
Agile Software Development (DIT191 / EDA397)

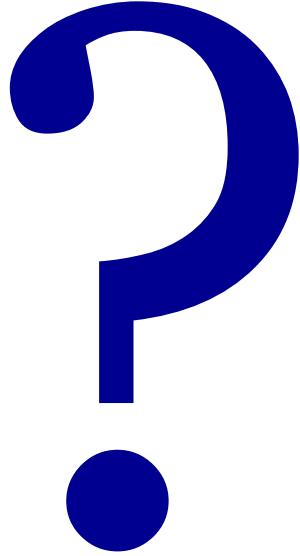
Eric Knauss
eric.knauss@cse.gu.se

Hi, nice meeting you! (Short CV)

- Born in Hattingen, Germany
- University in Dortmund and Hanover
- PhD in Hanover: **Improving Requirements Documentation based on Heuristics and Experience**
- Postdoc in Hanover: **Global Software Development**
- Postdoc in Victoria BC: **RE in Distributed Large-Scale Software Projects**



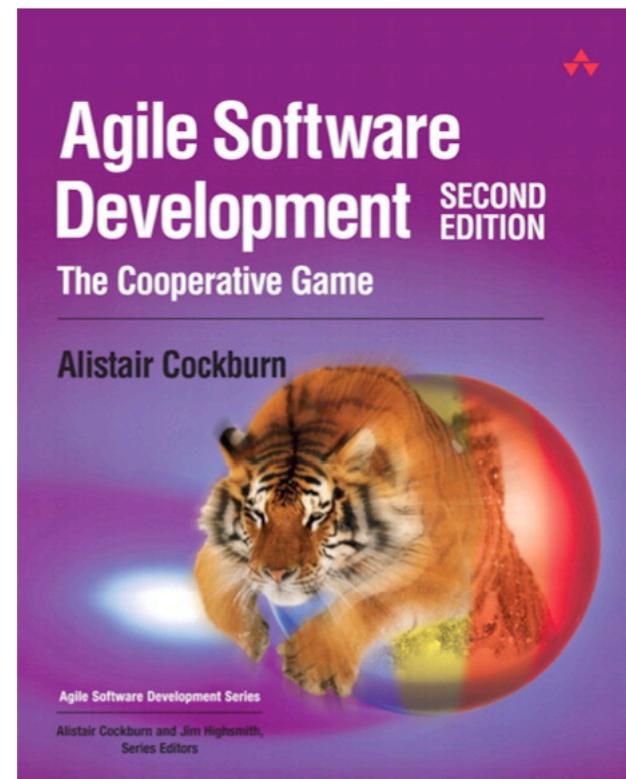
- **Topics**
 - Requirements Engineering
 - Agile Methods
 - RE and Project Management
 - Experience and Knowledge Management



- What about you?
 - Who are you (name, university, programme)?
 - What would make this course great for you?

Course setup

- Teaching Assistant
 - Emil Alégroth (emil.alegroth@chalmers.se)
- Course representants
- In parallel:
 - PhD course
- Course Material
 - <http://oerich.github.io/EDA397/>
 - Cockburn,A., (2009) Agile Software Development, 2ed
 - Papers



Course setup (Practical details)

- Schedule
 - 0-3 lectures per week
 - 0-2 workshops per week
 - =3 scheduled activities per week
 - Even if there is no lecture, we will be available and you can (should!) use the rooms/time to work!
- Examination
 - Project (teams)
 - Final product
 - Artifacts
 - Report (Individual)
 - Experience / Post-Mortem report
 - Written exam

Project

- Develop an Android app for a customer
- Work in predetermined teams
 - You will be assigned teams
 - You decide about your development methodology
 - You meet with the customer during course week 2
 - and get all the details!
- We strive to create a realistic scenario/ environment
 - We rely on a number of real-world services and tools, e.g.
 - Android (SDK) GitHub / BitBucket ..

How to assign teams? ▾

Course setup

- Three sprints
- Sprint 1: Getting started
- Sprint 2: Getting work done
- Sprint 3: Theory and advanced concepts

Sprint 1: Getting started



http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Sprint_01.jpg

What is agility in Software Development?

