Inbetriebnahme eines FPGA-Entwicklungsboards mit der regulären Arduino IDE

Vortrag zu den Labortagen 2018

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Inhalt

Einführung FPGAs
Projekt FPGArduino
Einrichten der Arduino IDE
Beispielcode
Ausblick



Wer bin ich, was mach ich?



Master Student FHDO



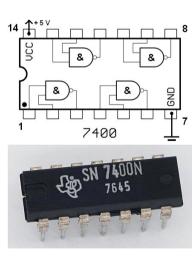
Projekt Kartentricks



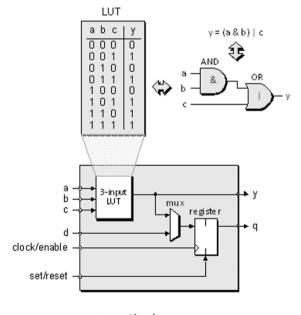
Hörgeräte Entwicklung
IfADo /
Globe Audiovisual
Communications

Was ist ein Field Programmable Gate Array?

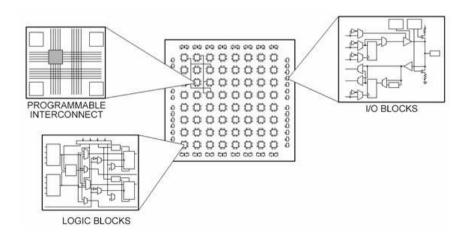
Reprogrammierbare Logikgatter-Anordnung



Hartverdrahtete Gatter

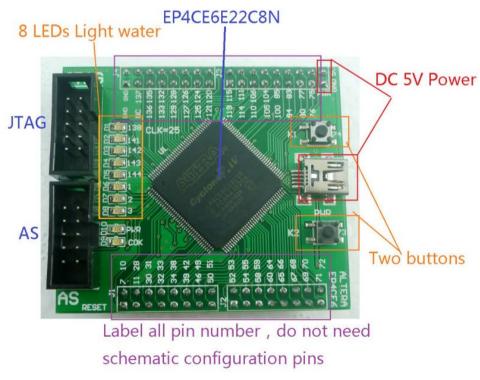


Logikelemente im FPGA

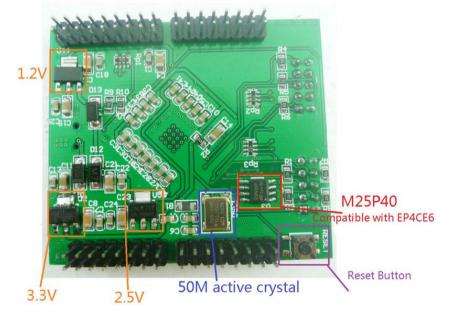


Struktur im FPGA

Development Board - Altera TB276 Minimalausstattung



Vorderseite

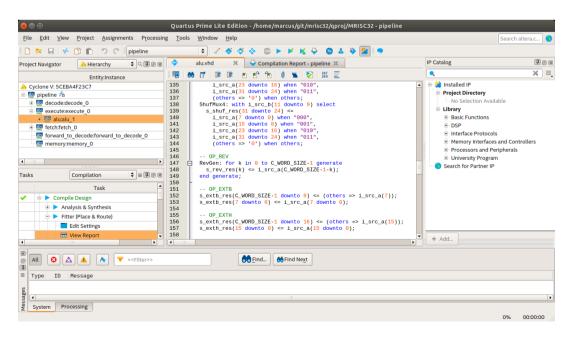


Rückseite

eBay: 25€

Inbetriebnahme Development Board

Synthese Tool: Altera (Intel) Quartus Prime 18.1 Lite generiert Bitstream aus VHDL / Verilog Code





Inbetriebnahme Development Board

Bitstream Flashen

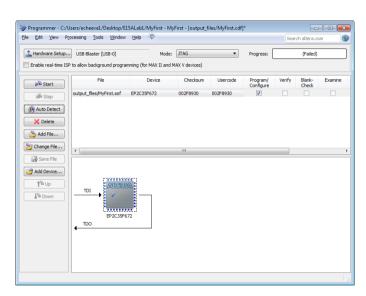
SW: Quartus Flashertool

Open Source Programmer UrJTAG

HW: USB Blaster - JTAG Flasher







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UrJIAG 8.18 #1582
Copyright (C) 2802, 2803 ETC s.r.o.
Copyright (C) 2802, 2803, 2807 Kolja Waschk and the respective authors
UrJIAG is free software, covered by the CNU General Public License, and you are welcome to change it and/or distribute copies of it under certain conditions.

There is absolutely no warranty for UrJIAG.

