

NIAS - Support for Distributed Marking of Writing

Section 1 - NSIP Integration As a Service (NIAS)

1.1 What is NIAS?

NIAS is a suite of open-source tools designed to help users integrate and extract value from data based on the Australian SIF Data Model for Education. NIAS includes generic functionality for system integration as well as support for specific applications such as validation and manipulation of data contained in the Results and Reporting Dataset files (RRD) produced by the National Assessment Platform.

These notes describe the use of NIAS tools to extract data from the RRD to support the distributed marking of NAPLAN Online writing responses.

Section 2 - Installation

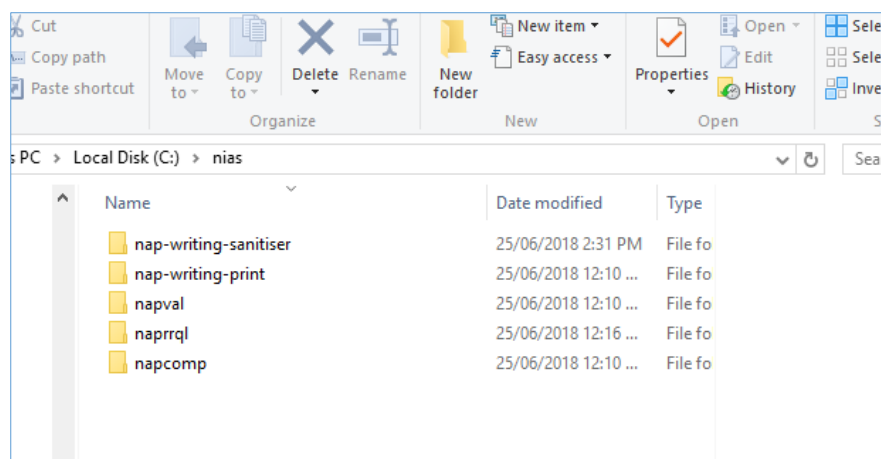
2.1 Pre-requisites

NIAS can be installed on Windows (32 or 64-bit), Linux (32 or 64-bit), or Macintosh. A browser is not required to support the writing extraction process using NIAS as it uses a command line interface. A browser will be required however to view the HTML writing scripts produced. On Windows machines, Firefox and Chrome are recommended. On Mac, Safari, Chrome and Firefox are recommended.

The NIAS toolset takes up approximately 40MB in hard disk space.

2.2 Installing files

1. Click on the following URL, or enter it in your browser:
<https://github.com/nsip/nias2/releases/latest>
2. Click on the installation file relevant to your platform, to download the NIAS tools.
3. Extract the contents of the zip file (e.g. Win64-1-0-0.zip) to a suitable high-level folder
e.g.: c:\nias



Note: Don't nest the folder structure too deeply in Windows; this can have an impact on permissible file name length.

The installation creates 5 folders:

- nap-writing-sanitiser
- nap-writing-print
- napval
- naprrql
- napcomp

For further information about all components please refer to the *NIAS and NAPRR Install and User Guide*.

Section 3 – Writing Extract

The NIAS tool contains a component to extract all writing responses from the Results and Reporting data set to support upload into existing writing marking systems.

The NIAS writing extract process generates a CSV file with one row per student, for all students registered for a writing test. It includes the participation status for the student, the year level, the ACARA ID for their school, the student's local and TAA-assigned identifier, their Platform Student Identifier, and the contents of their writing script where available. The writing script output is in the same HTML format as in the Results and Reporting data set. The extract also includes one random anonymised identifier for each student record. This identifier, which is not contained in the Results and Reporting data set, can be used instead of the PSI when supplying writing scripts to external marking services to preserve student anonymity.

The extract includes all writing responses for all year levels represented in the Results and Reporting data set; Year 3 will not be represented, as no registrations for Year 3 (offline) Writing are recorded in the National Assessment Platform.

Word counts for each of the student writing responses are included in the writing_extract.csv file. The word count ignores HTML markup and counts contractions as two words. Hyphenated words count as all words between hyphens. A token only counts as a word if it contains an ASCII letter (a to z) or a numeral.

