



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES

FWFA: NO. 25 – 230

Issued: 7:00 AM, Thursday, 02 October 2025

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Friday, 03 October 2025

SYNOPSIS: At 3:00 AM today, the center of Tropical Storm "PAOLO" was estimated based on all available data at 725 km East of Infanta, Quezon (14.6°N, 128.4°E), with maximum sustained winds of 65 km/h near the center and gustiness of up to 80 km/h. It is moving West Northwestward at 20 km/h

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (°C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Catanduanes, Aurora, Quirino, and Isabela	Rains with gusty winds	Moderate from northeast to northwest	24 – 33	22 – 31	70 – 98	8 – 12
Metro Manila, Cordillera Administrative Region, CALABARZON, rest of Cagayan Valley, rest of Bicol Region, Nueva Ecija, and Bulacan	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	Cordillera Administrative Region, rest of Cagayan Valley Quezon, and the rest of Bicol Region – Moderate from northeast to northwest; Metro Manila, rest of CALABARZON, , Nueva Ecija, and Bulacan – Light to moderate from northeast to northwest;	21 – 34	14 – 32	60 – 98	8 – 12
The rest of the country	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	Rest of Luzon – Light to moderate from northeast to northwest; Palawan, Visayas and Mindanao – Light to moderate from southeast to southwest	23 – 34	21 – 31	50 – 96	0 – 4

AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

TS PAOLO, TROUGH OF TS PAOLO, EASTERLIES, SOUTHWEST MONSOON, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Check irrigation systems before heavy rains to ensure they are not clogged or damaged, preventing overflows.
- Avoid applying fertilizers or pesticides right before heavy rains, as runoff can waste inputs and pollute water sources.
- Use organic matter or compost to enrich soil and improve water retention.
- Harvest during dry weather whenever possible to maintain product quality and avoid excess moisture.
- Handle produce carefully to reduce bruising, cuts, or damage that can shorten shelf life.
- Dry grains (e.g., rice, corn) immediately after harvest using solar dryers or mechanical dryers to prevent mold and aflatoxin buildup.
- Use elevated, well-ventilated storage facilities to protect harvested crops from pests, rodents, and flooding.
- Stack sacks and crates properly with enough space for air circulation; avoid direct contact with floors or walls by using wooden pallets.
- Store fertilizers, pesticides, and chemicals separately from harvested crops to prevent contamination.
- Use waterproof tarpaulins or covered vans when transporting produce to protect them from rain and excess moisture.



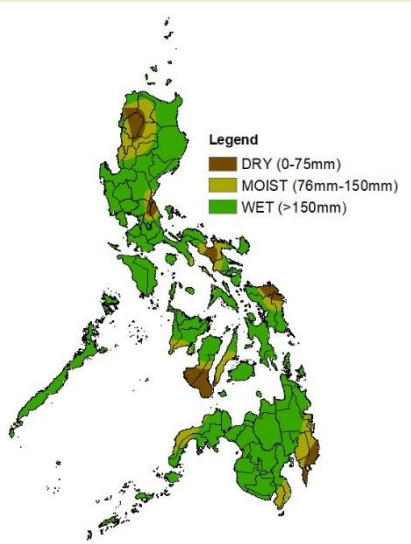
FARM ADVISORY

SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

(September 11 – 20, 2025)

ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS

(updated: 24 September 2025)



Wet – Ilocos Norte, Ilocos Sur, Cagayan Valley, Cordillera Administrative Region, Central Luzon, National Capital Region, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, Bicol Region, Western Visayas, Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga Peninsula, Northern Mindanao, Davao del Norte, Caraga Region, and BARMM

Moist – Rest of Ilocos Region and most parts of Central Visayas

Dry – Rest of the country

LA NIÑA ALERT



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Farmers should clean and strengthen canals, dikes, and furrows to prevent flooding. Plant early-maturing and flood-tolerant crops to lessen losses during heavy rains. Apply fertilizer only when the weather is clear to avoid wastage. Practice crop rotation and intercropping to keep the soil healthy. Stake or tie tall crops like corn, beans, ampalaya, and tomato to stop them from falling. Watch out for pests and diseases that spread in wet fields, and harvest mature crops early before strong rains.

FISHING ADVISORY

GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION

No Gale Warning is raised.

Moderate seas will prevail over the **northern and eastern section of Luzon** while the **rest of the country** will have slight to moderate seas. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

DAILY EXTREMES

MONTHLY EXTREMES

Maximum Temperature	37.4 °C (Tuguegarao, 1959)	Maximum Temperature	38.5 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1987)
Minimum Temperature	13.5 °C (Baguio City, 1985)	Minimum Temperature	11.3 °C (Baguio City, 1913)
Rainfall	266.5 mm (Alabat, 1988)	Rainfall	994.6 mm (Baguio City, 1998)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: NRE / JOT

VERIFIED BY: MTR



TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

FWFA: NO. 25 – 230

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM, 7:00 AM, Martes, 16 Setyembre 2025 May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Miyerkules, 17 Setyembre 2025

