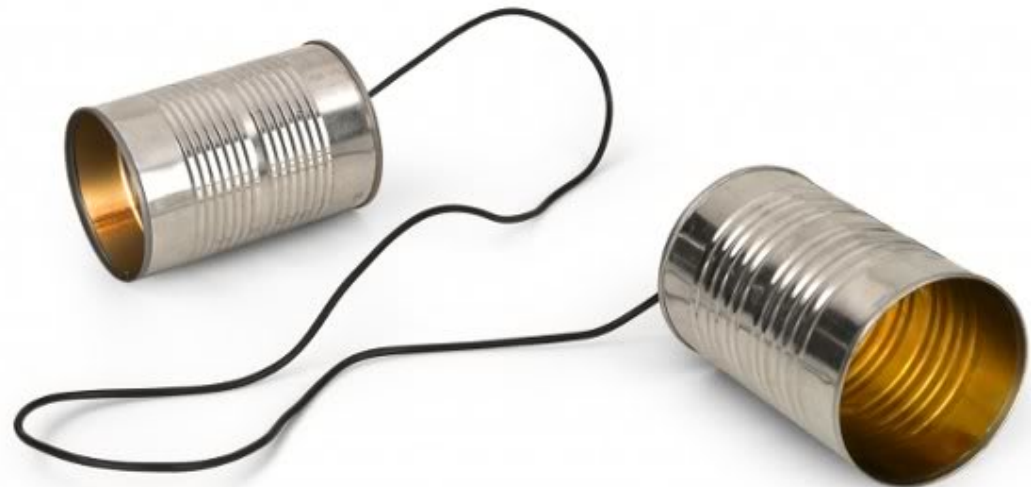


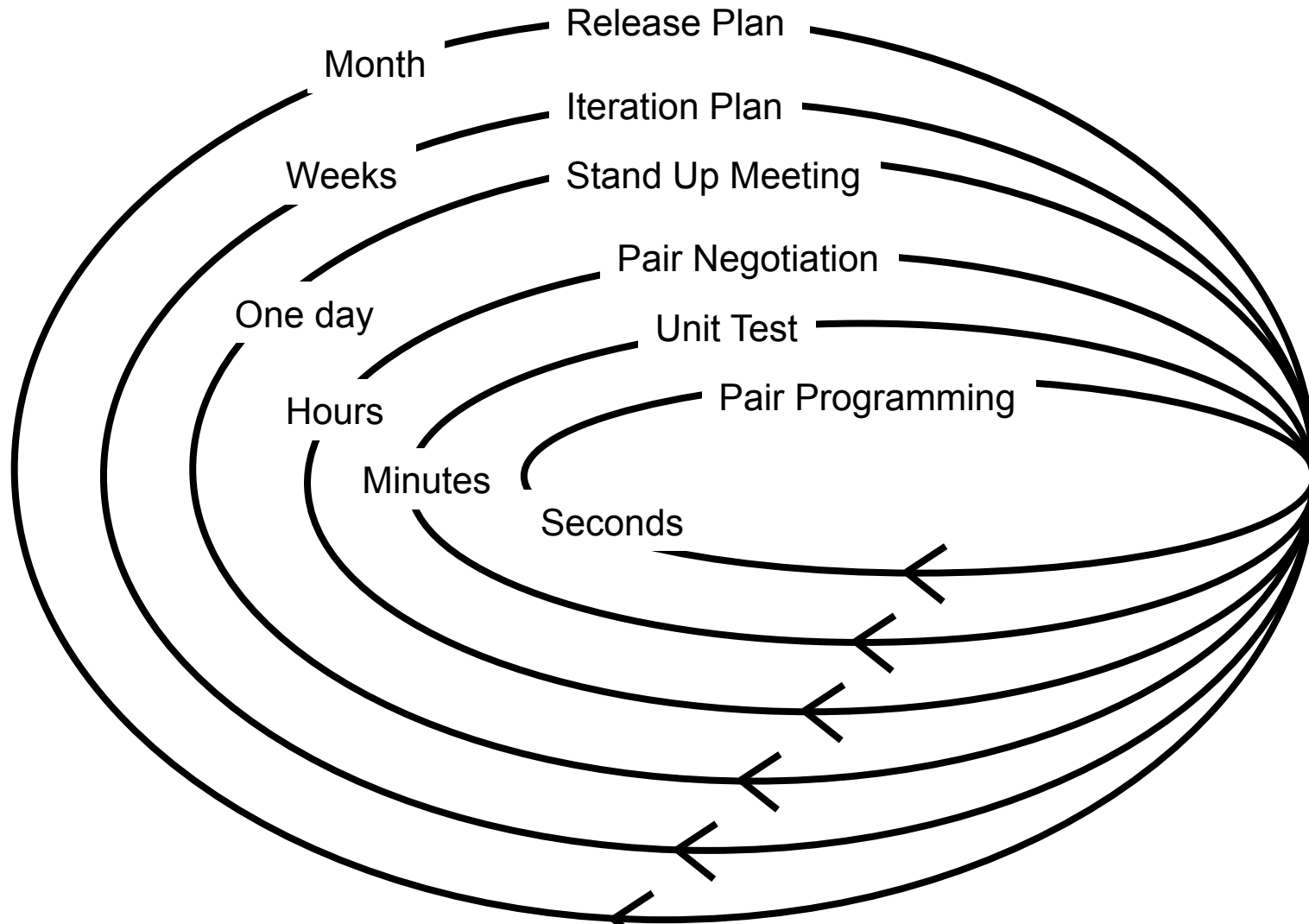
# Agile Information Flows

Agile Development  
Processes  
Eric Knauss



<http://3badbullies.files.wordpress.com/2013/10/tin-can-telephone.jpg>

# Feedback in XP



# How to make this project more agile?

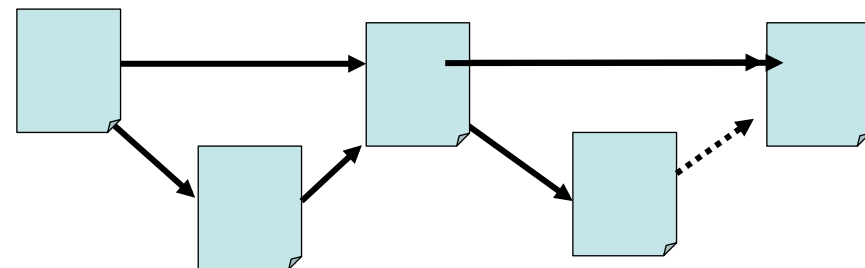
## Consider a project with problems

- Large specification
- Frequent changes – best designers manage those

## Quotes

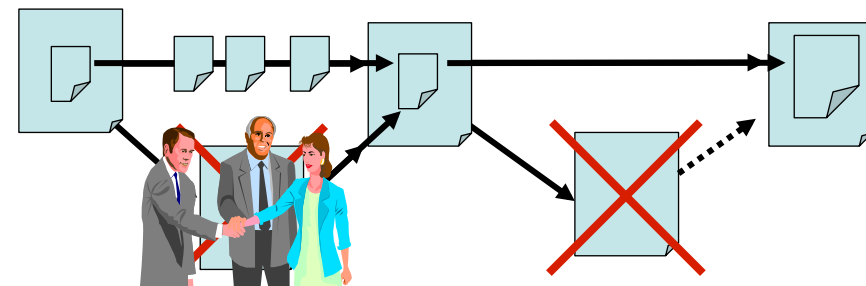
- “It’s just too many documents. [...] Sure we need both user reqts spec. and system reqts spec. But often, I change code and then go back to adjust the requirements.”
- “Why is the customer not working on the user reqts spec? Are they confused by the many changes themselves?”

