



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES
FWFA: NO. 26 – 003

Issued: 7:00 AM, Wednesday, 07 January 2026

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Thursday, 08 January 2026

SYNOPSIS: Shear Line affecting the eastern section of Southern Luzon. Northeast Monsoon affecting the rest of Luzon. Easterlies affecting the rest of the country.

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (0C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Bicol Region, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, Romblon, and Northern Samar	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and isolated thunderstorms	Bicol Region, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon – Moderate to strong from northeast to north; Northern Samar – Light to moderate from northeast to north;	24 – 29	23 – 27	70 – 98	4 – 8
Palawan	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	Moderate to strong from northeast to north	25 – 32	24 – 30	65 – 98	0 – 6
The rest of Eastern Visayas	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	Light to moderate from northeast to north	24 – 31	22 – 30	65 – 98	0 – 6
Cordillera Administrative Region, Cagayan Valley, and Aurora	Cloudy skies with light rains	Moderate to strong from northeast to north	23 – 29	13 – 26	60 – 98	0 – 6
Metro Manila and the rest of Luzon	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Extreme Northern Luzon – Moderate to strong from northeast; The rest of Luzon – Moderate to strong from northeast to north;	23 – 31	21 – 29	55 – 96	0 – 4
The rest of the country	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	Light to moderate from northeast to north	24 – 35	22 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4

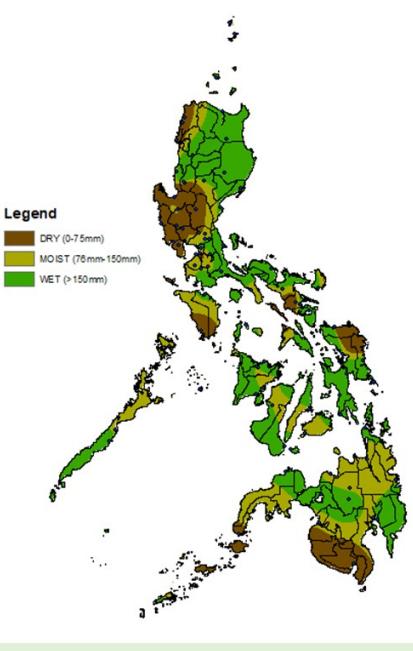
AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

SHEAR LINE, TROUGH OF LPA, NORTHEAST MONSOON, EASTERLIES, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Monitor daily weather forecasts and advisories from DOST-PAGASA.
- Adjust planting, spraying, and harvesting schedules based on expected rainfall.
- Ensure proper field drainage to prevent waterlogging and root rot.
- Store harvested crops and farm inputs in elevated, dry, and covered areas.
- Apply mulch to reduce soil erosion and maintain soil moisture balance.



- Conduct regular field inspections for lodging, stem rot, and nutrient deficiencies.
- Remove and destroy infected plant parts to limit disease spread.
- Apply pest and disease control measures during dry windows.
- Clean and service farm tools, sprayers, and machinery after use.
- Check irrigation canals, dikes, and water gates for blockages or damage.

FARM ADVISORY	
SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION (December 21 – 31, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (Updated as of 18 December 2025)
 <p>Legend DRY (0-75mm) MOIST (76mm-150mm) WET (>150mm)</p> <p>Wet – Cagayan, Aurora, Quezon, Rizal, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Mainland Palawan, Bicol Region, Capiz, Negros Occidental, Bohol, Negros, Oriental, Siquijor, rest of Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, and Maguindanao</p> <p>Moist – Batanes, Isabela, La Trinidad, Nueva Vizcaya, Bulacan, Quezon City, Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Northern Palawan, Southern Leyte, Zamboanga del Sur, Northern Mindanao, Davao del Sur, Agusan del Norte, and Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Dry – Rest of the country</p>	<p>Inactive</p>  <p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Promote the use of raised beds, contour farming, and proper field levelling to improve drainage and prevent waterlogging during prolonged rainfall events. Reinforce bunds and levees around rice fields and low-lying farms to reduce overflowing from nearby rivers and canals. Install windbreaks to protect sensitive crops from strong winds. Harvest mature and near-mature crops when heavy rains are expected to minimize losses and ensure better post-harvest quality. Protect harvested produce with dryers, covered drying areas, or elevated racks. Conduct regular inspections of storage facilities, ensuring all produce, seeds, and feeds are kept dry, elevated, and well-ventilated to prevent mold and spoilage. Implement schedule-based pest and disease scouting, particularly for fungal infections that commonly occur after continuous rains, and apply appropriate control measures immediately. Coordinate closely with the Municipal/City Agriculture Office for updates and emergency support related to agricultural impacts in your area. Regularly follow the official PAGASA accounts on social media or visit their website for the latest weather updates and advisories specific to your area.</p>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
No Gale Warning raised.

No Gale Warning raised.

