



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES

FWFA: NO. 25 – 053

Issued: 7:00 AM, Tuesday, 04 March 2025

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Wednesday, 05 March 2025

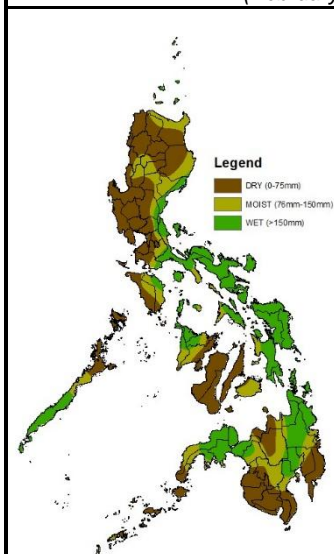
SYNOPSIS: Easterlies affecting the country.

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (°C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Bicol Region, Caraga, Quezon, Marinduque, Romblon, Northern Samar, Eastern Samar, Leyte, Southern Leyte, and Davao Oriental	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	Caraga, Northern Samar, Eastern Samar, Leyte, Southern Leyte, and Davao Oriental – Moderate to strong from east; Bicol Region, Quezon, Marinduque, and Romblon – Light to moderate from east to northeast	23 – 33	21 – 29	60 – 98	4 – 8
Metro Manila and the rest of the country	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	Rest of Eastern Visayas and Davao Region – Moderate to strong from east; Northern Luzon – Light to moderate from east to southeast; Rest of the country – Light to moderate from east to northeast	22 – 36	14 – 31	40 – 96	0 – 4

FARM ADVISORY

SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

(February 21 – 28, 2025)



Wet – Batanes, Aparri, Calayan, Itbayat, Aurora, Bulacan, Quezon, southern portions of Palawan, Calapan, Bicol Region, Capiz, Eastern Visayas, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, Zamboanga del Norte, Zamboanga del Sur, and Lanao del Sur

Moist – Isabela, Nueva Viscaya, Tarlac, Rizal, Romblon, Central portion of Palawan, Oriental Mindoro, Siquijor, Tagbilaran City, Davao del Sur, and Maguindanao

Dry – Rest of the country

ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS

(as of 26 February 2025)

MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK LA NIÑA ALERT



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Enhance farm resilience by building drainage canals to prevent waterlogging and applying fungicides or biocontrol agents to manage fungal diseases. Prune fruit trees to reduce wind damage and store tools and machinery in covered areas to prevent deterioration. Regularly inspect crops for stress, pests, or diseases and apply necessary treatments. Repair damaged irrigation channels and dikes to prepare for future



rainfall. To reduce post-harvest losses and increase income, process perishable products into value-added goods such as dried fruits, pickled vegetables, or flour

AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS	HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)
EASTERLIES, AND THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS <ul style="list-style-type: none">Inspect crops regularly for pests and diseases and address outbreaks immediately.Adjust irrigation frequency based on weather, soil type, and crop needs.Avoid over-irrigation to prevent root rot. Water plants early morning for better absorption.Inspect and clean drainage channels regularly to prevent blockages.Harvest crops on dry days to avoid spoilage, fungal infections, and loss of market value.Handle produce carefully during transport to prevent damage and contamination.	The Heat Index is a human discomfort index that gives the apparent temperature on what humans perceive or feel as the temperature (from the surroundings) affecting the body. High air temperature and high relative humidity results to high apparent temperature https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index

FISHING ADVISORY

GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION

No Gale Warning is raised.

Moderate to rough seas are expected over **the eastern seaboard of Visayas and Mindanao** while slight to moderate seas will prevail over the **rest of the archipelago**. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	39.0 °C (Iloilo City, 1973)	Maximum Temperature	40.0 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1978)
Minimum Temperature	9.2 °C (Baguio City, 1986)	Minimum Temperature	7.4 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Rainfall	286.3 mm (Hinatuan City, 1952)	Rainfall	401.0 mm (Casiguran, 1971)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: **RAAM / ARL**

VERIFIED BY: **MEVT**



TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

FWFA: NO. 25 – 053

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM, Martes, 04 Marso 2025

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM Miyerkules, 05 Marso 2025

SYNOPSIS: Easterlies ang nakakaapekto sa bansa.

