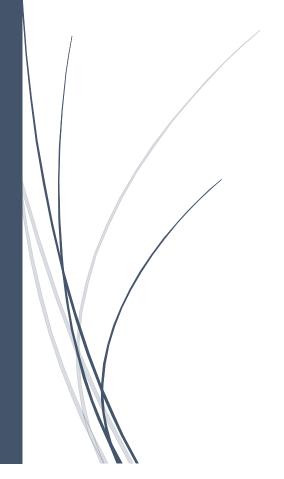
1/19/2022

Hash Tables Assignment

Data Structures and Algorithms



Mashal Ashfaque 337203 CS 10-A Using netflix-2 dataset, and parsing all the movie titles and storing them into hash tables.

We have to use two collision resolution techniques. I have used linear probing, and double hashing.

1- Linear probing:

Code:

```
#define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <cstring>
#define size 6235
using namespace std;
class hashtable {
public:
       string arr[size];
       hashtable()
       {
              for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                     arr[i] = "";
       }
       int hashFunction(string x) // For string
       {
              int hash =0;
              for (int i = 0; i < x.length(); i++)</pre>
              {
                     hash += (int(x[i])); // taking sum of ascii values
              return abs(hash % size);
       }
       void insertstring(string s)
       { //done by linear probing
              int index = hashFunction(s);
              for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
                     if (arr[(index + i) % size] == "") //to check if cell is empty or
not.
                     {
                            arr[(index + i) \% size] = s;
                            return;
                     }
              }
       }
       void findindex(string s)
              int index=hashFunction(s);
              while (arr[index] != s)
                     index++;
              }
```

```
cout << s << " is at index # " << index;</pre>
       void printhashtable()
       {
              cout << "ALL MOVIES AND SHOWS: " << endl;</pre>
              for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                      cout<<i<<"\t" << arr[i] << endl;</pre>
              }
       }
hashtable titles;
void readfile()
       string data;
       fstream netflix; //File Pointer
       netflix.open("C:\\Users\\HP\\Downloads\\countries.csv", ios::in);
       if (netflix.fail()) {
              cout << "COULD NOT READ FILE\n";</pre>
              exit(1);
       }
       getline(netflix, data);
       int line = 0;
       string value;
       while (!netflix.eof())
       {
              line++;
              getline(netflix, value);
              titles.insertstring(value);
       }
}
int main()
{
       readfile();
       //titles.printhashtable();
       while (1) {
              cout << "\nWELCOME TO NETFLIX IMPLEMENTATION ON HASHTABLES\nBy Mashal</pre>
Ashfaquen\n\t1-Search movie by location (index)n\t2-Search location of a movien\t3-
Show all movies.";
              int choice;
              cin >> choice; getchar();
              while (choice > 3 || choice < 1)</pre>
                      cout << "Invalid choice. Please select 1, 2 or 3.\n";</pre>
                      cin >> choice;
              }
              switch (choice)
              case 1: {
                      cout << "\nWe have a total of 6235 movies and shows.\nEnter a number</pre>
0-6235 and we'll show what movie is over there.\n";
                      int s; cin >> s;
                      cout <<"\""<< titles.arr[s] << "\" is stored at your entered index."</pre>
<< endl;
                      break;
              }
```

Output:

```
WELCOME TO NETFLIX IMPLEMENTATION ON HASHTABLES
By Mashal Ashfaque

1-Search movie by location (index)
2-Search location of a movie
3-Show all movies.1

We have a total of 6235 movies and shows.
Enter a number 0-6235 and we'll show what movie is over there.
2000
"Inside The Freemasons" is stored at your entered index.
```

Selecting Option 1, and entering location 6212:

```
We have a total of 6235 movies and shows.
Enter a number 0-6235 and we'll show what movie is over there.
6212
"Stranger Things" is stored at your entered index.
```

Selecting Option 2, and entering "Stranger Things":

```
WELCOME TO NETFLIX IMPLEMENTATION ON HASHTABLES
By Mashal Ashfaque

1-Search movie by location (index)
2-Search location of a movie
3-Show all movies.2

To find location of a movie, please enter its title.
Stranger Things
Stranger Things is at index # 6212
```

Selecting option 3:

