_t'
     Values:
     enumerator LV LABEL LONG WRAP
          Keep the object width, wrap the too long lines and expand the object height
     enumerator LV LABEL LONG DOT
          Keep the size and write dots at the end if the text is too long
     enumerator LV LABEL LONG SCROLL
          Keep the size and roll the text back and forth
     enumerator LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR
          Keep the size and roll the text circularly
     enumerator LV LABEL LONG CLIP
          Keep the size and clip the text out of it
Functions
LV EXPORT CONST INT(LV LABEL DOT NUM)
LV EXPORT CONST INT(LV_LABEL_POS_LAST)
LV EXPORT CONST INT(LV_LABEL_TEXT_SELECTION_OFF)
lv_obj_t *lv label create(lv_obj_t *parent)
     Create a label object
          Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new label.
          Returns pointer to the created button
void lv_label_set_text(lv_obj_t *obj, const char *text)
     Set a new text for a label. Memory will be allocated to store the text by the label.
          Parameters
                • obj -- pointer to a label object
                • text -- '\0' terminated character string. NULL to refresh with the current text.
void lv_label_set_text_fmt (lv_obj_t *obj, const char *fmt,...
) LV FORMAT ATTRIBUTE(2
void void lv_label_set_text_static (lv_obj_t *obj, const char *text)
     Set a static text. It will not be saved by the label so the 'text' variable has to be 'alive' while the label exists.
          Parameters
                • obj -- pointer to a label object
```

• text -- pointer to a text. NULL to refresh with the current text.

void lv_label_set_long_mode(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_label_long_mode_t long_mode)

Set the behavior of the label with longer text then the object size

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- long_mode -- the new mode from 'lv_label_long_mode' enum. In LV_LONG_WRAP/DOT/SCROLL/SCROLL_CIRC the size of the label should be set AFTER this function

void lv label set recolor (lv_obj_t *obj, bool en)

void lv_label_set_text_sel_start(lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t index)

Set where text selection should start

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- index -- character index from where selection should start.
 LV_LABEL_TEXT_SELECTION_OFF for no selection

void lv_label_set_text_sel_end(lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t index)

Set where text selection should end

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- index -- character index where selection should end.
 LV_LABEL_TEXT_SELECTION_OFF for no selection

char *lv label get text(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the text of a label

Parameters obj -- pointer to a label object

Returns the text of the label

lv_label_long_mode_t lv_label_get_long_mode(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the long mode of a label

Parameters obj -- pointer to a label object

Returns the current long mode

bool lv label get recolor(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the recoloring attribute

Parameters obj -- pointer to a label object

Returns true: recoloring is enabled, false: disable

void lv label get letter pos (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t char_id, lv_point_t *pos)

Get the relative x and y coordinates of a letter

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **index** -- index of the character [0 ... text length 1]. Expressed in character index, not byte index (different in UTF-8)

• **pos** -- store the result here (E.g. index = 0 gives 0;0 coordinates if the text if aligned to the left)

uint32_t lv_label_get_letter_on(const lv_obj_t *obj, lv_point_t *pos_in)

Get the index of letter on a relative point of a label.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to label object
- pos -- pointer to point with coordinates on a the label

Returns The index of the letter on the 'pos_p' point (E.g. on 0;0 is the 0. letter if aligned to the left) Expressed in character index and not byte index (different in UTF-8)

bool lv_label_is_char_under_pos (const lv_obj_t *obj, lv_point_t *pos)

Check if a character is drawn under a point.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- pos -- Point to check for character under

Returns whether a character is drawn under the point

uint32_t lv_label_get_text_selection_start(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the selection start index.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a label object.

Returns selection start index. LV LABEL TEXT SELECTION OFF if nothing is selected.

Get the selection end index.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a label object.

Returns selection end index. LV LABEL TXT SEL OFF if nothing is selected.

void **lv_label_ins_text** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, uint32_t pos, const char *txt)

Insert a text to a label. The label text can not be static.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **pos** -- character index to insert. Expressed in character index and not byte index. 0: before first char. LV LABEL POS LAST: after last char.
- txt -- pointer to the text to insert

void **lv_label_cut_text** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, uint32_t pos, uint32_t cnt)

Delete characters from a label. The label text can not be static.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **pos** -- character index from where to cut. Expressed in character index and not byte index. 0: start in from of the first character
- cnt -- number of characters to cut

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_label_class
struct lv_label_t
     Public Members
     lv_obj_t obj
     char *text
     char *tmp_ptr
     char tmp[LV_LABEL_DOT_NUM + 1]
     union lv_label_t::[anonymous] dot
     uint32_t dot_end
     lv_draw_label_hint_t hint
     uint32_t sel_start
     uint32_t sel_end
     lv_point_t offset
     lv_label_long_mode_t long_mode
     uint8_t static_txt
     uint8_t recolor
     uint8_t expand
```

6.2.10 Line (lv_line)

uint8_t dot_tmp_alloc

Overview

The Line object is capable of drawing straight lines between a set of points.

Parts and Styles

• LV_PART_MAIN uses all the typical background properties and line style properties.

Usage

Set points

The points have to be stored in an lv_point_t array and passed to the object by the lv_line_set_points(lines, point_array, point_cnt) function.

Auto-size

By default, the Line's width and height are set to LV_SIZE_CONTENT. This means it will automatically set its size to fit all the points. If the size is set explicitly, parts on the line may not be visible.

Invert y

By default, the y == 0 point is in the top of the object. It might be counter-intuitive in some cases so the y coordinates can be inverted with $lv_line_set_y_invert(line, true)$. In this case, y == 0 will be the bottom of the object. y invert is disabled by default.

Events

Only the Generic events are sent by the object type.

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

No Keys are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Line

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LINE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_line_1(void)
{
    /*Create an array for the points of the line*/
    static lv_point_t line_points[] = { {5, 5}, {70, 70}, {120, 10}, {180, 60}, {240, ...
    -10} };

    /*Create style*/
    static lv_style_t style_line;
    lv_style_init(&style_line);
    lv_style_set_line_width(&style_line, 8);
    lv_style_set_line_color(&style_line, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
```

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```
lv_style_set_line_rounded(&style_line, true);

/*Create a line and apply the new style*/
lv_obj_t * line1;
line1 = lv_line_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_line_set_points(line1, line_points, 5);
/*Set the points*/
lv_obj_add_style(line1, &style_line, 0);
lv_obj_center(line1);
}

#endif
```

```
# Create an array for the points of the line
line points = [ \{ "x":5, "y":5 \}, 
                 {"x":70, "y":70},
                 {"x":120, "y":10},
                 {"x":180, "y":60},
                 {"x":240, "y":10}]
# Create style
style line = lv.style t()
style_line.init()
style_line.set_line_width(8)
style_line.set_line_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_line.set_line_rounded(True)
# Create a line and apply the new style
line1 = lv.line(lv.scr act())
                                      # Set the points
line1.set points(line points, 5)
line1.add style(style line, 0)
line1.center()
```

API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_line_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
Create a line object
```

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new line

Returns pointer to the created line

void **lv_line_set_points** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, const lv_point_t points[], uint16_t point_num) Set an array of points. The line object will connect these points.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a line object
- **points** -- an array of points. Only the address is saved, so the array needs to be alive while the line exists
- point_num -- number of points in 'point_a'

```
void lv_line_set_y_invert(lv_obj_t *obj, bool en)
```

Enable (or disable) the y coordinate inversion. If enabled then y will be subtracted from the height of the object, therefore the y = 0 coordinate will be on the bottom.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a line object
- **en** -- true: enable the y inversion, false:disable the y inversion

bool lv_line_get_y_invert(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the y inversion attribute

Parameters obj -- pointer to a line object

Returns true: y inversion is enabled, false: disabled

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_line_class
struct lv_line_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
const lv_point_t *point_array
    Pointer to an array with the points of the line
uint16_t point_num
    Number of points in 'point_array'
uint8_t y_inv
    1: y == 0 will be on the bottom
```

6.2.11 Roller (lv_roller)

Overview

Roller allows you to simply select one option from a list by scrolling.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN The background of the roller uses all the typical background properties and text style properties.
 style_text_line_space adjusts the space between the options. When the Roller is scrolled and doesn't stop exactly on an option it will scroll to the nearest valid option automatically in anim_time milliseconds as specified in the style.
- LV_PART_SELECTED The selected option in the middle. Besides the typical background properties it uses the text style properties to change the appearance of the text in the selected area.

Usage

Set options

Options are passed to the Roller as a string with lv_roller_set_options(roller, options, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL/INFINITE). The options should be separated by \n. For example: "First\nSecond\nThird".

LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE makes the roller circular.

You can select an option manually with $lv_roller_set_selected(roller, id, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)$, where id is the index of an option.

Get selected option

To get the *index* of the currently selected option use lv roller get selected(roller).

lv_roller_get_selected_str(roller, buf, buf_size) will copy the name of the selected option to buf.

Visible rows

The number of visible rows can be adjusted with lv roller set visible row count(roller, num).

This function calculates the height with the current style. If the font, line space, border width, etc. of the roller changes this function needs to be called again.

Events

• LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED Sent when a new option is selected.

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

- LV KEY RIGHT/DOWN Select the next option
- LV KEY LEFT/UP Select the previous option
- LY KEY ENTER Apply the selected option (Send LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED event)

Example

Simple Roller

```
lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv_roller_get_selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV_LOG_USER("Selected month: %s\n", buf);
    }
}
* An infinite roller with the name of the months
void lv example roller 1(void)
    lv obj t *roller1 = lv roller create(lv scr act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller1,
                        "January\n"
                        "February\n"
                        "March\n"
                        "April\n"
                        "May\n"
                        "June\n"
                        "July\n"
                        "August\n"
                        "September\n"
                        "October\n"
                        "November\n"
                        "December",
                        LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller1, 4);
    lv_obj_center(roller1);
    lv obj add event cb(roller1, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
#endif
```

```
def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        option = " "*10
        obj.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
        print("Selected month: " + option.strip())

#
# An infinite roller with the name of the months
#
roller1 = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller1.set_options("\n".join([
        "January",
        "February",
        "March",
        "April",
        "May",
```

(continues on next page)

```
"June",
"July",
"August",
"September",
"October",
"November",
"December"]),lv.roller.MODE.INFINITE)

roller1.set_visible_row_count(4)
roller1.center()
roller1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

Styling the roller

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE ROLLER && LV FONT MONTSERRAT 22 && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv roller get selected str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV LOG_USER("Selected value: %s", buf);
    }
}
* Roller with various alignments and larger text in the selected area
void lv example roller 2(void)
    /*A style to make the selected option larger*/
    static lv_style_t style_sel;
    lv style init(&style sel);
    lv_style_set_text_font(&style_sel, &lv_font_montserrat_22);
    const char * opts = 1\n2\n3\n4\n5\n6\n7\n8\n9\n10;
    lv_obj_t *roller;
    /*A roller on the left with left aligned text, and custom width*/
    roller = lv roller create(lv scr act());
    lv roller set options(roller, opts, LV ROLLER MODE NORMAL);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 2);
    lv_obj_set_width(roller, 100);
    lv_obj_add_style(roller, &style_sel, LV_PART_SELECTED);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_align(roller, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_LEFT, 0);
    lv_obj_align(roller, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 10, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_roller_set_selected(roller, 2, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    /*A roller on the middle with center aligned text, and auto (default) width*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
roller = lv roller create(lv scr act());
    lv roller set options(roller, opts, LV ROLLER MODE NORMAL);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 3);
    lv_obj_add_style(roller, &style_sel, LV_PART_SELECTED);
    lv obj align(roller, LV ALIGN CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv roller set selected(roller, 5, LV ANIM OFF);
    /*A roller on the right with right aligned text, and custom width*/
    roller = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller, opts, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 4);
    lv obj set width(roller, 80);
    lv obj add style(roller, &style sel, LV PART SELECTED);
    lv obj set style text align(roller, LV TEXT ALIGN RIGHT, 0);
    lv_obj_align(roller, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -10, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv roller set selected(roller, 8, LV ANIM OFF);
}
#endif
```

```
import fs driver
def event handler(e):
    code = e.get code()
    obj = e.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
        option = " "*10
        obj.get selected str(option, len(option))
        print("Selected value: %s\n" + option.strip())
# Roller with various alignments and larger text in the selected area
# A style to make the selected option larger
style sel = lv.style t()
style_sel.init()
    style sel.set text font(lv.font montserrat 22)
except:
    fs drv = lv.fs drv t()
    fs driver.fs register(fs drv, 'S')
    print("montserrat-22 not enabled in lv conf.h, dynamically loading the font")
    font montserrat 22 = lv.font load("S:" + "../../assets/font/montserrat-22.fnt")
    style sel.set text font(font montserrat 22)
opts = "\n".join(["1","2","3","4","5","6","7","8","9","10"])
# A roller on the left with left aligned text, and custom width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr act())
roller.set options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set visible row count(2)
```

(continues on next page)

```
roller.set width(100)
roller.add style(style sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.set_style_text_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.LEFT, 0)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 10, 0)
roller.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set selected(2, lv.ANIM.OFF)
# A roller in the middle with center aligned text, and auto (default) width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr act())
roller.set_options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set_visible_row_count(3)
roller.add style(style sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
roller.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set selected(5, lv.ANIM.OFF)
# A roller on the right with right aligned text, and custom width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr act())
roller.set options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set visible row count(4)
roller.set width(80)
roller.add_style(style_sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.set_style_text_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.RIGHT, 0)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -10, 0)
roller.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set selected(8, lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

add fade mask to roller

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE ROLLER && LV DRAW COMPLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void mask event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    static int16_t mask_top_id = -1;
    static int16_t mask_bottom_id = -1;
   if (code == LV_EVENT_COVER_CHECK) {
        lv_event_set_cover_res(e, LV_COVER_RES_MASKED);
    } else if (code == LV EVENT DRAW MAIN BEGIN) {
        /* add mask */
        const lv_font_t * font = lv_obj_get_style_text_font(obj, LV_PART_MAIN);
        lv_coord_t line_space = lv_obj_get_style_text_line_space(obj, LV_PART_MAIN);
        lv_coord_t font_h = lv_font_get_line_height(font);
        lv area t roller coords;
        lv obj get coords(obj, &roller coords);
        lv_area_t rect_area;
        rect_area.x1 = roller_coords.x1;
```

(continues on next page)

```
rect area.x2 = roller coords.x2;
        rect area.y1 = roller coords.y1;
        rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y1 + (lv_obj_get_height(obj) - font_h - line_
→space) / 2;
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_top = lv_mem_buf_get(sizeof(lv_draw_
→mask fade param t));
        lv draw mask fade init(fade mask top, &rect area, LV OPA TRANSP, rect area.y1,

→ LV_OPA_COVER, rect_area.y2);
        mask top id = lv draw mask add(fade mask top, NULL);
        rect area.y1 = rect area.y2 + font h + line space - 1;
        rect area.y2 = roller coords.y2;
        lv draw mask fade param t * fade mask bottom =lv mem buf get(sizeof(lv draw
→mask fade param t));
        lv_draw_mask_fade_init(fade_mask_bottom, &rect_area, LV_OPA_COVER, rect_area.
→y1, LV OPA TRANSP, rect area.y2);
        mask bottom_id = \( \bar{l} v_draw_mask_add(fade_mask_bottom, NULL);
    } else if (code == LV EVENT DRAW POST END) {
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_top = lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_top_
→id);
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_bottom = lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_
→bottom_id);
        lv draw mask free param(fade mask top);
        lv draw mask free param(fade mask bottom);
        lv mem buf release(fade mask top);
        lv mem buf release(fade mask bottom);
        mask top id = -1;
        mask bottom id = -1;
    }
}
* Add a fade mask to roller.
void lv example roller 3(void)
    static lv style t style;
    lv style init(&style);
    lv style set bg color(&style, lv color black());
    lv style set text color(&style, lv color white());
    lv style set border width(&style, 0);
    lv style set pad all(&style, 0);
    lv obj add style(lv scr act(), &style, 0);
    lv obj t *roller1 = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj add style(roller1, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(roller1, LV_OPA_TRANSP, LV_PART_SELECTED);
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 22
    lv obj set style text font(roller1, &lv font montserrat 22, LV PART SELECTED);
#endif
    lv roller set_options(roller1,
                        "January\n"
```

(continues on next page)

```
"February\n"
                         "March\n"
                         "April\n"
                         "May\n"
                         "June\n"
                         "July\n"
                         "August\n"
                         "September\n"
                         "October\n"
                         "November\n"
                         "December",
                         LV ROLLER MODE NORMAL);
    lv obj center(roller1);
    lv roller set visible row count(roller1, 3);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller1, mask_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
import fs driver
import sys
class Lv Roller 3():
    def init (self):
        self.mask_top_id = -1
        self.mask\ bottom\ id = -1
        # Add a fade mask to roller.
        style = lv.style_t()
        style.init()
        style.set bg color(lv.color black())
        style.set text color(lv.color white())
        lv.scr_act().add_style(style, 0)
        roller1 = lv.roller(lv.scr act())
        roller1.add style(style, 0)
        roller1.set style border width(0, 0)
        roller1.set style pad all(0, 0)
        roller1.set style bg opa(lv.OPA.TRANSP, lv.PART.SELECTED)
        #if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 22
            lv obj set style text font(roller1, &lv font montserrat 22, LV PART
→SELECTED);
        #endif
        try:
            roller1.set_style_text_font(lv.font_montserrat_22,lv.PART.SELECTED)
        except:
            fs drv = lv.fs drv t()
            fs driver.fs register(fs drv, 'S')
            print("montserrat-22 not enabled in lv conf.h, dynamically loading the..

font")
```

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```
font montserrat 22 = lv.font load("S:" + "../../assets/font/montserrat-22.

fnt")
           roller1.set_style_text_font(font_montserrat_22,lv.PART.SELECTED)
       roller1.set_options("\n".join([
           "January",
           "February",
           "March",
           "April",
           "May",
           "June",
           "July",
           "August",
           "September",
           "October",
           "November"
           "December"]),lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
       roller1.center()
       roller1.set visible row count(3)
       roller1.add event cb(self.mask event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
   def mask event cb(self,e):
       code = e.get code()
       obj = e.get target()
       if code == lv.EVENT.COVER CHECK:
           e.set_cover_res(lv.COVER_RES.MASKED)
       elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW MAIN BEGIN:
           # add mask
           font = obj.get style text font(lv.PART.MAIN)
           line_space = obj.get_style_text_line_space(lv.PART.MAIN)
           font_h = font.get_line_height()
           roller_coords = lv.area_t()
           obj.get coords(roller coords)
           rect area = lv.area t()
           rect area.x1 = roller coords.x1
           rect area.x2 = roller coords.x2
           rect_area.y1 = roller_coords.y1
           rect area.y2 = roller coords.y1 + (obj.get height() - font h - line
→space) // 2
           fade mask_top = lv.draw_mask_fade_param_t()
           fade mask top.init(rect area, lv.OPA.TRANSP, rect area.y1, lv.OPA.COVER,,
→rect_area.y2)
           self.mask_top_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_top,None)
           rect area.y1 = rect area.y2 + font h + line space - 1
           rect area.y2 = roller coords.y2
           fade mask bottom = lv.draw mask fade param t()
           fade mask bottom.init(rect area, lv.OPA.COVER, rect area.y1, lv.OPA.
→TRANSP, rect area.y2)
```

(continues on next page)

```
self.mask_bottom_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_bottom, None)

elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_POST_END:
    fade_mask_top = lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_top_id)
    fade_mask_bottom = lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_bottom_id)

# Remove the masks
lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_top_id)
lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_bottom_id)
self.mask_top_id = -1
self.mask_bottom_id = -1
roller3 = Lv_Roller_3()
```

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_roller_mode_t
```

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Roller mode.

Values:

enumerator LV ROLLER MODE NORMAL

Normal mode (roller ends at the end of the options).

enumerator LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE

Infinite mode (roller can be scrolled forever).

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_roller_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create a roller object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new roller.

Returns pointer to the created roller

```
void \ \textbf{lv\_roller\_set\_options} \ (\textit{lv\_obj\_t} \ * \text{obj}, \ const \ char \ * \text{options}, \ \textit{lv\_roller\_mode\_t} \ mode)
```

Set the options on a roller

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to roller object
- options -- a string with '
 - 'separated options. E.g. "One\nTwo\nThree"
- mode -- LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL or LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE

```
void lv roller set selected (lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t sel_opt, lv_anim_enable_t anim)
     Set the selected option
           Parameters
                 • obj -- pointer to a roller object
                 • sel opt -- index of the selected option (0 ... number of option - 1);
                 • anim en -- LV ANIM ON: set with animation; LV ANOM OFF set immediately
void lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(lv_obj_t *obj, uint8_t row_cnt)
     Set the height to show the given number of rows (options)
           Parameters
                 • obj -- pointer to a roller object
                 • row cnt -- number of desired visible rows
uint16_t lv_roller_get_selected(const lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the index of the selected option
           Parameters obj -- pointer to a roller object
           Returns index of the selected option (0 ... number of option - 1);
void lv_roller_get_selected_str(const lv_obj_t *obj, char *buf, uint32_t buf_size)
     Get the current selected option as a string.
           Parameters
                 • obj -- pointer to ddlist object
                 • buf -- pointer to an array to store the string
                 • buf size -- size of buf in bytes. 0: to ignore it.
const char *lv roller get options (const lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the options of a roller
           Parameters obj -- pointer to roller object
           Returns
```

the options separated by '

'-s (E.g. "Option1\nOption2\nOption3")

uint16_t lv_roller_get_option_cnt(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the total number of options

Parameters obj -- pointer to a roller object

Returns the total number of options

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_roller_class
struct lv_roller_t

Public Members

lv_obj_t obj
uint16_t option_cnt
Number of options

uint16_t sel_opt_id
Index of the current option

uint16_t sel_opt_id_ori
Store the original index on focus

lv_roller_mode_t mode
```

6.2.12 Slider (lv_slider)

uint32_t moved

Overview

The Slider object looks like a *Bar* supplemented with a knob. The knob can be dragged to set a value. Just like Bar, Slider can be vertical or horizontal.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN The background of the slider. Uses all the typical background style properties. padding makes the indicator smaller in the respective direction.
- LV_PART_INDICATOR The indicator that shows the current state of the slider. Also uses all the typical background style properties.
- LV_PART_KNOB A rectangle (or circle) drawn at the current value. Also uses all the typical background properties to describe the knob(s). By default, the knob is square (with an optional corner radius) with side length equal to the smaller side of the slider. The knob can be made larger with the padding values. Padding values can be asymmetric too.

Usage

Value and range

To set an initial value use lv_slider_set_value(slider, new_value, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF). The animation time is set by the styles' anim_time property.

To specify the range (min, max values), lv slider set range(slider, min , max) can be used.

Modes

The slider can be one of the following modes:

- LV_SLIDER_MODE_NORMAL A normal slider as described above
- LV_SLIDER_SYMMETRICAL Draw the indicator form the zero value to current value. Requires negative minimum range and positive maximum range.
- LV_SLIDER_RANGE Allows setting the start value too by lv_bar_set_start_value(bar, new_value, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF). The start value has to be always smaller than the end value.

The mode can be changed with lv_slider_set_mode(slider, LV_SLIDER_MODE_...)

Knob-only mode

Normally, the slider can be adjusted either by dragging the knob, or by clicking on the slider bar. In the latter case the knob moves to the point clicked and slider value changes accordingly. In some cases it is desirable to set the slider to react on dragging the knob only. This feature is enabled by adding the LV_OBJ_FLAG_ADV_HITTEST: lv obj add flag(slider, LV OBJ FLAG ADV HITTEST).

The extended click area (set by lv_obj_set_ext_click_area(slider, value)) increases to knob's click area.

Events

- LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent while the slider is being dragged or changed with keys. The event is sent
 continuously while the slider is dragged and once when released. Use lv_slider_is_dragged to determine
 whether the Slider is still being dragged or has just been released.
- LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN and LV EVENT DRAW PART END are sent for the following parts.
 - LV_SLIDER_DRAW_PART_KNOB The main (right) knob of the slider
 - * part: LV PART KNOB
 - * draw_area: area of the indicator
 - * rect_dsc
 - * id: 0
 - LV SLIDER DRAW PART KNOB The left knob of the slider
 - * part: LV PART KNOB
 - * draw area: area of the indicator
 - * rect_dsc

* id: 1

See the events of the *Bar* too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

- LV KEY UP/RIGHT Increment the slider's value by 1
- LV_KEY_DOWN/LEFT Decrement the slider's value by 1

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Slider

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);
static lv obj t * slider label;
* A default slider with a label displaying the current value
void lv_example_slider_1(void)
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
   lv obj t * slider = lv slider create(lv scr act());
    lv obj center(slider);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
   /*Create a label below the slider*/
    slider label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv label set text(slider label, "0%");
    lv obj align to(slider label, slider, LV ALIGN OUT BOTTOM MID, 0, 10);
}
static void slider event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv obj t * slider = lv event get target(e);
    char buf[8];
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d%%", (int)lv_slider_get_value(slider));
    lv_label_set_text(slider_label, buf);
    lv obj align to(slider_label, slider, LV ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10);
}
#endif
```

```
slider = e.get_target()
    slider_label.set_text("{:d}%".format(slider.get_value()))
    slider_label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10)

# Create a slider in the center of the display
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.center()
slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

# Create a label below the slider
slider_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
slider_label.set_text("0%")
slider_label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10)
```

Slider with custom style

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE SLIDER && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Show how to style a slider.
void lv example slider 2(void)
   /*Create a transition*/
    static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR, 0};
    static lv style transition dsc t transition dsc;
    lv style transition dsc init(&transition dsc, props, lv anim path linear, 300, 0,...
→NULL);
    static lv_style_t style_main;
    static lv_style_t style_indicator;
    static lv_style_t style_knob;
    static lv_style_t style_pressed_color;
    lv_style_init(&style_main);
    lv style_set_bg_opa(&style_main, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_main, lv_color_hex3(0xbbb));
    lv style set radius(&style main, LV RADIUS CIRCLE);
    lv style set pad ver(&style main, -2); /*Makes the indicator larger*/
    lv_style_init(&style_indicator);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indicator, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indicator, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_CYAN));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_indicator, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv style set transition(&style indicator, &transition dsc);
    lv_style_init(&style_knob);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_knob, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_knob, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_CYAN));
```

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```
lv style set border color(&style knob, lv palette darken(LV PALETTE CYAN, 3));
    lv style set border width(&style knob, 2);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_knob, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_knob, 6); /*Makes the knob larger*/
    lv style set transition(&style knob, &transition dsc);
    lv style init(&style pressed color);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pressed_color, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_CYAN,_
→2));
    /*Create a slider and add the style*/
    lv obj t * slider = lv slider create(lv scr act());
    lv obj remove style all(slider);
                                           /*Remove the styles coming from the...
→theme*/
    lv obj add style(slider, &style main, LV PART MAIN);
    lv obj add style(slider, &style indicator, LV PART INDICATOR);
    lv obj add style(slider, &style pressed color, LV PART INDICATOR | LV STATE
→PRESSED);
    lv obj add style(slider, &style knob, LV PART KNOB);
    lv obj add style(slider, &style pressed color, LV PART KNOB | LV STATE PRESSED);
    lv obj center(slider);
}
#endif
```

```
# Show how to style a slider.
# Create a transition
props = [lv.STYLE.BG COLOR, 0]
transition dsc = lv.style transition dsc t()
transition dsc.init(props, lv.anim t.path linear, 300, 0, None)
style main = lv.style t()
style_indicator = lv.style t()
style_knob = lv.style_t()
style pressed color = lv.style t()
style main.init()
style main.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style main.set bg color(lv.color hex3(0xbbb))
style main.set radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style main.set pad ver(-2)
                                           # Makes the indicator larger
style indicator.init()
style indicator set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style indicator.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.CYAN))
style indicator.set radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_indicator.set_transition(transition dsc)
style knob.init()
style knob.set bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style knob.set bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.CYAN))
style knob.set border color(lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.CYAN, 3))
style knob.set border width(2)
```

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```
style knob.set radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style knob.set pad all(6)
                                            # Makes the knob larger
style_knob.set_transition(transition_dsc)
style pressed color.init()
style_pressed_color.set_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.CYAN, 2))
# Create a slider and add the style
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.remove_style_all()
                                            # Remove the styles coming from the theme
slider.add style(style main, lv.PART.MAIN)
slider.add style(style indicator, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
slider.add style(style pressed color, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
slider.add style(style knob, lv.PART.KNOB)
slider.add style(style pressed color, lv.PART.KNOB | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
slider.center()
```

Slider with extended drawer

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD EXAMPLES
static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);
* Show the current value when the slider is pressed by extending the drawer
void lv example slider 3(void)
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv obj t * slider;
    slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(slider);
    lv_slider_set_mode(slider, LV_SLIDER_MODE_RANGE);
    lv_slider_set_value(slider, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_left_value(slider, 20, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv obj add event cb(slider, slider event cb, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(slider);
}
static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    /*Provide some extra space for the value*/
    if(code == LV_EVENT_REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE) {
        lv_coord_t * size = lv_event_get_param(e);
```

(continues on next page)

```
*size = LV_MAX(*size, 50);
    }
    else if(code == LV EVENT DRAW PART END) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
        if(dsc->part == LV_PART_INDICATOR) {
            char buf[16];
            lv snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d - %d", (int)lv slider get left
→value(obj), (int)lv_slider_get_value(obj));
            lv_point_t label_size;
            lv_txt_get_size(&label_size, buf, LV_FONT_DEFAULT, 0, 0, LV_COORD_MAX, 0);
            lv area t label area;
            label area.x1 = dsc->draw area->x1 + lv area get width(dsc->draw area) /__
\rightarrow 2 - label size.x / 2;
            label area.x2 = label area.x1 + label size.x;
            label_area.y2 = dsc->draw_area->y1 - 10;
            label_area.y1 = label_area.y2 - label_size.y;
            lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_draw_dsc;
            lv draw label dsc init(&label draw dsc);
            lv_draw_label(dsc->draw_ctx, &label_draw_dsc, &label_area, buf, NULL);
        }
    }
}
#endif
```

```
def slider event cb(e):
    code = e.get code()
   obj = e.get target()
    # Provide some extra space for the value
    if code == lv.EVENT.REFR EXT DRAW SIZE:
        e.set ext draw size(50)
   elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW PART END:
        # print("DRAW PART END")
        dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
        # print(dsc)
        if dsc.part == lv.PART.INDICATOR:
            label text = "{:d} - {:d}".format(obj.get left value(),slider.get value())
            label size = lv.point t()
            lv.txt get size(label size, label text, lv.font default(), 0, 0, lv.COORD.
\rightarrowMAX, 0)
            # print(label_size.x,label_size.y)
            label area = \( \bar{l} v \) area_t()
            label area.x1 = dsc.draw area.x1 + dsc.draw area.get width() // 2 - label
⇒size.x //
            label area.x2 = label area.x1 + label size.x
            label_area.y2 = dsc.draw_area.y1 - 10
            label area.y1 = label area.y2 - label size.y
            label draw dsc = lv.draw label dsc t()
            label draw dsc.init()
```

(continues on next page)

```
dsc.draw_ctx.label(label_draw_dsc, label_area, label_text, None)
# Show the current value when the slider if pressed by extending the drawer
# #
#Create a slider in the center of the display
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.center()
slider.set_mode(lv.slider.MODE.RANGE)
slider.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
slider.set_left_value(20, lv.ANIM.OFF)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
slider.refresh_ext_draw_size()
```

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_slider_mode_t
```

Enums

```
enum [anonymous]

Values:

enumerator LV_SLIDER_MODE_NORMAL

enumerator LV_SLIDER_MODE_SYMMETRICAL

enumerator LV_SLIDER_MODE_RANGE

enum lv_slider_draw_part_type_t

type field in lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t if class_p = lv_slider_class Used in LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END

Values:

enumerator LV_SLIDER_DRAW_PART_KNOB

The main (right) knob's rectangle

enumerator LV_SLIDER_DRAW_PART_KNOB_LEFT

The left knob's rectangle
```

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_slider_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create a slider object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new slider.

Returns pointer to the created slider

static inline void **lv_slider_set_value**(*lv_obj_t* *obj, int32_t value, *lv_anim_enable_t* anim)

Set a new value on the slider

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a slider object
- value -- the new value
- anim -- LV_ANIM_ON: set the value with an animation; LV_ANIM_OFF: change the value immediately

static inline void **lv_slider_set_left_value**(*lv_obj_t* *obj, int32_t value, *lv_anim_enable_t* anim)

Set a new value for the left knob of a slider

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a slider object
- value -- new value
- anim -- LV_ANIM_ON: set the value with an animation; LV_ANIM_OFF: change the value immediately

static inline void **lv_slider_set_range** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, int32_t min, int32_t max)

Set minimum and the maximum values of a bar

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to the slider object
- min -- minimum value
- max -- maximum value

static inline void **lv_slider_set_mode**(*lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_slider_mode_t* mode)

Set the mode of slider.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a slider object
- mode -- the mode of the slider. See ::lv slider mode t

static inline int32_t $lv_slider_get_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)$

Get the value of the main knob of a slider

Parameters **obj** -- pointer to a slider object

Returns the value of the main knob of the slider

static inline int32_t lv_slider_get_left_value(const *lv_obj_t* *obj)

Get the value of the left knob of a slider

Parameters obj -- pointer to a slider object

Returns the value of the left knob of the slider

```
static inline int32_t lv_slider_get_min_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the minimum value of a slider
           Parameters obj -- pointer to a slider object
           Returns the minimum value of the slider
static inline int32_t lv_slider_get_max_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get the maximum value of a slider
           Parameters obj -- pointer to a slider object
           Returns the maximum value of the slider
bool lv slider is dragged(const lv_obj_t *obj)
     Give the slider is being dragged or not
           Parameters obj -- pointer to a slider object
           Returns true: drag in progress false: not dragged
static inline lv_slider_mode_t lv slider get mode(lv_obj_t *slider)
     Get the mode of the slider.
           Parameters obj -- pointer to a bar object
           Returns see ::lv_slider_mode_t
Variables
```

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_slider_class
struct lv_slider_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_bar_t bar
lv_area_t left_knob_area
lv_area_t right_knob_area
int32_t *value_to_set
uint8_t dragging
uint8_t left_knob_focus
```

6.2.13 Switch (Iv_switch)

Overview

The Switch looks like a little slider and can be used to turn something on and off.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN The background of the switch uses all the typical background style properties. padding makes the indicator smaller in the respective direction.
- LV_PART_INDICATOR The indicator that shows the current state of the switch. Also uses all the typical background style properties.
- LV_PART_KNOB A rectangle (or circle) drawn at left or right side of the indicator. Also uses all the typical background properties to describe the knob(s). By default, the knob is square (with an optional corner radius) with side length equal to the smaller side of the slider. The knob can be made larger with the padding values. Padding values can be asymmetric too.

Usage

Change state

The switch uses the standard LV_STATE_CHECKED state.

To get the current state of the switch (with true being on), use lv_obj_has_state(switch, LV STATE CHECKED).

Call lv_obj_add_state(switch, LV_STATE_CHECKED) to turn it on, or lv_obj_clear_state(switch, LV_STATE_CHECKED) to turn it off.

Events

• LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent when the switch changes state.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

- LV_KEY_UP/RIGHT Turns on the slider
- LV KEY DOWN/LEFT Turns off the slider
- LV KEY ENTER Toggles the switch

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Switch

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SWITCH && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
```

(continues on next page)

```
if(code == LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("State: %s\n", lv_obj_has_state(obj, LV_STATE_CHECKED) ? "On" :
→ "Off"):
    }
}
void lv example switch 1(void)
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER,_
→LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);
   lv obj t * sw;
    sw = lv switch create(lv scr act());
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    sw = lv switch create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv obj add event cb(sw, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    sw = lv switch create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_DISABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    sw = lv switch create(lv scr act());
    lv obj add state(sw, LV STATE CHECKED | LV STATE DISABLED);
    lv obj add event cb(sw, event handler, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def event handler(e):
    code = e.get code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
        if obj.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
            print("State: on")
        else:
            print("State: off")
lv.scr_act().set_flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.COLUMN)
lv.scr act().set flex align(lv.FLEX ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX ALIGN.
→CENTER)
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr act())
sw.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
sw.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr act())
sw.add state(lv.STATE.DISABLED)
sw.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

(continues on next page)

```
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED | lv.STATE.DISABLED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_switch_create(lv_obj_t *parent)

Create a switch object
```

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new switch

Returns pointer to the created switch

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_switch_class
struct lv_switch_t

Public Members
```

```
lv_obj_t obj
int32_t anim_state
```

6.2.14 Table (ly table)

Overview

Tables, as usual, are built from rows, columns, and cells containing texts.

The Table object is very lightweight because only the texts are stored. No real objects are created for cells but they are just drawn on the fly.

The Table is added to the default group (if it is set). Besides the Table is an editable object to allow selecting a cell with encoder navigation too.

Parts and Styles

- LV PART MAIN The background of the table uses all the typical background style properties.
- LV PART ITEMS The cells of the table also use all the typical background style properties and the text properties.

Usage

Set cell value

The cells can store only text so numbers need to be converted to text before displaying them in a table.

lv_table_set_cell_value(table, row, col, "Content"). The text is saved by the table so it can be
even a local variable.

Line breaks can be used in the text like "Value\n60.3".

New rows and columns are automatically added is required

Rows and Columns

To explicitly set number of rows and columns use lv_table_set_row_cnt(table, row_cnt) and lv_table_set_col_cnt(table, col_cnt)

Width and Height

The width of the columns can be set with lv_table_set_col_width(table, col_id, width). The overall width of the Table object will be set to the sum of columns widths.

The height is calculated automatically from the cell styles (font, padding etc) and the number of rows.

Merge cells

Cells can be merged horizontally with lv_table_add_cell_ctrl(table, row, col, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_MERGE_RIGHT). To merge more adjacent cells call this function for each cell.

Scroll

If the label's width or height is set to LV_SIZE_CONTENT that size will be used to show the whole table in the respective direction. E.g. lv_obj_set_size(table, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT) automatically sets the table size to show all the columns and rows.

If the width or height is set to a smaller number than the "intrinsic" size then the table becomes scrollable.

Events

- LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED Sent when a new cell is selected with keys.
- LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END are sent for the following types:
 - LV_TABLE_DRAW_PART_CELL The individual cells of the table
 - * part: LV PART ITEMS
 - * draw area: area of the indicator
 - * rect_dsc
 - * label dsc
 - * id: current row × col count + current column

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

The following *Keys* are processed by the Tables:

LV_KEY_RIGHT/LEFT/UP/DOWN/ Select a cell.

Note that, as usual, the state of LV_KEY_ENTER is translated to LV_EVENT_PRESSED/PRESSING/RELEASED etc.

lv_table_get_selected_cell(table, &row, &col) can be used to get the currently selected cell. Row
and column will be set to LV TABLE CELL NONE no cell is selected.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple table

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABLE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void draw_part_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
    /*If the cells are drawn...*/
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        uint32_t row = dsc->id / lv_table_get_col_cnt(obj);
        uint32 t col = dsc->id - row * lv table get col cnt(obj);
        /*Make the texts in the first cell center aligned*/
        if(row == 0) {
            dsc->label_dsc->align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER;
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),_

dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color, LV_OPA_20);
            dsc->rect dsc->bg opa = LV OPA COVER;
        }
```

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```
/*In the first column align the texts to the right*/
        else if(col == 0) {
            dsc->label_dsc->align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_RIGHT;
        /*MAke every 2nd row grayish*/
        if((row != 0 \&\& row % 2) == 0) {
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY),_

dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color, LV_OPA_10);
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
    }
}
void lv_example_table_1(void)
    lv obj t * table = lv table create(lv scr act());
    /*Fill the first column*/
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 0, 0, "Name");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 1, 0,
                                         "Apple");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 2, 0, "Banana");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 3, 0, "Lemon");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 4, 0, "Grape");
    lv table set cell value(table, 5, 0, "Melon");
    lv table set cell value(table, 6, 0, "Peach");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 7, 0, "Nuts");
   /*Fill the second column*/
    lv table set cell value(table, 0, 1, "Price");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 1, 1, "$7");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 2, 1, "$4");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 3, 1, "$6");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 4, 1, "$2");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 5, 1, "$5");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 6, 1, "$1");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 7, 1, "$9");
    /*Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable*/
    lv obj set height(table, 200);
    lv_obj_center(table);
    /*Add an event callback to to apply some custom drawing*/
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(table, draw_part_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def draw_part_event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    # If the cells are drawn../
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        row = dsc.id // obj.get_col_cnt()
        col = dsc.id - row * obj.get_col_cnt()
```

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```
# Make the texts in the first cell center aligned
        if row == 0:
            dsc.label_dsc.align = lv.TEXT_ALIGN.CENTER
            dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE).color_mix(dsc.
→rect_dsc.bg_color, lv.0PA._20)
            dsc.rect dsc.bg opa = lv.OPA.COVER
        # In the first column align the texts to the right
        elif col == 0:
            dsc.label_dsc.flag = lv.TEXT_ALIGN.RIGHT
        # Make every 2nd row grayish
        if row != 0 and (row % 2) == 0:
            dsc.rect dsc.bg color = lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY).color mix(dsc.
→rect_dsc.bg_color, lv.OPA. 10)
            dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER
table = lv.table(lv.scr act())
# Fill the first column
table.set_cell_value(0, 0, "Name")
table.set_cell_value(1, 0, "Apple")
table.set_cell_value(2, 0, "Banana")
table.set_cell_value(3, 0, "Lemon")
table.set_cell_value(4, 0, "Grape")
table.set_cell_value(5, 0, "Melon")
table.set_cell_value(6, 0, "Peach")
table.set_cell_value(7, 0, "Nuts")
# Fill the second column
table.set cell value(0, 1, "Price")
table.set_cell_value(1, 1, "$7")
table.set_cell_value(2, 1, "$4")
table.set_cell_value(3, 1, "$6")
table.set_cell_value(4, 1, "$2")
table.set_cell_value(5, 1, "$5")
table.set_cell_value(6, 1, "$1")
table.set_cell_value(7, 1, "$9")
# Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable
table.set height(200)
table.center()
# Add an event callback to apply some custom drawing
table.add event cb(draw part event cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW PART BEGIN, None)
```

Lightweighted list from table

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE TABLE && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
#define ITEM CNT 200
static void draw event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    /*If the cells are drawn...*/
    if(dsc->part == LV PART ITEMS) {
        bool chk = lv_table_has_cell_ctrl(obj, dsc->id, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_
\hookrightarrow1);
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t rect_dsc;
        lv draw rect dsc init(&rect dsc);
        rect_dsc.bg_color = chk ? lv_theme_get_color_primary(obj) : lv_palette_
→lighten(LV PALETTE GREY, 2);
        rect dsc.radius = LV RADIUS CIRCLE;
        lv_area_t sw_area;
        sw_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x2 - 50;
        sw area.x2 = sw area.x1 + 40;
        sw area.y1 = dsc->draw area->y1 + lv area get height(dsc->draw area) / 2 - 10;
        sw area.y2 = sw area.y1 + 20;
        lv draw rect(dsc->draw ctx, &rect dsc, &sw area);
        rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_color_white();
        if(chk) {
            sw_area.x2 -= 2;
            sw area.x1 = sw area.x2 - 16;
        } else {
            sw_area.x1 += 2;
            sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 16;
        sw area.y1 += 2;
        sw area.y2 -= 2;
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &rect_dsc, &sw_area);
    }
}
static void change event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
    uint16_t col;
    uint16_t row;
    lv_table_get_selected_cell(obj, &row, &col);
    bool chk = lv table has cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
    if(chk) lv_table_clear_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
    else lv_table_add_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
}
 * A very light-weighted list created from table
```

(continues on next page)

```
*/
void lv_example_table_2(void)
    /*Measure memory usage*/
    lv mem monitor t mon1;
    lv_mem_monitor(&mon1);
   uint32_t t = lv_tick_get();
   lv_obj_t * table = lv_table_create(lv_scr_act());
    /*Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable*/
   lv obj set size(table, LV SIZE CONTENT, 200);
    lv table set col width(table, 0, 150);
    lv_table_set_row_cnt(table, ITEM_CNT); /*Not required but avoids a lot of memory_
→reallocation lv_table_set_set_value*/
    lv_table_set_col_cnt(table, 1);
    /*Don't make the cell pressed, we will draw something different in the event*/
   lv_obj_remove_style(table, NULL, LV_PART_ITEMS | LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < ITEM_CNT; i++) {
        lv table set cell value fmt(table, i, 0, "Item %"LV PRIu32, i + 1);
    }
   lv_obj_align(table, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -20);
   /*Add an event callback to to apply some custom drawing*/
    lv obj add event cb(table, draw event cb, LV EVENT DRAW PART END, NULL);
    lv obj add event cb(table, change event cb, LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED, NULL);
   lv mem monitor t mon2;
   lv mem monitor(&mon2);
   uint32_t mem_used = mon1.free_size - mon2.free_size;
   uint32_t elaps = lv_tick_elaps(t);
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32" items were created in %"LV_PRIu32" ms\n
                                  "using %"LV PRIu32" bytes of memory",
                                  ITEM CNT, elaps, mem used);
    lv obj align(label, LV ALIGN BOTTOM MID, 0, -10);
}
#endif
```

```
from utime import ticks_ms
import gc

ITEM_CNT = 200
```

(continues on next page)

```
def draw event cb(e):
   obj = e.get_target()
   dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    # If the cells are drawn..
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        chk = obj.has_cell_ctrl(dsc.id, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)
        rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        rect_dsc.init()
        if chk:
            rect dsc.bg color = lv.theme get color primary(obj)
        else:
            rect dsc.bg color = lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 2)
        rect_dsc.radius = lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE
        sw_area = lv.area_t()
        sw area.x1 = dsc.draw area.x2 - 50
        sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 40
        sw_area.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + dsc.draw_area.get_height() // 2 - 10
        sw area.y2 = sw area.y1 + 20
        dsc.draw_ctx.rect(rect_dsc, sw_area)
        rect dsc.bg color = lv.color white()
        if chk:
            sw area.x2 -= 2
            sw_area.x1 = sw_area.x2 - 16
        else:
            sw_area.x1 += 2
            sw area.x2 = sw area.x1 + 16
        sw area.y1 += 2
        sw_area.y2 -= 2
        dsc.draw_ctx.rect(rect_dsc, sw_area)
def change event cb(e):
   obj = e.get_target()
    row = lv.C Pointer()
    col = lv.C Pointer()
    table.get_selected_cell(row, col)
   # print("row: ",row.uint_val)
    chk = table.has_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)
    if chk:
        table clear cell ctrl(row.uint val, 0, lv.table CELL CTRL.CUSTOM 1)
        table.add_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)
# A very light-weighted list created from table
# Measure memory usage
qc.enable()
gc.collect()
```

(continues on next page)

```
mem free = gc.mem free()
print("mem free: ", mem free)
t = ticks_ms()
print("ticks: ", t)
table = lv.table(lv.scr_act())
# Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable
table.set size(150, 200)
table.set_col_width(0, 150)
table.set_row_cnt(ITEM_CNT) # Not required but avoids a lot of memory reallocation_
→ lv_table_set_set_value
table.set col cnt(1)
# Don't make the cell pressed, we will draw something different in the event
table remove style (None, lv.PART.ITEMS | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
for i in range(ITEM CNT):
   table.set_cell_value(i, 0, "Item " + str(i+1))
table.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -20)
# Add an event callback to apply some custom drawing
table.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END, None)
table.add_event_cb(change_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
gc.collect()
mem used = mem free - gc.mem free()
elaps = ticks_ms()-t
label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label.set text(str(ITEM_CNT) + " items were created in " + str(elaps) + " ms\n using
→" + str(mem used) + "bytes of memory")
#label.set text(str(ITEM CNT) + " items were created in " + str(elaps) + " ms")
label.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM MID, 0, -10)
```

MicroPython

No examples yet.

API

Typedefs

typedef uint8_t lv_table_cell_ctrl_t

Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
     Values:
     enumerator LV TABLE CELL CTRL MERGE RIGHT
     enumerator LV TABLE CELL CTRL TEXT CROP
     enumerator LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1
     enumerator LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_2
     enumerator LV TABLE CELL CTRL CUSTOM 3
     enumerator LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_4
enum lv_table_draw_part_type_t
     type field in lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t if class_p
                                                                      lv_table_class Used in
     LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN and LV EVENT DRAW PART END
     Values:
     enumerator LV_TABLE_DRAW_PART_CELL
         A cell
Functions
LV_EXPORT_CONST_INT(LV_TABLE_CELL_NONE)
lv_obj_t *lv_table_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
     Create a table object
         Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new table
         Returns pointer to the created table
void lv_table_set_cell_value(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t row, uint16_t col, const char *txt)
     Set the value of a cell.
     Note: New roes/columns are added automatically if required
         Parameters
               • obj -- pointer to a Table object
               • row -- id of the row [0 .. row_cnt -1]
               • col -- id of the column [0 .. col_cnt -1]
```

void **lv_table_set_cell_value_fmt** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, uint16_t row, uint16_t col, const char *fmt, ...) Set the value of a cell. Memory will be allocated to store the text by the table.

after this function call.

6.2. Core widgets 599

• txt -- text to display in the cell. It will be copied and saved so this variable is not required

Note: New roes/columns are added automatically if required

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col_cnt -1]
- fmt -- printf-like format

void lv_table_set_row_cnt(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t row_cnt)

Set the number of rows

Parameters

- **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object
- row cnt -- number of rows

Set the number of columns

Parameters

- **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object
- col cnt -- number of columns.