Moderate to rough seas will prevail over the **Luzon** while slight to moderate seas will prevail over **the rest of the country**. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	37.0 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Minimum Temperature	9.1 °C (Baguio City, 1974)	Minimum Temperature	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Rainfall	427.8 mm (Borongan, 2011)	Rainfall	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: MGA / HGDE

VERIFIED BY: MEVT



TAYA NG PANAHON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN
FWFA: NO. 26 – 003

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM Miyerkules, 07 Enero 2026

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Huwebes, 08 Enero 2026

SYNOPSIS: Shear Line ang nakakaapekto sa silangang bahagi ng Katimugang Luzon. Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa natitirang bahagi ng Luzon. Easterlies ang nakakaapekto sa natitirang bahagi ng bansa.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Rehiyon ng Bicol, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, Romblon, at Northern Samar	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pulo-pulong pagkidlat-pagkulog	Rehiyon ng Bicol, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga; Northern Samar – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	24 – 29	23 – 27	70 – 98	4 – 8
Palawan	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulog	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga;	25 – 32	24 – 30	65 – 98	0 – 6
Natitirang bahagi ng Eastern Visayas	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulog	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	24 – 31	22 – 30	65 – 98	0 – 6
Cordillera Administrative Region, Cagayan Valley, at Aurora	Maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulan	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	23 – 29	13 – 26	60 – 98	0 – 6
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng Luzon	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong mahinang pag-ulan	Dulong Hilagang Luzon – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan; Natitirang bahagi ng Luzon – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	23 – 31	21 – 29	55 – 96	0 – 4
Natitirang bahagi ng bansa	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulang o pagkidlat-pagkulog	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	24 – 35	22 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4

SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS



SHEAR LINE, TROUGH OF LPA, AMIHAN, EASTERLIES, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Subaybayan araw-araw ang mga ulat at babala sa panahon mula sa PAGASA.
- layon ang iskediyul ng pagtatanim, pag-iispra, at pag-aani batay sa inaasahang dami ng ulan.
- Siguraduhing maayos ang daluyan ng tubig sa bukid upang maiwasan ang pagbabara ng tubig at pagkabulok ng ugat.
- Itago ang mga nauning pananim at farm inputs sa mataas, tuyo, at may bubong na lugar.
- Maglagay ng mulch upang mabawasan ang pagguho ng lupa at mapanatili ang tamang halumigmig ng lupa.
- Magsagawa ng regular na pag-iinspeksyon sa bukid para sa pagkadapa ng pananim, pagkabulok ng tangkay, at kakulangan sa sustansya.
- Tanggalin at sirain ang mga apektadong bahagi ng halaman upang maiwasan ang pagkalat ng sakit.
- Isagawa ang pest at disease control sa mga panahong tuyo o walang ulan.
- Linisin at i-maintain ang mga kagamitang pansakahan, sprayer, at makinarya pagkatapos gamitin.
- Suriin ang mga kanal ng irigasyon, dike, at water gates kung may bara o pinsala.

PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Disyembre 21 – 31, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 18 Disyembre 2025)
<p>Basa – Cagayan, Aurora, Quezon, Rizal, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Kalupaan ng Palawan, Rehiyon ng Bicol, Capiz, Negros Occidental, Bohol, Negros, Oriental, Siquijor, natitirang bahagi ng Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, at Maguindanao</p> <p>Katamtaman – Batanes, Isabela, La Trinidad, Nueva Vizcaya, Bulacan, Quezon City, Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Hilagang Palawan, Southern Leyte, Zamboanga del Sur, Northern Mindanao, Davao del Sur, Agusan del Norte, at Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Tuyo – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</p>	<p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Magpatupad ng paggamit ng raised beds, contour farming, at tamang pag-level ng bukirin upang at mapabuti ang daloy ng tubig at maiwasan ang waterlogging sa panahon ng tuloy-tuloy na pagulan. Palakasin ang mga pilapil at levees sa mga palayan at mabababang sakahan upang mabawasan ang panganib ng pag-apaw ng ilog at kanal. Mag-install ng windbreaks upang maprotektahan ang sensitibong pananim laban sa malalakas na hangin. Anihin ang mga hinog at halos hinog na pananim bago dumating ang malalakas na ulan upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi at matiyak ang maayos na kalidad pagkatapos ng anihan. Protektahan ang mga inanong produkto gamit ang mga dryer, may takip na patuyuan, o nakataas na patungan. Magsagawa ng regular na inspeksyon sa mga storage facilities, at siguraduhing ang lahat ng ani, binhi, at feeds ay nakalagay sa tuyo, mataas, at maaliwalas na lugar upang maiwasan ang pagbuo ng amag at pagkasira. Ipapatupad ang nakaiskedyul na pest at disease scouting, lalo na para sa mga fungal infections na karaniwang lumalabas pagkatapos ng tuloy-tuloy na ulan, at agad na mag-apply ng angkop na kontrol. Makipag-ugnayan nang malapit sa Municipal/City Agriculture Office para sa updates at emergency support na may kinalaman sa epekto ng masamang panahon sa agrikultura sa inyong lugar. Regular na sundan ang opisyunal na accounts ng PAGASA sa social media o bisitahin ang kanilang website para sa pinakabagong ulat at advisory tungkol sa lagay ng panahon sa inyong lugar.</p>



PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Walang nakataas na Gale Warning.

Katamtaman hanggang sa maalon na karagatan ang iiral sa **Luzon**, samantala, banayad hanggang sa katamtamang alon naman ang inaasahan sa **natitirang bahagi ng bansa**. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.0 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	9.1 °C (Baguio City, 1974)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	427.8 mm (Borongan, 2011)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)
INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: MGA / HGDE		BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: MEVT	