3.1 Running the Writing Extract

1. Download the zipped Results and Reporting Dataset (RRD) file available from the NAPLAN Online Assessment Platform (one file for a given sector - NIAS should be provided one RRD file at a time) and unzip the file (**SIF.xml**) to the NIAS subfolder: **naprrql\in**

IMPORTANT: NIAS comes bundled with a sample RRD file (**sample.xml.zip**) which includes sample student writing scripts. Move or delete the **sample.xml.zip** file from **naprrql\in** if you are using NIAS in production.

2. Navigate to the **\naprrql** folder in a console or terminal (in Windows type **cmd** in the Windows search box, then, if NIAS was extracted to C:\NIAS, type **cd\nias\naprrql**) and run:
naprrql -ingest on Windows
naprrql --ingest on Linux and Macintosh
This launches the various components and services of NAPRRQL and begins processing of data files in the **naprrql\in** folder.
3. Wait for the application to ingest the data. Progress will be displayed in the console. Note that the ingest process only needs to be done once unless the data changes (a Results Reporting data set with 50,000 students takes 6 minutes to ingest on a Quad Core i7 MacBook Pro).
4. **Ingestion complete** followed by **Datastore closed** indicates the ingest process has completed. Don't close the console/terminal window.
5. Whilst still in the **naprrql** folder (e.g. C:\nias\naprrql) in a console or terminal, run:
naprrql -writingextract on Windows, **naprrql --writingextract** on Linux and Macintosh.
6. Wait for the process to complete (the writing extract from a RRD with 50,000 students takes 2 minutes to generate on a Quad Core i7 MacBook Pro.)
7. Navigate to the **\naprrql\out\writing_extract** folder. Two files have been created:
writing_extract.csv and **qaSchools.csv**.
 - The **writing_extract.csv** report contains a row for every student in the source file that was registered for a writing test in the RRD, whether they have actually sat the test or not. Because the source RRD does not track paper tests, there will be no entries for Year 3 students.

Test Year	Test level	Jurisdiction Id	ACARA ID	PSI	Local school student ID	TAA student ID	Participation Code	Item Response	Anonymised Id	Test Id	Word Count
2017	9	9	21212	R100000011H	46299451	46299451	P	<p>This is a sampl	s4X54jMsXQJGjr3M	x00106802	300
2017	9	9	21212	R100000019K	876603939	876603939	R		4oA3yWpguuEVvVq	x00106802	0
2017	9	9	21212	R100000016D	767981676	767981676	E		xV7Z7XMu7871KdO	x00106802	0
2017	9	9	21212	R100000002D	362156703	362156703	P	<p>This is a sampl	ja21FY66uwuYMHQ3	x00106802	300
2017	9	9	21212	R100000012P	428224238	428224238	P	<p>This is a sampl	ce4X6qa68PN1v2P6	x00106802	300
2017	7	9	21212	R100000003S	442580663	442580663	S	<p>This is a sampl	GMf3MZkgizthrXikr	x00106801	604
2017	7	9	21212	R100000004R	557839832	557839832	P	<o>This is a samol	0uvPISL88BEGHsSPN	x00106801	600

- **qaSchools.csv** contains a row per school with numbers of students against year levels, writing tests and participation codes. The counts of students registered for writing tests can be used to validate the contents of the **writing_extract.csv** report.

SchoolName	Sector	System	Independent	Type	Local ID	ACARA ID	State ID	District	Total Reg. Students for Writing	Students Reg. yr5	Students Reg. yr7	Students Reg. yr9	Students Reg. Test yr5	Students Reg. Test yr7	Students Reg. Test yr9	Participated Yr 5 Writing	Participated Yr 7 Writing	Participated Yr 9 Writing	Not Enrolled	Absent	Canceled	Exempt	Withdrawn	Sanctioned/Abandon.	Refused
Alfira Sec Non-Government					x72860	21212			18	4	6	8	4	6	8	4	4	6				2		1	1
Bardish 54 Non-Government					x72861	21213			19	6	9	4	6	9	4	6	7	4					1		1
Dictyosip Non-Government					x72862	21214			19	11	5	3	11	5	3	11	5	3							
Dogmatic Non-Government					x72863	21215			22	8	7	7	8	7	7	7	5	5				1	2		2
Empyreur Non-Government					x72864	21216			18	4	6	8	4	6	8	4	6	6					1	1	
Entertain Non-Government					x72865	21217			18	7	4	7	7	4	7	7	3	7							
Fearless 54 Non-Government					x72866	21218			21	5	11	5	5	11	5	4	8	4				2	1		2
Musical Non-Government					x72867	21219			20	11	11	4	11	11	4	11	4	4							

