



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES
FWFA: NO. 26 – 001

Issued: 7:00 AM, Monday, 05 January 2026 Valid until: 7:00 AM, Tuesday, 06 January 2026

SYNOPSIS: Shear Line affecting Visayas and the eastern section of Southern Luzon. Northeast Monsoon affecting the rest of Luzon. Easterlies affecting Mindanao.

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (0C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Visayas, Bicol Region, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and isolated thunderstorms	Eastern Visayas, Bicol Region, and Quezon – Moderate to strong from northeast to north; Rest of Visayas, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon – Light to moderate from northeast to north	24 – 30	22 – 28	70 – 98	8 – 12
Zamboanga Peninsula, Basilan, Sulu, Tawi-Tawi, and Palawan	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	Light to moderate from northeast to north	24 – 32	21 – 30	65 – 98	0 – 6
Cordillera Administrative Region, Cagayan Valley, Aurora, Laguna, Batangas, and the rest of MIMAROPA	Cloudy skies with light rains	Aurora – Moderate to strong from northeast to north; Cordillera Administrative Region, Cagayan Valley, Laguna, Batangas, and the rest of MIMAROPA – Light to moderate from northeast to north	21 – 29	12 – 27	60 – 98	0 – 6
Metro Manila and the rest of Luzon	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Light to moderate from northeast	22 – 31	21 – 30	55 – 96	0 – 4
The rest of Mindanao	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	Light to moderate from northeast to north	24 – 34	22 – 31	50 – 96	0 – 4

AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

SHEAR LINE, NORTHEAST MONSOON, EASTERLIES, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Monitor daily weather forecasts and advisories from DOST-PAGASA.
- Adjust planting, spraying, and harvesting schedules based on expected rainfall.
- Ensure proper field drainage to prevent waterlogging and root rot.



- Store harvested crops and farm inputs in elevated, dry, and covered areas.
- Apply mulch to reduce soil erosion and maintain soil moisture balance.
- Conduct regular field inspections for lodging, stem rot, and nutrient deficiencies.
- Remove and destroy infected plant parts to limit disease spread.
- Apply pest and disease control measures during dry windows.
- Clean and service farm tools, sprayers, and machinery after use.
- Check irrigation canals, dikes, and water gates for blockages or damage.

FARM ADVISORY	
SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION (December 11 – 20, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (Updated as of 18 December 2025)
<p>Legend DRY (0-75mm) MOIST (76 mm-150mm) WET (>150 mm)</p> <p>Wet – Cagayan, Aurora, CALABARZON, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Puerto Princesa, Aborlan, Bicol Region, Central Visayas, Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga Peninsula, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, and Maguindanao</p> <p>Moist – Pangasinan, Batanes, Isabela, Bulacan, Pampanga, Coron, Cuyo, Iloilo, Northern Mindanao, South Cotabato, Agusan del Norte, and Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Dry – Rest of the country</p>	<p>The graphic shows a circular scale with segments for LA NIÑA ALERT (blue), LA NIÑA WATCH (light blue), and EL NIÑO WATCH (pink). A red segment for EL NIÑO ALERT is partially visible. The center of the scale is labeled "Inactive".</p> <p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Promote the use of raised beds, contour farming, and proper field levelling to improve drainage and prevent waterlogging during prolonged rainfall events. Reinforce bunds and levees around rice fields and low-lying farms to reduce overflowing from nearby rivers and canals. Install windbreaks to protect sensitive crops from strong winds. Harvest mature and near-mature crops when heavy rains are expected to minimize losses and ensure better post-harvest quality. Protect harvested produce with dryers, covered drying areas, or elevated racks. Conduct regular inspections of storage facilities, ensuring all produce, seeds, and feeds are kept dry, elevated, and well-ventilated to prevent mold and spoilage. Implement schedule-based pest and disease scouting, particularly for fungal infections that commonly occur after continuous rains, and apply appropriate control measures immediately. Coordinate closely with the Municipal/City Agriculture Office for updates and emergency support related to agricultural impacts in your area. Regularly follow the official PAGASA accounts on social media or visit their website for the latest weather updates and advisories specific to your area.</p>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
Gale Warning is raised over the eastern seabards of Southern Luzon and Visayas (The northern and eastern coasts of Catanduanes {Pandan, Bagamanoc, Panganiban, Viga, Gigmoto, Baras, Bato}, the eastern coast of Albay {Rapu-Rapu}, the eastern coast of Sorsogon {Prieto Diaz, Barcelona, Gubat, Bulusan, Santa Magdalena, Matnog}, the northern and eastern coasts of Northern Samar {Biri, Lavezares, Rosario, San Jose, Bobon, Cataraman, Mondragon, San Roque, Pambujan, Laoang, Palapag, Mapanas, Gamay, Lapinig} and the eastern coast of Eastern Samar {Arteche, San Policarpio, Oras, Dolores, Can-Avid, Taft, Sulat, San Julian, City of Borongan, Maydolong, Balangkayan, Hernani, Llorente, General Macarthur, Salcedo, Quinapondan, Guiuan, Mercedes}).

