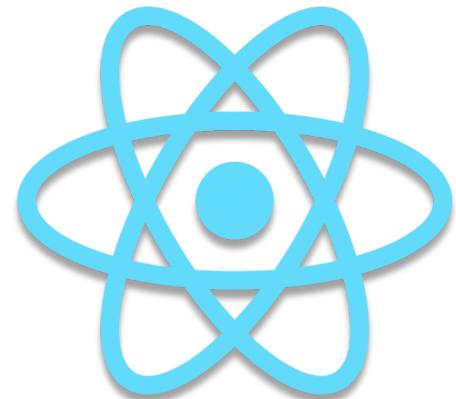


React Native in Production

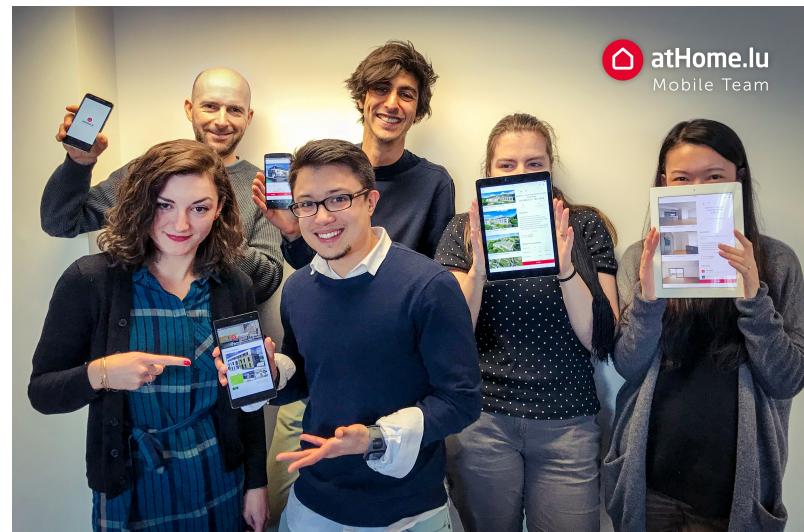


My journey back to JavaScript

Oussama Ghalbzouri

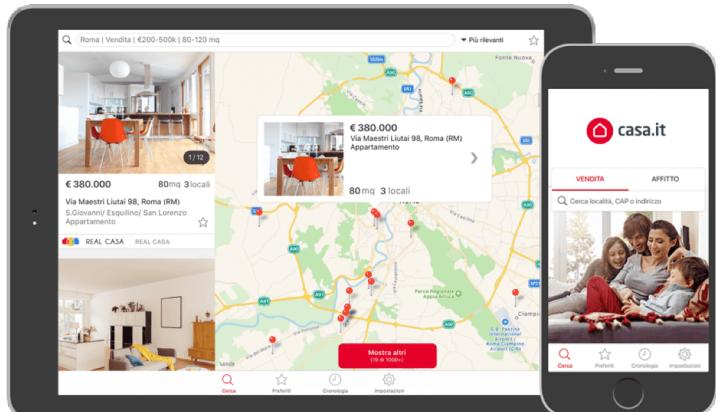
- 32 years old
- Born & raised in Paris
- In Luxembourg since April 2015
- Technical Lead – Mobile Apps
-  atHomegroup

- JavaScript is my first language
- Web development in 2008 (jQuery/PHP)
- Apps development in 2010 (iOS/Android)
- Tried JavaScript cross-platform apps development in 2011 (PhoneGap/Titanium)
- Continued with Objective-C and Java until 2017





- Successfully using React and React Native since 2016



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F8

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Tutorial: Building the F8
conference app



Airbnb

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Hybrid React Native Apps
at Airbnb



Skype

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Tesla

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Walmart

iOS · Android

React Native at Walmart
Labs

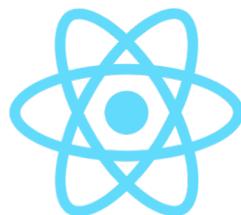
Bloomberg, Soundcloud, Artsy, Adidas, Baidu, Uber, Wix...

<http://facebook.github.io/react-native/showcase.html>

ES6 JS Promise

#Javscript

flow-typed **TypeScript**



JS

What is React Native?



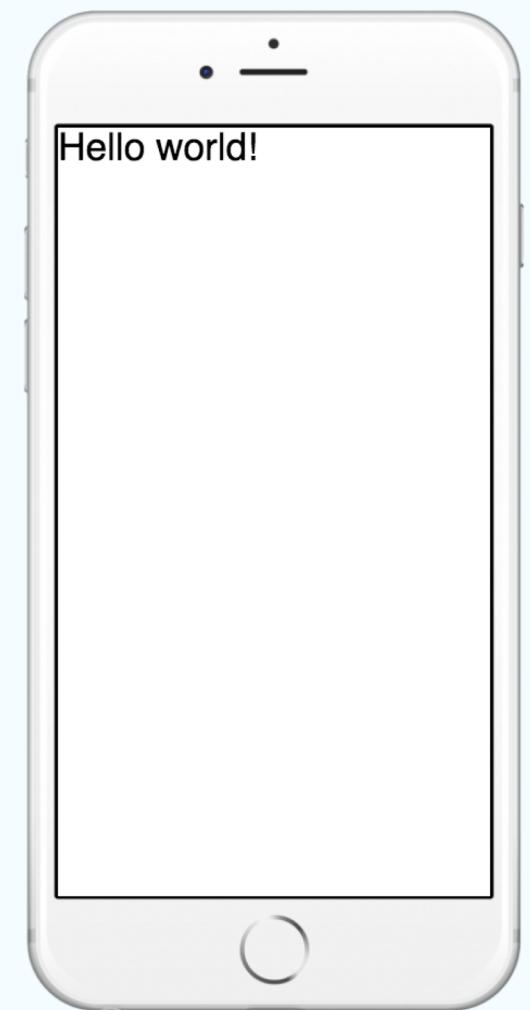
Presentation

- Mobile apps framework based on React
- Created and promoted by Facebook in March 2015
- Abstraction layer for native UI components
- Interprets JavaScript to Objective-C/Java via C/C++
- Live Reloading / Hot reloading
- Version 0.54

```
1 import React, { Component } from 'react';
2 import { Text } from 'react-native';
3
4 export default class HelloWorldApp extends Component {
5   render() {
6     return (
7       <Text>Hello world!</Text>
8     );
9   }
10 }
11
```

No Errors

Show Details

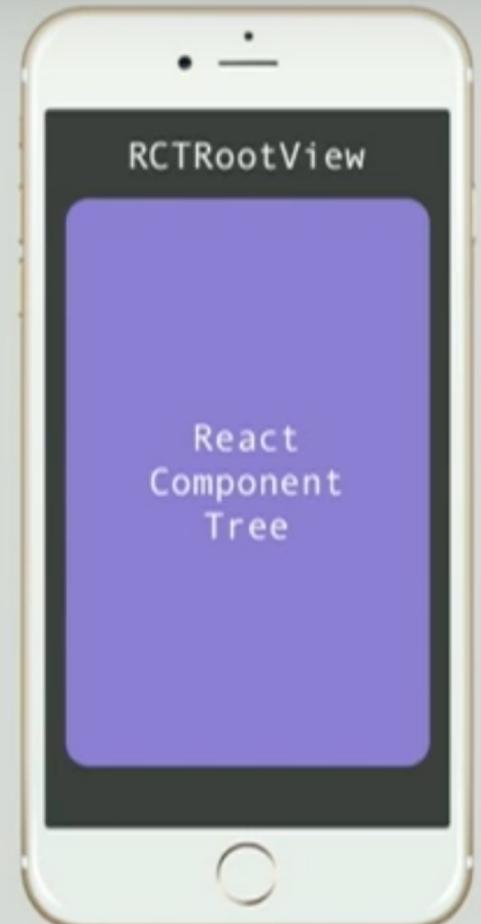


Source: <https://facebook.github.io/react-native/docs/tutorial.html>

How does it work ?