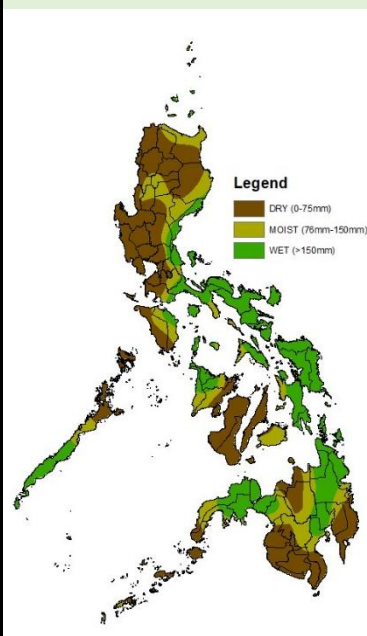
LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHOON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABA SA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababa ng Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Rehiyon ng Bicol, Caraga, Quezon, Marinduque, Romblon, Northern Samar, Eastern Samar, Leyte, Southern Leyte, at Davao Oriental	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulong	Caraga, Northern Samar, Eastern Samar, Leyte, Southern Leyte, at Davao Oriental – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula silangan; Rehiyon ng Bicol, Quezon, Marinduque, at Romblon – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula silangan hanggang hilagang silangan	23 – 33	21 – 29	60 – 98	4 – 8
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng bansa	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulong	Natitirang bahagi ng Silangang Kabisayaan at Rehiyon ng Davao – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula silangan; Hilagang Luzon – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula silangan hanggang timog-silangan; Natitirang bahagi ng bansa – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula silangan hanggang hilagang silangan	22 – 36	14 – 31	40 – 96	0 – 4

SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS	HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)
EASTERLIES, AT PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN <ul style="list-style-type: none">Regular na suriin ang mga pananim para sa peste at sakit at agad na tugunan ang anumang paglaganap.Ayusin ang dalas ng patubig batay sa panahon, uri ng lupa, at pangangailangan ng pananim.Iwasan ang labis na patubig upang maiwasan ang pagkabulok ng ugat. Patubigan ang mga halaman nang maaga sa umaga para sa mas epektibong pagsipsip.Regular na suriin at linisin ang mga kanal ng irigasyon upang maiwasan ang bara.Anihin ang mga pananim sa tuyo at maaliwalas na panahon upang maiwasan ang pagkasira, amag, at pagbagsak ng halaga sa merkado.Hawakan nang maingat ang ani sa transportasyon upang maiwasan ang pinsala at kontaminasyon.	Ang init na nararamdaman ng katawan ng tao (apparent temperature) ay hindi akma ng nasusukat gamit lamang ang temperature ng hangin (air temperature). Ito ay mas tamang naitataya kung isasama ang datos ng alinsangan o halumigmig (relative humidity). Ang impormasyon na ito ay tinatawag na Heat Index at ito ay matutukoy gamit ang Heat Index Chart. https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index



PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Pebrero 21 – 28, 2025)



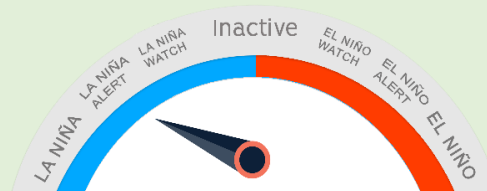
Basa – Batanes, Aparri, Calayan, Itbayat, Aurora, Bulacan, Quezon, katimugang bahagi ng Palawan, Calapan, Bicol Region, Capiz, Eastern Visayas, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, Zamboanga del Norte, Zamboanga del Sur, at Lanao del Sur

Katamtaman – Isabela, Nueva Viscaya, Tarlac, Rizal, Romblon, gitnang bahagi ng Palawan, Oriental Mindoro, Siquijor, Tagbilaran City, Davao del Sur, at Maguindanao

Tuyo – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa

ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 26 Pebrero 2025)

MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK LA NIÑA ALERT



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Palakasin ang katatagan ng sakahan sa pamamagitan ng paggawa ng mga kanal para maiwasan ang pagbara ng tubig at paglalagay ng fungicide o biocontrol agents upang mapigilan ang paglaganap ng fungal diseases. Putulan ang mga punong namumunga upang mabawasan ang pinsala mula sa malakas na hangin at itago nang maayos ang mga kagamitan at makinarya upang maiwasan ang pagkasira. Regular na suriin ang mga pananim para sa stress, peste, o sakit at agad na ipatupad ang angkop na lunas. Kumpunihin ang mga sirang kanal ng irigasyon at pilapil upang mapaghandaan ang mga susunod na pag-ulan. Upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi matapos ang anihan at mapataas ang kita, iproseso ang mga nabubulok na produkto bilang pinatuyong prutas, atsara, o harina.

PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Walang nakataas na Gale Warning.

Katamtaman hanggang sa maalon na karagatan ang inaasahan sa **silangang baybayin ng Kabisayaan at Mindanao** samantalang banayad hanggang sa katamtamang pag-alon ng karagatan ang iiral sa **natitirang baybayin ng bansa**. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES

Pinakamataas na Temperatura	39.0 °C (Iloilo City, 1973)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	9.2 °C (Baguio City, 1986)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	286.3 mm (Hinatuan City, 1952)

MONTHLY EXTREMES

Pinakamataas na Temperatura	40.0 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1978)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	7.4 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	401.0 mm (Casiguran, 1971)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **RAAM / ARL**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MEVT**