Set the width of a column

Parameters

- **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object
- col_id -- id of the column [0 .. LV_TABLE_COL_MAX -1]
- W -- width of the column

void **lv_table_add_cell_ctrl** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, uint16_t row, uint16_t col, *lv_table_cell_ctrl_t* ctrl) Add control bits to the cell.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col_cnt -1]
- ctrl -- OR-ed values from ::lv_table_cell_ctrl_t

void **lv_table_clear_cell_ctrl** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, uint16_t row, uint16_t col, *lv_table_cell_ctrl_t* ctrl) Clear control bits of the cell.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col cnt -1]
- ctrl -- OR-ed values from ::lv table cell ctrl t

 $const \ char \ *\textbf{lv_table_get_cell_value} \ (\textit{lv_obj_t} \ *obj, \ uint 16_t \ row, \ uint 16_t \ col)$

Get the value of a cell.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col cnt -1]

Returns text in the cell

uint16_t lv_table_get_row_cnt(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the number of rows.

Parameters obj -- table pointer to a Table object

Returns number of rows.

Get the number of columns.

Parameters obj -- table pointer to a Table object

Returns number of columns.

lv_coord_t lv_table_get_col_width(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t col)

Get the width of a column

Parameters

- **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object
- col -- id of the column [0 .. LV_TABLE_COL_MAX -1]

Returns width of the column

bool lv_table_has_cell_ctrl(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t row, uint16_t col, lv_table_cell_ctrl_t ctrl)

Get whether a cell has the control bits

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col_cnt -1]
- ctrl -- OR-ed values from ::lv table cell ctrl t

Returns true: all control bits are set; false: not all control bits are set

void lv_table_get_selected_cell(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t *row, uint16_t *col)

Get the selected cell (pressed and or focused)

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a table object
- **row** -- pointer to variable to store the selected row (LV_TABLE_CELL_NONE: if no cell selected)
- **col** -- pointer to variable to store the selected column (LV_TABLE_CELL_NONE: if no cell selected)

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_table_class
struct lv_table_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
uint16_t col_cnt
uint16_t row_cnt
char **cell_data
lv_coord_t *row_h
lv_coord_t *col_w
uint16_t col_act
uint16_t row_act
```

6.2.15 Text area (lv_textarea)

Overview

The Text Area is a *Base object* with a *Label* and a cursor on it. Texts or characters can be added to it. Long lines are wrapped and when the text becomes long enough the Text area can be scrolled.

One line mode and password modes are supported.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN The background of the text area. Uses all the typical background style properties and the text related style properties including text_align to align the text to the left, right or center.
- LV_PART_SCROLLBAR The scrollbar that is shown when the text is too long.
- LV_PART_SELECTED Determines the style of the selected text. Only text_color and bg_color style properties can be used. bg_color should be set directly on the label of the text area.
- LV_PART_CURSOR Marks the position where the characters are inserted. The cursor's area is always the bounding
 box of the current character. A block cursor can be created by adding a background color and background opacity
 to LV_PART_CURSOR's style. The create line cursor leave the cursor transparent and set a left border. The
 anim_time style property sets the cursor's blink time.
- LV PART TEXTAREA PLACEHOLDER Unique to Text Area, allows styling the placeholder text.

Usage

Add text

You can insert text or characters to the current cursor's position with:

- lv textarea add char(textarea, 'c')
- lv textarea add text(textarea, "insert this text")

To add wide characters like 'a', 'B' or CJK characters use lv textarea add text(ta, "a").

lv_textarea_set_text(ta, "New text") changes the whole text.

Placeholder

A placeholder text can be specified - which is displayed when the Text area is empty - with $lv_textarea_set_placeholder_text(ta, "Placeholder text")$

Delete character

To delete a character from the left of the current cursor position use lv_textarea_del_char(textarea). To delete from the right use lv_textarea_del_char_forward(textarea)

Move the cursor

The cursor position can be modified directly like $lv_textarea_set_cursor_pos(textarea$, 10). The 0 position means "before the first characters", $Lv_TA_cursor_LAST$ means "after the last character"

You can step the cursor with

- lv textarea cursor right(textarea)
- lv textarea cursor left(textarea)
- lv textarea cursor up(textarea)
- lv textarea cursor down(textarea)

If lv_textarea_set_cursor_click_pos(textarea, true) is applied the cursor will jump to the position where the Text area was clicked.

Hide the cursor

The cursor is always visible, however it can be a good idea to style it to be visible only in LV STATE FOCUSED state.

One line mode

The Text area can be configured to be on a single line with lv_textarea_set_one_line(textarea, true). In this mode the height is set automatically to show only one line, line break characters are ignored, and word wrap is disabled.

Password mode

The text area supports password mode which can be enabled with $lv_textarea_set_password_mode(textarea, true)$.

If the • (Bullet, U+2022) character exists in the font, the entered characters are converted to it after some time or when a new character is entered. If • not exists, * will be used.

In password mode lv textarea get text(textarea) returns the actual text entered, not the bullet characters.

The visibility time can be adjusted with LV_TEXTAREA_DEF_PWD_SHOW_TIME) in lv_conf.h.

Accepted characters

You can set a list of accepted characters with lv_textarea_set_accepted_chars(textarea, "0123456789.+-"). Other characters will be ignored.

Max text length

The maximum number of characters can be limited with lv_textarea_set_max_length(textarea, max char num)

Very long texts

If there is a very long text in the Text area (e.g. > 20k characters), scrolling and drawing might be slow. However, by enabling LV_LABEL_LONG_TXT_HINT 1 in lv_conf. h the performance can be hugely improved. This will save some additional information about the label to speed up its drawing. Using LV_LABEL_LONG_TXT_HINT the scrolling and drawing will as fast as with "normal" short texts.

Select text

Any part of the text can be selected if enabled with lv_textarea_set_text_selection(textarea, true). This works much like when you select text on your PC with your mouse.

Events

- LV_EVENT_INSERT Sent right before a character or text is inserted. The event parameter is the text about to be inserted. lv_textarea_set_insert_replace(textarea, "New text") replaces the text to insert. The new text cannot be in a local variable which is destroyed when the event callback exists. "" means do not insert anything.
- LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED Sent when the content of the text area has been changed.
- LV_EVENT_READY Sent when LV_KEY_ENTER is pressed (or sent) to a one line text area.

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

- LV KEY UP/DOWN/LEFT/RIGHT Move the cursor
- Any character Add the character to the current cursor position

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Text area

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE TEXTAREA && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void textarea_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    LV LOG USER("Enter was pressed. The current text is: %s", lv textarea get
→text(ta));
static void btnm_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    const char * txt = lv_btnmatrix_get_btn_text(obj, lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_
→btn(obj));
    if(strcmp(txt, LV SYMBOL BACKSPACE) == 0) lv textarea del char(ta);
    else if(strcmp(txt, LV_SYMBOL_NEW_LINE) == 0) lv_event_send(ta, LV_EVENT_READY,__
→NULL);
   else lv_textarea_add_text(ta, txt);
}
void lv example textarea 1(void)
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(ta, true);
    lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 10);
```

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```
def textarea_event_handler(e, ta):
             print("Enter was pressed. The current text is: " + ta.get text())
def btnm_event_handler(e, ta):
            obj = e.get_target()
             txt = obj.get btn text(obj.get selected btn())
             if txt == lv.SYMBOL.BACKSPACE:
                         ta.del char()
             elif txt == lv.SYMBOL.NEW LINE:
                         lv.event send(ta, lv.EVENT.READY, None)
             elif txt:
                         ta.add text(txt)
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr act())
ta.set one line(True)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: textarea_event_handler(e, ta), lv.EVENT.READY, None)
ta.add state(lv.STATE.FOCUSED) # To be sure the cursor is visible
 btnm\_map = ["1", "2", "3", " \ "n", "4", "5", "6", " \ "n", "7", "8", "9", " \ "n", "n", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10", "10"
                                      lv.SYMBOL.BACKSPACE, "0", lv.SYMBOL.NEW LINE, ""]
btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr act())
btnm.set size(200, 150)
btnm.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM MID, 0, -10)
btnm.add event cb(lambda e: btnm event handler(e, ta), lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED, None)
btnm.clear flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CLICK FOCUSABLE) # To keep the text area focused on,
 →button clicks
btnm.set map(btnm map)
```

Text area with password field

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TEXTAREA && LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);
static lv obj t * kb;
void lv_example_textarea_2(void)
    /*Create the password box*/
   lv obj t * pwd ta = lv textarea create(lv scr act());
    lv_textarea_set_text(pwd_ta, "");
    lv textarea set password mode(pwd ta, true);
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(pwd_ta, true);
    lv_obj_set_width(pwd_ta, lv_pct(40));
    lv obj set pos(pwd ta, 5, 20);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(pwd_ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    /*Create a label and position it above the text box*/
   lv_obj_t * pwd_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(pwd_label, "Password:");
   lv_obj_align_to(pwd_label, pwd_ta, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0);
    /*Create the one-line mode text area*/
   lv obj t * text ta = lv textarea create(lv scr act());
    lv textarea set one line(text ta, true);
    lv_textarea_set_password_mode(text_ta, false);
    lv_obj_set_width(text_ta, lv_pct(40));
    lv obj add event cb(text ta, ta event cb, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(text_ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -5, 20);
    /*Create a label and position it above the text box*/
   lv_obj_t * oneline_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
   lv_label_set_text(oneline_label, "Text:");
   lv_obj_align_to(oneline_label, text_ta, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0);
   /*Create a keyboard*/
    kb = lv keyboard create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(kb, LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES / 2);
    lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, pwd_ta); /*Focus it on one of the text areas to_
→start*/
static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv obj t * ta = lv event get target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_FOCUSED) {
        /*Focus on the clicked text area*/
        if(kb != NULL) lv keyboard set textarea(kb, ta);
    }
    else if(code == LV EVENT READY) {
```

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```
LV_LOG_USER("Ready, current text: %s", lv_textarea_get_text(ta));
}
#endif
```

```
def ta_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get code()
    ta = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.FOCUSED:
        # Focus on the clicked text area
        if kb != None:
            kb.set textarea(ta)
    elif code == lv.EVENT.READY:
        print("Ready, current text: " + ta.get_text())
# Create the password box
LV HOR_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.hor_res
LV VER RES = lv.scr act().get disp().driver.ver res
pwd_ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
pwd_ta.set_text("")
pwd_ta.set_password_mode(True)
pwd_ta.set_one_line(True)
pwd_ta.set_width(LV_HOR_RES // 2 - 20)
pwd ta.set pos(5, 20)
pwd ta.add event cb(ta event cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
# Create a label and position it above the text box
pwd label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
pwd label.set_text("Password:")
pwd label.align to(pwd ta, lv.ALIGN.OUT TOP LEFT, 0, 0)
# Create the one-line mode text area
text_ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
text_ta.set_width(LV_HOR_RES // 2 - 20)
text_ta.set_one_line(True)
text_ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
text ta.set password mode(False)
text_ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, -5, 20)
# Create a label and position it above the text box
oneline label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
oneline label.set text("Text:")
oneline_label.align_to(text_ta, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0)
# Create a keyboard
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())
kb.set size(LV HOR RES, LV VER RES // 2)
kb.set textarea(pwd ta) # Focus it on one of the text areas to start
```

Text auto-formatting

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TEXTAREA && LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);
static lv obj t * kb;
* Automatically format text like a clock. E.g. "12:34"
* Add the ':' automatically.
void lv_example_textarea_3(void)
    /*Create the text area*/
   lv_obj_t * ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_textarea_set_accepted_chars(ta, "0123456789:");
    lv_textarea_set_max_length(ta, 5);
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(ta, true);
    lv_textarea_set_text(ta, "");
    /*Create a keyboard*/
    kb = lv_keyboard_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(kb, LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES / 2);
    lv_keyboard_set_mode(kb, LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_NUMBER);
    lv keyboard set textarea(kb, ta);
static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    const char * txt = lv_textarea_get_text(ta);
    if(txt[0] >= '0' \&\& txt[0] <= '9' \&\&
        txt[1] >= '0' \&\& txt[1] <= '9' \&\&
        txt[2] != ':')
    {
        lv_textarea_set_cursor_pos(ta, 2);
        lv_textarea_add_char(ta, ':');
    }
}
#endif
```

```
def ta_event_cb(e):
    ta = e.get_target()
    txt = ta.get_text()
    # print(txt)
    pos = ta.get_cursor_pos()
    # print("cursor pos: ",pos)
    # find position of ":" in text
    colon_pos= txt.find(":")
    # if there are more than 2 digits before the colon, remove the last one entered
    if colon_pos == 3:
        ta.del_char()
    if colon_pos != -1:
```

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```
# if there are more than 3 digits after the ":" remove the last one entered
        rest = txt[colon pos:]
        if len(rest) > 3:
            ta.del_char()
   if len(txt) < 2:
       return
   if ":" in txt:
        return
   if txt[0] >= '0' and txt[0] <= '9' and \
        txt[1] >= '0' and txt[1] <= '9':
        if len(txt) == 2 or txt[2] != ':' :
            ta.set cursor pos(2)
            ta.add_char(ord(':'))
# Automatically format text like a clock. E.g. "12:34"
# Add the ':' automatically
# Create the text area
LV_HOR_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.hor_res
LV_VER_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.ver_res
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
ta.set accepted chars("0123456789:")
ta.set max length(5)
ta.set one line(True)
ta.set text("")
ta.add_state(lv.STATE.FOCUSED)
# Create a keyboard
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())
kb.set_size(LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES // 2)
kb.set mode(lv.keyboard.MODE.NUMBER)
kb.set_textarea(ta)
```

API

Enums

```
enum [anonymous]

Values:
```

vaiues:

enumerator LV_PART_TEXTAREA_PLACEHOLDER

Functions

LV EXPORT CONST INT(LV_TEXTAREA_CURSOR_LAST)

lv_obj_t *lv_textarea_create(lv_obj_t *parent)

Create a text area object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new text area

Returns pointer to the created text area

void lv textarea add char(lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t c)

Insert a character to the current cursor position. To add a wide char, e.g. 'Á' use _lv_txt_encoded_conv_wc('Á)'

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **c** -- a character (e.g. 'a')

void **lv_textarea_add_text**(*lv_obj_t* *obj, const char *txt)

Insert a text to the current cursor position

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- txt -- a '\0' terminated string to insert

void lv_textarea_del_char(lv_obj_t *obj)

Delete a the left character from the current cursor position

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

void lv_textarea_del_char_forward(lv_obj_t *obj)

Delete the right character from the current cursor position

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

void lv textarea set text(lv_obj_t *obj, const char *txt)

Set the text of a text area

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- txt -- pointer to the text

void lv_textarea_set_placeholder_text(lv_obj_t *obj, const char *txt)

Set the placeholder text of a text area

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- txt -- pointer to the text

void **lv_textarea_set_cursor_pos** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, int32_t pos)

Set the cursor position

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- pos -- the new cursor position in character index < 0: index from the end of the text LV_TEXTAREA_CURSOR_LAST: go after the last character

void lv_textarea_set_cursor_click_pos(lv_obj_t *obj, bool en)

Enable/Disable the positioning of the cursor by clicking the text on the text area.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- en -- true: enable click positions; false: disable

void lv textarea set password mode(lv obj t*obj, bool en)

Enable/Disable password mode

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- en -- true: enable, false: disable

void lv_textarea_set_one_line(lv_obj_t *obj, bool en)

Configure the text area to one line or back to normal

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- en -- true: one line, false: normal

void **lv_textarea_set_accepted_chars** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, const char *list)

Set a list of characters. Only these characters will be accepted by the text area

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- list -- list of characters. Only the pointer is saved. E.g. "+-.,0123456789"

void lv textarea set max length(lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t num)

Set max length of a Text Area.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- num -- the maximal number of characters can be added (lv_textarea_set_text ignores it)

void lv textarea set insert replace(lv obj t*obj, const char *txt)

In LV_EVENT_INSERT the text which planned to be inserted can be replaced by an other text. It can be used to add automatic formatting to the text area.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **txt** -- pointer to a new string to insert. If "" no text will be added. The variable must be live after the event cb exists. (Should be global or static)

void lv textarea set text selection (lv_obj_t *obj, bool en)

Enable/disable selection mode.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- en -- true or false to enable/disable selection mode

void lv_textarea_set_password_show_time(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t time)

Set how long show the password before changing it to '*'

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **time** -- show time in milliseconds. 0: hide immediately.

```
void lv_textarea_set_align(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_text_align_t align)
```

Deprecated: use the normal text_align style property instead Set the label's alignment. It sets where the label is aligned (in one line mode it can be smaller than the text area) and how the lines of the area align in case of multiline text area

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- align -- the align mode from ::lv_text_align_t

```
const char *lv textarea get text(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the text of a text area. In password mode it gives the real text (not '*'s).

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns pointer to the text

```
const char *lv_textarea_get_placeholder_text(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the placeholder text of a text area

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns pointer to the text

```
lv_obj_t *lv_textarea_get_label(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the label of a text area

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns pointer to the label object

```
uint32_t lv_textarea_get_cursor_pos(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the current cursor position in character index

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns the cursor position

```
bool lv_textarea_get_cursor_click_pos(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get whether the cursor click positioning is enabled or not.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns true: enable click positions; false: disable

bool lv_textarea_get_password_mode(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the password mode attribute

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns true: password mode is enabled, false: disabled

bool lv_textarea_get_one_line(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the one line configuration attribute

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns true: one line configuration is enabled, false: disabled

const char *lv_textarea_get_accepted_chars(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get a list of accepted characters.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns list of accented characters.

uint32_t lv_textarea_get_max_length(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get max length of a Text Area.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns the maximal number of characters to be add

bool lv_textarea_text_is_selected(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Find whether text is selected or not.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns whether text is selected or not

bool lv_textarea_get_text_selection(lv_obj_t *obj)

Find whether selection mode is enabled.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns true: selection mode is enabled, false: disabled

uint16_t lv_textarea_get_password_show_time(lv_obj_t *obj)

Set how long show the password before changing it to '*'

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Returns show time in milliseconds. 0: hide immediately.

void lv_textarea_clear_selection(lv_obj_t *obj)

Clear the selection on the text area.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

void lv_textarea_cursor_right(lv_obj_t *obj)

Move the cursor one character right

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

void lv_textarea_cursor_left(lv_obj_t *obj)

Move the cursor one character left

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

void lv_textarea_cursor_down(lv_obj_t *obj)

Move the cursor one line down

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

void lv_textarea_cursor_up(lv_obj_t *obj)

Move the cursor one line up

Parameters obj -- pointer to a text area object

Variables

```
struct lv_textarea_t
     Public Members
     lv_obj_t obj
     lv_obj_t *label
     char *placeholder_txt
     char *pwd_tmp
     const char *accepted_chars
     uint32_t max_length
     uint16_t pwd_show_time
     lv_coord_t valid_x
     uint32_t pos
     lv_area_t area
     uint32_t txt_byte_pos
     uint8_t show
     uint8_t click_pos
     struct lv_textarea_t::[anonymous] cursor
     uint32_t sel start
     uint32_t sel_end
     uint8_t text_sel_in_prog
     uint8_t text sel en
     uint8_t pwd mode
     uint8_t one_line
```

const lv_obj_class_t lv_textarea_class

6.3 Extra widgets

6.3.1 Animation Image (Iv_animimg)

Overview

The animation image is similar to the normal 'Image' object. The only difference is that instead of one source image, you set an array of multiple source images.

You can specify a duration and repeat count.

Parts and Styles

• LV_PART_MAIN A background rectangle that uses the typical background style properties and the image itself using the image style properties.

Usage

Image sources

To set the image in a state, use the lv_animimg_set_src(imgbtn, dsc[], num).

Events

No special events are sent by image objects.

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

No Keys are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Animation Image

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE ANIMING && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
LV IMG DECLARE(animimg001)
LV IMG DECLARE(animimg002)
LV_IMG_DECLARE(animimg003)
static const lv_img_dsc_t* anim_imgs[3] = {
    &animimg001,
    &animimg002,
   &animimg003,
};
void lv_example_animimg_1(void)
    lv obj t * animimg0 = lv animimg create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_center(animimg0);
    lv_animimg_set_src(animimg0, (lv_img_dsc_t**) anim_imgs, 3);
    lv_animimg_set_duration(animimg0, 1000);
    lv_animimg_set_repeat_count(animimg0, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_animimg_start(animimg0);
}
#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get png info, open png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
anim imgs = [None]*3
# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../../assets/animimg001.png','rb') as f:
        anim001 data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find animimg001.png")
    sys.exit()
anim_imgs[0] = lv.img_dsc_t({
  'data size': len(anim001 data),
  'data': anim001_data
})
try:
    with open('../../assets/animimg002.png','rb') as f:
        anim002_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find animimg002.png")
    sys.exit()
anim_imgs[1] = lv.img_dsc_t({
  'data_size': len(anim002_data),
  'data': anim002_data
})
try:
    with open('../../assets/animimg003.png','rb') as f:
        anim003 data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find animimg003.png")
    sys.exit()
anim_imgs[2] = lv.img_dsc_t({
  'data_size': len(anim003_data),
  'data': anim003_data
})
animimg0 = lv.animimg(lv.scr_act())
animimg0.center()
animimg0.set src(anim imgs, 3)
animimg0.set duration(1000)
animimg0.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
animimg0.start()
```

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_animimg_part_t
```

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Values:

```
enumerator LV_ANIM_IMG_PART_MAIN
```

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_animimg_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create an animation image objects

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new button

Returns pointer to the created animation image object

```
void lv_animimg_set_src(lv_obj_t *img, lv_img_dsc_t *dsc[], uint8_t num)
```

Set the image animation images source.

Parameters

- img -- pointer to an animation image object
- dsc -- pointer to a series images
- **num** -- images' number

```
void lv_animimg_start(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Startup the image animation.

Parameters obj -- pointer to an animation image object

```
void lv animing set duration (lv_obj_t *img, uint32_t duration)
```

Set the image animation duration time. unit:ms

Parameters img -- pointer to an animation image object

```
void lv_animimg_set_repeat_count(lv_obj_t *img, uint16_t count)
```

Set the image animation reapeatly play times.

Parameters

- img -- pointer to an animation image object
- **count** -- the number of times to repeat the animation

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_animimg_class
struct lv_animimg_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_img_t img
lv_anim_t anim
lv_img_dsc_t **dsc
int8_t pic_count
```

6.3.2 Calendar (Iv_calendar)

Overview

The Calendar object is a classic calendar which can:

- show the days of any month in a 7x7 matrix
- Show the name of the days
- highlight the current day (today)
- highlight any user-defined dates

The Calendar is added to the default group (if it is set). Calendar is an editable object which allow selecting and clicking the dates with encoder navigation too.

To make the Calendar flexible, by default it doesn't show the current year or month. Instead, there are optional "headers" that can be attached to the calendar.

Parts and Styles

The calendar object uses the Button matrix object under the hood to arrange the days into a matrix.

- LV_PART_MAIN The background of the calendar. Uses all the background related style properties.
- LV_PART_ITEMS Refers to the dates and day names. Button matrix control flags are set to differentiate the buttons and a custom drawer event is added modify the properties of the buttons as follows:
 - day names have no border, no background and drawn with a gray color
 - days of the previous and next month have LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_DISABLED flag
 - today has a thicker border with the theme's primary color
 - highlighted days have some opacity with the theme's primary color.

Usage

Some functions use the lv calendar date type which is a structure with year, month and day fields.

Current date

To set the current date (today), use the lv_calendar_set_today_date(calendar, year, month, day) function. month needs to be in 1..12 range and day in 1..31 range.

Shown date

To set the shown date, use lv_calendar_set_shown_date(calendar, year, month);

Highlighted days

The list of highlighted dates should be stored in a lv_calendar_date_t array loaded by lv_calendar_set_highlighted_dates(calendar, highlighted_dates, date_num). Only the array's pointer will be saved so the array should be a static or global variable.

Name of the days

The name of the days can be adjusted with <code>lv_calendar_set_day_names</code> (<code>calendar, day_names</code>) where <code>day_names</code> looks like <code>const char * day_names[7] = {"Su", "Mo", ...}; Only the pointer of the day names is saved so the elements should be static, global or constant variables.</code>

Events

LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent if a date is clicked. lv_calendar_get_pressed_date(calendar, &date) set date to the date currently being pressed. Returns LV_RES_OK if there is a valid pressed date, else LV RES_INV.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

- LV KEY RIGHT/UP/LEFT/RIGHT To navigate among the buttons to dates
- LV KEY ENTER To press/release the selected date

Learn more about Keys.

Headers

From v8.1 the header is added directly into the Calendar widget and the API of the headers has been changed.

Arrow buttons

lv_calendar_header_arrow_create(calendar) creates a header that contains a left and right arrow on the sides and a text with the current year and month between them.

Drop-down

lv_calendar_header_dropdown_create(calendar) creates a header that contains 2 drop-drown lists: one for the year and another for the month.

Example

Calendar with header

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CALENDAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_current_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        lv_calendar_date_t date;
        if(lv_calendar_get_pressed_date(obj, &date)) {
            LV LOG USER("Clicked date: %02d.%02d.%d", date.day, date.month, date.
→year);
    }
}
void lv example calendar 1(void)
    lv_obj_t * calendar = lv_calendar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(calendar, 185, 185);
    lv_obj_align(calendar, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 27);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(calendar, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
   lv_calendar_set_today_date(calendar, 2021, 02, 23);
   lv calendar set showed date(calendar, 2021, 02);
   /*Highlight a few days*/
   static lv_calendar_date_t highlighted_days[3];
                                                        /*Only its pointer will be...
⇒saved so should be static*/
   highlighted_days[0].year = 2021;
    highlighted days[0].month = 02;
    highlighted_days[0].day = 6;
```

(continues on next page)

```
highlighted_days[1].year = 2021;
highlighted_days[1].month = 02;
highlighted_days[1].day = 11;

highlighted_days[2].year = 2022;
highlighted_days[2].month = 02;
highlighted_days[2].day = 22;

lv_calendar_set_highlighted_dates(calendar, highlighted_days, 3);

#if LV_USE_CALENDAR_HEADER_DROPDOWN
    lv_calendar_header_dropdown_create(calendar);
#elif LV_USE_CALENDAR_HEADER_ARROW
    lv_calendar_header_arrow_create(calendar);
#endif
    lv_calendar_set_showed_date(calendar, 2021, 10);
}
#endif
```

```
def event handler(evt):
    code = evt.get code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
        source = evt.get current target()
        date = lv.calendar_date_t()
        if source.get pressed date(date) == lv.RES.OK:
            calendar.set today date(date.year, date.month, date.day)
            print("Clicked date: %02d.%02d.%02d"%(date.day, date.month, date.year))
calendar = lv.calendar(lv.scr act())
calendar.set size(200, 200)
calendar.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 20)
calendar.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
calendar.set_today_date(2021, 02, 23)
calendar.set_showed_date(2021, 02)
# Highlight a few days
highlighted days=[
    lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':6}),
    lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':11}),
    lv.calendar date t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':22})
]
calendar.set highlighted dates(highlighted days, len(highlighted days))
lv.calendar header dropdown(calendar)
```

API

```
Functions
lv obj t*lv calendar create(lv obj t*parent)
void lv_calendar_set_today_date(lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t year, uint32_t month, uint32_t day)
     Set the today's date
           Parameters
                 • obj -- pointer to a calendar object
                 • year -- today's year
                 • month -- today's month [1..12]
                 • day -- today's day [1..31]
void lv calendar set showed date(lv\_obj\_t*obj, uint32_t year, uint32_t month)
     Set the currently showed
           Parameters
                 • obj -- pointer to a calendar object
                 • year -- today's year
                 • month -- today's month [1..12]
void lv_calendar_set_highlighted_dates (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_calendar_date_t highlighted[], uint16_t
                                                    date num)
     Set the highlighted dates
           Parameters
                 • obj -- pointer to a calendar object
                 • highlighted -- pointer to an lv_calendar_date_t array containing the dates. Only
                   the pointer will be saved so this variable can't be local which will be destroyed later.
```

- date_num -- number of dates in the array

```
void lv_calendar_set_day_names (lv_obj_t *obj, const char **day_names)
     Set the name of the days
```

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a calendar object
- day names -- pointer to an array with the names. E.g. const char * days[7] = {"Sun", "Mon", ...} Only the pointer will be saved so this variable can't be local which will be destroyed later.

```
lv_obj_t *lv calendar get btnmatrix(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the button matrix object of the calendar. It shows the dates and day names.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a calendar object

Returns pointer to a the button matrix

```
const lv_calendar_date_t *lv calendar get today date(const lv_obj_t *calendar)
     Get the today's date
```

Parameters calendar -- pointer to a calendar object

```
Returns return pointer to an lv_calendar_date_t variable containing the date of today.
const lv_calendar_date_t *lv_calendar_get_showed_date(const lv_obj_t *calendar)
     Get the currently showed
          Parameters calendar -- pointer to a calendar object
          Returns pointer to an lv calendar date t variable containing the date is being shown.
lv_calendar_date_t *lv_calendar_get_highlighted_dates(const lv_obj_t *calendar)
     Get the highlighted dates
          Parameters calendar -- pointer to a calendar object
          Returns pointer to an lv calendar date t array containing the dates.
uint16_t lv calendar get highlighted dates num(const lv_obj_t *calendar)
     Get the number of the highlighted dates
          Parameters calendar -- pointer to a calendar object
          Returns number of highlighted days
lv_res_t lv_calendar_get_pressed_date(const lv_obj_t *calendar, lv_calendar_date_t *date)
     Get the currently pressed day
          Parameters
                • calendar -- pointer to a calendar object
                • date -- store the pressed date here
          Returns LV_RES_OK: there is a valid pressed date; LV_RES_INV: there is no pressed data
```

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_calendar_class
struct lv_calendar_date_t
#include <lv_calendar.h> Represents a date on the calendar object (platform-agnostic).
```

Public Members

```
uint16_t year
int8_t month
int8_t day
1..12
struct lv_calendar_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_obj_t *btnm
lv_calendar_date_t today
lv_calendar_date_t showed_date
lv_calendar_date_t *highlighted_dates
uint16_t highlighted_dates_num
const char *map[8 * 7]
char nums[7 * 6][4]
```

6.3.3 Chart (lv chart)

Overview

Charts are a basic object to visualize data points. Currently *Line* charts (connect points with lines and/or draw points on them) and *Bar* charts are supported.

Charts can have:

- · division lines
- 2 y axis
- · axis ticks and texts on ticks
- cursors
- scrolling and zooming

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN The background of the chart. Uses all the typical background and *line* (for the division lines) related style properties. *Padding* makes the series area smaller.
- LV_PART_SCROLLBAR The scrollbar used if the chart is zoomed. See the Base object's documentation for details.
- LV PART ITEMS Refers to the line or bar series.
 - Line chart: The *line* properties are used by the lines. width, height, bg_color and radius is used to set the appearance of points.
 - Bar chart: The typical background properties are used to style the bars.
- LV PART INDICATOR Refers to the points on line and scatter chart (small circles or squares).
- LV_PART_CURSOR *Line* properties are used to style the cursors. width, height, bg_color and radius are used to set the appearance of points.
- LV_PART_TICKS Line and Text style properties are used to style the ticks

Usage

Chart type

The following data display types exist:

- LV CHART TYPE NONE Do not display any data. Can be used to hide the series.
- LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE Draw lines between the data points and/or points (rectangles or circles) on the data points.
- LV CHART TYPE BAR Draw bars.
- LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER X/Y chart drawing point's and lines between the points. .

You can specify the display type with lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_...).

Data series

You can add any number of series to the charts by <code>lv_chart_add_series(chart, color, axis)</code>. This allocates an <code>lv_chart_series_t</code> structure which contains the chosen <code>color</code> and an array for the data points. <code>axis</code> can have the following values:

- LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y Left axis
- LV CHART AXIS SECONDARY Y Right axis
- LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X Bottom axis
- LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_X Top axis

axis tells which axis's range should be used to scale the values.

lv_chart_set_ext_y_array(chart, ser, value_array) makes the chart use an external array for the given series. value_array should look like this: lv_coord_t * value_array[num_points]. The array size needs to be large enough to hold all the points of that series. The array's pointer will be saved in the chart so it needs to be global, static or dynamically allocated. Note: you should call lv_chart_refresh(chart) after the external data source has been updated to update the chart.

The value array of a series can be obtained with lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser), which can be used with ext_array or *normal arrays*.

For LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER type lv_chart_set_ext_x_array(chart, ser, value_array) and lv chart get x array(chart, ser) can be used as well.

Modify the data

You have several options to set the data of series:

- 1. Set the values manually in the array like ser1-points[3] = 7 and refresh the chart with $lv_chart_refresh(chart)$.
- 2. Use lv_chart_set_value_by_id(chart, ser, id, value) where id is the index of the point you wish to update.
- Use the lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser, value).
- 4. Initialize all points to a given value with: lv chart set all value(chart, ser, value).

Use LV CHART POINT NONE as value to make the library skip drawing that point, column, or line segment.

For LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER type lv_chart_set_value_by_id2(chart, ser, id, value) and lv_chart_set_next_value2(chart, ser, x_valuem y_value) can be used as well.

Update modes

lv_chart_set_next_value can behave in two ways depending on update mode:

- LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_SHIFT Shift old data to the left and add the new one to the right.
- LV CHART UPDATE MODE CIRCULAR Add the new data in circular fashion, like an ECG diagram.

The update mode can be changed with lv_chart_set_update_mode(chart, LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_...).

Number of points

The number of points in the series can be modified by lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, point_num). The default value is 10. Note: this also affects the number of points processed when an external buffer is assigned to a series, so you need to be sure the external array is large enough.

Handling large number of points

On line charts, if the number of points is greater than the pixels horizontally, the Chart will draw only vertical lines to make the drawing of large amount of data effective. If there are, let's say, 10 points to a pixel, LVGL searches the smallest and the largest value and draws a vertical lines between them to ensure no peaks are missed.

Vertical range

You can specify the minimum and maximum values in y-direction with <code>lv_chart_set_range(chart, axis, min, max)</code>. axis can be <code>LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY(left axis)</code> or <code>LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY(right axis)</code>.

The value of the points will be scaled proportionally. The default range is: 0..100.

Division lines

The number of horizontal vertical division lines can modified and be by lv chart set div line count(chart, hdiv num, vdiv num). The default settings are 3 horizontal and 5 vertical division lines. If there is a visible border on a side and no padding on that side, the division line would be drawn on top of the border and therefore it won't be drawn.

Override default start point for series

If you want a plot to start from a point other than the default which is point[0] of the series, you can set an alternative index with the function lv_chart_set_x_start_point(chart, ser, id) where id is the new index position to start plotting from.

Note that LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_SHIFT also changes the start_point.

Tick marks and labels

Ticks and labels can be added to the axis with lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, axis, major_len, minor_len, major_cnt, minor_cnt, label_en, draw_size).

- axis can be LV CHART AXIS X/PRIMARY Y/SECONDARY Y
- major_len is the length of major ticks
- minor_len is the length of minor ticks
- major cnt is the number of major ticks on the axis
- minor_cnt in the number of minor ticks between two major ticks
- label en true: enable label drawing on major ticks
- draw_size extra size required to draw the tick and labels (start with 20 px and increase if the ticks/labels are clipped)

Zoom

The chart can be zoomed independently in x and y directions with lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, factor) and lv_chart_set_zoom_y(chart, factor). If factor is 256 there is no zoom. 512 means double zoom, etc. Fractional values are also possible but < 256 value is not allowed.

Cursor

A cursor can be added with lv_chart_cursor_t * c1 = lv_chart_add_cursor(chart, color, dir);. The possible values of dir LV_DIR_NONE/RIGHT/UP/LEFT/DOWN/HOR/VER/ALL or their OR-ed values to tell in which direction(s) should the cursor be drawn.

lv_chart_set_cursor_pos(chart, cursor, &point) sets the position of the cursor. pos is a pointer
to an lv_point_t variable. E.g. lv_point_t point = {10, 20};. If the chart is scrolled the cursor will
remain in the same place.

lv_chart_get_point_pos_by_id(chart, series, id, &point_out) gets the coordinate of a given
point. It's useful to place the cursor at a given point.

lv_chart_set_cursor_point(chart, cursor, series, point_id) sticks the cursor at a point. If the point's position changes (new value or scrolling) the cursor will move with the point.

Events

- LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent when a new point is clicked pressed. lv_chart_get_pressed_point(chart) returns the zero-based index of the pressed point.
- LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN and LV EVENT DRAW PART END are sent with the following types:
 - LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_DIV_LINE_INIT Used before/after drawn the div lines to add masks to any extra drawings. The following fields are set:
 - * part: LV PART MAIN
 - * line dsc
 - LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_DIV_LINE_HOR, LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_DIV_LINE_VER Used for each horizontal and vertical division lines.
 - * part: LV_PART_MAIN
 - * id: index of the line
 - * p1, p2: points of the line
 - * line dsc
 - LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_LINE_AND_POINT Used on line and scatter charts for lines and points.
 - * part: LV PART ITEMS
 - * id: index of the point
 - value: value of idth point
 - * p1, p2: points of the line
 - * draw area: area of the point
 - * line dsc
 - * rect_dsc
 - * sub_part_ptr: pointer to the series
 - LV CHART DRAW PART BAR Used on bar charts for the rectangles.
 - * part: LV PART ITEMS
 - * id: index of the point
 - * value: value of idth point
 - * draw_area: area of the point
 - * rect dsc:
 - * sub_part_ptr: pointer to the series
 - LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_CURSOR Used on cursor lines and points.
 - * part: LV_PART_CURSOR
 - * p1, p2: points of the line
 - * line dsc
 - * rect dsc
 - * draw_area: area of the points
 - LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_TICK_LABEL Used on tick lines and labels.

```
* part: LV_PART_TICKS
* id: axis

* value: value of the tick

* text: value converted to decimal or NULL for minor ticks

* line_dsc,

* label_dsc,
```

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Line Chart

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
void lv_example_chart_1(void)
    /*Create a chart*/
   lv obj t * chart;
    chart = lv chart create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv obj center(chart);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE); /*Show lines and points too*/
    /*Add two data series*/
    lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→RED), LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV PALETTE
→GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);
    /*Set the next points on 'ser1'*/
    lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 30);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 70);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 90);
    /*Directly set points on 'ser2'*/
    ser2->y_points[0] = 90;
```

(continues on next page)

```
ser2->y_points[1] = 70;
ser2->y_points[2] = 65;
ser2->y_points[3] = 65;
ser2->y_points[4] = 65;
ser2->y_points[5] = 65;
ser2->y_points[6] = 65;
ser2->y_points[7] = 65;
ser2->y_points[8] = 65;
ser2->y_points[9] = 65;
lv_chart_refresh(chart); /*Required after direct set*/
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)
chart.center()
chart.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.LINE) # Show lines and points too
# Add two data series
ser1 = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
ser2 = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY Y)
print(ser2)
# Set next points on ser1
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set next value(ser1,10)
chart.set next value(ser1,10)
chart.set next value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set next value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set next value(ser1,30)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,70)
chart.set next value(ser1,90)
# Directly set points on 'ser2'
ser2.y_points = [90, 70, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65]
chart.refresh()
                   # Required after direct set
```

Faded area line chart with custom division lines

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * chart1;
static lv_chart_series_t * ser1;
static lv_chart_series_t * ser2;

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    (continues on next page)
```

```
/*Add the faded area before the lines are drawn*/
   lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
   if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
       if(!dsc->p1 || !dsc->p2) return;
       /*Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line*/
       lv_draw_mask_line_param_t line_mask_param;
       lv_draw_mask_line_points_init(&line_mask_param, dsc->p1->x, dsc->p1->y, dsc->
→p2->x, dsc->p2->y, LV_DRAW_MASK_LINE_SIDE_BOTTOM);
       int16_t line_mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&line_mask_param, NULL);
       /*Add a fade effect: transparent bottom covering top*/
       lv coord t h = lv obj get height(obj);
       lv draw mask fade param t fade mask param;
       lv_draw_mask_fade_init(&fade_mask_param, &obj->coords, LV_OPA_COVER, obj->
int16 t fade mask id = lv draw mask add(&fade mask param, NULL);
       /*Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask*/
       lv draw rect dsc t draw rect dsc;
       lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
       draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_20;
       draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc->line_dsc->color;
       lv area t a;
       a.x1 = dsc->p1->x;
       a.x2 = dsc->p2->x - 1;
       a.y1 = LV MIN(dsc->p1->y, dsc->p2->y);
       a.y2 = obj->coords.y2;
       lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);
       /*Remove the masks*/
       lv_draw_mask_free_param(&line_mask_param);
       lv_draw_mask_free_param(&fade_mask_param);
       lv_draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id);
       lv_draw_mask_remove_id(fade_mask_id);
   /*Hook the division lines too*/
   else if(dsc->part == LV PART MAIN) {
       if(dsc->line dsc == NULL || dsc->p1 == NULL || dsc->p2 == NULL) return;
       /*Vertical line*/
       if(dsc->p1->x == dsc->p2->x) {
           dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
           if(dsc->id == 3) {
               dsc->line dsc->width = 2;
               dsc->line dsc->dash gap = 0;
               dsc->line dsc->dash width = 0;
           }
           else {
               dsc->line dsc->width = 1;
               dsc->line dsc->dash gap = 6;
               dsc->line dsc->dash width = 6;
           }
       /*Horizontal line*/
```

```
else {
            if(dsc->id == 2) {
                dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 0;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 0;
            }
            else {
                dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 6;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 6;
            }
            if(dsc->id == 1 | | dsc->id == 3) {
                dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN);
                dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
       }
    }
}
static void add_data(lv_timer_t * timer)
    LV_UNUSED(timer);
    static uint32 t cnt = 0;
    lv chart set next value(chart1, ser1, lv rand(20, 90));
    if(cnt \% 4 == 0) lv chart set next value(chart1, ser2, lv rand(40, 60));
   cnt++;
}
* Add a faded area effect to the line chart and make some division lines ticker
void lv_example_chart_2(void)
    /*Create a chart1*/
    chart1 = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(chart1, 200, 150);
    lv obj center(chart1);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart1, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE); /*Show lines and points too*/
   lv_chart_set_div_line_count(chart1, 5, 7);
    lv obj add event cb(chart1, draw event cb, LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN, NULL);
    lv_chart_set_update_mode(chart1, LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_CIRCULAR);
    /*Add two data series*/
    ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart1, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_
→PRIMARY Y);
    ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart1, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), LV_CHART_
→AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser1, lv_rand(20, 90));
```

```
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser2, lv_rand(30, 70));
}
lv_timer_create(add_data, 200, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def draw event cb(e):
   obj = e.get_target()
   # Add the faded area before the lines are drawn
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if dsc.part != lv.PART.ITEMS:
        return
    if not dsc.p1 or not dsc.p2:
       return
    # Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line
    line mask param = lv.draw mask line param t()
    line mask param.points init(dsc.pl.x, dsc.pl.y, dsc.p2.x, dsc.p2.y, lv.DRAW MASK
→LINE SIDE.BOTTOM)
    # line_mask_id = line_mask_param.draw_mask_add(None)
    line_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(line_mask_param, None)
    # Add a fade effect: transparent bottom covering top
    h = obj.get height()
    fade mask param = lv.draw mask fade param t()
    coords = lv.area t()
    obj.get coords(coords)
    fade_mask_param.init(coords, lv.OPA.COVER, coords.y1 + h // 8, lv.OPA.TRANSP,
fade_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_param,None)
    # Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask
    draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
    draw_rect_dsc.init()
    draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.0PA._20
   draw rect dsc.bg color = dsc.line dsc.color
   a = lv.area t()
   a.x1 = dsc.p1.x
   a.x2 = dsc.p2.x - 1
   a.y1 = min(dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
    coords = lv.area t()
   obj.get coords(coords)
    a.y2 = coords.y2
    dsc.draw ctx.rect(draw rect dsc, a)
    # Remove the masks
    lv.draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id)
    lv.draw mask remove id(fade mask id)
def add data(timer):
    # LV UNUSED(timer);
```

```
cnt = 0
    chart1.set_next_value(ser1, lv.rand(20, 90))
    if cnt % 4 == 0:
        chart1.set next value(ser2, lv.rand(40, 60))
    cnt +=1
# Add a faded area effect to the line chart
# Create a chart1
chart1 = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart1.set size(200, 150)
chart1.center()
chart1.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.LINE) # Show lines and points too
chart1.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)
chart1.set update mode(lv.chart.UPDATE MODE.CIRCULAR)
# Add two data series
ser1 = chart1.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = chart1.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY_Y)
for i in range(10):
    chart1.set_next_value(ser1, lv.rand(20, 90))
    chart1.set_next_value(ser2, lv.rand(30, 70))
timer = lv.timer_create(add_data, 200, None)
```

Axis ticks and labels with scrolling

```
/*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv obj center(chart);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_BAR);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 0, 100);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y, 0, 400);
    lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, 12);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);
    /*Add ticks and label to every axis*/
   lv chart set axis tick(chart, LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY X, 10, 5, 12, 3, true, 40);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 2, true, 50);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y, 10, 5, 3, 4, true, 50);
    /*Zoom in a little in X*/
    lv chart set zoom x(chart, 800);
    /*Add two data series*/
    lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_lighten(LV_
→PALETTE_GREEN, 2), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_darken(LV_
→PALETTE_GREEN, 2), LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);
    /*Set the next points on 'ser1'*/
    lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 31);
    lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 66);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 89);
    lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 63);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 56);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 32);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 35);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 57);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 85);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 22);
    lv chart set next value(chart, ser1, 58);
   lv coord t * ser2 array = lv chart get y array(chart, ser2);
   /*Directly set points on 'ser2'*/
   ser2 array[0] = 92;
    ser2 array[1] = 71;
    ser2 array[2] = 61;
    ser2 array[3] = 15;
    ser2 array[4] = 21;
    ser2_array[5] = 35;
    ser2_array[6] = 35;
    ser2_array[7] = 58;
    ser2_array[8] = 31;
    ser2 array[9] = 53;
    ser2 array[10] = 33;
    ser2 array[11] = 73;
    lv chart refresh(chart); /*Required after direct set*/
}
```

#endif

```
def draw event cb(e):
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.TICKS and dsc.id == lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY X:
        month = ["Jan", "Febr", "March", "Apr", "May", "Jun", "July", "Aug", "Sept",
\hookrightarrow "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"]
        # dsc.text is defined char text[16], I must therefore convert the Python.
→string to a byte_array
        dsc.text = bytes(month[dsc.value], "ascii")
# Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set size(200, 150)
chart.center()
chart.set type(lv.chart.TYPE.BAR)
chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 0, 100)
chart.set range(lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY Y, 0, 400)
chart.set_point_count(12)
chart.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)
# Add ticks and label to every axis
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 12, 3, True, 40)
chart.set axis tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y, 10, 5, 6, 2, True, 50)
chart.set axis tick(lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY Y, 10, 5, 3, 4, True, 50)
# Zoom in a little in X
chart.set zoom x(800)
# Add two data series
ser1 = lv.chart.add series(chart, lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 2), lv.chart.
→AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
ser2 = lv.chart.add series(chart, lv.palette darken(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 2), lv.chart.
→AXIS.SECONDARY Y)
# Set the next points on 'ser1'
chart.set next value(ser1, 31)
chart.set next value(ser1, 66)
chart.set next value(ser1, 10)
chart.set next value(ser1, 89)
chart.set next value(ser1, 63)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 56)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 32)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 35)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 57)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 85)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 22)
chart.set next value(ser1, 58)
# Directly set points on 'ser2'
ser2.v points = [92,71,61,15,21,35,35,58,31,53,33,73]
```