WARNING: UrJIAG may damage your hardware!
Type "quit" to exit, "help" for help.

jtag cable jtagkey
Connected to libitd2xx driver.
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Das Labor - Beispielprojekte mit Softcores



Borg Ventilator – Xilinx PicoBlaze (ASM)



Farb Borg – LatticeMico 32 (C)

Arduino

IDE - Entwicklungsumgebung



Vereinfachter C++ Code "zum Zusammenkopieren" auch von Libraries für zusätzliche Bauteile

Meist mit Bootloader für USB-Programmierung (oder SPI)



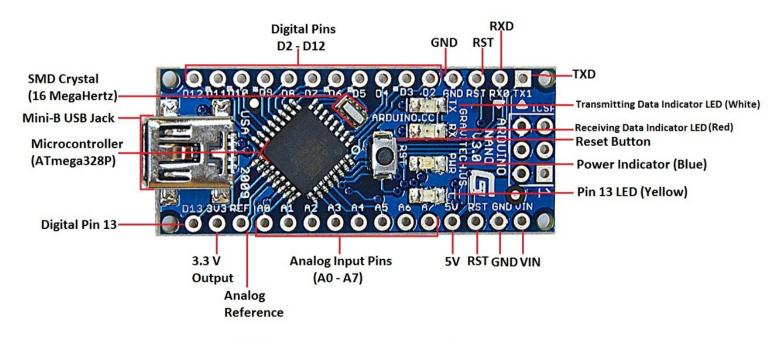








Development Board - Arduino Nano Minimalausstattung



Arduino Nano V3.0 Pinout

www.CircuitsToday.com

eBay: 5€

Das FPGArduino Projekt

Marko Zec - University of Zagreb (Croatia)

Davor Jadrijević - radiona.org Makerspace (Croatia)

Realisiert zwei **Softcores: RISC-V und MIPS** als vorgefertigte Bitstreams (und als VHDL/Verilog Code)



Anzusprechen / Kompilieren (per GCC) mit der regulären Arduino IDE

Vorstellung: Arduino day at the University of Zagreb on March 28th 2015

Softcores - RISC-V und MIPS

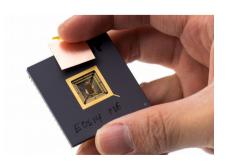
Instruction Set Architectures (ISAs) (hierbei jeweils mit 81 MHz und 112 MHz, 32-Bit)

MIPS - "Microprocessor without Interlocked Pipeline Stages" ▶ □ ■ ■



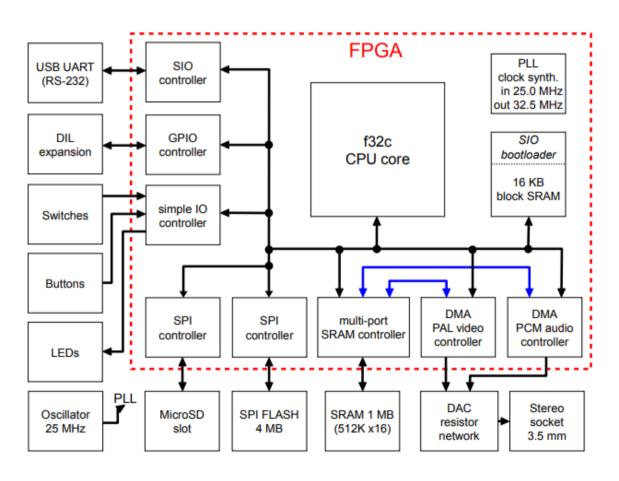
RISC-V - offene Befehlssatzarchitektur





f32c (SoC - System on Chip)

Softcore Verbindungen mit der Außenwelt



Arduino IDE einrichten

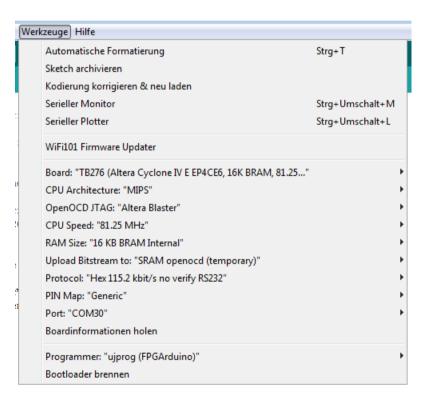
Board Unterstützung einzurichten durch Hinzufügen einer JSON-Datei:

http://www.nxlab.fer.hr/fpgarduino/package_f32c_core_index.json

(über Arduino IDE, Datei, Voreinstellungen, Zusätzliche Boardverwalter-URLs)

TB276-Board benötigt USB-TTL Wandler





Arduino IDE (1.6.x) - TB276-Board Parameter



Terasic DE0-Nano (Altera Cyclone-IV)



Xilinx Spartan 3E-500 Starter Kit Xilinx Spartan 3E-1600 Dev. Board



Xilinx Spartan 3A/3AN Starter Kit



Digilent Basys-3 (Xilinx Artix-7)





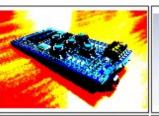




Digilent Nexys-3 (Xilinx Spartan-6)



Digilent ZYBO (Xilinx Zyng)



FER ULX2S (Lattice XP2)



E2LP (Xilinx Spartan-6)



Lattice Brevia (Lattice XP2)



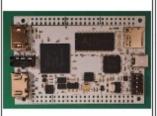
Lattice Brevia 2 (Lattice XP2)



No-name TB276 (Altera Cyclone-IV)



No-name TB299 (Xilinx Spartan-6)



Scarab MiniSpartan6+ (Xilinx Spartan-6)



line time king from

Numato Mimas V2 (Xilinx Spartan-6)





FleaFPGA (Lattice MachXO2-7000HE)



Was schon funktioniert:

Blink led

Serial (over usb-ttl adapter, some boards need it external)

Timer (millis(), micros() - 32-bit CPU core clock counter, glitch-free, good for realtime)

GPIO (digitalWrite(), digitalRead())

Interrupts (MIPS only, attachInterrupt() gpio rising/falling edge, timer)

PWM (analogWrite(), analogWriteResolution(), analogWriteFrequency())

Fade (PWM) works on 2 output pins (LEDs).

