



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES
FWFA: NO. 26 – 031

Issued: 7:00 AM, Monday, 09 February 2026

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Tuesday, 10 February 2026

SYNOPSIS: Shear Line affecting Southern Luzon. Northeast Monsoon affecting the rest of Luzon.

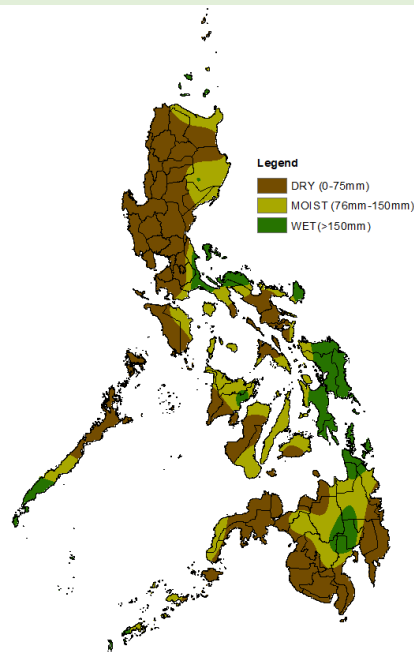
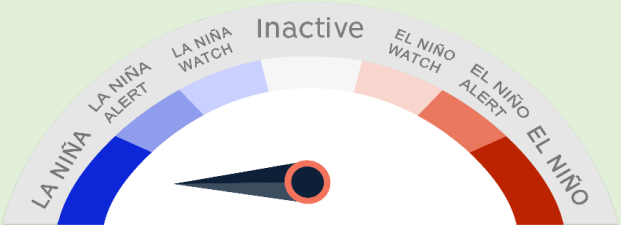
FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (0C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Western Visayas, Eastern Visayas, Catanduanes, Albay, Sorsogon, and Masbate	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and isolated thunderstorms	Catanduanes, Albay, Sorsogon, Masbate, , Eastern Visayas – Strong to gale from northeast; Western Visayas – Light to moderate from northeast to east	22 – 30	21 – 28	60 – 98	4 – 8
Cagayan Valley, the rest of Bicol Region, Nueva Ecija, Bulacan, Aurora, Rizal, Laguna, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon	Cloudy skies with rains	Cagayan Valley, the rest of Bicol Region, Nueva Ecija, Bulacan, Aurora, Quezon – Strong to gale from northeast Rizal, Laguna, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon – Moderate to strong from northeast	18 – 30	17 – 28	60 – 98	4 – 8
Cordillera Administrative Region	Cloudy skies with light rains	Strong to gale from northeast	14 – 29	13 – 23	60 – 98	4 – 8
Metro Manila and the rest of Luzon	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Northern Luzon, Central Luzon, and the eastern sections of Southern Luzon – Strong to gale from northeast; the rest of Luzon – Moderate to strong from northeast;	23 – 31	21 – 30	50 – 96	0 – 6
The rest of the country	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	Light to moderate from northeast to east	22 – 31	19 – 30	50 – 96	0 – 4

AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

SHEARLINE, NORTHEAST MONSOON, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Ensure that farm canals, ditches, and drainage systems are clear of debris to allow the free flow of water and prevent waterlogging in crop fields.
- Delay land preparation, planting, fertilizer application, and pesticide spraying in areas experiencing moderate to heavy rainfall to avoid crop damage and nutrient loss.
- Secure seedlings, nursery trays, and newly transplanted crops by providing temporary covers or proper spacing to reduce damage from excessive moisture.
- Harvest mature crops, vegetables, and fruits ahead of prolonged rainfall to minimize post-harvest losses and deterioration of produce quality.
- Strengthen and support tall or vine crops such as corn, banana, tomato, and climbing vegetables to prevent lodging due to strong winds and saturated soil.