Let's dive under the hood...



```
class App extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <View style={{flex: 1}}>
        <Text>Welcome to the app</Text>
      </View>
    );
  }
}

AppRegistry.registerComponent('App', () => App);
```

WixEngineering

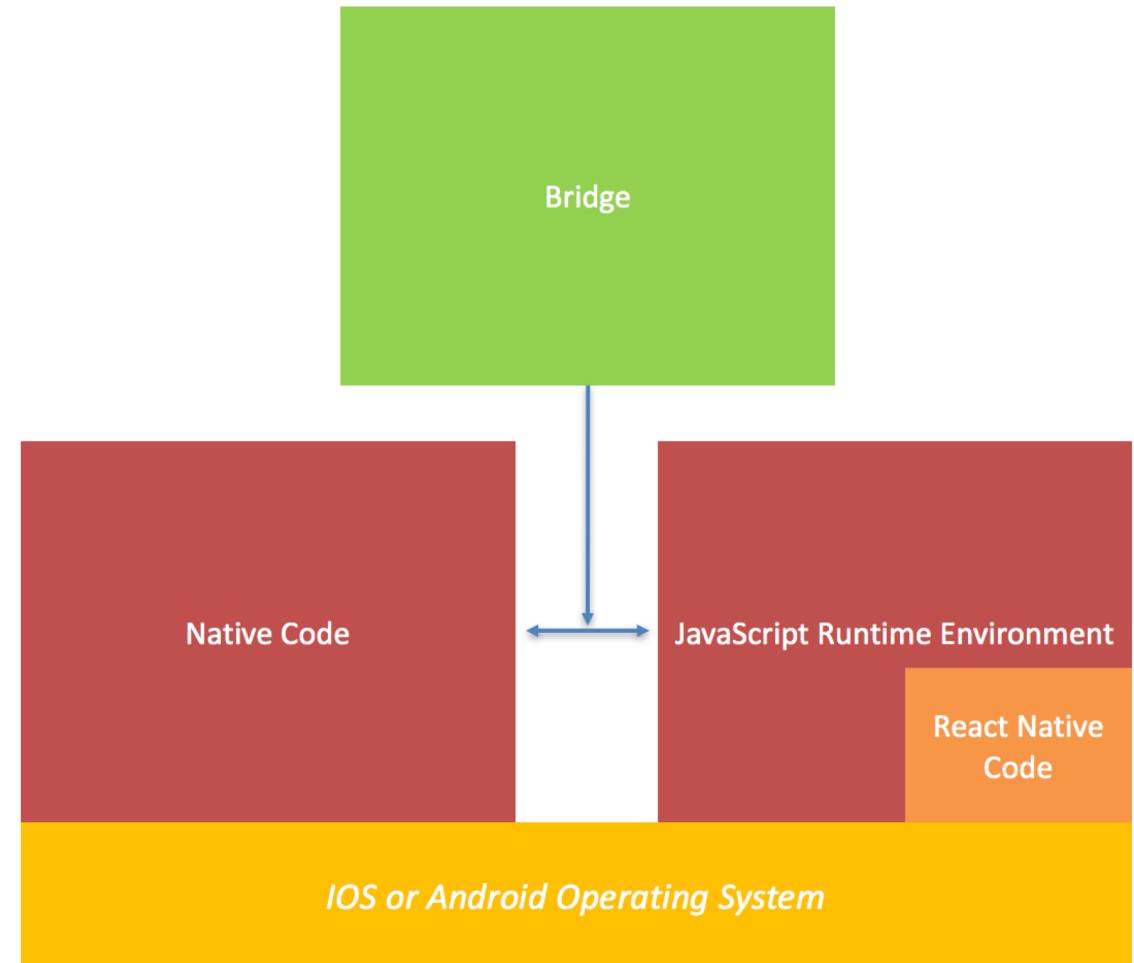
Source: Tal Kol - Going Over The Speed Limit: Synchronous Rendering in React Native <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HXKFQu2cP4c>

- iOS

- Android

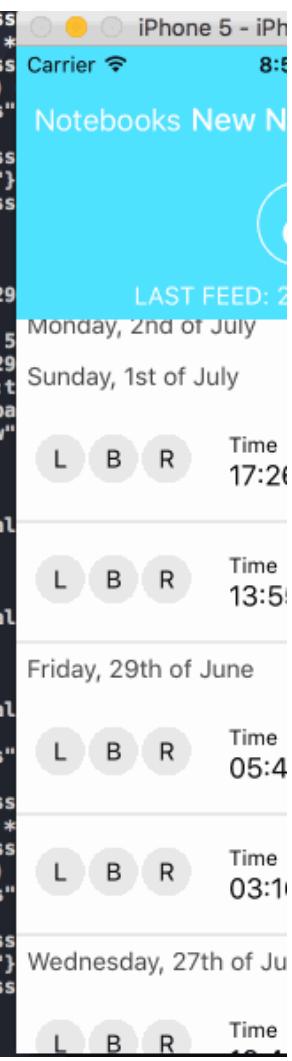
```
public class MainActivity extends ReactActivity {  
  
    /**  
     * Returns the name of the main component registered from JavaScript.  
     * This is used to schedule rendering of the component.  
     */  
    @Override  
    protected String getMainComponentName() {  
        return "App";  
    }  
}
```

Architecture



Source: <https://www.logicroom.co/react-native-architecture-explained/>

```
anager.createView([6254,"RCTText",1,{"fontSize":12,"access  
anager.createView([6255,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"Time"}) *  
anager.createView([6256,"RCTText",1,{"fontSize":16,"access  
anager.createView([6257,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"08:49"})])  
anager.createView([6258,"RCTView",1,{"flex":1,"alignItems"  
  
anager.createView([6259,"RCTText",1,{"fontSize":12,"access  
anager.createView([6260,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"Duration"})  
anager.createView([6262,"RCTText",1,{"fontSize":16,"access  
anager.createView([6263,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":""}]) *  
anager.createView([6264,"RCTView",1,null]) *  
anager.createView([6265,"RCTView",1,null]) *  
anager.createView([6266,"RCTText",1,{"backgroundColor":429  
  
anager.createView([6267,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"Tuesday, 5  
anager.createView([6268,"RCTView",1,{"backgroundColor":429  
anager.createView([6269,"RCTView",1,{ "left":0,"onLayout":t  
anager.createView([6270,"RCTView",1,{"accessible":true,"ba  
anager.createView([6272,"RCTView",1,{"flexDirection":"row"  
  
anager.createView([6273,"RCTView",1,  
borderRadius":28,"height":28,"width":28,"margin":1}]) *  
anager.createView([6274,"RCTText",1,{"accessible":true,"al  
anager.createView([6275,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"L"})]) *  
anager.createView([6276,"RCTView",1,  
borderRadius":28,"height":28,"width":28,"margin":1}]) *  
anager.createView([6277,"RCTText",1,{"accessible":true,"al  
anager.createView([6278,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"B"})]) *  
anager.createView([6279,"RCTView",1,  
borderRadius":28,"height":28,"width":28,"margin":1}]) *  
anager.createView([6280,"RCTText",1,{"accessible":true,"al  
anager.createView([6282,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"R"})]) *  
anager.createView([6283,"RCTView",1,{"flex":1,"alignItems"  
  
anager.createView([6284,"RCTText",1,{"fontSize":12,"access  
anager.createView([6285,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"Time"}) *  
anager.createView([6286,"RCTText",1,{"fontSize":16,"access  
anager.createView([6287,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"16:05"})])  
anager.createView([6288,"RCTView",1,{"flex":1,"alignItems"  
  
anager.createView([6289,"RCTText",1,{"fontSize":12,"access  
anager.createView([6290,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":"Duration"})  
anager.createView([6292,"RCTText",1,{"fontSize":16,"access  
anager.createView([6293,"RCTRawText",1,{"text":""}]) *  
anager.createView([6294,"RCTView",1,null]) *  
anager.createView([6295,"RCTView",1,null]) *
```



Source: RN Snoopy <https://github.com/jondot/rn-snoopy>

Layout engine

- UIManager: converts declarative component tree into imperative instructions
- Yoga: cross-platform layout engine which implements Flexbox



github.com/facebook/yoga



Litho



ComponentKit

- JSX

```
public render() {  
  return (  
    <View>  
      <Button title="Press me" onPress={() => console.log("Pressed")}>/>  
    </View>  
  );  
}
```

- UIManager

```
UIManager.createView([708, "RCTRawText", 41, {"text": "PRESS ME"}])  
UIManager.createView([708, "RCTText", 41, {"textAlign": "center"}])  
UIManager.setChildren([708, [709]]);
```

