

test_calc_note

November 1, 2024

```
[1]: from calc_note.display import *
```

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
```

```
[3]: data = [  
    {  
        "City": "Montréal",  
        "Province": "Québec",  
        "Confusing?": "No",  
        "Letters": 8,  
    },  
    {  
        "City": "Québec",  
        "Province": "Québec",  
        "Confusing?": "Perhaps",  
        "Letters": 6,  
    },  
]  
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
```

Default DataFrame representation (looks fine in Jupyter; looks terrible in PDF):

```
[4]: df
```

```
[4]:      City Province Confusing?  Letters  
0  Montréal  Québec          No         8  
1   Québec  Québec    Perhaps         6
```

Improved DataFrame representation (looks the same in Jupyter; looks great in PDF):

```
[5]: show(df)
```

	City	Province	Confusing?	Letters
0	Montréal	Québec	No	8
1	Québec	Québec	Perhaps	6

Variable representation with the `%%render` cell magic:

```
[6]: %%render
surface = 10 # m2
```

surface = 10 (m²)

Variable representation with the `md(str)` method:

```
[7]: md(f"# This *room* has a {surface} m2 surface")
```

[7]:

1 This *room* has a 10 m² surface