- “System requirements specification? I know it is supposed to be useful. But currently I just try to keep it in sync with the unit tests we are writing.”
- “We probably should adjust the design document. It is outdated, but so far we seem to be all on the same page. It would be such a pain to bring it up to date!”



# Task (10min): How to make this project more agile?

- Remove pressure through lightweight approaches
  - Discard unnecessary documents
  - Minimize process-requirements and templates
- Provide for vague requirements and changes
  - Quickly to the core system, then incremental evolution
- Better feedback
  - Organizational and technical change
  - Closer collaboration with customer

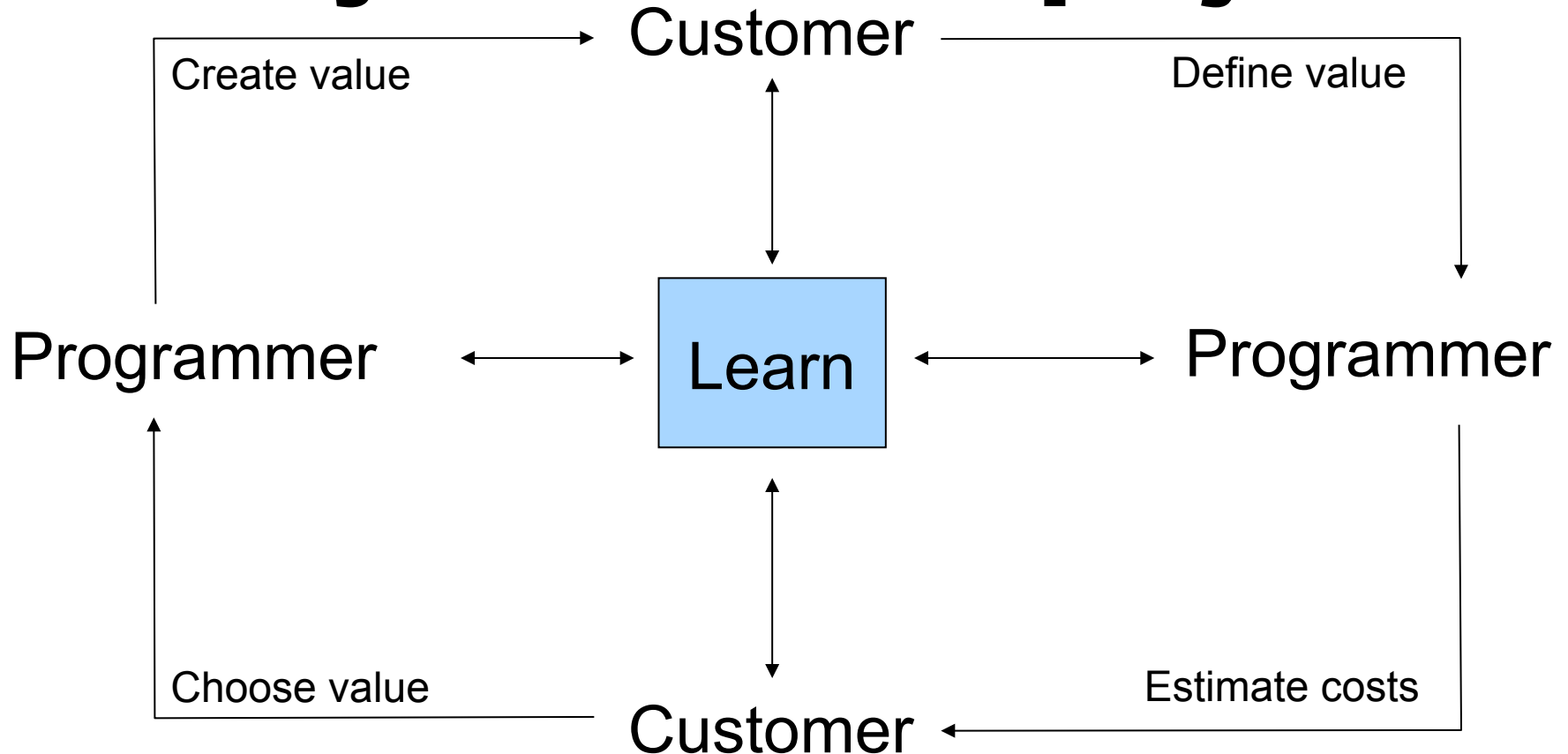


# Thought experiment

**Ideal transfer of information: *not* via Documents!**

- Starting point: face-to-face
  - Spatial proximity: Gestures, expressions etc.
  - “Osmotic communication”
- Remove co-location: Video-Conference
  - Synchronous seeing and hearing
- Remove visual channel: Telephone
  - Synchronous listening, questions, and feedback
- Remove audio channel: email
  - Questions and feedback possible, but written and with delay
- Remove questions and feedback
  - Read documents (e.g. on paper): So much is missing here!