```
chart.refresh() # Required after direct set
```

Show the value of the pressed points

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * chart = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED) {
        lv obj invalidate(chart);
    if(code == LV EVENT REFR EXT DRAW SIZE) {
        lv_coord_t * s = lv_event_get_param(e);
        *s = LV MAX(*s, 20);
    else if(code == LV EVENT DRAW POST END) {
        int32 t id = lv chart get pressed point(chart);
        if(id == LV_CHART_POINT_NONE) return;
        LV LOG USER("Selected point %d", (int)id);
        lv chart series t * ser = lv chart get series next(chart, NULL);
        while(ser) {
            lv point t p;
            lv_chart_get_point_pos_by_id(chart, ser, id, &p);
            lv coord t * y array = lv chart get y array(chart, ser);
            lv_coord_t value = y_array[id];
            char buf[16];
            lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), LV_SYMBOL_DUMMY"$%d", value);
            lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
            lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_color_black();
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_50;
            draw rect dsc.radius = 3;
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_src = buf;
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_recolor = lv_color_white();
            lv_area_t a;
            a.x1 = chart->coords.x1 + p.x - 20;
            a.x2 = chart->coords.x1 + p.x + 20;
            a.y1 = chart->coords.y1 + p.y - 30;
            a.y2 = chart->coords.y1 + p.y - 10;
            lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx = lv_event_get_draw_ctx(e);
            lv_draw_rect(draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);
```

```
ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(chart, ser);
        }
    }
    else if(code == LV EVENT RELEASED) {
        lv_obj_invalidate(chart);
}
* Show the value of the pressed points
void lv example chart 4(void)
    /*Create a chart*/
   lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
   lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(chart);
    /*Zoom in a little in X*/
   lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, 800);
   /*Add two data series*/
    lv chart series t * ser1 = lv chart add series(chart, lv palette main(LV PALETTE
→RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, lv_rand(60,90));
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser2, lv_rand(10,40));
    }
}
#endif
```

```
def event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    chart = e.get_target()

if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        chart.invalidate()

if code == lv.EVENT.REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE:
        e.set_ext_draw_size(20)

elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_POST_END:
        id = lv.Chart.get_pressed_point(chart)
        if id == lv.CHART_POINT.NONE:
            return
        # print("Selected point ", id)
        for i in range(len(series)):
```

```
p = lv.point t()
            chart get point pos by id(series[i], id, p)
            value = series_points[i][id]
            buf = lv.SYMBOL.DUMMY + "$" + str(value)
            draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
            draw rect dsc.init()
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.color_black()
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.0PA. 50
            draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_src = buf
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_recolor = lv.color_white()
            a = lv.area t()
            coords = lv.area t()
            chart.get_coords(coords)
            a.x1 = coords.x1 + p.x - 20
            a.x2 = coords.x1 + p.x + 20
            a.y1 = coords.y1 + p.y - 30
            a.y2 = coords.y1 + p.y - 10
            clip_area = lv.area_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
            lv.draw_rect(a, clip_area, draw_rect_dsc)
    elif code == lv.EVENT.RELEASED:
        chart.invalidate()
# Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set size(200, 150)
chart.center()
chart.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
chart.refresh_ext_draw_size()
# Zoom in a little in X
chart.set zoom x(800)
# Add two data series
ser1 = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
ser2 = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser1 p = []
ser2_p = []
for i in range (10):
    serl_p.append(lv.rand(60,90))
    ser2 p.append(lv.rand(10,40))
ser1.y_points = ser1_p
ser2.y_points = ser2_p
series = [ser1,ser2]
series_points=[ser1_p,ser2_p]
```

Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * chart;
/* Source: https://github.com/ankur219/ECG-Arrhythmia-classification/blob/
\hookrightarrow 642230149583adfae1e4bd26c6f0e1fd8af2be0e/sample.csv*/
static const lv_coord_t ecg_sample[] = {
    -2, 2, 0, -15, -39, -63, -71, -68, -67, -69, -84, -95, -104, -107, -108, -107, -
→107, -107, -107, -114, -118, -117,
    -112, -100, -89, -83, -71, -64, -58, -58, -62, -62, -58, -51, -46, -39, -27, -10,
\rightarrow4, 7, 1, -3, 0, 14, 24, 30, 25, 19,
    13, 7, 12, 15, 18, 21, 13, 6, 9, 8, 17, 19, 13, 11, 11, 11, 23, 30, 37, 34, 25,
\rightarrow14, 15, 19, 28, 31, 26, 23, 25, 31,
    39, 37, 37, 34, 30, 32, 22, 29, 31, 33, 37, 23, 13, 7, 2, 4, -2, 2, 11, 22, 33,
\rightarrow19, -1, -27, -55, -67, -72, -71, -63,
    -49, -18, 35, 113, 230, 369, 525, 651, 722, 730, 667, 563, 454, 357, 305, 288, u
→274, 255, 212, 173, 143, 117, 82, 39,
    -13, -53, -78, -91, -101, -113, -124, -131, -131, -131, -129, -128, -129, -125, -
\rightarrow 123, -123, -129, -139, -148, -153,
    -159, -166, -183, -205, -227, -243, -248, -246, -254, -280, -327, -381, -429, -
→473, -517, -556, -592, -612, -620,
    -620, -614, -604, -591, -574, -540, -497, -441, -389, -358, -336, -313, -284, -
→222, -167, -114, -70, -47, -28, -4, 12,
    38, 52, 58, 56, 56, 57, 68, 77, 86, 86, 80, 69, 67, 70, 82, 85, 89, 90, 89, 89, ...
\rightarrow 88, 91, 96, 97, 91, 83, 78, 82, 88, 95,
    96, 105, 106, 110, 102, 100, 96, 98, 97, 101, 98, 99, 100, 107, 113, 119, 115,...
\rightarrow110, 96, 85, 73, 64, 69, 76, 79,
    78, 75, 85, 100, 114, 113, 105, 96, 84, 74, 66, 60, 75, 85, 89, 83, 67, 61, 67,
\rightarrow73, 79, 74, 63, 57, 56, 58, 61, 55,
    48, 45, 46, 55, 62, 55, 49, 43, 50, 59, 63, 57, 40, 31, 23, 25, 27, 31, 35, 34,
\rightarrow 30, 36, 34, 42, 38, 36, 40, 46, 50,
    47, 32, 30, 32, 52, 67, 73, 71, 63, 54, 53, 45, 41, 28, 13, 3, 1, 4, 4, -8, -23, -
\rightarrow32, -31, -19, -5, 3, 9, 13, 19,
    24, 27, 29, 25, 22, 26, 32, 42, 51, 56, 60, 57, 55, 53, 53, 54, 59, 54, 49, 26, -
\rightarrow 3, -11, -20, -47, -100, -194, -236,
    -212, -123, 8, 103, 142, 147, 120, 105, 98, 93, 81, 61, 40, 26, 28, 30, 30, 27, u
\rightarrow19, 17, 21, 20, 19, 19, 22, 36, 40,
    35, 20, 7, 1, 10, 18, 27, 22, 6, -4, -2, 3, 6, -2, -13, -14, -10, -2, 3, 2, -1, -
45, -10, -19, -32, -42, -55, -60,
    -68, -77, -86, -101, -110, -117, -115, -104, -92, -84, -85, -84, -73, -65, -52, -
\rightarrow 50, -45, -35, -20, -3, 12, 20, 25,
    26, 28, 28, 30, 28, 25, 28, 33, 42, 42, 36, 23, 9, 0, 1, -4, 1, -4, -4, 1, 5, 9,...
\rightarrow9, -3, -1, -18, -50, -108, -190,
    -272, -340, -408, -446, -537, -643, -777, -894, -920, -853, -697, -461, -251, -60,
→ 58, 103, 129, 139, 155, 170, 173,
    178, 185, 190, 193, 200, 208, 215, 225, 224, 232, 234, 240, 240, 236, 229, 226,...
→224, 232, 233, 232, 224, 219, 219,
    223, 231, 226, 223, 219, 218, 223, 223, 223, 233, 245, 268, 286, 296, 295, 283,
\rightarrow271, 263, 252, 243, 226, 210, 197,
    186, 171, 152, 133, 117, 114, 110, 107, 96, 80, 63, 48, 40, 38, 34, 28, 15, 2, -7,
\rightarrow -11, -14, -18, -29, -37, -44, -50,
    -58, -63, -61, -52, -50, -48, -61, -59, -58, -54, -47, -52, -62, -61, -64, -54, -
\rightarrow 52, -59, -69, -76, -76, -69, -67,
    -74, -78, -81, -80, -73, -65, -57, -53, -51, -47, -35, -27, -22, -22, -24, -21, -
\rightarrow 17, -13, -10, -11, -13, -20, -20,
```

(continues on next page)

```
-12, -2, 7, -1, -12, -16, -13, -2, 2, -4, -5, -2, 9, 19, 19, 14, 11, 13, 19, 21,
\rightarrow20, 18, 19, 19, 19, 16, 15, 13, 14,
    9, 3, -5, -9, -5, -3, -2, -3, -3, 2, 8, 9, 9, 5, 6, 8, 8, 7, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 5, 5,
\rightarrow13, 13, 12, 10, 10, 15, 22, 17,
    14, 7, 10, 15, 16, 11, 12, 10, 13, 9, -2, -4, -2, 7, 16, 16, 17, 16, 7, -1, -16, -
\rightarrow18, -16, -9, -4, -5, -10, -9, -8,
    -3, -4, -10, -19, -20, -16, -9, -9, -23, -40, -48, -43, -33, -19, -21, -26, -31, -10
33, -19, 0, 17, 24, 9, -17, -47,
    -63, -67, -59, -52, -51, -50, -49, -42, -26, -21, -15, -20, -23, -22, -19, -12, -
\rightarrow 8, 5, 18, 27, 32, 26, 25, 26, 22,
    23, 17, 14, 17, 21, 25, 2, -45, -121, -196, -226, -200, -118, -9, 73, 126, 131,
→114, 87, 60, 42, 29, 26, 34, 35, 34,
    25, 12, 9, 7, 3, 2, -8, -11, 2, 23, 38, 41, 23, 9, 10, 13, 16, 8, -8, -17, -23, -
\rightarrow26, -25, -21, -15, -10, -13, -13,
    -19, -22, -29, -40, -48, -48, -54, -55, -66, -82, -85, -90, -92, -98, -114, -119,
\rightarrow -124, -129, -132, -146, -146, -138,
    -124, -99, -85, -72, -65, -65, -65, -66, -63, -64, -64, -58, -46, -26, -9, 2, 2,
\rightarrow4, 0, 1, 4, 3, 10, 11, 10, 2, -4,
    0, 10, 18, 20, 6, 2, -9, -7, -3, -3, -2, -7, -12, -5, 5, 24, 36, 31, 25, 6, 3, 7,
\rightarrow12, 17, 11, 0, -6, -9, -8, -7, -5,
    -6, -2, -2, -6, -2, 2, 14, 24, 22, 15, 8, 4, 6, 7, 12, 16, 25, 20, 7, -16, -41, -
\hookrightarrow60, -67, -65, -54, -35, -11, 30,
    84, 175, 302, 455, 603, 707, 743, 714, 625, 519, 414, 337, 300, 281, 263, 239,
→197, 163, 136, 109, 77, 34, -18, -50,
    -66, -74, -79, -92, -107, -117, -127, -129, -135, -139, -141, -155, -159, -167, -
\rightarrow 171, -169, -174, -175, -178, -191,
    -202, -223, -235, -243, -237, -240, -256, -298, -345, -393, -432, -475, -518, -
\rightarrow 565, -596, -619, -623, -623, -614,
    -599, -583, -559, -524, -477, -425, -383, -357, -331, -301, -252, -198, -143, -96,
→ -57, -29, -8, 10, 31, 45, 60, 65,
    70, 74, 76, 79, 82, 79, 75, 62,
};
static void slider x event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    int32_t v = lv_slider_get_value(obj);
    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, v);
static void slider y event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    int32 t v = lv slider get value(obj);
    lv_chart_set_zoom_y(chart, v);
}
* Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling.
* See how the chart changes drawing mode (draw only vertical lines) when
* the points get too crowded.
void lv_example_chart_5(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    chart = lv chart create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
```

```
lv obj align(chart, LV ALIGN CENTER, -30, -30);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, -1000, 1000);
    /*Do not display points on the data*/
    lv_obj_set_style_size(chart, 0, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv chart series t * ser = lv chart add series(chart, lv palette main(LV PALETTE
→RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32_t pcnt = sizeof(ecg_sample) / sizeof(ecg_sample[0]);
    lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, pcnt);
    lv_chart_set_ext_y_array(chart, ser, (lv_coord_t *)ecg_sample);
   lv obj t * slider;
    slider = lv slider create(lv scr act());
    lv_slider_set_range(slider, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE * 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_x_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv obj set size(slider, 200, 10);
    lv_obj_align_to(slider, chart, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM MID, 0, 20);
    slider = lv slider create(lv scr act());
    lv_slider_set_range(slider, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE * 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_y_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(slider, 10, 150);
    lv obj align to(slider, chart, LV ALIGN OUT RIGHT MID, 20, 0);
}
#endif
```

```
# Source: https://github.com/ankur219/ECG-Arrhythmia-classification/blob/
→642230149583adfae1e4bd26c6f0e1fd8af2be0e/sample.csv
ecg_sample = [
    -2, 2, 0, -15, -39, -63, -71, -68, -67, -69, -84, -95, -104, -107, -108, -107, -
\hookrightarrow107, -107, -107, -114, -118, -117,
    -112, -100, -89, -83, -71, -64, -58, -58, -62, -62, -58, -51, -46, -39, -27, -10,...
\hookrightarrow4, 7, 1, -3, 0, 14, 24, 30, 25, 19,
    13, 7, 12, 15, 18, 21, 13, 6, 9, 8, 17, 19, 13, 11, 11, 11, 23, 30, 37, 34, 25, u
\rightarrow14, 15, 19, 28, 31, 26, 23, 25, 31,
    39, 37, 37, 34, 30, 32, 22, 29, 31, 33, 37, 23, 13, 7, 2, 4, -2, 2, 11, 22, 33, <u>u</u>
\rightarrow19, -1, -27, -55, -67, -72, -71, -63,
    -49, -18, 35, 113, 230, 369, 525, 651, 722, 730, 667, 563, 454, 357, 305, 288,...
\rightarrow274, 255, 212, 173, 143, 117, 82, 39,
    -13, -53, -78, -91, -101, -113, -124, -131, -131, -131, -129, -128, -129, -125, -
\rightarrow123, -123, -129, -139, -148, -153,
    -159, -166, -183, -205, -227, -243, -248, -246, -254, -280, -327, -381, -429, -
473, -517, -556, -592, -612, -620,
    -620, -614, -604, -591, -574, -540, -497, -441, -389, -358, -336, -313, -284, -
\hookrightarrow222, -167, -114, -70, -47, -28, -4, 12,
    38, 52, 58, 56, 56, 57, 68, 77, 86, 86, 80, 69, 67, 70, 82, 85, 89, 90, 89, 89, ...
→88, 91, 96, 97, 91, 83, 78, 82, 88, 95,
    96, 105, 106, 110, 102, 100, 96, 98, 97, 101, 98, 99, 100, 107, 113, 119, 115,...
\rightarrow110, 96, 85, 73, 64, 69, 76, 79,
    78, 75, 85, 100, 114, 113, 105, 96, 84, 74, 66, 60, 75, 85, 89, 83, 67, 61, 67,...
\rightarrow73, 79, 74, 63, 57, 56, 58, 61, 55,
    48, 45, 46, 55, 62, 55, 49, 43, 50, 59, 63, 57, 40, 31, 23, 25, 27, 31, 35, 34,...
\rightarrow30, 36, 34, 42, 38, 36, 40, 46, 50,
```

```
47, 32, 30, 32, 52, 67, 73, 71, 63, 54, 53, 45, 41, 28, 13, 3, 1, 4, 4, -8, -23, -
\rightarrow 32, -31, -19, -5, 3, 9, 13, 19,
    24, 27, 29, 25, 22, 26, 32, 42, 51, 56, 60, 57, 55, 53, 53, 54, 59, 54, 49, 26, -
43, -11, -20, -47, -100, -194, -236,
    -212, -123, 8, 103, 142, 147, 120, 105, 98, 93, 81, 61, 40, 26, 28, 30, 30, 27,...
\rightarrow19, 17, 21, 20, 19, 19, 22, 36, 40,
    35, 20, 7, 1, 10, 18, 27, 22, 6, -4, -2, 3, 6, -2, -13, -14, -10, -2, 3, 2, -1, -
45, -10, -19, -32, -42, -55, -60,
    -68, -77, -86, -101, -110, -117, -115, -104, -92, -84, -85, -84, -73, -65, -52, -
50, -45, -35, -20, -3, 12, 20, 25,
    26, 28, 28, 30, 28, 25, 28, 33, 42, 42, 36, 23, 9, 0, 1, -4, 1, -4, -4, 1, 5, 9,
\rightarrow 9, -3, -1, -18, -50, -108, -190,
    -272, -340, -408, -446, -537, -643, -777, -894, -920, -853, -697, -461, -251, -60,
\rightarrow 58, 103, 129, 139, 155, 170, 173,
    178, 185, 190, 193, 200, 208, 215, 225, 224, 232, 234, 240, 240, 236, 229, 226, u
\rightarrow224, 232, 233, 232, 224, 219, 219,
    223, 231, 226, 223, 219, 218, 223, 223, 223, 233, 245, 268, 286, 296, 295, 283,
→271, 263, 252, 243, 226, 210, 197,
    186, 171, 152, 133, 117, 114, 110, 107, 96, 80, 63, 48, 40, 38, 34, 28, 15, 2, -7,
\rightarrow -11, -14, -18, -29, -37, -44, -50,
    -58, -63, -61, -52, -50, -48, -61, -59, -58, -54, -47, -52, -62, -61, -64, -54, -
\rightarrow52, -59, -69, -76, -76, -69, -67,
    -74, -78, -81, -80, -73, -65, -57, -53, -51, -47, -35, -27, -22, -22, -24, -21, -
\rightarrow 17, -13, -10, -11, -13, -20, -20,
    -12, -2, 7, -1, -12, -16, -13, -2, 2, -4, -5, -2, 9, 19, 19, 14, 11, 13, 19, 21, <u>...</u>
\rightarrow20, 18, 19, 19, 19, 16, 15, 13, 14,
    9, 3, -5, -9, -5, -3, -2, -3, -3, 2, 8, 9, 9, 5, 6, 8, 8, 7, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 5, 5,
\rightarrow13, 13, 12, 10, 10, 15, 22, 17,
    14, 7, 10, 15, 16, 11, 12, 10, 13, 9, -2, -4, -2, 7, 16, 16, 17, 16, 7, -1, -16, -
\rightarrow 18, -16, -9, -4, -5, -10, -9, -8,
    -3, -4, -10, -19, -20, -16, -9, -9, -23, -40, -48, -43, -33, -19, -21, -26, -31, -
\rightarrow33, -19, 0, 17, 24, 9, -17, -47,
    -63, -67, -59, -52, -51, -50,
                                   -49, -42, -26, -21, -15, -20, -23, -22, -19, -12, -
4, 5, 18, 27, 32, 26, 25, 26, 22,
    23, 17, 14, 17, 21, 25, 2, -45, -121, -196, -226, -200, -118, -9, 73, 126, 131, ...
→114, 87, 60, 42, 29, 26, 34, 35, 34,
    25, 12, 9, 7, 3, 2, -8, -11, 2, 23, 38, 41, 23, 9, 10, 13, 16, 8, -8, -17, -23, -
\Rightarrow26, -25, -21, -15, -10, -13, -13,
    -19, -22, -29, -40, -48, -48, -54, -55, -66, -82, -85, -90, -92, -98, -114, -119,...
\rightarrow -124, -129, -132, -146, -146, -138,
    -124, -99, -85, -72, -65, -65, -65, -66, -63, -64, -64, -58, -46, -26, -9, 2, 2, <u>...</u>
4, 0, 1, 4, 3, 10, 11, 10, 2, -4,
    0, 10, 18, 20, 6, 2, -9, -7, -3, -3, -2, -7, -12, -5, 5, 24, 36, 31, 25, 6, 3, 7,
\rightarrow12, 17, 11, 0, -6, -9, -8, -7, -5,
    -6, -2, -2, -6, -2, 2, 14, 24, 22, 15, 8, 4, 6, 7, 12, 16, 25, 20, 7, -16, -41, -
60, -67, -65, -54, -35, -11, 30,
    84, 175, 302, 455, 603, 707, 743, 714, 625, 519, 414, 337, 300, 281, 263, 239,...
→197, 163, 136, 109, 77, 34, -18, -50,
    -66, -74, -79, -92, -107, -117, -127, -129, -135, -139, -141, -155, -159, -167, -
\rightarrow171, -169, -174, -175, -178, -191,
    -202, -223, -235, -243, -237, -240, -256, -298, -345, -393, -432, -475, -518, -
\rightarrow 565, -596, -619, -623, -623, -614,
    -599, -583, -559, -524, -477, -425, -383, -357, -331, -301, -252, -198, -143, -96,
  -57, -29, -8, 10, 31, 45, 60, 65,
    70, 74, 76, 79, 82, 79, 75, 62,
1
```

```
def slider_x_event_cb(e):
    slider = e.get_target()
    v = slider.get_value()
    chart.set_zoom_x(v)
def slider y event cb(e):
    slider = e.get_target()
    v = slider.get_value()
    chart.set_zoom_y(v)
# Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling.
# See how the chart changes drawing mode (draw only vertical lines) when
# the points get too crowded.
# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set size(200, 150)
chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -30, -30)
chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, -1000, 1000)
# Do not display points on the data
chart.set style size(0, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
ser = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
pcnt = len(ecg_sample)
chart.set point count(pcnt)
chart.set_ext_y_array(ser, ecg_sample)
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
slider.set_range(lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE, lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE * 10)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_x_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
slider.set_size(200,10)
slider.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20)
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr act())
slider.set range(lv.IMG Z00M.NONE, lv.IMG Z00M.NONE * 10)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_y_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
slider.set size(10, 150)
slider.align to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT RIGHT MID, 20, 0)
```

Show cursor on the clicked point

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * chart;
static lv_chart_series_t * ser;
static lv_chart_cursor_t * cursor;
static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    static int32_t last_id = -1;
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED) {
        last_id = lv_chart_get_pressed_point(obj);
        if(last id != LV CHART POINT NONE) {
            lv_chart_set_cursor_point(obj, cursor, NULL, last_id);
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
        if(!lv_obj_draw_part_check_type(dsc, &lv_chart_class, LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_

    GURSOR)) return;
        if(dsc->p1 == NULL \mid \mid dsc->p2 == NULL \mid \mid dsc->p1->y \mid = dsc->p2->y \mid \mid last id
→< 0) return;
        lv_coord_t * data_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser);
        lv_coord_t v = data_array[last_id];
        char buf[16];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d", v);
        lv point t size;
        lv_txt_get_size(&size, buf, LV_FONT_DEFAULT, 0, 0, LV_COORD_MAX, LV_TEXT_FLAG_
→NONE):
        lv area t a;
        a.y2 = dsc->p1->y - 5;
        a.y1 = a.y2 - size.y - 10;
        a.x1 = dsc->p1->x + 10;
        a.x2 = a.x1 + size.x + 10;
        lv draw rect dsc t draw rect dsc;
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
        draw rect dsc.bg color = lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE);
        draw rect dsc.radius = 3;
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);
        lv_draw_label_dsc_t draw_label_dsc;
        lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&draw_label_dsc);
        draw label dsc.color = lv color white();
        a.x1 += 5;
        a.x2 -= 5:
        a.v1 += 5;
        a.v2 -= 5;
```

```
lv draw label(dsc->draw ctx, &draw label dsc, &a, buf, NULL);
    }
}
* Show cursor on the clicked point
void lv example chart 6(void)
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align(chart, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -10);
   lv chart set axis tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, true, 40);
   lv chart set axis tick(chart, LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY X, 10, 5, 10, 1, true, 30);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(chart);
    cursor = lv chart add cursor(chart, lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE), LV DIR LEFT...
→ | LV DIR BOTTOM);
    ser = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_
→PRIMARY Y);
   uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser, lv_rand(10,90));
   lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, 500);
   lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv label set text(label, "Click on a point");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, chart, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);
}
#endif
```

```
class ExampleChart_6():

    def __init__(self):
        self.last_id = -1
        #
        # Show cursor on the clicked point
        #

        chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
        chart.set_size(200, 150)
        chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -10)

        chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, True, 40)
        chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 10, 1, True, 30)

        chart.add_event_cb(self.event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
        chart.refresh_ext_draw_size()
```

```
self.cursor = chart.add_cursor(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.DIR.LEFT_
→ | lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
       self.ser = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.
→PRIMARY Y)
       self.ser p = []
       for i in range(10):
           self.ser_p.append(lv.rand(10,90))
       self.ser.y_points = self.ser_p
       newser = chart.get_series_next(None)
       # print("length of data points: ",len(newser.points))
       chart.set zoom x(500)
       label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
       label.set_text("Click on a point")
       label.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)
   def event cb(self,e):
       code = e.get_code()
       chart = e.get_target()
       if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE CHANGED:
           # print("last id: ",self.last id)
           self.last id = chart.get pressed point()
           if self.last_id != lv.CHART_POINT.NONE:
               p = lv.point_t()
                chart.get point pos by id(self.ser, self.last id, p)
               chart.set_cursor_point(self.cursor, None, self.last_id)
       elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW PART END:
           # print("EVENT.DRAW PART END")
           dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
           # if dsc.p1 and dsc.p2:
               # print("p1, p2", dsc.p1,dsc.p2)
                # print("p1.y, p2.y", dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
                # print("last id: ",self.last id)
           if dsc.part == lv.PART.CURSOR and dsc.p1 and dsc.p2 and dsc.p1.y == dsc.
→p2.y and self.last_id >= 0:
               v = self.ser p[self.last id]
               # print("value: ",v)
               value_txt = str(v)
               size = lv.point t()
                lv.txt_get_size(size, value_txt, lv.font_default(), 0, 0, lv.COORD.
→MAX, lv.TEXT_FLAG.NONE)
               a = lv.area t()
               a.y2 = dsc.p1.y - 5
               a.y1 = a.y2 - size.y - 10
               a.x1 = dsc.p1.x + 10
               a.x2 = a.x1 + size.x + 10
```

(continues on next page)

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```
draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
    draw_rect_dsc.init()
    draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)
    draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3
    lv.draw_rect(a, dsc.clip_area, draw_rect_dsc)

    draw_label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
    draw_label_dsc.init()
    draw_label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()
    a.x1 += 5
    a.x2 -= 5
    a.y1 += 5
    a.y2 -= 5
    lv.draw_label(a, dsc.clip_area, draw_label_dsc, value_txt, None)

example_chart_6 = ExampleChart_6()
```

Scatter chart

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART & LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void draw event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv obj draw part dsc t * dsc = lv event get draw part dsc(e);
    if(dsc->part == LV PART ITEMS) {
        lv obj t * obj = lv event get target(e);
        lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(obj, NULL);
        uint32 t cnt = lv chart get point count(obj);
        /*Make older value more transparent*/
        dsc->rect dsc->bg opa = (LV_OPA_COVER * dsc->id) / (cnt - 1);
        /*Make smaller values blue, higher values red*/
        lv_coord_t * x_array = lv_chart_get_x_array(obj, ser);
        lv_coord_t * y_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(obj, ser);
        /*dsc->id is the tells drawing order, but we need the ID of the point being,
        uint32_t start_point = lv_chart_get_x_start_point(obj, ser);
        uint32_t p_act = (start_point + dsc->id) % cnt; /*Consider start point to get_
→the index of the array*/
        lv_{opa}t x_{opa} = (x_{array}[p_{act}] * LV_{opa}50) / 200;
        lv_opa_t y_opa = (y_array[p_act] * LV_OPA_50) / 1000;
        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED),
                                                lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
                                                x_{opa} + y_{opa};
    }
}
static void add_data(lv_timer_t * timer)
    LV UNUSED(timer);
    lv_obj_t * chart = timer->user_data;
```

```
lv chart set next value2(chart, lv chart get series next(chart, NULL), lv rand(0,
\rightarrow200), lv rand(0,1000));
* A scatter chart
void lv example chart 7(void)
    lv_obj_t * chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align(chart, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv obj add event cb(chart, draw event cb, LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_line_width(chart, 0, LV_PART_ITEMS);
                                                           /*Remove the lines*/
   lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 5, 5, 5, 1, true, 30);
   lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, true, 50);
    lv chart set range(chart, LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY X, 0, 200);
   lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 0, 1000);
   lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, 50);
    lv chart series t * ser = lv chart add series(chart, lv palette main(LV PALETTE
→ RED), LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 50; i++) {
        lv chart set next value2(chart, ser, lv rand(0, 200), lv rand(0, 1000));
    lv timer create(add data, 100, chart);
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
def draw_event_cb(e):
    dsc = e.get draw part dsc()
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        obj = e.get_target()
        ser = obj.get series next(None)
        cnt = obj.get_point_count()
        # print("cnt: ",cnt)
        # Make older value more transparent
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = (lv.OPA.COVER * dsc.id) // (cnt - 1)
        # Make smaller values blue, higher values red
        # x_array = chart.get_x_array(ser)
        # y array = chart.get y array(ser)
        # dsc->id is the tells drawing order, but we need the ID of the point being
 drawn
                                                                           (continues on next page)
```

```
start_point = chart.get_x_start_point(ser)
        # print("start point: ",start_point)
        p_act = (start_point + dsc.id) % cnt # Consider start point to get the index,
→of the array
        # print("p act", p act)
        x_{opa} = (x_{array}[p_{act}] * lv.0PA._50) // 200
        y_opa = (y_array[p_act] * lv.0PA._50) // 1000
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED).color_mix(
                                              lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE),
                                              x_{opa} + y_{opa}
def add data(timer,chart):
    # print("add data")
   x = lv.rand(0,200)
   y = lv.rand(0,1000)
    chart.set_next_value2(ser, x, y)
    # chart.set_next_value2(chart.gx, y)
   x_array.pop(0)
   x array.append(x)
   y_array.pop(0)
   y_array.append(y)
# A scatter chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr act())
chart.set size(200, 150)
chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
chart.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)
chart.set_style_line_width(0, lv.PART.ITEMS) # Remove the lines
chart.set type(lv.chart.TYPE.SCATTER)
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 5, 5, 5, 1, True, 30)
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, True, 50)
chart.set range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY X, 0, 200)
chart.set range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y, 0, 1000)
chart.set_point_count(50)
ser = chart.add series(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
x array = []
y_array = []
for i in range (50):
    x array.append(lv.rand(0, 200))
   y_array.append(lv.rand(0, 1000))
ser.x_points = x_array
ser.y points = y array
# Create an `lv timer` to update the chart.
timer = lv.timer create basic()
```

```
timer.set_period(100)
timer.set_cb(lambda src: add_data(timer,chart))
```

Stacked area chart

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE CHART && LV DRAW COMPLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
/* A struct is used to keep track of the series list because later we need to draw.
→to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised. */
typedef struct
    lv_obj_t *obj;
    lv chart series t *series list[3];
} stacked area chart t;
static stacked area chart t stacked area chart;
* Callback which draws the blocks of colour under the lines
static void draw event cb(lv event t *e)
    lv obj t *obj = lv event get target(e);
    /*Add the faded area before the lines are drawn*/
   lv obj draw part dsc t *dsc = lv event get draw part dsc(e);
    if (dsc->part == LV PART ITEMS)
    {
        if (!dsc->p1 || !dsc->p2)
            return;
        /*Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line*/
        lv_draw_mask_line_param_t line_mask_param;
        lv_draw_mask_line_points_init(&line_mask_param, dsc->p1->x, dsc->p1->y, dsc->
⇒p2->x, dsc->p2->y, LV_DRAW_MASK_LINE_SIDE_BOTTOM);
        int16_t line_mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&line_mask_param, NULL);
        /*Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask*/
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
        draw rect dsc.bg color = dsc->line dsc->color;
        lv area t a;
        a.x1 = dsc->p1->x;
        a.x2 = dsc->p2->x;
        a.y1 = LV_MIN(dsc->p1->y, dsc->p2->y);
        a.y2 = obj->coords.y2 - 13; /* -13 cuts off where the rectangle draws over
→the chart margin. Without this an area of 0 doesn't look like 0 */
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);
        /*Remove the mask*/
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(&line_mask_param);
```

```
lv_draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id);
    }
}
* Helper function to round a fixed point number
static int32 t round fixed point(int32 t n, int8 t shift)
    /* Create a bitmask to isolates the decimal part of the fixed point number */
    int32_t mask = 1;
    for (int32 t bit pos = 0; bit pos < shift; bit pos++)</pre>
        mask = (mask << 1) + 1;
    }
    int32_t decimal_part = n & mask;
    /* Get 0.5 as fixed point */
    int32 t rounding boundary = 1 << (shift - 1);</pre>
    /* Return either the integer part of n or the integer part + 1 */
    return (decimal_part < rounding_boundary) ? (n \& ~mask) : ((n >> shift) + 1) <<_\sqcup
→shift;
}
 * Stacked area chart
void lv_example_chart_8(void)
    /*Create a stacked area chart.obj*/
    stacked area chart.obj = lv chart create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(stacked_area_chart.obj, 200, 150);
    lv obj center(stacked area chart.obj);
    lv_chart_set_type(stacked_area_chart.obj, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE);
    lv_chart_set_div_line_count(stacked_area_chart.obj, 5, 7);
    lv obj add event cb(stacked area chart.obj, draw event cb, LV EVENT DRAW PART
→BEGIN, NULL);
    /* Set range to 0 to 100 for percentages. Draw ticks */
    lv chart set range(stacked area chart.obj,LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y,0,100);
    lv chart set axis tick(stacked area chart.obj, LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y, 3, 0, 5,...
\rightarrow1, true, 30);
    /*Set point size to 0 so the lines are smooth */
    lv_obj_set_style_size(stacked_area_chart.obj, 0, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    /*Add some data series*/
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[0] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj,_
→lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[1] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj,__
→ lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE), LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y);
    stacked area chart.series list[2] = lv chart add series(stacked area chart.obj,...
→ lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    for (int point = 0; point < 10; point++)</pre>
```

```
{
        /* Make some random data */
        uint32_t vals[3] = {lv_rand(10, 20), lv_rand(20, 30), lv_rand(20, 30)};
        int8 t fixed point shift = 5;
        uint32_t total = vals[0] + vals[1] + vals[2];
        uint32 t draw heights[3];
        uint32_t int_sum = 0;
        uint32_t decimal_sum = 0;
        /* Fixed point cascade rounding ensures percentages add to 100 */
        for (int32 t series index = 0; series index < 3; series index++)</pre>
            decimal_sum += (((vals[series_index] * 100) << fixed_point_shift) /__</pre>
→total);
            int_sum += (vals[series_index] * 100) / total;
            int32 t modifier = (round fixed point(decimal sum, fixed point shift) >>,,
→fixed_point_shift) - int_sum;
            /* The draw heights are equal to the percentage of the total each value,
→is + the cumulative sum of the previous percentages.
                The accumulation is how the values get "stacked" */
            draw_heights[series_index] = int_sum + modifier;
            /* Draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were,
→initialised.
                Without this the higher values will draw on top of the lower ones.
                This is because the Z-height of a series matches the order it was,
→initialised */
            lv chart set next value(stacked area chart.obj, stacked area chart.series
→list[3 - series_index - 1], draw_heights[series_index]);
        }
    }
    lv chart refresh(stacked area chart.obj);
}
#endif
```

```
import display_driver
import lvgl as lv

# A class is used to keep track of the series list because later we
# need to draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised.
class StackedAreaChart:
    def __init__(self):
        self.obj = None
        self.series_list = [None, None, None]

stacked_area_chart = StackedAreaChart()

# # Callback which draws the blocks of colour under the lines
# def draw_event_cb(e):
```

```
obj = e.get target()
    cont_a = lv.area_t()
   obj.get_coords(cont_a)
   #Add the faded area before the lines are drawn
   dsc = e.get draw part dsc()
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        if not dsc.p1 or not dsc.p2:
            return
        # Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line
        line mask param = lv.draw mask line param t()
        line mask param.points init(dsc.pl.x, dsc.pl.y, dsc.p2.x, dsc.p2.y, lv.DRAW
→MASK LINE SIDE.BOTTOM)
        line_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(line_mask_param, None)
        #Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask
        draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        draw rect dsc.init()
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc.line_dsc.color
        a = lv.area_t()
        a.x1 = dsc.p1.x
        a.x2 = dsc.p2.x
        a.y1 = min(dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
        a.y2 = cont a.y2 - 13 # -13 cuts off where the rectangle draws over the chart,
→margin. Without this an area of 0 doesn't look like 0
        dsc.draw_ctx.rect(draw_rect_dsc, a)
        # Remove the mask
        lv.draw mask free param(line mask param)
        lv.draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id)
# Helper function to round a fixed point number
def round fixed point(n, shift):
   # Create a bitmask to isolates the decimal part of the fixed point number
   mask = 1
    for bit pos in range(shift):
        mask = (mask << 1) + 1
   decimal part = n & mask
    # Get 0.5 as fixed point
    rounding boundary = 1 << (shift - 1)
    # Return either the integer part of n or the integer part + 1
    if decimal_part < rounding_boundary:</pre>
        return (n & ~mask)
    return ((n >> shift) + 1) << shift
```

```
# Stacked area chart
def lv_example_chart_8():
    #Create a stacked area chart.obj
    stacked area_chart.obj = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
    stacked area chart.obj.set size(200, 150)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.center()
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_type( lv.chart.TYPE.LINE)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_div_line_count(5, 7)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.add_event_cb( draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN,_
→None)
    # Set range to 0 to 100 for percentages. Draw ticks
    stacked area chart.obj.set range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y,0,100)
    stacked area chart.obj.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 3, 0, 5, 1, True,_
→30)
    #Set point size to 0 so the lines are smooth
    stacked area chart.obj.set style size(0, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
    # Add some data series
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[0] = stacked_area_chart.obj.add_series(lv.palette_
→main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
    stacked area chart.series list[1] = stacked area chart.obj.add series(lv.palette
→main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
    stacked area chart.series list[2] = stacked area chart.obj.add series(lv.palette
→main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY Y)
    for point in range(10):
        # Make some random data
        vals = [lv.rand(10, 20), lv.rand(20, 30), lv.rand(20, 30)]
        fixed point shift = 5
        total = vals[0] + vals[1] + vals[2]
        draw heights = [0, 0, 0]
        int_sum = 0
        decimal sum = 0
        # Fixed point cascade rounding ensures percentages add to 100
        for series index in range(3):
            decimal_sum += int(((vals[series_index] * 100) << fixed_point_shift) //__</pre>
→total)
            int sum += int((vals[series index] * 100) / total)
            modifier = (round fixed point(decimal sum, fixed point shift) >> fixed
→point shift) - int sum
            # The draw heights are equal to the percentage of the total each value,
→is + the cumulative sum of the previous percentages.
                The accumulation is how the values get "stacked"
            draw heights[series index] = int(int sum + modifier)
            # Draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised.
              Without this the higher values will draw on top of the lower ones.
               This is because the Z-height of a series matches the order it was...
→initialised
```

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_chart_type_t
typedef uint8_t lv_chart_update_mode_t
typedef uint8_t lv_chart_axis_t
```

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Chart types

Values:

enumerator LV_CHART_TYPE_NONE

Don't draw the series

enumerator LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE

Connect the points with lines

enumerator LV_CHART_TYPE_BAR

Draw columns

enumerator LV CHART TYPE SCATTER

Draw points and lines in 2D (x,y coordinates)

enum [anonymous]

Chart update mode for lv chart set next

Values:

enumerator LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_SHIFT

Shift old data to the left and add the new one the right

enumerator LV CHART UPDATE MODE CIRCULAR

Add the new data in a circular way

enum [anonymous]

Enumeration of the axis'

Values:

```
enumerator LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY Y
     enumerator LV CHART AXIS SECONDARY Y
     enumerator LV CHART AXIS PRIMARY X
     enumerator LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_X
     enumerator LV_CHART_AXIS_LAST
enum lv chart draw part type t
     type field in lv obj draw part dsc t if class p
                                                                      lv chart class Used in
     LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN and LV EVENT DRAW PART END
     Values:
     enumerator LV CHART DRAW PART DIV LINE INIT
         Used before/after drawn the div lines
     enumerator LV CHART DRAW PART DIV LINE HOR
         Used for each horizontal division lines
     enumerator LV CHART DRAW PART DIV LINE VER
         Used for each vertical division lines
     enumerator LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_LINE_AND_POINT
         Used on line and scatter charts for lines and points
     enumerator LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_BAR
         Used on bar charts for the rectangles
     enumerator LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_CURSOR
         Used on cursor lines and points
     enumerator LV CHART DRAW PART TICK LABEL
         Used on tick lines and labels
Functions
LV_EXPORT_CONST_INT(LV_CHART_POINT_NONE)
lv_obj_t *lv_chart_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
     Create a chart object
         Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new chart
         Returns pointer to the created chart
void lv chart set type (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_type_t type)
     Set a new type for a chart
         Parameters
```

• **type** -- new type of the chart (from 'lv_chart_type_t' enum)

• **obj** -- pointer to a chart object

void lv_chart_set_point_count(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t cnt)

Set the number of points on a data line on a chart

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- cnt -- new number of points on the data lines

 $\label{eq:chart_set_range} \textbf{(} \textit{lv_obj_t} * \textbf{obj}, \textit{lv_chart_axis_t} \textit{ axis, } \textbf{lv_coord_t} \textit{ min, } \textbf{lv_coord_t} \textit{ max} \textbf{)}$

Set the minimal and maximal y values on an axis

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- axis -- LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y or LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y
- min -- minimum value of the y axis
- max -- maximum value of the y axis

void **lv_chart_set_update_mode**(*lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_chart_update_mode_t* update_mode)

Set update mode of the chart object. Affects

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- mode -- the update mode

void lv_chart_set_div_line_count(lv_obj_t *obj, uint8_t hdiv, uint8_t vdiv)

Set the number of horizontal and vertical division lines

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- hdiv -- number of horizontal division lines
- vdiv -- number of vertical division lines

void lv_chart_set_zoom_x(lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t zoom_x)

Zoom into the chart in X direction

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **ZOOM_X** -- zoom in x direction. LV_ZOOM_NONE or 256 for no zoom, 512 double zoom

void lv chart set zoom y(lv obj t*obj, uint16 t zoom y)

Zoom into the chart in Y direction

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **ZOOM y** -- zoom in y direction. LV_ZOOM_NONE or 256 for no zoom, 512 double zoom

uint16_t lv_chart_get_zoom_x (const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get X zoom of a chart

Parameters obj -- pointer to a chart object

Returns the X zoom value

uint16_t lv_chart_get_zoom_y (const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get Y zoom of a chart

Parameters obj -- pointer to a chart object

Returns the Y zoom value

void **lv_chart_set_axis_tick** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_chart_axis_t* axis, lv_coord_t major_len, lv_coord_t minor_len, lv_coord_t major_cnt, lv_coord_t minor_cnt, bool label_en, lv_coord_t draw size)

Set the number of tick lines on an axis

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- axis -- an axis which ticks count should be set
- major_len -- length of major ticks
- minor len -- length of minor ticks
- major_cnt -- number of major ticks on the axis
- minor_cnt -- number of minor ticks between two major ticks
- label_en -- true: enable label drawing on major ticks
- **draw_size** -- extra size required to draw the tick and labels (start with 20 px and increase if the ticks/labels are clipped)

```
lv_chart_type_t lv_chart_get_type(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the type of a chart

Parameters obj -- pointer to chart object

Returns type of the chart (from 'lv_chart_t' enum)

```
uint16_t lv_chart_get_point_count(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the data point number per data line on chart

Parameters chart -- pointer to chart object

Returns point number on each data line

```
uint16_t lv chart get x start point(const lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_series_t *ser)
```

Get the current index of the x-axis start point in the data array

Parameters

- chart -- pointer to a chart object
- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'

Returns the index of the current x start point in the data array

void **lv_chart_get_point_pos_by_id** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_chart_series_t* *ser, uint16_t id, lv_point_t *p_out) Get the position of a point to the chart.

Parameters

- chart -- pointer to a chart object
- ser -- pointer to series
- id -- the index.
- p_out -- store the result position here

void lv chart refresh(lv obj t *obj)

Refresh a chart if its data line has changed

Parameters chart -- pointer to chart object

lv_chart_series_t *lv_chart_add_series(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t color, lv_chart_axis_t axis)

Allocate and add a data series to the chart

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- color -- color of the data series
- axis -- the y axis to which the series should be attached (::LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y or ::LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y)

Returns pointer to the allocated data series

void lv_chart_remove_series(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_series_t *series)

Deallocate and remove a data series from a chart

Parameters

- chart -- pointer to a chart object
- series -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'

void **lv_chart_hide_series** (lv_obj_t *chart, lv_chart_series_t *series, bool hide)

Hide/Unhide a single series of a chart.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object.
- series -- pointer to a series object
- hide -- true: hide the series

void lv_chart_set_series_color(lv_obj_t *chart, lv_chart_series_t *series, lv_color_t color)

Change the color of a series

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object.
- series -- pointer to a series object
- **color** -- the new color of the series

void lv_chart_set_x_start_point(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_series_t *ser, uint16_t id)

Set the index of the x-axis start point in the data array. This point will be considers the first (left) point and the other points will be drawn after it.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- id -- the index of the x point in the data array

lv_chart_series_t *lv_chart_get_series_next(const lv_obj_t *chart, const lv_chart_series_t *ser)
Get the next series.

Parameters

- chart -- pointer to a chart
- ser -- the previous series or NULL to get the first

Returns the next series or NULL if there is no more.

lv_chart_cursor_t *lv_chart_add_cursor(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t color, lv_dir_t dir)
Add a cursor with a given color

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to chart object
- color -- color of the cursor
- dir -- direction of the cursor. LV_DIR_RIGHT/LEFT/T0P/D0WN/H0R/VER/ALL.
 OR-ed values are possible

Returns pointer to the created cursor

void lv_chart_set_cursor_pos(lv_obj_t *chart, lv_chart_cursor_t *cursor, lv_point_t *pos)

Set the coordinate of the cursor with respect to the paddings

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- cursor -- pointer to the cursor
- **pos** -- the new coordinate of cursor relative to the chart

void **lv_chart_set_cursor_point**(*lv_obj_t* *chart, *lv_chart_cursor_t* *cursor, *lv_chart_series_t* *ser, uint16_t point id)

Stick the cursor to a point

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- cursor -- pointer to the cursor
- ser -- pointer to a series
- point id -- the point's index or LV CHART POINT NONE to not assign to any points.

lv_point_tlv chart get cursor point(lv_obj_t *chart, lv_chart_cursor_t *cursor)

Get the coordinate of the cursor with respect to the paddings

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **cursor** -- pointer to cursor

Returns coordinate of the cursor as lv_point_t

void lv_chart_set_all_value(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_series_t *ser, lv_coord_t value)

Initialize all data points of a series with a value

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to chart object
- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- **value** -- the new value for all points. LV_CHART_POINT_NONE can be used to hide the points.

void lv_chart_set_next_value(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_series_t *ser, lv_coord_t value)

Set the next point's Y value according to the update mode policy.

Parameters

• **obj** -- pointer to chart object

- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- value -- the new value of the next data

void **lv_chart_set_next_value2** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_chart_series_t* *ser, lv_coord_t x_value, lv_coord_t y_value)

Set the next point's X and Y value according to the update mode policy.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to chart object
- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- x value -- the new X value of the next data
- **y_value** -- the new Y value of the next data

void **lv_chart_set_value_by_id** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_chart_series_t* *ser, uint16_t id, lv_coord_t value) Set an individual point's y value of a chart's series directly based on its index

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- id -- the index of the x point in the array
- value -- value to assign to array point

Set an individual point's x and y value of a chart's series directly based on its index Can be used only with LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to chart object
- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- id -- the index of the x point in the array
- **x_value** -- the new X value of the next data
- y_value -- the new Y value of the next data

void lv_chart_set_ext_y_array(\(lv_obj_t\)*obj,\(lv_chart_series_t\)*ser,\(lv_coord_t\) array(\(l)\)

Set an external array for the y data points to use for the chart NOTE: It is the users responsibility to make sure the point_cnt matches the external array size.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- array -- external array of points for chart

void lv chart set ext x array(lv_obj_t*obj, lv_chart_series_t*ser, lv_coord_t array[])

Set an external array for the x data points to use for the chart NOTE: It is the users responsibility to make sure the point cnt matches the external array size.

