

Assignment 2 ME5102

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Problem 3: Explicit, implicit and CN time stepping schemes

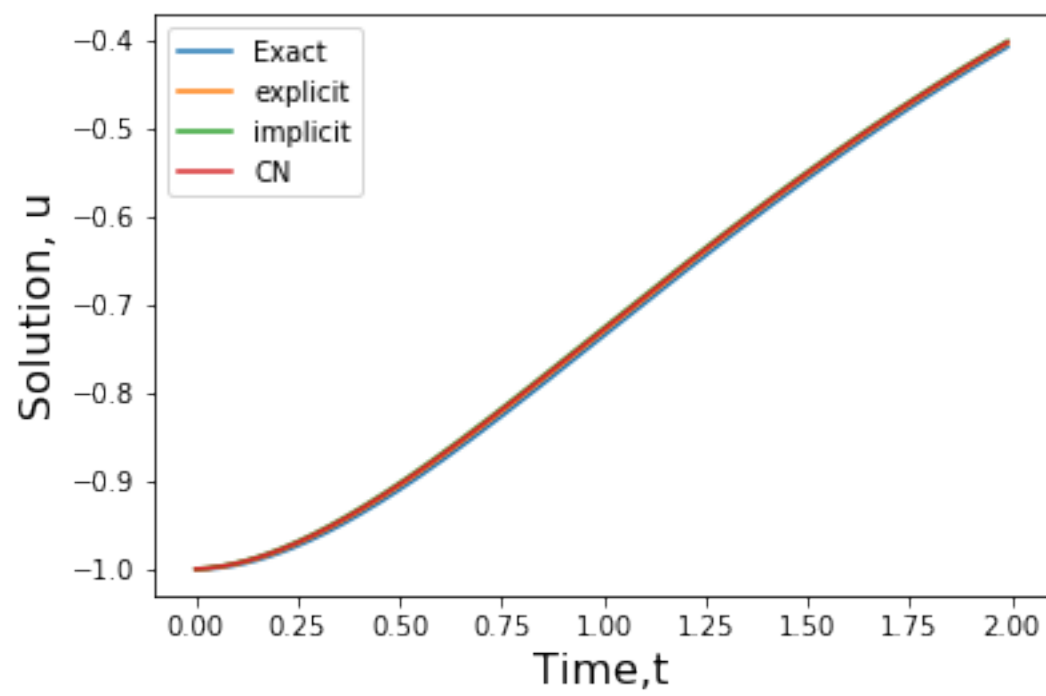
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In [2]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
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import math
# explicit scheme
u=[]
t=0.01
for i in range(200):
    if i==0:
        u.append(-1)
    else:
        u.append(u[i-1]+(0.01)*t*np.exp(-t))
    t=t+0.01
# implicit scheme
ub=[]
t=0.01
for i in range(200):
    if i==0:
        ub.append(-1+ (0.01)*(t+0.01)*np.exp(-(t+0.01)))
    else:
        ub.append(ub[i-1]+(0.01)*(t+0.01)*np.exp(-(t+0.01)))
    t=t+0.01
# CN scheme
uc=[]
t=0.01
for i in range(200):
    if i==0:
        uc.append(-1+(0.5)*(0.01)*(t*np.exp(-t)+(t+0.01)*np.exp(-(t+0.01))))
    else:
        uc.append(uc[i-1]+(0.5)*(0.01)*(t*np.exp(-t)+(t+0.01)*np.exp(-(t+0.01))))
    t=t+0.01
# CN scheme end
t = np.arange(0, 2, 0.01)
u_exact = -1*(t+1)*np.exp(-t)

plt.plot(t, u_exact, label="Exact")
plt.plot(t, u, label="explicit")
plt.plot(t, ub, label="implicit")
plt.plot(t, uc, label="CN")
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Time,t', fontsize=16)
plt.ylabel('Solution, u', fontsize=16)
plt.show()

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Problem 4: 1-D Heat loss through circular fin

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In [4]: from sympy import *
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from numpy import *
from array import *
from scipy.sparse import *

def TDMA(T,d, n):
    a=[]
    b=[]
    c=[]
    cs=[]
    ds=[]
    u=[]

    for i in range(len(T)):
        for j in range(len(T[0])):
            if (j-i)==1:
                c.append(T[i][j])
            if (i-j)==1:
                a.append(T[i][j])
            if i==j:
                b.append(T[i][j])

