



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES

FWFA: NO. 25 – 300

Issued: 7:00 AM, Friday, 26 December 2025

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Saturday, 27 December 2025

SYNOPSIS: Northeast Monsoon affecting Luzon. Easterlies affecting the rest of the country.

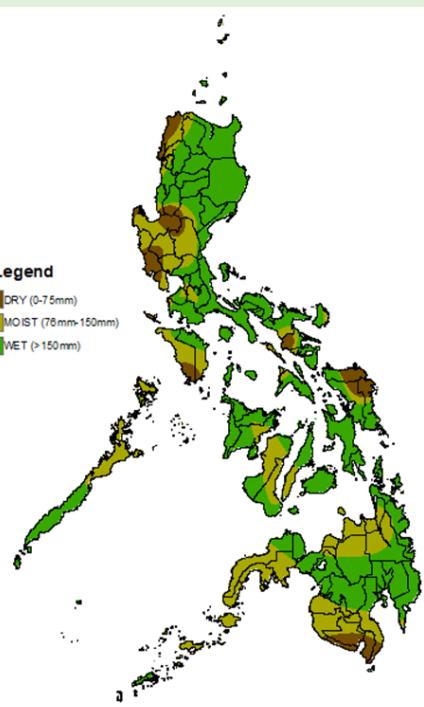
FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (0C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Batanes and Babuyan Islands	Cloudy skies with rains	Strong to Gale from northeast	18 – 23	17 – 21	65 – 98	4 – 8
Mainland Cagayan, Isabela, and Apayao	Cloudy skies with light rains	Moderate to strong from northeast	21 – 28	18 – 25	65 – 98	4 – 8
Visayas, Mindanao, and Palawan	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	Light to moderate from northeast	22 – 34	21 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4
Metro Manila and the rest of the Luzon	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Rest of Northern Luzon – Moderate to strong from northeast; Rest of the country – Light to moderate from northeast	22 – 33	14 – 31	50 – 96	0 – 4

AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

NORTHEAST MONSOON, EASTERLIES, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Monitor daily weather forecasts and advisories from DOST-PAGASA.
- Adjust planting, spraying, and harvesting schedules based on expected rainfall.
- Ensure proper field drainage to prevent waterlogging and root rot.
- Store harvested crops and farm inputs in elevated, dry, and covered areas.
- Apply mulch to reduce soil erosion and maintain soil moisture balance.
- Conduct regular field inspections for lodging, stem rot, and nutrient deficiencies.
- Remove and destroy infected plant parts to limit disease spread.
- Apply pest and disease control measures during dry windows.
- Clean and service farm tools, sprayers, and machinery after use.
- Check irrigation canals, dikes, and water gates for blockages or damage.



FARM ADVISORY	
SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION (December 11 – 20, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (Updated as of 18 December 2025)
 <p>Wet – Cagayan, Aurora, CALABARZON, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Puerto Princesa, Aborlan, Bicol Region, Central Visayas, Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga Peninsula, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, and Maguindanao</p> <p>Moist – Pangasinan, Batanes, Isabela, Bulacan, Pampanga, Coron, Cuyo, Iloilo, Northern Mindanao, South Cotabato, Agusan del Norte, and Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Dry – Rest of the country</p>	 <p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Promote the use of raised beds, contour farming, and proper field levelling to prevent waterlogging and support better drainage during prolonged rainfall events. Strengthen bunds and levees around rice fields and low-lying farms to reduce the risk of overflow from nearby rivers and canals. Install windbreaks using bamboo, live trees, or netting to protect sensitive crops from strong winds. Harvest mature and near-mature crops ahead of forecasted heavy rains to minimize losses and ensure better post-harvest quality. Use portable dryers, plastic-covered drying floors, or elevated racks to protect harvested grains, root crops, and coconut from moisture exposure. Conduct regular inspections of storage facilities, ensuring all produce, seeds, and feeds are kept dry, elevated, and well-ventilated to prevent mold and spoilage. Implement schedule-based pest and disease scouting, particularly for fungal infections that commonly occur after continuous rains, and apply appropriate control measures immediately. Coordinate closely with the Municipal/City Agriculture Office for updates and emergency support related to agricultural impacts in your area. Regularly follow the official PAGASA accounts on social media or visit their website for the latest weather updates and advisories specific to your area.</p>

FISHING ADVISORY	
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION	
<p>Gale Warning is raised over the northern seaboard of Northern Luzon (Batanes and Babuyan Islands), the northern and western seaboards of Northern Luzon (the northern coast of Cagayan {Santa Praxedes, Claveria, Pamplona, Sanchez-Mira, Abulug, Ballesteros, Aparri, Buguey, Santa Teresita, Gonzaga, Santa Ana}, Ilocos Norte, and Ilocos Sur {Sinait, Cabugao, San Juan}).</p> <p>Rough to very rough seas will prevail over Extreme Northern Luzon while moderate to rough seas will prevail over the rest of Northern Luzon. Meanwhile, slight to moderate seas will prevail over the rest of the country. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.</p>	

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	36.5 °C (General Santos City, 1989)	Maximum Temperature	38.6 °C (Davao City, 2011)
Minimum Temperature	9.6 °C (Baguio City, 1992)	Minimum Temperature	7.6 °C (Baguio City, 1991)
Rainfall	458.6 mm (Legaspi City, 1975)	Rainfall	780.4 mm (Guiuan, 2017)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: MTR / HGDE	VERIFIED BY: MEVT
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TAYA NG PANAHON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

FWFA: NO. 25 – 300

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM, Biyernes, 26 Disyembre 2025 May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Sabado, 27 Disyembre 2025