	2-Search location of a movie	0211	vakeAni.ni
	3-Show all movies.3	6212	Stranger Things
ALL MOV	IES AND SHOWS:	6213	Kuromukuro
0	La casa de papel	6214	The Letdown
1	Last Chance U	6215	A Very Secret Service
2	Queer Eye	6216	SWORDGAI The Animation
3	The Epic Tales of Captain Underpants	6217	Yummy Mummies
4	Can't Cope Won't Cope	6218	LEGO Bionicle: The Journey to One
5	Intelligence	6219	Kath and Kim
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Glee	6220	El Chapo
7	Pinky Malinky	6221	Big Dreams Small Spaces
8	Wynonna Earp	6222	My First First Love
	The Joel McHale Show with Joel McHale	6223	Orange Is the New Black
10	H2O: Mermaid Adventures	6224	Sugar Rush
11	3Below: Tales of Arcadia	6225	The Worst Witch
12	Bonus Family	6226	Popples
13	Nightmare Tenants Slum Landlords	6227	
14	Mossad 101		Beat Bugs
15	Baby Ballroom	6228	Deep Undercover Collection
16	Drug Lords	6229	Fix It and Finish It
17	Hatchimals Adventures in Hatchtopia	6230	Home: Adventures with Tip & Oh
18	Tayo the Little Bus	6231	Luna Petunia: Return to Amazia
19	Zombie Dumb	6232	Origins Collection
20	Being Mary Jane: The Series	6233	Good Witch
21	Cheers	6234	Comedians in Cars Getting Coffee
22			

2- Double Hashing:

Code:

```
#define CRT SECURE NO WARNINGS
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <cstring>
#define size 6235
using namespace std;
class hashtable {
public:
       string arr[size];
       hashtable()
       {
              for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                     arr[i] = "";
       }
       int hashFunction(string x) // For string
              int hash =0;
              for (int i = 0; i < x.length(); i++)</pre>
                     hash += (int(x[i]));
              return abs(hash % size);
       int hash2(string x) // For string
              int hash = 0;
              for (int i = 0; i < x.length(); i++)</pre>
              {
                     hash += (int(x[i]));
              int a= abs(hash % 6229); //6229 is the last prime n
              return 6229 - a;
       }
       void insertstring(string s)
       { //done by linear probing
              int index = hashFunction(s);
              for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                     if (arr[(index + i*hash2(s)) % size] == "") //to check if cell is
empty or not.
                     {
                            arr[(index + i * hash2(s)) % size] = s;
                            return;
                     }
              }
       void findindex(string s)
```

```
{
              int index=hashFunction(s);
              while (arr[index] != s)
              {
                      index=(index+ hash2(s))%size;
              }
              cout << s << " is at index # " << index;</pre>
       }
       void printhashtable()
       {
              cout << "ALL MOVIES AND SHOWS: " << endl;</pre>
              for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
                      cout<<i<<"\t" << arr[i] << endl;</pre>
              }
       }
};
hashtable titles;
void readfile()
       string data;
       fstream netflix; //File Pointer
       netflix.open("C:\\Users\\HP\\Downloads\\countries.csv", ios::in);
       if (netflix.fail()) {
              cout << "COULD NOT READ FILE\n";</pre>
              exit(1);
       }
       getline(netflix, data);
       int line = 0;
       string value;
       while (!netflix.eof())
       {
              line++;
              getline(netflix, value);
              titles.insertstring(value);
       }
int main()
       readfile();
       //titles.printhashtable();
       while (1) {
              cout << "\nWELCOME TO NETFLIX IMPLEMENTATION ON HASHTABLES\nBy Mashal</pre>
Ashfaque\n\t1-Search movie by location (index)\n\t2-Search location of a movie\n\t3-
Show all movies.";
              int choice;
              cin >> choice; getchar();
              while (choice > 3 || choice < 1)
              {
                      cout << "Invalid choice. Please select 1, 2 or 3.\n";</pre>
                      cin >> choice;
              switch (choice)
              case 1: {
```

```
cout << "\nWe have a total of 6235 movies and shows.\nEnter a number</pre>
0-6235 and we'll show what movie is over there.\n";
                      int s; cin >> s;
                      cout <<"\""<< titles.arr[s] << "\" is stored at your entered index."</pre>
<< endl;
                      break;
              case 2: { cout << "\nTo find location of a movie, please enter its title. "</pre>
<< endl;
                      string m;
                      getline(cin, m);
                      titles.findindex(m);
                      cout << endl;</pre>
                      break; }
              case 3:
                      titles.printhashtable();
              }
       }
}
```

```
WELCOME TO NETFLIX IMPLEMENTATION ON HASHTABLES
By Mashal Ashfaque

1-Search movie by location (index)
2-Search location of a movie
3-Show all movies.2

To find location of a movie, please enter its title.
Stranger Things
Stranger Things is at index # 4223
```

```
We have a total of 6235 movies and shows.
Enter a number 0-6235 and we'll show what movie is over there.
4223
"Stranger Things" is stored at your entered index.
```