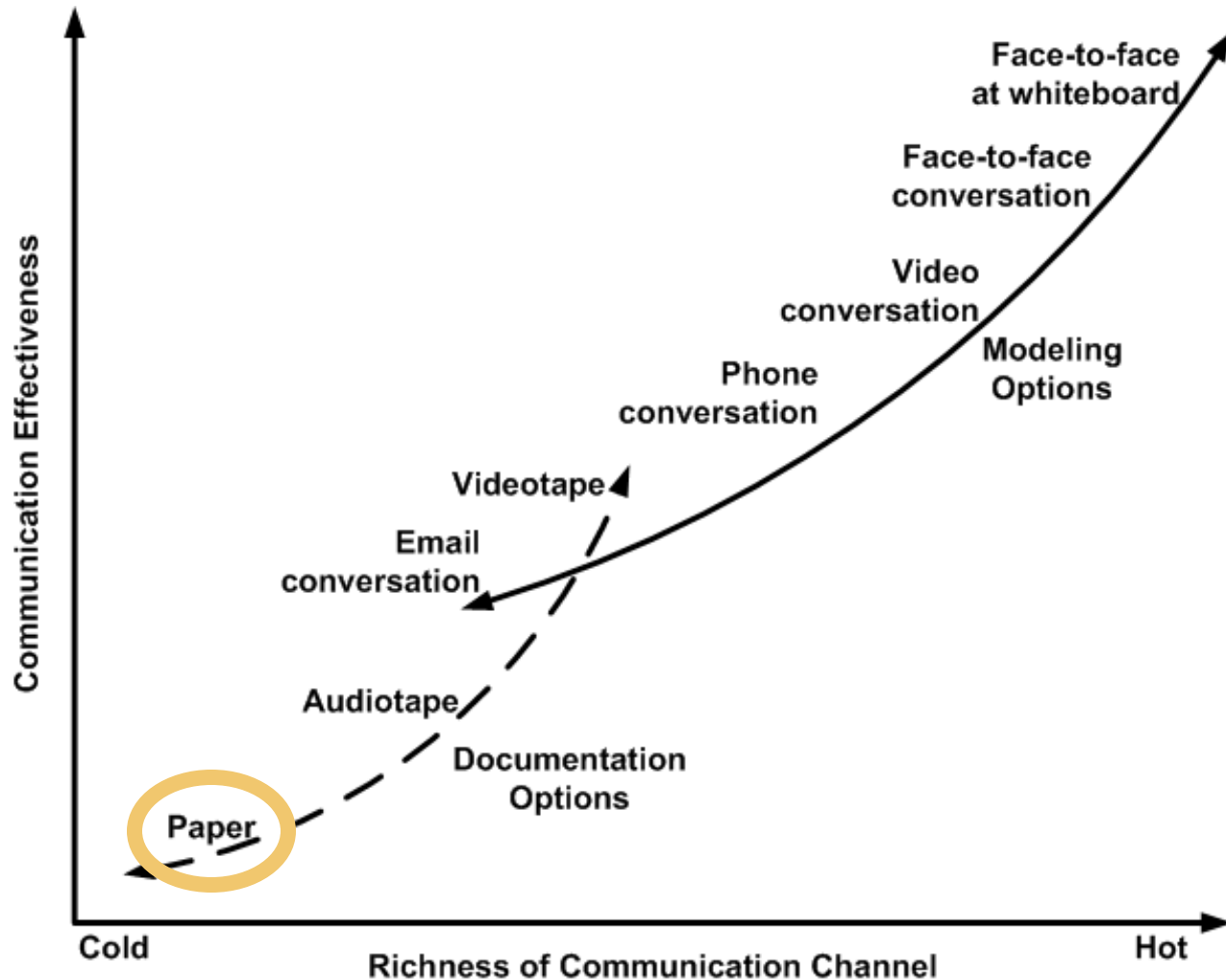
# Lifecycle of an XP project



Ron Jeffries et.al. XP installed

***What do project members learn from each other?***

# Modes of Communication



Copyright 2002-2005 Scott W. Ambler

Original Diagram Copyright 2002 Alistair Cockburn

<http://www.agilemodeling.com/essays/communication.htm>

# Task (15min)

- In small groups: Choose either XP or Scrum
- Assume you are agile coaches for a team of 8 developers
  - BUT: 5 work here, 2 in Helsinki, 1 in New York
- How do you make this work?
  - Which reoccurring, scheduled information flows are needed?
  - Which ad hoc information flows are needed?
  - Which continuous information flows are needed?
- What communication technology do you use? When?



# FLOW Mapping

One approach to the previous task

Kai Stapel et al.: FLOW Mapping: Planning and Managing Communication in Distributed Teams. In Proceedings of 6th IEEE International Conference on Global Software Engineering (ICGSE '11), pages 190–199, Helsinki, Finland, 2011.

# Problem and Proposed Solution

- Communication in a distributed setting is more difficult
  - Unfamiliarity with each other
  - Limited communication media
  - Informal communication does not happen as naturally
- FLOW Mapping, a systematic approach for planning and managing communication in distributed projects
  - 2 phase process
  - Support for process steps

# FLOW Mapping Process

## A. Planning Communication

1. Establish team

2. Create  
communication strategy

3. Create FLOW Map



## B. Managing Communication

1. Conformance analysis

2. Update FLOW Map

3. Coordinate  
communication

# FLOW

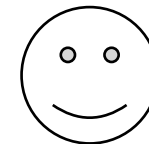
- FLOW Mapping is based on FLOW
  - Information flow perspective on software development
  - Informal communication incorporated
  - Metaphor of state of information
- **Solid** information is
  - Long term accessible
  - Repeatable accessible
  - Understandable by third parties
- **Fluid** information is **not** solid, i. e. one of the above criteria is not met
- Notation to visualize information flows

