



## **FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES**

FWFA: NO. 25 - 011

Issued: 8:00 AM, Tuesday, 14 January 2025 Valid until: 8:00 AM, Wednesday, 15 January 2025

Easterlies affecting Visayas and Mindanao. Northeast Monsoon affecting Luzon.

<u> </u>	TEMPERATURE (°C) LEAF					LEAF
FORECAST AREA A	GRI-WEATHER	WINDS	LOWLAND	UPLAND	RH%	WETNESS (HRS)
Eastern Visayas	Cloudy skies with scattered rainshowers and thunderstorms	Strong to gale from northeast	23 – 32	21 – 30	75 – 98	0 – 4
Cagayan Valley, Cordillera Administrative Region, Bicol Region, MIMAROPA, and Quezon	Cloudy skies with rains	Cagayan Valley, Cordillera Administrative Region, Bicol Region, and Quezon – Strong to gale from northeast  MIMAROPA – Moderate to strong from northeast	19 – 31	12 – 29	70 – 98	0 – 6
Metro Manila and the rest of Luzon	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Ilocos Region – Strong to gale from northeast; The rest of Luzon and Visayas – Moderate to strong from northeast	21 – 34	19 – 31	60 – 97	0 – 4
The rest of the country	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	Light to moderate from east to northeast	23 – 35	20 – 31	50 – 96	0 – 4

### AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

#### NORTHEAST MONSOON, EASTERLIES, AND THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Monitor pest populations regularly and use integrated pest management (IPM) techniques to minimize pesticide use and protect beneficial insects.
- Practice proper post-harvest handling and storage techniques to minimize spoilage and preserve the quality of harvested crops.
- Conduct regular maintenance on farm machinery to ensure optimal performance, reduce downtime, and extend equipment lifespan.
- Implement windbreaks and shelterbelts around fields to reduce wind damage, conserve moisture, and create habitats for wildlife.
- Keep detailed records of farming practices, including planting dates, fertilizer use, irrigation schedules, and pest management, for better decision-making and traceability.

Tel. No.: 8284 -0800 local 4915





#### FARM ADVISORY

### SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

(December 21 - 31, 2024)



Wet – Cagayan Valley, Baler, Quezon, Cavite, Rizal, Puerto Princesa, Aborlan, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Bicol Region, Capiz, Siquijor, Tagbilaran, Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao Region, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, and Marawi

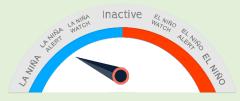
**Moist** – Nueva Vizcaya, Aurora, Ambulong, Dumaguete, Zamboanga del Sur, and Cotabato

**Dry** – Rest of the country

# **ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS**

(as of 06 January 2025)

#### MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK LA NIÑA ALERT



Prepare for wetter conditions. Enhance drainage to prevent waterlogging and monitor for pest and disease outbreaks. Use resistant crop varieties and consider staggered planting to avoid peak wet periods. Increased humidity or drought can influence pest and disease prevalence. Conduct of regular monitoring of farm fields and timely interventions are crucial.

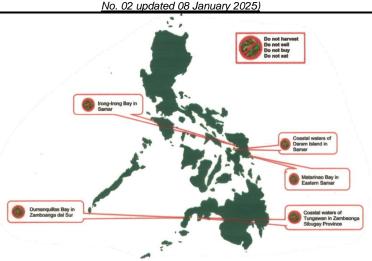
#### FISHING ADVISORY

#### **GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION**

Gale Warning is raised over the eastern seaboard of Southern Luzon and Visayas (Camarines Norte, the northern coast of Camarines Sur {Siruma and Tinambac}, the northern and eastern coasts of Catanduanes {Pandan, Bagamanoc, Panganiban, Viga, Gigmoto, Baras, and Bato}, the eastern coast of Albay {Rapu-rapu}, the eastern coast of Sorsogon (Prieto Diaz), the northern and eastern coasts of Northern Samar (Laoang, Palapag, Mapanas, Gamay, and Lapinig}, and Eastern Samar {Arteche, San Policarpo, Oras, and Dolores}, and the northern and eastern seaboards of Luzon (Batanes, Cagayan including Babuyan Islands, Isabela, Aurora (Dilasag, Casiguran); and Northern Quezon {General Nakar} including eastern coasts {northern Patnanungan, Polillo Islands northeastern Burdeos, and northern and eastern Jomalig .