Moderate to rough seas will prevail over **the eastern section of the country** while slight to moderate seas will prevail over **the rest of the country**. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an



emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	36.0 °C (General Santos City, 1981,1982)	Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Minimum Temperature	9.4 °C (Baguio City, 2002)	Minimum Temperature	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Rainfall	291.1 mm (Borongan, 1957)	Rainfall	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: **MGA / RVDD**

VERIFIED BY: **MEVT**



TAYA NG PANAHON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN
FWFA: NO. 26 – 001

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM Lunes, 05 Enero 2026 May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Martes, 06 Enero 2026

SYNOPSIS: Shear Line ang nakakaapekto sa silangang bahagi ng Katimugang Luzon. Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa natitirang bahagi ng Luzon. Easterlies ang nakakaapekto sa Mindanao.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Kabisayaan, Rehiyon ng Bicol, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pulo-pulong pagkidlat-pagkulog	Silangang Kabisayaan, Rehiyon ng Bicol, at Quezon – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga; Natitirang bahagi ng Kabisayaan, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	24 – 30	22 – 28	70 – 98	8 – 12
Zamboanga Peninsula, Basilan, Sulu, Tawi-Tawi, at Palawan	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulog	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	24 – 32	21 – 30	65 – 98	0 – 6
Cordillera Administrative Region, Cagayan Valley, Aurora, Laguna, Batangas, at natitirang bahagi ng MIMAROPA	Maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulan	Aurora – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga; Cordillera Administrative Region, Cagayan Valley, Laguna, Batangas, at natitirang bahagi ng MIMAROPA – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	21 – 29	12 – 27	60 – 98	0 – 6
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng Luzon	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulan	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	22 – 31	21 – 30	55 – 96	0 – 4
Natitirang bahagi ng Mindanao	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulo-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulog	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	24 – 34	22 – 31	50 – 96	0 – 4

SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

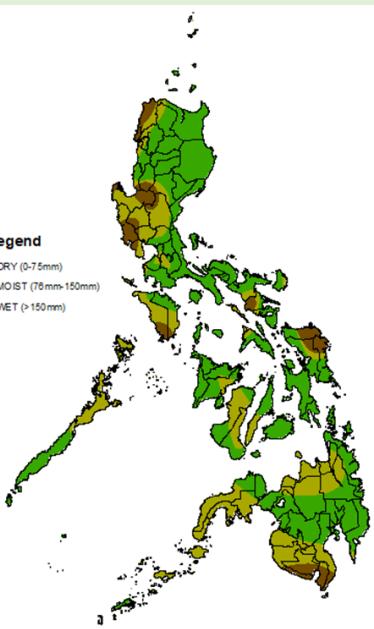
SHEAR LINE, AMIHAN, EASTERLIES, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Subaybayan araw-araw ang mga ulat at babala sa panahon mula sa PAGASA.
- Ilayon ang iskedyul ng pagtataniam, pag-iispra, at pag-aani batay sa inaabang dami ng ulan.
- Siguraduhing maayos ang daluyan ng tubig sa bukid upang maiwasan ang pagbabara ng tubig at pagkabulok ng ugat.



