



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES

FWFA: NO. 25 – 256

Issued: 7:00 AM, Monday, 3 November 2025

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Tuesday, 4 November 2025

SYNOPSIS: At 3:00 AM today, the center of Severe Tropical Storm "TINO" {KALMAEGI} was estimated based on all available data at 440 km East of Guiuan, Eastern Samar (10.9°N, 129.8°E) with maximum sustained winds of 110 km/h near the center and gustiness of up to 135 km/h. It is moving West southwestward at 30 km/h. Shear Line affecting the eastern sections of Northern and Central Luzon. Northeast Monsoon affecting the rest of Northern Luzon.

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (°C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Eastern Visayas, Central Visayas, Dinagat Islands, Surigao del Norte, and Surigao del Sur	Stormy	Stormy	24 – 30	22 – 28	75 – 100	4 – 8
The rest of Visayas, the rest of Caraga, and Sorsogon	Rains with gusty winds	Gusty Winds	25 – 32	23 – 30	70 – 99	4 – 8
The rest of Bicol Region, MIMAROPA, Northern Mindanao, Zamboanga Peninsula, and Davao Region	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	<p>The rest of Bicol Region– Moderate to strong from northeast;</p> <p>Oriental Mindoro, Occidental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon– Light to moderate from northeast;</p> <p>Palawan – Light to moderate from southwest to northwest;</p> <p>Northern Mindanao, Zamboanga Peninsula, and Davao Region – Light to moderate northeast to northwest;</p>	25 – 33	23 – 31	65 – 98	4 – 8
Isabela, Aurora, and Quezon	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and isolated thunderstorms	Moderate to strong from northeast	24 – 31	21 – 30	60 – 98	4 – 6
Ilocos Region, Cordillera Administrative Region and the rest of Cagayan Valley	Cloudy skies with rains	Moderate to strong from northeast	24 – 32	14 – 31	55 – 96	0 – 6
Metro Manila and the rest of the country	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	<p>Rest of Luzon– Light to moderate from northeast;</p> <p>Rest of Mindanao – Light to moderate northeast to northwest;</p>	23 – 34	21 – 31	45 – 96	0 – 4



AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

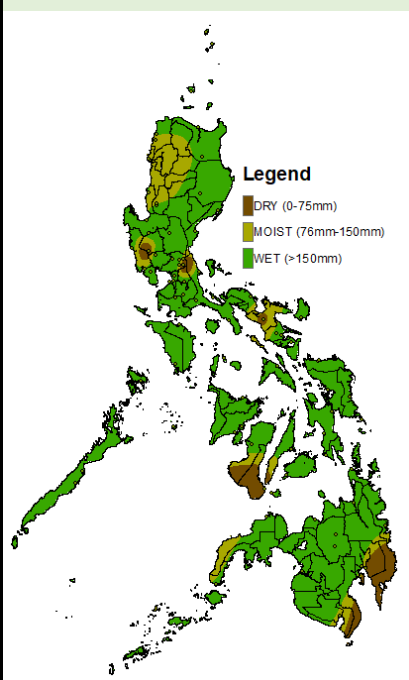
STS TINO, TROUGH OF STS TINO, SHEAR LINE, NORTHEAST MONSOON, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Construct or repair drainage canals, dikes, and contour bunds before continuous rainfall.
- For upland farms, install contour hedgerows or barriers to reduce soil erosion.
- Use raised beds for vegetables to prevent waterlogging.
- For lowland rice, ensure paddies have good drainage and are protected from flood overflow.
- Delay fertilizer application until after heavy rainfall to reduce nutrient loss through leaching.
- Conduct regular field monitoring for pests and fungal diseases that thrive in wet conditions (e.g., rice blast, bacterial blight, leaf spot, and fruit rot).
- Use biocontrols or recommended fungicides when early symptoms appear.

FARM ADVISORY

SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

(October 11 – 20, 2025)



Wet – Ilocos Norte, Cagayan Valley, Baguio City, Central Luzon, National Capital Region, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, most of Bicol Region, Western Visayas, Cebu, Bohol, Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga Peninsula, Northern Mindanao, Davao del Norte, Caraga Region, and BARMM

Moist – The rest of Ilocos Region, La Trinidad, Siquijor, South Cotabato, and Zamboanga del Sur

Dry – Tarlac, Camarines Sur, Negros Oriental, and Davao del Sur

ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS

(updated: 29 October 2025)

LA NIÑA ALERT



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Conduct regular field monitoring since pests (e.g., stem borers, leaf folders) and diseases (e.g., blast, bacterial blight) thrive in humid and wet conditions. Use biological and mechanical control methods before resorting to chemical sprays. Remove and properly dispose of infected plant debris to prevent the spread of diseases. Construct drainage furrows or contour canals in sloping areas to control runoff and reduce the risk of landslides. For vegetable production, use raised beds or ridges to improve drainage and promote healthy root growth. Dry grains and seeds properly under covered or mechanical dryers to prevent mold formation. Store harvested produce in elevated and well-ventilated areas to protect them from moisture and pest infestation. Before the onset of heavy rains, inspect storage facilities for any leaks or damage to ensure product safety and quality.