Rough to very rough seas will prevail over the Northern Luzon, and the eastern sections of Central Luzon, Southern Luzon, and Visayas while moderate to rough seas will experienced over the rest of Luzon and Visayas. Slight to moderate seaswill prevail over the rest of the country will experienced. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

# RED TIDE ALERT (Courtesy of BFAR, Shellfish Bulletin



All types of shellfish and Acetes sp. or alamang gathered from coastal waters of Dumanquillas Bay in Zamboanga del Sur; coastal waters of Daram Island, and Irong-Irong Bay in Samar; Matarinao Bay in Eastern Samar; and Coastal waters of Tungawan in Zamboanga Sibugay Province are not safe for human consumption and positive for red tide toxin.

Fishermen are advised to avoid fishing, buying, selling, and eating any kind of shellfish and alamang in the said areas. Fish, squids, shrimps, and crabs are safe for human consumption provided that they are fresh and washed thoroughly, and internal organs such as gills and intestines are removed before cooking.

Tel. No.: 8284 -0800 local 4915





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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION					
	DAILY EXTREMES	MONTHLY EXTREMES			
Maximum Temperature	36.8°C (General Santos City, 1988)	Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)		
Minimum Temperature	num Temperature 7.5 °C (Baguio City, 2009)		6.3 °C (Baguio City; 1961)		
Rainfall	220.0 mm (Tacloban City, 2018)	Rainfall	427.8 mm (Borongan, 2011)		

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: NRE / ARL	VERIFIED BY: <b>MEVT</b>
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## TAYA NG PANAHON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

FWFA: NO. 25 - 010

Inilabas ng: 8:00 AM, Martes, 14 Enero 2025 May bisa

May bisa hanggang: 8:00 AM, Miyerkules, 15 Enero 2025

Tel. No.: 8284 -0800 local 4915

Website: http://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph

SYNOPSIS: Easterlies ang nakakaapekto sa Kabisayaan at Mindanao. Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa Luzon.

	LAGAY NG		TEMPERATURA (°C)			PAGKABA
LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	PANAHON PANG- AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	Mababa ng Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin	RH%	SA NG DAHON (ORAS)
Silangang Kabisayaan	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pulo- pulong pagkidlat- pagkulog	Malakas hanggang sa napakalakas mula hilagang silangan	23 – 32	21 – 30	75 – 98	0 – 4
Lambak ng Cagayan, Cordillera Administrative Region, Rehiyon ng Bicol, MIMAROPA, at Quezon	Maulap na kalangitan na may pag-ulan	Lambak ng Cagayan, Cordillera Administrative Region, Rehiyon ng Bicol, at Quezon – Malakas hanggang sa napakalakas mula hilagang silangan;  MIMAROPA – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	19 – 31	12 – 29	70 – 98	0-6
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng Luzon	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong mahinang pag-ulan	Rehiyon ng Ilocos – Malakas hanggang sa napakalakas mula hilagang silangan;  Natitirang bahagi ng Luzon at ng Kabisayaan – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	21 – 34	19 – 31	60 – 97	0-6
Natitirang bahagi ng bansa	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulog	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan	23 – 35	20 – 31	50 – 96	0 – 4

#### SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

### AMIHAN, EASTERLIES, AT PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Regular na i-monitor ang palayan kung may mga peste at gumamit ng mga teknik ng integrated pest management (IPM) upang mabawasan ang paggamit ng pesticide at protektahan ang mga kapaki-pakinabang na insekto.
- Magsagawa ng tamang pamamaraan sa pag-handle at pag-iimbak ng ani upang mabawasan ang pagkasira at mapanatili ang kalidad ng mga inaning pananim.
- Regular na mag-maintenance sa mga makinarya ng sakahan upang matiyak ang pinakamainam na pagganap, mabawasan ang downtime, at magtagal ang kagamitan.
- Mag-install ng mga windbreak at shelterbelt sa paligid ng mga bukirin upang mabawasan ang pinsala ng hangin, makatipid ng kahalumigmigan, at magbigay ng mga tirahan para sa mga hayop.
- Panatilihin ang mga detalyadong rekord ng mga gawain sa pagsasaka, kabilang ang mga petsa ng pagtatanim, paggamit ng pataba, iskedyul ng irigasyon, at pamamahala ng peste, upang mapabuti ang paggawa ng desisyon at masubaybayan ang mga gawain.

