



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES
FWFA: NO. 26 – 014

Issued: 7:00 AM, Tuesday, 20 January 2026

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Wednesday, 21 January 2026

SYNOPSIS: At 3:00 AM today, the center of Tropical Depression "ADA" {NOKAEN} was estimated based on all available data at 665 km East of Casiguran, Aurora (17.1°N, 128.3°E) with maximum sustained winds of 55 km/h near the center and gustiness of up to 70 km/h. It is moving Eastward at 20 km/h. Northeast Monsoon affecting Northern Luzon.

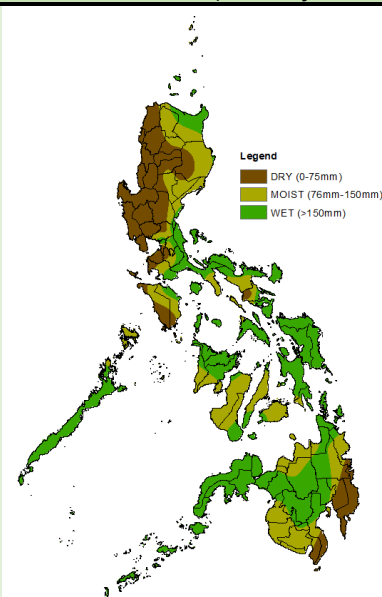
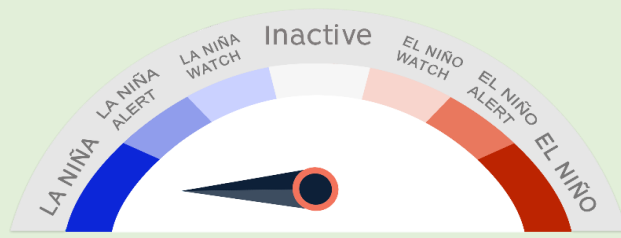
FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (0C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Cordillera Administrative Region, and Cagayan Valley	Cloudy skies with light rains	Strong to Gale from northeast to north	18 – 29	14 – 26	60 – 98	4 – 8
Ilocos Region and Central Luzon	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Ilocos Region – Strong to Gale from northeast to north; Central Luzon – Moderate to strong from northeast to north	21 – 31	19 – 29	55 – 97	0 – 4
Metro Manila and the rest of the country	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	The rest of Central Luzon and the eastern section of Southern Luzon – Moderate to strong from northeast to north; Eastern sections of Visayas – Moderate to strong from northwest; Rest of the country – Light to moderate from northwest	23 – 34	21 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4

AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

NORTHEAST MONSOON, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Monitor daily weather forecasts and advisories from DOST-PAGASA.
- Clear and maintain irrigation canals, drainage ditches, and waterways to prevent flooding.
- Strengthen nurseries, greenhouses, seedbeds, and trellises; relocate seedlings to safer areas if possible.
- Adjust planting, spraying, and harvesting schedules based on expected rainfall.
- Store harvested crops and farm inputs in elevated, dry, and covered areas.
- Avoid fertilizer application and pesticide spraying during heavy rainfall.
- Ensure the safety of farmers and farm workers by suspending field activities during severe weather.



FARM ADVISORY	
SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION (January 1-10, 2026)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (Updated as of 7 January 2026)
 <p>Wet – Calayan, Aparri, Quezon City, Quezon, most of MIMAROPA, most of Bicol Region, most of Western Visayas, NIR, most of Central Visayas, most of Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, Caraga and Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Moist – Rest of Cagayan Valley, Benguet, Aurora, rest of CALABARZON, Camarines Sur, Iloilo City, Cebu, Southern Leyte, rest of Zamboanga Peninsula, Rest of Northern Mindanao, rest of BARMM</p> <p>Dry – Occidental Mindoro, Davao del Sur and rest of the country</p>	 <p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Promote the use of raised beds, contour farming, and proper field levelling to improve drainage and prevent waterlogging during prolonged rainfall events. Reinforce bunds and levees around rice fields and low-lying farms to reduce overflowing from nearby rivers and canals. Install windbreaks to protect sensitive crops from strong winds. Harvest mature and near-mature crops when heavy rains are expected to minimize losses and ensure better post-harvest quality. Protect harvested produce with dryers, covered drying areas, or elevated racks. Conduct regular inspections of storage facilities, ensuring all produce, seeds, and feeds are kept dry, elevated, and well-ventilated to prevent mold and spoilage. Implement schedule-based pest and disease scouting, particularly for fungal infections that commonly occur after continuous rains, and apply appropriate control measures immediately. Coordinate closely with the Municipal/City Agriculture Office for updates and emergency support related to agricultural impacts in your area. Regularly follow the official PAGASA accounts on social media or visit their website for the latest weather updates and advisories specific to your area.</p>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
<p>No Gale Warning is raised.</p> <p>Rough to very rough seas will prevail over the Northern Luzon while Central Luzon and the eastern section of Southern Luzon will have moderate to rough seas. Meanwhile, moderate to rough seas will prevail over the eastern section of Visayas while the rest of the country will have slight to moderate seas. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.</p>

