



## FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES

FWFA: NO. 25 – 064

Issued: 7:00 AM, Monday, 17 March 2025

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Tuesday, 18 March 2025

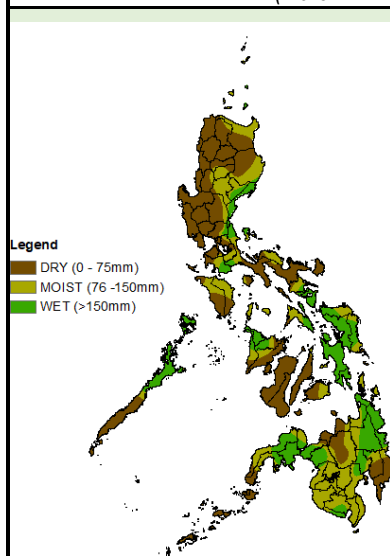
**SYNOPSIS:** Northeast Monsoon affecting Northern Luzon. Easterlies affecting the rest of the country.

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (°C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
<b>Caraga, Leyte, Southern Leyte, Basilan, Sulu, and Tawi-Tawi</b>	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	Light to moderate from northeast	23 – 32	22 – 30	70 – 98	4 – 8
<b>Batanes, Cagayan, Isabela, and Aurora</b>	Cloudy skies with rains	<b>Batanes, Cagayan, Isabela</b> – Strong to gale from northeast  <b>Aurora</b> – Moderate to strong from northeast	21 – 29	19 – 28	65 – 98	4 – 6
<b>Cordillera Administrative Region, Ilocos Region and the rest of Cagayan Valley</b>	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Strong to gale from northeast	20 – 31	13 – 29	55 – 96	0 – 4
<b>Metro Manila and the rest of the country</b>	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	<b>Rest of Central Luzon</b> – Moderate to strong from northeast;  <b>Rest of the country</b> – Light to moderate from northeast	22 – 36	20 – 33	55 – 96	0 – 4

## FARM ADVISORY

### SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

(March 1 – 10, 2025)



**Wet** – Aurora, most parts of Quezon, Calapan, Coron, Aborlan, Camarines, Sur, Albay, Catanduanes, Eastern Visayas, and rest of Caraga

**Moist** – Batanes, Aparri, Nueva Vizcaya, Cavite, Batangas, Laguna, Romblon, Puerto Princesa, Camarines Norte, Masbate, Capiz, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, SOCCSKSARGEN, Agusan del Norte, and BARMM

**Dry** – Rest of the country

### ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS

(as of 06 March 2025)

#### MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK LA NIÑA ALERT



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Clear and maintain drainage canals, ditches, and waterways to prevent waterlogging and root rot. Excessive rain can leach nutrients from the soil. Apply slow-release or organic fertilizers to maintain soil fertility. Avoid applying fertilizers before heavy rains to prevent nutrient loss. Inspect and repair farmhouses, storage facilities, and greenhouses to prevent damage from prolonged wet conditions.



AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS	HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)
<b>EASTERLIES, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Retain soil moisture by applying rice straw or organic materials to reduce evaporation.</li><li>Irrigate efficiently by watering crops early in the morning or late in the afternoon. Use drip irrigation to minimize water loss.</li><li>Provide shade by installing shade nets or intercropping with taller plants to protect heat-sensitive crops.</li><li>Prevent heat stress by maintaining adequate but not excessive soil moisture.</li><li>Ensure worker safety by setting up shaded or ventilated resting areas.</li><li>Monitor for heat-related illnesses such as dizziness, nausea, excessive sweating, or confusion, and take immediate action to cool down.</li></ul>	<p>The Heat Index is a human discomfort index that gives the apparent temperature on what humans perceive or feel as the temperature (from the surroundings) affecting the body. High air temperature and high relative humidity results to high apparent temperature</p> <p><a href="https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index">https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index</a></p>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
<p>Gale Warning is raised over <b>the northern and eastern seaboard of Northern Luzon</b> (Batanes, Cagayan including Babuyan Islands, and Isabela {Maconacon, Divilacan, Palanan}), <b>and the northern and western seaboard of Northern Luzon</b> (Ilocos Norte and Ilocos Sur {Sinait, Cabugao, San Juan, Magsingal}).</p> <p>Rough to very rough seas are expected over <b>Northern Luzon</b> while moderate to rough seas will be experienced over <b>Central Luzon</b>. Slight to moderate seas will prevail over <b>the rest of the archipelago</b>. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.</p>

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	38.5 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Maximum Temperature	40.0 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1978)
Minimum Temperature	12.0 °C (Baguio City, 1990)	Minimum Temperature	7.4 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Rainfall	186.2 mm (Surigao City, 1954)	Rainfall	401.0 mm (Casiguran, 1971)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: <b>MTR / RVDD</b>	VERIFIED BY: <b>MEVT</b>
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## TAYA NG PANAHON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