NOTE: If you wish to run a further validation to compare the csv file generated by the NIAS Writing Extract tool against the original source RRD file, NSIP has a tool available which runs on Linux or Mac. NSIP has used this tool in testing and can provide further information on request.

3.2 NAP Writing Sanitiser

NAP-writing-sanitiser is a standalone tool that sanitises the writing extract from NAPLAN student responses, to strip extraneous HTML styling introduced through copy-paste, and to wrap responses in HTML where responses lack any HTML markup.

It is designed to work with the .csv file that is output by the naprrql data analysis tool when naprrql is run with the --writingextract flag. The use of the NAP-writing-sanitiser is optional.

1. To run, the steps for data ingest and writing extract must have already been run. See instructions in section 3.1. (steps 1-6)
2. Navigate to the `\naprrql\out\writing_extract` folder. Copy the file **writing_extract.csv** to the folder `\nap-writing-sanitiser\in`.
3. Navigate to the `\nap-writing-sanitiser` folder in a console or terminal (in Windows type `cmd` in the Windows search box, then, if NIAS was extracted to C:\NIAS, type `cd\nias\nap-writing-sanitiser`) and run: **nap-writing-sanitiser**. The napwriting-sanitiser tool will then generate two files:
 - **out/writing_extract_sanitised.csv**: a file with the same structure as writing_extract.csv, but with the HTML content sanitised
 - **out/sanitiser_report.csv**: a before-and-after list of all sanitised responses

The following HTML markup in the responses is preserved during the sanitation process:

- The elements "strong", "em", "span", "p", "ol", "ul", "li", "br", "u", "font", "h1", "h2", "h3", "h4", "h5", "h6"
- The attribute "size" on the element "font", with a numeric value.
- The following values of the attribute "style" on any element, singly or in combination:
 - text-decoration:underline;
 - text-decoration-line:underline;
 - font-size:16px;
 - font-size:18px;
 - font-size:large;
 - text-align:left;
 - text-align:center;
 - text-align:start;
 - background-color:rgba(255, 255, 255, 0);

All other attributes are stripped, including CSS classes, and other values of the "style" attribute. All other elements are stripped; this includes the bulk of elements in the Writing prompt.

If any responses lack any HTML markup, the tool inserts a <p> wrapper around the response, and in any instances of double carriage return.

To make sense of the sanitise_report.csv report, we suggest a visual diff tool, that highlights the changes to markup introduced by the sanitiser. <https://text-compare.com> is one example of such a tool.

3.3 NAP Writing Print Tool

The nap-writing-print tool allows generation of HTML files for each student's writing response. These files can support manual marking of writing scripts if needed.

The nap-writing-print tool is included in the standard install (as per Section 2 above).

IMPORTANT: NIAS comes bundled with a sample writing extract file (**sample_writing_extract.csv**) which includes sample student writing scripts. Move or delete the **sample_writing_extract.csv** file from **\nap-writing-print\in** if you are using NIAS in production.

WARNING: the writing tool code is hardcoded to the headers of the writing_extract file. Users should refrain from renaming the headers of the writing_extract file (i.e. don't edit the /app/naprrql/reporting_templates/writing_extract/itemWritingPrinting_map.csv columns).