FARM ADVISORY	
SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION (January 21-31, 2026)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (Updated as of 21 January 2026)
 <p>Wet – Calayan, Quezon, Bicol Region, Capiz, Eastern Visayas, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte</p> <p>Moist – Aparri, Aurora, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Palawan, Rest of Western Visayas, Negros Island Region, Bukidnon, Agusan del Norte, Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Dry – The rest of the country</p>	 <p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Ensure good field drainage by using raised beds and properly leveled fields, and regularly inspect canals, bunds, and embankments to prevent flooding. Secure nurseries, trellises, and windbreaks to protect crops from strong winds and heavy rains. Harvest mature and near-mature crops early when prolonged rainfall is forecast. Dry and store harvested produce using covered, elevated, and well-ventilated facilities to avoid spoilage. Monitor crops closely for pest and disease outbreaks, particularly fungal infections during wet conditions, and apply control measures when weather permits. Coordinate with the Municipal/City Agriculture Office and regularly follow DOST-PAGASA advisories for timely updates and guidance.</p>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
<p>Gale Warning was raised over The eastern seaboard of Southern Luzon (Catanduanes), the northern and eastern seaboard of Northern Luzon and the eastern seaboard of Central Luzon, Southern Luzon, and Visayas (Batanes, Cagayan including Babuyan Islands, Isabela, Aurora, the northern coast of Quezon {Infanta, General Nakar, Real, Mauban, Atimonan, Plaridel, Gumaca, Lopez, Calauag, Perez, Alabat, Quezon} including Polillo Islands, Camarines Norte, and the northern coast of Camarines Sur {Tinambac, Siruma, Lagonoy, Garchitorena, Caramoan, Presentacion, San Jose, Tigaon, Sagñay, Sipocot, Cabusao, Calabanga}), the eastern seaboard of Southern Luzon (the eastern coast of Albay {Tiwi, Malinao, City of Tabaco, Malilipot, Bacacay, Rapu-Rapu, Santo Domingo, Legazpi City, Manito}, the eastern coast of Sorsogon {City of Sorsogon, Prieto Diaz, Gubat, Barcelona, Bulusan, Santa Magdalena, Matnog}, and the northern and eastern coasts of Northern Samar {Allen, Lavezares, Rosario, Biri, San Jose, Bobon, Catarman, Mondragon, San Roque, Pambujan, Laoang, Palapag, Mapanas, Gamay, Lapinig} and Eastern Samar {Arteche, San Policarpo, Oras, Dolores}), the eastern seaboard of Southern Luzon and Visayas (Eastern Samar {Can-avid, Taft, Sulat, San Julian, City of Borongan, Maydolong, Balangkayan, Llorente, Hernani, General MacArthur, Salcedo, Mercedes, Guiuan}), and the western seaboard of Northern Luzon (La Union and Pangasinan).</p> <p>Moderate to rough seas will prevail over the rest of Luzon, while the rest of the country will have slight to moderate seas.</p>



Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	36.5 °C (Gen. Santos City, 1979)	Maximum Temperature	38.4 °C (Tuguegarao, 1961)
Minimum Temperature	10.5 °C (Baguio City, 1980)	Minimum Temperature	6.7 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Rainfall	242.0 mm (Catbalogan, 2000)	Rainfall	472.9 mm (Surigao City, 1974)
PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: MTR / HGDE		VERIFIED BY: MEVT	

TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN
FWFA: NO. 26 – 031

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM, Biyernes, 06 Pebrero 2026