Parameters

• **obj** -- pointer to a chart object

- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- array -- external array of points for chart

lv_coord_t *lv_chart_get_y_array(const lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_series_t *ser)

Get the array of y values of a series

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'

Returns the array of values with 'point_count' elements

lv_coord_t *lv_chart_get_x_array(const lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_series_t *ser)

Get the array of x values of a series

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- ser -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'

Returns the array of values with 'point_count' elements

uint32_t lv_chart_get_pressed_point(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the index of the currently pressed point. It's the same for every series.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a chart object

Returns the index of the point [0 .. point count] or LV_CHART_POINT_ID_NONE if no point is being pressed

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_chart_class
struct lv_chart_series_t
   #include <lv_chart.h> Descriptor a chart series
```

Public Members

```
lv_coord_t *x_points
lv_coord_t *y_points
lv_color_t color
uint16_t start_point
uint8_t hidden
uint8_t x_ext_buf_assigned
uint8_t y_ext_buf_assigned
uint8_t y_axis_sec
uint8_t y_axis_sec
struct lv chart cursor t
```

Public Members

```
lv_point_t pos
     uint16_t point_id
     lv_color_t color
     lv_chart_series_t *ser
     lv_dir_t dir
     uint8_t pos_set
struct lv_chart_tick_dsc_t
     Public Members
     lv_coord_t major_len
     lv_coord_t minor_len
     lv_coord_t draw_size
     uint32_t minor_cnt
     uint32_t major_cnt
     uint32_t label_en
struct lv_chart_t
     Public Members
     lv_obj_t obj
     lv_ll_t series_ll
          Linked list for the series (stores lv_chart_series_t)
     lv_ll_t cursor_ll
          Linked list for the cursors (stores lv_chart_cursor_t)
     lv_chart_tick_dsc_t tick[4]
     lv_coord_t ymin[2]
     lv_coord_t ymax[2]
     lv_coord_t xmin[2]
     lv_coord_t xmax[2]
     uint16_t pressed_point_id
     uint16_t hdiv cnt
          Number of horizontal division lines
```

uint16_t vdiv_cnt

Number of vertical division lines

```
uint16_t point_cnt
Point number in a data line

uint16_t zoom_x

uint16_t zoom_y

lv_chart_type_t type
Line or column chart

lv_chart_update_mode_t update mode
```

6.3.4 Color wheel (lv_colorwheel)

Overview

As its name implies *Color wheel* allows the user to select a color. The Hue, Saturation and Value of the color can be selected separately.

Long pressing the object, the color wheel will change to the next parameter of the color (hue, saturation or value). A double click will reset the current parameter.

Parts and Styles

- LV_PART_MAIN Only arc_width is used to set the width of the color wheel
- LV_PART_KNOB A rectangle (or circle) drawn on the current value. It uses all the rectangle like style properties and padding to make it larger than the width of the arc.

Usage

Create a color wheel

lv_colorwheel_create(parent, knob_recolor) creates a new color wheel. With
knob_recolor=true the knob's background color will be set to the current color.

Set color

The color can be set manually with lv_colorwheel_set_hue/saturation/value(colorwheel, x) or all at once with lv_colorwheel_set_hsv(colorwheel, hsv) or lv colorwheel set color(colorwheel, rgb)

Color mode

The current color mode can be manually selected with lv_colorwheel_set_mode(colorwheel, LV_COLORWHEEL_MODE_HUE/SATURATION/VALUE).

The color mode can be fixed (so as to not change with long press) using lv_colorwheel_set_mode_fixed(colorwheel, true)

Events

• LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent if a new color is selected.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

- LV_KEY_UP, LV_KEY_RIGHT Increment the current parameter's value by 1
- LV_KEY_DOWN, LV_KEY_LEFT Decrement the current parameter's value by 1
- LV KEY ENTER A long press will show the next mode. Double click to reset the current parameter.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Colorwheel

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_COLORWHEEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_colorwheel_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cw;

    cw = lv_colorwheel_create(lv_scr_act(), true);
    lv_obj_set_size(cw, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(cw);
}
#endif
```

```
cw = lv.colorwheel(lv.scr_act(), True)
cw.set_size(200, 200)
cw.center()
```

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_colorwheel_mode_t
```

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Values:

```
enumerator LV_COLORWHEEL_MODE_HUE
enumerator LV_COLORWHEEL_MODE_SATURATION
enumerator LV_COLORWHEEL_MODE_VALUE
```

Functions

```
lv\_obj\_t *parent, bool knob\_recolor)
```

Create a color picker object with disc shape

Parameters

- parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new color picker
- knob_recolor -- true: set the knob's color to the current color

Returns pointer to the created color picker

```
bool lv_colorwheel_set_hsv(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_hsv_t hsv)
```

Set the current hsv of a color wheel.

Parameters

- colorwheel -- pointer to color wheel object
- color -- current selected hsv

Returns true if changed, otherwise false

```
bool lv colorwheel set rgb(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t color)
```

Set the current color of a color wheel.

Parameters

- colorwheel -- pointer to color wheel object
- color -- current selected color

Returns true if changed, otherwise false

```
void lv_colorwheel_set_mode (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_colorwheel_mode_t mode) Set the current color mode.
```

Parameters

- colorwheel -- pointer to color wheel object
- mode -- color mode (hue/sat/val)

void lv_colorwheel_set_mode_fixed(lv_obj_t *obj, bool fixed)

Set if the color mode is changed on long press on center

Parameters

- colorwheel -- pointer to color wheel object
- fixed -- color mode cannot be changed on long press

lv_color_hsv_t lv_colorwheel_get_hsv(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the current selected hsv of a color wheel.

Parameters colorwheel -- pointer to color wheel object

Returns current selected hsv

lv_color_t lv_colorwheel_get_rgb(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the current selected color of a color wheel.

Parameters colorwheel -- pointer to color wheel object

Returns color current selected color

$$\textit{lv_colorwheel_mode_t} \ \textbf{lv_colorwheel_get_color_mode} (\textit{lv_obj_t} \ * \text{obj})$$

Get the current color mode.

Parameters colorwheel -- pointer to color wheel object

Returns color mode (hue/sat/val)

bool lv_colorwheel_get_color_mode_fixed(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get if the color mode is changed on long press on center

Parameters colorwheel -- pointer to color wheel object

Returns mode cannot be changed on long press

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_colorwheel_class
struct lv_colorwheel_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_color_hsv_t hsv
lv_point_t pos
uint8_t recolor
struct lv_colorwheel_t::[anonymous] knob
uint32_t last_click_time
uint32_t last_change_time
lv_point_t last_press_point
lv_colorwheel_mode_t mode
```

uint8_t mode fixed

6.3.5 Image button (Iv_imgbtn)

Overview

The Image button is very similar to the simple 'Button' object. The only difference is that it displays user-defined images in each state instead of drawing a rectangle.

You can set a left, right and center image, and the center image will be repeated to match the width of the object.

Parts and Styles

• LV_PART_MAIN Refers to the image(s). If background style properties are used, a rectangle will be drawn behind the image button.

Usage

Image sources

To set the image in a state, use the lv_imgbtn_set_src(imgbtn, LV_IMGBTN_STATE_..., src_left, src_center, src_right).

The image sources work the same as described in the *Image object* except that "Symbols" are not supported by the Image button. Any of the sources can NULL.

The possible states are:

- LV IMGBTN STATE RELEASED
- LV IMGBTN STATE PRESSED
- LV IMGBTN STATE DISABLED
- LV IMGBTN STATE CHECKED RELEASED
- LV_IMGBTN_STATE_CHECKED_PRESSED
- LV IMGBTN STATE CHECKED DISABLED

If you set sources only in LV_IMGBTN_STATE_RELEASED, these sources will be used in other states too. If you set e.g. LV_IMGBTN_STATE_PRESSED they will be used in pressed state instead of the released images.

States

Instead of the regular <code>lv_obj_add/clear_state()</code> functions the <code>lv_imgbtn_set_state(imgbtn, LV_IMGBTN_STATE_...)</code> functions should be used to manually set a state.

Events

• LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED Sent when the button is toggled.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

- LV_KEY_RIGHT/UP Go to toggled state if LV_0BJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE is enabled.
- LV_KEY_LEFT/DOWN Go to non-toggled state if LV_0BJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE is enabled.
- LV KEY ENTER Clicks the button

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Image button

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMGBTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
void lv_example_imgbtn_1(void)
          LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_left);
          LV IMG DECLARE(imgbtn right);
          LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_mid);
          /*Create a transition animation on width transformation and recolor.*/
          static lv_style_prop_t tr_prop[] = {LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_WIDTH, LV_STYLE_IMG_
 →RECOLOR_OPA, 0};
          static lv style transition dsc t tr;
          lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&tr, tr_prop, lv_anim_path_linear, 200, 0, NULL);
          static lv_style_t style_def;
          lv_style_init(&style_def);
          lv_style_set_text_color(&style_def, lv_color_white());
          lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &tr);
          /*Darken the button when pressed and make it wider*/
          static lv_style_t style_pr;
          lv_style_init(&style_pr);
          lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style_pr, LV_OPA_30);
          lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style_pr, lv_color_black());
          lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pr, 20);
          /*Create an image button*/
          lv_obj_t * imgbtn1 = lv_imgbtn_create(lv_scr_act());
          \label{lem:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma
 →imgbtn right);
          lv_obj_add_style(imgbtn1, &style_def, 0);
          lv_obj_add_style(imgbtn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
          lv_obj_align(imgbtn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Create a label on the image button*/
lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(imgbtn1);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
lv_obj_align(label, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -4);
}
#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get png info, open png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info cb = get png info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Create an image from the png file
trv:
    with open('../../assets/imgbtn left.png','rb') as f:
        imgbtn left data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn left.png")
    sys.exit()
imgbtn_left_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
  'data_size': len(imgbtn_left_data),
  'data': imgbtn left data
})
try:
    with open('../../assets/imgbtn mid.png','rb') as f:
        imgbtn mid data = f.read()
    print("Could not find imgbtn mid.png")
    sys.exit()
imgbtn mid dsc = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(imgbtn mid data),
  'data': imgbtn mid data
})
try:
    with open('../../assets/imgbtn right.png','rb') as f:
        imgbtn right data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn right.png")
    sys.exit()
imgbtn right dsc = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(imgbtn right data),
  'data': imgbtn right data
})
# Create a transition animation on width transformation and recolor.
tr prop = [lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM WIDTH, lv.STYLE.IMG RECOLOR OPA, 0]
tr = lv.style transition dsc t()
tr.init(tr prop, lv.anim t.path linear, 200, 0, None)
```

```
style def = lv.style t()
style_def.init()
style_def.set_text_color(lv.color_white())
style_def.set_transition(tr)
# Darken the button when pressed and make it wider
style pr = lv.style t()
style_pr.init()
style_pr.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.0PA._30)
style_pr.set_img_recolor(lv.color_black())
style_pr.set_transform_width(20)
# Create an image button
imgbtn1 = lv.imgbtn(lv.scr act())
imgbtn1.set_src(lv.imgbtn.STATE.RELEASED, imgbtn_left_dsc, imgbtn_mid_dsc, imgbtn_
→right dsc)
imgbtn1.add_style(style_def, 0)
imgbtn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
imgbtn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
# Create a label on the image button
label = lv.label(imgbtn1)
label.set text("Button")
label.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -4)
```

API

Enums

```
enum lv_imgbtn_state_t
Values:

enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_RELEASED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_PRESSED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_DISABLED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_CHECKED_RELEASED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_CHECKED_PRESSED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_CHECKED_DISABLED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_NUM
```

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_imgbtn_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create an image button object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new image button

Returns pointer to the created image button

```
void lv_imgbtn_set_src (lv_obj_t *imgbtn, lv_imgbtn_state_t state, const void *src_left, const void *src_mid, const void *src_right)
```

Set images for a state of the image button

Parameters

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- **state** -- for which state set the new image
- **src_left** -- pointer to an image source for the left side of the button (a C array or path to a file)
- **src_mid** -- pointer to an image source for the middle of the button (ideally 1px wide) (a C array or path to a file)
- **src_right** -- pointer to an image source for the right side of the button (a C array or path to a file)

```
void lv_imgbtn_set_state(lv_obj_t *imgbtn, lv_imgbtn_state_t state)
```

Use this function instead of lv_obj_add/clear_state to set a state manually

Parameters

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- state -- the new state

const void *lv_imgbtn_get_src_left(lv_obj_t *imgbtn, lv_imgbtn_state_t state)

Get the left image in a given state

Parameters

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- **state** -- the state where to get the image (from lv btn state t)`

Returns pointer to the left image source (a C array or path to a file)

```
const void *lv_imgbtn_get_src_middle(lv_obj_t *imgbtn, lv_imgbtn_state_t state)
```

Get the middle image in a given state

Parameters

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- **state** -- the state where to get the image (from lv_btn_state_t)`

Returns pointer to the middle image source (a C array or path to a file)

```
const void *lv_imgbtn_get_src_right(lv_obj_t *imgbtn, lv_imgbtn_state_t state)

Get the right image in a given state
```

Parameters

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- **state** -- the state where to get the image (from lv_btn_state_t)`

Returns pointer to the left image source (a C array or path to a file)

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_imgbtn_class
struct lv_imgbtn_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
const void *img_src_mid[_LV_IMGBTN_STATE_NUM]
const void *img_src_left[_LV_IMGBTN_STATE_NUM]
const void *img_src_right[_LV_IMGBTN_STATE_NUM]
lv_img_cf_t act_cf
```

6.3.6 Keyboard (Iv_keyboard)

Overview

The Keyboard object is a special *Button matrix* with predefined keymaps and other features to realize a virtual keyboard to write texts into a *Text area*.

Parts and Styles

Similarly to Button matrices Keyboards consist of 2 part:

- LV_PART_MAIN The main part. Uses all the typical background properties
- LV PART ITEMS The buttons. Also uses all typical background properties as well as the *text* properties.

Usage

Modes

The Keyboards have the following modes:

- LV KEYBOARD_MODE_TEXT_LOWER Display lower case letters
- LV KEYBOARD MODE TEXT UPPER Display upper case letters
- LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_TEXT_SPECIAL Display special characters
- LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_NUMBER Display numbers, +/- sign, and decimal dot
- LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_USER_1 through LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_USER_4 User-defined modes.

The TEXT modes' layout contains buttons to change mode.

To set the mode manually, use $lv_keyboard_set_mode(kb, mode)$. The default mode is $LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_TEXT_UPPER$.

Assign Text area

You can assign a *Text area* to the Keyboard to automatically put the clicked characters there. To assign the text area, use lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta).

Key Popovers

To enable key popovers on press, like on common Android and iOS lv keyboard set popovers(kb, true). The default control maps are preconfigured to only show the popovers on keys that produce a symbol and not on e.g. space. If you use a custom keymap, set the LV BTNMATRIX CTRL POPOVER flag for all keys that you want to show a popover.

Note that popovers for keys in the top row will draw outside the widget boundaries. To account for this, reserve extra free space on top of the keyboard or ensure that the keyboard is added *after* any widgets adjacent to its top boundary so that the popovers can draw over those.

The popovers currently are merely a visual effect and don't allow selecting additional characters such as accents yet.

New Keymap

You can specify a new map (layout) for the keyboard with lv_keyboard_set_map(kb, map) and lv_keyboard_set_ctrl_map(kb, ctrl_map). Learn more about the *Button matrix* object. Keep in mind that using following keywords will have the same effect as with the original map:

- LV SYMBOL OK Apply.
- LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE or LV_SYMBOL_KEYBOARD Close.
- LV_SYMBOL_BACKSPACE Delete on the left.
- LV SYMBOL LEFT Move the cursor left.
- LV SYMBOL RIGHT Move the cursor right.
- LV SYMBOL NEW LINE New line.
- "ABC" Load the uppercase map.
- "abc" Load the lower case map.
- "1#" Load the lower case map.

Events

- LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent when the button is pressed/released or repeated after long press. The event data is set to the ID of the pressed/released button.
- LV EVENT READY The *Ok* button is clicked.
- LV EVENT CANCEL The *Close* button is clicked.

The keyboard has a **default event handler** callback called <code>lv_keyboard_def_event_cb</code>, which handles the button pressing, map changing, the assigned text area, etc. You can remove it and replace it with a custom event handler if you wish.

Note: In 8.0 and newer, adding an event handler to the keyboard does not remove the default event handler. This behavior differs from v7, where adding an event handler would always replace the previous one.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

- LV KEY RIGHT/UP/LEFT/RIGHT To navigate among the buttons and select one.
- LV KEY ENTER To press/release the selected button.

Learn more about *Keys*.

Examples

Keyboard with text area

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * kb = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_FOCUSED) {
        lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
        lv_obj_clear_flag(kb, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_DEFOCUSED) {
        lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, NULL);
        lv_obj_add_flag(kb, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);
    }
}
void lv_example_keyboard_1(void)
    /*Create a keyboard to use it with an of the text areas*/
    lv obj t *kb = lv keyboard create(lv scr act());
    /*Create a text area. The keyboard will write here*/
    lv_obj_t * ta;
    ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 10, 10);
    lv obj add event cb(ta, ta event cb, LV EVENT ALL, kb);
    lv textarea set placeholder text(ta, "Hello");
    lv_obj_set_size(ta, 140, 80);
    ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -10, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, kb);
    lv obj set size(ta, 140, 80);
```

```
lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
}
#endif
```

```
def ta_event_cb(e,kb):
    code = e.get_code()
    ta = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.FOCUSED:
        kb.set_textarea(ta)
        kb.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.HIDDEN)
    if code == lv.EVENT.DEFOCUSED:
        kb.set textarea(None)
        kb.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.HIDDEN)
# Create a keyboard to use it with one of the text areas
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())
# Create a text area. The keyboard will write here
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr act())
ta.set_width(200)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 10, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: ta_event_cb(e,kb), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
ta.set_placeholder_text("Hello")
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.set width(200)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP RIGHT, -10, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: ta_event_cb(e,kb), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
kb.set textarea(ta)
```

API

Typedefs

typedef uint8_t lv_keyboard_mode_t

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Current keyboard mode.

Values:

```
enumerator LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_TEXT_LOWER enumerator LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_TEXT_UPPER enumerator LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_SPECIAL
```

```
enumerator LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_NUMBER
enumerator LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_USER_1
enumerator LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_USER_2
enumerator LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_USER_3
enumerator LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_USER_4
```

Functions

lv_obj_t *lv_keyboard_create(lv_obj_t *parent)

Create a Keyboard object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new keyboard

Returns pointer to the created keyboard

```
void lv_keyboard_set_textarea(lv_obj_t *kb, lv_obj_t *ta)
```

Assign a Text Area to the Keyboard. The pressed characters will be put there.

Parameters

- **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object
- ta -- pointer to a Text Area object to write there

```
void lv_keyboard_set_mode(lv_obj_t *kb, lv_keyboard_mode_t mode)
```

Set a new a mode (text or number map)

Parameters

- **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object
- mode -- the mode from 'lv_keyboard_mode_t'

```
void lv keyboard set popovers (lv_obj_t *kb, bool en)
```

Show the button title in a popover when pressed.

Parameters

- **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object
- en -- whether "popovers" mode is enabled

```
void lv_keyboard_set_map (lv_obj_t *kb, lv_keyboard_mode_t mode, const char *map[], const lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t_ctrl_map[])
```

Set a new map for the keyboard

Parameters

- **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object
- mode -- keyboard map to alter 'lv_keyboard_mode_t'
- **map** -- pointer to a string array to describe the map. See 'lv_btnmatrix_set_map()' for more info.

```
lv_obj_t *lv keyboard get textarea(const lv_obj_t *kb)
```

Assign a Text Area to the Keyboard. The pressed characters will be put there.

Parameters kb -- pointer to a Keyboard object

Returns pointer to the assigned Text Area object

```
lv_keyboard_mode_t lv_keyboard_get_mode(const lv_obj_t *kb)
```

Set a new a mode (text or number map)

Parameters kb -- pointer to a Keyboard object

Returns the current mode from 'lv_keyboard_mode_t'

bool lv_btnmatrix_get_popovers(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Tell whether "popovers" mode is enabled or not.

Parameters kb -- pointer to a Keyboard object

Returns true: "popovers" mode is enabled; false: disabled

static inline const char **lv_keyboard_get_map_array(const lv_obj_t *kb)

Get the current map of a keyboard

Parameters kb -- pointer to a keyboard object

Returns the current map

static inline uint16_t lv_keyboard_get_selected_btn(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the index of the lastly "activated" button by the user (pressed, released, focused etc) Useful in the event_cb to get the text of the button, check if hidden etc.

Parameters obj -- pointer to button matrix object

Returns index of the last released button (LV_BTNMATRIX_BTN_NONE: if unset)

static inline const char *lv_keyboard_get_btn_text(const *lv_obj_t* *obj, uint16_t btn_id)

Get the button's text

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn id** -- the index a button not counting new line characters.

Returns text of btn_index`button

void lv keyboard def event cb(lv_event_t *e)

Default keyboard event to add characters to the Text area and change the map. If a custom event_cb is added to the keyboard this function can be called from it to handle the button clicks

Parameters

- **kb** -- pointer to a keyboard
- event -- the triggering event

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_keyboard_class
struct lv_keyboard_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_btnmatrix_t btnm
lv_obj_t *ta
lv_keyboard_mode_t mode
uint8_t popovers
```

6.3.7 LED (lv led)

Overview

The LEDs are rectangle-like (or circle) object whose brightness can be adjusted. With lower brightness the colors of the LED become darker.

Parts and Styles

The LEDs have only one main part, called LV_LED_PART_MAIN and it uses all the typical background style properties.

Usage

Color

You can set the color of the LED with lv_led_set_color(led, lv_color_hex(0xff0080)). This will be used as background color, border color, and shadow color.

Brightness

You can set their brightness with lv_led_set_bright(led, bright). The brightness should be between 0 (darkest) and 255 (lightest).

Toggle

Use $lv_led_on(led)$ and $lv_led_off(led)$ to set the brightness to a predefined ON or OFF value. The $lv_led_toggle(led)$ toggles between the ON and OFF state.

Events

- LV EVENT DRAW PART BEGIN and LV EVENT DRAW PART END is sent for the following types:
 - LV_LED_DRAW_PART_RECTANGLE The main rectangle. LV_0BJ_DRAW_PART_RECTANGLE is not sent by the base object.
 - * part: LV_PART_MAIN
 - * rect dsc
 - * draw_area: the area of the rectangle

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

No Keys are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

LED with custom style

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LED && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
* Create LED's with different brightness and color
void lv_example_led_1(void)
    /*Create a LED and switch it OFF*/
   lv_obj_t * led1 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, -80, 0);
    lv_led_off(led1);
    /*Copy the previous LED and set a brightness*/
   lv_obj_t * led2 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
   lv_obj_align(led2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
   lv_led_set_brightness(led2, 150);
   lv_led_set_color(led2, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
   /*Copy the previous LED and switch it ON*/
   lv_obj_t * led3 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led3, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 80, 0);
    lv_led_on(led3);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Create LED's with different brightness and color
#

# Create a LED and switch it OFF
led1 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -80, 0)
led1.off()

# Copy the previous LED and set a brightness
led2 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
led2.set_brightness(150)
led2.set_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
```

```
# Copy the previous LED and switch it ON
led3 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led3.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 80, 0)
led3.on()
```

API

Enums

```
enum lv_led_draw_part_type_t
type field in lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t if class_p = lv_led_class Used in
LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END

Values:

enumerator LV_LED_DRAW_PART_RECTANGLE
The main rectangle
```

Functions

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new led

Returns pointer to the created led

```
void lv_led_set_color(lv_obj_t *led, lv_color_t color)
```

Set the color of the LED

Parameters

- led -- pointer to a LED object
- color -- the color of the LED

void lv_led_set_brightness(lv_obj_t *led, uint8_t bright)

Set the brightness of a LED object

Parameters

- led -- pointer to a LED object
- bright -- LV_LED_BRIGHT_MIN (max. dark) ... LV_LED_BRIGHT_MAX (max. light)

```
void lv_led_on (lv_obj_t *led)
```

Light on a LED

Parameters led -- pointer to a LED object

```
void lv_led_off (lv_obj_t *led)
```

Light off a LED

Parameters led -- pointer to a LED object

```
void lv_led_toggle(lv_obj_t *led)
Toggle the state of a LED

Parameters led -- pointer to a LED object

uint8_t lv_led_get_brightness(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the brightness of a LEd object

Parameters led -- pointer to LED object

Returns bright 0 (max. dark) ... 255 (max. light)
```

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_led_class
struct lv_led_t
```

Public Members

6.3.8 List (lv_list)

Overview

The List is basically a rectangle with vertical layout to which Buttons and Texts can be added

Parts and Styles

Background

- LV PART MAIN The main part of the list that uses all the typical background properties
- LV PART SCROLLBAR The scrollbar. See the Base objects documentation for details.

Buttons and Texts See the Button's and Label's documentation.

Usage

Buttons

lv_list_add_btn(list, icon, text) adds a full-width button with an icon - that can be an image or symbol
- and a text.

The text starts to scroll horizontally if it's too long.

Texts

```
lv_list_add_text(list, text) adds a text.
```

Events

No special events are sent by the List, but sent by the Button as usual.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple List

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE LIST && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * list1;
static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked: %s", lv_list_get_btn_text(list1, obj));
    }
}
void lv_example_list_1(void)
    /*Create a list*/
    list1 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list1, 180, 220);
    lv_obj_center(list1);
    /*Add buttons to the list*/
   lv_obj_t * btn;
   lv list add text(list1, "File");
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL FILE, "New");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_DIRECTORY, "Open");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_SAVE, "Save");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL CLOSE, "Delete");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_EDIT, "Edit");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
```

```
lv list add text(list1, "Connectivity");
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL BLUETOOTH, "Bluetooth");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL GPS, "Navigation");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL USB, "USB");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_FULL, "Battery");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    lv list add text(list1, "Exit");
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL OK, "Apply");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv list add btn(list1, LV SYMBOL CLOSE, "Close");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler, LV EVENT CLICKED, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def event handler(e):
    code = e.get code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
            print("Clicked: list1." + list1.get_btn_text(obj))
# Create a list
list1 = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
list1.set size(180, 220)
list1.center()
# Add buttons to the list
list1.add text("File")
btn new = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.FILE, "New")
btn new.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn open = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.DIRECTORY, "Open")
btn_open.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_save = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMB0L.SAVE, "Save")
btn save.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn delete = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, "Delete")
btn delete.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn edit = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.EDIT, "Edit")
btn edit.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
list1.add text("Connectivity")
btn bluetooth = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.BLUETOOTH, "Bluetooth")
btn bluetooth.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn navig = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.GPS, "Navigation")
btn navig.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn USB = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.USB, "USB")
btn_USB.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn battery = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.BATTERY FULL, "Battery")
btn battery.add event cb(event handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
list1.add text("Exit")
btn apply = list1.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.OK, "Apply")
```

```
btn_apply.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_close = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, "Close")
btn_close.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

Sorting a List using up and down buttons

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE LIST && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t* list1;
static lv obj t* list2;
static lv obj t* currentButton = NULL;
static void event handler(lv event t* e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv obj t* obj = lv event get target(e);
    if (code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED)
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked: %s", lv_list_get_btn_text(list1, obj));
        if (currentButton == obj)
            currentButton = NULL;
        }
        else
            currentButton = obj;
        lv_obj_t* parent = lv_obj_get_parent(obj);
        uint32_t i;
        for (i = 0; i < lv_obj_get_child_cnt(parent); i++)</pre>
            lv_obj_t* child = lv_obj_get_child(parent, i);
            if (child == currentButton)
            {
                lv_obj_add_state(child, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
            }
            else
            {
                lv_obj_clear_state(child, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
        }
    }
static void event_handler_top(lv_event_t* e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
```

```
if (code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED)
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv_obj_move_background(currentButton);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}
static void event_handler_up(lv_event_t* e)
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if ((code == LV EVENT CLICKED) || (code == LV EVENT LONG PRESSED REPEAT))
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        uint32 t index = lv obj get index(currentButton);
        if (index <= 0) return;</pre>
        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, index - 1);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}
static void event_handler_center(lv_event_t* e)
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if ((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT))
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv_obj_t* parent = lv_obj_get_parent(currentButton);
        const uint32_t pos = lv_obj_get_child_cnt(parent) / 2;
        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, pos);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}
static void event handler dn(lv event t* e)
    const lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    if ((code == LV EVENT CLICKED) || (code == LV EVENT LONG PRESSED REPEAT))
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        const uint32_t index = lv_obj_get_index(currentButton);
        lv obj move to index(currentButton, index + 1);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}
static void event handler bottom(lv event t* e)
    const lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    if (code == LV EVENT CLICKED)
        if (currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv obj move foreground(currentButton);
```

```
lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}
static void event_handler_swap(lv_event_t* e)
    const lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    // lv_obj_t* obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if ((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT))
        uint32_t cnt = lv_obj_get_child_cnt(list1);
        for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++)
            if (cnt > 1)
            {
                lv_obj_t* obj = lv_obj_get_child(list1, rand() % cnt);
                lv_obj_move_to_index(obj, rand() % cnt);
                if (currentButton != NULL)
                {
                    lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
                }
            }
    }
}
void lv example list 2(void)
    /*Create a list*/
    list1 = lv list create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list1, lv_pct(60), lv_pct(100));
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(list1, 5, 0);
    /*Add buttons to the list*/
    lv obj t* btn;
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 15; i++) {
        btn = lv btn create(list1);
        lv_obj_set_width(btn, lv_pct(50));
        lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
        lv obj t* lab = lv label create(btn);
        lv label set text fmt(lab, "Item %d", i);
   /*Select the first button by default*/
    currentButton = lv_obj_get_child(list1, 0);
    lv obj add state(currentButton, LV STATE CHECKED);
    /*Create a second list with up and down buttons*/
    list2 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list2, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(100));
    lv obj align(list2, LV ALIGN TOP RIGHT, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(list2, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, NULL, "Top");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler top, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv group remove obj(btn);
```

```
btn = lv list add btn(list2, LV SYMBOL UP, "Up");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler up, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, LV SYMBOL LEFT, "Center");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_center, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv group remove obj(btn);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, LV_SYMBOL_DOWN, "Down");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_dn, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, NULL, "Bottom");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler bottom, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv group remove obj(btn);
    btn = lv list add btn(list2, LV SYMBOL SHUFFLE, "Shuffle");
    lv obj add event cb(btn, event handler swap, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);
}
#endif
```

```
import urandom
currentButton = None
list1 = None
def event handler(evt):
    alobal currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        if currentButton == obj:
            currentButton = None
        else:
            currentButton = obi
        parent = obj.get_parent()
        for i in range( parent.get child cnt()):
            child = parent.get_child(i)
            if child == currentButton:
                child.add state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
            else:
                child.clear state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
def event handler top(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        currentButton.move background()
        currentButton.scroll to view( lv.ANIM.ON)
def event handler up(evt):
```

```
global currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        index = currentButton.get index()
        if index <= 0:</pre>
            return
        currentButton.move_to_index(index - 1)
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)
def event handler center(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
        parent = currentButton.get parent()
        pos = parent.get_child_cnt() // 2
        currentButton.move to index(pos)
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)
def event handler dn(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG PRESSED REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        index = currentButton.get index()
        currentButton.move to index(index + 1)
        currentButton.scroll to view(lv.ANIM.ON)
def event_handler_bottom(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG PRESSED REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
        currentButton.move foreground()
        currentButton.scroll to view(lv.ANIM.ON)
def event handler swap(evt):
    global currentButton
    qlobal list1
    code = evt.get code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        cnt = list1.get_child_cnt()
        for i in range(100):
            if cnt > 1:
                obj = list1.get child(urandom.getrandbits(32) % cnt )
                obj.move to index(urandom.getrandbits(32) % cnt)
        if currentButton != None:
```

```
currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)
#Create a list with buttons that can be sorted
list1 = lv.list(lv.scr act())
list1.set size(lv.pct(60), lv.pct(100))
list1.set_style_pad_row( 5, 0)
for i in range(15):
    btn = lv.btn(list1)
    btn.set_width(lv.pct(100))
    btn.add_event_cb( event_handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
    lab = lv.label(btn)
    lab.set text("Item " + str(i))
#Select the first button by default
currentButton = list1.get child(0)
currentButton.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
#Create a second list with up and down buttons
list2 = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
list2.set size(lv.pct(40), lv.pct(100))
list2.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP RIGHT, 0, 0)
list2.set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.COLUMN)
btn = list2.add btn(None, "Top")
btn.add event cb(event handler top, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group remove obj(btn)
btn = list2.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.UP, "Up")
btn.add event cb(event handler up, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group remove obj(btn)
btn = list2.add btn(lv.SYMB0L.LEFT, "Center")
btn.add event cb(event handler center, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group remove obj(btn)
btn = list2.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.DOWN, "Down")
btn.add event cb(event handler dn, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)
btn = list2.add btn(None, "Bottom")
btn.add event cb(event handler bottom, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group remove obj(btn)
btn = list2.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.SHUFFLE, "Shuffle")
btn.add event cb(event handler swap, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group remove obj(btn)
```

API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_list_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
lv_obj_t *lv_list_add_text(lv_obj_t *list, const char *txt)
lv_obj_t *lv_list_add_btn(lv_obj_t *list, const char *icon, const char *txt)
const char *lv_list_get_btn_text(lv_obj_t *list, lv_obj_t *btn)
```

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_list_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_list_text_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_list_btn_class
```

6.3.9 Menu (Iv_menu)

Overview

The menu widget can be used to easily create multi-level menus. It handles the traversal between pages automatically.

Parts and Styles

The menu widget is built from the following objects:

```
• Main container: lv_menu_main_cont
```

- Main header: lv_menu_main_header_cont

* Back btn: lv_btn

· Back btn icon: lv img

Main page: lv_menu_page

• Sidebar container: lv_menu_sidebar_cont

- Sidebar header: lv_menu_sidebar_header_cont

* Back btn: lv_btn

· Back btn icon: lv_img

Sidebar page: lv_menu_page

Usage

Create a menu

lv_menu_create(parent) creates a new empty menu.

Header mode

The following header modes exist:

- LV MENU HEADER TOP FIXED Header is positioned at the top.
- LV_MENU_HEADER_TOP_UNFIXED Header is positioned at the top and can be scrolled out of view.
- LV MENU HEADER BOTTOM FIXED Header is positioned at the bottom.

You can set header modes with lv_menu_set_mode_header(menu, LV_MENU_HEADER...).

Root back button mode

The following root back button modes exist:

- LV MENU ROOT BACK BTN DISABLED
- LV MENU ROOT BACK BTN ENABLED

You can set root back button modes with lv_menu_set_mode_root_back_btn(menu,
LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN...)

Create a menu page

lv_menu_page_create(menu, title) creates a new empty menu page. You can add any widgets to the page.

Set a menu page in the main area

Once a menu page has been created, you can set it to the main area with lv_menu_set_page(menu, page). NULL to clear main and clear menu history.

Set a menu page in the sidebar

Once a menu page has been created, you can set it to the sidebar with lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, page). NULL to clear sidebar.

Linking between menu pages

For instance, you have created a btn obj in the main page. When you click the btn obj, you want it to open up a new page, use lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, obj, new page).

Create a menu container, section, separator

The following objects can be created so that it is easier to style the menu:

```
lv menu cont create(parent page) creates a new empty container.
```

lv_menu_section_create(parent page) creates a new empty section.

lv menu separator create(parent page) creates a separator.

Events

- LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent when a page is shown.
 - lv_menu_get_cur_main_page(menu) returns a pointer to menu page that is currently displayed in main.
 - lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_page(menu) returns a pointer to menu page that is currently displayed in sidebar.
- LV_EVENT_CLICKED Sent when a back btn in a header from either main or sidebar is clicked. LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE is enabled on the buttons so you can add events to the menu itself.
 - lv menu back btn is root(menu, btn) to check if btn is root back btn

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

Kevs

No keys are handled by the menu widget.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Menu

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_menu_1(void)
{
    /*Create a menu object*/
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);
    lv_obj_t * cont;
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_t * label;
   /*Create a sub page*/
   lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
    /*Create a main page*/
   lv_obj_t * main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv label set text(label, "Item 1");
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2");
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);
    lv menu set page(menu, main page);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr act())
menu.set size(320, 24\overline{0})
menu.center()
# Create a sub page
sub page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Hello, I am hiding here")
# Create a main page
main page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 1")
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 2")
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set load page event(cont, sub page)
```

```
menu.set_page(main_page)
```

Simple Menu with root btn

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE MENU && LV USE MSGBOX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void back event handler(lv event t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv obj t * menu = lv event get user data(e);
    if(lv menu back btn is root(menu, obj)) {
        lv obj t * mbox1 = lv msgbox create(NULL, "Hello", "Root back btn click.",...
→NULL, true);
        lv obj center(mbox1);
    }
}
void lv example menu 2(void)
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv menu set mode root back btn(menu, LV MENU ROOT BACK BTN ENABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(menu, back_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
    lv obj set size(menu, lv disp get hor res(NULL), lv disp get ver_res(NULL));
   lv obj center(menu);
   lv_obj_t * cont;
   lv obj t * label;
    /*Create a sub page*/
   lv obj t * sub page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
    /*Create a main page*/
   lv_obj_t * main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1");
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2");
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);
```

```
lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);
}
#endif
```

```
def back event handler(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    if menu.back btn is root(obj):
        mbox1 = \( \bar{\text{lv.msqbox}} (\text{lv.scr act()}, "Hello", "Root back btn click.", None, True \)
        mbox1.center()
# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr act())
menu.set mode root back btn(lv.menu.ROOT BACK BTN.ENABLED)
menu.add event cb(back event handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
menu.set size(320, 240)
menu.center()
# Create a sub page
sub page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu cont(sub page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")
# Create a main page
main page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 1")
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 2")
cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set load page event(cont, sub page)
menu.set page(main page)
```

Simple Menu with custom header

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_USER_DATA && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_menu_3(void)
{
    /*Create a menu object*/
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);
```

(continues on next page)

```
/*Modify the header*/
    lv obj t * back btn = lv menu get main header back btn(menu);
    lv_obj_t * back_btn_label = lv_label_create(back_btn);
    lv_label_set_text(back_btn_label, "Back");
    lv_obj_t * cont;
    lv obj t * label;
    /*Create sub pages*/
   lv_obj_t * sub_1_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 1");
    cont = lv menu cont create(sub 1 page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
   lv_obj_t * sub_2_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 2");
    cont = lv menu cont create(sub 2 page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv label set text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
   lv_obj_t * sub_3_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 3");
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_3_page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv label set text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");
    /*Create a main page*/
    lv_obj_t * main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1 (Click me!)");
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub 1 page);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv label set text(label, "Item 2 (Click me!)");
   lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_2_page);
    cont = lv menu cont create(main page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv label set text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub 3 page);
    lv menu set page(menu, main page);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()
# Create sub pages
```

```
sub page 1 = lv.menu page(menu, "Page 1")
cont = lv.menu cont(sub page 1)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")
sub page 2 = lv.menu page(menu, "Page 2")
cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page_2)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")
sub page 3 = lv.menu page(menu, "Page 3")
cont = lv.menu cont(sub page 3)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")
# Create a main page
main page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_1)
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 2 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_2)
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_3)
menu.set_page(main_page)
```

Simple Menu with floating btn to add new menu page

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static uint32_t btn_cnt = 1;
static lv_obj_t * main_page;
static lv_obj_t * menu;

static void float_btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_UNUSED(e);
    btn_cnt++;
    lv_obj_t * cont;
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv obj t * label;
    lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv menu cont create(sub page);
    label= lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Hello, I am hiding inside %i", btn_cnt);
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label= lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item %i", btn_cnt);
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub page);
    lv obj scroll to view recursive(cont, LV ANIM ON);
}
void lv_example_menu_4(void)
   /*Create a menu object*/
   menu = lv menu create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv obj center(menu);
    lv_obj_t * cont;
   lv_obj_t * label;
    /*Create a sub page*/
    lv obj t * sub page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv menu cont create(sub page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding inside the first item");
    /*Create a main page*/
   main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv label create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1");
    lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub page);
   lv menu set page(menu, main page);
   /*Create floating btn*/
    lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(float btn, 50, 50);
    lv obj add flag(float btn, LV OBJ FLAG FLOATING);
    lv_obj_align(float_btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_RIGHT, -10, -10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(float_btn, float_btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(float_btn, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(float_btn, LV_SYMBOL_PLUS, 0);
    lv obj set style text font(float btn, lv theme get font large(float btn), 0);
}
#endif
```

```
btn cnt = 1
def float btn event cb(e):
    global btn cnt
    btn cnt += 1
    sub page = lv.menu page(menu, None)
    cont = lv.menu cont(sub page)
    label = lv.label(cont)
    label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding inside {:d}".format(btn_cnt))
    cont = lv.menu_cont(main page)
    label = lv.label(cont)
    label.set text("Item {:d}".format(btn cnt))
    menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)
# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()
# Create a sub page
sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Hello, I am hiding inside the first item")
# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu cont(main page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set text("Item 1")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)
menu.set_page(main_page)
float_btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
float_btn.set_size(50, 50)
float_btn.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.FLOATING)
float_btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_RIGHT, -10, -10)
float_btn.add_event_cb(float_btn_event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
float_btn.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
float_btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
float_btn.set_style_text_font(lv.theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0)
```

Complex Menu

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
enum {
    LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 1,
    LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 2
typedef uint8 t lv menu builder variant t;
static void back event handler(lv event t * e);
static void switch handler(lv event t * e);
lv obj t * root page;
static lv_obj_t * create_text(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * txt,
                                          lv menu_builder_variant_t builder_variant);
static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_obj_t * parent,
                                     const char * icon, const char * txt, int32 t min,...
→int32 t max, int32 t val);
static lv obj t * create switch(lv obj t * parent,
                                     const char * icon, const char * txt, bool chk);
void lv example menu 5(void)
    lv obj t * menu = lv menu create(lv scr act());
    lv color t bg color = lv obj get style bg color(menu, \theta);
    if(lv color brightness(bg color) > 127) {
        lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(menu, lv_color_darken(lv_obj get style bg
\rightarrow color(menu, 0), 10), 0);
    }else{
        lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(menu, lv_color_darken(lv_obj_get_style_bg_
\rightarrow color(menu, 0), 50), 0);
    lv menu set mode root back btn(menu, LV MENU ROOT BACK BTN ENABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(menu, back_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv obj center(menu);
    lv obj t * cont;
    lv obj t * section;
    /*Create sub pages*/
    lv obj t * sub mechanics page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    lv obj set style pad hor(sub mechanics page, lv obj get style pad left(lv menu
\rightarrowget main header(menu), 0), 0);
    lv_menu_separator_create(sub_mechanics_page);
    section = lv menu section create(sub mechanics page);
    create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Velocity", 0, 150, 120);
create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Acceleration", 0, 150, 50);
    create slider(section, LV SYMBOL SETTINGS, "Weight limit", 0, 150, 80);
    lv obj t * sub sound page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
    lv obj set style pad hor(sub sound page, lv obj get style pad left(lv menu get
\rightarrowmain header(menu), 0), 0);
    lv menu separator create(sub sound page);
    section = lv menu section create(sub sound page);
```

```
create switch(section, LV SYMBOL AUDIO, "Sound", false);
   lv_obj_t * sub_display_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
   lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_display_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_
\rightarrowmain header(menu), 0), 0);
   lv_menu_separator_create(sub_display_page);
   section = lv menu section create(sub display page);
   create slider(section, LV SYMBOL SETTINGS, "Brightness", 0, 150, 100);
   lv_obj_t * sub_software_info_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
   lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_software_info_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_
→menu get main header(menu), 0), 0);
   section = lv menu section create(sub software info page);
   create_text(section, NULL, "Version 1.0", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
   lv obj t * sub legal info page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
   lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_legal_info_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_
\rightarrowget main header(menu), 0), 0);
   section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_legal_info_page);
   for(uint32 t i=0; i<15; i++){
       create text(section, NULL, "This is a long long long long long long long,
→long text, if it is long enough it may scroll.", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
   lv obj t * sub about page = lv menu page create(menu, NULL);
   lv obj set style pad hor(sub about page, lv obj get style pad left(lv menu get
\rightarrowmain header(menu), 0), 0);
   lv menu separator create(sub about page);
   section = lv menu section create(sub about page);
   cont = create text(section, NULL, "Software information", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
   lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_software_info_page);
   cont = create text(section, NULL, "Legal information", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
   lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub legal info page);
   lv_obj_t * sub_menu_mode_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
   lv obj set style pad hor(sub menu mode page, lv obj get style pad left(lv menu

    get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
   lv menu separator create(sub menu mode page);
   section = lv menu section create(sub menu mode page);
   cont = create_switch(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sidebar enable", true);
   lv obj add event cb(lv obj get child(cont, 2), switch handler, LV EVENT VALUE
→CHANGED, menu);
   /*Create a root page*/
   root page = lv menu page create(menu, "Settings");
   lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(root_page, lv_obj_get_style pad left(lv menu get main
\rightarrowheader(menu), 0), 0);
   section = lv_menu_section_create(root_page);
   cont = create text(section, LV SYMBOL SETTINGS, "Mechanics", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
   lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub mechanics page);
   cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sound", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
→VARIANT 1):
   lv menu set load page event(menu, cont, sub sound page);
   cont = create text(section, LV SYMBOL SETTINGS, "Display", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
                                                                         (continues on next page)
```

```
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_display_page);
    create_text(root_page, NULL, "Others", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
    section = lv_menu_section_create(root_page);
    cont = create_text(section, NULL, "About", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_about_page);
    cont = create text(section, LV SYMBOL SETTINGS, "Menu mode", LV MENU ITEM BUILDER
→VARIANT 1);
   lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_menu_mode_page);
   lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, root_page);
    lv event send(lv obj get child(lv obj get child(lv menu get cur sidebar
→page(menu), 0), 0), LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
static void back_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv obj t * menu = lv event get user data(e);
    if(lv_menu_back_btn_is_root(menu, obj)) {
        lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "Root back btn click.",
→NULL, true);
        lv obj center(mbox1);
    }
}
static void switch_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        if(lv_obj_has_state(obj, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) {
            lv menu set page(menu, NULL);
            lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, root_page);
            lv_event_send(lv_obj_get_child(lv_obj_get_child(lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_
→page(menu), 0), 0), LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
            lv menu set sidebar page(menu, NULL);
            ly menu clear history(menu); /* Clear history because we will be showing,
→the root page later */
            lv menu set page(menu, root page);
        }
    }
static lv_obj_t * create_text(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * txt,
                                        lv_menu_builder_variant_t builder_variant)
    lv obj t * obj = lv menu cont create(parent);
    lv obj t * img = NULL;
    lv obj t * label = NULL;
    if(icon) {
```

```
img = lv img create(obj);
                                    lv_img_set_src(img, icon);
                  }
                  if(txt) {
                                   label = lv_label_create(obj);
                                   lv_label_set_text(label, txt);
                                   lv_label_set_long_mode(label, LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR);
                                   lv_obj_set_flex_grow(label, 1);
                  }
                  if(builder variant == LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 2 && icon && txt) {
                                   lv obj add flag(img, LV OBJ FLAG FLEX IN NEW TRACK);
                                   lv obj swap(img, label);
                  }
                  return obj;
}
static lv obj t * create slider(lv obj t * parent, const char * icon, con, const char * icon, const char * icon, const char * i

¬txt, int32 t min, int32 t max, int32 t val)
{
                  lv obj t * obj = create text(parent, icon, txt, LV MENU ITEM BUILDER VARIANT 2);
                  lv obj t * slider = lv slider create(obj);
                  lv obj set flex grow(slider, 1);
                  lv slider set range(slider, min, max);
                  lv_slider_set_value(slider, val, LV_ANIM_OFF);
                 if(icon == NULL) {
                                   lv_obj_add_flag(slider, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLEX_IN_NEW_TRACK);
                  return obj;
}
static lv_obj_t * create_switch(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, con, con, const char * icon, con, con, con, con, con
 →txt, bool chk)
                 lv_obj_t * obj = create_text(parent, icon, txt, LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
                 lv obj t * sw = lv switch create(obj);
                 lv obj add state(sw, chk ? LV STATE CHECKED : 0);
                  return obj;
}
#endif
```

Error encountered **while** trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/
→menu/lv example menu 5.py

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_menu_mode_header_t
typedef uint8_t lv_menu_mode_root_back_btn_t
typedef struct lv_menu_load_page_event_data_t lv_menu_load_page_event_data_t

Enums

enum [anonymous]
Values:

enumerator LV_MENU_HEADER_TOP_FIXED
enumerator LV_MENU_HEADER_TOP_UNFIXED
enumerator LV_MENU_HEADER_BOTTOM_FIXED
enum [anonymous]
Values:
```

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *\textbf{v_menu_create} (lv_obj_t *parent)

Create a menu object
```

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new menu

Returns pointer to the created menu

```
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_page_create(lv_obj_t *parent, char *title)
```

enumerator LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_DISABLED enumerator LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_ENABLED

Create a menu page object

Parameters

- parent -- pointer to menu object
- **title** -- pointer to text for title in header (NULL to not display title)

Returns pointer to the created menu page

```
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_cont_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create a menu cont object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new menu cont object

Returns pointer to the created menu cont

```
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_section_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create a menu section object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new menu section object

Returns pointer to the created menu section

lv_obj_t *lv_menu_separator_create(lv_obj_t *parent)

Create a menu separator object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new menu separator object

Returns pointer to the created menu separator

Set menu page to display in main

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to the menu
- page -- pointer to the menu page to set (NULL to clear main and clear menu history)

void lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_obj_t *page)

Set menu page to display in sidebar

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to the menu
- page -- pointer to the menu page to set (NULL to clear sidebar)

Set the how the header should behave and its position

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a menu
- · mode header --

Set whether back button should appear at root

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a menu
- mode_root_back_btn --

void lv_menu_set_load_page_event (lv_obj_t *menu, lv_obj_t *obj, lv_obj_t *page)

Add menu to the menu item

Parameters

- menu -- pointer to the menu
- **obj** -- pointer to the obj
- page -- pointer to the page to load when obj is clicked

lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_cur_main_page(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get a pointer to menu page that is currently displayed in main

Parameters obj -- pointer to the menu

Returns pointer to current page

lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_page(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get a pointer to menu page that is currently displayed in sidebar

Parameters obj -- pointer to the menu

```
Returns pointer to current page
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_main_header(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get a pointer to main header obj
          Parameters obj -- pointer to the menu
          Returns pointer to main header obj
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_main_header_back_btn(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get a pointer to main header back btn obj
          Parameters obj -- pointer to the menu
          Returns pointer to main header back btn obj
lv_obj_t *lv menu get sidebar header(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get a pointer to sidebar header obj
          Parameters obj -- pointer to the menu
          Returns pointer to sidebar header obj
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_sidebar_header_back_btn(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Get a pointer to sidebar header obj
          Parameters obj -- pointer to the menu
          Returns pointer to sidebar header back btn obj
bool lv_menu_back_btn_is_root(lv_obj_t *menu, lv_obj_t *obj)
     Check if an obj is a root back btn
          Parameters menu -- pointer to the menu
          Returns true if it is a root back btn
void lv menu clear history(lv_obj_t *obj)
     Clear menu history
          Parameters obj -- pointer to the menu
Variables
```

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_class

const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_page_class

const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_cont_class

const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_section_class

const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_separator_class

const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_sidebar_cont_class

const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_main_cont_class

const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_sidebar_header_cont_class

const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_sidebar_header_cont_class

struct lv_menu_load_page_event_data_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t *menu
lv_obj_t *page
struct lv_menu_history_t
Public Members
```

Public Members

lv_obj_t *page

struct lv_menu_t