- Yoga

```
YGNodeRef container = YGNodeNew();
YGNodeStyleSetPadding(container, YGEdgeAll, 20);

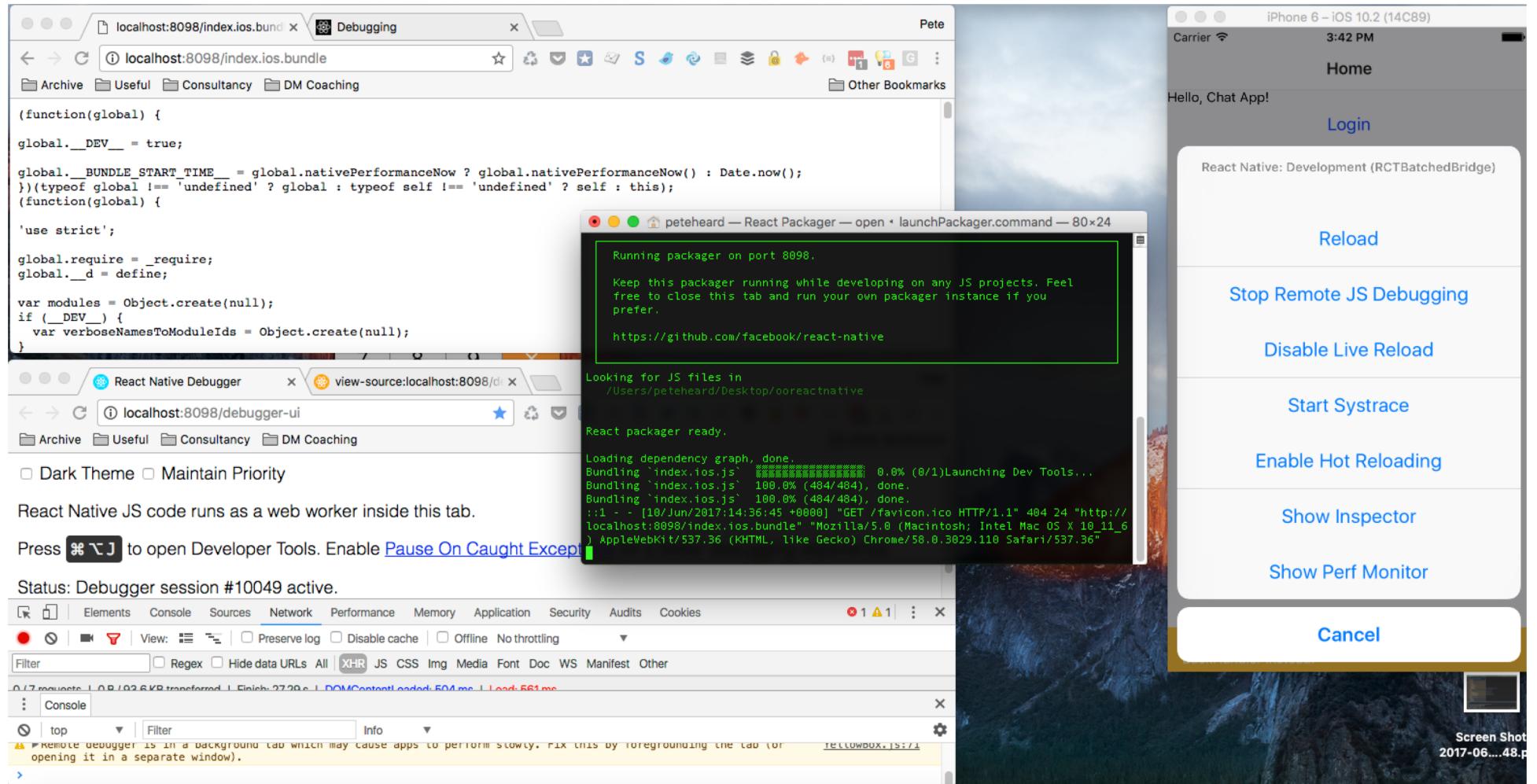
YGNodeRef button = YGNodeNew();
YGNodeInsertChild(container, button, 0);

YGNodeRef text = YGNodeNew();
YGNodeSetMeasureFunc(text, &measureText);
YGNodeInsertChild(button, text, 0);

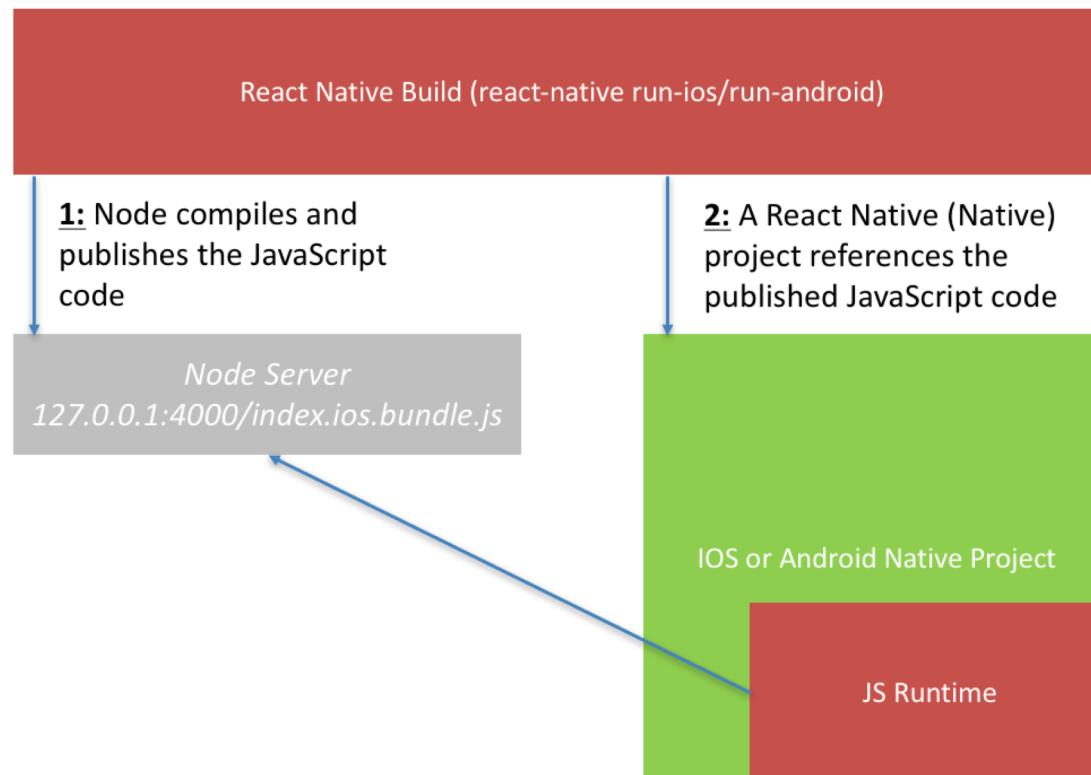
YGNodeCalculateLayout(
  container,
  screenWidth,
  screenHeight,
  layoutDirection);
```

Source: Emil Sjölander - React Native, The Native Bits <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jFiQ6FxBDqY>

Development Mode



- Architecture in Development mode



Source: <https://www.logicroom.co/react-native-architecture-explained/>

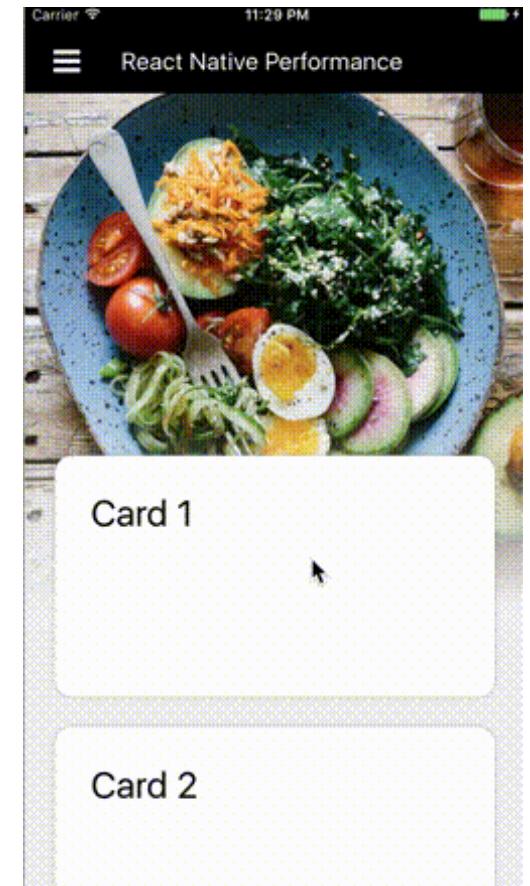
- Architecture in Development mode

```
#ifdef DEBUG
  jsCodeLocation = [[RCTBundleURLProvider sharedSettings] jsBundleURLForBundleRoot:@"index" fallbackResource:nil];
#else
  jsCodeLocation = [[NSBundle mainBundle] URLForResource:@"main" withExtension:@"jsbundle"];
#endif
```

Animations

Animations

- Case study: Collapsible header
- 1st approach: for a given scroll event update position and opacity



```
<ScrollView  
  {...props}  
  scrollEventThrottle={16}  
  onScroll={this.onScroll.bind(this)}  
/>
```

```
onScroll(event) {
  const scrollY = event.nativeEvent.contentOffset.y;
  if (scrollY >= 0) {
    let newOpacity = 1.0 - (scrollY / 250.0);
    if (newOpacity < 0) newOpacity = 0;
    this.setState({
      imageOpacity: newOpacity,
      imageScale: 1.0
    });
  } else {
    let newScale = 1.0 + 0.4*(-scrollY / 200.0);
    if (newScale > 1.4) newScale = 1.4;
    this.setState({
      imageOpacity: 1.0,
      imageScale: newScale
    });
  }
}
```