- Itago ang mga naaning pananim at farm inputs sa mataas, tuyo, at may bubong na lugar.
- Maglagay ng mulch upang mabawasan ang pagguho ng lupa at mapanatili ang tamang halumigmig ng lupa.
- Magsagawa ng regular na pag-iinspeksyon sa bukid para sa pagkadapa ng pananim, pagkabulok ng tangkay, at kakulangan sa sustansya.
- Tanggalin at sirain ang mga apektadong bahagi ng halaman upang maiwasan ang pagkalat ng sakit.
- Isagawa ang pest at disease control sa mga panahong tuyo o walang ulan.
- Linisin at i-maintain ang mga kagamitang pansakahan, sprayer, at makinarya pagkatapos gamitin.
- Suriin ang mga kanal ng irrigasyon, dike, at water gates kung may bara o pinsala.

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PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN	
KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Disyembre 11 – 20, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 18 Disyembre 2025)
 <p>Wet – Cagayan, Aurora, CALABARZON, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Puerto Princesa, Aborlan, Rehiyon ng Bicol, Central Visayas, Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga Peninsula, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, and Maguindanao</p> <p>Moist – Pangasinan, Batanes, Isabela, Bulacan, Pampanga, Coron, Cuyo, Iloilo, Northern Mindanao, South Cotabato, Agusan del Norte, and Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Dry – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</p>	 <p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Magpatupad ng paggamit ng raised beds, contour farming, at tamang pag-level ng bukirin upang at mapabuti ang daloy ng tubig at maiwasan ang waterlogging sa panahon ng tuloy-tuloy na pag-ulang. Palakin ang mga pilapil at levees sa mga palayan at mababang sakahan upang mabawasan ang panganib ng pag-apaw ng ilog at kanal. Mag-install ng windbreaks upang maprotektahan ang sensitibong pananim laban sa malakas na hangin. Anihin ang mga hinog at halos na pananim bago dumating ang malakas na ulan upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi at matiyak ang maayos na kalidad pagkatapos ng anihan. Protektahan ang mga inanong produkto gamit ang mga dryer, may takip na patuyuan, o nakataas na patungan. Magsagawa ng regular na inspeksyon sa mga storage facilities, at siguraduhing ang lahat ng ani, binhi, at feeds ay nakalagay sa tuyo, mataas, at maaliwalas na lugar upang maiwasan ang pagbubo ng amag at pagkasira. Ipapatupad ang nakaiskedyul na pest at disease scouting, lalo na para sa mga fungal infections na karaniwang lumalabas pagkatapos ng tuloy-tuloy na ulan, at agad na mag-apply ng angkop na kontrol. Makipag-ugnayan nang malapit sa Municipal/City Agriculture Office para sa updates at emergency support na may kinalaman sa epekto ng masamang panahon sa agrikultura sa inyong lugar. Regular na sundan ang opisyal na accounts ng PAGASA sa social media o bisitahin ang kanilang website para sa pinakabagong ulyat at advisory tungkol sa layag ng panahon sa inyong lugar.</p>

PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA
GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN
<p>Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa silangang baybayin ng Katimugang Luzon at Kabisayaan (hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Catanduanes {Pandan, Bagamanoc, Panganiban, Viga, Gigmoto, Baras, Bato}, silangang baybayin ng Albay {Rapu-Rapu}, silangang baybayin ng Sorsogon {Prieto Diaz, Barcelona, Gubat, Bulusan, Santa Magdalena, Matnog}, hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Northern Samar {Biri, Lavezares, Rosario, San Jose, Bobon, Cataman, Mondragon, San Roque, Pambujan, Laoang, Palapag, Mapanas, Gamay, Lapinig} at silangang baybayin ng Eastern Samar {Arteche, San Policarpio, Oras, Dolores, Can-Avid, Taft, Sulat, San Julian, City of Borongan, Maydolong, Balangkayan, Hernani, Llorente, General MacArthur, Salcedo, Quinapondan, Guiuan, Mercedes}).</p> <p>Katamtaman hanggang sa maaon na karagatan ang iiral sa silangang bahagi ng bansa, samantala, banayad hanggang sa katamtamang alon naman ang inaasahan sa natitirang bahagi ng bansa. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkajipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patlastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.</p>



DAGDAG KAALAMAN			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	36.0 °C (General Santos City, 1981,1982)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	9.4 °C (Baguio City, 2002)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	291.1 mm (Borongan, 1957)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **MGA / RVDD**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MEVT**