## FLOW Notation

### Storage



Doc

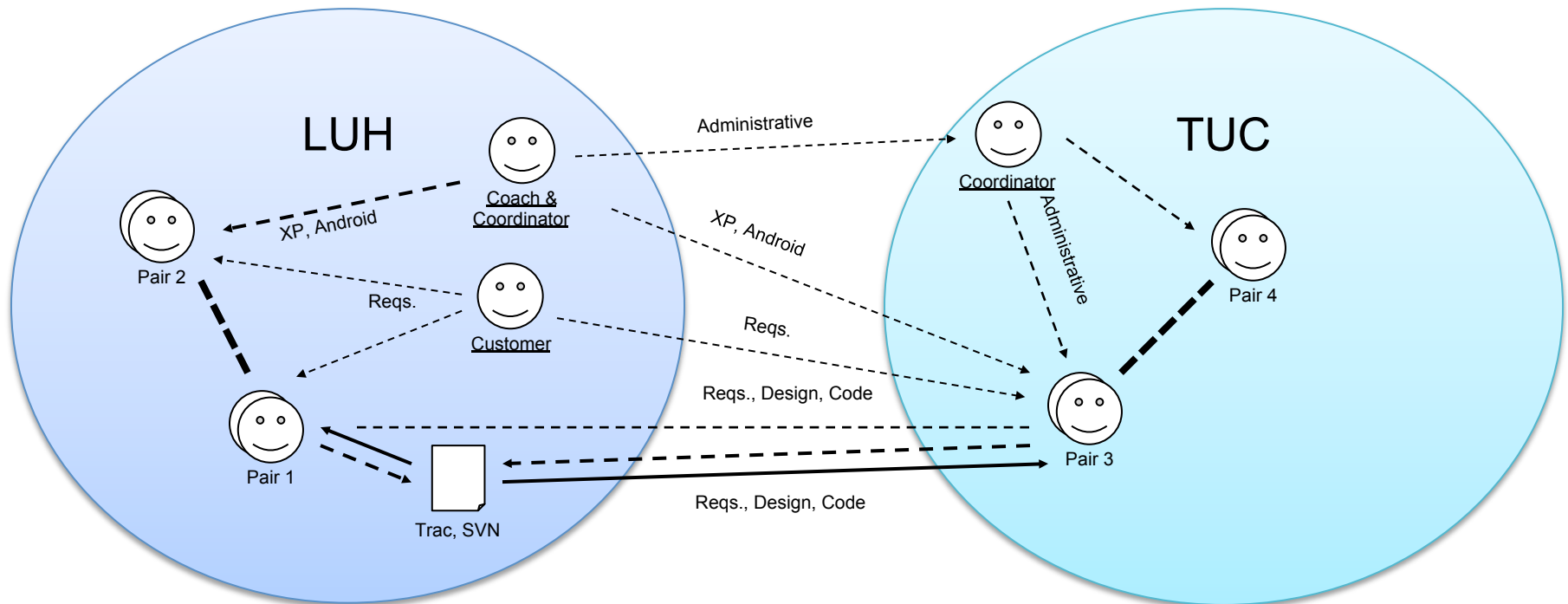


Person

### Flow

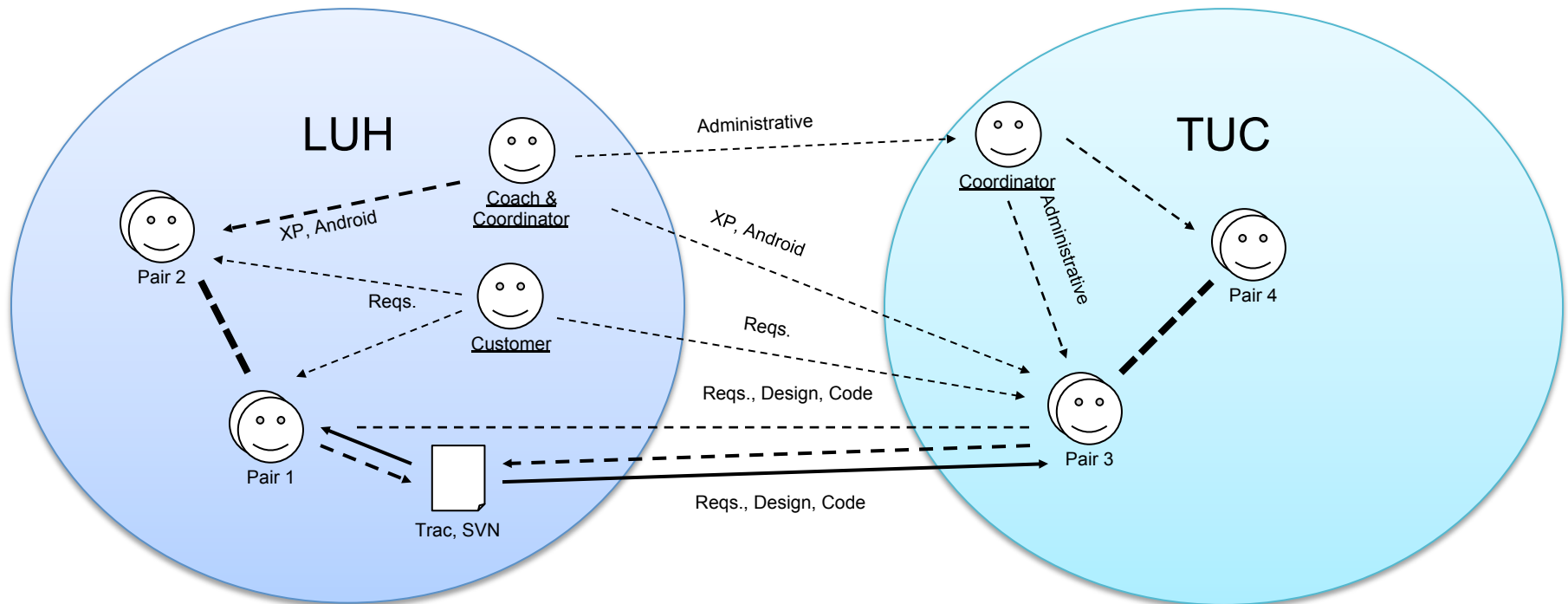


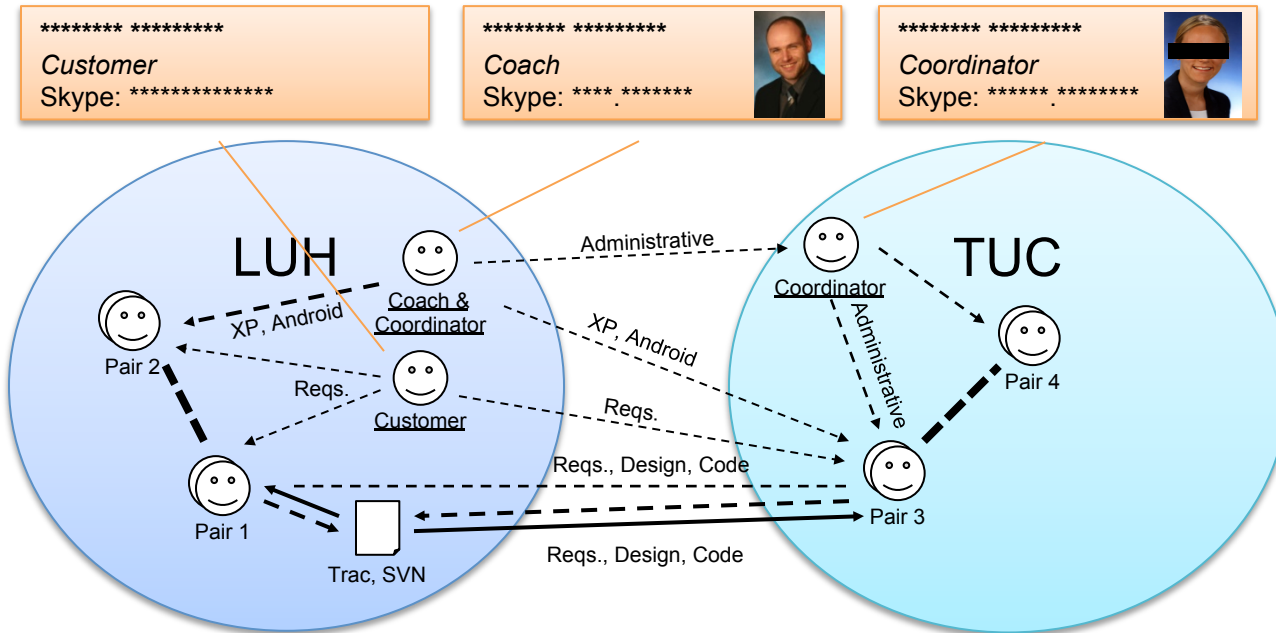
# FLOW Map – Example



And this is how you can use the Flow Map to track the flow of information between teams

# FLOW Map – Example





### Links

WebConf:

[http://webconf.\\*\\*\\*\\*\\*/\\*\\*\\*\\*\\*/](http://webconf.*****/*****/)

Trac:

[https://trac.se.uni-hannover.de/\\*\\*\\*\\*\\*/](https://trac.se.uni-hannover.de/*****/)