```
lv_obj_t obj
     lv_obj_t *storage
     lv_obj_t *main
    lv_obj_t *main_page
    lv_obj_t *main_header
     lv_obj_t *main_header_back_btn
     lv_obj_t *main_header_title
    lv obj t*sidebar
    lv_obj_t *sidebar_page
    lv_obj_t *sidebar_header
     lv_obj_t *sidebar_header_back_btn
     lv_obj_t *sidebar header title
     lv_obj_t *selected_tab
     lv_ll_t history_ll
     uint8_t cur_depth
     uint8_t prev_depth
     uint8_t sidebar_generated
     lv_menu_mode_header_t mode_header
     lv_menu_mode_root_back_btn_t mode_root_back_btn
struct lv_menu_page_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
char *title
```

6.3.10 Meter (lv_meter)

Overview

The Meter widget can visualize data in very flexible ways. In can show arcs, needles, ticks lines and labels.

Parts and Styles

- LV PART MAIN The background of the Meter. Uses the typical background properties.
- LV PART TICK The tick lines a labels using the *line* and *text* style properties.
- LV_PART_INDICATOR The needle line or image using the *line* and *img* style properties, as well as the background properties to draw a square (or circle) on the pivot of the needles. Padding makes the square larger.
- LV_PART_ITEMS The arcs using the *arc* properties.

Usage

Add a scale

First a *Scale* needs to be added to the Meter with <code>lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter)</code>. The Scale has minor and major ticks and labels on the major ticks. Later indicators (needles, arcs, tick modifiers) can be added to the meter

Any number of scales can be added to Meter.

The minor tick lines can be configured with: lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, tick_count, line_width, tick_length, ctick_olor).

To add major tick lines use lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale, nth_major, tick_width, tick_length, tick_color, label_gap). nth_major to specify how many minor ticks to skip to draw a major tick.

Labels are added automatically on major ticks with label_gap distance from the ticks with text proportionally to the values of the tick line.

lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale, min, max, angle_range, rotation) sets the
value and angle range of the scale.

Add indicators

Indicators need to be added to a Scale and their value is interpreted in the range of the Scale.

All the indicator add functions return lv meter indicator t *.

Needle line

indic = lv_meter_add_needle_line(meter, scale, line_width, line_color, r_mod)
adds a needle line to a Scale. By default, the length of the line is the same as the scale's radius but r_mod changes the
length.

lv_meter_set_indicator_value(meter, indic, value) sets the value of the indicator.

Needle image

indic = lv_meter_add_needle_img(meter, scale, img_src, pivot_x, pivot_y) sets an
image that will be used as a needle. img_src should be a needle pointing to the right like this -0--->. pivot_x
and pivot y sets the pivot point of the rotation relative to the top left corner of the image.

lv meter set indicator value(meter, inidicator, value) sets the value of the indicator.

Arc

indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, arc_width, arc_color, r_mod) adds and arc indicator. By default, the radius of the arc is the same as the scale's radius but r mod changes the radius.

lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, value) and
lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, inidicator, value) sets the value of the indicator.

Scale lines (ticks)

indic = lv_meter_add_scale_lines(meter, scale, color_start, color_end, local, width_mod) adds an indicator that modifies the ticks lines. If local is true the ticks' color will be faded from color_start to color_end in the indicator's start and end value range. If local is false color_start and color_end will be mapped to the start and end value of the scale and only a "slice" of that color gradient will be visible in the indicator's start and end value range. width_mod modifies the width of the tick lines.

lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, inidicator, value) and lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, inidicator, value) sets the value of the indicator.

Events

- LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END is sent for the following types:
 - LV_METER_DRAW_PART_ARC The arc indicator
 - * part: LV PART ITEMS
 - * sub part ptr: pointer to the indicator
 - * arc dsc
 - * radius: radius of the arc
 - * p1 center of the arc
 - LV_METER_DRAW_PART_NEEDLE_LINE The needle lines
 - * part: LV_PART_ITEMS
 - * p1, p2 points of the line
 - * line_dsc
 - * sub part ptr: pointer to the indicator
 - LV_METER_DRAW_PART_NEEDLE_IMG The needle images
 - * part: LV PART ITEMS
 - * p1, p2 points of the line
 - * img_dsc
 - * sub_part_ptr: pointer to the indicator
 - LV METER DRAW PART TICK The tick lines and labels
 - * part: LV_PART_TICKS
 - * value: the value of the line
 - * text: value converted to decimal or NULL on minor lines
 - * label dsc: label draw descriptor or NULL on minor lines
 - * line dsc:
 - * id: the index of the line

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

No keys are handled by the Meter widget.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple meter

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * meter;
static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
    lv_meter_set_indicator_value(meter, indic, v);
* A simple meter
void lv_example_meter_1(void)
   meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj center(meter);
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);
   /*Add a scale first*/
   lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 41, 2, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→GREY));
   lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale, 8, 4, 15, lv_color_black(), 10);
   lv_meter_indicator_t * indic;
   /*Add a blue arc to the start*/
   indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 3, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), 0);
    lv meter set indicator start value(meter, indic, 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 20);
    /*Make the tick lines blue at the start of the scale*/
   indic = lv_meter_add_scale_lines(meter, scale, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),_
→lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), false, 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 0);
    lv meter set indicator end value(meter, indic, 20);
    /*Add a red arc to the end*/
    indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 3, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 80);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 100);
   /*Make the tick lines red at the end of the scale*/
    indic = lv meter add scale lines(meter, scale, lv palette main(LV PALETTE RED),,
→lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), false, 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 80);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 100);
   /*Add a needle line indicator*/
    indic = lv meter add needle line(meter, scale, 4, lv palette main(LV PALETTE
\hookrightarrow GREY), -10);
```

```
/*Create an animation to set the value*/
lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);
lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 100);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
#!//opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
def set value(indic, v):
   meter.set indicator value(indic, v)
# A simple meter
meter = lv.meter(lv.scr act())
meter.center()
meter.set size(200, 200)
# Add a scale first
scale = meter.add scale()
meter.set scale ticks(scale, 51, 2, 10, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale, 10, 4, 15, lv.color_black(), 10)
indic = lv.meter indicator t()
# Add a blue arc to the start
indic = meter.add_arc(scale, 3, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), 0)
meter.set indicator start value(indic, 0)
meter.set indicator end value(indic, 20)
# Make the tick lines blue at the start of the scale
indic = meter.add_scale_lines(scale, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.palette_
→main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), False, 0)
meter.set indicator start value(indic, 0)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 20)
# Add a red arc to the end
indic = meter.add_arc(scale, 3, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 80)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 100)
# Make the tick lines red at the end of the scale
indic = meter.add_scale_lines(scale, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.palette_
(continues on next page)
```

```
meter.set indicator start value(indic, 80)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 100)
# Add a needle line indicator
indic = meter.add_needle_line(scale, 4, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY), -10)
# Create an animation to set the value
a = lv.anim t()
a.init()
a.set_var(indic)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_time(2000)
a.set repeat delay(100)
a.set_playback_time(500)
a.set playback delay(100)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic,val))
lv.anim t.start(a)
```

A meter with multiple arcs

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * meter;
static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, v);
}
* A meter with multiple arcs
void lv_example_meter_2(void)
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj center(meter);
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);
    /*Remove the circle from the middle*/
   lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    /*Add a scale first*/
    lv meter scale t * scale = lv meter add scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 11, 2, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→GREY));
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale, 1, 2, 30, lv_color_hex3(0xeee), 15);
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale, 0, 100, 270, 90);
    /*Add a three arc indicator*/
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic1 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
 →main(LV PALETTE RED), 0);
                                                                          (continues on next page)
```

```
lv meter indicator t * indic2 = lv meter add arc(meter, scale, 10, lv palette
→main(LV PALETTE GREEN), -10);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic3 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_

→main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), -20);
    /*Create an animation to set the value*/
    lv anim t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
    lv_anim_set_values(\&a, 0, 100);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
    lv anim set repeat count(&a, LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 2000);
    lv\_anim\_set\_playback\_time(\&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic1);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic2);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 1000);
    lv anim set playback time(&a, 2000);
    lv anim set var(\&a, indic3);
    lv anim start(\&a);
}
#endif
```

```
#!//opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
def set value(indic,v):
    meter.set indicator end value(indic, v)
# A meter with multiple arcs
meter = lv.meter(lv.scr act())
meter.center()
meter.set_size(200, 200)
# Remove the circle from the middle
meter.remove style(None, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
# Add a scale first
scale = meter.add scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale, 11, 2, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter set scale major ticks(scale, 1, 2, 30, lv.color hex3(0xeee), 10)
meter set scale range(scale, 0, 100, 270, 90)
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Add a three arc indicator
indic1 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
indic2 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), -10)
indic3 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), -20)
# Create an animation to set the value
a1 = lv.anim t()
al.init()
a1.set_values(0, 100)
a1.set_time(2000)
al.set_repeat_delay(100)
al.set playback delay(100)
al.set_playback_time(500)
a1.set var(indic1)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic1,val))
lv.anim t.start(a1)
a2 = lv.anim t()
a2.init()
a2.set_values(0, 100)
a2.set_time(1000)
a2.set_repeat_delay(100)
a2.set_playback_delay(100)
a2.set playback time(1000)
a2.set var(indic2)
a2.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
a2.set custom exec cb(lambda a,val: set value(indic2,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a2)
a3 = lv.anim_t()
a3.init()
a3.set_values(0, 100)
a3.set_time(1000)
a3.set_repeat_delay(100)
a3.set_playback_delay(100)
a3.set_playback_time(2000)
a3.set_var(indic3)
a3.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
a3.set custom exec cb(lambda a,val: set value(indic3,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a3)
```

A clock from a meter

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * meter;
static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, v);
}
* A clock from a meter
void lv_example_meter_3(void)
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 220, 220);
   lv obj center(meter);
   /*Create a scale for the minutes*/
    /*61 ticks in a 360 degrees range (the last and the first line overlaps)*/
   lv_meter_scale_t * scale_min = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv meter set scale ticks(meter, scale min, 61, 1, 10, lv palette main(LV PALETTE
→GREY));
   lv meter set scale range(meter, scale min, 0, 60, 360, 270);
   /*Create another scale for the hours. It's only visual and contains only major.
→ticks*/
    lv meter scale t * scale hour = lv meter add scale(meter);
    lv meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale_hour, 12, 0, 0, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
→GREY));
                        /*12 ticks*/
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale_hour, 1, 2, 20, lv color black(), 10);
      /*Every tick is major*/
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale_hour, 1, 12, 330, 300);
                                                                         /*[1..12]...
→values in an almost full circle*/
    LV IMG DECLARE(img hand)
   /*Add a the hands from images*/
    lv meter indicator t * indic min = lv meter add needle img(meter, scale min, &img
\rightarrowhand, 5, 5);
    lv meter indicator t * indic hour = lv meter add needle img(meter, scale min, \&
\rightarrowimg hand, 5, 5);
    /*Create an animation to set the value*/
   lv anim t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
   lv\_anim\_set\_values(\&a, 0, 60);
   lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 2000); /*2 sec for 1 turn of the minute hand (1 hour)*/
    lv anim set var(\&a, indic min);
   lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv anim set var(&a, indic hour);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 24000);  /*24 sec for 1 turn of the hour hand*/
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 60);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
#!//opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info cb = get png info
decoder.open_cb = open_png
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('.../.../assets/img hand min.png','rb') as f:
        img hand min data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img hand min.png")
    sys.exit()
img_hand_min_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
  'data size': len(img hand min data),
  'data': img hand min data
})
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('../../assets/img hand hour.png','rb') as f:
        img hand hour data = f.read()
    print("Could not find img hand hour.png")
    sys.exit()
img hand hour dsc = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(img hand hour data),
  'data': img hand hour data
})
def set value(indic, v):
   meter.set_indicator_value(indic, v)
# A clock from a meter
meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())
meter.set size(220, 220)
meter.center()
# Create a scale for the minutes
# 61 ticks in a 360 degrees range (the last and the first line overlaps)
```

(continues on next page)

```
scale min = meter.add scale()
meter.set scale ticks(scale min, 61, 1, 10, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_range(scale_min, 0, 60, 360, 270)
# Create another scale for the hours. It's only visual and contains only major ticks
scale hour = meter.add scale()
meter.set scale ticks(scale hour, 12, 0, 0, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY)) # 12,
→ticks
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale_hour, 1, 2, 20, lv.color_black(), 10)
                                                                                 #__
→Every tick is major
meter.set_scale_range(scale_hour, 1, 12, 330, 300)
                                                                                # [1..
→12] values in an almost full circle
    LV IMG DECLARE(img hand)
# Add the hands from images
indic_min = meter.add_needle_img(scale_min, img_hand_min_dsc, 5, 5)
indic hour = meter.add needle img(scale min, img hand hour dsc, 5, 5)
# Create an animation to set the value
a1 = lv.anim t()
al.init()
a1.set_values(0, 60)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
                         # 2 sec for 1 turn of the minute hand (1 hour)
al.set time(2000)
a1.set var(indic min)
al.set custom exec cb(lambda al,val: set value(indic min,val))
lv.anim t.start(a1)
a2 = lv.anim t()
a2.init()
a2.set_var(indic_hour)
a2.set time(24000)
                         # 24 sec for 1 turn of the hour hand
a2.set values(0, 60)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a2,val: set_value(indic_hour,val))
lv.anim t.start(a2)
```

Pie chart

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Create a pie chart
    */
void lv_example_meter_4(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Remove the background and the circle from the middle*/
    lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_MAIN);
    lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv obj set size(meter, 200, 200);
    lv obj center(meter);
   /*Add a scale first with no ticks.*/
    lv meter scale t * scale = lv meter add scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 0, 0, 0, lv_color_black());
    lv meter set scale range(meter, scale, 0, 100, 360, 0);
    /*Add a three arc indicator*/
    lv coord t indic w = 100;
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic1 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w,lv_palette_
→main(LV PALETTE ORANGE), 0);
    lv meter set indicator start value(meter, indic1, 0);
    lv meter set indicator end value(meter, indic1, 40);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic2 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w, lv_
→palette main(LV PALETTE YELLOW), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic2, 40); /*Start from the_
→previous*/
    lv meter set indicator end value(meter, indic2, 80);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic3 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w, lv_
→palette main(LV PALETTE DEEP ORANGE), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic3, 80); /*Start from the_
→previous*/
    lv meter set indicator end value(meter, indic3, 100);
#endif
```

```
# Create a pie chart
meter = lv.meter(lv.scr act())
# Remove the background and the circle from the middle
meter.remove_style(None, lv.PART.MAIN)
meter.remove style(None, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
meter.set size(200, 200)
meter.center()
# Add a scale first with no ticks.
scale = meter.add scale()
meter set scale ticks(scale, 0, 0, 0, lv.color black())
meter set scale range(scale, 0, 100, 360, 0)
# Add a three arc indicator*
indic w = 100
indic1 = meter.add_arc(scale, indic_w,lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE), 0)
meter.set indicator start value(indic1, 0)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic1, 40)
indic2 = meter.add arc(scale, indic w, lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW), 0)
meter.set indicator start value(indic2, 40) # Start from the previous
```

(continues on next page)

```
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic2, 80)
indic3 = meter.add_arc(scale, indic_w, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.DEEP_ORANGE), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic3, 80) # Start from the previous
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic3, 100)
```

API

Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_meter_indicator_type_t
```

Enums

enum [anonymous]

Values:

```
enumerator LV_METER_INDICATOR_TYPE_NEEDLE_IMG
enumerator LV_METER_INDICATOR_TYPE_NEEDLE_LINE
enumerator LV_METER_INDICATOR_TYPE_SCALE_LINES
enumerator LV_METER_INDICATOR_TYPE_ARC
```

enum lv_meter_draw_part_type_t

type field in lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t if class_p = lv_meter_class Used in LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN and LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END

Values:

enumerator LV_METER_DRAW_PART_ARC

The arc indicator

enumerator LV_METER_DRAW_PART_NEEDLE_LINE

The needle lines

enumerator LV METER DRAW PART NEEDLE IMG

The needle images

enumerator LV METER DRAW PART TICK

The tick lines and labels

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_meter_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create a Meter object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new bar.

Returns pointer to the created meter

Add a new scale to the meter.

Note: Indicators can be attached to scales.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a meter object

Returns the new scale

```
void lv_meter_set_scale_ticks (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_meter_scale_t *scale, uint16_t cnt, uint16_t width, uint16_t len, lv_color_t color)
```

Set the properties of the ticks of a scale

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to **meter**)
- cnt -- number of tick lines
- width -- width of tick lines
- len -- length of tick lines
- color -- color of tick lines

```
void lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_meter_scale_t *scale, uint16_t nth, uint16_t width, uint16_t len, lv_color_t color, int16_t label_gap)
```

Make some "normal" ticks major ticks and set their attributes. Texts with the current value are also added to the major ticks.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- scale -- pointer to scale (added to meter)
- **nth** -- make every Nth normal tick major tick. (start from the first on the left)
- width -- width of the major ticks
- **len** -- length of the major ticks
- color -- color of the major ticks
- label_gap -- gap between the major ticks and the labels

```
void lv_meter_set_scale_range (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_meter_scale_t *scale, int32_t min, int32_t max, uint32_t angle_range, uint32_t rotation)
```

Set the value and angular range of a scale.

Parameters

• **obj** -- pointer to a meter object

- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to **meter**)
- min -- the minimum value
- max -- the maximal value
- angle_range -- the angular range of the scale
- **rotation** -- the angular offset from the 3 o'clock position (clock-wise)

Add a needle line indicator the scale

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- scale -- pointer to scale (added to meter)
- width -- width of the line
- color -- color of the line
- r_mod -- the radius modifier (added to the scale's radius) to get the lines length

Returns the new indicator

Add a needle image indicator the scale

Note: the needle image should point to the right, like -O-->

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to **meter**)
- **Src** -- the image source of the indicator. path or pointer to lv_img_dsc_t
- pivot_x -- the X pivot point of the needle
- **pivot_y** -- the Y pivot point of the needle

Returns the new indicator

Add an arc indicator the scale

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- scale -- pointer to scale (added to meter)
- width -- width of the arc
- color -- color of the arc
- r mod -- the radius modifier (added to the scale's radius) to get the outer radius of the arc

Returns the new indicator

Add a scale line indicator the scale. It will modify the ticks.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- scale -- pointer to scale (added to meter)
- color_start -- the start color
- color end -- the end color
- **local** -- tell how to map start and end color. true: the indicator's start and end_value; false: the scale's min max value
- width_mod -- add this the affected tick's width

Returns the new indicator

 $\label{eq:void_loss} \begin{picture}(t) void $lv_meter_set_indicator_value(tv_obj_t*obj, tv_meter_indicator_t*indic, int 32_t value)$ \\ \end{picture}$

Set the value of the indicator. It will set start and and value to the same value

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- indic -- pointer to an indicator
- value -- the new value

void **lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value**(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_meter_indicator_t *indic, int32_t value)
Set the start value of the indicator.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- indic -- pointer to an indicator
- value -- the new value

void **lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_meter_indicator_t* *indic, int32_t value) Set the start value of the indicator.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- indic -- pointer to an indicator
- value -- the new value

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_meter_class
struct lv_meter_scale_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_color_t tick_color
     uint16_t tick_cnt
     uint16 ttick length
     uint16_t tick width
     lv_color_t tick_major_color
     uint16_t tick_major_nth
     uint16_t tick_major_length
     uint16_t tick_major_width
     int16_t label_gap
     int16_t label_color
     int32 t min
     int32\_t max
     int16_t r_mod
     uint16_t angle_range
     int16_t rotation
struct lv_meter_indicator_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_meter_scale_t *scale
lv_meter_indicator_type_t type
lv_opa_t opa
int32_t start_value
int32_t end_value
const void *src
lv_point_t pivot
struct lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] needle_img
uint16_t width
int16_t r_mod
lv_color_t color
```

```
struct lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] needle_line

struct lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] arc

int16_t width_mod

lv_color_t color_start

lv_color_t color_end

uint8_t local_grad

struct lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] scale_lines

union lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous] type_data

struct lv_meter_t

Public Members

lv_obj_t obj

lv_ll_t scale_ll

lv_ll_t indicator_ll
```

6.3.11 Message box (lv_msgbox)

Overview

The Message boxes act as pop-ups. They are built from a background container, a title, an optional close button, a text and optional buttons.

The text will be broken into multiple lines automatically and the height will be set automatically to include the text and the buttons.

The message box can be modal (blocking clicks on the rest of the screen) or not modal.

Parts and Styles

The message box is built from other widgets, so you can check these widgets' documentation for details.

Background: lv_obj
Close button: lv_btn
Title and text: lv_label
Buttons: lv_btnmatrix

Usage

Create a message box

```
lv_msgbox_create(parent, title, txt, btn_txts[], add_close_btn) creates a message box.
If parent is NULL the message box will be modal. title and txt are strings for the title and the text. btn_txts[]
is an array with the buttons' text. E.g. const char * btn txts[] = {"Ok", "Cancel", NULL}.
```

Get the parts

The building blocks of the message box can be obtained using the following functions:

add colse btn can be true or false to add/don't add a close button.

```
lv_obj_t * lv_msgbox_get_title(lv_obj_t * mbox);
lv_obj_t * lv_msgbox_get_close_btn(lv_obj_t * mbox);
lv_obj_t * lv_msgbox_get_text(lv_obj_t * mbox);
lv_obj_t * lv_msgbox_get_btns(lv_obj_t * mbox);
```

Close the message box

lv msgbox close (msgbox) closes (deletes) the message box.

Events

• LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED is sent by the buttons if one of them is clicked. LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE is enabled on the buttons so you can add events to the message box itself. In the event handler, lv_event_get_target(e) will return the button matrix and lv_event_get_current_target(e) will return the message box. lv_msgbox_get_active_btn(msgbox) and lv_msgbox_get_active_btn_text(msgbox) can be used to get the index and text of the clicked button.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

Keys have effect on the close button and button matrix. You can add them manually to a group if required.

Learn more about *Keys*.

Example

Simple Message box

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_current_target(e);
```

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```
LV_LOG_USER("Button %s clicked", lv_msgbox_get_active_btn_text(obj));

void lv_example_msgbox_1(void)
{
    static const char * btns[] ={"Apply", "Close", ""};

    lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "This is a message box with_
    two buttons.", btns, true);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(mbox1, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_center(mbox1);
}

#endif
```

API

Functions

```
lv\_obj\_t *lv_msgbox_create(lv\_obj\_t *parent, const char *title, const char *txt, const char *btn_txts[], bool add_close_btn)
```

Create a message box object

Parameters

- parent -- pointer to parent or NULL to create a full screen modal message box
- title -- the title of the message box
- **txt** -- the text of the message box
- **btn_txts** -- the buttons as an array of texts terminated by an "" element. E.g. {"btn1", "btn2", ""}
- add_close_btn -- true: add a close button

Returns pointer to the message box object

```
lv_obj_t *lv_msgbox_get_title(lv_obj_t *obj)
lv_obj_t *lv_msgbox_get_close_btn(lv_obj_t *obj)
lv_obj_t *lv_msgbox_get_text(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

```
lv_obj_t *lv msgbox get content(lv_obj_t *obj)
lv_obj_t *lv_msgbox_get_btns(lv_obj_t *obj)
uint16_t lv_msgbox_get_active_btn(lv_obj_t *mbox)
     Get the index of the selected button
         Parameters mbox -- message box object
         Returns index of the button (LV_BTNMATRIX_BTN_NONE: if unset)
const char *lv msgbox get active btn text(lv_obj_t *mbox)
void lv msgbox close(lv_obj_t *mbox)
void lv_msgbox_close_async(lv_obj_t *mbox)
Variables
const lv_obj_class_t lv_msgbox_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv msgbox content class
const lv_obj_class_t lv msgbox backdrop class
struct lv_msgbox_t
     Public Members
     lv_obj_t obj
```

lv obj t*title

lv_obj_t *close_btn

lv_obj_t *content

lv_obj_t *text

lv obj t*btns

6.3.12 Span (lv_span)

Overview

A spangroup is the object that is used to display rich text. Different from the label object, spangroup can render text styled with different fonts, colors, and sizes into the spangroup object.

Parts and Styles

• LV PART MAIN The spangroup has only one part.

Usage

Set text and style

The spangroup object uses span to describe text and text style. so, first we need to create span descriptor using $lv_span_t * span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spangroup)$. Then use $lv_span_set_text(span, "text")$ to set text. The style of the span is configured as with a normal style object by using its style member, eg: $lv_style_set_text_color(\&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED))$.

If spangroup object mode != LV_SPAN_MODE_FIXED you must call lv_spangroup_refr_mode() after you have modified span style(eg:set text, changed the font size, del span).

Retrieving a span child

Spangroups store their children differently from normal objects, so normal functions for getting children won't work.

lv_spangroup_get_child(spangroup, id) will return a pointer to the child span at index id. In addition, id can be negative to index from the end of the spangroup where -1 is the youngest child, -2 is second youngest, etc.

e.g. $lv_span_t^*$ $span = lv_spangroup_get_child(spangroup, 0)$ will return the first child of the spangroup. $lv_span_t^*$ $span = lv_spangroup_get_child(spangroup, -1)$ will return the last (or most recent) child.

Child Count

Use the function lv_spangroup_get_child_cnt(spangroup) to get back the number of spans the group is maintaining.

```
e.g. uint32 t size = lv spangroup get child cnt(spangroup)
```

Text align

like label object, the spangroup can be set to one the following modes:

- LV TEXT ALIGN LEFT Align text to left.
- LV TEXT ALIGN CENTER Align text to center.
- LV TEXT ALIGN RIGHT Align text to right.
- LV TEXT ALIGN AUTO Align text auto.

use function lv spangroup set align(spangroup, LV TEXT ALIGN CENTER) to set text align.

Modes

The spangroup can be set to one the following modes:

- LV_SPAN_MODE_FIXED fixes the object size.
- LV SPAN MODE EXPAND Expand the object size to the text size but stay on a single line.
- LV SPAN MODE BREAK Keep width, break the too long lines and auto expand height.

Use lv spangroup set mode(spangroup, LV SPAN MODE BREAK) to set object mode.

Overflow

The spangroup can be set to one the following modes:

- LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_CLIP truncates the text at the limit of the area.
- LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_ELLIPSIS will display an ellipsis(...) when text overflows the area.

Use lv_spangroup_set_overflow(spangroup, LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_CLIP) to set object overflow mode.

first line indent

Use lv_spangroup_set_indent(spangroup, 20) to set the indent of the first line. all modes support pixel units, in addition to LV_SPAN_MODE_FIXED and LV_SPAN_MODE_BREAK mode supports percentage units too.

Events

No special events are sent by this widget.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Span with custom styles

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPAN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Create span.
   */
void lv_example_span_1(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv style init(&style);
    lv style set border width(&style, 1);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE));
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 2);
    lv obj_t * spans = lv_spangroup_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set width(spans, 300);
    lv_obj_set_height(spans,300);
    lv_obj_center(spans);
    lv obj add style(spans, &style, 0);
    lv_spangroup_set_align(spans, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_LEFT);
    lv spangroup set overflow(spans, LV SPAN OVERFLOW CLIP);
    lv spangroup set indent(spans, 20);
    lv spangroup set mode(spans, LV SPAN MODE BREAK);
    lv_span_t * span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv span set text(span, "China is a beautiful country.");
    lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv style set text decor(&span->style, LV TEXT DECOR STRIKETHROUGH | LV TEXT DECOR
→UNDERLINE):
    lv_style_set_text_opa(&span->style, LV OPA 50);
    span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv span set text static(span, "good good study, day day up.");
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 24
    lv style set text font(&span->style, &lv font montserrat 24);
#endif
    lv style set text color(&span->style, lv palette main(LV PALETTE GREEN));
    span = lv spangroup new span(spans);
    lv_span_set_text_static(span, "LVGL is an open-source graphics library.");
    lv style set text color(&span->style, lv palette main(LV PALETTE BLUE));
    span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv_span_set_text_static(span, "the boy no name.");
    lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 20
   lv style set text font(&span->style, &lv font montserrat 20);
#endif
    lv style set text decor(&span->style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_UNDERLINE);
    span = lv spangroup new span(spans);
    lv span set text(span, "I have a dream that hope to come true.");
    lv spangroup refr mode(spans);
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Create span
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_border_width(1)
```

(continues on next page)

```
style.set border color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE))
style.set pad all(2)
spans = lv.spangroup(lv.scr_act())
spans.set width(300)
spans.set_height(300)
spans.center()
spans.add style(style, 0)
spans.set align(lv.TEXT ALIGN.LEFT)
spans.set_overflow(lv.SPAN_OVERFLOW.CLIP)
spans.set_indent(20)
spans.set mode(lv.SPAN MODE.BREAK)
span = spans.new span()
span.set text("china is a beautiful country.")
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
span.style.set text decor(lv.TEXT DECOR.STRIKETHROUGH | lv.TEXT DECOR.UNDERLINE)
span.style.set_text_opa(lv.OPA._30)
span = spans.new span()
span.set_text_static("good good study, day day up.")
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 24
     lv style set text font(&span->style, &lv font montserrat 24);
span.style.set text color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
span = spans.new span()
span.set text static("LVGL is an open-source graphics library.")
span.style.set text color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
span = spans.new_span()
span.set text static("the boy no name.")
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
#if LV FONT MONTSERRAT 20
    lv style set text font(&span->style, &lv font montserrat 20);
#endif
span.style.set text decor(lv.TEXT DECOR.UNDERLINE)
span = spans.new span()
span.set text("I have a dream that hope to come true.")
spans.refr mode()
# lv span del(spans, span);
# lv obj del(spans);
```

API

Typedefs

Enums

```
typedef uint8_t lv_span_overflow_t
typedef uint8_t lv_span_mode_t
```

enum [anonymous]

```
Values:
```

```
enumerator LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_CLIP enumerator LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_ELLIPSIS
```

enum [anonymous]

Values:

```
enumerator LV_SPAN_MODE_FIXED fixed the obj size
```

enumerator LV_SPAN_MODE_EXPAND

Expand the object size to the text size

enumerator LV_SPAN_MODE_BREAK

Keep width, break the too long lines and expand height

Functions

```
\mathit{lv\_obj\_t} ~ \texttt{*lv\_spangroup\_create} (\mathit{lv\_obj\_t} ~ \texttt{*par})
```

Create a spangroup object

Parameters par -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new spangroup

Returns pointer to the created spangroup

```
lv_span_t *\tv_spangroup_new_span(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Create a span string descriptor and add to spangroup.

Parameters obj -- pointer to a spangroup object.

Returns pointer to the created span.

```
void lv_spangroup_del_span(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_span_t *span)
```

Remove the span from the spangroup and free memory.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- **span** -- pointer to a span.

```
void lv_span_set_text(lv_span_t *span, const char *text)
```

Set a new text for a span. Memory will be allocated to store the text by the span.

Parameters

- **span** -- pointer to a span.
- **text** -- pointer to a text.

void lv_span_set_text_static(lv_span_t *span, const char *text)

Set a static text. It will not be saved by the span so the 'text' variable has to be 'alive' while the span exist.

Parameters

- **span** -- pointer to a span.
- **text** -- pointer to a text.

void lv_spangroup_set_align(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_text_align_t align)

Set the align of the spangroup.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- align -- see lv_text_align_t for details.

void lv spangroup set overflow(lv obj t*obj, lv span overflow t overflow)

Set the overflow of the spangroup.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- overflow -- see ly span overflow t for details.

void lv_spangroup_set_indent(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t indent)

Set the indent of the spangroup.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- indent -- The first line indentation

void **lv_spangroup_set_mode**(*lv_obj_t* *obj, *lv_span_mode_t* mode)

Set the mode of the spangroup.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- mode -- see ly span mode t for details.

lv span t*lv spangroup get child(const lv obj t*obj, int32 t id)

Get a spangroup child by its index.

Parameters

- **obj** -- The spangroup object
- id -- the index of the child. 0: the oldest (firstly created) child 1: the second oldest child count-1: the youngest -1: the youngest -2: the second youngest

Returns The child span at index id, or NULL if the ID does not exist

uint32_t lv_spangroup_get_child_cnt(const lv_obj_t *obj)

Parameters obj -- The spangroup object to get the child count of.

Returns The span count of the spangroup.

```
lv_text_align_t lv spangroup get align(lv_obj_t *obj)
     get the align of the spangroup.
          Parameters obj -- pointer to a spangroup object.
          Returns the align value.
lv span overflow tlv spangroup get overflow(lv obj t*obj)
     get the overflow of the spangroup.
          Parameters obj -- pointer to a spangroup object.
          Returns the overflow value.
lv_coord_t lv spangroup get indent(lv_obj_t *obj)
     get the indent of the spangroup.
          Parameters obj -- pointer to a spangroup object.
          Returns the indent value.
lv_span_mode_t lv spangroup get mode(lv_obj_t *obj)
     get the mode of the spangroup.
          Parameters obj -- pointer to a spangroup object.
lv_coord_t lv_spangroup_get_max_line_h(lv_obj_t *obj)
     get max line height of all span in the spangroup.
          Parameters obj -- pointer to a spangroup object.
uint32 tlv spangroup get expand width(lv obj t *obj, uint32 t max width)
     get the text content width when all span of spangroup on a line.
          Parameters
                 • obi -- pointer to a spangroup object.
                 • max width -- if text content width >= max_width, return max_width to reduce computation,
                   if max width == 0, returns the text content width.
          Returns text content width or max width.
lv_coord_t lv spangroup get expand height(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t width)
     get the text content height with width fixed.
          Parameters obj -- pointer to a spangroup object.
void lv_spangroup_refr_mode(lv_obj_t *obj)
     update the mode of the spangroup.
          Parameters obj -- pointer to a spangroup object.
Variables
const ly obj class t ly spangroup class
struct lv_span_t
```

Public Members

```
char *txt
lv_obj_t *spangroup
lv_style_t style
uint8_t static_flag
struct lv_spangroup_t
#include <lv_span.h> Data of label
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_coord_t indent
lv_coord_t cache_w
lv_coord_t cache_h
lv_ll_t child_ll
uint8_t mode
uint8_t overflow
uint8_t refresh
```

6.3.13 Spinbox (lv_spinbox)

Overview

The Spinbox contains a number as text which can be increased or decreased by *Keys* or API functions. Under the hood the Spinbox is a modified *Text area*.

Parts and Styles

The parts of the Spinbox are identical to the Text area.

Value, range and step

lv_spinbox_set_value(spinbox, 1234) sets a new value on the Spinbox.

lv_spinbox_increment(spinbox) and lv_spinbox_decrement(spinbox) increments/decrements
the value of the Spinbox according to the currently selected digit.

lv_spinbox_set_range(spinbox, -1000, 2500) sets a range. If the value is changed by lv_spinbox_set_value, by *Keys*, lv_spinbox_increment/decrement this range will be respected.

lv_spinbox_set_step(spinbox, 100) sets which digits to change on increment/decrement. Only multiples of ten can be set, and not for example 3.

lv_spinbox_set_pos(spinbox, 1) sets the cursor to a specific digit to change on increment/decrement. For example position '0' sets the cursor to the least significant digit.

If an encoder is used as input device, the selected digit is shifted to the right by default whenever the encoder button is clicked. To change this behaviour to shifting to the left, the lv_spinbox_set_digit_step_direction(spinbox, LV_DIR_LEFT) can be used

Format

lv_spinbox_set_digit_format(spinbox, digit_count, separator_position) sets the number format. digit_count is the number of digits excluding the decimal separator and the sign. separator position is the number of digits before the decimal point. If 0, no decimal point is displayed.

Rollover

lv_spinbox_set_rollover(spinbox, true/false) enables/disabled rollover mode. If either the minimum or maximum value is reached with rollover enabled, the value will change to the other limit. If rollover is disabled the value will remain at the minimum or maximum value.

Events

• LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED Sent when the value has changed.

See the events of the Text area too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

- LV_KEY_LEFT/RIGHT With Keypad move the cursor left/right. With Encoder decrement/increment the selected digit.
- LV_KEY_UP/DOWN With Keypad and Encoder increment/decrement the value.
- LV KEY ENTER With Encoder got the net digit. Jump to the first after the last.

Example

Simple Spinbox

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPINBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * spinbox;

static void lv_spinbox_increment_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_SHORT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT) {
        lv_spinbox_increment(spinbox);
    }
}
```

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```
static void lv spinbox decrement event cb(lv event t * e)
    lv event code t code = lv event get code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_SHORT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT) {
        lv spinbox decrement(spinbox);
}
void lv example spinbox 1(void)
    spinbox = lv spinbox create(lv scr act());
    lv spinbox set range(spinbox, -1000, 25000);
    lv_spinbox_set_digit_format(spinbox, 5, 2);
    lv_spinbox_step_prev(spinbox);
    lv obj set width(spinbox, 100);
    lv_obj_center(spinbox);
   lv_coord_t h = lv_obj_get_height(spinbox);
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, h, h);
    lv_obj_align_to(btn, spinbox, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 5, 0);
    lv obj set style bg img src(btn, LV SYMBOL PLUS, 0);
    lv obj add event cb(btn, lv spinbox increment event cb, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
    btn = lv btn create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set size(btn, h, h);
    lv obj align to(btn, spinbox, LV ALIGN OUT LEFT MID, -5, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(btn, LV_SYMBOL_MINUS, 0);
    lv obj add event cb(btn, lv spinbox decrement event cb, LV EVENT ALL, NULL);
}
#endif
```

```
def increment_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.SHORT_CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        spinbox.increment()

def decrement_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.SHORT_CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        spinbox.decrement()

spinbox = lv.spinbox(lv.scr_act())
spinbox.set_range(-1000, 25000)
spinbox.set_digit_format(5, 2)
spinbox.set_digit_format(5, 2)
spinbox.set_width(100)
spinbox.center()

h = spinbox.get_height()
```

(continues on next page)

```
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
btn.set size(h, h)
btn.align_to(spinbox, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 5, 0)
btn.set style bg img src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
btn.add_event_cb(increment_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr act())
btn.set_size(h, h)
btn.align_to(spinbox, lv.ALIGN.OUT_LEFT_MID, -5, 0)
btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.MINUS, 0)
btn.add_event_cb(decrement_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_spinbox_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
     Create a Spinbox object
```

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new spinbox

Returns pointer to the created spinbox

```
void lv spinbox set value(lv_obj_t *obj, int32_t i)
```

Set spinbox value

Parameters

- **obi** -- pointer to spinbox
- i -- value to be set

void lv spinbox set rollover(lv_obj_t *obj, bool b)

Set spinbox rollover function

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **b** -- true or false to enable or disable (default)

void lv_spinbox_set_digit_format(lv_obj_t *obj, uint8_t digit_count, uint8_t separator_position) Set spinbox digit format (digit count and decimal format)

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- digit count -- number of digit excluding the decimal separator and the sign
- **separator position** -- number of digit before the decimal point. If 0, decimal point is not shown

```
void lv_spinbox_set_step (lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t step)
     Set spinbox step
```

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **step** -- steps on increment/decrement. Can be 1, 10, 100, 1000, etc the digit that will change.

void **lv_spinbox_set_range** (*lv_obj_t* *obj, int32_t range_min, int32_t range_max) Set spinbox value range

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- range_min -- maximum value, inclusive
- range_max -- minimum value, inclusive

void lv_spinbox_set_pos(lv_obj_t *obj, uint8_t pos)

Set cursor position to a specific digit for edition

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **pos** -- selected position in spinbox

void lv_spinbox_set_digit_step_direction(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_dir_t direction)

Set direction of digit step when clicking an encoder button while in editing mode

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- direction -- the direction (LV_DIR_RIGHT or LV_DIR_LEFT)

bool lv_spinbox_get_rollover(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get spinbox rollover function status

Parameters obj -- pointer to spinbox

Get the spinbox numeral value (user has to convert to float according to its digit format)

Parameters obj -- pointer to spinbox

Returns value integer value of the spinbox

int32_t lv spinbox get step(lv_obj_t *obj)

Get the spinbox step value (user has to convert to float according to its digit format)

Parameters obj -- pointer to spinbox

Returns value integer step value of the spinbox

void lv_spinbox_step_next(lv_obj_t *obj)

Select next lower digit for edition by dividing the step by 10

Parameters obj -- pointer to spinbox

void lv spinbox step prev(lv_obj_t *obj)

Select next higher digit for edition by multiplying the step by 10

Parameters obj -- pointer to spinbox

void lv spinbox increment(lv_obj_t *obj)

Increment spinbox value by one step

Parameters obj -- pointer to spinbox

void lv_spinbox_decrement(lv_obj_t *obj)

Decrement spinbox value by one step

Parameters obj -- pointer to spinbox

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_spinbox_class
struct lv_spinbox_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_textarea_t ta
int32_t value
int32_t range_max
int32_t range_min
int32_t step
uint16_t digit_count
uint16_t dec_point_pos
uint16_t rollover
uint16_t digit_step_dir
```

Example

6.3.14 Spinner (lv_spinner)

Overview

The Spinner object is a spinning arc over a ring.

Parts and Styles

The parts are identical to the parts of *lv_arc*.

Usage

Create a spinner

To create a spinner use lv_spinner_create(parent, spin_time, arc_length). spin time sets the spin time in milliseconds, arc_length sets the length of the spinning arc in degrees.

Events

No special events are sent to the Spinner.

See the events of the *Arc* too.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

No Keys are processed by the object type.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple spinner

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPINNER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_spinner_1(void)
{
    /*Create a spinner*/
    lv_obj_t * spinner = lv_spinner_create(lv_scr_act(), 1000, 60);
    lv_obj_set_size(spinner, 100, 100);
    lv_obj_center(spinner);
}
#endif
```

```
# Create a spinner
spinner = lv.spinner(lv.scr_act(), 1000, 60)
spinner.set_size(100, 100)
spinner.center()
```

API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_spinner_create(lv_obj_t *parent, uint32_t time, uint32_t arc_length)
```

Variables

const lv_obj_class_t lv_spinner_class

6.3.15 Tabview (lv_tabview)

Overview

The Tab view object can be used to organize content in tabs. The Tab view is built from other widgets:

- Main container: *lv_obj*)
 - Tab buttons: *lv_btnmatrix*
 - Container for the tabs: lv_obj
 - * Content of the tabs: *lv_obj*

The tab buttons can be positioned on the top, bottom, left and right side of the Tab view.

A new tab can be selected either by clicking on a tab button or by sliding horizontally on the content.

Parts and Styles

There are no special parts on the Tab view but the <code>lv_obj</code> and <code>lv_btnnmatrix</code> widgets are used to create the Tab view.

Usage

Create a Tab view

lv_tabview_create(parent, tab_pos, tab_size); creates a new empty Tab view. tab_pos can be
LV_DIR_TOP/BOTTOM/LEFT/RIGHT to position the tab buttons to a side. tab_size is the height (in case of
LV_DIR_TOP/BOTTOM) or width (in case of LV_DIR_LEFT/RIGHT) tab buttons.

Add tabs

New tabs can be added with $lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab name")$. This will return a pointer to an lv_obj object where the tab's content can be created.

Change tab

To select a new tab you can:

- · Click on its tab button
- · Slide horizontally
- Use lv_tabview_set_act(tabview, id, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF) function

Get the parts

lv_tabview_get_content(tabview) returns the container for the tabs,
lv_tabview_get_tab_btns(tabview) returns the Tab buttons object which is a Button matrix.

Events

• LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent when a new tab is selected by sliding or clicking the tab button. lv tabview get tab act(tabview) returns the zero based index of the current tab.

Learn more about *Events*.

Keys

Keys have effect only on the tab buttons (Button matrix). Add manually to a group if required.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple Tabview

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABVIEW && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
void lv example tabview 1(void)
    /*Create a Tab view object*/
    lv_obj_t *tabview;
    tabview = lv_tabview_create(lv_scr_act(), LV_DIR_TOP, 50);
    /*Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv page) and can be scrolled*/
    lv_obj_t *tab1 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 1");
    lv_obj_t *tab2 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 2");
    lv_obj_t *tab3 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 3");
    /*Add content to the tabs*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tab1);
    lv label set text(label, "This the first tab\n\n"
                              "If the content\\mathbf{n}"
                              "of a tab\n"
                              "becomes too\n"
                              "longer\n"
                              "than the \n"
                              "container\n"
                              "then it\n"
                              "automatically\n"
                              "becomes\n"
                              "scrollable.\n"
                              "\n"
                              "\n"
                              "\n"
                              "Can you see it?");
```

(continues on next page)

```
label = lv_label_create(tab2);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Second tab");

label = lv_label_create(tab3);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Third tab");

lv_obj_scroll_to_view_recursive(label, LV_ANIM_ON);

}
#endif
```

```
# Create a Tab view object
tabview = lv.tabview(lv.scr act(), lv.DIR.TOP, 50)
# Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv page) and can be scrolled
tab1 = tabview.add tab("Tab 1")
tab2 = tabview.add tab("Tab 2")
tab3 = tabview.add tab("Tab 3")
# Add content to the tabs
label = lv.label(tab1)
label.set_text("""This the first tab
If the content
of a tab
becomes too
longer
than the
container
then it
automatically
becomes
scrollable.
Can you see it?""")
label = lv.label(tab2)
label.set text("Second tab")
label = lv.label(tab3)
label.set_text("Third tab");
label.scroll_to_view_recursive(lv.ANIM.ON)
```

Tabs on the left, styling and no scrolling

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE TABVIEW && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
static void scroll_begin_event(lv_event_t * e)
    /*Disable the scroll animations. Triggered when a tab button is clicked */
    if(lv_event_get_code(e) == LV_EVENT_SCROLL_BEGIN) {
        lv_anim_t * a = lv_event_get_param(e);
        if(a) a \rightarrow time = 0;
    }
}
void lv example tabview 2(void)
    /*Create a Tab view object*/
    lv obj t *tabview;
    tabview = lv_tabview_create(lv_scr_act(), LV_DIR_LEFT, 80);
    lv obj add event cb(lv tabview get content(tabview), scroll begin event, LV EVENT
→SCROLL BEGIN, NULL);
    lv obj set style bg color(tabview, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE RED, 2), 0);
    lv_obj_t * tab_btns = lv_tabview_get_tab_btns(tabview);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(tab_btns, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3), 0);
    lv obj set style text color(tab btns, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE GREY, 5), 0);
    lv obj set style border side(tab btns, LV BORDER SIDE RIGHT, LV PART ITEMS | LV
→STATE CHECKED);
    /*Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled*/
    lv obj t *tab1 = lv tabview add tab(tabview, "Tab 1");
    lv_obj_t *tab2 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 2");
    lv_obj_t *tab3 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 3");
lv_obj_t *tab4 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 4");
    lv_obj_t *tab5 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 5");
    lv obj set style bg color(tab2, lv palette lighten(LV PALETTE AMBER, 3), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(tab2, LV_OPA_COVER, 0);
    /*Add content to the tabs*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tab1);
    lv label set text(label, "First tab");
    label = lv label create(tab2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Second tab");
    label = lv label create(tab3);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Third tab");
    label = lv label create(tab4);
    lv label set text(label, "Forth tab");
    label = lv label create(tab5);
    lv label set text(label, "Fifth tab");
```

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```
lv_obj_clear_flag(lv_tabview_get_content(tabview), LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLLABLE);
}
#endif
```

```
def scroll_begin_event(e):
    #Disable the scroll animations. Triggered when a tab button is clicked */
    if e.get code() == lv.EVENT.SCROLL BEGIN:
        a = lv.anim_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
            a.time = 0
# Create a Tab view object
tabview = lv.tabview(lv.scr act(), lv.DIR.LEFT, 80)
tabview.get content().add event cb(scroll begin event, lv.EVENT.SCROLL BEGIN, None)
tabview.set style bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 2), 0)
tab btns = tabview.get tab btns()
tab_btns.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), 0)
tab btns.set style text color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 5), 0)
tab btns.set style border side(lv.BORDER SIDE.RIGHT, lv.PART.ITEMS | lv.STATE.CHECKED)
# Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled
tab1 = tabview.add tab("Tab 1")
tab2 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 2")
tab3 = tabview.add tab("Tab 3")
tab4 = tabview.add tab("Tab 4")
tab5 = tabview.add tab("Tab 5")
tab2.set style bg color(lv.palette lighten(lv.PALETTE.AMBER, 3), 0)
tab2.set style bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER, 0)
# Add content to the tabs
label = lv.label(tab1)
label.set text("First tab")
label = lv.label(tab2)
label.set_text("Second tab")
label = lv.label(tab3)
label.set text("Third tab")
label = lv.label(tab4)
label.set_text("Forth tab")
label = lv.label(tab5)
label.set text("Fifth tab")
tabview.get_content().clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLLABLE)
```

API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_tabview_create(lv_obj_t *parent, lv_dir_t tab_pos, lv_coord_t tab_size)
lv_obj_t *lv_tabview_add_tab(lv_obj_t *tv, const char *name)
lv_obj_t *lv_tabview_get_content(lv_obj_t *tv)
lv_obj_t *lv_tabview_get_tab_btns(lv_obj_t *tv)
void lv_tabview_set_act(lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t id, lv_anim_enable_t anim_en)
uint16_t lv_tabview_get_tab_act(lv_obj_t *tv)
```

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_tabview_class
struct lv_tabview_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
char **map
uint16_t tab_cnt
uint16_t tab_cur
lv_dir_t tab_pos
```

6.3.16 Tile view (lv tileview)

Overview

The Tile view is a container object whose elements (called *tiles*) can be arranged in grid form. A user can navigate between the tiles by swiping. Any direction of swiping can be disabled on the tiles individually to not allow moving from one tile to another.