Initialize

Set onScroll

Set onScroll

Frame 1

Opacity(y1)

Scale(y1)

Render

ScrollEvent(y1)

UpdateView

Frame 2

Opacity(y2)

Scale(y2)

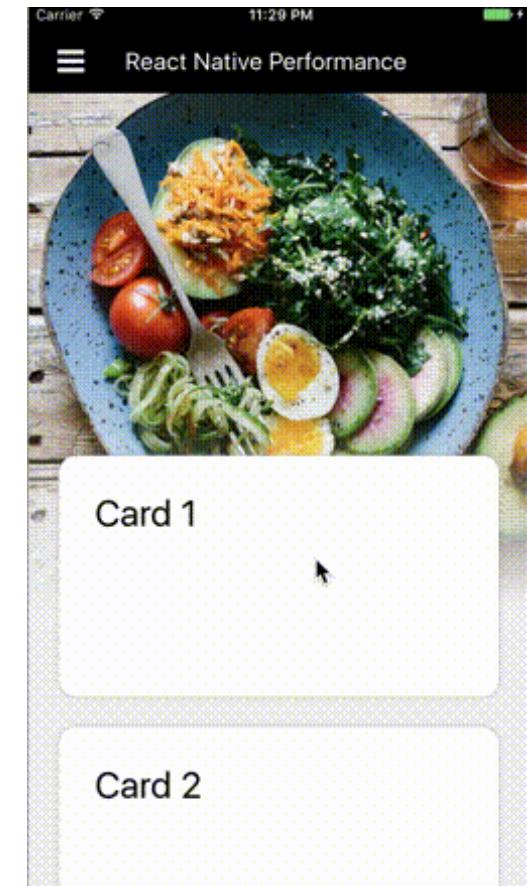
Render

ScrollEvent(y2)

Source: <https://hackernoon.com/react-native-performance-an-updated-example-6516bfde9c5c>

Animations

- Case study: Collapsible header
- 1st approach: for a given scroll event update position and opacity
- 2nd approach: use declarative API to avoid using the bridge in every frame



```
<AnimatedScrollView  
  {...props}  
  scrollEventThrottle={16}  
  onScroll={  
    Animated.event([  
      { nativeEvent: { contentOffset: { y: this.state.scrollY } } }  
    ], {  
      useNativeDriver: true  
    })  
  }  
/>
```

```
<Animated.Image
  style={[styles.backgroundImage, {
    opacity: this.state.scrollY.interpolate({
      inputRange: [0, 250],
      outputRange: [1, 0]
    }),
    transform: [
      scale: this.state.scrollY.interpolate({
        inputRange: [-200, 0, 1],
        outputRange: [1.4, 1, 1]
      })
    ]
  }]}
  source={require('../img/bg.jpg')}
/>
```

Initialize

Declare Interaction

Config Generic Driver

Frame 1

ScrollEvent(y1)

Opacity(y1)

Scale(y1)

UpdateView

Frame 2

ScrollEvent(y2)

Opacity(y2)

Scale(y2)

Source: <https://hackernoon.com/react-native-performance-an-updated-example-6516bfde9c5c>

Competition



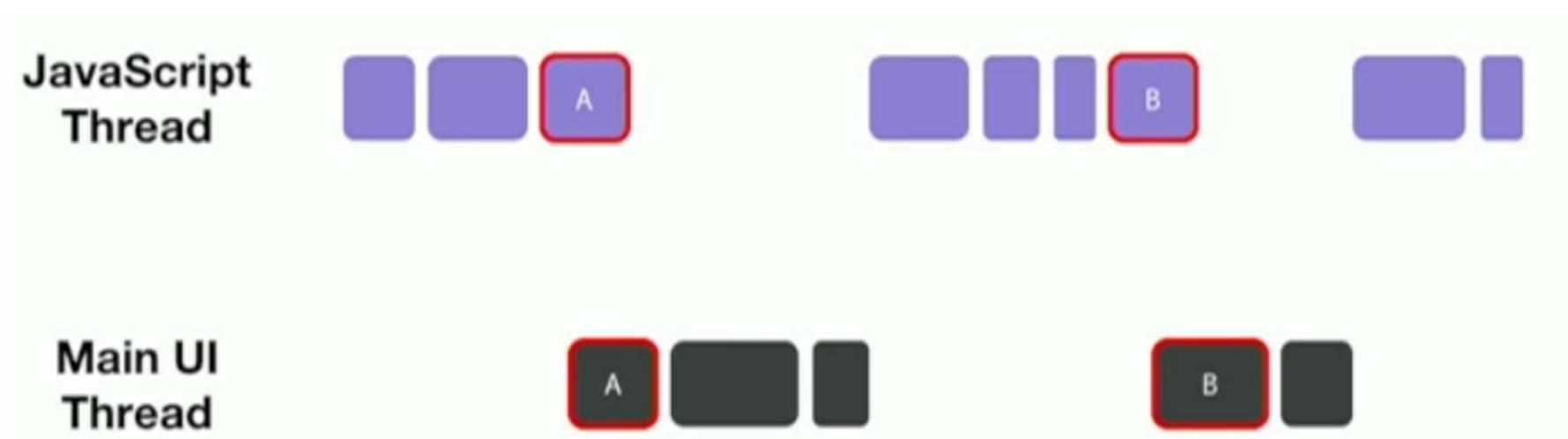
What about other frameworks ?

- Flutter:
 - embeds Dart runtime
 - renders its own UI components using a 2D engine in C++
 - can call native APIs using plugins in Java / Objective-C
- Cordova/Ionic:
 - renders using an embedded browser
 - can call native APIs via JavaScript using plugins in Java / Objective-C
- Titanium:
 - ~~translates~~ interprets JS to Objective-C and Java
 - can call native APIs via JavaScript (Titanium SDK + Hyperloop)

What about other frameworks ?

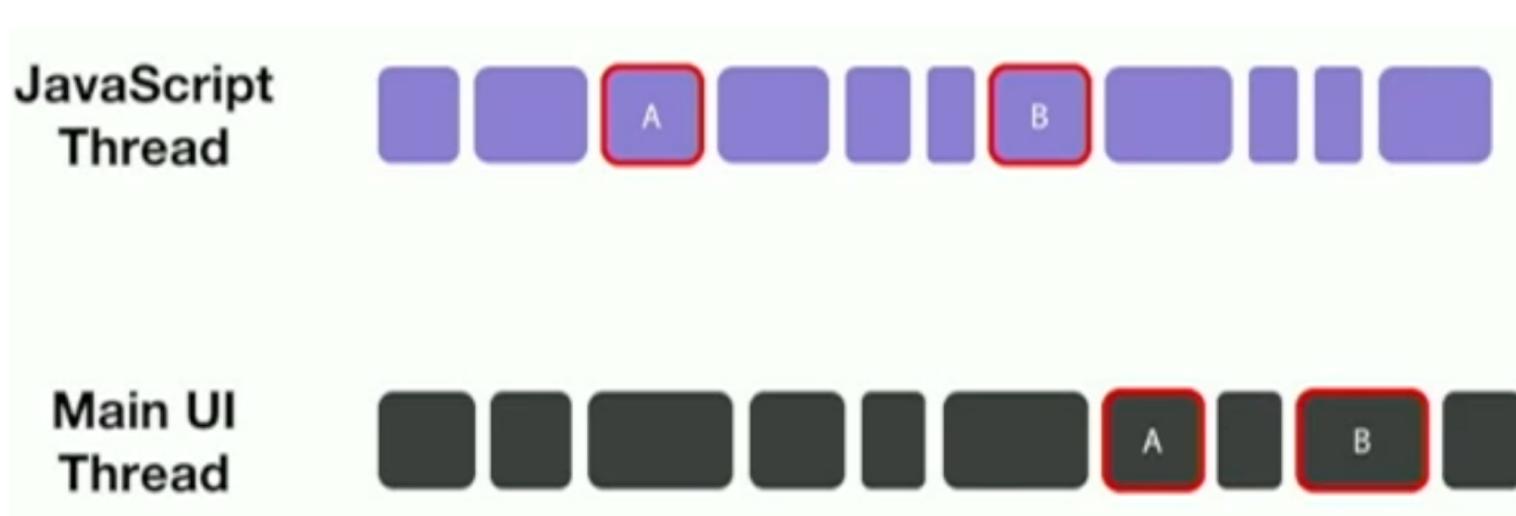
- Xamarin:
 - based on .NET
 - converts C# to intermediate language which calls native APIs
 - Xamarin Forms vs Xamarin Native
- NativeScript:
 - based on Angular
 - interprets JavaScript to Objective-C/Java via C/C++
 - can directly call native apis via JavaScript
 - different threading model

NativeScript threading: synchronous



Source: <https://hackernoon.com/react-native-performance-an-updated-example-6516bfde9c5c>