Skype ID: pair1-H

### Story Card #B9

*Naming conventions*

Estimate: -

\*\*\*\*\*

Developer (H)  
MySQL



\*\*\*\*\*

Developer (H)  
GUI, Swing



Skype ID: pair2-H

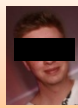
### Story Card #T3

*Adjust fonts*

Estimate: 1

\*\*\*\*\*

Developer (H)  
Android, GWT



\*\*\*\*\*

Developer (H)  
UML, Patterns



Skype ID: pair3-C

### Story Card #32

*Core questions*

Estimate: 3

\*\*\*\*\*

Developer (C)  
GUI, SWT



\*\*\*\*\*

Developer (C)  
Hibernate



Skype ID: pair4-C

### Story Card #T2

*Data persitece*

Estimate: 2

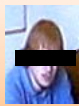
\*\*\*\*\*

Developer (C)  
Trac, Bugzilla



\*\*\*\*\*

Developer (C)  
Eclipse, GWT



# FLOW Map in Action





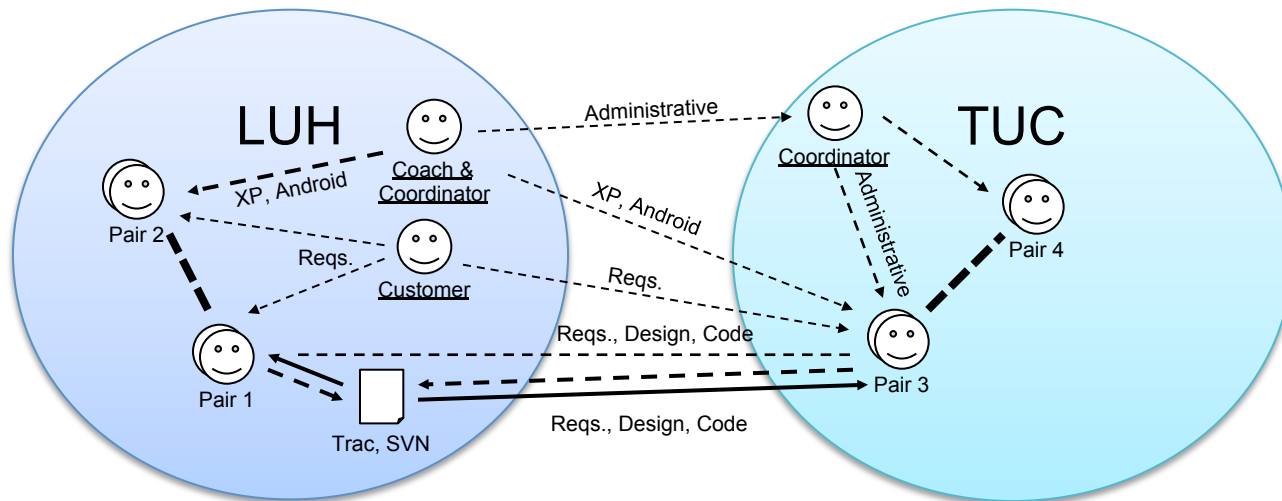
# Plan Communication – Establish Team

## A. Planning Communication

1. Establish team

2. Create communication strategy

3. Create FLOW Map



\*\*\*\*\*  
Developer (H)  
MySQL

\*\*\*\*\*  
Developer (H)  
Android, GWT

\*\*\*\*\*  
Developer (C)  
GUI, SWT

\*\*\*\*\*  
Developer (C)  
Trac, Bugzilla

\*\*\*\*\*  
Developer (H)  
GUI, Swing

\*\*\*\*\*  
Developer (H)  
UML, Patterns

\*\*\*\*\*  
Developer (C)  
Hibernate

\*\*\*\*\*  
Developer (C)  
Eclipse, GWT

# Plan Communication – Communication Strategy

## A. Planning Communication

1. Establish team

2. Create  
communication strategy

3. Create FLOW Map

Communication activity	Schedule / event	Communication media
Stand-up <sup>a</sup> / Wrap-up <sup>a</sup>	Every morning / evening	HQ video conference
Planning game <sup>a</sup>	Start of iteration (~ every 2. day)	HQ video conference with shared mind map
Acceptance test of iteration	Iteration completed	HQ video conference with shared desktop
Acceptance test of user stories <sup>a</sup>	User story completed	Skype call with shared desktop
Informal collaboration	Ad-hoc	Skype call/chat and desktop sharing
Informal coordination	Ad-hoc	Skype call / chat
Status update <sup>a</sup>	Status change	Skype status

prepare  
conformance  
analysis

## Plan Communication – Communication Strategy

- Status update conformance template

<b>Communication Activity</b>	Status update
<b>Goal</b>	
<b>Definition</b>	
<b>Collected Data</b>	
<b>Violations</b>	

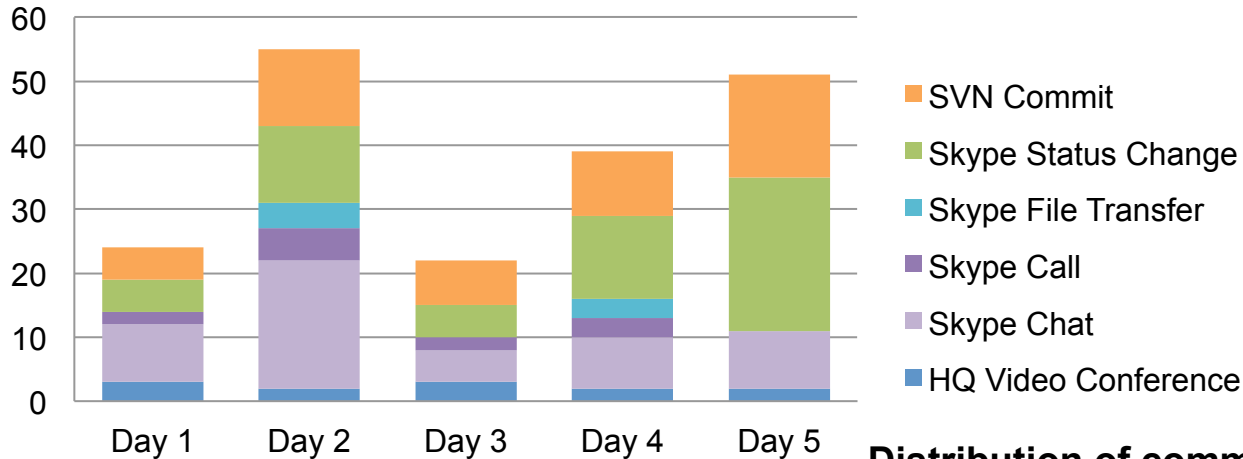
# Plan Communication – Communication Strategy

- Status update conformance template

<b>Communication Activity</b>	Status update
<b>Goal</b>	Increase awareness on who is working with whom on what task
<b>Definition</b>	Developers should use Skype status messages to broadcast who is working with whom on which User Story in a timely manner. The status message should contain User Story ID and the names of the pair programmers.
<b>Collected Data</b>	Skype status log for each workstation containing: timestamp and status message and status change events (pair switches, assignment of new User Stories)
<b>Violations</b>	<p><b>Temporal:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Status message not updated for more than one hour</li> <li>(2) Status message suggests that a developer is working in two pairs concurrently</li> </ul> <p><b>Qualitative:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Incomplete information, e.g. User Story ID missing.</li> </ul>