    # accomodating n nodes
    tb=b[len(b)-1]
    ta=a[len(a)-1]
    a.pop()
    b.pop()
    for i in range(n-4):
        a.append(a[len(a)-1])
        b.append(b[len(b)-1])
        c.append(c[len(c)-1])
        d.append(d[len(d)-1])
    a.append(ta)
    b.append(tb)
    T = diags([b,a,c], [0,-1, 1]).todense()
    #print(T)
    #print("T", len(T))

    for i in range(len(d)):
        u.append(0)

    for i in range(len(c)):
        if i==0:
            cs.append(c[i]/b[i])
        elif i!=0:
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        cs.append(c[i]/(b[i]-a[i-1]*cs[i-1]))

    for i in range(len(d)):
        if i==0:
            ds.append(d[i]/b[i])
        elif i!=0:
            ds.append((d[i]-a[i-1]*ds[i-1])/(b[i]-a[i-1]*cs[i-1]))

    for i in range(len(d)-1,-1,-1):
        if i == len(d)-1:
            u[i]=ds[i]
        elif i!= len(d)-1:
            u[i]=ds[i]-cs[i]*u[i+1]

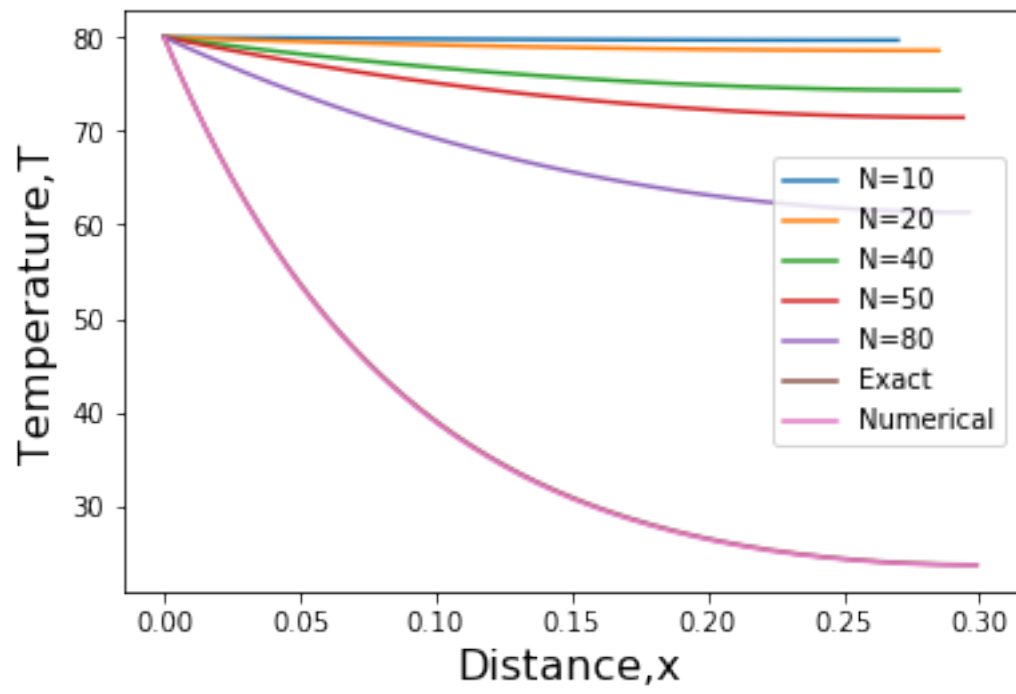
    return(u)

n=299
m=0.3/(n-1)
c=(400/3)*m*m
# Matrix equation AX=B, n is the number of nodes
A = [[1, 0, 0,0,0],[1,-(c+2),1,0,0],[0,1,-(c+2),1,0],[0,0,1,-(c+2),1],[0,0,0,2,-(c+2)]]
B=[80,-c*20,-c*20,-c*20,-c*20]
# plot of exact and Numerical

NN=[10,20,40,50,80]
for N in NN:
    l=np.arange(0,0.3,0.3/N)
    plt.plot(l, TDMA(list(A),list(B),N-1),label="N="+str(N))
x = np.arange(0, 0.3, 0.001)
T_exact = 0.058728*np.exp((20*x)/(np.sqrt(3)))+59.9412719*np.exp((-20*x)/(np.sqrt(3)))+2

plt.plot(x, T_exact, label="Exact")
plt.plot(x, TDMA(list(A),list(B),int(n)),label="Numerical")
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Distance,x', fontsize=16)
plt.ylabel('Temperature,T', fontsize=16)
plt.show()

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In []: