



## FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES

FWFA: NO. 25 – 062

Issued: 7:00 AM, Friday, 14 March 2025

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Saturday, 15 March 2025

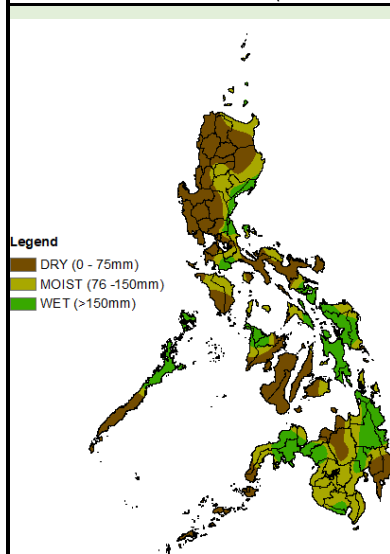
**SYNOPSIS:** Easterlies affecting the country.

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (°C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
<b>Eastern Visayas</b>	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	Moderate from east to northeast	24 – 32	22 – 30	65 – 98	0 – 6
<b>Metro Manila and the rest of the country</b>	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	<b>Eastern section of the country</b> – Moderate from east to northeast;  <b>Rest of the country</b> – Light to moderate from northeast	22 – 36	13 – 33	55 – 96	0 – 4

## FARM ADVISORY

### SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

(March 1 – 10, 2025)



**Wet** – Aurora, most parts of Quezon, Calapan, Coron, Aborlan, Camarines, Sur, Albay, Catanduanes, Eastern Visayas, and rest of Caraga

**Moist** – Batanes, Aparri, Nueva Vizcaya, Cavite, Batangas, Laguna, Romblon, Puerto Princesa, Camarines Norte, Masbate, Capiz, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, SOCCSKSARGEN, Agusan del Norte, and BARMM

**Dry** – Rest of the country

### ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS

(as of 06 March 2025)

#### MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK LA NIÑA ALERT



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Clear and maintain drainage canals, ditches, and waterways to prevent waterlogging and root rot. Excessive rain can leach nutrients from the soil. Apply slow-release or organic fertilizers to maintain soil fertility. Avoid applying fertilizers before heavy rains to prevent nutrient loss. Inspect and repair farmhouses, storage facilities, and greenhouses to prevent damage from prolonged wet conditions.



AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS	HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)
<b>EASTERLIES, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Apply organic matter such as compost or mulch to improve soil fertility and moisture retention.</li><li>• Rotate crops to prevent soil depletion and reduce pest and disease buildup.</li><li>• Avoid excessive fertilizer application to prevent nutrient leaching and water contamination.</li><li>• Utilize rainwater harvesting techniques to supplement irrigation.</li><li>• Process surplus harvests (e.g., drying, fermenting, or preserving) to extend shelf life and reduce waste.</li></ul>	The Heat Index is a human discomfort index that gives the apparent temperature on what humans perceive or feel as the temperature (from the surroundings) affecting the body. High air temperature and high relative humidity results to high apparent temperature <a href="https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index">https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index</a>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
No Gale Warning is raised.  Moderate seas are expected over <b>the eastern section of the country</b> while slight to moderate seas will prevail over the <b>rest of the archipelago</b> . Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	38.5 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1987)	Maximum Temperature	40.0 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1978)
Minimum Temperature	11.4 °C (Baguio City, 1972)	Minimum Temperature	7.4 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Rainfall	188.4 mm (Catarman, 2011)	Rainfall	401.0 mm (Casiguran, 1971)
PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: <b>MGA / MAM</b>		VERIFIED BY: <b>MEVT</b>	



## TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

FWFA: NO. 25 – 062

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM, Biyernes, 14 Marso 2025

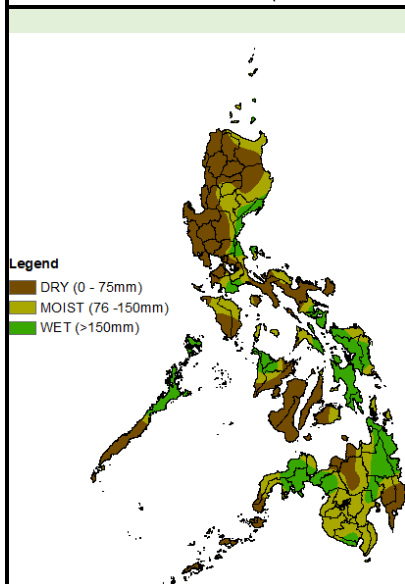
May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM Sabado, 15 Marso 2025