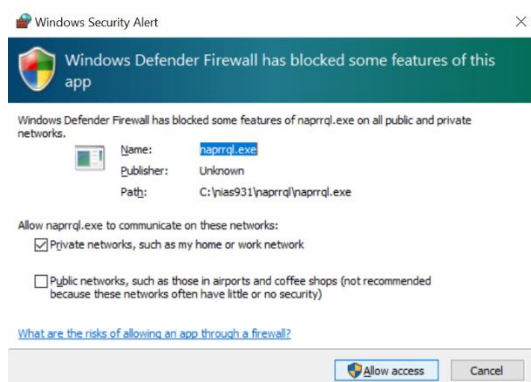
This section assumes that the earlier steps (to create the writing_extract.csv) in section 3.1 and the optional steps to run the NAP-writing-sanitiser in section 3.2 of this document have already been completed.

To generate the writing scripts (in HTML format):

1. If you have used the Nap-writing-sanitiser tool, copy the file **writing_extract_sanitised.csv** from **\nap-writing-sanitiser\out** to the **\nap-writing-print\in** folder. If you have not used the sanitiser tool, copy the file **writing_extract.csv** from **\naprrql\out\writing_extract** to the **\nap-writing-print\in** folder.
2. Navigate to the **\nap-writing-print** folder (e.g. at the command prompt type `cd \nias\nap-writing-print`) in a console or terminal and run **nap-writing-print** on Windows, Linux and Macintosh.
3. The nap-writing-print tool will then create individual HTML files for each writing response that it finds in the **writing_extract.csv** file, under the structure outlined below.
4. A number of files will be generated in the **\nap-writing-print\out** and **backup** folders.
5. The **backup** folder contains backup/s of the input CSV file. This allows regeneration of HTML files from the source writing_extract.csv file (with the same anonymous student identifiers).
6. The **out** folder will contain a **schools** folder, outputting HTML scripts for each student organised per school (ACARA Id), and a **yr-level** folder, outputting HTML scripts for each student per year level.
7. Each numbered folder within the **school** folder and **yr-level** folder contains an **audit** folder and a **script** folder.
8. The **script** folder contains a HTML file per student. The file name for each HTML file is **N_X_ID.html** where N is the state identifier, X is the student's participation status, and ID is the anonymised ID. The HTML internally consists of the anonymised ID for the student, followed by the response (or a notice that there was no response).
9. The **audit** folder contains a HTML file per student, with the same naming convention; its contents are the full information known about that writing script from the input CSV file, including the student's PSI. This means scripts can be distributed independently, but manually reconciled if needed.

Additional Notes:

- Performance: NIAS runs best on machines with a SSD drive and at least an i5 processor and 8Gig of RAM. Current performance on an i5 MacBook creates 200,000 html files (4 files for each of 50k students) in around 1 minute.
- As the html output is constructed entirely from the contents of the input file (**writing_extract.csv**), for safety at the end of a run a timestamped folder is created in the **/backup** folder of the **nap-writing-print** folder so that the same html files can be generated at any time in the future even if the working .csv file has been over-written.
- The output HTML script files maintain the paragraphing of the original input from the user: bold text, underlined text, italic text, and ordered and unordered lists are supported as provided via the online NAPLAN editor component.
- As the writing extract tool will generate a lot of files, it is best run on 64-bit environments where constraints on the number of files in a directory or folder are not an issue if large input files are being processed.
- Virus scanners & firewall requests: On Windows, NIAS may request network access on the local machine (as seen via a Windows firewall request). Note that NIAS does not access outside networks, websites, or the assessment platform directly. Internal NIAS components transfer information locally, internal to the current machine only and requires this internal access to function correctly.



Further support:

For additional NIAS support please contact [NSIP](mailto:info@nsip.edu.au) (info@nsip.edu.au) or call 03 9910 9827

Appendix A: Contents of file writing_extract.csv

From NIAS version 1.06+, the following fields will be included in the writing_extract.csv file:

- i. Test Year (e.g. 2018)
- ii. Test Level (e.g. 5,7,9)
- iii. Jurisdiction ID (e.g. 2 = Victoria)
- iv. ACARA ID
- v. PSI
- vi. Local school student ID
- vii. TAA student ID
- viii. Participation code
- ix. Item Response (the student's response in HTML text)
- x. Anonymised ID (random alphanumeric GUID mix of numbers, upper/lower case letters)
- xi. Test ID (the local test ID for the writing test e.g. x00115999)
- xii. Word count