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Sabado, 07 Pebrero 2026

SYNOPSIS: Shear line ang nakaaapekto sa Southern Luzon. Amihan ang nakaaapekto sa natitirang bahagi ng Luzon.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHOON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Western Visayas, Eastern Visayas, Catanduanes, Albay, Sorsogon, at Masbate	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pulo-pulong pagkidlat-pagkulong	Eastern Visayas, Catanduanes, Albay, Sorsogon, at Masbate -Malakas hanggang mas malakas na hangin mula hilagang Silangan; Western Visayas – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang-silangan hanggang silangan	22 – 30	21 – 28	60 – 98	4 – 8
Cagayan Valley natitirang bahagi ng Bicol Region, Nueva Ecija, Bulacan, Aurora, Rizal, Laguna, Quezon, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon	Maulap na kalangitan na may pag-ulan	Cagayan Valley natitirang bahagi ng Bicol Region, Nueva Ecija, Bulacan, Aurora, Quezon , -Malakas hanggang mas malakas na hangin mula hilagang Silangan; Rizal, Laguna, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang-silangan	18 – 30	17 – 28	60 – 98	4 – 8
Cordillera Administrative Region	Maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulan	Malakas hanggang mas malakas na hangin mula hilagang Silangan	14 – 29	13 – 23	60 – 98	4 – 8
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng Luzon	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong	Hilagang Luzon, Gitnang Luzon, at ang silangang bahagi ng Southern Luzon –	23 – 31	21 – 30	50 – 96	0 – 6



	mahinang pag-ulan	malakas hanggang gale na hangin mula sa hilagang-silangan; ang natitirang bahagi ng Luzon – katamtaman hanggang malakas na hangin mula sa hilagang-silangan.				
Natitirang bahagi ng bansa	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulong	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula sa hilagang-silangan hanggang silangan	22 – 31	19 – 30	50 – 96	0 – 4

SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

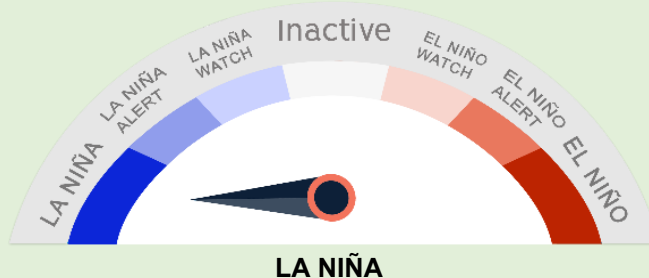
TS BASYANG, AMIHAN, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Siguraduhing malinis at walang bara ang mga kanal, alulod, at daluyan ng tubig sa sakahan upang maging maayos ang daloy ng tubig at maiwasan ang pagbabad ng tubig sa mga taniman.
- Ipagpaliban ang paghahanda ng lupa, pagtatanim, paglalagay ng pataba, at pag-iispray ng pestisidyo sa mga lugar na nakararanas ng katamtaman hanggang malakas na pag-ulan upang maiwasan ang pagkasira ng pananim at pagkatangay ng sustansiya ng lupa.
- Siguraduhing maayos ang pagkakalagay ng mga punla, seedling trays, at mga bagong lipat na tanim sa pamamagitan ng pagbibigay ng pansamantalang panakip o tamang agwat upang mabawasan ang pinsalang dulot ng labis na kahalumigmigan.
- Anihin na ang mga hinog nang pananim, gulay, at prutas bago pa tumagal ang pag-ulan upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi pagkatapos ng anihan at ang pagkasira ng kalidad ng ani.
- Patibayin at suportahan ang mga matataas at gumagapang na pananim tulad ng mais, saging, kamatis, at mga gumagapang na gulay upang maiwasan ang pagbuwal dulot ng malalakas na hangin at lambot ng lupa dahil sa ulan.

PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Enero 21-31, 2026)

ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 21 Enero 2026)

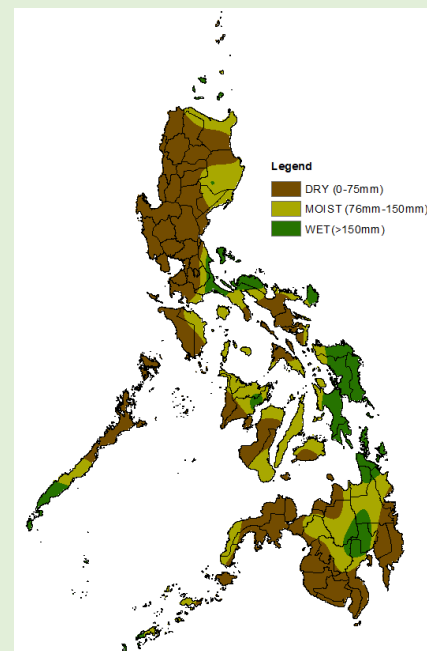


<https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring>

Siguraduhin ang maayos na daloy ng tubig sa taniman sa pamamagitan ng raised beds at tamang pag-level ng lupa, at regular na inspeksyunin ang mga kanal, pilapil, at embankment upang maiwasan ang pagbaha. I-secure ang mga nursery, trellis, at windbreaks para protektahan ang pananim mula sa malakas na hangin at matinding ulan. Aniin nang maaga ang mga hinog o