SYNOPSIS: Easterlies ang nakakaapekto sa bansa.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHOON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABA SA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababa ng Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Silangang Kabisayaan	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulong	Katamtaman mula silangan hanggang hilagang silangan	24 – 32	22 – 30	65 – 98	0 – 6
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng bansa	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulong	<b>Silangang bahagi ng bansa</b> – Katamtaman mula silangan hanggang hilagang silangan;  <b>Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</b> – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan	22 – 36	13 – 33	55 – 96	0 – 4

## PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

### KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Marso 1 – 10, 2025)



**Basa** – Aurora, malaking bahagi ng Quezon, Calapan, Coron, Aborlan, Camarines, Sur, Albay, Catanduanes, Silangang Kabisayaan, at natitirang bahagi ng Caraga

**Katamtaman** – Batanes, Aparri, Nueva Vizcaya, Cavite, Batangas, Laguna, Romblon, Puerto Princesa, Camarines Norte, Masbate, Capiz, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, SOCCSKSARGEN, Agusan del Norte, at BARMM

**Tuyo** – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa

### ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 06 Marso 2025)

#### MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK LA NIÑA ALERT



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Linisin at panatiliing maayos ang mga kanal at daluyan ng tubig upang maiwasan ang pagbaha at pagkabulok ng ugat ng pananim. Ang sobrang ulan ay maaaring magtangay ng mahahalagang sustansya mula sa lupa. Maglagay ng slow-release o organikong pataba upang mapanatili ang fertility ng lupa. Iwasan ang paglalagay ng pataba bago ang malalakas na pag-ulan upang maiwasan ang pagkawala ng sustansya. Suriin at kumpunihin ang mga bahay-sakahan, imbakan, at greenhouse upang maiwasan ang pinsala mula sa matagalang pag-ulan.



SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS	HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)
<b>EASTERLIES, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maglagay ng organikong materyales tulad ng compost o mulch upang mapabuti ang fertility ng lupa at mapanatili ang moisture.</li> <li>Magpalit-palit ng pananim upang maiwasan ang pagkaubos ng sustansya sa lupa at mabawasan ang pagdami ng peste at sakit.</li> <li>Iwasan ang labis na paggamit ng pataba upang maiwasan ang pagkatagas ng sustansya at polusyon sa tubig.</li> <li>Gumamit ng mga teknik sa pag-iipon ng tubig-ulan upang madagdagan ang suplay para sa irigasyon.</li> <li>Iproseso ang mga sobrang ani (hal. pagpapatuyo, pagbuburo, o pagpepreserba) upang mapahaba ang shelf life at mabawasan ang pag-aaksaya.</li> </ul>	<p>Ang init na nararamdaman ng katawan ng tao (apparent temperature) ay hindi akma nang nasusukat gamit lamang ang temperature ng hangin (air temperature). Ito ay mas tamang naitataya kung isasama ang datos ng alinsangan o halumigmig (relative humidity). Ang impormasyon na ito ay tinatawag na Heat Index at ito ay matutukoy gamit ang Heat Index Chart.</p> <p><a href="https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index">https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index</a></p>

PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA
GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN
<p>Walang nakataas na Gale Warning.</p> <p>Katamtaman na karagatan ang inaasahan <b>sa silangang bahagi ng bansa</b>. Samantala, banayad hanggang sa katamtamang pag-alon ng karagatan ang iiral sa <b>natitirang baybayin ng bansa</b>. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.</p>

DAGDAG KAALAMAN			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	38.5 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1987)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	40.0 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1978)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	11.4 °C (Baguio City, 1972)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	7.4 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	188.4 mm (Catarman, 2011)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	401.0 mm (Casiguran, 1971)
INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: <b>MGA / MAM</b>		BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: <b>MEVT</b>	