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	37.0 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Minimum Temperature	8.6 °C (Baguio City, 1976)	Minimum Temperature	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Rainfall	237.7 mm (Hinatuan City, 1976)	Rainfall	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: NRE/ JOT	VERIFIED BY: MEVT
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TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN
FWFA: NO. 26 – 014

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM MartesLunes, 20 Enero 2026

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Miyerkules, 21 Enero 2026

SYNOPSIS: Kaninang 3:00 AM, ang Tropical Depression (TD) "ADA" {NOKAEN} ay tinatayang nasa 665 km silangan ng Casiguran, Aurora (17.12°, 128.3°E) na may taglay na lakas ng hangin na 55 km/h malapit sa gitna at pagbugso na umaabot sa 70 km/h. Ito ay kumikilos patungo sa silangan sa bilis na 20 km/h. Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa Hilagang Luzon.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHOON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Cordillera Administrative Region, at Cagayan Valley,	Maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulan	Malakas hanggang sa mas malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	18 – 29	14 – 26	60 – 98	4 – 8
Rehiyon ng Ilocos at Gitnang Luzon	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong mahinang pag-ulan	Rehiyon ng Ilocos – Malakas hanggang sa mas malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga Gitnang Luzon – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	21 – 31	19 – 29	55 – 97	0 – 4
Metro Manila, at natitirang bahagi ng bansa	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulog	Natitirang bahagi ng Gitnang Luzon at sa silangang bahagi ng Katimugang Luzon – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga; Silangang bahagi ng Kabisayaan – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang kanluran; Natitirang bahagi ng bansa – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang kanluran	23 – 34	21 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4



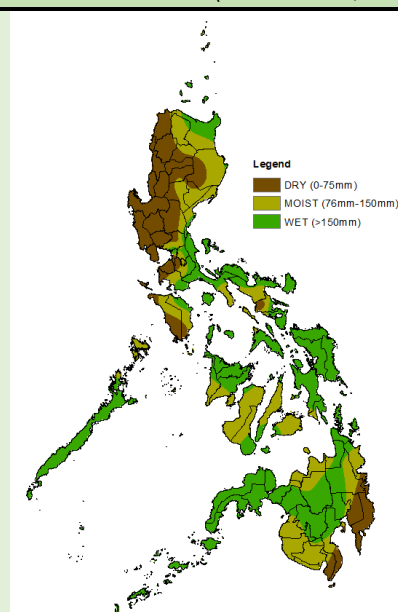
SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

AMIHAN, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Subaybayan araw-araw ang mga ulat at babala sa panahon mula sa PAGASA.
- Linisin at panatilihin ang mga kanal ng irigasyon, daluyan ng tubig, at mga estero upang maiwasan ang pagbaha.
- Patibayin ang mga punlaan, greenhouse, seedbed, at trellis; ilipat sa mas ligtas na lugar ang mga punla kung maaari.
- Ilayon ang iskedyul ng pagtatanim, pag-iispra, at pag-aani batay sa inaasahang dami ng ulan.
- Siguraduhing maayos ang daluyan ng tubig sa bukid upang maiwasan ang pagbabara ng tubig at pagkabulok ng ugat.
- Itago ang mga naaning pananim at farm inputs sa mataas, tuyo, at may bubong na lugar.
- Iwasan ang paglalagay ng pataba at pag-spray ng pestisidyo sa panahon ng malakas na ulan.
- Unahin ang kaligtasan ng mga magsasaka at manggagawang bukid sa pamamagitan ng pansamantalang pagtigil ng gawain sa bukid kapag masama ang panahon.

PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Enero 1-10, 2026)



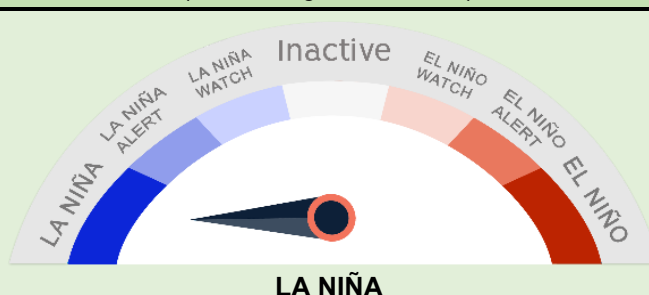
Basa – Calayan, Aparri, Lungsod Quezon, Quezon, karamihan ng MIMAROPA, karamihan ng Rehiyon ng Bicol, karamihan ng Kanlurang Visayas, NIR, karamihan ng Gitnang Visayas, karamihan ng Silangang Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, Caraga, at Lanao del Sur

Katamtaman – Natitirang bahagi ng Lambak ng

Cagayan, Benguet, Aurora, natitirang bahagi ng CALABARZON, Camarines Sur, Lungsod ng Iloilo, Cebu, Southern Leyte, natitirang bahagi ng Tangway ng Zamboanga, natitirang bahagi ng Hilagang Mindanao, at natitirang bahagi ng BARMM

Tuyo – Occidental Mindoro, Davao del Sur, at iba pang bahagi ng bansa

ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 7 Enero 2026)



<https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring>

Magpatupad ng paggamit ng raised beds, contour farming, at tamang pag-level ng bukirin upang at mapabuti ang daloy ng tubig at maiwasan ang waterlogging sa panahon ng tuloy-tuloy na pag-ulan. Palakasin ang mga pilapil at levees sa mga palayan at mabababang sakahan upang mabawasan ang panganib ng pag-apaw ng ilog at kanal. Mag-install ng windbreaks upang maprotektahan ang sensitibong pananim laban sa malalakas na hangin. Anihin ang mga hinog at halos hinog na pananim bago dumating ang malalakas na ulan upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi at matiyak ang maayos na kalidad pagkatapos ng ani. Protektahan ang mga inaning produkto gamit ang mga dryer, may takip na patuyuan, o nakataas na patungan. Magsagawa ng regular na inspeksyon sa mga storage facilities, at siguraduhing ang lahat ng ani, binhi, at feeds ay nakalagay sa tuyo, mataas, at maaliwalas na lugar upang maiwasan ang pagbuo ng amag at pagkasira. Ipapatupad ang nakaiskedyul na pest at disease scouting, lalo na para sa mga fungal infections na karaniwang lumalabas pagkatapos ng tuloy-tuloy na ulan, at agad na mag-apply ng angkop na kontrol. Makipag-ugnayan nang malapit sa Municipal/City Agriculture Office para sa updates at emergency support na may kinalaman sa epekto ng masamang panahon sa agrikultura sa inyong lugar. Regular na sundan ang opisyal na accounts ng PAGASA sa social media o bisitahin ang kanilang website para sa pinakabagong ulat at advisory tungkol sa lagay ng panahon sa inyong lugar.



PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Walang nakataas na Gale Warning.

Maalon hanggang napaka-alon na karagatan ang inaasahan sa Hilagang Luzon, habang ang Gitnang Luzon at silangang bahagi ng Katimugang Luzon ay makakaranas ng katamtaman hanggang maalon na karagatan. Samantala, katamtaman hanggang maalon na karagatan ang inaasahan sa silangang bahagi ng Kabisayaan, habang ang natitirang bahagi ng bansa ay magkakaroon ng banayad hanggang katamtamang alon.. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES

MONTHLY EXTREMES

Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.0 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	8.6 °C (Baguio City, 1976)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	237.7 mm (Hinatuan City, 1976)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: NRE / JOT

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: MEVT