If the Tile view is screen sized, the user interface resembles what you may have seen on smartwatches.

Parts and Styles

The Tile view is built from an lv_obj container and lv_obj tiles.

The parts and styles work the same as for *lv_obj*.

Usage

Add a tile

lv_tileview_add_tile(tileview, row_id, col_id, dir) creates a new tile on the row_idth row and col_idth column. dir can be LV_DIR_LEFT/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM/HOR/VER/ALL or OR-ed values to enable moving to the adjacent tiles into the given direction by swiping.

The returned value is an $lv_obj_t^*$ on which the content of the tab can be created.

Change tile

The Tile view can scroll to a tile with lv_obj_set_tile(tileview, tile_obj, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF) or lv_obj_set_tile_id(tileviewv, col_id, row_id, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF);

Events

• LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED Sent when a new tile loaded by scrolling. lv_tileview_get_tile_act(tabview) can be used to get current tile.

Keys

Keys are not handled by the Tile view.

Learn more about *Keys*.

Example

Tileview with content

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TILEVIEW && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Create a 2x2 tile view and allow scrolling only in an "L" shape.
    * Demonstrate scroll chaining with a long list that
    * scrolls the tile view when it can't be scrolled further.
    */
void lv_example_tileview_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t *tv = lv_tileview_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Tile1: just a label*/
    lv_obj_t * tile1 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 0, 0, LV_DIR_BOTTOM);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tile1);
```

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```
lv label set text(label, "Scroll down");
    lv obj center(label);
    /*Tile2: a button*/
    lv_obj_t * tile2 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 0, 1, LV_DIR_TOP | LV_DIR_RIGHT);
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(tile2);
    label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Scroll up or right");
    lv obj set size(btn, LV SIZE CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
    lv_obj_center(btn);
    /*Tile3: a list*/
    lv_obj_t * tile3 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 1, 1, LV_DIR_LEFT);
    lv_obj_t * list = lv_list_create(tile3);
    lv_obj_set_size(list, LV_PCT(100), LV_PCT(100));
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "One");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Two");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Three");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Four");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Five");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Six");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Seven");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Eight");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Nine");
    lv list add btn(list, NULL, "Ten");
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Create a 2x2 tile view and allow scrolling only in an "L" shape.
# Demonstrate scroll chaining with a long list that
# scrolls the tile view when it can't be scrolled further.
#
tv = lv.tileview(lv.scr_act())
# Tile1: just a label
tile1 = tv.add_tile(0, 0, lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
label = lv.label(tile1)
label.set_text("Scroll down")
label.center()
# Tile2: a button
tile2 = tv.add_tile(0, 1, lv.DIR.TOP | lv.DIR.RIGHT)
btn = lv.btn(tile2)
label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Scroll up or right")
```

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```
btn.set size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
btn.center()
# Tile3: a list
tile3 = tv.add_tile(1, 1, lv.DIR.LEFT)
list = lv.list(tile3)
list.set size(lv.pct(100), lv.pct(100))
list.add_btn(None, "One")
list.add_btn(None, "Two")
list.add_btn(None, "Three")
list.add_btn(None, "Four")
list.add_btn(None, "Five")
list.add_btn(None, "Six")
list.add_btn(None, "Seven")
list.add_btn(None, "Eight")
list.add_btn(None, "Nine")
list.add btn(None, "Ten")
```

API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv tileview create(lv_obj_t *parent)
     Create a Tileview object
          Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new tileview
          Returns pointer to the created tileview
lv_obj_t *lv_tileview_add_tile(lv_obj_t *tv, uint8_t col_id, uint8_t row_id, lv_dir_t dir)
void lv_obj_set_tile(lv_obj_t *tv, lv_obj_t *tile_obj, lv_anim_enable_t anim_en)
void lv obj set tile id(lv_obj_t *tv, uint32_t col_id, uint32_t row_id, lv_anim_enable_t anim_en)
lv_obj_t *lv_tileview_get_tile_act(lv_obj_t *obj)
Variables
```

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_tileview_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_tileview_tile_class
struct lv tileview t
```

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Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_obj_t *tile_act
struct lv_tileview_tile_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_dir_t dir
```

6.3.17 Window (Iv win)

Overview

The Window is container-like object built from a header with title and buttons and a content area.

Parts and Styles

The Window is built from other widgets so you can check their documentation for details:

• Background: *lv_obj*

• Header on the background: lv_obj

• Title on the header: *lv_label*

• Buttons on the header: *lv_btn*

• Content area on the background: lv obj

Usage

Create a Window

lv_win_create(parent, header_height) creates a Window with an empty header.

Title and buttons

Any number of texts (but typically only one) can be added to the header with lv_win_add_title(win, "The title").

Control buttons can be added to the window's header with lv_win_add_btn(win, icon, btn_width). icon can be any image source, and btn_width is the width of the button.

The title and the buttons will be added in the order the functions are called. So adding a button, a text and two other buttons will result in a button on the left, a title, and 2 buttons on the right. The width of the title is set to take all the remaining space on the header. In other words: it pushes to the right all the buttons that are added after the title.

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Get the parts

lv_win_get_header(win) returns a pointer to the header, lv_win_get_content(win) returns a pointer to the content container to which the content of the window can be added.

Events

No special events are sent by the windows, however events can be added manually to the return value of lv_win_add_btn.

Learn more about Events.

Keys

No Keys are handled by the window.

Learn more about Keys.

Example

Simple window

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_WIN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    LV_LOG_USER("Button %d clicked", (int)lv_obj_get_index(obj));
void lv_example_win_1(void)
    lv_obj_t * win = lv_win_create(lv_scr_act(), 40);
    lv_obj_t * btn;
    btn = lv_win_add_btn(win, LV_SYMBOL_LEFT, 40);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
   lv_win_add_title(win, "A title");
    btn = lv_win_add_btn(win, LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT, 40);
   lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv win add btn(win, LV SYMBOL CLOSE, 60);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_win_get_content(win); /*Content can be added here*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "This is\n"
                             "a pretty\n"
                             "long text\n"
                             "to see how\n"
                             "the window\n"
```

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```
"becomes\n"
    "scrollable.\n"
    "\n"
    "Some more\n"
    "text to be\n"
    "sure it\n"
    "overflows. :)");

#endif
```

```
def event handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
   obj = e.get target()
   if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        print("Button {:d} clicked".format(obj.get_child_id()))
win = lv.win(lv.scr_act(), 60)
btn1 = win.add_btn(lv.SYMB0L.LEFT, 40)
btn1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
win.add_title("A title")
btn2=win.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT, 40)
btn2.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn3 = win.add btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, 60)
btn3.add event cb(event handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
cont = win.get content() # Content can be added here
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("""This is
a pretty
long text
to see how
the window
becomes
scrollable.
We need
quite some text
and we will
even put
some more
text to be
sure it
overflows.
""")
```

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API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_win_create(lv_obj_t *parent, lv_coord_t header_height)
lv_obj_t *lv_win_add_title(lv_obj_t *win, const char *txt)
lv_obj_t *lv_win_add_btn(lv_obj_t *win, const void *icon, lv_coord_t btn_w)
lv_obj_t *lv_win_get_header(lv_obj_t *win)
lv_obj_t *lv_win_get_content(lv_obj_t *win)
```

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_win_class
struct lv_win_t
```

Public Members

lv_obj_t **obj**

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CHAPTER

SEVEN

LAYOUTS

7.1 Flex

7.1.1 Overview

The Flexbox (or Flex for short) is a subset of CSS Flexbox.

It can arrange items into rows or columns (tracks), handle wrapping, adjust the spacing between the items and tracks, handle *grow* to make the item(s) fill the remaining space with respect to min/max width and height.

To make an object flex container call lv obj set layout(obj, LV LAYOUT FLEX).

Note that the flex layout feature of LVGL needs to be globally enabled with LV USE FLEX in lv conf.h.

7.1.2 Terms

- · tracks: the rows or columns
- main direction: row or column, the direction in which the items are placed
- · cross direction: perpendicular to the main direction
- wrap: if there is no more space in the track a new track is started
- grow: if set on an item it will grow to fill the remaining space on the track. The available space will be distributed among items respective to their grow value (larger value means more space)
- gap: the space between the rows and columns or the items on a track

7.1.3 Simple interface

With the following functions you can set a Flex layout on any parent.

Flex flow

lv_obj_set_flex_flow(obj, flex_flow)

The possible values for flex_flow are:

- LV FLEX FLOW ROW Place the children in a row without wrapping
- LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN Place the children in a column without wrapping
- LV FLEX FLOW ROW WRAP Place the children in a row with wrapping
- LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN WRAP Place the children in a column with wrapping
- LV FLEX FLOW ROW REVERSE Place the children in a row without wrapping but in reversed order
- LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN REVERSE Place the children in a column without wrapping but in reversed order
- LV FLEX FLOW ROW WRAP REVERSE Place the children in a row with wrapping but in reversed order
- LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN_WRAP_REVERSE Place the children in a column with wrapping but in reversed order

Flex align

To manage the placement of the children use lv_obj_set_flex_align(obj, main_place, cross_place, track_cross_place)

- main_place determines how to distribute the items in their track on the main axis. E.g. flush the items to the right on LV FLEX FLOW ROW WRAP. (It's called justify-content in CSS)
- cross_place determines how to distribute the items in their track on the cross axis. E.g. if the items have different height place them to the bottom of the track. (It's called align-items in CSS)
- track cross place determines how to distribute the tracks (It's called align-content in CSS)

The possible values are:

- LV FLEX ALIGN START means left on a horizontally and top vertically. (default)
- LV FLEX ALIGN END means right on a horizontally and bottom vertically
- LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER simply center
- LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY items are distributed so that the spacing between any two items (and the space to the edges) is equal. Does not apply to track_cross_place.
- LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND items are evenly distributed in the track with equal space around them. Note that visually the spaces aren't equal, since all the items have equal space on both sides. The first item will have one unit of space against the container edge, but two units of space between the next item because that next item has its own spacing that applies. Not applies to track cross place.
- LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN items are evenly distributed in the track: first item is on the start line, last item on the end line. Not applies to track_cross_place.

Flex grow

Flex grow can be used to make one or more children fill the available space on the track. When more children have grow parameters, the available space will be distributed proportionally to the grow values. For example, there is 400 px remaining space and 4 objects with grow:

- A with grow = 1
- B with grow = 1
- C with grow = 2

A and B will have 100 px size, and C will have 200 px size.

Flex grow can be set on a child with lv_obj_set_flex_grow(child, value). value needs to be > 1 or 0 to disable grow on the child.

7.1.4 Style interface

All the Flex-related values are style properties under the hood and you can use them similarly to any other style property. The following flex related style properties exist:

- FLEX FLOW
- FLEX MAIN PLACE
- FLEX CROSS PLACE
- FLEX TRACK PLACE
- FLEX GROW

Internal padding

To modify the minimum space flexbox inserts between objects, the following properties can be set on the flex container style:

- pad row Sets the padding between the rows.
- pad column Sets the padding between the columns.

These can for example be used if you don't want any padding between your objects: lv_style_set_pad_column(&row_container_style,0)

7.1.5 Other features

RTL

If the base direction of the container is set the LV_BASE_DIR_RTL the meaning of LV_FLEX_ALIGN_START and LV_FLEX_ALIGN_END is swapped on ROW layouts. I.e. START will mean right.

The items on ROW layouts, and tracks of COLUMN layouts will be placed from right to left.

New track

You can force Flex to put an item into a new line with lv_obj_add_flag(child, LV OBJ FLAG FLEX IN NEW TRACK).

7.1.6 Example

A simple row and a column layout with flexbox

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE FLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* A simple row and a column layout with flexbox
void lv example flex 1(void)
    /*Create a container with ROW flex direction*/
   lv_obj_t * cont_row = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
   lv_obj_set_size(cont_row, 300, 75);
    lv_obj_align(cont_row, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 5);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont_row, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
   /*Create a container with COLUMN flex direction*/
   lv_obj_t * cont_col = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont_col, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align_to(cont_col, cont_row, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont_col, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj;
        lv_obj_t * label;
        /*Add items to the row*/
        obj= lv btn create(cont row);
        lv obj set size(obj, 100, LV PCT(100));
        label = lv label create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %u", i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
        /*Add items to the column*/
        obj = lv btn create(cont col);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_PCT(100), LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv obj center(label);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
# A simple row and a column layout with flexbox
# Create a container with ROW flex direction
cont row = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont row.set size(300, 75)
cont row.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP MID, 0, 5)
cont row.set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.ROW)
# Create a container with COLUMN flex direction
cont col = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont col.set size(200, 150)
cont_col.align_to(cont_row, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5)
cont col.set flex flow(lv.FLEX FLOW.COLUMN)
for i in range(10):
    # Add items to the row
    obj = lv.btn(cont_row)
   obj.set_size(100, lv.pct(100))
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: {:d}".format(i))
    label.center()
   # Add items to the column
   obj = lv.btn(cont col)
   obj.set_size(lv.pct(100), lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: {:d}".format(i))
    label.center()
```

Arrange items in rows with wrap and even spacing

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Arrange items in rows with wrap and place the items to get even space around them.
   */
void lv_example_flex_2(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_flex_flow(&style, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);
    lv_style_set_flex_main_place(&style, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY);
    lv_style_set_layout(&style, LV_LAYOUT_FLEX);

    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_add_style(cont, &style, 0);
```

(continues on next page)

```
uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif</pre>
#endif
```

```
# Arrange items in rows with wrap and place the items to get even space around them.
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
style.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)
style.set flex main place(lv.FLEX ALIGN.SPACE EVENLY)
style.set_layout(lv.LAYOUT_FLEX.value)
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.add_style(style, 0)
for i in range(8):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
   obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set text("{:d}".format(i))
    label.center()
```

Demonstrate flex grow

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Demonstrate flex grow.
    */
void lv_example_flex_3(void)
{
        lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
        lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
        lv_obj_center(cont);
        lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);

        lv_obj_t * obj;
        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    }
}
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Demonstrate flex grow.
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set size(40, 40)
                             # Fix size
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set height(40)
obj.set_flex_grow(1)
                             # 1 portion from the free space
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set height(40)
obj.set_flex_grow(2)
                             # 2 portion from the free space
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set size(40, 40)
                             # Fix size. It is flushed to the right by the "grow"...
-items
```

Demonstrate flex grow.

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Reverse the order of flex items
    */
void lv_example_flex_4(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
lv_obj_center(cont);
lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN_REVERSE);

uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 100, 50);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %"LV_PRIu32, i);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif</pre>
```

```
#
# Reverse the order of flex items
#
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN_REVERSE)

for i in range(6):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(100, 50)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: " + str(i))
    label.center()
```

Demonstrate column and row gap style properties

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void row_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(obj, v, 0);
}

static void column_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_column(obj, v, 0);
}

/**
    * Demonstrate the effect of column and row gap style properties
    */
void lv_example_flex_5(void)
{
```

(continues on next page)

```
lv obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv obj set size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv obj center(label);
    }
    lv anim t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, cont);
    lv\_anim\_set\_values(\&a, 0, 10);
    lv anim set repeat count(&a, LV ANIM REPEAT INFINITE);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, row_gap_anim);
    lv\_anim\_set\_time(\&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(\&a, 500);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv anim set exec cb(\&a, column gap anim);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def row_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_row(v, 0)

def column_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_column(v, 0)

#
# Demonstrate the effect of column and row gap style properties
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)

for i in range(9):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text(str(i))
```

(continues on next page)

```
label.center()
a_row = lv.anim_t()
a_row.init()
a_row.set_var(cont)
a_row.set_values(0, 10)
a row.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
a_row.set_time(500)
a_row.set_playback_time(500)
a_row.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: row_gap_anim(cont,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a_row)
a col = lv.anim t()
a col.init()
a_col.set_var(cont)
a_col.set_values(0, 10)
a_col.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a col.set time(3000)
a_col.set_playback_time(3000)
a_col.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: column_gap_anim(cont,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a_col)
```

RTL base direction changes order of the items

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE FLEX && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
/**
* RTL base direction changes order of the items.
* Also demonstrate how horizontal scrolling works with RTL.
void lv_example_flex_6(void)
    lv obj t * cont = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv obj set style base dir(cont, LV BASE DIR RTL, 0);
    lv obj set size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv label set text fmt(label, "%"LV PRIu32, i);
        lv obj center(label);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
# RTL base direction changes order of the items.
# Also demonstrate how horizontal scrolling works with RTL.
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL,0)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)

for i in range(20):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text(str(i))
    label.center()
```

7.1.7 API

Enums

```
enum lv_flex_align_t
    Values:
    enumerator LV FLEX ALIGN START
    enumerator LV_FLEX_ALIGN_END
    enumerator LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER
    enumerator LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY
    enumerator LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND
    enumerator LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN
enum lv_flex_flow_t
    Values:
    enumerator LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW
    enumerator LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN
    enumerator LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP
    enumerator LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_REVERSE
    enumerator LV FLEX FLOW ROW WRAP REVERSE
    enumerator LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN_WRAP
    enumerator LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN REVERSE
    enumerator LV FLEX FLOW COLUMN WRAP REVERSE
```

Functions

```
LV_EXPORT_CONST_INT(LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLEX_IN_NEW_TRACK)
void lv flex init(void)
```

Initialize a flex layout the default values

Parameters flex -- pointer to a flex layout descriptor

Set hot the item should flow

Parameters

- **flex** -- pointer to a flex layout descriptor
- flow -- an element of lv flex flow t.

Set how to place (where to align) the items and tracks

Parameters

- flex -- pointer: to a flex layout descriptor
- main_place -- where to place the items on main axis (in their track). Any value of lv_flex_align_t.
- cross_place -- where to place the item in their track on the cross axis. LV_FLEX_ALIGN_START/END/CENTER
- **track_place** -- where to place the tracks in the cross direction. Any value of lv_flex_align_t.

```
void lv_obj_set_flex_grow(lv_obj_t *obj, uint8_t grow)
```

Sets the width or height (on main axis) to grow the object in order fill the free space

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object. The parent must have flex layout else nothing will happen.
- **grow** -- a value to set how much free space to take proportionally to other growing items.

```
void lv_style_set_flex_flow(lv_style_t *style, lv_flex_flow_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_flex_cross_place(lv_style_t *style, lv_flex_align_t value)
```

void lv style set flex main place(lv style t *style, lv flex align t value)

 $\label{eq:cond_void_lv_style} \begin{subarray}{ll} void $lv_style_set_flex_track_place(lv_style_t*style, $lv_flex_align_t$ value) \end{subarray}$

void lv_style_set_flex_grow(lv_style_t *style, uint8_t value)

void **lv obj set style flex flow** (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_flex_flow_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

Variables

```
uint32_t LV_LAYOUT_FLEX

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_FLOW

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_MAIN_PLACE

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_CROSS_PLACE

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_TRACK_PLACE

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_GROW
```

7.2 Grid

7.2.1 Overview

The Grid layout is a subset of CSS Flexbox.

It can arrange items into a 2D "table" that has rows or columns (tracks). The item can span through multiple columns or rows. The track's size can be set in pixel, to the largest item (LV_GRID_CONTENT) or in "Free unit" (FR) to distribute the free space proportionally.

To make an object a grid container call lv_obj_set_layout(obj, LV_LAYOUT_GRID).

Note that the grid layout feature of LVGL needs to be globally enabled with LV_USE_GRID in lv_conf.h.

7.2.2 Terms

- · tracks: the rows or columns
- free unit (FR): if set on track's size is set in FR it will grow to fill the remaining space on the parent.
- gap: the space between the rows and columns or the items on a track

7.2.3 Simple interface

With the following functions you can easily set a Grid layout on any parent.

Grid descriptors

First you need to describe the size of rows and columns. It can be done by declaring 2 arrays and the track sizes in them. The last element must be LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST.

For example:

To set the descriptors on a parent use lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(obj, col_dsc, row_dsc).

Besides simple settings the size in pixel you can use two special values:

- LV GRID CONTENT set the width to the largest children on this track
- LV_GRID_FR(X) tell what portion of the remaining space should be used by this track. Larger value means larger space.

Grid items

By default, the children are not added to the grid. They need to be added manually to a cell.

To do this call lv_obj_set_grid_cell(child, column_align, column_pos, column_span, row_align, row_pos, row_span).

column_align and row_align determine how to align the children in its cell. The possible values are:

- LV GRID ALIGN START means left on a horizontally and top vertically. (default)
- LV GRID ALIGN END means right on a horizontally and bottom vertically
- LV GRID ALIGN CENTER simply center

colum_pos and row_pos means the zero based index of the cell into the item should be placed.

colum_span and row_span means how many tracks should the item involve from the start cell. Must be > 1.

Grid align

If there are some empty space the track can be aligned several ways:

- LV_GRID_ALIGN_START means left on a horizontally and top vertically. (default)
- LV GRID ALIGN END means right on a horizontally and bottom vertically
- LV GRID ALIGN CENTER simply center
- LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY items are distributed so that the spacing between any two items (and the space to the edges) is equal. Not applies to track_cross_place.
- LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND items are evenly distributed in the track with equal space around them. Note that visually the spaces aren't equal, since all the items have equal space on both sides. The first item will have one unit of space against the container edge, but two units of space between the next item because that next item has its own spacing that applies. Not applies to track cross place.
- LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN items are evenly distributed in the track: first item is on the start line, last item on the end line. Not applies to track_cross_place.

To set the track's alignment use lv obj set grid align(obj, column align, row align).

7.2.4 Style interface

All the Grid related values are style properties under the hood and you can use them similarly to any other style properties. The following Grid related style properties exist:

- GRID COLUMN DSC ARRAY
- GRID ROW DSC ARRAY
- GRID COLUMN ALIGN
- GRID ROW ALIGN
- GRID_CELL_X_ALIGN
- GRID CELL COLUMN POS
- GRID CELL COLUMN SPAN
- GRID_CELL_Y_ALIGN
- GRID CELL ROW POS
- GRID CELL_ROW_SPAN

Internal padding

To modify the minimum space Grid inserts between objects, the following properties can be set on the Grid container style:

- pad row Sets the padding between the rows.
- pad column Sets the padding between the columns.

7.2.5 Other features

RTL

If the base direction of the container is set to LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, the meaning of LV_GRID_ALIGN_START and LV GRID ALIGN END is swapped. I.e. START will mean right-most.

The columns will be placed from right to left.

7.2.6 Example

A simple grid

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE GRID && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* A simple grid
void lv_example_grid_1(void)
    static lv coord t col dsc[] = {70, 70, 70, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, 50, 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_grid_column_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_grid_row_dsc_array(cont, row_dsc, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_layout(cont, LV_LAYOUT_GRID);
   lv_obj_t * label;
   lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;
        obj = lv_btn_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                                  LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);
        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv label set text fmt(label, "c%d, r%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
# A simple grid
col_dsc = [70, 70, 70, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row dsc = [50, 50, 50, lv.GRID TEMPLATE.LAST]
# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set style grid column dsc array(col dsc, 0)
cont.set_style_grid_row_dsc_array(row_dsc, 0)
cont.set size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_layout(lv.LAYOUT_GRID.value)
for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3
   obj = lv.btn(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
   obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                      lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("c" +str(col) + "r" +str(row))
    label.center()
```

Demonstrate cell placement and span

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**

* Demonstrate cell placement and span
*/
void lv_example_grid_2(void)
{

    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {70, 70, 70, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, 50, 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;

    /*Cell to 0;0 and align to to the start (left/top) horizontally and vertically_u=too*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
obj = lv obj create(cont);
    lv obj set size(obj, LV SIZE CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 0, 1,
                              LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 0, 1);
    label = lv label create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "c0, r0");
    /*Cell to 1;0 and align to to the start (left) horizontally and center vertically,
→too*/
   obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 1, 1,
                              LV GRID ALIGN CENTER, 0, 1);
   label = lv label create(obj);
    lv label set text(label, "c1, r0");
   /*Cell to 2;0 and align to to the start (left) horizontally and end (bottom)
→vertically too*/
   obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv obj set size(obj, LV SIZE CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 2, 1,
                              LV_GRID_ALIGN_END, 0, 1);
    label = lv_label_create(obj);
   lv_label_set_text(label, "c2, r0");
   /*Cell to 1;1 but 2 column wide (span = 2). Set width and height to stretched.*/
   obj = lv obj create(cont);
    lv obj set size(obj, LV SIZE CONTENT, LV SIZE CONTENT);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 1, 2,
                              LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 1, 1);
    label = lv label create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "c1-2, r1");
    /*Cell to 0;1 but 2 rows tall (span = 2). Set width and height to stretched.*/
   obj = lv obj create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
   lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 0, 1,
                              LV GRID ALIGN STRETCH, 1, 2);
    label = lv label create(obj);
    lv label set text(label, "c0\nr1-2");
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Demonstrate cell placement and span
#

col_dsc = [70, 70, 70, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [50, 50, 50, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Cell to 0;0 and align to the start (left/top) horizontally and vertically too
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.START, 0, 1,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 0, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set text("c0, r0")
# Cell to 1;0 and align to the start (left) horizontally and center vertically too
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.START, 1, 1,
                  lv.GRID ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c1, r0")
# Cell to 2;0 and align to the start (left) horizontally and end (bottom) vertically,
-too
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 2, 1,
                  lv.GRID ALIGN.END, 0, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set text("c2, r0")
# Cell to 1;1 but 2 column wide (span = 2). Set width and height to stretched.
obi = lv.obi(cont)
obj.set size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, 1, 2,
                  lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, 1, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set text("c1-2, r1")
# Cell to 0;1 but 2 rows tall (span = 2). Set width and height to stretched.
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, 0, 1,
                  lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, 1, 2)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set text("c0\nr1-2")
```

Demonstrate grid's "free unit"

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
   * Demonstrate grid's "free unit"
   */
void lv_example_grid_3(void)
{
     /*Column 1: fix width 60 px
     *Column 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
     *Column 3: 2 unit from the remaining free space*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, LV_GRID_FR(1), LV_GRID_FR(2), LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_
→LAST};
   /*Row 1: fix width 50 px
    *Row 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
    *Row 3: fix width 50 px*/
    static lv coord t row dsc[] = {50, LV GRID FR(1), 50, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
    /*Create a container with grid*/
   lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
   lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv obj center(cont);
   lv obj set grid dsc array(cont, col dsc, row dsc);
    lv obi t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8 t row = i / 3;
        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                                 LV GRID ALIGN STRETCH, row, 1);
        label = lv label create(obj);
        lv label set text fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Demonstrate grid's "free unit"
#

# Column 1: fix width 60 px
# Column 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
# Column 3: 2 unit from the remaining free space

col_dsc = [60, lv.grid_fr(1), lv.grid_fr(2), lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Row 1: fix width 60 px
# Row 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
# Row 3: fix width 60 px

row_dsc = [40, lv.grid_fr(1), 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
```

(continues on next page)

Demonstrate track placement

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE GRID && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Demonstrate track placement
void lv_example_grid_4(void)
    static lv coord t col dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
    static lv coord t row dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
   /*Add space between the columns and move the rows to the bottom (end)*/
   /*Create a container with grid*/
   lv obj t * cont = lv obj create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_set_grid_align(cont, LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN, LV_GRID_ALIGN END);
    lv obj set grid dsc array(cont, col dsc, row dsc);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv obj t * label;
    lv obj t * obj;
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8 t col = i % 3;
        uint8 t row = i / 3;
        obj = lv obj create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv obj set grid cell(obj, LV GRID ALIGN STRETCH, col, 1,
                                  LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);
        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv obj center(label);
```

(continues on next page)

```
}
}
#endif
```

```
# Demonstrate track placement
col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
# Add space between the columns and move the rows to the bottom (end)
# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr act())
cont.set_grid_align(\(\bar{\lambda}\)\).GRID_ALIGN.SPACE_BETWEEN, \(\lambda\)\.GRID_ALIGN.END)
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3
   obj = lv.obj(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
    obj.set grid cell(lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                       lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("{:d}{:d}".format(col, row))
    label.center()
```

Demonstrate column and row gap

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void row_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(obj, v, 0);
}

static void column_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_column(obj, v, 0);
}

/**
```

(continues on next page)

```
* Demonstrate column and row gap
void lv_example_grid_5(void)
    /*60x60 cells*/
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv obj center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32 t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8 t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;
        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                                  LV GRID ALIGN STRETCH, row, 1);
        label = lv label create(obj);
        lv label set text fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
    lv anim t a;
    lv anim init(\&a);
    lv anim set var(\&a, cont);
    lv anim set values(\&a, 0, 10);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, row_gap_anim);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
    lv\_anim\_set\_playback\_time(\&a, 500);
    lv anim start(&a);
    lv anim set exec cb(&a, column gap anim);
    lv anim set time(\&a, 3000);
    lv anim set playback time(\&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}
#endif
```

```
def row_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_row(v, 0)

def column_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_column(v, 0)
```

(continues on next page)

```
# Demonstrate column and row gap
# 60x60 cells
col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set grid dsc array(col dsc, row dsc)
for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3
   obj = lv.obj(cont)
   obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                      lv.GRID ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)
   label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("{:d},{:d}".format(col, row))
   label.center()
   a row = lv.anim t()
   a row.init()
   a row.set var(cont)
   a_row.set_values(0, 10)
   a_row.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
   a row.set time(500)
   a_row.set_playback_time(500)
    a_row. set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: row_gap_anim(cont,val))
   lv.anim t.start(a row)
   a col = lv.anim t()
   a_col.init()
   a_col.set_var(cont)
   a_col.set_values(0, 10)
   a col.set repeat count(lv.ANIM REPEAT.INFINITE)
   a col.set time(500)
   a col.set playback time(500)
   a_col. set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: column_gap_anim(cont,val))
    lv.anim t.start(a col)
```

Demonstrate RTL direction on grid

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE GRID && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Demonstrate RTL direction on grid
void lv example grid 6(void)
    static lv coord t col dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV GRID TEMPLATE LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(cont, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    lv obj t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
   uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
       uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;
        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                                 LV GRID ALIGN STRETCH, row, 1);
        label = lv label create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
#
# Demonstrate RTL direction on grid
#
col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL,0)
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
```

(continues on next page)

7.2.7 API

Enums

```
enum lv_grid_align_t
Values:

enumerator LV_GRID_ALIGN_START
enumerator LV_GRID_ALIGN_CENTER
enumerator LV_GRID_ALIGN_END
enumerator LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH
enumerator LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY
enumerator LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND
enumerator LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN
```

Functions

```
LV_EXPORT_CONST_INT(LV_GRID_CONTENT)

LV_EXPORT_CONST_INT(LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST)

void lv_grid_init(void)

void lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_coord_t col_dsc[], const lv_coord_t row_dsc[])

void lv_obj_set_grid_align(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_grid_align_t column_align, lv_grid_align_t row_align)

void lv_obj_set_grid_cell(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_grid_align_t column_align, uint8_t col_pos, uint8_t col_span, lv_grid_align_t row_align, uint8_t row_pos, uint8_t row_span)

Set the cell of an object. The object's parent needs to have grid layout, else nothing will happen

Parameters
```

```
• obj -- pointer to an object
                • column align -- the vertical alignment in the cell. LV GRID START/END/CENTER/
                  STRETCH
                • col pos -- column ID
                • col span -- number of columns to take (>= 1)
                • row align -- the horizontal alignment in the cell. LV GRID START/END/CENTER/
                 STRETCH
                • row pos -- row ID
                • row_span -- number of rows to take (>= 1)
static inline lv_coord_t lv grid fr(uint8_t x)
     Just a wrapper to LV GRID FR for bindings.
void lv style set grid row dsc array(lv_style_t *style, const lv_coord_t value[])
void lv style set grid column dsc array(lv style t *style, const lv coord t value[])
void lv_style_set_grid_row_align(lv_style_t *style, lv_grid_align_t value)
void lv style set grid column align(lv style t*style, lv grid align t value)
void lv_style_set_grid_cell_column_pos(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_grid_cell_column_span(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv style set grid cell row pos(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_grid_cell_row_span(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_grid_cell_x_align(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv_style_set_grid_cell_y_align(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
void lv obj set style grid row dsc array (lv obj t*obj, const lv coord t value[], lv style selector t
                                                   selector)
void lv obj set style grid column dsc array (lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_coord_t value[],
                                                       lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style grid row align(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_grid_align_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv_obj_set_style_grid_column_align(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_grid_align_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                 selector)
```

```
void lv obj set style grid cell column pos(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
void lv_obj_set_style_grid_cell_column_span(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                       selector)
void lv obj_set_style_grid_cell_row_pos(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style grid cell row span(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                                   selector)
void lv obj set style grid cell x align(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
void lv obj set style grid cell y align(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
static inline const lv_coord_t *lv_obj_get_style_grid_row_dsc_array(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
static inline const lv_coord_t *lv_obj_get_style_grid_column_dsc_array(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
static inline lv\_grid\_align\_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_row_align(const lv\_obj\_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_grid_align_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_column_align(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style grid cell column pos(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_tlv obj get style grid cell column span(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_cell_row_pos(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_cell_row_span(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
static inline ly coord tlv obj get style grid cell x align(const ly obj t *obj, uint32 t part)
static inline lv_coord_t lv obj get style grid cell y align(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

Variables

```
uint32_t LV_LAYOUT_GRID

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_COLUMN_DSC_ARRAY

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_COLUMN_ALIGN

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_ROW_DSC_ARRAY

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_ROW_ALIGN

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_CELL_COLUMN_POS

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_CELL_COLUMN_SPAN

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_CELL_X_ALIGN

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_CELL_ROW_POS

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_CELL_ROW_SPAN

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_CELL_ROW_SPAN

lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_GRID_CELL_Y_ALIGN
```

CHAPTER

EIGHT

3RD PARTY LIBRARIES

8.1 File System Interfaces

LVGL has a File system module to provide an abstraction layer for various file system drivers.

LVG has built in support for:

- FATFS
- STDIO (Linux and Windows using C standard function .e.g fopen, fread)
- POSIX (Linux and Windows using POSIX function .e.g open, read)
- WIN32 (Windows using Win32 API function .e.g CreateFileA, ReadFile)

You still need to provide the drivers and libraries, this extension provides only the bridge between FATFS, STDIO, POSIX, WIN32 and LVGL.

8.1.1 Usage

In lv_conf.h enable LV_USE_FS_... and assign an upper cased letter to LV_FS_..._LETTER (e.g. 'S'). After that you can access files using that driver letter. E.g. "S:path/to/file.txt".

The work directory can be set with LV_FS_..._PATH. E.g. "/home/joe/projects/" The actual file/directory paths will be appended to it.

Cached reading is also supported if $LV_FS_..._CACHE_SIZE$ is set to not 0 value. lv_fs_read caches this size of data to lower the number of actual reads from the storage.

8.2 BMP decoder

This extension allows the use of BMP images in LVGL. This implementation uses bmp-decoder library. The pixels are read on demand (not the whole image is loaded) so using BMP images requires very little RAM.

If enabled in <code>lv_conf.h</code> by <code>LV_USE_BMP</code> LVGL will register a new image decoder automatically so BMP files can be directly used as image sources. For example:

```
lv_img_set_src(my_img, "S:path/to/picture.bmp");
```

Note that, a file system driver needs to registered to open images from files. Read more about it here or just enable one in $lv_conf.h$ with $LV_USE_FS_...$

8.2.1 Limitations

- Only BMP files are supported and BMP images as C array (lv_img_dsc_t) are not. It's because there is no practical differences between how the BMP files and LVGL's image format stores the image data.
- BMP files can be loaded only from file. If you want to store them in flash it's better to convert them to C array with LVGL's image converter.
- The BMP files color format needs to match with LV_COLOR_DEPTH. Use GIMP to save the image in the required format. Both RGB888 and ARGB888 works with LV COLOR DEPTH 32
- Palette is not supported.
- Because not the whole image is read in can not be zoomed or rotated.

8.2.2 Example

Open a BMP image from file

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BMP && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Open a BMP file from a file
    */
void lv_example_bmp_1(void)
{
        lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
        /* Assuming a File system is attached to letter 'A'
        * E.g. set LV_USE_FS_STDIO 'A' in lv_conf.h */
#if LV_COLOR_DEPTH == 32
        lv_img_set_src(img, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/bmp/example_32bit.bmp");
#elif LV_COLOR_DEPTH == 16
        lv_img_set_src(img, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/bmp/example_16bit.bmp");
#endif
        lv_obj_center(img);
}
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
import fs_driver

fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')

img = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
# The File system is attached to letter 'S'

img.set_src("S:example_32bit.bmp")
img.center()
```

8.2. BMP decoder 789

8.2.3 API

Functions

void lv_bmp_init(void)

8.3 JPG decoder

Allow the use of JPG images in LVGL. Besides that it also allows the use of a custom format, called Split JPG (SJPG), which can be decoded in more optimal way on embedded systems.

8.3.1 Overview

- Supports both normal JPG and the custom SJPG formats.
- Decoding normal JPG consumes RAM with the size fo the whole uncompressed image (recommended only for devices with more RAM)
- SJPG is a custom format based on "normal" JPG and specially made for LVGL.
- SJPG is 'split-jpeg' which is a bundle of small jpeg fragments with an sjpg header.
- SJPG size will be almost comparable to the jpg file or might be a slightly larger.
- File read from file and c-array are implemented.
- SJPEG frame fragment cache enables fast fetching of lines if available in cache.
- By default the sjpg image cache will be image width * 2 * 16 bytes (can be modified)
- Currently only 16 bit image format is supported (TODO)
- Only the required partion of the JPG and SJPG images are decoded, therefore they can't be zoomed or rotated.

8.3.2 **Usage**

If enabled in lv_conf.h by LV_USE_SJPG LVGL will register a new image decoder automatically so JPG and SJPG files can be directly used as image sources. For example:

```
lv_img_set_src(my_img, "S:path/to/picture.jpg");
```

Note that, a file system driver needs to registered to open images from files. Read more about it here or just enable one in $lv_conf.h$ with $LV_USE_FS_...$

8.3. JPG decoder 790

8.3.3 Converter

Converting JPG to C array

- Use lvgl online tool https://lvgl.io/tools/imageconverter
- Color format = RAW, output format = C Array

Converting JPG to SJPG

python3 and the PIL library required. (PIL can be installed with pip3 install pillow)

To create SJPG from JPG:

- Copy the image to convert into lvgl/scripts
- cd lvgl/scripts
- python3 jpg_to_sjpg.py image_to_convert.jpg. It creates both a C files and an SJPG image.

The expected result is:

8.3.4 Example

Load an SJPG image

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SJPG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
    * Load an SJPG image
    */
void lv_example_sjpg_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * wp;

    wp = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    /* Assuming a File system is attached to letter 'A'
     * E.g. set LV_USE_FS_STDIO 'A' in lv_conf.h */
    lv_img_set_src(wp, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/sjpg/small_image.sjpg");
}
```

(continues on next page)

8.3. JPG decoder 791

#endif

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
import fs_driver

fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')

wp = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
# The File system is attached to letter 'S'

wp.set_src("S:small_image.sjpg")
wp.center()
```

8.3.5 API

Functions

```
void lv_split_jpeg_init(void)
```

8.4 PNG decoder

Allow the use of PNG images in LVGL. This implementation uses lodepng library.

If enabled in lv_conf.h by LV_USE_PNG LVGL will register a new image decoder automatically so PNG files can be directly used as any other image sources.

Note that, a file system driver needs to registered to open images from files. Read more about it here or just enable one in $lv_conf.h$ with $LV_USE_FS_...$

The whole PNG image is decoded so during decoding RAM equals to image width x image height x 4 bytes are required.

As it might take significant time to decode PNG images LVGL's images caching feature can be useful.

8.4.1 Example

Open a PNG image from file and variable

8.4. PNG decoder 792

```
LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_wink_png);
lv_obj_t * img;

img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_img_set_src(img, &img_wink_png);
lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 20, 0);

img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
/* Assuming a File system is attached to letter 'A'
    * E.g. set LV_USE_FS_STDIO 'A' in lv_conf.h */
lv_img_set_src(img, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/png/wink.png");
lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);

#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
from img wink png import img wink png map
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder info cb = get png info
decoder.open_cb = open_png
img_wink_png = lv.img_dsc_t(
    {
        "header": {"always zero": 0, "w": 50, "h": 50, "cf": lv.imq.CF.RAW ALPHA},
        "data size": 5158.
        "data": img_wink_png_map,
    }
img1 = lv.img(lv.scr act())
imgl.set src(img wink png)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT MID, -250, 0)
# Create an image from the png file
try:
   with open('wink.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find wink.png")
   sys.exit()
wink argb = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(png data),
  'data': png data
})
img2 = lv.img(lv.scr act())
img2.set src(wink argb)
img2.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT MID, -150, 0)
```

8.4. PNG decoder 793

8.4.2 API

Functions

```
void lv_png_init(void)

Register the PNG decoder functions in LVGL
```

8.5 GIF decoder

Allow using GIF images in LVGL. Based on https://github.com/lecram/gifdec

When enabled in lv conf.h with LV USE GIF lv gif create(parent) can be used to create a gif widget.

lv_gif_set_src(obj, src) works very similarly to lv_img_set_src. As source, it also accepts images as variables (lv_img_dsc_t) or files.

8.5.1 Convert GIF files to C array

To convert a GIF file to byte values array use LVGL's online converter. Select "Raw" color format and "C array" Output format.

8.5.2 Use GIF images from file

For example:

```
lv_gif_set_src(obj, "S:path/to/example.gif");
```

Note that, a file system driver needs to be registered to open images from files. Read more about it here or just enable one in lv conf.h with LV USE FS ...

8.5.3 Memory requirements

To decode and display a GIF animation the following amount of RAM is required:

- LV COLOR DEPTH 8: 3 x image width x image height
- LV_COLOR_DEPTH 16: 4 x image width x image height
- LV_COLOR_DEPTH 32: 5 x image width x image height

8.5.4 Example

Open a GIF image from file and variable

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GIF && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Open a GIF image from a file and a variable
 */
```

(continues on next page)

8.5. GIF decoder 794

```
void lv_example_gif_1(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_bulb_gif);
    lv_obj_t * img;

    img = lv_gif_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_gif_set_src(img, &img_bulb_gif);
    lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 20, 0);

    img = lv_gif_create(lv_scr_act());
    /* Assuming a File system is attached to letter 'A'
     * E.g. set LV_USE_FS_STDIO 'A' in lv_conf.h */
    lv_gif_set_src(img, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/gif/bulb.gif");
    lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);
}
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
import fs driver
from img bulb gif import img bulb gif map
fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
fs driver.fs register(fs drv, 'S')
# Open a GIF image from a file and a variable
img_bulb_gif = lv.img_dsc_t(
    {
        "header": {"always zero": 0, "w": 0, "h": 0, "cf": lv.img.CF.RAW},
        "data size": 0,
        "data": img bulb gif map,
    }
img1 = lv.gif(lv.scr act())
img1.set_src(img_bulb_gif)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT MID, -150, 0)
img2 = lv.gif(lv.scr act())
# The File system is attached to letter 'S'
img2.set src("S:bulb.gif")
img2.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT MID, -250, 0)
```

8.5. GIF decoder 795

8.5.5 API

Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_gif_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
void lv_gif_set_src(lv_obj_t *obj, const void *src)
void lv_gif_restart(lv_obj_t *gif)
```

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_gif_class
struct lv_gif_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_img_t img
gd_GIF *gif
lv_timer_t *timer
lv_img_dsc_t imgdsc
uint32_t last_call
```

8.6 FreeType support

Interface to FreeType to generate font bitmaps run time.

8.6.1 Install FreeType

- Download Freetype from here
- make
- sudo make install

8.6.2 Add FreeType to your project

- Add include path: /usr/include/freetype2 (for GCC: -I/usr/include/freetype2 -L/usr/local/lib)
- Add library: freetype (for GCC: -L/usr/local/lib -lfreetype)

8.6.3 **Usage**

Enable LV USE FREETYPE in lv conf.h.

To cache the glyphs from the opened fonts, set LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_SIZE >= 0 and then use the following macros for detailed configuration:

- 1. LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_SIZE:maximum memory(bytes) used to cache font bitmap, outline, character maps, etc. 0 means use the system default value, less than 0 means disable cache. Note: that this value does not account for managed FT_Face and FT_Size objects.
- 2. LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_FT_FACES:maximum number of opened FT_Face objects managed by this cache instance.0 means use the system default value. Only useful when LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_SIZE >= 0.
- 3. LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_FT_SIZES:maximum number of opened FT_Size objects managed by this cache instance. 0 means use the system default value. Only useful when LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_SIZE >= 0.

When you are sure that all the used font sizes will not be greater than 256, you can enable LV_FREETYPE_SBIT_CACHE, which is much more memory efficient for small bitmaps.

You can use <code>lv_ft_font_init()</code> to create FreeType fonts. It returns <code>true</code> to indicate success, at the same time, the <code>font</code> member of <code>lv_ft_info_t</code> will be filled with a pointer to an LVGL font, and you can use it like any LVGL font.

Font style supports bold and italic, you can use the following macros to set:

- 1. FT FONT STYLE NORMAL:default style.
- 2. FT FONT STYLE ITALIC: Italic style
- 3. FT_FONT_STYLE_BOLD:bold style

They can be combined.eg:FT FONT STYLE BOLD | FT FONT STYLE ITALIC.

Note that, the FreeType extension doesn't use LVGL's file system. You can simply pass the path to the font as usual on your operating system or platform.

8.6.4 Example

Open a front with FreeType

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#if LV_USE_FREETYPE

/**
 * Load a font with FreeType
 */
void lv_example_freetype_1(void)
{
    /*Create a font*/
```

(continues on next page)

```
static lv ft info t info;
    /*FreeType uses C standard file system, so no driver letter is required.*/
    info.name = "./lvgl/examples/libs/freetype/arial.ttf";
    info.weight = 24;
    info.style = FT FONT STYLE NORMAL;
    info.mem = NULL;
    if(!lv ft font init(&info)) {
        LV LOG ERROR("create failed.");
    /*Create style with the new font*/
    static lv style t style;
    lv style init(&style);
    lv_style_set_text_font(&style, info.font);
    lv style set text align(&style, LV TEXT ALIGN CENTER);
   /*Create a label with the new style*/
   lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv_obj_add_style(label, &style, 0);
    lv label set text(label, "Hello world\nI'm a font created with FreeType");
    lv obj center(label);
}
#else
void lv example freetype 1(void)
    /*T0D0
    *fallback for online examples*/
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv label set text(label, "FreeType is not installed");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display driver
import fs driver
info = lv.ft info t()
info.name ="./arial.ttf"
info.weight = 24
info.style = lv.FT FONT STYLE.NORMAL
info.font init()
# Create style with the new font
style = lv.style t()
style.init()
style.set text font(info.font)
style.set_text_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.CENTER)
# Create a label with the new style
label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
```

(continues on next page)

```
label.add_style(style, 0)
label.set_text("Hello world\nI'm a font created with FreeType")
label.center()
```

8.6.5 Learn more

- FreeType tutorial
- LVGL's font interface

8.6.6 API

Enums

```
enum LV_FT_FONT_STYLE

Values:

enumerator FT_FONT_STYLE_NORMAL

enumerator FT_FONT_STYLE_ITALIC

enumerator FT_FONT_STYLE_BOLD
```

Functions

```
bool lv_freetype_init(uint16_t max_faces, uint16_t max_sizes, uint32_t max_bytes) init freetype library
```

Parameters

- max_faces -- Maximum number of opened FT_Face objects managed by this cache instance. Use 0 for defaults.
- max_sizes -- Maximum number of opened FT_Size objects managed by this cache instance. Use 0 for defaults.
- max_bytes -- Maximum number of bytes to use for cached data nodes. Use 0 for defaults. Note that this value does not account for managed FT_Face and FT_Size objects.

Returns true on success, otherwise false.

```
void lv_freetype_destroy(void)
```

Destroy freetype library

```
bool lv_ft_font_init(lv_ft_info_t *info)
```

Creates a font with info parameter specified.

Parameters info -- See *lv_ft_info_t* for details. when success, lv_ft_info_t->font point to the font you created.

Returns true on success, otherwise false.

```
void lv_ft_font_destroy(lv_font_t *font)
```

Destroy a font that has been created.

Parameters font -- pointer to font.

```
struct lv_ft_info_t
```

Public Members

```
const char *name
const void *mem
size_t mem_size
lv_font_t *font
uint16_t weight
uint16_t style
```

8.7 QR code

QR code generation with LVGL. Uses QR-Code-generator by nayuki.

8.7.1 Get started

- Download or clone this repository
 - Download from GitHub
 - Clone: git clone https://github.com/lvgl/lv_lib_qrcode.git
- Include the library: #include "lv lib grcode/lv grcode.h"
- Test with the following code:

8.7.2 Notes

• QR codes with less data are smaller, but they scaled by an integer number to best fit to the given size.