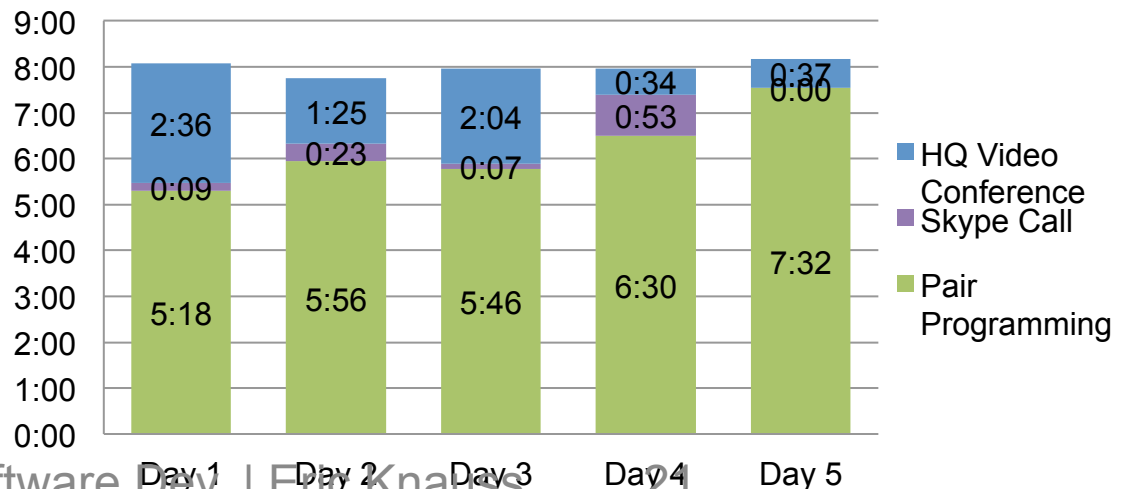
# Case Study – Communication Overview

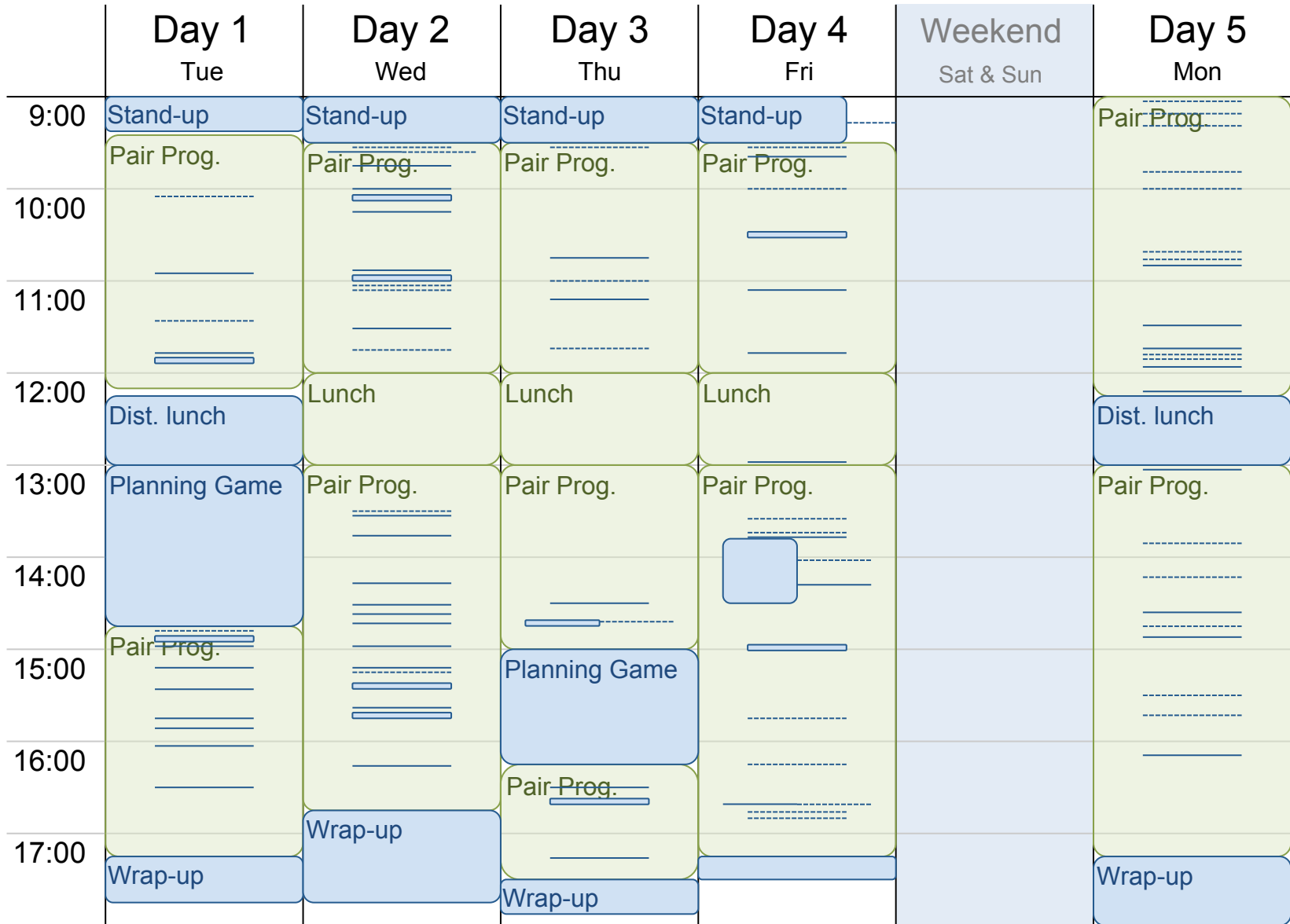
## Distribution of communication events



## Distribution of communication durations

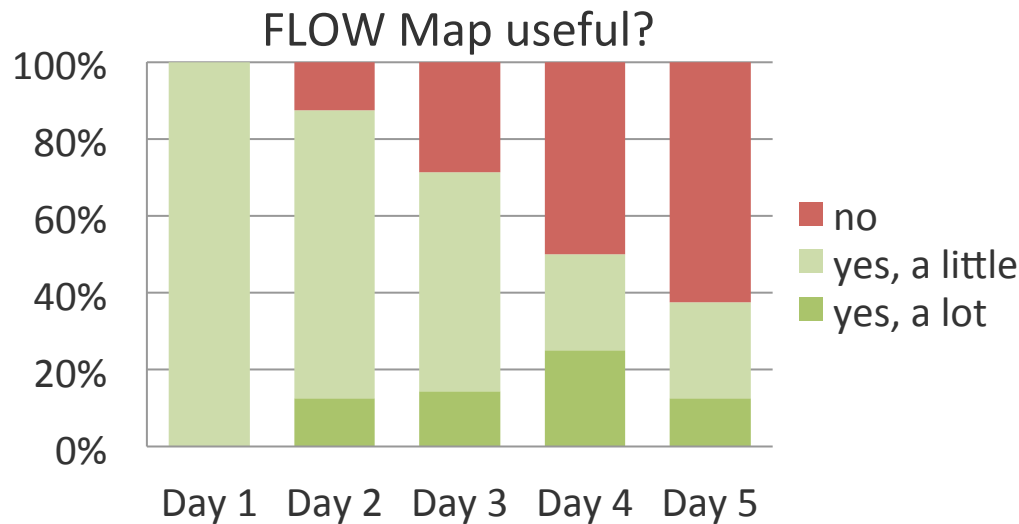
[hh:mm]





# Discussion

- Impact
  - FLOW Map perceived to be useful
  - Especially at project start (team grows together)
  - Problem with manual update process → tool support



# Discussion

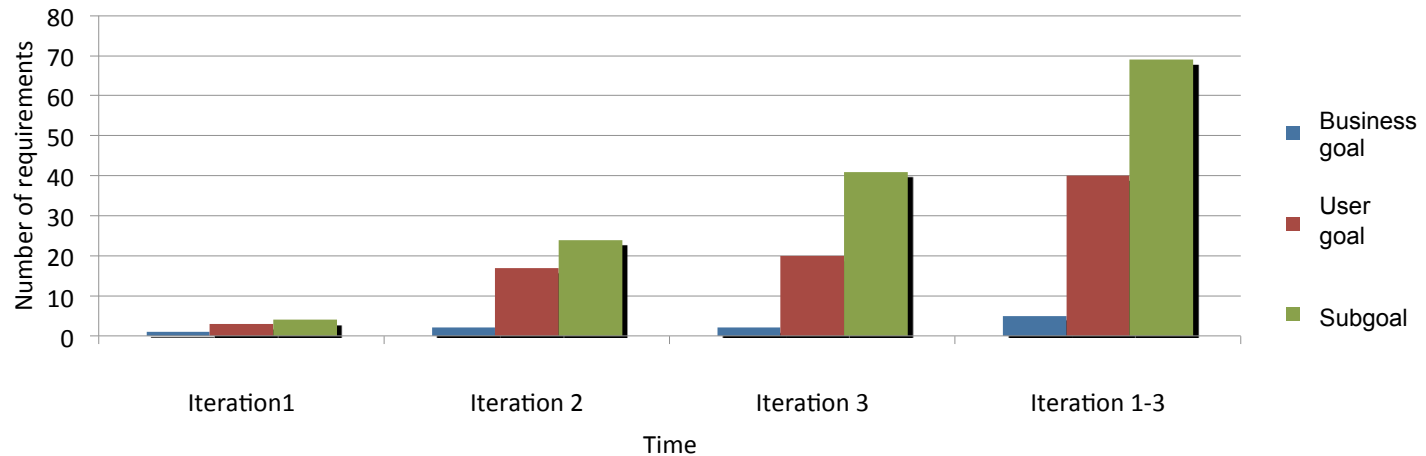
- Impact
- Cost
  - Plan: 1d strategy + 0.5d conformance + 2d prepare data collection
  - Execute: observer + 1h/activity for conformance analysis + 10 min./change to update FLOW Map
- Management feasibility
  - Violations can be detected during project
  - Monitoring electronic media helps (see costs)
- Planning feasibility
  - Communication was planned
  - Strategy was followed (79% - 88%)