Software SPI (bitbang, Adafruit OLED library)

Hardware SPI (SD card library)

Software I2C in master mode (SoftwareWire library)

OLED displays SSD1306 compatible (Adafruit SSD1306 library, SPI and I2C)

PID (Proportional-Integral-Derivative controller, fast response, hardware math accellerated, tested on high speed DC motors with encoders)

433.92 MHz transmitter (RCswitch library, Home automation, Remote relays, Garage doors).

FM RDS transmitter 87-108 MHz (RDS message displayed on radio, but PCM sound supported only on ULX2S)

RHT11 Temperature/Humitidy sensors have been reported to work.

SRAM in 8-bit mode (FleaFPGA Uno) and 16-bit mode (ULX2S)

SDRAM in 16-bit mode (Altera DE0 nano, ReVerSE-U16 and Scarab MiniSpartan6+)

LPDDR, DDR, DDR2, DDR3 using Xilinx 7-series MIG and AXI. (ESA11 with DDR3)

Was nur mit bestimmten Boards funktioniert:

VGA/HDMI/DVI/TV video and audio DMA need either large external RAM (SRAM, SDRAM or DDR) or sufficient BRAM (32K) for use with acram emulation.

Boards with supported external RAM are ULX2S, FleaFPGA Uno, Scarab Minispartan6+, Altera DEO nano, ReVerSE-U16 and ESA11.

PCM sound depends on DMA. PCM outputs PWM for headphones and FM for reception on 87-108 MHz radio.

Text-to-Speech library TTS depends on PCM. TTS library could be converted to use a simple tongenerator then it will not depend on PCM)

DCF77 transmitter depends on PCM. A proof of concept to adjust longwave RF clocks.

Analog inputs work on FleaFPGA Uno board thanx for contribution.

Pullup digital input control works on FleaFPGA Uno board (it would work on any board but 2 hardware pins must be dedicated for 1 GPIO pin, one of them having pullup resistor)

Beispielcode

"Hello World" Textausgabe (per UART / USB-TTL Adapter),

LEDs (auf Platine und extern),

Zwei-Zeilen LCD 1602

Live!

Demonstration



Bitstream kann permanent einprogrammiert werden

... aber - großer Nachteil:

Kompilierte Arduino-Sketches müssen nach Powercyclen des FPGAs neu eingespielt werden (!)

Empfehlung: Wenn man es noch besser angehen will ...

MKR Vidor 4000

FPGA: Intel Cyclone 10CL016

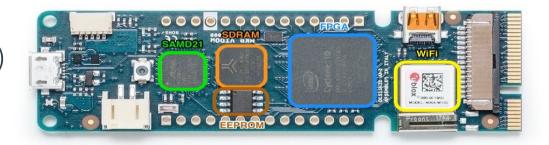
μC: Microchip ATSAMD21 (Arm Cortex-M0+)

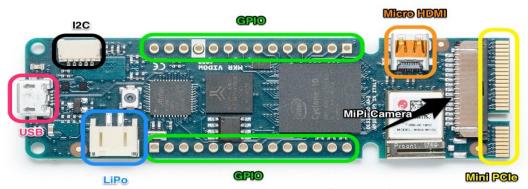
SDRAM: 8 MB

Co-Prozessor für Verschlüsselung:

Microchip ATECC508A

BT/Wifi: U-Blox NINA-W102 (ESP32)





eBay: 75€



Empfehlung für Einarbeitung

Digitale Systeme mit FPGAs entwickeln (Peter Schulz (FHDO) / Buch)



Videokurs FPGA – Der Logikbaukasten für Jedermann (Peter Schulz (FHDO) / DVD)



VHDL-Synthese: Entwurf digitaler Schaltungen und Systeme (Jürgen Reichardt und Bernd Schwarz)



Links

FPGArduino

FPGArduino Projekt: http://www.nxlab.fer.hr/fpgarduino/ und https://github.com/f32c FPGArduino Autoren Vortrag: https://is.gd/zaqupo

Codebeispiele

TB276 (inkl. fertige Bitstreams): https://github.com/mongoq/fpgarduino/

MKR Vidor 4000

Hands-On: https://is.gd/zejeji Github: https://is.gd/pucuhe

Board Bezugsquellen

Altera TB276: https://is.gd/lufuvo (25€)

MKR Vidor 4000: https://is.gd/cahena (75€)

Vielen Dank für Ihre Aufmerksamkeit!

Evtl. haben Sie noch Fragen ...

