



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES
FWFA: NO. 26 – 019

Issued: 7:00 AM, Monday, 26 January 2026

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Tuesday, 27 January 2026

SYNOPSIS: Shear Line affecting the eastern sections of Visayas and Mindanao. Northeast Monsoon affecting Luzon and the rest of Visayas.

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (0C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Caraga, Eastern Visayas, Central Visayas, Sorsogon, Masbate, Camiguin, and Misamis Oriental	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and isolated thunderstorms	Caraga, Eastern Visayas, Central Visayas, Camiguin, and Misamis Oriental – Strong from northeast to north; Sorsogon, and Masbate – Moderate to strong from east to northeast	24 – 30	22 – 28	70 – 99	4 – 8
Cagayan Valley, the rest of Visayas, the rest of Bicol Region, Apayao, Kalinga, Mountain Province, Ifugao, Aurora, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon	Cloudy skies with light rains	Cagayan Valley, the rest of Bicol Region, Apayao, Kalinga, Mountain Province, Ifugao, Aurora and Quezon – Moderate to strong from east to northeast; Rest of Visayas, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon – Moderate to strong from northeast	22 – 30	13 – 26	60 – 98	2 – 6
Metro Manila and the rest of Luzon	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Moderate to strong from northeast	21 – 29	10 – 26	55 – 98	0 – 4
The rest of Mindanao	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	Moderate to strong from northeast	22 – 35	20 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4

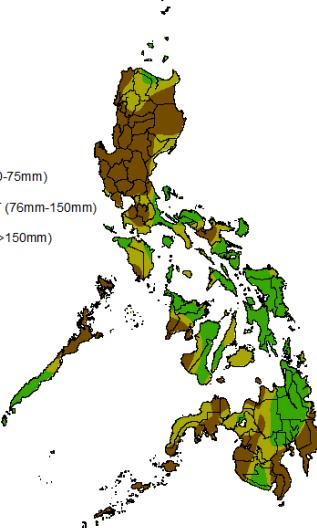
AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

NORTHEAST MONSOON, SHEAR LINE, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Monitor daily weather forecasts and advisories from DOST-PAGASA.
- Clear and maintain irrigation canals, drainage ditches, and waterways to prevent flooding.
- Strengthen nurseries, greenhouses, seedbeds, and trellises; relocate seedlings to safer areas if possible.
- Adjust planting, spraying, and harvesting schedules based on expected rainfall.
- Store harvested crops and farm inputs in elevated, dry, and covered areas.
- Upland farmers, particularly in regions affected by the northeast monsoon, are advised to closely monitor overnight and early morning temperatures, as low temperatures can harm seedlings and sensitive crops.



- During cold or frost-prone periods, protect crops using covers, mulch, or windbreaks, and adjust irrigation to prevent water stress.
- Ensure the safety of farmers and farm workers by suspending field activities during severe weather.

FARM ADVISORY	
SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION (January 11-20, 2026)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (Updated as of 21 January 2026)
<p>Legend</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DRY (0-75mm) MOIST (76mm-150mm) WET (>150mm) <p>Wet – Calayan, Aparri, Isabela, Aurora, Quezon, most of MIMAROPA, most of Bicol Region, most of Western Visayas, NIR, most of Eastern Visayas, Surigao del Norte, Bukidnon, NIR, Davao del Norte, rest of Northern Mindanao, Kabacan North Cotabato, and BARMM</p> <p>Moist – Rest of Cagayan Valley, Subic, Cavite, Batangas, Rizal, Camarines Sur, most of Central Visayas, Surigao del Sur, Misamis Oriental, Maguindanao, Davao del sur, General Santos City, rest of Zamboanga Peninsula, and rest of Caraga</p> <p>Dry – Ilocos Region, and the rest of the country</p>	 <p>Inactive</p> <p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Promote the use of raised beds, contour farming, and proper field levelling to improve drainage and prevent waterlogging during prolonged rainfall events. Reinforce bunds and levees around rice fields and low-lying farms to reduce overflowing from nearby rivers and canals. Install windbreaks to protect sensitive crops from strong winds. Harvest mature and near-mature crops when heavy rains are expected to minimize losses and ensure better post-harvest quality. Protect harvested produce with dryers, covered drying areas, or elevated racks. Conduct regular inspections of storage facilities, ensuring all produce, seeds, and feeds are kept dry, elevated, and well-ventilated to prevent mold and spoilage. Implement schedule-based pest and disease scouting, particularly for fungal infections that commonly occur after continuous rains, and apply appropriate control measures immediately. Coordinate closely with the Municipal/City Agriculture Office for updates and emergency support related to agricultural impacts in your area. Regularly follow the official PAGASA accounts on social media or visit their website for the latest weather updates and advisories specific to your area.</p>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
Gale Warning was raised over the eastern seaboard of Visayas (Northern Samar {Palapag, Mapanas, Gamay, Lapinig} and Eastern Samar {Arteche, San Policarpio, Oras, Dolores, Can-Avid, Taft, Sulat, San Julian, City of Borongan, Maydolong, Balangkayan, Llorente})