SYNOPSIS: Kaninang 3:00 AM, ang sentro ng Tropical Storm “PAOLO” ay tinatayang nasa 725 km silangan ng Infanta, Quezon (14.6°N, 128.4°E), na may taglay na lakas na aabot sa 65 km/h malapit sa gitna at may pagbugso ng hangin na aabot sa 80 km/h. Ito ay kumikilos pa-kanluran-hilagang kanluran sa bilis na 20 km/h.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHOON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Catanduanes, Aurora, Quirino, and Isabela	Maulan na may pagbugso ng hangin	Katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang sa hilagang kanluran	24 – 33	22 – 31	70 – 98	8 – 12
Metro Manila, Cordillera Administrative Region, CALABARZON, rest of Cagayan Valley, rest of Bicol Region, Nueva Ecija, and Bulacan	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulong	Cordillera Administrative Region, Lambak ng Cagayan, Quezon at natitirang bahagi sa Rehiyon ng Bicol – Katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang sa hilagang kanluran; Metro Manila, natitirang bahagi ng CALABARZON, natitirang bahagi sa Nueva Ecija, at Bulacan – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang sa hilagang kanluran	21 – 34	14 – 32	60 – 98	8 – 12
Natitirang bahagi ng Mindanao	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulong	Natitirang bahagi ng Luzon – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang sa hilagang kanluran; Palawan, Visayas at Mindanao – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula timog-silangan hanggang sa timog-kanluran	23 – 34	21 – 31	50 – 96	0 – 4



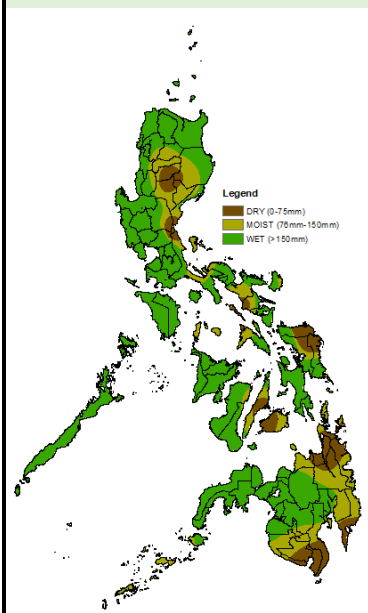
SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

TS PAOLO, TROUGH NG TS PAOLO, EASTERLIES, HABAGAT, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Suriin ang mga sistema ng irigasyon bago ang malalakas na ulan upang matiyak na hindi ito barado o sira, at maiwasan ang sobrang pag-apaw.
- Iwasang maglagay ng pataba o pestisidyo bago ang malalakas na ulan, dahil maaaring tangayin lamang ito at makapagdulot ng polusyon sa mga daluyan ng tubig.
- Gumamit ng organikong pataba o kompost upang mapayaman ang lupa at mapanatili ang tamang halumigmig.
- Mag-ani sa tuyo o maaraw na panahon hangga't maaari upang mapanatili ang kalidad ng produkto at maiwasan ang sobrang halumigmig.
- Hawakan nang maingat ang mga ani upang maiwasan ang pagkadurog, pagkagargas, o pagkasira na nakababawas sa tagal ng imbakan.
- Patuyuin agad ang mga butil (hal. palay, mais) pagkatapos anihin gamit ang solar dryer o mechanical dryer upang maiwasan ang amag at aflatoxin.
- Gumamit ng mataas at maaliwalas na imbakan upang maprotektahan ang mga ani laban sa peste, daga, at pagbaha.
- Ayusin nang maayos ang pagkakapatong ng mga sako at kahon at maglaan ng espasyo para sa sirkulasyon ng hangin; gumamit ng papag upang hindi direktang nakalapat sa sahig o dingding.
- Itabi nang hiwalay ang mga pataba, pestisidyo, at kemikal mula sa mga inaning produkto upang maiwasan ang kontaminasyon.
- Gumamit ng waterproof na tolda o saradong van sa pagdadala ng ani upang maprotektahan ito laban sa ulan at sobrang halumigmig.

PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Setyembre 11 – 20, 2025)



Basa – Ilocos Norte, Ilocos Sur, Lambak ng Cagayan, Cordillera Administrative Region, Gitnang Luzon, National Capital Region, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, Rehiyon ng Bicol, Kanlurang Kabisayaan, Silangang Kabisayaan, Zamboanga Peninsula, Hilagang Mindanao, Davao del Norte, Rehiyon ng Caraga, at BARMM

Katamtaman – Natitirang bahagi ng Rehiyon ng Ilocos at malaking bahagi ng Gitnang Kabisayaan

Tuyo – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa

ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 24 Setyembre 2025)

LA NIÑA ALERT



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring>

Dapat linisin at patibayin ng mga magsasaka ang mga kanal, pilapil, at tudling upang maiwasan ang pagbaha. Mainam ding magtanim ng mga pananim na maagang mahinog at matibay sa baha upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi sa malalakas na ulan. Mag-abono lamang kapag maliwanag ang panahon upang hindi masayang, at isagawa ang crop rotation at intercropping upang mapanatiling mataba at malusog ang lupa. Talian o suportahan ang matatangkad na pananim gaya ng mais, sitaw, ampalaya, at kamatis upang hindi mabuwal. Bukod dito, magbantay laban sa mga peste at sakit na mabilis kumalat sa basang bukirin, at anihin agad ang mga hinog na pananim bago pa man dumating ang malalakas na pag-ulan.



PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Walang nakataas na Gale Warning.

Katamtamang pag-alon ng karagatan ang iiral sa **hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Luzon** samantalang banayad hanggang sa katamtamang pag-alon ng karagatan ang mararanasan sa **natitirang bahaging kapuluan**. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.4 °C (Tuguegarao, 1959)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	38.5 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1987)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	13.5 °C (Baguio City, 1985)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	11.3 °C (Baguio City, 1913)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	266.5 mm (Alabat, 1988)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	994.6 mm (Baguio City, 1998)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **NRE / JOT**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MTR**