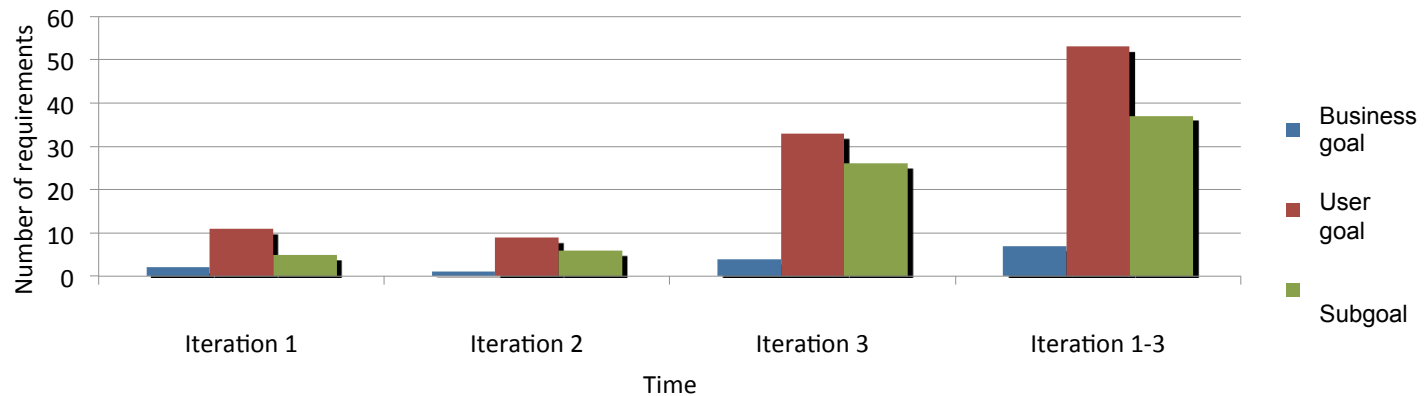
# Distributed vs. Not distributed

Some personal experience

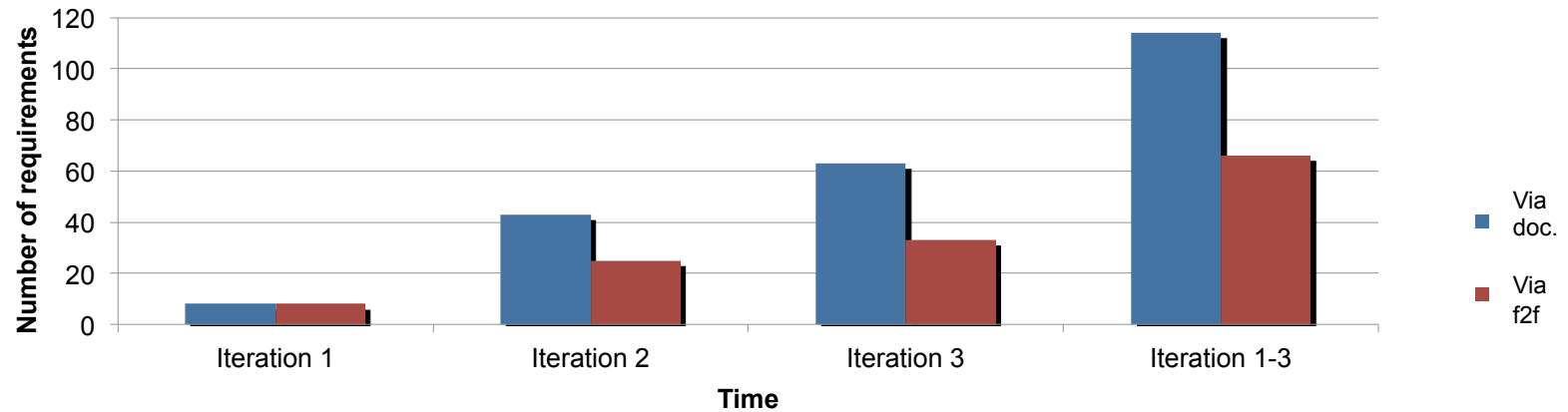
local Team: Abstraction level of Requirements



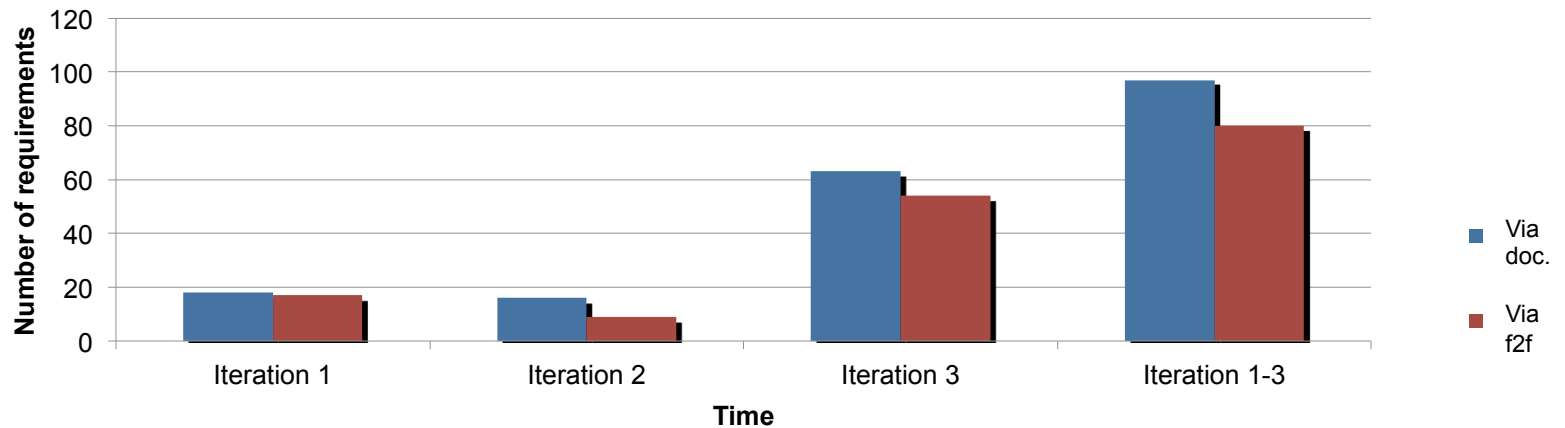
global Team: Abstraction level of requirements