Rough seas will prevail over the **eastern sections of Visayas, and Mindanao** while the rest of the country will have moderate to rough seas. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)	Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Minimum Temperature	9.4 °C (Baguio City, 1993, 2014)	Minimum Temperature	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Rainfall	263.8 mm (Virac Synop, 1986)	Rainfall	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: MGA / RVDD	VERIFIED BY: MEVT
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TAYA NG PANAHON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN
FWFA: NO. 26 – 019

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM Lunes, 26 Enero 2026

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Martes, 27 Enero 2026

SYNOPSIS: Sher Line ang nakakaapekto sa silangang bahagi ng Kabisayaan at Mindanao. Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa Luzon at natitirang bahagi ng Kabisayaan.

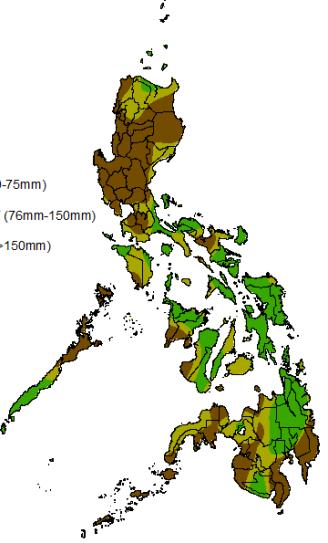
LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Caraga, Eastern Visayas, Central Visayas, Sorsogon, Masbate, Camiguin, at Misamis Oriental	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulap at pulo-pulong pagkidlat-pagkulog	Caraga, Eastern Visayas, Central Visayas, Camiguin, at Misamis Oriental – Malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga; Sorsogon, at Masbate – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula silangan hanggang hilagang silangan;	24 – 30	22 – 28	70 – 99	4 – 8
Cagayan Valley, natitirang bahagi ng Kabisayaan, natitirang bahagi ng Rehiyon ng Bicol, Apayao, Kalinga, Mountain Province, Ifugao, Aurora, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon	Maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulap	Cagayan Valley, natitirang bahagi ng Rehiyon ng Bicol, Apayao, Kalinga, Mountain Province, Ifugao, Aurora, at Quezon – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula silangan hanggang hilagang silangan; Natitirang bahagi ng Kabisayaan, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	22 – 30	13 – 26	60 – 98	2 – 6
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng Luzon	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong mahinang pag-ulap	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	21 – 29	10 – 26	55 – 98	0 – 4
Natitirang bahagi ng Mindanao	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulap o pagkidlat-pagkulog	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	22 – 35	20 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4

SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

AMIHAN, SHEAR LINE, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN



- Subaybayan araw-araw ang mga ulat at babala sa panahon mula sa PAGASA.
- Linisin at panatilihin ang mga kanal ng irrigasyon, daluyan ng tubig, at mga estero upang maiwasan ang pagbaha.
- Patibayin ang mga punlaan, greenhouse, seedbed, at trellis; ilipat sa mas ligtas na lugar ang mga punla kung maaari.
- Ilayon ang iskedyul ng pagtatanim, pag-iispra, at pag-aani batay sa inaasahang dami ng ulan.
- Siguraduhing maayos ang daluyan ng tubig sa bukid upang maiwasan ang pagbabara ng tubig at pagkabulok ng ugat.
- Itago ang mga nauning pananim at farm inputs sa mataas, tuyo, at may bubong na lugar.
- Pinapayuhan ang mga magsasaka sa kabundukan na bantayan ang temperatura sa gabi at madaling-araw dahil maaaring makasira ang lamig sa mga pananim.
- Sa malamig na panahon, gumamit ng pantakip o mulch at ayusin ang patubig upang maprotektahan ang mga pananim.
- Unahin ang kaligtasan ng mga magsasaka at manggagawang bukid sa pamamagitan ng pansamantalang pagtigil ng gawain sa bukid kapag masama ang panahon.

PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN				
KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Enero 11-20, 2026)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 21 Enero 2026)			
<p>Legend</p>  <table border="1"> <tr> <td>DRY (0-75mm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MOIST (76mm-150mm)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WET (>150mm)</td> </tr> </table> <p><i>bahagi ng Northern Mindanao, Kabacan North Cotabato, at BARMM</i></p> <p>Katamtaman – Natitirang bahagi ng Lambak ng Cagayan, Subic, Cavite, Batangas, Rizal, Camarines Sur, karamihan ng Central Visayas, Surigao del Sur, Misamis Oriental, Maguindanao, Davao del sur, General Santos City, natitirang bahagi ng Zamboanga Peninsula, at natitirang bahagi ng Caraga</p> <p>Tuyo – Rehiyon ng Ilocos at natitirang bahagi ng bansa</p>	DRY (0-75mm)	MOIST (76mm-150mm)	WET (>150mm)	<p>Basa –</p> <p>Calayan, Aparri, Isabela, Aurora, Quezon, Karamhan ng MIMAROPA, Karamhan ng Rehiyon ng Bicol, Karamhan ng Western Visayas, NIR, Karamhan ng Eastern Visayas, Surigao del Norte, Bukidnon, NIR, Davao del Norte, natitirang bahagi ng Northern Mindanao, Kabacan North Cotabato, at BARMM</p>  <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elniño-la-niña/monitoring</p> <p>Magpatupad ng paggamit ng raised beds, contour farming, at tamang pag-level ng bukirin upang at mapabuti ang daloy ng tubig at maiwasan ang waterlogging sa panahon ng tuloy-tuloy na pagulan. Palakin ang mga pilapil at levees sa mga palayan at mabababang sakahan upang mabawasan ang panganib ng pag-apaw ng ilog at kanal. Mag-install ng windbreaks upang maprotektahan ang sensitibong pananim laban sa malalakas na hangin. Anihin ang mga hinog at halos hinog na pananim bago dumating ang malalakas na ulan upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi at matiyak ang maayos na kalidad pagkatapos ng anihan. Protektahan ang mga inanring produkto gamit ang mga dryer, may takip na patuyuan, o nakataas na patungan. Magsagawa ng regular na inspeksyon sa mga storage facilities, at siguraduhing ang lahat ng ani, binhi, at feeds ay nakalagay sa tuyo, mataas, at maaliwalas na lugar upang maiwasan ang pagbuo ng amag at pagkasira. Ipapatupad ang nakaiskedyul na pest at disease scouting, lalo na para sa mga fungal infections na karaniwang lumalabas pagkatapos ng tuloy-tuloy na ulan, at agad na mag-apply ng angkop na kontrol. Makipag-ugnayan nang malapit sa Municipal/City Agriculture Office para sa updates at emergency support na may kinalaman sa epekto ng masamang panahon sa agrikultura sa inyong lugar. Regular na sundan ang opisyunal accounts ng PAGASA sa social media o bisitahin ang kanilang website para sa pinakabagong ulat at advisory tungkol sa lagay ng panahon sa inyong lugar.</p>
DRY (0-75mm)				
MOIST (76mm-150mm)				
WET (>150mm)				



PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa silangang baybayin ng Kabisayaan ((Northern Samar {Palapag, Mapanas, Gamay, Lapinig} at Eastern Samar {Arteche, San Policarpio, Oras, Dolores, Can-Avid, Taft, Sulat, San Julian, City of Borongan, Maydolong, Balangkayan, Llorente})

Maalon na karagatan ang inaasahan sa silangang bahagi ng Kabisayaan, at Mindanao samantala ang natitirang bahagi ng bansa ay makakaranas ng katamtaman hanggang maalon na karagatan. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	9.4 °C (Baguio City, 1993, 2014)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	263.8 mm (Virac Synop, 1986)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **MGA / RVDD**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MEVT**