

Chapter 1, Computational thinking (計算的思考)

Declarative knowledge (宣言的知識)

- composed of statements of fact. (明確な事実の宣言)
- “the square root of x is a number y such that $y*y = x$.”

Imperative knowledge (命令的知識)

- “how to” knowledge, or recipes for deducing information. (情報を導くためのレシピ、手順、手続き)
- start with a guess, g .
- if $g*g$ is close enough to x , stop and say that g is the answer.
- otherwise create a new guess by averaging and x/g , i.e., $(g+x/g)/2$.
- Using this new guess, which we again call g , repeat the process until $g*g$ is close enough to x .

Algorithm (アルゴリズム)

An algorithm is **a finite list of instructions** that describe a computation that when executed on a provided **set of inputs** will proceed through a set of well-defined states and eventually produce **an output**.