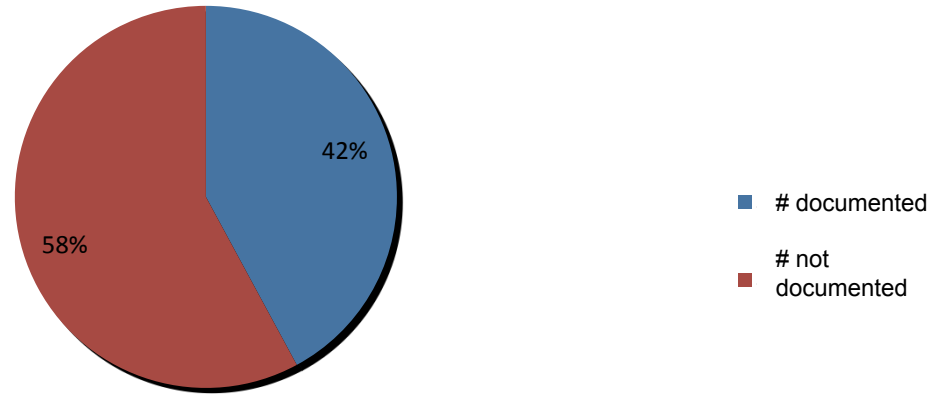
### Local team: communication of requirements



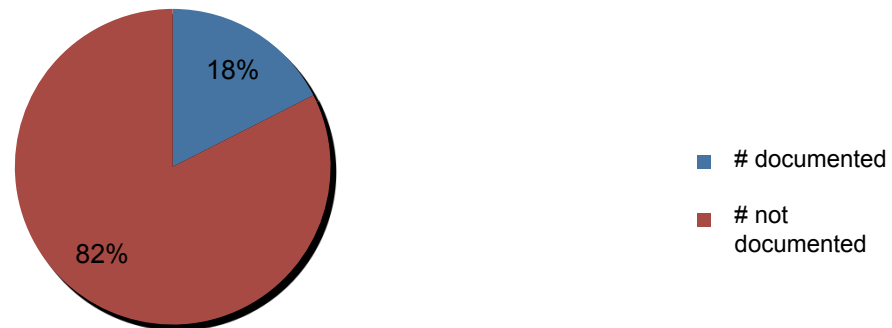
### Global team: communication of requirements



Local team: percentage of requirements that were documented

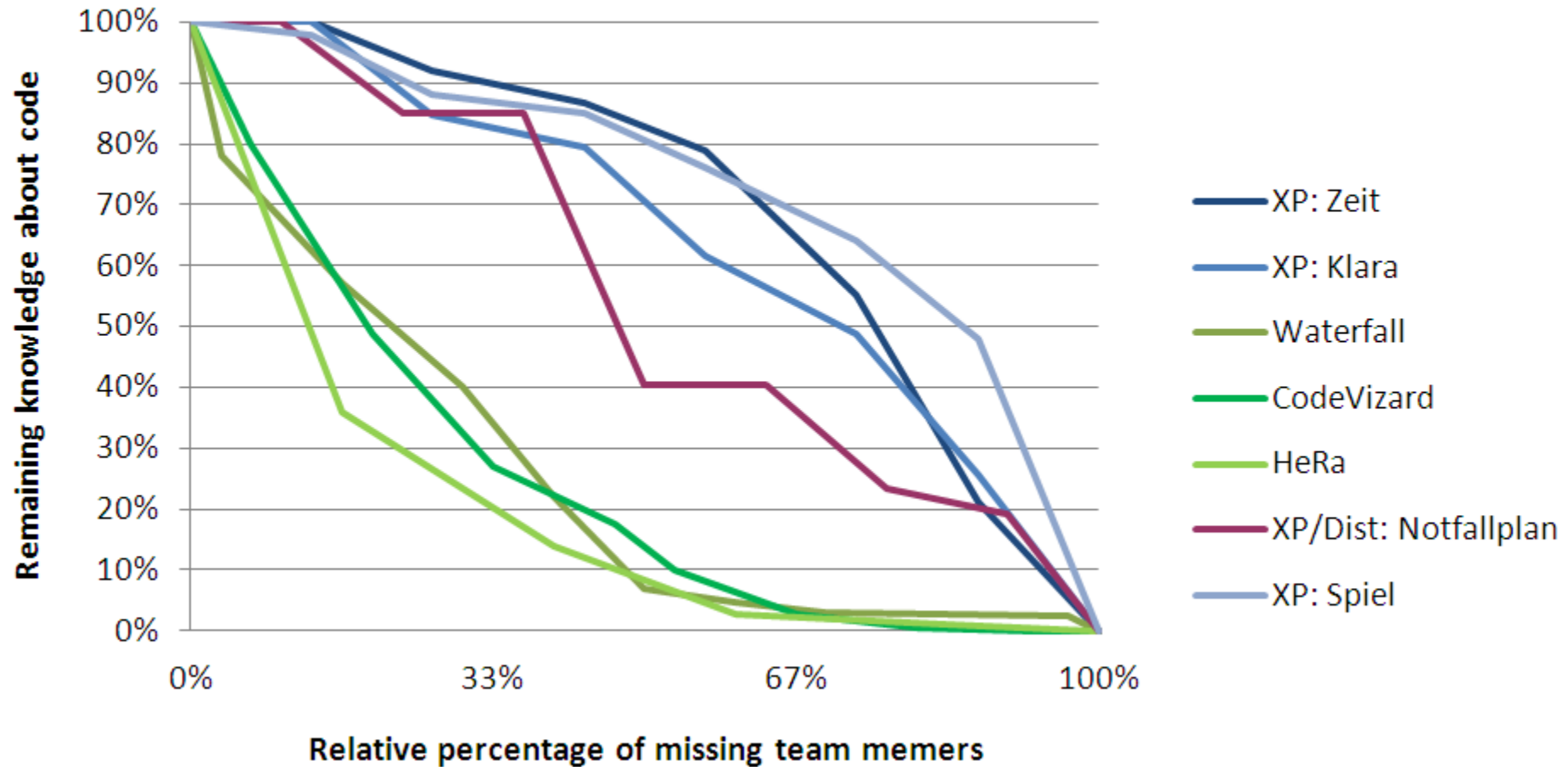


Global team: percentage of requirements that were documented



Nico Zazworka, Kai Stapel, Eric Knauss, Forrest Shull, Victor R. Basili, Kurt Schneider. Are developers complying with the process: an XP study. In Proc. of the 4th Int. Symp. on Empirical Software Engineering and Measurement (ESEM '10), Bolzano-Bozen, Italy, 2010.

## $tf_{min}$ : Worst case Truck Factor Chart



# Summary

- We did our best to make distributed agile work
- Not a surprise:
  - Truck factor analysis shows that we are not as agile in the distributed project as in the co-located one
- Interesting:
  - Distributed team discussed requirements in less detail
- Surprise:
  - Distributed team documented less

Why? Because it  
was @#%!\$  
difficult!

	Knowledge and understanding	Skills and ability	Judgement and approach	
Sprint 1	Compare agile and traditional softw. dev,	Forming a team organically	Explain: people/commun. centric dev.	Sprint 3
	Relate lean and agile development	Collaborate in small software dev. teams	Apply fact: people drive project success	
	Contrast different agile methodologies	Interact and show progress continuously	Describe: No single methodology fits all	
	Use the agile manifest and its accompanying principles	Develop SW using small and frequent iterations	Discuss: methodology needs to adopt to culture	
	Discuss what is different when leading an agile team	Use test-driven dev. and automated tests		
Sprint 2		Refactor a program/design		
		Be member of agile team		
		Incremental planning using user stories		