SYNOPSIS: Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa Luzon. Easterlies ang nakakaapekto sa natitirang bahagi ng bansa.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Batanes at Babuyan Islands	Maulap na kalangitan na may pag-ulap	Malakas hanggang napakalakas mula hilagang silangan	18 – 23	17 – 21	65 – 98	4 – 8
Mainland Cagayan, Isabela, at Apayao	Maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulap	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	21 – 28	18 – 25	65 – 98	4 – 8
Kabisayaan, Mindanao, at Palawan	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulupulong pag-ulap o pagkidlat-pagkulog	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan	22 – 34	21 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng Luzon	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulap	Natitirang bahagi ng bansa – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan Natitirang bahagi ng bansa – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan	22 – 33	14 – 31	50 – 96	0 – 4

SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

AMIHAN, EASTERLIES, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Subaybayan araw-araw ang mga ulat at babala sa panahon mula sa PAGASA.
- Ilayon ang iskedyul ng pagtatanim, pag-iispra, at pag-aani batay sa inaasahang dami ng ulan.
- Siguraduhing maayos ang daluyan ng tubig sa bukid upang maiwasan ang pagbabara ng tubig at pagkabulok ng ugat.
- Itago ang mga nauning pananim at farm inputs sa mataas, tuyo, at may bubong na lugar.
- Maglagay ng mulch upang mabawasan ang pagguho ng lupa at mapanatili ang tamang halumigmig ng lupa.
- Magsagawa ng regular na pag-iinspeksyon sa bukid para sa pagkadapa ng pananim, pagkabulok ng tangkay, at kakulangan sa sustansya.
- Tanggalin at sirain ang mga apektadong bahagi ng halaman upang maiwasan ang pagkalat ng sakit.
- Isagawa ang pest at disease control sa mga panahong tuyo o walang ulan.
- Linisin at i-maintain ang mga kagamitang pansakahan, sprayer, at makinarya pagkatapos gamitin.
- Suriin ang mga kanal ng irrigasyon, dike, at water gates kung may bara o pinsala.



PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN	
KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Disyembre 11 – 20, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 18 Disyembre 2025)
<p>Wet – Cagayan, Aurora, CALABARZON, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Puerto Princesa, Aborlan, Rehiyon ng Bicol, Central Visayas, Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga Peninsula, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, and Maguindanao</p> <p>Moist – Pangasinan, Batanes, Isabela, Bulacan, Pampanga, Coron, Cuyo, Iloilo, Northern Mindanao, South Cotabato, Agusan del Norte, and Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Dry – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</p>	<p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Magpatupad ng paggamit ng raised beds, contour farming, at tamang pag-level ng bukirin upang maiwasan ang waterlogging at mapabuti ang dalo'y tubig sa panahon ng tuloy-tuloy na pag-ulan. Palakasin ang mga pilapil at levees sa mga palayan at mabababang sakanahan upang mabawasan ang panganib ng pag-apaw ng ilog at kanal. Mag-install ng windbreaks gamit ang kawayan, live trees, o netting upang maprotektahan ang sensitibong pananim laban sa malalakas na hangin. Anihin ang mga hinog at halos hinog na pananim bago dumating ang malalakas na ulan upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi at matiyak ang maayos na kalidad pagkatapos ng anihan. Gumamit ng portable dryers, plastic-covered drying floors, o elevated racks upang maprotektahan ang inanang palay, root crops, at niyog mula sa kahalumigmigan. Magsagawa ng regular na inspeksyon sa mga storage facilities, at siguraduhing ang lahat ng ani, binhi, at feeds ay nakalagay sa tuyo, mataas, at maaliwalas na lugar upang maiwasan ang pagbuo ng amag at pagkasira. Ipapatupad ang nakaiskedyul na pest at disease scouting, lalo na para sa mga fungal infections na karaniwang lumalabas pagkatapos ng tuloy-tuloy na ulan, at agad na mag-apply ng angkop na kontrol. Makipag-ugnayan nang malapit sa Municipal/City Agriculture Office para sa updates at emergency support na may kinalaman sa epekto ng masamang panahon sa agrikultura sa inyong lugar. Regular na sundan ang opisyal na accounts ng PAGASA sa social media o bisitahan ang kanilang website para sa pinakabagong ularat at advisory tungkol sa lagay ng panahon sa inyong lugar.</p>

PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA
GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN
<p>Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa hilagang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon (Batanes at Babuyan Islands), at ang hilaga at kanlurang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon (ang hilagang baybayin ng Cagayan {Santa Praxedes, Claveria, Pamplona, Sanchez-Mira, Abulug, Ballesteros, Aparri, Buguey, Santa Teresita, Gonzaga, Santa Ana}, Ilocos Norte, at Ilocos Sur {Sinait, Cabugao, San Juan}).</p> <p>Maalon hanggang sa napakaalon na karagatan ang inaasahan sa Dulong Hilagang Luzon habang katamtaman hanggang sa maalon na karagatan ang iiral sa natitirang bahagi ng Hilagang Luzon. Samantala, banayad hanggang sa katamtamang alon naman ang inaasahan sa natitirang bahagi ng bansa. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at fatalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.</p>

DAGDAG KAALAMAN			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	36.5 °C (General Santos City, 1989)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	38.6 °C (Davao City, 2011)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	9.6 °C (Baguio City, 1992)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	7.6 °C (Baguio City, 1991)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	458.6 mm (Legazpi City, 1975)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	780.4 mm (Guian, 2017)
INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: MTR / HGDE		BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: MEVT	

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