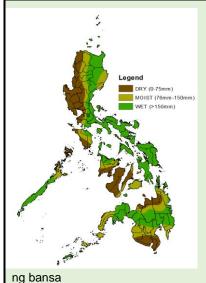




### **PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN**

# KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN

(Disyembre 21 - 31, 2024)



**Basa** — Cagayan Valley, Baler, Quezon, Cavite, Rizal, Puerto Princesa, Aborlan, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Bicol Region, Capiz, Siquijor, Tagbilaran, Silangang Kabisayaan, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao Region, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, at Marawi

**Katamtaman –** Nueva Vizcaya, Aurora, Ambulong, Dumaguete, Zamboanga del Sur, at Cotabato

Tuyo - Natitirang bahagi

# ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (as of 06 Enero 2025)



MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK



 $\frac{ https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring} { nina/monitoring}$ 

Maghanda para sa mas maulan na kondisyon. Siyasatin ang drainage upang maiwasan ang pagbaha at bantayan ang paglaganap ng peste at sakit. Gumamit ng mga uri ng pananim na may resistensya at isaalang-alang ang staggered planting. Ang pagtaas ng kahalumigmigan ay maaaring makaapekto sa paglaganap ng peste at sakit. Ang regular na pagmonitor sa mga bukid at agarang pagtugon ay kinakailangan.

### **PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA**

### GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa silangang baybayin ng Katimugang Luzon at Kabisayaan (Camarines Norte, hilagang bayabyin ng Camarines Sur {Siruma at Tinambac}, sa hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Catanduanes {Pandan, Bagamanoc, Panganiban, Viga, Gigmoto, Baras, at Bato), silangang baybayin ng Albay {Rapu-rapu}, silangang baybayin ng Sorsogon {Prieto Diaz}, hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Northern Samar {Laoang, Palapag, Mapanas, Gamay, at Lapinig}, at Eastern Samar (Arteche, San Policarpo, Oras, at Dolores), at sa hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Luzon (Batanes, Cagayan kasama ang Babuyan Islands, Isabela, Aurora {Dilasag, Casiguran}; at Hilagang Quezon {General Nakar} kasama ang silangang baybayin ng Polillo Islands {hilagang Patnanungan, hilagang silangang ng Burdeos, at hilaga at silangan ng Jomalig).

Maalon hanggang sa napakaalon na karagatan ang mararanasan sa baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon at silangang bahgai ng Gitnang Luzon, Katimugang Luzon at Kabisayaan samantalang katamtaman hanggang sa maalon na karagatan ang iiral sa natititrang baybayin ng Luzon at Kabisayaan. Ang natitirang bahagi ng bansa ay makakaranas ng banayad hanggang sa katamtamang pagalon ng karagatan. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

# RED TIDE ALERT (Courtesy of BFAR, Shellfish Bulletin No. 02 Inilabas 08 Enero 2024)



Lahat ng uri ng kabibe at alamang na mahuhuli sa baybayin ng Dumanquillas sa Zamboanga del Sur; baybayin ng Daram Island at baybayin ng Irong-Irong sa Samar; baybayin ng Matarinao sa Silangang Samar; at baybayin ng Tungawan sa probinsya ng Zamboanga Sibugay ay hindi ligtas kainin at positibo sa red tide.

Paalala sa mga mangingisda na umiwas muna na kumuha, bumili, magtinda, at kumain ng anumang uri ng kabibe at alamang sa mga nabanggit na lugar. Ang mga isda, pusit, hipon, at alimasag ay pwedeng kainin kapag ang mga ito ay sariwa, nahugasan nang mabuti, at ang mga laman-loob kagaya ng hasang at bituka ay natanggal bago iluto.

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DAGDAG KAALAMAN					
	DAILY EXTREMES	MONTHLY EXTREMES			
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	36.8°C (General Santos City, 1988)	Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Ambulong; 1977)		
Pinakamababang Temperatura	7.5 °C (Baguio City, 2009)	Minimum Temperature	6.3 °C (Baguio City; 1961)		
Pinakamaraming Ulan	220.0 mm (Tacloban City, 2018)	Rainfall	427.8 mm (Borongan; 2011)		

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **NRE / ARL** BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MEVT**