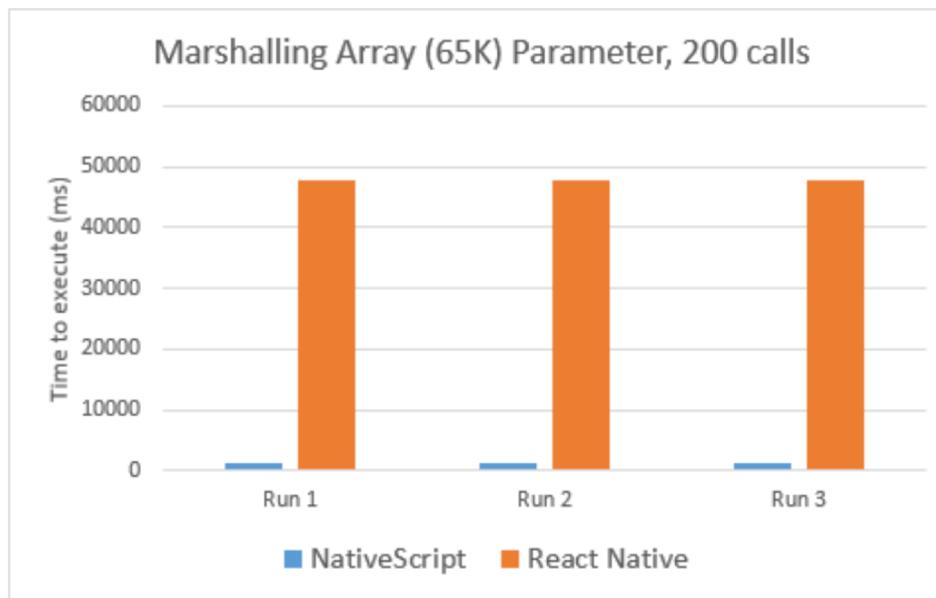
React Native threading: asynchronous



Source: <https://hackernoon.com/react-native-performance-an-updated-example-6516bfde9c5c>

The Benefits of NativeScript's Single Threading Model

Our [synthetic runtime benchmarks](#) demonstrate that. When compared with React Native, NativeScript, running on the main UI thread, is orders of magnitude faster calling native APIs, a very common behavior in JavaScript-driven native apps. (*Note: the below tests were performed on iOS8+*)



Source: <https://developer.telerik.com/featured/benefits-single-threading-model-nativescript/>

NativeScript threading: synchronous

NativeScript is Single Threaded: Did you know that all the UI and interactions are ran on the main UI thread? This means you are taxing your application for each container it has to render. The number of containers also affect the performance of the underlying native frameworks and their rendering and layout times.

Note: NativeScript does allow you to use background workers, but these are not meant for UI and are instead used for services such as http calls, large data manipulations, etc.

Source: <https://www.nativescript.org/blog/nativescript-angular-performance-tips-tricks>

Current Threading Model

For context, here's what we have now:

- **UI Thread:** standard main thread for the platforms
- **Shadow Thread:** Where measuring and layout occur. In a world where UI is constructed off the main thread, like in [ComponentKit](#) (an idea we're hoping to ship soon), this is where that occurs.
- **JS Thread:** Where React and Relay run.

Source: <https://www.facebook.com/notes/andy-street/react-native-scheduling/10153916310914590/>

Why we chose React Native

- New website using React
- Casa.it using React and React Native
- Strong community support
- Renders native UI components



Starting choices

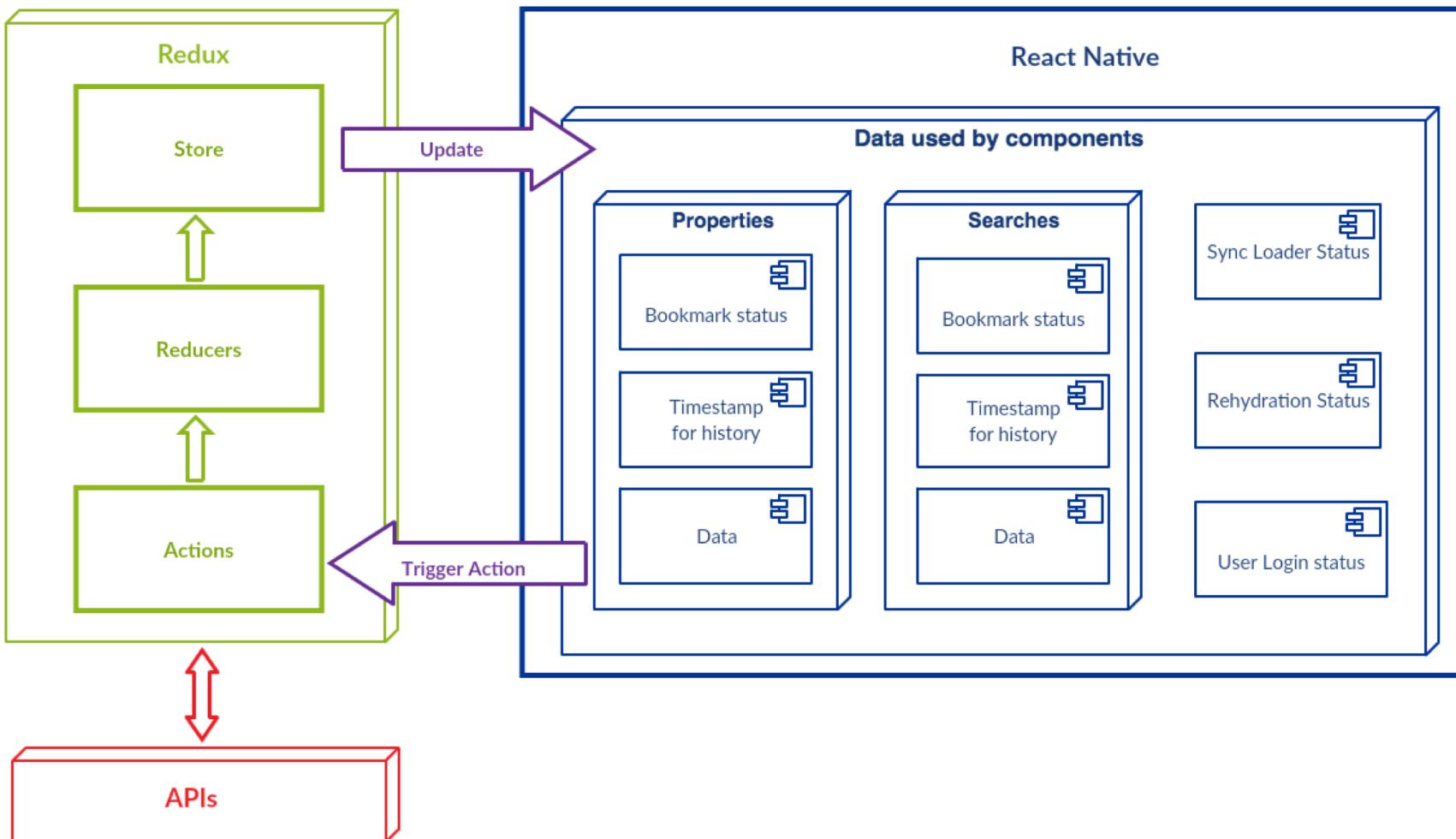


Choices

- TypeScript vs Flow vs ...
- Visual Studio Code vs Atom vs ...
- Multiple apps with the same codebase (multitenancy)
- Boilerplate ? Expo ? NativeBase ?
- Abstract UI with web: ReactXP ? react-native-web ? StyledComponents ?
- Inheritance (abstract) vs Composition (HOC)
- Single repository vs Multi repository
- Redux vs MobX vs ...

```
public componentDidMount() {  
    super.componentDidMount();  
  
    // Code here  
}
```

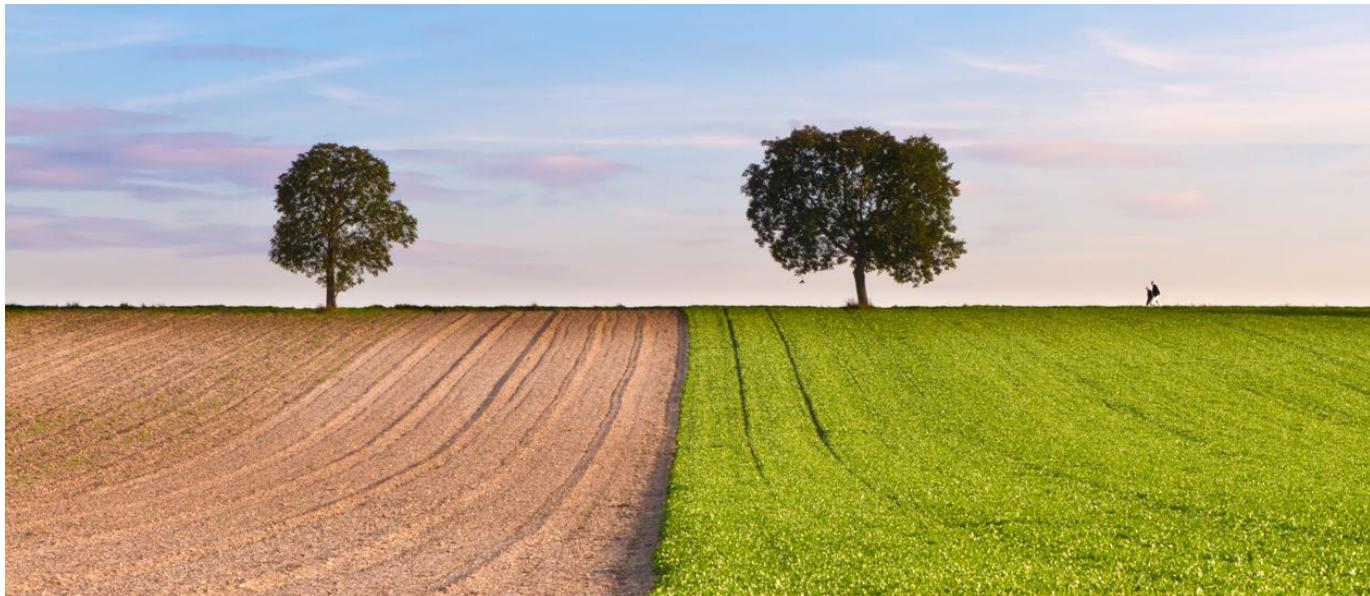
Redux



Choices

- TypeScript vs Flow vs ...
- Visual Studio Code vs Atom vs ...
- Inheritance (abstract) vs Composition (HOC)
- Multiple apps with the same codebase (multitenancy)
- Boilerplate ? Expo ? NativeBase ?
- Abstract UI with web: ReactXP ? react-native-web ? StyledComponents ?
- Single repository vs Multi repository
- Redux vs MobX vs ...
- Brown field vs Green Field

Brown field vs Green field



- Integrate RN in existing app
- Native development skills
- RN used as the V from MVC
- Approach chosen by Facebook, Instagram, Airbnb...
- RN app from scratch
- Redux and shared logic in JS
- atHome requirements:
 - new API / data layer
 - new products / design

Navigating



	Native Navigation	React Navigation	React Router
Cross Platform		⚓	⚓
Flexible	⚓		⚓
Developer Experience	⚓	⚓	⚓
Strong Community	⚓	⚓	⚓
Stable		⚓	⚓
Deep Linking	⚓	⚓	⚓
App Integration	⚓		

Source: Navigating React Native Navigation <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=42ogpJVwtw0>

Choosing the right navigation library

- React Router
 - similar to web
 - no transition animation out of the box
- Wix Native Navigation
 - Native implementation to native navigation component
 - v1 vs v2
- React Navigation
 - JS implementation with declarative animation API
 - suggested by RN official documentation

Problems with React Navigation

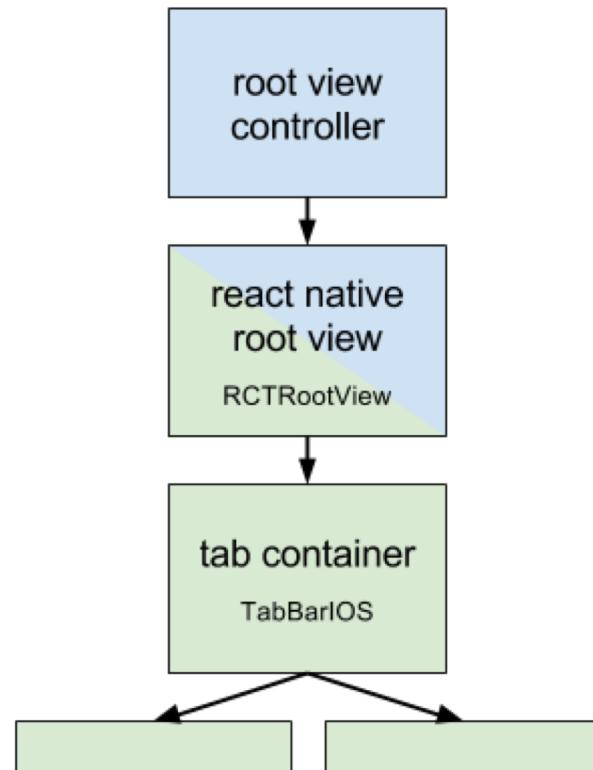
- Not using native navigation components
- Animation transitions declared in JavaScript
- Increase load on JS thread
- Workarounds to mimic native behaviour
- Do not handles duplicates (have to use throttle...)
- Header button problems with Redux
- Orientation bugs

Legend:

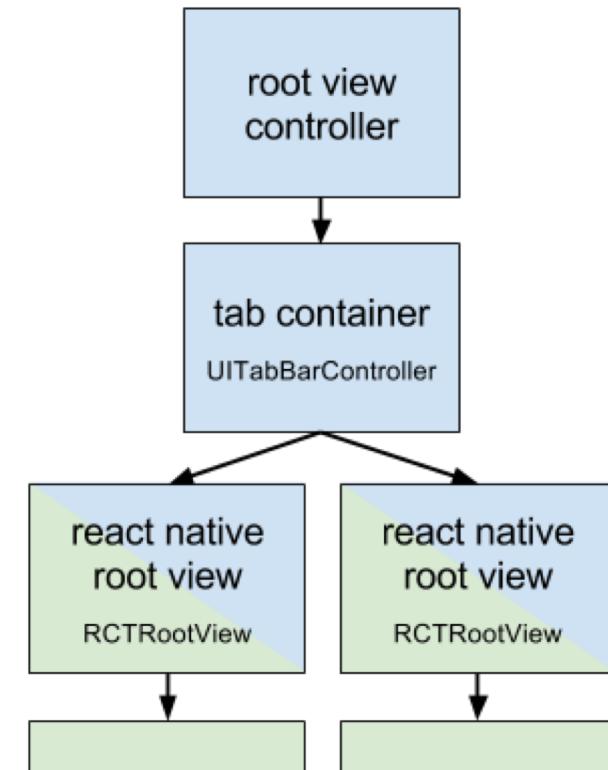
iOS native component

React Native component

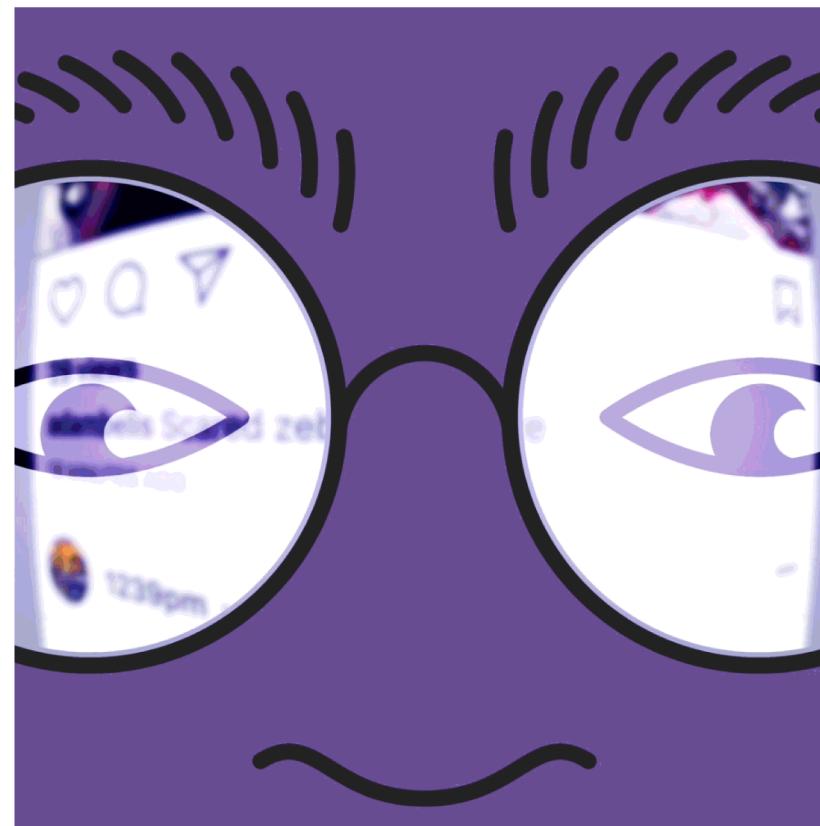
React Navigation (green field)



Wix Native Navigation (brown field)



Scrolling



Performance issues with large list

- React Native bridge limitation
- FlatList/SectionList vs ListView

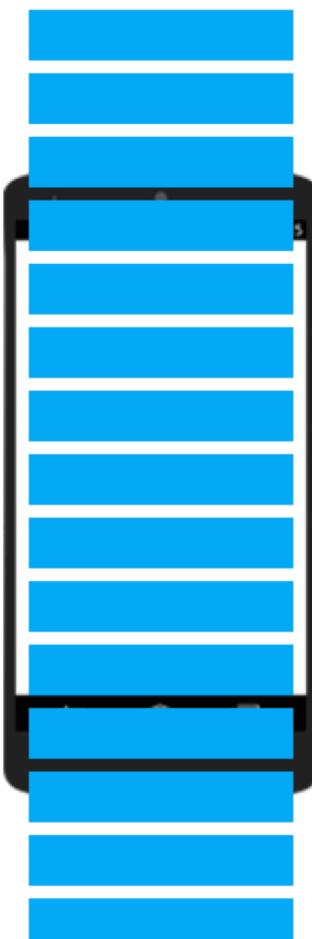
ListView initial rendering is too slow or scroll performance is bad for large lists

Use the new **FlatList** or **SectionList** component instead. Besides simplifying the API, the new list components also have significant performance enhancements, the main one being nearly constant memory usage for any number of rows.