Basa – Calayan, Quezon, Bicol Region, Capiz, Eastern Visayas, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte



Katamtaman –
Aparri, Aurora,
Oriental Mindoro,
Romblon,
Palawan, iba
pang bahagi ng
Western Visayas,
Negros Island
Region,
Bukidnon,
Agusan del
Norte, Lanao del
Sur

Tuyo – Natitirang
bahagi ng bansa

malapit nang hinog na pananim kapag inaasahan ang matagal na pag-ulan. Patuyuin at itago ang ani sa mabubungad, mataas, at maayos na bentiladong lugar upang maiwasan ang pagkasira. Subaybayan ang pananim laban sa peste at sakit, lalo na ang fungal infections sa basa at mahalumigmig na panahon, at agad na gumawa ng angkop na kontrol kapag pinahihintulutan ng panahon. Makipag-ugnayan sa Municipal/City Agriculture Office at regular na sundan ang DOST-PAGASA advisories para sa pinakabagong impormasyon at gabay.

PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa Ang silangang baybayin ng Timog Luzon (Catanduanes), ang hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon at ang silangang baybayin ng Gitnang Luzon, Timog Luzon, at Visayas (Batanes, Cagayan kabilang ang Babuyan Islands, Isabela, Aurora, ang hilagang baybayin ng Quezon {Infanta, General Nakar, Real, Mauban, Atimonan, Plaridel, Gumaca, Lopez, Calauag, Perez, Alabat, Quezon} kabilang ang Polillo Islands, Camarines Norte, at ang hilagang baybayin ng Camarines Sur {Tinambac, Siruma, Lagonoy, Garchitorena, Caramoan, Presentacion, San Jose, Tigaon, Sagñay, Sipocot, Cabusao, Calabanga}), ang silangang baybayin ng Timog Luzon (ang silangang baybayin ng Albay {Tiwi, Malinao, Lungsod ng Tabaco, Malilipot, Bacacay, Rapu-Rapu, Santo Domingo, Lungsod ng Legazpi, Manito}, ang silangang baybayin ng Sorsogon {Lungsod ng Sorsogon, Prieto Diaz, Gubat, Barcelona, Bulusan, Santa Magdalena, Matnog}, at ang hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Northern Samar {Allen, Lavezares, Rosario, Biri, San Jose, Bobon, Catarman, Mondragon, San Roque, Pambujan, Laoang, Palapag, Mapanas, Gamay, Lapinig} at Eastern Samar {Arteche, San Policarpo, Oras, Dolores}), ang silangang baybayin ng Timog Luzon at Visayas (Eastern Samar {Can-avid, Taft, Sulat, San Julian, Lungsod ng Borongan, Maydolong, Balangkayan, Llorente, Hernani, General MacArthur, Salcedo, Mercedes, Guiuan}), at ang kanlurang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon (La Union at Pangasinan).

Katamtaman hanggang sa maalon na karagatan ang iiral sa **natitirang bahagi ng Luzon**, samantala ang **natitirang bahagi ng bansa** ay makakaranas ng mahina hanggang sa katamtamang pag-alon ng karagatan. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	36.5 °C (Gen. Santos City, 1979)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	38.4 °C (Tuguegarao, 1961)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	10.5 °C (Baguio City, 1980)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	6.7 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	242.0 mm (Catbalogan, 2000)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	472.9 mm (Surigao City, 1974)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **MTR / HGDE**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MEVT**



Republic of the Philippines
DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and
Astronomical Services Administration
(PAGASA)