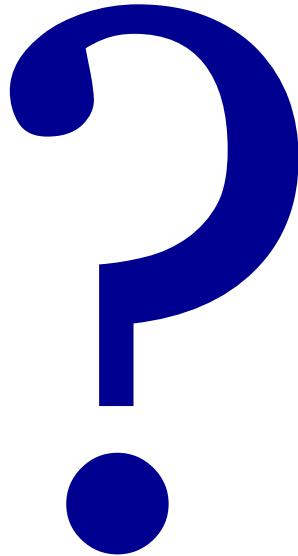


Agile: An Overview

<http://mediagallery.usatoday.com/New+Flame>

Motivation

- What is the “Software crisis”?
 - Software development inefficient
 - Software does not meet requirements
 - Projects over time/budget
 - Projects were unmanageable and software unmaintainable
- What can be done about it?
 - Software Engineering
 - Application of engineering to Software
 - Systematic, disciplined, quantifiable approach to the development, operation, and maintenance of software
 - Assure quality of process and product



- Do you know examples of
 - Systematic, disciplined, quantifiable approaches to the development, operation, and maintenance of software?
 - Applying engineering to software?

Where are we coming from?

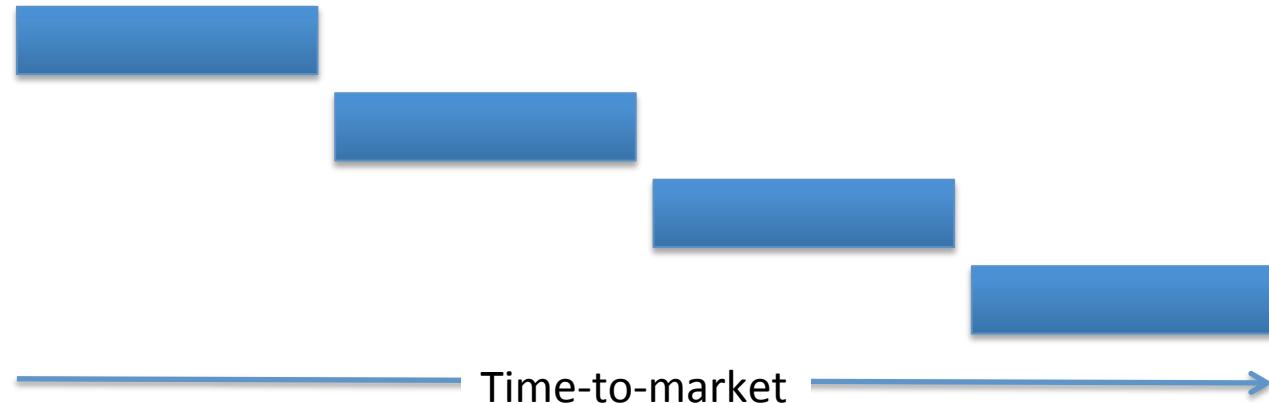


Systematic sequential development

- Requirements 
- Design 
- Programming 
- Test 
- Advantages
 - Simple
 - Controllable
 - Cost efficient
- Problems
 - Time-to-market
 - What about change?

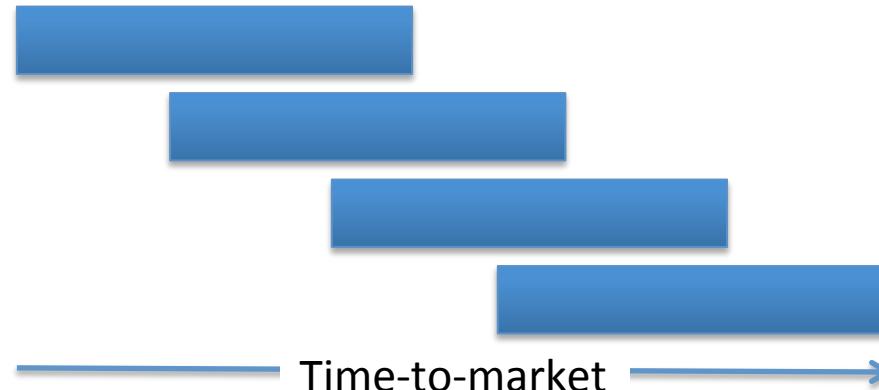
Towards concurrent development

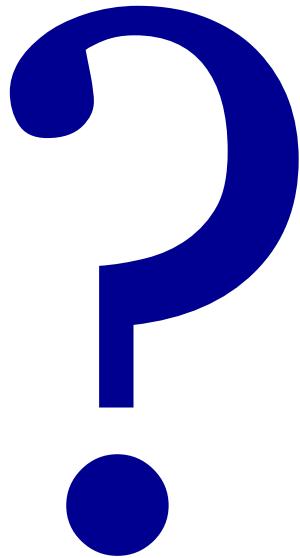
- Requirements
- Design
- Programming
- Test



What can we do if time to market and robustness against late changes are more important than cost-efficiency?