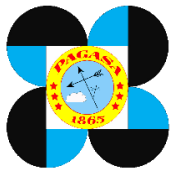
FWFA: NO. 25 – 064

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM, Lunes, 17 Marso 2025

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM Martes, 18 Marso 2025

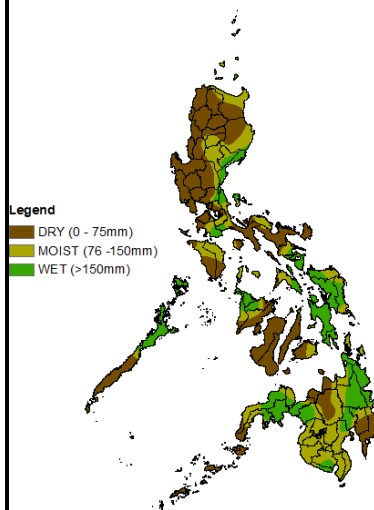
**SYNOPSIS:** Amihan ang nakkaapekto sa Hilagang Luzon. Easterlies ang nakakaapekto sa natitirang bahagi ng bansa.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABA SA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababa ng Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
<b>Caraga, Leyte, Southern Leyte, Basilan, Sulu, at Tawi-Tawi</b>	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulong	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan	23 – 32	22 – 30	70 – 98	4 – 8
<b>Batanes, Cagayan, Isabela, at Aurora</b>	Maulap na kalangitan na may pag-ulan	<b>Batanes, Cagayan, Isabela</b> – Malakas hanggang sa pinakamalakas mula hilagang silangan; <b>Aurora</b> – Katamtaman hanggang malakas mula hilagang silangan	21 – 29	19 – 28	65 – 98	4 – 6
<b>Rehiyon ng Cordillera, Rehiyon ng Ilocos at natitirang bahagi ng Lambak ng Cagayan</b>	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong mahinang pag-ulan	Malakas hanggang sa pinakamalakas mula hilagang silangan	20 – 31	13 – 29	55 – 96	0 – 4
<b>Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng bansa</b>	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulong	<b>Natitirang bahagi ng Gitnang Luzon</b> – Katamtaman hanggang malakas mula hilagang silangan;  <b>Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</b> – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan	22 – 36	20 – 33	55 – 96	0 – 4



## PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

### KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Marso 1 – 10, 2025)



**Basa** – Aurora, malaking bahagi ng Quezon, Calapan, Coron, Aborlan, Camarines, Sur, Albay, Catanduanes, Silangang Kabisayaan, at natitirang bahagi ng Caraga

**Katamtaman** – Batanes, Aparri, Nueva Vizcaya, Cavite, Batangas, Laguna, Romblon, Puerto Princesa, Camarines Norte, Masbate, Capiz, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, SOCCSKSARGEN, Agusan del Norte, at BARM

**Tuyo** – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa

### ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 06 Marso 2025)

#### MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK LA NIÑA ALERT



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Linisin at panatiliing maayos ang mga kanal at daluyan ng tubig upang maiwasan ang pagbaha at pagkabulok ng ugat ng pananim. Ang sobrang ulan ay maaaring magtangay ng mahahalagang sustansya mula sa lupa. Maglagay ng slow-release o organikong pataba upang mapanatili ang fertility ng lupa. Iwasan ang paglalagay ng pataba bago ang malalakas na pag-ulan upang maiwasan ang pagkawala ng sustansya. Suriin at kumpunihin ang mga bahay-sakahan, imbakan, at greenhouse upang maiwasan ang pinsala mula sa matagalang pag-ulan.

### SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

#### EASTERLIES, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Panatiliing basa ang lupa sa pamamagitan ng paglalagay ng dayami ng palay o organikong materyales upang mabawasan ang mabilis na pagkatuyo.
- Magtubig sa tamang oras sa umaga o hapon upang maiwasan ang matinding pagsingaw ng tubig. Gumamit ng drip irrigation para sa mas matipid at epektibong patubig.
- Magbigay ng lilim sa pamamagitan ng paglalagay ng shade nets o pagtatanim ng mas matataas na halaman sa tabi ng mas sensitibong pananim.
- Iwasan ang sobrang tubig ngunit panatiliing sapat ang kahalumigmigan upang hindi ma-stress ang mga pananim sa matinding init.
- Siguruhing ligtas ang mga manggagawa sa pamamagitan ng pagbibigay ng mga lilim o maaliwalas na pahingahan.
- Maging alerto sa mga senyales ng init na sakit tulad ng pagkahilo, pagduduwal, labis na pagpapawis, o pagkalito, at agad na magsagawa ng hakbang upang mapalamig ang katawan.

### HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)

Ang init na nararamdaman ng katawan ng tao (apparent temperature) ay hindi akma nang nasusukat gamit lamang ang temperature ng hangin (air temperature). Ito ay mas tamang naitataya kung isasama ang datos ng alinsangan o halumigmig (relative humidity). Ang impormasyon na ito ay tinatawag na Heat Index at ito ay matutukoy gamit ang Heat Index Chart.

<https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index>

## PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

### GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa hilagang at silangang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon (Batanes, Cagayan kasama ang mga Isla ng Babuyan, at Isabela {Maconacon, Divilacan, Palanan}), at sa hilagang at kanlurang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon (Ilocos Norte at Ilocos Sur {Sinait, Cabugao, San Juan, Magsingal}).

Maalon hanggang sa napakaalon ang inaasahan sa Hilagang Luzon habang katamtaman na karagatan ang inaasahan sa Gitnang Luzon. Samantala, banayad hanggang sa katamtamang pag-alon ng karagatan ang iiral sa natitirang baybayin ng bansa. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.



Republic of the Philippines  
**DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and**  
**Astronomical Services Administration**  
**(PAGASA)**



DAGDAG KAALAMAN			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	38.5 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	40.0 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1978)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	12.0 °C (Baguio City, 1990)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	7.4 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	186.2 mm (Surigao City, 1954)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	401.0 mm (Casiguran, 1971)
INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: <b>MTR / RVDD</b>		BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: <b>MEVT</b>	