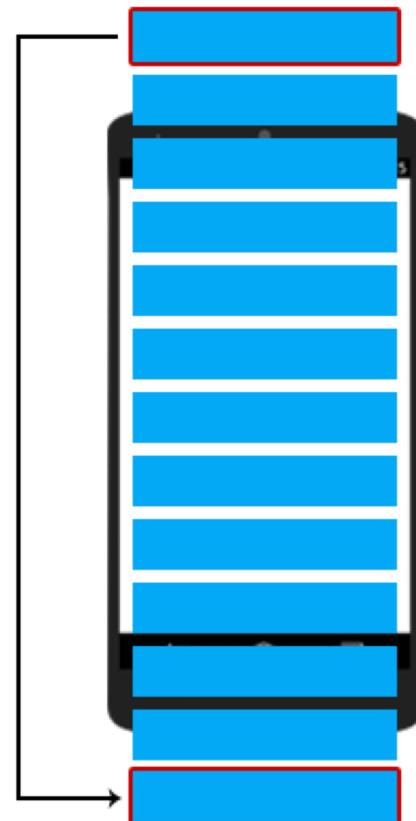
If your **FlatList** is rendering slow, be sure that you've implemented **getItemLayout** to optimize rendering speed by skipping measurement of the rendered items.

Listview

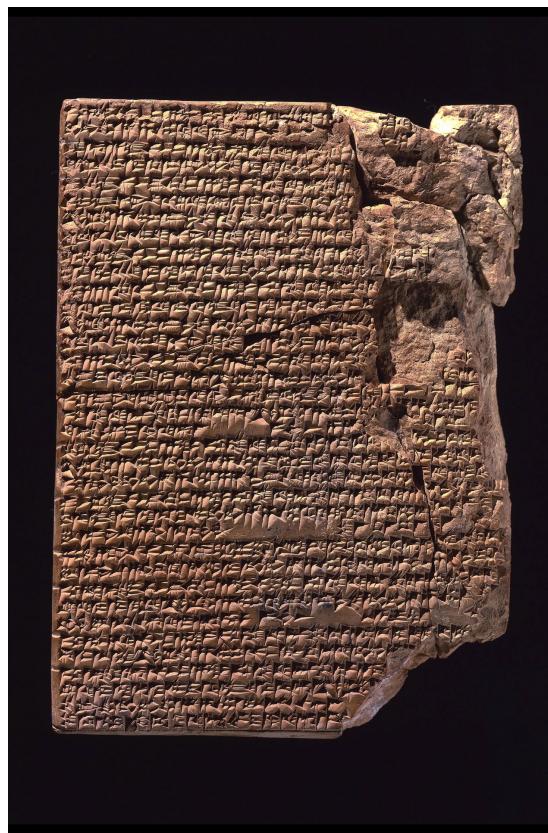
:



FlatList
SectionList
RecyclerView



Persistence



How to persist data received from the API?

- **AsyncStorage**
 - Like web's LocalStorage API but asynchronous
 - Not suited for large data and relations
- **Realm**
 - Super fast mobile database for offline first and real time
 - Nested objects serialization is not supported
- **SQLite**
- **Redux Persist**
 - save redux store with a given storage driver
 - known issues with large data when using AsyncStorage
 - use FileSystemStorage instead
 - rehydrates asynchronously at app launch (can take a couple of seconds)

Interfacing with native code



Native module

```
$ npm install react-native-gemius --save  
$ react-native link react-native-gemius
```

```
import RNReactNativeGemius from "react-native-gemius";  
  
RNReactNativeGemius.sendPageViewedEvent();
```

Native module

```
RCT_EXPORT_METHOD(sendPageViewedEvent)
{
    GEMAudienceEvent *event = [GEMAudienceEvent new];
    [event sendEvent];
}

@ReactMethod
public void sendPageViewedEvent() {
    AudienceEvent event = new AudienceEvent(reactContext);
    event.sendEvent();
}
```

Native module: asynchronous

```
async function measureLayout() {
  try {
    var {relativeX, relativeY, width, height} = await UIManager.measureLayout(
      100,
      100
    );

    console.log(relativeX + ':' + relativeY + ':' + width + ':' + height);
  } catch (e) {
    console.error(e);
  }
}

measureLayout();
```

```
import com.facebook.react.bridge.Promise;

public class UIManagerModule extends ReactContextBaseJavaModule {

    ...
    private static final String E_LAYOUT_ERROR = "E_LAYOUT_ERROR";
    @ReactMethod
    public void measureLayout(
        int tag,
        int ancestorTag,
        Promise promise) {
        try {
            measureLayout(tag, ancestorTag, mMeasureBuffer);

            WritableMap map = Arguments.createMap();

            map.putDouble("relativeX", PixelUtil.toDIPFromPixel(mMeasureBuffer[0]));
            map.putDouble("relativeY", PixelUtil.toDIPFromPixel(mMeasureBuffer[1]));
            map.putDouble("width", PixelUtil.toDIPFromPixel(mMeasureBuffer[2]));
            map.putDouble("height", PixelUtil.toDIPFromPixel(mMeasureBuffer[3]));

            promise.resolve(map);
        } catch (IllegalViewOperationException e) {
            promise.reject(E_LAYOUT_ERROR, e);
        }
    }
}
```

Native UI Component

```
<View >
  <ActivityIndicator size="small" color="#00ff00" />
</View>

<Image
  style={styles.stretch}
  source={require('/react-native/img/favicon.png')}
/>

<Text style={{color: 'red'}}>
  and red
</Text>
```

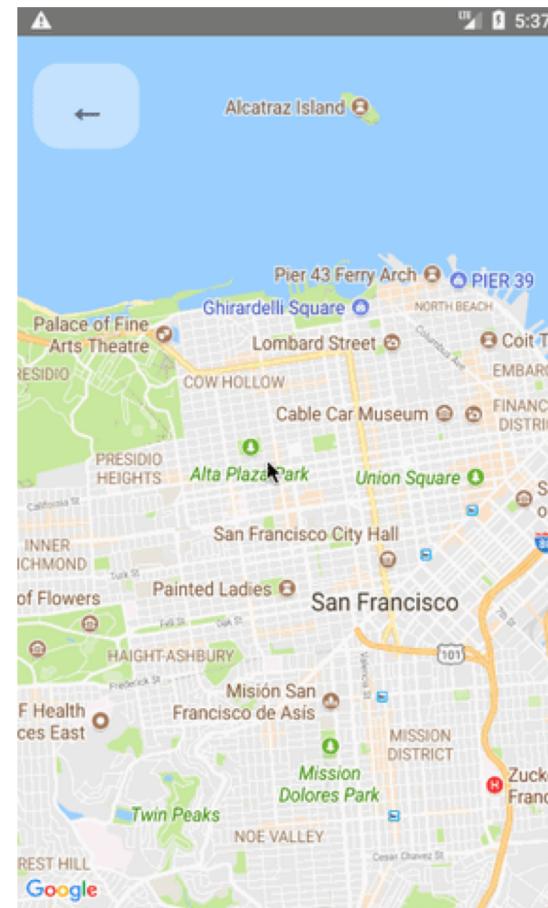
Native UI Component

```
@implementation RNTMapManager

RCT_EXPORT_MODULE()

- (UIView *)view
{
    return [[MKMapView alloc] init];
}

@end
```



Native UI Component

```
// MapView.js

import { requireNativeComponent } from 'react-native';

// requireNativeComponent automatically resolves 'RNTMap' to 'RNTMapManager'
module.exports = requireNativeComponent('RNTMap', null);

// MyApp.js

import MapView from './MapView.js';

...

render() {
  return <MapView style={{ flex: 1 }} />;
}
```