- Requirements
- Design
- Programming
- Test



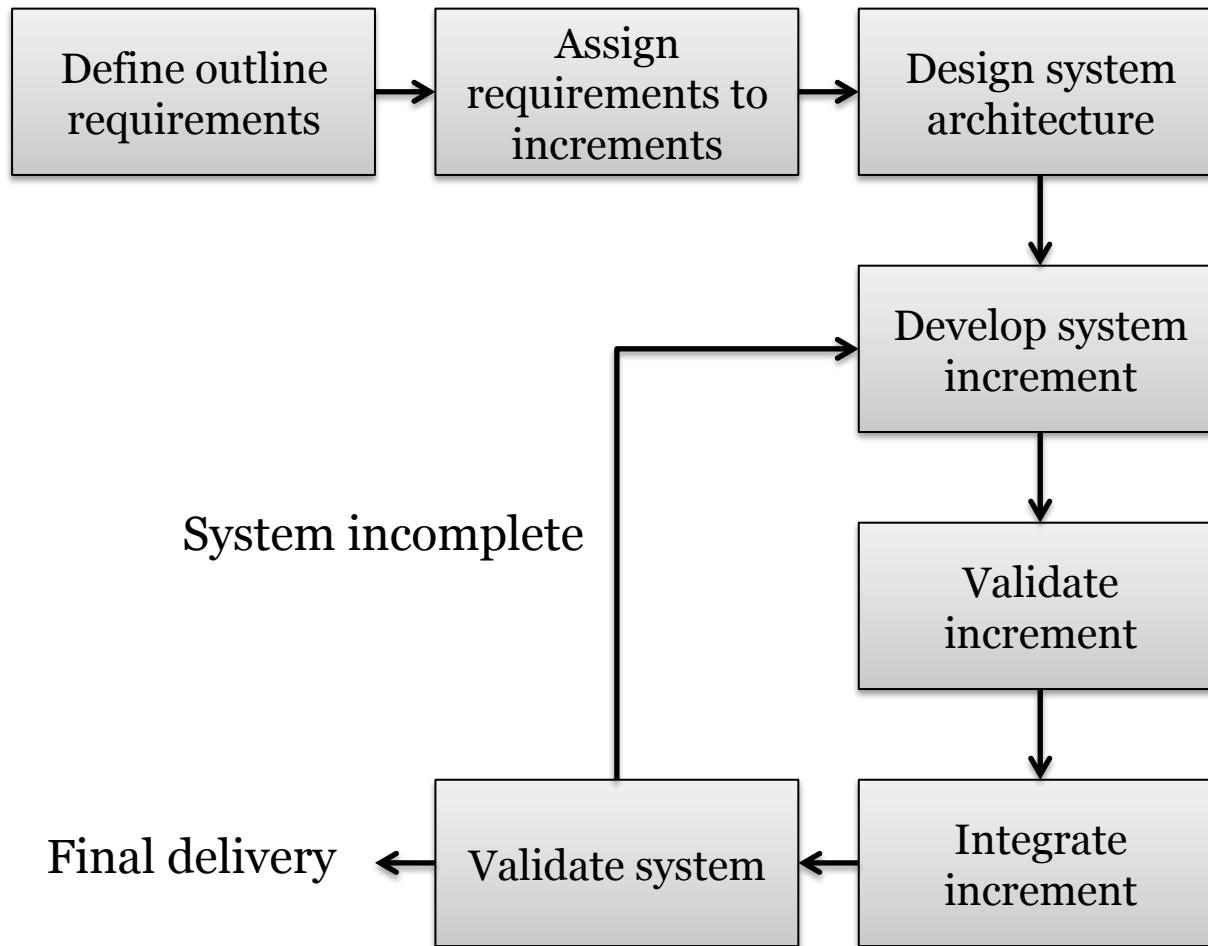


- What is the consequence of concurrent development?
 - (hint: why are concurrent tasks depicted longer than sequential tasks?)
- What has this to do with agile?
- What do you know about agile?

Iteration Models

- System requirements *always* evolve during a project
- Iterations are part of larger development projects
- Iterations can be applied to any generic development process model

Incremental delivery



Incremental delivery

- Customer value can be delivered with each increment so system functionality is early available for customer's feedback
- Early increments act as prototype to help elicit requirements for later increments
- Reduced risk of project failure
- The highest priority system services tend to receive the most testing