8.7. QR code 800

8.7.3 Example

Create a QR Code

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV USE QRCODE && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
* Create a QR Code
void lv_example_qrcode_1(void)
    lv_color_t bg_color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE, 5);
    lv_color_t fg_color = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 4);
   lv_obj_t * qr = lv_qrcode_create(lv_scr_act(), 150, fg_color, bg_color);
   /*Set data*/
   const char * data = "https://lvgl.io";
   lv_qrcode_update(qr, data, strlen(data));
   lv_obj_center(qr);
   /*Add a border with bg_color*/
   lv_obj_set_style_border_color(qr, bg_color, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_border_width(qr, 5, 0);
}
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

bg_color = lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE, 5)
fg_color = lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 4)

qr = lv.qrcode(lv.scr_act(), 150, fg_color, bg_color)
# Set data
data = "https://lvgl.io"
qr.update(data,len(data))
qr.center()
# Add a border with bg_color
qr.set_style_border_color(bg_color, 0)
qr.set_style_border_width(5, 0)
```

8.7. QR code 801

8.7.4 API

Functions

Parameters

- parent -- point to an object where to create the QR code
- size -- width and height of the QR code
- dark_color -- dark color of the QR code
- light_color -- light color of the QR code

Returns pointer to the created QR code object

lv_res_t lv_qrcode_update(lv_obj_t *qrcode, const void *data, uint32_t data_len)
Set the data of a QR code object

Parameters

- qrcode -- pointer to aQ code object
- data -- data to display
- data_len -- length of data in bytes

Returns LV_RES_OK: if no error; LV_RES_INV: on error

void lv_qrcode_delete(lv_obj_t *qrcode)

DEPRECATED: Use normal lv_obj_del instead Delete a QR code object

Parameters qrcode -- pointer to a QR code object

Variables

const lv_obj_class_t lv_qrcode_class

8.8 Lottie player

Allows to use Lottie animations in LVGL. Taken from this base repository

LVGL provides the interface to Samsung/rlottie library's C API. That is the actual Lottie player is not part of LVGL, it needs to be built separately.

8.8.1 Build Rlottie

To build Samsung's Rlottie C++14-compatible compiler and optionally CMake 3.14 or higher is required.

To build on desktop you can follow the instructions from Rlottie's README. In the most basic case it looks like this:

```
mkdir rlottie_workdir
cd rlottie_workdir
git clone https://github.com/Samsung/rlottie.git
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ../rlottie
make -j
sudo make install
```

And finally add the -lrlottie flag to your linker.

On embedded systems you need to take care of integrating Rlottie to the given build system.

8.8.2 Usage

You can use animation from files or raw data (text). In either case first you need to enable LV_USE_RLOTTIE in lv conf.h.

The width and height of the object be set in the *create* function and the animation will be scaled accordingly.

Use Rlottie from file

To create a Lottie animation from file use:

Note that, Rlottie uses the standard STDIO C file API, so you can use the path "normally" and no LVGL specific driver letter is required.

Use Rlottie from raw string data

lv_example_rlottie_approve.c contains an example animation in raw format. Instead storing the JSON string a hex array is stored for the following reasons:

- avoid escaping " in the JSON file
- some compilers don't support very long strings

lvgl/scripts/filetohex.py can be used to convert a Lottie file a hex array. E.g.:

```
./filetohex.py path/to/lottie.json > out.txt
```

To create an animation from raw data:

8.8.3 Getting animations

Lottie is standard and popular format so you can find many animation files on the web. For example: https://lottiefiles.com/ You can also create your own animations with Adobe After Effects or similar software.

8.8.4 Controlling animations

LVGL provides two functions to control the animation mode: lv_rlottie_set_play_mode and lv_rlottie_set_current_frame. You'll combine your intentions when calling the first method, like in these examples:

The default animation mode is play forward with loop.

If you don't enable looping, a LV_EVENT_READY is sent when the animation can not make more progress without looping.

To get the number of frames in an animation or the current frame index, you can cast the <code>lv_obj_t</code> instance to a <code>lv_rlottie t</code> instance and inspect the <code>current frame</code> and <code>total frames</code> members.

8.8.5 Example

Load a Lottie animation from raw data

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#if LV_USE_RLOTTIE

/**
    * Load an lottie animation from flash
    */
void lv_example_rlottie_1(void)
{
        extern const uint8_t lv_example_rlottie_approve[];
        lv_obj_t * lottie = lv_rlottie_create_from_raw(lv_scr_act(), 100, 100, (const_u \to void *)lv_example_rlottie_approve);
        lv_obj_center(lottie);
}

#else
void lv_example_rlottie_1(void)
```

(continues on next page)

```
{
    /*TODO
    *fallback for online examples*/

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Rlottie is not installed");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
#endif
```

Load a Lottie animation from a file

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES
#if LV USE RLOTTIE
* Load an lottie animation from file
void lv_example_rlottie_2(void)
    /*The rlottie library uses STDIO file API, so there is no driver letter for LVGL*/
    lv_obj_t * lottie = lv_rlottie_create_from_file(lv_scr_act(), 100, 100,
            "lvgl/examples/libs/rlottie/lv example rlottie approve.json");
    lv obj center(lottie);
}
#else
void lv example rlottie 2(void)
   /*T0D0
    *fallback for online examples*/
   lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Rlottie is not installed");
    lv obj center(label);
}
#endif
#endif
```

8.8.6 API

Enums

```
enum lv_rlottie_ctrl_t
Values:

enumerator LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_FORWARD
enumerator LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_BACKWARD
enumerator LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_PAUSE
enumerator LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_PLAY
enumerator LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_LOOP
```

Functions

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_rlottie_class
struct lv_rlottie_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_img_t img_ext
struct Lottie_Animation_S *animation
lv_timer_t *task
lv_img_dsc_t imgdsc
size_t total_frames
size_t current_frame
size_t framerate
uint32_t *allocated_buf
size_t allocated_buffer_size
size_t scanline_width
lv_rlottie_ctrl_t play_ctrl
size_t dest frame
```

8.9 FFmpeg support

FFmpeg A complete, cross-platform solution to record, convert and stream audio and video.

8.9.1 Install FFmpeg

- Download FFmpeg from here
- ./configure --disable-all --disable-autodetect --disable-podpages -disable-asm --enable-avcodec --enable-avformat --enable-decoders --enableencoders --enable-demuxers --enable-parsers --enable-protocol='file' -enable-swscale --enable-zlib
- make
- sudo make install

8.9.2 Add FFmpeg to your project

• Add library: FFmpeg (for GCC: -lavformat -lavcodec -lavutil -lswscale -lm -lz -lpthread)

8.9.3 Usage

Enable LV USE FFMPEG in lv conf.h.

See the examples below.

Note that, the FFmpeg extension doesn't use LVGL's file system. You can simply pass the path to the image or video as usual on your operating system or platform.

8.9.4 Example

Decode image

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV BUILD EXAMPLES
#if LV USE FFMPEG
* Open an image from a file
void lv example ffmpeg 1(void)
    lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img, "./lvgl/examples/libs/ffmpeg/ffmpeg.png");
    lv_obj_center(img);
}
#else
void lv_example_ffmpeg_1(void)
    /*T0D0
     *fallback for online examples*/
    lv obj t * label = lv label create(lv scr act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "FFmpeg is not installed");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
#endif
```

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/libs/

ffmpeg/lv_example_ffmpeg_1.py

Decode video

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#if LV USE FFMPEG
* Open a video from a file
void lv_example_ffmpeg_2(void)
   /*birds.mp4 is downloaded from http://www.videezy.com (Free Stock Footage by_
→Videezy!)
    *https://www.videezy.com/abstract/44864-silhouettes-of-birds-over-the-sunset*/
    lv_obj_t * player = lv_ffmpeg_player_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_ffmpeg_player_set_src(player, "./lvgl/examples/libs/ffmpeg/birds.mp4");
    lv_ffmpeg_player_set_auto_restart(player, true);
    lv_ffmpeg_player_set_cmd(player, LV_FFMPEG_PLAYER_CMD_START);
    lv_obj_center(player);
}
#else
void lv_example_ffmpeg_2(void)
   /*T0D0
    *fallback for online examples*/
   lv obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "FFmpeg is not installed");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
#endif
```

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/libs/

→ffmpeg/lv_example_ffmpeg_2.py

8.9.5 API

Enums

```
enum lv_ffmpeg_player_cmd_t
Values:

enumerator LV_FFMPEG_PLAYER_CMD_START
enumerator LV_FFMPEG_PLAYER_CMD_STOP
enumerator LV_FFMPEG_PLAYER_CMD_PAUSE
enumerator LV_FFMPEG_PLAYER_CMD_RESUME
enumerator _LV_FFMPEG_PLAYER_CMD_LAST
```

Functions

```
void lv_ffmpeg_init(void)
Register FFMPEG image decoder

int lv_ffmpeg_get_frame_num(const char *path)
Get the number of frames contained in the file

Parameters path -- image or video file name

Returns Number of frames, less than 0 means
```

Returns Number of frames, less than 0 means failed

Create ffmpeg_player object

Parameters parent -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new player

Returns pointer to the created ffmpeg_player

Set the path of the file to be played

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a ffmpeg_player object
- path -- video file path

Returns LV_RES_OK: no error; LV_RES_INV: can't get the info.

Set command control video player

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a ffmpeg_player object
- cmd -- control commands

void lv_ffmpeg_player_set_auto_restart(lv_obj_t *obj, bool en)

Set the video to automatically replay

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a ffmpeg_player object
- en -- true: enable the auto restart

Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_ffmpeg_player_class
struct lv_ffmpeg_player_t
```

Public Members

```
lv_img_t img
lv_timer_t *timer
lv_img_dsc_t imgdsc
bool auto_restart
struct ffmpeg_context_s *ffmpeg_ctx
```

CHAPTER

NINE

OTHERS

9.1 Snapshot

Snapshot provides APIs to take snapshot image for LVGL object together with its children. The image will look exactly like the object.

9.1.1 **Usage**

Simply call API lv_snapshot_take to generate the image descriptor which can be set as image object src using lv_img_set_src.

Note, only below color formats are supported for now:

- LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA
- LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_1BIT
- LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_2BIT
- LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_4BIT
- LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_8BIT

Free the Image

The memory <code>lv_snapshot_take</code> uses are dynamically allocated using <code>lv_mem_alloc</code>. Use API <code>lv_snapshot_free</code> to free the memory it takes. This will firstly free memory the image data takes, then the image descriptor.

Take caution to free the snapshot but not delete the image object. Before free the memory, be sure to firstly unlink it from image object, using lv img set src(NULL) and lv img cache invalidate src(src).

Below code snippet explains usage of this API.

```
void update_snapshot(lv_obj_t * obj, lv_obj_t * img_snapshot)
{
    lv_img_dsc_t* snapshot = (void*)lv_img_get_src(img_snapshot);
    if(snapshot) {
        lv_snapshot_free(snapshot);
    }
    snapshot = lv_snapshot_take(obj, LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA);
    lv_img_set_src(img_snapshot, snapshot);
}
```

Use Existing Buffer

If the snapshot needs update now and then, or simply caller provides memory, use API $lv_res_t lv_snapshot_take_to_buf(lv_obj_t * obj, lv_img_cf_t cf, lv_img_dsc_t * dsc, void * buf, uint32_t buff_size); for this case. It's caller's responsibility to alloc/free the memory.$

If snapshot is generated successfully, the image descriptor is updated and image data will be stored to provided buf.

Note that snapshot may fail if provided buffer is not enough, which may happen when object size changes. It's recommended to use API lv_snapshot_buf_size_needed to check the needed buffer size in byte firstly and resize the buffer accordingly.

9.1.2 Example

Simple snapshot example

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SNAPSHOT && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static void event_cb(lv_event_t* e)
    lv obj t * snapshot obj = lv event get user data(e);
    lv_obj_t * img = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(snapshot obj) {
        lv_img_dsc_t* snapshot = (void*)lv_img_get_src(snapshot_obj);
        if(snapshot){
            lv_snapshot_free(snapshot);
        }
        /*Update the snapshot, we know parent of object is the container.*/
        snapshot = lv_snapshot_take(img->parent, LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA);
        if(snapshot == NULL)
            return;
        lv img set src(snapshot obj, snapshot);
    }
}
void lv_example_snapshot_1(void)
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_star);
    lv obj t * root = lv scr act();
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(root, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE), 0);
    /*Create an image object to show snapshot*/
   lv_obj_t * snapshot_obj = lv_img_create(root);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(snapshot_obj, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE PURPLE), 0);
    lv obj set style bg opa(snapshot obj, LV OPA 100, 0);
    lv img set zoom(snapshot obj, 128);
    lv img set angle(snapshot obj, 300);
   /*Create the container and its children*/
   lv obj t * container = lv obj create(root);
    lv obj center(container);
    lv obj set size(container, 180, 180);
```

(continues on next page)

9.1. Snapshot 813

```
lv obj set flex flow(container, LV FLEX FLOW ROW WRAP);
    lv obj set flex align(container, LV FLEX ALIGN SPACE EVENLY, LV FLEX ALIGN CENTER,

→ LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);

    lv_obj_set_style_radius(container, 50, 0);
    lv obj t * img;
    int i;
    for(i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        img = lv img create(container);
        lv img set src(img, &img star);
        lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(img, lv_color_black(), 0);
        lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(img, LV_OPA_COVER, 0);
        lv_obj_set_style_transform_zoom(img, 400, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
        lv obj add flag(img, LV OBJ FLAG CLICKABLE);
        lv_obj_add_event_cb(img, event_cb, LV_EVENT_PRESSED, snapshot obj);
        lv obj add event cb(img, event cb, LV EVENT RELEASED, snapshot obj);
    }
}
#endif
```

```
import qc
import lvgl as lv
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open cb = open png
# Measure memory usage
gc.enable()
qc.collect()
mem_free = gc.mem_free()
label = lv.label(lv.scr act())
label.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM MID, 0, -10)
label.set text(" memory free:" + str(mem free/1024) + " kB")
# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../../assets/img star.png','rb') as f:
        png data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find star.png")
    sys.exit()
img star = lv.img dsc t({
  'data size': len(png data),
  'data': png data
})
def event cb(e, snapshot obj):
    img = e.get_target()
    if snapshot obj:
        # no need to free the old source for snapshot obj, gc will free it for us.
```

(continues on next page)

9.1. Snapshot 814

```
# take a new snapshot, overwrite the old one
        dsc = lv.snapshot_take(img.get_parent(), lv.img.CF.TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA)
        snapshot_obj.set_src(dsc)
    gc.collect()
    mem used = mem free - gc.mem free()
    label.set_text("memory used:" + str(mem_used/1024) + " kB")
root = lv.scr act()
root.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE), 0)
# Create an image object to show snapshot
snapshot obj = lv.img(root)
snapshot_obj.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.PURPLE), 0)
snapshot_obj.set_style_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER, 0)
snapshot_obj.set_zoom(128)
# Create the container and its children
container = lv.obj(root)
container.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
container.set_size(180, 180)
container.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)
container.set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.SPACE_EVENLY, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_
→ALIGN.CENTER)
container.set style radius(50, 0)
for i in range(4):
    img = lv.img(container)
    img.set src(img star)
    img.set style bg color(lv.palette main(lv.PALETTE.GREY), 0)
    img.set style bg opa(lv.OPA.COVER, 0)
    img.set style transform zoom(400, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
    img.add flag(img.FLAG.CLICKABLE)
    img.add_event_cb(lambda e: event_cb(e, snapshot_obj), lv.EVENT.PRESSED, None)
    img.add_event_cb(lambda e: event_cb(e, snapshot_obj), lv.EVENT.RELEASED, None)
```

9.1.3 API

Functions

```
lv_img_dsc_t *\textbf{v_snapshot_take} (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_img_cf_t cf)
Take snapshot for object with its children.
```

Parameters

- **obj** -- The object to generate snapshot.
- **cf** -- color format for generated image.

Returns a pointer to an image descriptor, or NULL if failed.

```
void lv_snapshot_free(lv_img_dsc_t *dsc)
```

Free the snapshot image returned by lv snapshot take

It will firstly free the data image takes, then the image descriptor.

Parameters dsc -- The image descriptor generated by lv_snapshot_take.

9.1. Snapshot 815

uint32_t lv_snapshot_buf_size_needed(lv_obj_t*obj, lv_img_cf_t cf)

Get the buffer needed for object snapshot image.

Parameters

- **obj** -- The object to generate snapshot.
- **cf** -- color format for generated image.

Returns the buffer size needed in bytes

Take snapshot for object with its children, save image info to provided buffer.

Parameters

- **obj** -- The object to generate snapshot.
- **cf** -- color format for generated image.
- **dsc** -- image descriptor to store the image result.
- **buff** -- the buffer to store image data.
- **buff** size -- provided buffer size in bytes.

Returns LV_RES_OK on success, LV_RES_INV on error.

9.2 Monkey

A simple monkey test. Use random input to stress test the application.

9.2.1 **Usage**

Enable LV USE MONKEY in lv conf.h.

First configure monkey, use <code>lv_monkey_config_t</code> to define the configuration structure, set the <code>type</code> (check <code>input devices</code> for the supported types), and then set the range of <code>period_range</code> and <code>input_range</code>, the monkey will output random operations at random times within this range. Call <code>lv_monkey_create</code> to create monkey. Finally call <code>lv_monkey_set_enable(monkey, true)</code> to enable monkey.

If you want to pause the monkey, call lv_monkey_set_enable(monkey, false). To delete the monkey, call lv monkey del(monkey).

Note that input range has different meanings in different type:

- LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER No effect, click randomly within the pixels of the screen resolution.
- LV_INDEV_TYPE_ENCODER The minimum and maximum values of enc_diff.
- LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON The minimum and maximum values of btn_id. Use lv_monkey_get_indev() to get the input device, and use lv_indev_set_button_points() to map the key ID to the coordinates.
- LV INDEV TYPE KEYPAD No effect, Send random Keys.

9.2.2 Example

Touchpad monkey example

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MONKEY && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_monkey_1(void)
{
    /*Create pointer monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_config_t config;
    lv_monkey_config_init(&config);
    config.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER;
    config.period_range.min = 10;
    config.period_range.max = 100;
    lv_monkey_t * monkey = lv_monkey_create(&config);

/*Start monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_set_enable(monkey, true);
}
#endif
```

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
→monkey/lv_example_monkey_1.py

Encoder monkey example

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE MONKEY && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
void lv example monkey 2(void)
    /*Create encoder monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_config_t config;
    lv monkey config init(&config);
    config.type = LV INDEV TYPE ENCODER;
    config.period range.min = 50;
    config.period range.max = 500;
    config.input_range.min = -5;
    config.input_range.max = 5;
    lv monkey t * monkey = lv monkey create(&config);
   /*Set the default group*/
   lv_group_t * group = lv_group_create();
   lv_indev_set_group(lv_monkey_get_indev(monkey), group);
    lv_group_set_default(group);
    /*Start monkey test*/
    lv monkey set enable(monkey, true);
}
#endif
```

```
Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/

→monkey/lv_example_monkey_2.py
```

Button monkey example

```
#include "../../lv examples.h"
#if LV USE MONKEY && LV BUILD EXAMPLES
void lv example monkey 3(void)
    static lv point t btn points[3];
    lv_coord_t hor_res = LV_HOR_RES;
    /*Create button monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_config_t config;
    lv_monkey_config_init(&config);
    config.type = LV INDEV TYPE BUTTON;
    config.period_range.min = 50;
    config.period range.max = 500;
    config.input_range.min = 0;
    config.input_range.max = sizeof(btn_points) / sizeof(lv_point_t) - 1;
    lv monkey t * monkey = lv monkey create(&config);
    /*Set the coordinates bound to the button*/
    btn_points[0].x = hor_res / 4;
    btn_points[0].y = 10;
    btn_points[1].x = hor_res / 2;
    btn_points[1].y = 10;
    btn_points[2].x = hor_res * 3 / 4;
   btn_points[2].y = 10;
   lv_indev_set_button_points(lv_monkey_get_indev(monkey), btn_points);
    /*Start monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_set_enable(monkey, true);
}
#endif
```

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/

→monkey/lv_example_monkey_3.py

9.2.3 API

Typedefs

typedef struct _lv_monkey lv monkey t

Functions

```
void lv_monkey_config_init(lv_monkey_config_t *config)
     Initialize a monkey config with default values
          Parameters config -- pointer to 'lv monkey config t' variable to initialize
lv_monkey_t *lv_monkey_create(const lv_monkey_config_t *config)
     Create monkey for test
          Parameters config -- pointer to 'lv_monkey_config_t' variable
          Returns pointer to the created monkey
lv_indev_t *lv_monkey_get_indev(lv_monkey_t *monkey)
     Get monkey input device
          Parameters monkey -- pointer to a monkey
          Returns pointer to the input device
void lv monkey set enable(lv_monkey_t *monkey, bool en)
     Enable monkey
          Parameters
                • monkey -- pointer to a monkey
                • en -- set to true to enable
bool lv monkey get enable(lv monkey t *monkey)
     Get whether monkey is enabled
          Parameters monkey -- pointer to a monkey
          Returns return true if monkey enabled
void lv monkey set user data(lv_monkey_t *monkey, void *user_data)
     Set the user_data field of the monkey
          Parameters
                • monkey -- pointer to a monkey
                • user_data -- pointer to the new user_data.
void *lv_monkey_get_user_data(lv_monkey_t *monkey)
     Get the user_data field of the monkey
          Parameters monkey -- pointer to a monkey
          Returns the pointer to the user_data of the monkey
void lv_monkey_del(lv_monkey_t *monkey)
     Delete monkey
          Parameters monkey -- pointer to monkey
struct lv_monkey_config_t
```

Public Members

9.3 Grid navigation

Grid navigation (gridnav for short) is a feature that changes the currently focused child object as arrow keys are pressed.

If the children are arranged into a grid-like layout then the up, down, left and right arrows move focus to the nearest sibling in the respective direction.

It doesn't matter how the children are positioned, as only the current x and y coordinates are considered. This means that gridnav works with manually positioned children, as well as Flex and Grid layouts.

Gridnav also works if the children are arranged into a single row or column. That makes it useful, for example, to simplify navigation on a List widget.

Gridnav assumes that the object to which gridnav is added is part of a group. This way, if the object with gridnav is focused, the arrow key presses are automatically forwarded to the object so that gridnav can process the arrow keys.

To move the focus to the next widget of the group use LV_KEY_NEXT/PREV or lv_group_focus_next/prev() or the TAB key on keyboard as usual.

If the container is scrollable and the focused child is out of the view, gridnav will automatically scroll the child into view.

9.3.1 Usage

To add the gridnay feature to an object use ly gridnay add(cont, flags).

flags control the behavior of gridnav:

- LV_GRIDNAV_CTRL_NONE Default settings
- LV_GRIDNAV_CTRL_ROLLOVER If there is no next/previous object in a direction, the focus goes to the object in the next/previous row (on left/right keys) or first/last row (on up/down keys
- LV_GRIDNAV_CTRL_SCROLL_FIRST If an arrow is pressed and the focused object can be scrolled in that direction then it will be scrolled instead of going to the next/previous object. If there is no more room for scrolling the next/previous object will be focused normally

lv_gridnav_remove(cont) Removes gridnav from an object.

9.3.2 Focusable objects

An object needs to be clickable or click focusable (LV_0BJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE or LV_0BJ_FLAG_CLICK_FOCUSABLE) and not hidden (LV_0BJ_FLAG_HIDDEN) to be focusable by gridnav.

9.3.3 Example

Basic grid navigation

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
→monkey/lv_example_gridnav_1.c

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/

→monkey/lv_example_gridnav_1.py

Grid navigation on a list

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
→monkey/lv_example_gridnav_2.c

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
-monkey/lv_example_gridnav_2.py

Nested grid navigations

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/

→monkey/lv_example_gridanav_3.c

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/

→monkey/lv_example_gridanav_3.py

9.3.4 API

Typedefs

typedef int _keep_pedantic_happy

Enums

enum lv_gridnav_ctrl_t

Values:

enumerator LV_GRIDNAV_CTRL_NONE

enumerator LV GRIDNAV CTRL ROLLOVER

If there is no next/previous object in a direction, the focus goes to the object in the next/previous row (on left/right keys) or first/last row (on up/down keys)

enumerator LV GRIDNAV CTRL SCROLL FIRST

If an arrow is pressed and the focused object can be scrolled in that direction then it will be scrolled instead of going to the next/previous object. If there is no more room for scrolling the next/previous object will be focused normally

Functions

void lv_gridnav_add(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_gridnav_ctrl_t ctrl)

Add grid navigation feature to an object. It expects the children to be arranged into a grid-like layout. Although it's not required to have pixel perfect alignment. This feature makes possible to use keys to navigate among the children and focus them. The keys other than arrows and press/release related events are forwarded to the focused child.

Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object on which navigation should be applied.
- ctrl -- control flags from lv gridnav ctrl t.

void lv_gridnav_remove(lv_obj_t *obj)

Remove the grid navigation support from an object

Parameters obj -- pointer to an object

CONTRIBUTING

10.1 Introduction

Join LVGL's community and leave your footprint in the library!

There are a lot of ways to contribute to LVGL even if you are new to the library or even new to programming.

It might be scary to make the first step but you have nothing to be afraid of. A friendly and helpful community is waiting for you. Get to know like-minded people and make something great together.

So let's find which contribution option fits you the best and help you join the development of LVGL!

Before getting started here are some guidelines to make contribution smoother:

- Be kind and friendly.
- Be sure to read the relevant part of the documentation before posting a question.
- · Ask questions in the Forum and use GitHub for development-related discussions.
- Always fill out the post or issue templates in the Forum or GitHub (or at least provide equivalent information). It
 makes understanding your contribution or issue easier and you will get a useful response faster.
- If possible send an absolute minimal but buildable code example in order to reproduce the issue. Be sure it contains all the required variable declarations, constants, and assets (images, fonts).
- Use Markdown to format your posts. You can learn it in 10 minutes.
- Speak about one thing in one issue or topic. It makes your post easier to find later for someone with the same question.
- Give feedback and close the issue or mark the topic as solved if your question is answered.
- For non-trivial fixes and features, it's better to open an issue first to discuss the details instead of sending a pull request directly.
- Please read and follow the Coding style guide.

10.2 Pull request

Merging new code into the lvgl, documentation, blog, examples, and other repositories happen via *Pull requests* (PR for short). A PR is a notification like "Hey, I made some updates to your project. Here are the changes, you can add them if you want." To do this you need a copy (called fork) of the original project under your account, make some changes there, and notify the original repository about your updates. You can see what it looks like on GitHub for LVGL here: https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl/pulls.

To add your changes you can edit files online on GitHub and send a new Pull request from there (recommended for small changes) or add the updates in your favorite editor/IDE and use git to publish the changes (recommended for more complex updates).

10.2.1 From GitHub

- 1. Navigate to the file you want to edit.
- 2. Click the Edit button in the top right-hand corner.
- 3. Add your changes to the file.
- 4. Add a commit message on the bottom of the page.
- 5. Click the *Propose changes* button.

10.2.2 From command line

The instructions describe the main lvgl repository but it works the same way for the other repositories.

- 1. Fork the lvgl repository. To do this click the "Fork" button in the top right corner. It will "copy" the lvgl repository to your GitHub account (https://github.com/<YOUR NAME>?tab=repositories)
- 2. Clone your forked repository.
- 3. Add your changes. You can create a *feature branch* from *master* for the updates: git checkout -b the-new-feature
- 4. Commit and push your changes to the forked lvgl repository.
- 5. Create a PR on GitHub from the page of your lvgl repository (https://github.com/<YOUR_NAME>/ lvgl) by clicking the "New pull request" button. Don't forget to select the branch where you added your changes.
- 6. Set the base branch. It means where you want to merge your update. In the lvgl repo both the fixes and new features go to master branch.
- 7. Describe what is in the update. An example code is welcome if applicable.
- 8. If you need to make more changes, just update your forked lvgl repo with new commits. They will automatically appear in the PR.

10.2. Pull request 824

10.2.3 Commit message format

The commit messages format is inspired by Angular Commit Format.

The following structure should be used:

```
<type>(<scope>): <subject>
<BLANK LINE>
<body>
<BLANK LINE>
<footer>
```

Possible <type>s:

- fix bugfix in the source code.
- feat new feature
- arch architectural changes
- perf changes that affect the performance
- example anything related to examples (even fixes and new examples)
- docs anything related to the documentation (even fixes, formatting, and new pages)
- test anything related to tests (new and updated tests or CI actions)
- Chore any minor formatting or style changes that would make the changelog noisy

<scope> is the module, file, or sub-system that is affected by the commit. It's usually one word and can be chosen freely.
For example img, layout, txt, anim. The scope can be omitted.

<subject> contains a short description of the change:

- use the imperative, present tense: "change" not "changed" nor "changes"
- don't capitalize the first letter
- no dot (.) at the end
- max 90 characters

<footer> shall contain

- the words "BREAKING CHANGE" if the changes break the API
- reference to the GitHub issue or Pull Request if applicable.

Some examples:

```
fix(img): update size if a new source is set
```

```
fix(bar): fix memory leak

The animations weren't deleted in the destructor.

Fixes: #1234
```

```
feat: add span widget

The span widget allows mixing different font sizes, colors and styles.

It's similar to HTML <span>
```

10.2. Pull request 825

docs(porting): fix typo

10.3 Developer Certification of Origin (DCO)

10.3.1 Overview

To ensure all licensing criteria are met for every repository of the LVGL project, we apply a process called DCO (Developer's Certificate of Origin).

The text of DCO can be read here: https://developercertificate.org/.

By contributing to any repositories of the LVGL project you agree that your contribution complies with the DCO.

If your contribution fulfills the requirements of the DCO no further action is needed. If you are unsure feel free to ask us in a comment.

10.3.2 Accepted licenses and copyright notices

To make the DCO easier to digest, here are some practical guides about specific cases:

Your own work

The simplest case is when the contribution is solely your own work. In this case you can just send a Pull Request without worrying about any licensing issues.

Use code from online source

If the code you would like to add is based on an article, post or comment on a website (e.g. StackOverflow) the license and/or rules of that site should be followed.

For example in case of StackOverflow a notice like this can be used:

```
/* The original version of this code-snippet was published on StackOverflow.
* Post: http://stackoverflow.com/questions/12345
* Author: http://stackoverflow.com/users/12345/username
* The following parts of the snippet were changed:
* - Check this or that
* - Optimize performance here and there
*/
... code snippet here ...
```

Use MIT licensed code

As LVGL is MIT licensed, other MIT licensed code can be integrated without issues. The MIT license requires a copyright notice be added to the derived work. Any derivative work based on MIT licensed code must copy the original work's license file or text.

Use GPL licensed code

The GPL license is not compatible with the MIT license. Therefore, LVGL can not accept GPL licensed code.

10.4 Ways to contribute

Even if you're just getting started with LVGL there are plenty of ways to get your feet wet. Most of these options don't even require knowing a single line of LVGL code.

Below we have collected some opportunities about the ways you can contribute to LVGL.

10.4.1 Give LVGL a Star

Show that you like LVGL by giving it star on GitHub!

Star

This simple click makes LVGL more visible on GitHub and makes it more attractive to other people. So with this, you already helped a lot!

10.4.2 Tell what you have achieved

Have you already started using LVGL in a *Simulator*, a development board, or on your custom hardware? Was it easy or were there some obstacles? Are you happy with the result? Showing your project to others is a win-win situation because it increases your and LVGL's reputation at the same time.

You can post about your project on Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, create a YouTube video, and so on. Only one thing: On social media don't forget to add a link to https://lvgl.io or https://github.com/lvgl and use the hashtag #lvgl. Thank you! :)

You can also open a new topic in the My projects category of the Forum.

The LVGL Blog welcomes posts from anyone. It's a good place to talk about a project you created with LVGL, write a tutorial, or share some nice tricks. The latest blog posts are shown on the homepage of LVGL to make your work more visible.

The blog is hosted on GitHub. If you add a post GitHub automatically turns it into a website. See the README of the blog repo to see how to add your post.

Any of these help to spread the word and familiarize new developers with LVGL.

If you don't want to speak about your project publicly, feel free to use Contact form on lvgl.io to private message to us.

10.4.3 Write examples

As you learn LVGL you will probably play with the features of widgets. Why not publish your experiments?

Each widgets' documentation contains examples. For instance, here are the examples of the Drop-down list widget. The examples are directly loaded from the lvgl/examples folder.

So all you need to do is send a *Pull request* to the lvgl repository and follow some conventions:

- Name the examples like lv example <widget name> <index>.
- Make the example as short and simple as possible.
- Add comments to explain what the example does.
- Use 320x240 resolution.
- Update index.rst in the example's folder with your new example. To see how other examples are added, look in the lvgl/examples/widgets folder.

10.4.4 Improve the docs

As you read the documentation you might see some typos or unclear sentences. All the documentation is located in the lvgl/docs folder. For typos and straightforward fixes, you can simply edit the file on GitHub.

Note that the documentation is also formatted in Markdown.

10.4.5 Report bugs

As you use LVGL you might find bugs. Before reporting them be sure to check the relevant parts of the documentation.

If it really seems like a bug feel free to open an issue on GitHub.

When filing the issue be sure to fill out the template. It helps find the root of the problem while avoiding extensive questions and exchanges with other developers.

10.4.6 Send fixes

The beauty of open-source software is you can easily dig in to it to understand how it works. You can also fix or adjust it as you wish.

If you found and fixed a bug don't hesitate to send a *Pull request* with the fix.

In your Pull request please also add a line to CHANGELOG. md.

10.4.7 Join the conversations in the Forum

It feels great to know you are not alone if something is not working. It's even better to help others when they struggle with something.

While you were learning LVGL you might have had questions and used the Forum to get answers. As a result, you probably have more knowledge about how LVGL works.

One of the best ways to give back is to use the Forum and answer the questions of newcomers - like you were once.

Just read the titles and if you are familiar with the topic don't hesitate to share your thoughts and suggestions.

Participating in the discussions is one of the best ways to become part of the project and get to know like-minded people!

10.4.8 Add features

If you have created a cool widget, or added useful feature to LVGL feel free to open a new PR for it. We collect the optional features (a.k.a. plugins) in lvgl/src/extra folder so if you are interested in adding a new features please use this folder. The README file describes the basics rules of contribution and also lists some ideas.

For further ideas take a look at the *Roadmap* page. If you are interested in any of them feel free to share your opinion and/or participate in the implementation.

Other features which are (still) not on the road map are listed in the Feature request category of the Forum.

When adding a new features the followings also needs to be updated:

- Update ly conf template.h
- Add description in the docs
- Add examples
- Update the changelog

10.4.9 Become a maintainer

If you want to become part of the core development team, you can become a maintainer of a repository.

By becoming a maintainer:

- You get write access to that repo:
 - Add code directly without sending a pull request
 - Accept pull requests
 - Close/reopen/edit issues
- Your input has higher impact when we are making decisions

You can become a maintainer by invitation, however the following conditions need to met

- 1. Have > 50 replies in the Forum. You can look at your stats here
- 2. Send > 5 non-trivial pull requests to the repo where you would like to be a maintainer

If you are interested, just send a message (e.g. from the Forum) to the current maintainers of the repository. They will check if the prerequisites are met. Note that meeting the prerequisites is not a guarantee of acceptance, i.e. if the conditions are met you won't automatically become a maintainer. It's up to the current maintainers to make the decision.

10.4.10 Move your project repository under LVGL organization

Besides the core lvgl repository there are other repos for ports to development boards, IDEs or other environment. If you ported LVGL to a new platform we can host it under the LVGL organization among the other repos.

This way your project will become part of the whole LVGL project and can get more visibility. If you are interested in this opportunity just open an issue in lvgl repo and tell what you have!

If we agree that your port fit well into the LVGL organization, we will open a repository for your project where you will have admin rights.

To make this concept sustainable there a few rules to follow:

- You need to add a README to your repo.
- We expect to maintain the repo to some extent:

- Follow at least the major versions of LVGL
- Respond to the issues (in a reasonable time)
- If there is no activity in a repo for 1 year it will be archived

CHAPTER

ELEVEN

CHANGELOG

11.1 v8.1.0 10 November 2021

11.1.1 Overview

v8.1 is minor release so besides many fixes it contains a lot of new features too.

Some of the most important features are

- · Built in support for SDL based GPU drawing
- · Much faster circle drawing in the software renderer
- Several 3rd party libraries are merged directly into LVGL.
- · Add LVGL as an RT-Thread and ESP32 component

11.1.2 Breaking Changes

• :warning: feat(calendar): add the header directly into the calendar widget 2e08f80

11.1.3 Architectural

arch add small 3rd party libs to lvgl 2569

11.1.4 New Features

- feat(display) add direct_mode drawing mode 2460
- feat(conf): make LV_MEM_BUF_MAX_NUM configurable 2747
- feat(disp): add non-fullscreen display utilities 2724
- feat(rlottie) add LVGL-Rlottie interface as 3rd party lib 2700
- feat(rtthread): prepare for porting the device-driver of rt-thread 2719
- feat(fsdrv) add driver based on Win32 API 2701
- feat(span) indent supports percent for fix and break mode 2693
- feat(rt-thread): implement rt-thread sconscirpt 2674
- feat(lv_spinbox) support both right-to-left and left-to-right digit steps when clicking encoder button 2644

- feat add support for rt-thread RTOS 2660
- feat(disp): Enable rendering to display subsection 2583
- feat(keyboard): add user-defined modes 2651
- feat(event) add LV_EVENT_CHILD_CREATED/DELETED 2618
- feat(btnmatrix/keyboard): add option to show popovers on button press 2537
- feat(msgbox) add a content area for custom content 2561
- feat(tests): Include debug information to test builds 2568
- feat(drawing) hardware accelerated rendering by SDL2 2484
- feat(msgbox): omit title label unless needed 2539
- feat(msgbox): add function to get selected button index 2538
- feat(make) add lvgl interface target for micropython 2529
- feat(obj) add lv_obj_move_to_index(obj, index), renamed lv_obj_get_child_id(obj) to lv_obj_get_index(obj)
 2514
- feat(obj) add lv_obj_swap() function 2461
- feat(mem) LV_MEM_POOL_ALLOC 2458
- feat(switch) add smooth animation when changing state 2442
- feat(anim) add interface for handling ly anim user data. 2415
- feat(obj) add lv_is_initialized 2402
- feat(obj) Backport keypad and encoder scrolling from v7 lv page to v8 lv obj 2390
- feat(snapshot) add API to take snapshot for object 2353
- feat(anim) add anim timeline 2309
- feat(span) Add missing spangroup functions 2379
- feat(img) add img_size property 2284
- feat(calendar) improve MicroPython example 2366
- feat(spinbox) add function to set cursor to specific position 2314
- feat(timer) check if lv_tick_inc is called aa6641a
- feat(event, widgets) improve the paramter of LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN/END 88c4859
- feat(docs) improvements to examples 4b8c73a
- feat(obj) send LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN/END for MAIN and SCROLLBAR parts b203167
- feat(led) send LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN/END fcd4aa3
- feat(chart) send LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN/END before/after the division line drawing section.
 e0ae2aa
- feat(tests) upload coverage to codecov 4fff99d
- feat(conf) add better check for Kconfig default f8fe536
- feat(draw) add LV_BLEND_MODE_MULTIPLY cc78ef4
- feat(test) add assert for screenshot compare 2f7a005
- feat(event) pass the scroll aniamtion to LV EVENT SCROLL BEGIN ca54ecf

- feat(obj) place the scrollbar to the left with RTL base dir. 906448e
- feat(log) allow overwriting LV_LOG_... macros 17b8a76
- feat(arc) add support to LV_OBJ_FLAG_ADV_HITTEST dfa4f5c
- feat(event) add LV_SCREEN_(UN)LOAD_START 7bae9e3
- feat(obj) add lv_obj_del_delayed() c6a2e15
- feat(docs) add view on GitHub link a716ac6
- feat(event) add LV_EVENT_SCREEN_LOADED/UNLOADED events ee5369e
- feat(textarea) remove the need of lv_textarea_set_align 56ebb1a
- feat(rt-thread): support LVGL projects with GCC/Keil(AC5)/Keil(AC6)/IAR 32d33fe
- feat(docs) lazy load individual examples as well 918d948
- feat: add LV_USE_MEM_PERF/MONITOR_POS acd0f4f
- feat(canvas) add lv_canvas_set_px_opa b3b3ffc
- feat(event) add lv_obj_remove_event_cb_with_user_data 4eddeb3
- feat(obj) add lv obj get x/y aligned 98bc1fe

11.1.5 Performance

- perf(draw) reimplement circle drawing algorithms 2374
- perf(anim_timeline) add lv_anim_timeline_stop() 2411
- perf(obj) remove lv_obj_get_child_cnt from cycle limit checks ebb9ce9
- perf(draw) reimplement rectangle drawing algorithms 5b3d3dc
- perf(draw) ignore masks if they don't affect the current draw area a842791
- perf(refresh) optimize where to wait for ly_disp_flush_ready with 2 buffers d0172f1
- perf(draw) speed up additive blending 3abe517

11.1.6 Fixes

- fix(bidi): add weak characters to the previous strong character's run 2777
- fix(draw_img): radius mask doesn't work in specific condition 2786
- fix(border_post): ignore bg_img_opa draw when draw border_post 2788
- fix(refresh) switch to portable format specifiers 2781
- fix(stm32) Mark unused variable in stm32 DMA2D driver 2782
- fix(conf): Make LV_COLOR_MIX_ROUND_OFS configurable 2766
- fix(misc): correct the comment and code style 2769
- fix(draw_map) use existing variables instead function calls 2776
- fix(draw_img): fix typos in API comments 2773
- fix(draw_img):radius Mask doesn't work in Specific condition 2775
- fix(proto) Remove redundant prototype declarations 2771

- fix(conf) better support bool option from Kconfign 2555
- fix(draw_border):draw error if radius == 0 and parent clip_corner == true 2764
- fix(msgbox) add declaration for lv_msgbox_content_class 2761
- fix(core) add L suffix to enums to ensure 16-bit compatibility 2760
- fix(anim): add lv_anim_get_playtime 2745
- fix(area) minor fixes 2749
- fix(mem): ALIGN_MASK should equal 0x3 on 32bit platform 2748
- fix(template) prototype error 2755
- fix(anim): remove time_orig from lv_anim_t 2744
- fix(draw_rect):bottom border lost if enable clip_corner 2742
- fix(anim) and improvement 2738
- fix(draw border):border draw error if border width > radius 2739
- fix(fsdrv): remove the seek call in fs_open 2736
- fix(fsdrv): skip the path format if LV FS xxx PATH not defined 2726
- fix: mark unused variable with LV_UNUSED(xxx) instead of (void)xxx 2734
- fix(fsdrv): fix typo error in commit 752fba34f677ad73aee 2732
- fix(fsdrv): return error in case of the read/write failure 2729
- fix(refr) silence compiler warning due to integer type mismatch 2722
- fix(fs): fix the off-by-one error in the path function 2725
- fix(timer): remove the code duplication in lv_timer_exec 2708
- fix(async): remove the wrong comment from lv_async_call 2707
- fix(kconfig): change CONFIG_LV_THEME_DEFAULT_FONT to CONFIG_LV_FONT_DEFAULT 2703
- fix add MP support for LVGL 3rd party libraries 2666
- fix(png) memory leak for sjpg and use lv_mem_... in lv_png 2704
- fix(gif) unified whence and remove off t 2690
- fix(rt-thread): include the rt-thread configuration header file 2692
- fix(rt-thread): fix the ci error 2691
- fix(fsdrv) minor fs issue 2682
- fix(hal) fix typos and wording in docs for lv_hal_indev.h 2685
- fix(hal tick): add precompile !LV_TICK_CUSTOM for global variables and lv_tick_inc() 2675
- fix(anim_timeline) avoid calling lv_anim_del(NULL, NULL) 2628
- fix(kconfig) sync Kconfig with the latest lv_conf_template.h 2662
- fix(log) reduce the stack usage in log function 2649
- fix(conf) make a better style alignment in lv_conf_internal.h 2652
- fix(span) eliminate warning in lv_get_snippet_cnt() 2659
- fix(config): remove the nonexistent Kconfig 2654

- fix(Kconfig): add LV_MEM_ADDR config 2653
- fix(log): replace printf with fwrite to save the stack size 2655
- fix typos 2634
- fix LV_FORMAT_ATTRIBUTE fix for gnu > 4.4 2631
- fix(meter) make lv_meter_indicator_type_t of type uint8_t 2632
- fix(span):crash if span->txt = "" 2616
- fix(disp) set default theme also for non-default displays 2596
- fix(label):LONG_DOT mode crash if text Utf-8 encode > 1 2591
- fix(example) in lv_example_scroll_3.py float_btn should only be created once 2602
- fix lv_deinit when LV_USE_GPU_SDL is enabled 2598
- fix add missing LV_ASSERT_OBJ checks 2575
- fix(lv_conf_internal_gen.py) formatting fixes on the generated file 2542
- fix(span) opa bug 2584
- fix(snapshot) snapshot is affected by parent's style because of wrong coords 2579
- fix(label):make draw area contain ext_draw_size 2587
- fix(btnmatrix): make ORed values work correctly with lv_btnmatrix_has_btn_ctrl 2571
- fix compiling of examples when cmake is used 2572
- fix(lv_textarea) fix crash while delete non-ascii character in pwd mode 2549
- fix(lv_log.h): remove the duplicated semicolon from LV_LOG_xxx 2544
- fix(zoom) multiplication overflow on 16-bit platforms 2536
- fix(printf) use __has_include for more accurate limits information 2532
- fix(font) add assert in lv_font.c if the font is NULL 2533
- fix(lv_types.h): remove c/c++ compiler version check 2525
- fix(lv_utils.c): remove the unneeded header inclusion 2526
- fix(Kconfig) fix the comment in LV THEME DEFAULT DARK 2524
- fix(sprintf) add format string for rp2 port 2512
- fix(span) fix some bugs (overflow,decor,align) 2518
- fix(color) Bad cast in ly color mix() caused UB with 16bpp or less 2509
- fix(imgbtn) displayed incorrect when the coordinate is negative 2501
- fix(event) be sure to move all elements in copy "lv_obj_remove_event_cb" 2492
- fix(draw) use correct pointer in lv_draw_mask assertion 2483
- feat(mem) LV_MEM_POOL_ALLOC 2458
- fix(cmake) require 'main' for Micropython 2444
- fix(docs) add static keyword to driver declaration 2452
- fix(build) remove main component dependency 2420
- fix circle drawing algorithms 2413

- fix(docs) wrong spelling of words in pictures 2409
- fix(chart) fixed point-following cursor during vertical scroll in charts 2400
- fix(chart) fixed cursor positioning with large Y rescaling without LV_USE_LARGE_COORD 2399
- fix(grid.h) typos 2395
- fix(anim_timeline) heap use after free 2394
- fix(snapshot) add missing import on MicroPython example 2389
- fix(disp) Fix assert failure in lv_disp_remove 2382
- fix(span) modify the underline position 2376
- fix(color) remove extraneous _LV_COLOR_MAKE_TYPE_HELPER 2372
- fix(spinner) should not be clickable 2373
- fix(workflow) silence SDL warning for MicroPython 2367
- fix (span) fill LV_EVENT_GET_SELF_SIZE 2360
- fix(workflow) change MicroPython workflow to use master 2358
- fix(disp) fix memory leak in lv_disp_remove 2355
- fix(lv_obj.h)typos 2350
- fix(obj) delete useless type conversion 2343
- fix(lv_obj_scroll.h) typos 2345
- fix(txt) enhance the function of break_chars 2327
- fix(vglite): update for v8 e3e3eea
- fix(widgets) use ly obj class for all the widgets 3fb8baf
- fix(refr) reduce the nesting level in lv_refr_area 2df1282
- fix(pxp): update for v8 8a2a4a1
- fix(obj) move clean ups from lv_obj_del to lv_obj_destructor b063937
- fix (draw) fix arc bg image drawing with full arcs c3b6c6d
- fix(pxp): update RTOS macro for SDK 2.10 00c3eb1
- fix(textarea) style update in oneline mode + improve sroll to cursor 60d9a5e
- feat(led) send LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN/END fcd4aa3
- fix warnigs introduced by 3fb8baf5 e302403
- fix(roller) fix partial redraw of the selected area 6bc40f8
- fix(flex) fix layout update and invalidation issues 5bd82b0
- fix(indev) focus on objects on release instead of press 76a8293
- fix tests 449952e
- fix(dropdown) forget the selected option on encoder longpress e66b935
- fix(obj) improve how the focusing indev is determined a04f2de
- fix(workflow) speed up MicroPython workflow 38ad5d5
- fix(test) do not including anything in test files when not running tests 9043860

- fix tests 36b9db3
- fix(scroll) fire LV EVENT SCROLL BEGIN in the same spot for both axes b158932
- fix(btnmatrix) fix button invalidation on focus change 77cedfa
- fix(tlsf) do not use <assert.h> c9745b9
- fix(template) include lvgl.h in lv_port_*_template.c files 0ae15bd
- fix(docs) add margin for example description b5f632e
- fix(imgbtn) use the correct src in LV_EVENT_GET_SELF_SIZE 04c515a
- fix(color) remove extraneous cast for 8-bit color 157534c
- fix(workflow) use same Unix port variant for MicroPython submodules ac68b10
- fix(README) improve grammar de81889
- fix(printf) skip defining attribute if pycparser is used ee9bbea
- fix(README) spelling correction 41869f2
- fix(color) overflow with 16 bit color depth fe6d8d7
- fix(docs) consider an example to be visible over a wider area 145a0fa
- fix(codecov) disable uploading coverage for pull requests 27d88de
- fix(arc) disable LV OBJ FLAG SCROLL CHAIN by default f172eb3
- fix(template) updpate ly objx template to v8 38bb8af
- fix(align) avoid circular references with LV_SIZE_CONTENT 038b781
- fix(draw) with additive blending with 32 bit color depth 786db2a
- fix(arc) fix arc invalidation again 5ced080
- fix(align) fix lv_obj_align_to 93b38e9
- fix(scroll) keep the scroll position on object deleted 52edbb4
- fix(dropdown) handle LV_KEY_ENTER 8a50edd
- fix various minor warnings 924bc75
- fix(textarea) various cursor darwing fixes 273a0eb
- fix(label) consider base dir lv_label_get_letter_pos in special cases 6df5122
- fix(imgbtn) add lv_imgbtn_set_state 26e15fa
- fix(printf) add (int) casts to log messages to avoid warnings on %d d9d3f27
- fix(test) silence make 7610d38
- fix(test) silence make 37fd9d8
- fix(calendar) update the MP example 0bab4a7
- fix(scroll) fix scroll_area_into_view with objects larger than the parent 5240fdd
- fix(msgbox) handle NULL btn map paramter 769c4a3
- fix (scroll) do not send unnecessary scroll end events 3ce5226
- fix(obj_pos) consider all alignments in contnt size calculation but only if x and y = 0 5b27ebb
- fix(img decoder) add error handling if the dsc->data = NULL d0c1c67