Google DFP Native ads

- DFP offers two solutions:
 - 1. Fetch data from DFP and render it
 - 2. Let DFP render the ads in WebViews
- Case 2 is perfect for Native UI Component
- Was not working in Android
- Ended up the Case 1 with a Native Module used a singleton to handle all the Native Ads instances

Carrier WiFi 3:31 PM
Mersch (LU) + 1 location
Apartment ☆

< SORT ALERT

☆ FAVOURITE > DETAILS

SUGGESTED LISTINGS

Votre Maison à 30 min de votre Luxembourg ville



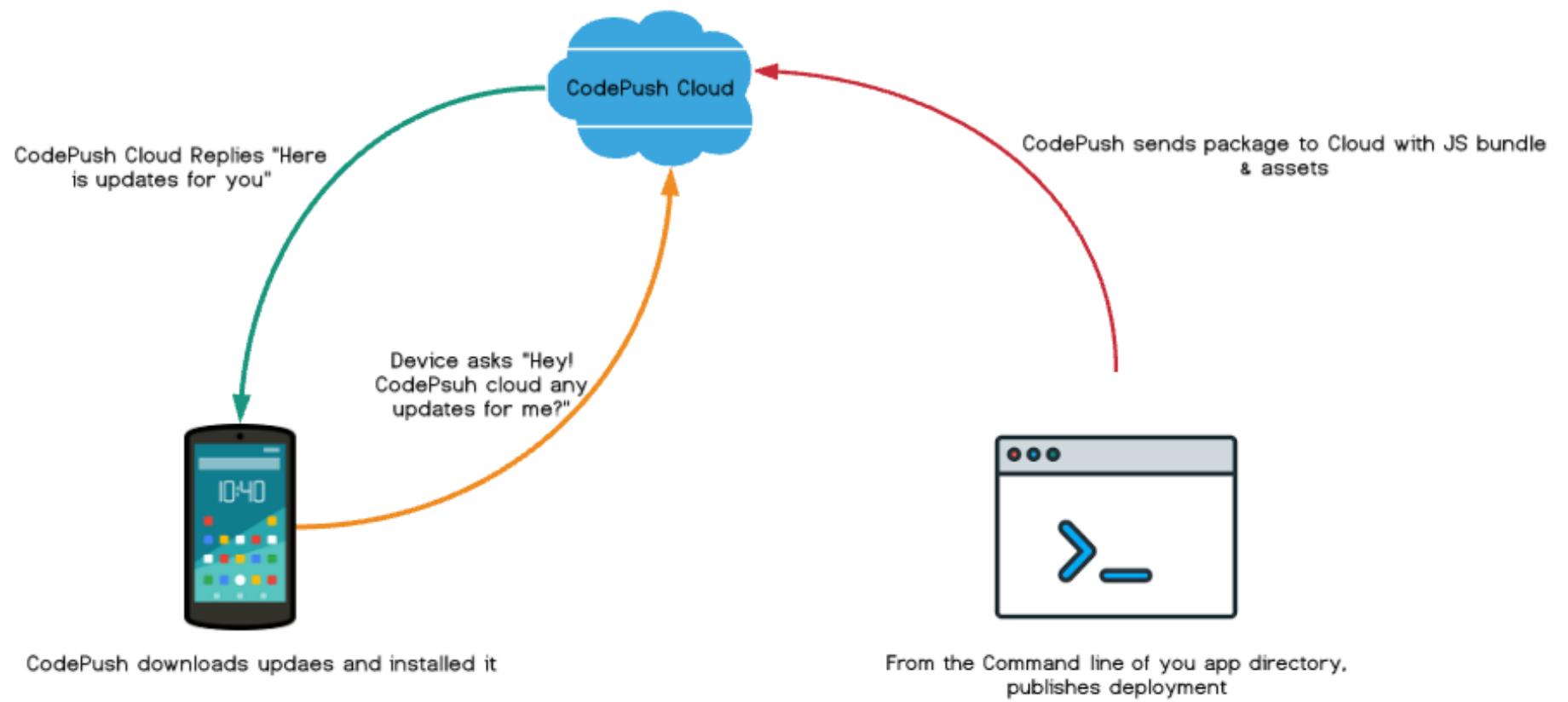
Information sur le lotissement et tranche de prix

RMS. immobilière s.a.r.l.

Voir le projet

Update with CodePush





Sharing logic



Code shared across platforms

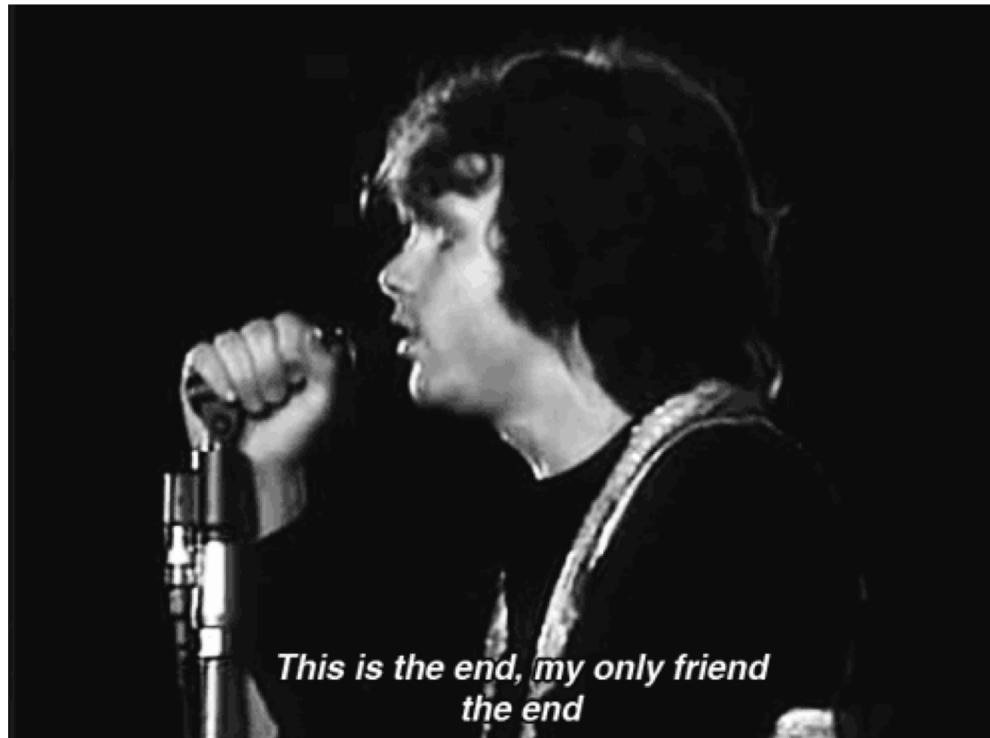
- API Client
- Data model
- Business logic (display texts, icons generation, domain conditional rendering...)
- Translation module
- iOS & android: 95% in common

Platform specific code

```
agencyAddress: {  
  fontSize: 14,  
  ...Platform.select({  
    ios: { fontWeight: DimensionSizes.typefaces.light },  
    android: { fontWeight: DimensionSizes.typefaces.ultraLight }  
  }),  
  fontStyle: "normal",  
  lineHeight: 20.0,  
  letterSpacing: 0.5,  
  color: appColors.charcoalGreyTwo  
} as StyleSheet.Style
```

```
const Touchable =  
  Platform.OS === "android" ? TouchableNativeFeedback : TouchableOpacity;
```

Conclusion



*This is the end, my only friend
the end*

Pros

- Productivity gains
- Shared logic
- No more siloed mobile team
- Bug/Crash reporting: Sentry + Fabric
- Build process: Bitrise + Fastlane
- Redux testing and debugging

Cons

- Monthly version updates (Breaking changes, TS definition files...)
- Some non spec compliant JS (Object.assign)
 - *TypeError: One of the sources for assign has an enumerable key on the prototype chain. Are you trying to assign a prototype property? We don't allow it*
 - *TypeError: In this environment the sources for assign MUST be an object. This error is a performance optimization and not spec compliant.*
- Minor differences between iOS and Android JS engines (Number.toLocaleString...)
- Licensing (MIT for React but not RN)
- Custom gestures and interactions
- **No native navigation component out of the box**

11
AVR.

mercredi 11 avril 2018, 18:30

First Mobile Apps Meetup in Luxembourg!



Organisé par Oussama G.

The location will be confirmed in a few days. It will be in Luxembourg-Ville. Doors open at 18:30. Talks will begin at 19:00. For the first meetup: ** About the mobile apps meetup - 5min Quick presentation of the goal of this meetup and how you can participate in the organization. ** React Native in Production - 30min by Oussama Ghalbzouri - <https://github.com/ou2s> This talk is obviously about the cross-platform mobile apps...



22 personnes y vont

Participer



Q-LEAP

13 Rue Beaumont · Luxembourg



3 commentaires

Thanks

github.com/ou2s