FISHING ADVISORY

GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION

Gale Warning is raised over the eastern seaboard of Visayas and Mindanao (Northern Samar, Samar, Eastern Samar, Leyte, Biliran, Southern Leyte, Dinagat Islands, Surigao del Norte including Siargao and Bucas Grande Islands), **the eastern and southern seaboard of Luzon and the eastern seaboard of Mindanao** (Masbate including Ticao Island, Burias Island, Sorsogon, Albay, and Surigao del Sur {Carrascal, Cantilan, Lanuza, Madrid, Carmen, Cortes, City of Tandag}), **and the eastern seaboard of Southern Luzon** (Catanduanes {Pandan, Bagamanoc, Panganiban, Viga, Gigmoto, Baras, Bato, Virac})



Moderate to rough seas will prevail over the seaboard of **Northern Luzon and the eastern sections of Central and Southern Luzon** while the **rest of the country** will have slight to moderate seas. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	37.5°C (Cabanatuan City, 1974)	Maximum Temperature	38.5 °C (NAIA, 2005)
Minimum Temperature	10.8 °C (Baguio City, 1935)	Minimum Temperature	9.2 °C (Baguio City, 1989)
Rainfall	484.6 mm (Legaspi City, 1967)	Rainfall	698.7 mm (Baguio City, 1980)
PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: MGA / RVDD		VERIFIED BY: MEVT	



TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

FWFA: NO. 25 – 256

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM, Lunes, 3 Nobyembre 2025 May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Martes, 4 Nobyembre 2025

SYNOPSIS: Kaninang 3:00 AM, ang sentro ng Severe Tropical Storm “TINO” {KALMAEGI} ay tinatayang nasa 440 km silangan ng Guiuan, Eastern Samar (10.9°N, 129.8°E), na may taglay na lakas na aabot sa 100 km/h malapit sa gitna at may pagbugso ng hangin na aabot sa 135 km/h. Ito ay kumikilos pa-kanluran-timog kanluran sa bilis na 30 km/h. Shear line ang nakakaapekto sa silangang bahagi ng Hilaga at Gitnang Luzon. Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa natitirang bahagi ng Hilagang Luzon.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHOON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Silangang Kabisayaan, Gitnang Kabisayaan, Dinagat Islands, Surigao del Norte, at Surigao del Sur	Masungit na panahon	Masungit na panahon	24 – 30	22 – 28	75 – 100	4 – 8
Natitirang bahagi ng Kabisayaan, natitirang bahagi ng Caraga, at Sorsogon	Maulan na may pagbugso ng hangin	Pabugso-bugsong hangin	25 – 32	23 – 30	70 – 99	4 – 8
Natitirang bahagi ng Rehiyon ng Bicol, MIMAROPA, Northern Mindanao, Zamboanga Peninsula, at Rehiyon ng Davao	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulog	Natitirang bahagi ng Rehiyon ng Bicol – Katamtaman hanggang s malakas mula hilagang silangan Oriental Mindoro, Occidental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan; Palawan – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula timog-kanluran hanggang hilagang-kanluran; Northern Mindanao, Zamboanga Peninsula, at Rehiyon ng Davao – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilagang-kanluran;	25 – 33	23 – 31	65 – 98	4 – 8
Isabela, Aurora, at Quezon	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pulo-pulong pagkidlat-pagkulog	Katamtaman hanggang s malakas mula hilagang silangan	24 – 31	21 – 30	60 – 98	4 – 6



Rehiyon ng Ilocos Region, Cordillera Administrative Region at natitirang bahagi ng Lambak ng Cagayan	Maulap na kalangitan na may pag-ulan	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	24 – 32	14 – 31	55 – 96	0 – 6
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng bansa	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulong	Natitirang bahagi ng Luzon – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan; Natitirang bahagi ng Mindanao – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilagang-kanluran;	23 – 34	21 – 31	45 – 96	0 – 4

SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

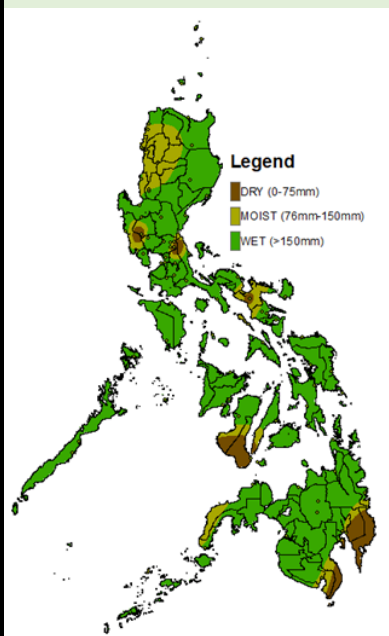
STS TINO, TROUGH OF STS TINO, SHEAR LINE, NORTHEAST MONSOON, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Magtayo o magkumpuni ng mga kanal sa irigasyon, pilapil, at contour bunds bago magsimula ang tuloy-tuloy na pag-ulan.
- Para sa mga upland farms, magtanim ng mga contour hedgerows o maglagay ng mga harang upang mabawasan ang pagguho ng lupa (soil erosion).
- Gumamit ng raised beds sa pagtanim ng gulay upang maiwasan ang pagkakababad ng ugat sa tubig (waterlogging).
- Para sa mga palayang mababa (lowland rice), siguraduhing may maayos na daluyan ng tubig at protektado laban sa pag-apaw ng baha.
- Ipagpaliban muna ang paglalagay ng abono hanggang matapos ang malakas na ulan upang maiwasan ang pagkawala ng sustansya ng lupa (leaching).
- Magsagawa ng regular na pagmamanman sa bukid upang matukoy agad ang mga peste at sakit na mabilis kumalat sa panahon ng tag-ulan (halimbawa: rice blast, bacterial blight, leaf spot, at fruit rot).
- Gumamit ng mga biocontrol o inirerekomendang fungicide kapag napansin na ang mga unang palatandaan ng sakit.



PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Oktubre 11 –20, 2025)



Basa – Ilocos Norte, Lambak ng Cagayan, Baguio City, Gitnang Luzon, National Capital Region, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, karamihan sa bahagi sa Rehiyon ng Bicol, Kanlurang Kabisayaan, Cebu, Bohol, Silangang Kabisayaan, Zamboanga Peninsula, Hilagang Mindanao, Davao del Norte, Caraga, at BARMM

Katamtaman – natitirang lugar sa Rehiyon ng Ilocos, La Trinidad, Siquijor, South Cotabato, at Zamboanga del Sur

Tuyo – Tarlac, Camarines Sur, Negros Oriental, at Davao del Sur

ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 29 Oktubre 2025)



LA NIÑA ALERT

<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Magsagawa ng regular na pagmamanman sa bukid dahil ang mga peste (halimbawa: stem borers, leaf folders) at mga sakit ng halaman (halimbawa: blast, bacterial leaf blight) ay madaling kumalat sa mahalumigmig at basang kondisyon. Gumamit muna ng mga biological at mechanical na pamamaraan ng pagpuksa bago gumamit ng mga kemikal na pestisidyo. Alisin at maayos na itapon ang mga nahawaang bahagi ng halaman upang maiwasan ang pagkalat ng sakit. Magpatayo ng mga kanal o contour canal sa mga bahaging mabundok o may dalisdis upang makontrol ang daloy ng tubig at maiwasan ang pagguho ng lupa. Para sa mga gulay, gumamit ng raised bed o pilapil upang mapabuti ang daloy ng tubig at mas mapangalagaan ang ugat ng mga tanim. Patuyuin nang maayos ang mga butil at binhi sa ilalim ng bubong o gamit ang mechanical dryer upang maiwasan ang pagkakaroon ng amag. Itago ang mga ani sa mataas at maaliwalas na lugar upang hindi mabasa at mapinsala ng mga peste. Bago dumating ang malalakas na pag-ulan, suriin ang mga imbakan kung may tagas o sira upang mapanatili ang kaligtasan at kalidad ng produkto.

PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa baybayin ng Kabisayaan at Mindanao (Northern Samar, Samar, Eastern Samar, Leyte, Biliran, Southern Leyte, Dinagat Islands, Surigao del Norte kasama ang Siargao at Bucas Grande Islands), **silangan at katimugang baybayin ng Luzon at silangang baybayin ng Mindanao** (Masbate kasama ang mga isla ng Ticao, Burias Island, Sorsogon, Albay, at Surigao del Sur {Carrascal, Cantilan, Lanuza, Madrid, Carmen, Cortes, City of Tandag}), **at silangang baybayin ng Katimugang Luzon** (Catanduanes {Pandan, Bagamanoc, Panganiban, Viga, Gigmoto, Baras, Bato, Virac})

Katamtaman hanggang sa maaalon na karagatan ang iiral sa **baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon at silangang baybayin ng gitna at Katimugang Luzon** samantalang banayad hanggang sa katamtamang pag-alon ng karagatan ang mararanasan sa **natitirang bahagi ng kapuluan**. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbanstay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.5°C (Cabanatuan City, 1974)	Maximum Temperature	38.5 °C (NAIA, 2005)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	10.8 °C (Baguio City, 1935)	Minimum Temperature	9.2 °C (Baguio City, 1989)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	484.6 mm (Legaspi City, 1967)	Rainfall	698.7 mm (Baguio City, 1980)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **MGA / RVDD**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MEVT**