- fix(txt): skip basic arabic vowel characters when processing conjunction 5b54800
- fix(typo) rename LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPABLE to LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE e697807
- fix(lv_printf.h): to eliminate the errors in Keil and IAR f6d7dc7
- fix(draw) fix horizontal gradient drawing 4c034e5
- fix(dropdown) use LV_EVENT_READY/CANCEL on list open/close 4dd1d56
- fix(table) clip overflowing content 8c15933
- fix(test) add #if guard to exclude test related files from the build c12a22e
- fix(test) add #if guard to exclude test related files from the build fc364a4
- fix(freetype) fix underline calculation 76c8ee6
- fix(style) refresh ext. draw pad for padding and bg img 37a5d0c
- fix(draw) underflow in subpixel font drawing 6d5ac70
- fix(scrollbar) hide the scrollbar if the scrollble flag is removed 188a946
- fix(color): minor fixes(#2767) a4978d0
- fix(group) skip object if an of the parents is hidden 5799c10
- fix(obj) fix size invalidation issue on padding change 33ba722
- fix(label) do not bidi process text in ly label ins text e95efc1
- fix(refr) set disp_drv->draw_buf->flushing_last correctly with sw rotation c514bdd
- fix(draw) fix drawing small arcs 8081599
- fix(chart) invalidation with LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_SHIFT d61617c
- fix(build) fix micropython build error 54338f6
- fix(draw) fix border width of simple (radius=0, no masking) borders 20f1867
- fix(calendar) fix calculation today and highlighted day 8f0b5ab
- fix(style) initialize colors to black instead of zero 524f8dd
- fix(sjpg) remove unnecessary typedefs c2d93f7
- fix(label) fix clipped italic letters 2efa6dc
- fix(draw) shadow drawing with large shadow width f810265
- fix(dropdown) add missing invalidations 33b5d4a
- fix(dropdown) adjust the handling of keys sent to the dropdown e41c507
- fix(disp) be sure the pending scr load animation is finished in lv_scr_load_anim eb6ae52
- fix(color) fox color premult precision with 16 bit color depth f334226
- fix(obj_pos) save x,y even if the object is on a layout a9b660c
- fix(scrollbar) hide the scrollbar if the scrollable flag is removed d9c6ad0
- fix(dropdown) fix list position with RTL base direction 79edb37
- fix(obj) fix lv_obj_align_to with RTL base direction 531afcc
- fix(chart) fix sending LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN/END for the cursor 34b8cd9
- fix(arduino) fix the prototype of my touchpad read in the LVGL Arduino.ino 1a62f7a

- fix(checkbox) consider the bg border when positioning the indicator a39dac9
- fix(dropdown) send LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED to allow styling of the list dae7039
- fix(group) fix infinite loop bdce0bc
- fix(keyboard) use LVGL heap functions instead of POSIX b20a706
- fix(blend) fix green channel with additive blending 78158f0
- fix(btnmatrix) do not show pressed, focused or focus key states on disabled buttons 3df2a74
- fix(font) handle the last pixel of the glyphs in font loader correctly fa98989
- fix(table) fix an off-by-one issue in self size calculation ea2545a
- fix shadowed variable e209260
- fix shadowed variable df60018
- fix(chart) be sure the chart doesn't remain scrolled out on zoom out ad5b1bd
- fix(docs) commit to meta repo as lygl-bot instead of actual commit author f0e8549
- fix(table) invalidate the table on cell value change cb3692e
- fix(group) allow refocusing objects 1520208
- fix(tabview) fix with left and right tabs 17c5744
- fix(msgbox) create modals on top layer instead of act screen 5cf6303
- fix(theme) show disabled state on buttons of btnmatrix, msgbox and kayboard 0be582b
- fix(label) update lv_label_get_letter_pos to work with LV_BASE_DIR_AUTO too 580e05a
- fix(label) fix in lv_label_get_letter_pos with when pos==line_start 58f3f56
- fix(gif) replace printf statement with LVGL logging 56f62b8
- fix(docs) add fsdrv back 64527a5
- fix(table) remove unnecessary invalidation on pressing 6f90f9c
- fix(chart) draw line chart indicator (bullet) fba37a3
- fix(anim) return the first anim if exec_cb is NULL in lv_anim_get() fb7ea10
- fix(label) fix ly label get letter on with BIDI enabled 192419e
- fix(checkbox) add missing invalidations bb39e9d
- fix(draw) fix gradient calculation of the rectangle is clipped 13e3470
- fix(chart) fix typo in 655f42b8 6118d63
- fix(example) fix lv_example_chart_2 89081c2
- fix(calendar) fix the position calculation today ad05e19
- fix(tick) minor optimization on lv_tick_inc call test b4305df
- fix(docs) use let instead of const for variable which gets changed 3cf5751
- fix(theme) fix the switch style in the default theme 0c0dc8e
- fix(tlsf) undef printf before define-ing it cc935b8
- fix(msgbox) prevent the buttons being wider than the msbgox 73e036b
- fix(chart) don't draw series lines with < 1 points 655f42b

- fix(tests) remove src/test_runners when cleaning 6726b0f
- fix(label) remove duplicated lv_obj_refresh_self_size a070ecf
- fix(colorwheel) disable LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN by default 48d1c29
- fix(obj) do not set the child's position in lv_obj_set_parent d89a5fb
- feat: add LV USE MEM PERF/MONITOR POS acd0f4f
- fix(scroll) in scroll to view functions respect disabled LV OBJ FLAG SCROLLABLE 9318e02
- fix(flex) remove unused variable 747b6a2
- feat(canvas) add lv_canvas_set_px_opa b3b3ffc
- fix(textarea) allow using cursor with not full bg_opa c9d3965
- fix(txt) _lv_txt_get_next_line return 0 on empty texts 82f3fbc
- fix(btnmatrix) always update row_cnt 86012ae
- fix(scroll) minor fixes on obj scroll handling a4128a8
- fix(table) consider border width for cell positions f2987b6
- fix(log) be sure LV LOG ... is not empty if logs are disabled 47734c4
- fix(arc) fix LV_ARC_MODE_REVERSE df3b969
- fix(obj) in lv_obj_move_to_index() do not send LV_EVENT_CHILD_CHANGED on all changed child 32e8276
- feat(event) add ly obj remove event cb with user data 4eddeb3
- fix(draw) fix shadow drawing with radius=0 4250e3c
- fix(msgbox) directly store the pointer of all children eb5eaa3
- fix(draw) use the filtered colors in lv_obj_init_draw_xxx_dsc() functions 78725f2
- fix(arc) fix full arc invalidation 98b9ce5
- chore(led) expose LV_LED_BRIGHT_MIN/MAX in led.h 3f18b23
- fix(group) keep the focused object in lv_group_swap_obj a997147
- fix(obj) swap objects in the group too in lv_obj_swap() 52c7558
- fix(theme) use opacity on button's shadow in the default theme c5342e9
- fix(win) enable clip_corner and border_post by default 493ace3
- fix(draw) fix rectangle drawing with clip_corner enabled 01237da
- fix(arc) fix other invalidation issues b0a7337
- feat(obj) add lv_obj_get_x/y_aligned 98bc1fe
- fix(calendar) fix incorrect highlight of today adbac52
- fix(arc, meter) fix invalidation in special cases 0f14f49
- fix(canvas) invalidate the image on delete a1b362c
- fix(msgbox) return the correct pointer from lv_msgbox_get_text 50ea6fb
- fix(bidi) fix the handling of LV_BASE_DIR_AUTO in several widgets 7672847
- fix(build) remove main component dependency (#2420) f2c2393
- fix(meter) fix inner mask usage c28c146

- fix(log) fix warning for empty log macros 4dba8df
- fix(theme) improve button focus of keyboard 2504b7e
- fix(tabview) send LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED only once 933d282
- fix(obj style) fix children reposition if the parent's padding changes. 57cf661
- fix(template) update indev template for v8 d8a3d3d
- fix(obj) detecting which indev sent LV_EVENT_FOCUS f03d4b8
- fix(roller) adjust the size of the selected area correctly 01d1c87
- fix(imgbtn) consider width==LV_SIZE_CONTENT if only mid. img is set 7e49f48
- fix(flex) fix NULL pointer dereference 97ba12f
- fix(obj, switch) do not send LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED twice 713b39e
- fix(coords) fix using large coordinates 428db94
- fix(chart) fix crash if no series are added c728b5c
- fix(meter) fix needle image invalidation 54d8e81
- fix(mem) add lv_ prefix to tlsf functions and types 0d52b59
- fix(pxp) change LV_COLOR_TRANSP to LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY to v8 compatibility 81f3068

11.1.7 Examples

- example(chart) add area chart example 2507
- example(anim) add demo to use cubic-bezier 2393
- feat(example) add lv_example_chart_9.py 2604
- feat(example) add lv_example_chart_8.py 2611
- feat(example) chart example to add gap between the old and new data 2565
- feat(example) add ly example list 2 2545
- feat(examples) add MicroPython version of lv_example_anim_3 and allow loading roller font dynamically 2412
- feat(examples) added MP version of second tabview example 2347
- fix(example):format codes 2731
- fix(example) minor fixes in lv_example_chart_2.py 2601
- feat(example) add text with gradient example 462fbcb
- fix(example_roller_3) mask free param bug 2553
- fix(examples) don't compile assets unless needed 2523
- fix(example) scroll example sqort types 2498
- fix(examples) join usage 2425
- fix(examples) add missing lv.PART.INDICATOR 2423
- fix(examples) use lv.grid_fr for MicroPython 2419
- fix(examples) remove symlinks 2406
- fix(examples) import 'u'-prefixed versions of modules 2365

- fix(examples) remove cast in MP scripts 2354
- fix(examples) fix MicroPython examples and run the examples with CI 2339
- fix(examples) align with renamed Micropython APIs 2338
- fix(examples) adjust canvas example for MicroPython API change 52d1c2e
- fix(example) revert test code 77e2c1f
- feat(example) add checkbox example for radio buttons d089b36
- feat(example) add text with gradient example 462fbcb
- fix(examples) exclude example animing images if animing is disabled 4d7d306
- fix(example) adjust the object sizes in lv_example_anim_timeline_1() 71a10e4
- fix(example) revert text code from lv_example_checkbox_2 28e9593

11.1.8 Docs

- docs: fix typo 2765
- docs(colorwheel) fix old API names 2643
- docs(display) fix typo 2624
- docs add static for lv_indev_drv_t 2605
- docs(animimg) add to extra widgets index and fix example 2610
- docs(animimg) Add missing animation image page 2609
- docs(group) remove reference to lv_cont which is gone in v8 2580
- docs(style) use correct API name for local styles 2550
- docs(all) Proofread, fix typos and add clarifications in confusing areas 2528
- docs(flex) update flex.md 2517
- docs more spelling fixes 2499
- docs fix typo: arae -> area 2488
- docs(readme) fix typo: hosing → hosting. 2477
- docs update company name and year 2476
- docs fix typos 2472
- docs(overview) fix typo 2465
- docs(bar) fix typos in widget examples 2463
- docs(overview) fix typo 2454
- docs(chart) typos 2427
- docs(layout) add internal padding paragraph to grid and flex layout p... 2392
- docs(porting) fix indev example to remove v7 bool return 2381
- docs(README) fix broken references 2329
- docs(grid) typo fix 2310
- docs(color) language fixes 2302

- docs(lv_obj_style) update add_style and remove_style function headers 2287
- docs(contributing) add commit message format section 3668e54
- docs minor typo fixes 84c0086
- docs(arduino) update some outdated information 9a77102
- docs(keyboard) add note regarding event handler 255f729
- docs minor CSS fix acbb680
- · docs minor CSS improvements 7f367d6
- docs(keyboard) change LV KEYBOARD MODE NUM to LV KEYBOARD MODE NUMBER 6e83d37
- docs(textarea) clarify the use of text selection bg_color 65673c0
- docs list all examples on one page 25acaf4
- docs(examples) add MicroPython examples 6f37c4f
- docs(filesystem) update to v8 7971ade
- docs(style) complete the description of style the properties 55e8846
- docs example list fixes cd600d1
- docs(style) complete the description of style the properties ff087da
- docs(README) update links, examples, and add services menu 3471bd1
- docs(color) update colors' docs 9056b5e
- docs update lv_fs.h, layer and align.png to v8 31ab062
- docs(color) minor fix ac8f453
- docs update changelog c386110
- docs(extra) add extra/README.md 8cd504d
- docs add lazy load to the iframes of the examples c49e830
- docs(os) add example and clarify some points d996453
- docs(rlottie) fix build error ce0b564
- docs include paths in libs f5f9562
- docs libs fixes 8e7bba6
- docs(obj) add comment lv_obj_get_x/y/width/height about postponed layout recalculation 533066e
- docs fix example list ed77ed1
- docs describe the options to include or skip lv_conf.h 174ef66
- docs(overview) spelling fixes d2efb8c
- docs(table) describe keypad/encoder navigation 749d1b3
- docs update CHANGELOG 0f8bc18
- docs(image) mention the frame_id parameter of lv_img_decoder_open 2433732
- docs(arduino) update how to use the examples 06962a5
- docs(rlottie): fix typo in commands ed9169c
- docs(indev, layer) update lv_obj_set_click() to lv_obj_add_flag() bcd99e8

- docs update version support table e6e98ab
- docs fix example list c6f99ad
- docs(examples) add <hr/> to better separate examples a1b59e3
- docs(checkbox) update the comment lv_checkbox_set_text_static 3e0ddd0
- docs(grid) fix missing article da0c97a
- docs(display) fix grammar in one spot 5dbea7d
- docs(style) fix typo in style property descriptions 4e3b860
- docs(flex) fix typo in flex grow section e5fafc4
- docs(indev) clarify purpose of continue_reading flag 706f81e
- docs(license) update company name and year 7c1eb00
- docs fix typo 8ab8064
- docs add libs to the main index 1a8fed5
- docs add btn_example.png 8731ef1
- docs(btnmatrix) fix typo with set_all/clear_all parameters 51a82a1

11.1.9 Cl and tests

- ci(micropython) fix git fetch 2757
- test(txt) initial unit tests and general code cleanup/fixes 2623
- test add setUp and tearDown to test template 2648
- test(arc) add initial unit tests 2617
- ci(micropython) add ESP32 and STM32 tests 2629
- test(checkbox) add initial tests 2551
- test(ci) build and run tests in parallel. 2515
- ci(tests) run tests using ctest 2503
- ci(tests) add dependency on GNU parallel 2510
- ci(tests) use common script to install development prereqs 2504
- test convert Makefile to CMake 2495
- test Refactor unit test scripts. 2473
- test(font loader) migrate the exisiting font loader test bc5b3be
- test add build test again, add dropdown test, integrate gcov and gvocr e35b1d0
- test(dropdown) add tess for keypad and encoder 4143b80
- test add keypad and encoder emulators e536bb6
- tests add mouse emulator 2ba810b
- tests add README b765643
- test add move tests to test_cases and test_runners directories e9e010a
- test fix CI build error c38cae2

- ci add config for 8bpp 3eacc59
- test move more source files to src folder 3672f87
- test update CI for the new tests a3898b9
- test cleant up report folder b9b4ba5
- test fix build error 61cda59
- test(font loader) migrate the existing font loader test d6dbbaa
- test add move tests to test_cases and test_runners directories d2e735e
- test add 3rd party libs to all tests and also fix them 7a95fa9
- test(arc): add test case for adv_hittest e83df6f
- ci create check for lv_conf_internal.h 5d8285e
- test fix warning and docs build error d908f31
- ci(micropython) add rp2 port 1ab5c96
- test(dropdown) remove dummy test case 9fb98da
- ci(codecov) hide statuses on commits for now 0b7be77
- ci(docs) run apt-get update before installation f215174
- test fix LV_USE_LOG_LEVEL -> LV_LOG_LEVEL typo 80f0b09
- ci(micropython) add GCC problem matcher ab316a0
- test convert Makefile to CMake (#2495) 9c846ee

11.1.10 Others

- chore: replace (void)xxx with LV_UNUSED(xxx) 2779
- animation improvement 2743
- Improve LV_FORMAT_ATTRIBUTE usage 2673
- Fix typo in commands to build rlottie 2723
- del(.gitmodules): delete .gitmodules 2718
- lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t.text_length added 2694
- expose LV_COLOR_DEPTH and LV_COLOR_16_SWAP in micropython 2679
- sync lvgl/lv_fs_if 2676
- build: always enable CMake install rule in default configuration 2636
- build: fix lib name in CMakeLists 2641
- build: remove use of 'project' keyword in CMakeLists 2640
- build add install rule to CMakeList.txt 2621
- Fixed row size calculation 2633
- arch add small 3rd party libs to lvgl 2569
- Kconfig: Add missing options 2597
- Espressif IDF component manager 2521

- chore(btnmatrix) removed unnecessary semicolon 2520
- Update README.md 2516
- Corrected a function name in obj.md 2511
- Simple spelling fixes 2496
- added lv_obj_move_up() and lv_obj_move_down() 2467
- Fix buf name error for "ly port disp template.c" and optimize the arduino example 2475
- Fix two examples in the docs with new v8 api 2486
- kconfig: minor fix for default dark theme option 2426
- doc(table) update doc on cell merging 2397
- added example lv_example_anim_timeline_1.py 2387
- refactor(printf) add printf-like function attribute to _lv_txt_set_text_vfmt and lv_label_set_text_fmt 2332
- Update win.md 2352
- Nxp pxp vglite v8 dev 2313
- More Snapable --> Snappable replacements 2304
- Spelling and other language fixes to documentation 2293
- Update quick-overview.md 2295
- adding micropython examples 2286
- format run code-formtter.sh d67dd94
- Update ROADMAP.md 2b1ae3c
- Create .codecov.yml e53aa82
- refactor(examples) drop JS-specific code from header.py ef41450
- make test run on mseter and release/v8.* 227402a
- Update release.yml 0838f12
- refactor(examples) drop usys import from header.py ad1f91a
- Update ROADMAP.md a38fcf2
- Revert "feat(conf) add better check for Kconfig default" a5793c7
- remove temporary test file a958c29
- start to implement release/patch 1626a0c
- chore(indev) minor formatting 79ab3d2
- add basic patch release script 1c3ecf1
- chore(example) minor improvements on lv_example_list_2 bb6d6b7
- tool: add changelog_gen.sh to automatically generate changelog 6d95521
- update version numbers to v8.1.0-dev 8691611
- chore(test) improve prints ea8bed3
- chore(test) improve prints 0c4bca0
- chore: update lv conf internal.h 41c2dd1

- chore(format) lv_conf_template.h minor formatting 3c86d77
- chore(docs) always deploy master to docs/master as well 6d05692
- Update CHANGELOG.md 48fd73d
- Fix compile errors 6c956cc
- Update textarea.md 6d8799f
- chore(assert) add warning about higher memory usage if LV_USE_ASSERT_STYLE is enabled 33e4330
- Update page.html 9573bab
- chore(docs) force docs rebuild 4a0f413
- Fix typo error in color.md 572880c
- Update arc.md 2a9b9e6
- Update index.rst 9ce2c77
- chore(docs) minor formatting on example's GitHub link 75209e8
- chore(lv_conf_template) fix spelling mistake 9d134a9
- Update CHANGELOG.md 8472360
- chore(stale) disable on forks 93c1303
- Revert "fix(tests) remove src/test_runners when cleaning" ae15a1b
- style fix usage of clang-format directives 2122583
- Revert "fix(indev) focus on objects on release instead of press" f61b2ca

11.2 v8.0.2 (16.07.2021)

- fix(theme) improve button focus of keyboard
- fix(tabview) send LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED only once
- fix(imgbtn) use the correct src in LV_EVENT_GET_SELF_SIZE
- fix(color) remove extraneous cast for 8-bit color
- fix(obj style) fix children reposition if the parent's padding changes.
- fix(color) remove extraneous _LV_COLOR_MAKE_TYPE_HELPER (#2372)
- fix(spinner) should not be clickable (#2373)
- fix(obj) improve how the focusing indev is determined
- fix(template) update indev template for v8
- fix(printf) skip defining attribute if pycparser is used
- refactor(printf) add printf-like function attribute to _lv_txt_set_text_vfmt and lv_label_set_text_fmt (#2332)
- fix(template) include lvgl.h in lv port * template.c files
- fix(obj) detecting which indev sent LV_EVENT_FOCUS
- fix (span) fill LV_EVENT_GET_SELF_SIZE (#2360)
- fix(arc) disable LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN by default

- fix (draw) fix arc bg image drawing with full arcs
- fix(disp) fix memory leak in lv_disp_remove (#2355)
- fix warnings introduced by 3fb8baf5
- fix(widgets) use lv_obj_class for all the widgets
- fix(obj) move clean ups from lv_obj_del to lv_obj_destructor
- fix(roller) fix partial redraw of the selected area
- fix(roller) adjust the size of the selected area correctly
- fix(obj) delete useless type conversion (#2343)
- fix(lv_obj_scroll.h) typos (#2345)
- fix(scroll) fire LV_EVENT_SCROLL_BEGIN in the same spot for both axes
- fix(btnmatrix) fix button invalidation on focus change
- fix(textarea) style update in oneline mode + improve scroll to cursor
- fix(tlsf) do not use <assert.h>
- fix(imgbtn) consider width==LV_SIZE_CONTENT if only mid. img is set
- fix(refr) reduce the nesting level in lv_refr_area
- fix(txt) enhance the function of break_chars (#2327)
- fix(pxp): update RTOS macro for SDK 2.10
- fix(vglite): update for v8
- fix(pxp): update for v8
- fix(flex) fix layout update and invalidation issues
- fix(flex) fix NULL pointer dereference
- fix(obj, switch) do not send LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED twice
- fix(color) overflow with 16-bit color depth
- fix(coords) fix using large coordinates
- fix(chart) fix crash if no series are added
- fix(chart) invalidation with LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_SHIFT
- fix(align) fix lv_obj_align_to G
- fix(table) invalidate the table on cell value change
- fix(label) remove duplicated lv_obj_refresh_self_size
- fix(draw) underflow in subpixel font drawing
- fix (scroll) do not send unnecessary scroll end events

11.3 v8.0.1 (14.06.2021)

- docs(filesystem) update to v8 7971ade4
- fix(msgbox) create modals on top layer instead of act screen 5cf6303e
- fix(colorwheel) disable LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN by default 48d1c292
- docs(grid) typo fix (#2310) 69d109d2
- fix(arduino) fix the prototype of my_touchpad_read in the LVGL_Arduino.ino 1a62f7a6
- fix(meter) fix needle image invalidation 54d8e817
- fix(mem) add lv_ prefix to tlsf functions and types 0d52b59c
- fix(calendar) fix the position calculation today ad05e196
- fix(typo) rename LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPABLE to LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE e697807c
- docs(color) language fixes (#2302) 07ecc9f1
- fix(tick) minor optimization on lv_tick_inc call test b4305df5
- Spelling and other language fixes to documentation (#2293) d0aaacaf
- fix(theme) show disabled state on buttons of btnmatrix, msgbox and keyboard 0be582b3
- fix(scroll) keep the scroll position on object deleted 52edbb46
- fix(msgbox) handle NULL btn map parameter 769c4a30
- fix(group) allow refocusing objects 1520208b
- docs(overview) spelling fixes d2efb8c6
- Merge branch 'master' of https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl 45960838
- feat(timer) check if lv_tick_inc is called aa6641a6
- feat(docs) add view on GitHub link a716ac6e
- fix(theme) fix the switch style in the default theme 0c0dc8ea
- docs fix typo 8ab80645
- Merge branch 'master' of https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl e796448f
- feat(event) pass the scroll animation to LV_EVENT_SCROLL_BEGIN ca54ecfe
- fix(tabview) fix with left and right tabs 17c57449
- chore(docs) force docs rebuild 4a0f4139
- chore(docs) always deploy master to docs/master as well 6d05692d
- fix(template) update lv_objx_template to v8 38bb8afc
- docs(extra) add extra/README.md 8cd504d5
- Update CHANGELOG.md 48fd73d2
- Update quick-overview.md (#2295) 5616471c
- fix(pxp) change LV_COLOR_TRANSP to LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY to v8 compatibility 81f3068d
- adding micropython examples (#2286) c60ed68e
- docs(color) minor fix ac8f4534

- fix(example) revert test code 77e2c1ff
- fix(draw) with additive blending with 32-bit color depth 786db2af
- docs(color) update colors' docs 9056b5ee
- Merge branch 'master' of https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl a711a1dd
- perf(refresh) optimize where to wait for ly disp flush ready with 2 buffers d0172f14
- docs(lv_obj_style) update add_style and remove_style function headers (#2287) 60f7bcbf
- fix memory leak of spangroup (#2285) 33e0926a
- fix make lv_img_cache.h public because cache invalidation is public 38ebcd81
- Merge branch 'master' of https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl 2b292495
- fix(btnmatrix) fix focus event handling 3b58ef14
- Merge pull request #2280 from lvgl/dependabot/pip/docs/urllib3-1.26.5 a2f45b26
- fix(label) calculating the clip area 57e211cc
- chore(deps): bump urllib3 from 1.26.4 to 1.26.5 in /docs b2f77dfc
- fix(docs) add docs about the default group 29bfe604

11.4 v8.0.0 (01.06.2021)

v8.0 brings many new features like simplified and more powerful scrolling, new layouts inspired by CSS Flexbox and Grid, simplified and improved widgets, more powerful events, hookable drawing, and more.

v8 is a major change and therefore it's not backward compatible with v7.

11.4.1 Directory structure

- The lv prefix is removed from the folder names
- The docs is moved to the lvgl repository
- The examples are moved to the lvgl repository
- Create an Src/extra folder for complex widgets:
 - It makes the core LVGL leaner
 - In extra we can have a lot and specific widgets
 - Good place for contributions

11.4.2 Widget changes

- lv cont removed, layout features are moved to lv obj
- lv_page removed, scroll features are moved to lv_obj
- lv objmask the same can be achieved by events
- lv_meter added as the union of lv_linemeter and lv_gauge
- lv_span new widget mimicking HTML
- lv_animing new widget for simple slideshow animations
- + many minor changes and improvements

11.4.3 New scrolling

- · Support "elastic" scrolling when scrolled in
- Support scroll chaining among any objects types (not only lv_pagess)
- Remove lv_drag. Similar effect can be achieved by setting the position in LV_EVENT_PRESSING
- · Add snapping
- Add snap stop to scroll max 1 snap point

11.4.4 New layouts

- CSS Grid-like layout support
- CSS Flexbox-like layout support

11.4.5 Styles

- Optimize and simplify styles
- State is saved in the object instead of the style property
- Object size and position can be set in styles too

11.4.6 **Events**

- · Allow adding multiple events to an object
- A user data can be attached to the added events

11.4.7 Driver changes

- lv_disp_drv_t, lv_indev_drv_t, lv_fs_drv_t needs to be static
- ...disp_buf... is renamed to draw_buf. See an initialization example here.
- No partial update if two screen sized buffers are set
- disp drv->full refresh = 1 makes always the whole display redraw.
- hor_res and ver_res need to be set in disp_drv
- indev_read_cb returns void. To indicate that there is more that to read set data->continue_reading = 1 in the read cb

11.4.8 Other changes

- Remove the copy parameter from create functions
- Simplified File system interface API
- · Use a more generic inheritance
- · The built-in themes are reworked
- lv_obj_align now saved the alignment and realigns the object automatically but can't be used to align to other than the parent
- lv_obj_align_to can align to an object but doesn't save the alignment
- lv pct(x) can be used to set the size and position in percentage
- There are many other changes in widgets that are not detailed here. Please refer to the documentation of the widgets.

11.4.9 New release policy

- · We will follow Release branches with GitLab flow
- Minor releases are expected in every 3-4 month
- master will always contain the latest changes

11.4.10 Migrating from v7 to v8

- First and foremost, create a new lv_conf.h based on lv_conf_template.h.
- To try the new version it's recommended to use a simulator project and see the examples.
- When migrating your project to v8
 - Update the drivers are described above
 - Update the styles
 - Update the events
 - Use the new layouts instead of lv cont features
 - Use lv_obj instead of lv_page
 - See the changes in Colors

- The other parts are mainly minor renames and refactoring. See the functions' documentation for descriptions.

11.5 v7.11.0 (16.03.2021)

11.5.1 New features

- Add better screen orientation management with software rotation support
- Decide text animation's direction based on base_dir (when using LV_USE_BIDI)

11.5.2 Bugfixes

- fix(gauge) fix needle invalidation
- fix(bar) correct symmetric handling for vertical sliders

11.6 v7.10.1 (16.02.2021)

11.6.1 Bugfixes

- fix(draw) overlap outline with background to prevent aliasing artifacts
- fix(indev) clear the indev's act_obj in lv_indev_reset
- fix(text) fix out of bounds read in lv txt get width
- fix(list) scroll list when button is focused using LV_KEY_NEXT/PREV
- · fix(text) improve Arabic contextual analysis by adding hyphen processing and proper handling of lam-alef sequence
- fix(delete) delete animation after the children are deleted
- fix(gauge) consider paddings for needle images

11.7 v7.10.0 (02.02.2021)

11.7.1 New features

- feat(indev) allow input events to be passed to disabled objects
- feat(spinbox) add inline get_step function for MicroPython support

11.7.2 Bugfixes

• fix(btnmatrix) fix lv_btnmatrix_get_active_btn_text() when used in a group

11.8 v7.9.1 (19.01.2021)

11.8.1 Bugfixes

- fix(cpicker) fix division by zero
- fix(dropdown) fix selecting options after the last one
- fix(msgbox) use the animation time provided
- fix(gpu_nxp_pxp) fix incorrect define name
- fix(indev) don't leave edit mode if there is only one object in the group
- fix(draw_rect) fix draw pattern stack-use-after-scope error

11.9 v7.9.0 (05.01.2021)

11.9.1 New features

- feat(chart) add lv_chart_remove_series and lv_chart_hide_series
- feat(img_cache) allow disabling image caching
- calendar: make get_day_of_week() public
- Added support for Zephyr integration

11.9.2 Bugfixes

- fix(draw_rect) free buffer used for arabic processing
- fix(win) arabic process the title of the window
- fix(dropdown) arabic process the option in ly dropdown add option
- fix(textarea) buffer overflow in password mode with UTF-8 characters
- fix(textarea) cursor position after hiding character in password mode
- fix(linemeter) draw critical lines with correct color
- fix(lv_conf_internal) be sure Kconfig defines are always uppercase
- fix(kconfig) handle disable sprintf float correctly.
- fix(layout) stop layout after recursion threshold is reached
- fix(gauge) fix redraw with image needle

11.10 v7.8.1 (15.12.2020)

11.10.1 Bugfixes

- fix(lv_scr_load_anim) fix when multiple screens are loaded at the same time with delay
- fix(page) fix LV_SCROLLBAR_MODE_DRAG

11.11 v7.8.0 (01.12.2020)

11.11.1 New features

- make DMA2D non blocking
- add unscii-16 built-in font
- · add KConfig
- add lv_refr_get_fps_avg()

11.11.2 Bugfixes

- fix(btnmatrix) handle arabic texts in button matrices
- fix(indev) disabled object shouldn't absorb clicks but let the parent to be clicked
- fix(arabic) support processing again already processed texts with _lv_txt_ap_proc
- fix(textarea) support Arabic letter connections
- fix(dropdown) support Arabic letter connections
- fix(value_str) support Arabic letter connections in value string property
- fix(indev) in LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON recognize 1 cycle long presses too
- fix(arc) make arc work with encoder
- fix(slider) adjusting the left knob too with encoder
- fix reference to LV_DRAW_BUF_MAX_NUM in lv_mem.c
- fix(polygon draw) join adjacent points if they are on the same coordinate
- fix(linemeter) fix invalidation when setting new value
- fix(table) add missing invalidation when changing cell type
- refactor(roller) rename LV_ROLLER_MODE_INIFINITE -> LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE

11.12 v7.7.2 (17.11.2020)

11.12.1 Bugfixes

- · fix(draw_triangle): fix polygon/triangle drawing when the order of points is counter-clockwise
- fix(btnmatrix): fix setting the same map with modified pointers
- fix(arc) fix and improve arc dragging
- label: Repair calculate back dot character logical error which cause infinite loop.
- fix(theme_material): remove the bottom border from tabview header
- fix(imgbtn) guess the closest available state with valid src
- fix(spinbox) update cursor position in lv_spinbox_set_step

11.13 v7.7.1 (03.11.2020)

11.13.1 Bugfixes

- Respect btnmatrix's one check in lv btnmatrix set btn ctrl
- Gauge: make the needle images to use the styles from LV_GAUGE_PART_PART
- Group: fix in lv_group_remove_obj to handle deleting hidden objects correctly

11.14 v7.7.0 (20.10.2020)

11.14.1 New features

- Add PXP GPU support (for NXP MCUs)
- Add VG-Lite GPU support (for NXP MCUs)
- Allow max. 16 cell types for table
- Add lv table set text fmt()
- Use margin on calendar header to set distances and padding to the size of the header
- Add text_sel_bg style property

11.14.2 Bugfixes

- Theme update to support text selection background
- Fix imgbtn state change
- Support RTL in table (draw columns right to left)
- Support RTL in pretty layout (draw columns right to left)
- Skip objects in groups if they are in disabled state
- · Fix dropdown selection with RTL basedirection

- Fix rectangle border drawing with large width
- Fix lv win clean()

11.15 v7.6.1 (06.10.2020)

11.15.1 Bugfixes

- Fix BIDI support in dropdown list
- Fix copying base dir in lv obj create
- · Handle sub pixel rendering in font loader
- · Fix transitions with style caching
- · Fix click focus
- Fix imgbtn image switching with empty style
- Material theme: do not set the text font to allow easy global font change

11.16 v7.6.0 (22.09.2020)

11.16.1 New features

· Check whether any style property has changed on a state change to decide if any redraw is required

11.16.2 Bugfixes

- · Fix selection of options with non-ASCII letters in dropdown list
- Fix font loader to support LV_FONT_FMT_TXT_LARGE

11.17 v7.5.0 (15.09.2020)

11.17.1 New features

- Add clean_dcache_cb and lv_disp_clean_dcache to enable users to use their own cache management function
- Add gpu_wait_cb to wait until the GPU is working. It allows to run CPU a wait only when the rendered data is needed.
- Add 10px and 8ox built in fonts

11.17.2 Bugfixes

- Fix unexpected DEFOCUS on lv_page when clicking to bg after the scrollable
- Fix lv_obj_del and lv_obj_clean if the children list changed during deletion.
- Adjust button matrix button width to include padding when spanning multiple units.
- · Add rounding to btnmatrix line height calculation
- Add decmopr_buf to GC roots
- Fix division by zero in draw_pattern (lv_draw_rect.c) if the image or letter is not found
- Fix drawing images with 1 px height or width

11.18 v7.4.0 (01.09.2020)

The main new features of v7.4 are run-time font loading, style caching and arc knob with value setting by click.

11.18.1 New features

- Add lv_font_load() function Loads a lv_font_t object from a binary font file
- Add lv_font_free() function Frees the memory allocated by the lv_font_load() function
- · Add style caching to reduce access time of properties with default value
- arc: add set value by click feature
- arc: add LV ARC PART KNOB similarly to slider
- send gestures event if the object was dragged. User can check dragging with lv_indev_is_dragging(lv_indev_act()) in the event function.

11.18.2 Bugfixes

- · Fix color bleeding on border drawing
- Fix using 'LV SCROLLBAR UNHIDE' after 'LV SCROLLBAR ON'
- Fix cropping of last column/row if an image is zoomed
- Fix zooming and rotating mosaic images
- Fix deleting tabview with LEFT/RIGHT tab position
- Fix btnmatrix to not send event when CLICK_TRIG = true and the cursor slid from a pressed button
- Fix roller width if selected text is larger than the normal

11.19 v7.3.1 (18.08.2020)

11.19.1 Bugfixes

- · Fix drawing value string twice
- Rename lv_chart_clear_serie to lv_chart_clear_series and lv_obj_align_origo to lv obj align mid
- · Add linemeter's mirror feature again
- Fix text decor (underline strikethrough) with older versions of font converter
- · Fix setting local style property multiple times
- · Add missing background drawing and radius handling to image button
- Allow adding extra label to list buttons
- Fix crash if lv table set col cnt is called before lv table set row cnt for the first time
- Fix overflow in large image transformations
- Limit extra button click area of button matrix's buttons. With large paddings it was counter-intuitive. (Gaps are mapped to button when clicked).
- Fix lv_btnmatrix_set_one_check not forcing exactly one button to be checked
- · Fix color picker invalidation in rectangle mode
- Init disabled days to gray color in calendar

11.20 v7.3.0 (04.08.2020)

11.20.1 New features

- Add lv task get next
- Add lv_event_send_refresh, lv_event_send_refresh_recursive to easily send LV_EVENT_REFRESH to object
- Add lv_tabview_set_tab_name() function used to change a tab's name
- Add LV_THEME_MATERIAL_FLAG_NO_TRANSITION and LV_THEME_MATERIAL_FLAG_NO_FOCUS flags
- Reduce code size by adding: LV_USE_FONT_COMPRESSED and LV_FONT_USE_SUBPX and applying some
 optimization
- Add LV MEMCPY MEMSET STD to use standard memcpy and memset

11.20.2 Bugfixes

- Do not print warning for missing glyph if its height OR width is zero.
- Prevent duplicated sending of LV_EVENT_INSERT from text area
- · Tidy outer edges of cpicker widget.
- Remove duplicated lines from lv tabview add tab
- btnmatrix: handle combined states of buttons (e.g. checked + disabled)
- textarea: fix typo in lv_textarea_set_scrollbar_mode
- gauge: fix image needle drawing
- fix using freed memory in _lv_style_list_remove_style

11.21 v7.2.0 (21.07.2020)

11.21.1 New features

- Add screen transitions with lv scr load anim()
- Add display background color, wallpaper and opacity. Shown when the screen is transparent. Can be used with lv disp set bg opa/color/image().
- Add LV CALENDAR WEEK STARTS MONDAY
- Add lv_chart_set_x_start_point() function Set the index of the x-axis start point in the data array
- Add lv chart set ext array() function Set an external array of data points to use for the chart
- Add lv_chart_set_point_id() function Set an individual point value in the chart series directly based on index
- Add lv_chart_get_x_start_point() function Get the current index of the x-axis start point in the data array
- Add lv_chart_get_point_id() function Get an individual point value in the chart series directly based on index
- Add ext_buf_assigned bit field to lv_chart_series_t structure it's true if external buffer is assigned
 to series
- Add lv_chart_set_series_axis() to assign series to primary or secondary axis
- Add lv_chart_set_y_range() to allow setting range of secondary y-axis (based on lv_chart_set_range but extended with an axis parameter)
- Allow setting different font for the selected text in lv roller
- Add theme->apply_cb to replace theme->apply_xcb to make it compatible with the MicroPython binding
- Add lv_theme_set_base() to allow easy extension of built-in (or any) themes
- Add lv obj align x() and lv obj align y() functions
- Add lv obj align origo x() and lv obj align origo y() functions

11.21.2 Bugfixes

- tileview fix navigation when not screen sized
- Use 14px font by default to for better compatibility with smaller displays
- linemeter fix conversation of current value to "level"
- Fix drawing on right border
- · Set the cursor image non-clickable by default
- · Improve mono theme when used with keyboard or encoder

11.22 v7.1.0 (07.07.2020)

11.22.1 New features

- Add focus parent attribute to lv obj
- Allow using buttons in encoder input device
- Add lv_btnmatrix_set/get_align capability
- DMA2D: Remove dependency on ST CubeMX HAL
- Added max_used propriety to lv_mem_monitor_t struct
- In lv_init test if the strings are UTF-8 encoded.
- Add user data to themes
- Add LV_BIG_ENDIAN_SYSTEM flag to lv_conf.h in order to fix displaying images on big endian systems.
- Add inline function lv_checkbox_get_state(const lv_obj_t * cb) to extend the checkbox functionality.
- Add inline function lv_checkbox_set_state(const lv_obj_t * cb, lv_btn_state_t state) to extend the checkbox functionality.

11.22.2 Bugfixes

- lv_img fix invalidation area when angle or zoom changes
- Update the style handling to support Big endian MCUs
- Change some methods to support big endian hardware.
- remove use of c++ keyword 'new' in parameter of function lv_theme_set_base().
- Add LV_BIG_ENDIAN_SYSTEM flag to lv_conf.h in order to fix displaying images on big endian systems.
- Fix inserting chars in text area in big endian hardware.

11.23 v7.0.2 (16.06.2020)

11.23.1 Bugfixes

- lv_textarea fix wrong cursor position when clicked after the last character
- Change all text related indices from 16-bit to 32-bit integers throughout whole library. #1545
- · Fix gestures
- Do not call set px cb for transparent pixel
- · Fix list button focus in material theme
- Fix crash when a text area is cleared with the backspace of a keyboard
- Add version number to lv_conf_template.h
- Add log in true double buffering mode with set px cb
- lv dropdown: fix missing LV EVENT VALUE CHANGED event when used with encoder
- lv_tileview: fix if not the {0;0} tile is created first
- lv debug: restructure to allow asserting in from lv misc too
- add assert if lv mem buf get() fails
- lv textarea: fix character delete in password mode
- Update LV_OPA_MIN and LV_OPA_MAX to widen the opacity processed range
- lv btnm fix sending events for hidden buttons
- lv_gaguge make lv_gauge_set_angle_offset offset the labels and needles too
- Fix typo in the API scrllable -> scrollable
- tabview by default allow auto expanding the page only to right and bottom (#1573)
- · fix crash when drawing gradient to the same color
- chart: fix memory leak
- img: improve hit test for transformed images

11.24 v7.0.1 (01.06.2020)

11.24.1 Bugfixes

- Make Micropython working by adding the required variables as GC_ROOT
- Prefix some internal API functions with to reduce the API of LVGL
- Fix built-in SimSun CJK font
- Fix UTF-8 encoding when LV_USE_ARABIC_PERSIAN_CHARS is enabled
- Fix DMA2D usage when 32 bit images directly blended
- Fix lv_roller in infinite mode when used with encoder
- Add lv_theme_get_color_secondary()

- Add LV COLOR MIX ROUND OFS to adjust color mixing to make it compatible with the GPU
- Improve DMA2D blending
- Remove memcpy from lv_ll (caused issues with some optimization settings)
- lv_chart fix X tick drawing
- · Fix vertical dashed line drawing
- · Some additional minor fixes and formattings

11.25 v7.0.0 (18.05.2020)

11.25.1 Documentation

The docs for v7 is available at https://docs.littlevgl.com/v7/en/html/index.html

11.25.2 Legal changes

The name of the project is changed to LVGL and the new website is on https://lvgl.io

LVGL remains free under the same conditions (MIT license) and a company is created to manage LVGL and offer services.

11.25.3 New drawing system

Complete rework of LVGL's draw engine to use "masks" for more advanced and higher quality graphical effects. A possible use-case of this system is to remove the overflowing content from the rounded edges. It also allows drawing perfectly anti-aliased circles, lines, and arcs. Internally, the drawings happen by defining masks (such as rounded rectangle, line, angle). When something is drawn the currently active masks can make some pixels transparent. For example, rectangle borders are drawn by using 2 rectangle masks: one mask removes the inner part and another the outer part.

The API in this regard remained the same but some new functions were added:

- lv img set zoom: set image object's zoom factor
- lv_img_set_angle: set image object's angle without using canvas
- lv_img_set_pivot: set the pivot point of rotation

The new drawing engine brought new drawing features too. They are highlighted in the "style" section.

11.25.4 New style system

The old style system is replaced with a new more flexible and lightweighted one. It uses an approach similar to CSS: support cascading styles, inheriting properties and local style properties per object. As part of these updates, a lot of objects were reworked and the APIs have been changed.

- more shadows options: offset and spread
- gradient stop position to shift the gradient area and horizontal gradient
- LV BLEND MODE NORMAL/ADDITIVE/SUBTRACTIVE blending modes
- clip corner: crop the content on the rounded corners
- text underline and strikethrough

- dashed vertical and horizontal lines (dash gap, dash_width)
- outline: a border-like part drawn out of the background. Can have spacing to the background.
- pattern: display and image in the middle of the background or repeat it
- value display a text which is stored in the style. It can be used e.g. as a light-weighted text on buttons too.
- margin: similar to padding but used to keep space outside the object

Read the Style section of the documentation to learn how the new styles system works.

11.25.5 GPU integration

To better utilize GPUs, from this version GPU usage can be integrated into LVGL. In lv_conf. h any supported GPUs can be enabled with a single configuration option.

Right now, only ST's DMA2D (Chrom-ART) is integrated. More will in the upcoming releases.

11.25.6 Renames

The following object types are renamed:

- sw -> switch
- ta -> textarea
- cb -> checkbox
- lmeter -> linemeter
- mbox -> msgbox
- · ddlist -> dropdown
- btnm -> btnmatrix
- · kb -> keyboard
- preload -> spinner
- lv_objx folder -> lv_widgets
- LV_FIT_FILL -> LV_FIT_PARENT
- LV_FIT_FLOOD -> LV_FLOOD_MAX
- LV_LAYOUT_COL_L/M/R -> LV_LAYOUT_COLUMN_LEFT/MID/RIGHT
- LV LAYOUT ROW T/M/B -> LV LAYOUT ROW TOP/MID/BOTTOM

11.25.7 Reworked and improved object

- dropdown: Completely reworked. Now creates a separate list when opened and can be dropped to down/up/left/right.
- label: body_draw is removed, instead, if its style has a visible background/border/shadow etc it will be drawn. Padding really makes the object larger (not just virtually as before)
- arc: can draw background too.
- btn: doesn't store styles for each state because it's done naturally in the new style system.

- calendar: highlight the pressed datum. The used styles are changed: use LV_CALENDAR_PART_DATE normal for normal dates, checked for highlighted, focused for today, pressed for the being pressed. (checked+pressed, focused+pressed also work)
- chart: only has LINE and COLUMN types because with new styles all the others can be described.
 LV_CHART_PART_SERIES sets the style of the series. bg_opa > 0 draws an area in LINE mode.
 LV_CHART_PART_SERIES_BG also added to set a different style for the series area. Padding in LV_CHART_PART_BG makes the series area smaller, and it ensures space for axis labels/numbers.
- linemeter, gauge: can have background if the related style properties are set. Padding makes the scale/lines smaller. scale_border_width and scale_end_border_width allow to draw an arc on the outer part of the scale lines.
- gauge: lv gauge set needle img allows use image as needle
- canvas: allow drawing to true color alpha and alpha only canvas, add lv_canvas_blur_hor/ver and rename lv_canvas_rotate to lv_canvas_transform
- textarea: If available in the font use bullet (U+2022) character in text area password

11.25.8 New object types

• lv objmask: masks can be added to it. The children will be masked accordingly.

11.25.9 Others

- Change the built-in fonts to Montserrat and add built-in fonts from 12 px to 48 px for every 2nd size.
- · Add example CJK and Arabic/Persian/Hebrew built-in font
- Add ° and "bullet" to the built-in fonts
- Add Arabic/Persian script support: change the character according to its position in the text.
- Add playback time to animations.
- Add repeat_count to animations instead of the current "repeat forever".
- Replace LV LAYOUT PRETTY with LV LAYOUT PRETTY TOP/MID/BOTTOM

11.25.10 Demos

lv_examples was reworked and new examples and demos were added

11.25.11 New release policy

- Maintain this Changelog for every release
- Save old major version in new branches. E.g. release/v6
- Merge new features and fixes directly into master and release a patch or minor releases every 2 weeks.

11.25.12 Migrating from v6 to v7

- First and foremost, create a new lv_conf.h based on lv_conf_template.h.
- To try the new version it suggested using a simulator project and see the examples.
- If you have a running project, the most difficult part of the migration is updating to the new style system. Unfortunately, there is no better way than manually updating to the new format.
- The other parts are mainly minor renames and refactoring as described above.

TWELVE

ROADMAP

This is a summary for planned new features and a collection of ideas. This list indicates only the current intention and it can be changed.

12.1 v8.2

See #2790

12.2 Ideas

- Reconsider color format management for run time color format setting, and custom color format usage. (Also RGB888)
- Make gradients more versatile
- Image transformations matrix
- Switch to RGBA colors in styles
- · Consider direct binary font format support
- Simplify groups. Discussion is here.
- lv_mem_alloc_aligned(size, align)
- Text node. See #1701
- CPP binding. See Forum
- · Optimize font decompression
- Need static analyze (via coverity.io or something else)
- Support dot_begin and dot_middle long modes for labels
- Add new label alignment modes. #1656
- Support larger images: #1892
- · Curved text on path
- Variable binding improvements like Redux?
- Functional programming support, pure view? See here
- Circle layout. See #2871

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