



## WEEKEND/SPECIAL FARM WEATHER OUTLOOK

WSFWO: NO. 25 – 119

**Issued: 4:00 PM, Friday, 23 May 2025**

**Valid until: 7:00 AM, Monday, 26 May 2025**

From today until Sunday (23-25 May), the Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ) will continue to affect Mindanao, Western Visayas, Negros Island Region, and Palawan, producing cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms. Elsewhere, the easterlies will bring partly cloudy to cloudy conditions, with isolated thunderstorms that may generate short-duration heavy rainfall.

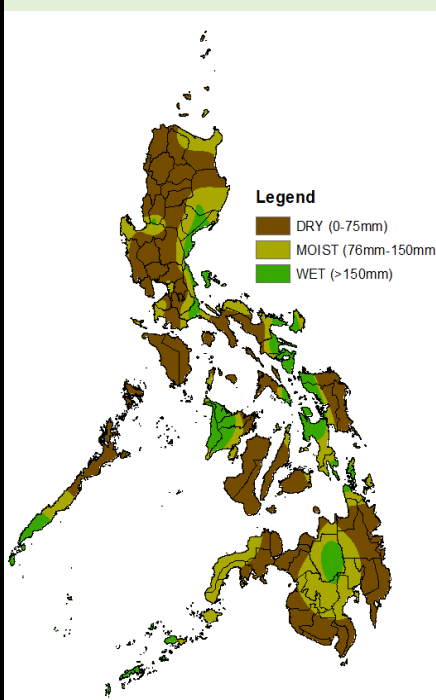
On Monday (26 May), as the ITCZ gradually weakens, its residual effects will still bring cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms over Palawan, Basilan, Sulu, and Tawi-tawi. The rest of the archipelago will experience partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms.

FORECAST AREA	TEMPERATURE		RH (%)	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
	LOWLAND	UPLAND		
LUZON	23 – 38	14 – 33	45 – 98	0 – 6
VISAYAS	25 – 33	23 – 32	60 – 98	4 – 8
MINDANAO	23 – 34	21 – 32	60 – 100	4 – 8

### FARM ADVISORY

#### SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

(May 11 – 20, 2025)



##### Legend

DRY (0-75mm)  
MOIST (76mm-150mm)  
WET (>150mm)

**Wet** – Benguet, Baler, Infanta, Tayabas, Calapan, Albay, Catanduanes, Sorsogon, Capiz, most of Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, BARMM

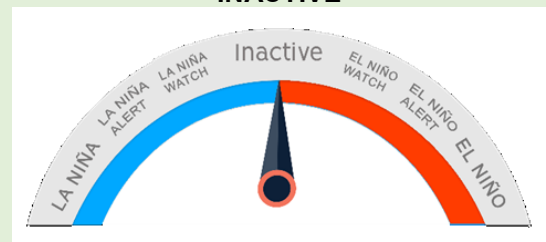
**Moist** – Aparri, Baguio, Pangasinan, Iba, Casiguran, NCR, Alabat, Cavite, Southern Palawan, Camarines Norte, Iloilo, Southern Leyte, and Bukidnon

**Dry** – Rest of the country

#### ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS

(updated: 06 May 2025)

#### MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK INACTIVE



<https://pubfiles.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climps/climateforum/outlook.pdf>

Implement water conservation practices such as rainwater harvesting and soil moisture monitoring to sustain crop growth. Regularly inspect and maintain irrigation systems to ensure efficient water distribution and prevent potential shortages. Monitor crops for fungal diseases, applying early detection methods and organic control measures as needed. Conduct regular field inspections to track pest activity and implement Integrated Pest Management (IPM) strategies for effective control. Strengthen farm structures, storage facilities, and drainage systems to enhance resilience against sudden weather changes and localized heavy rains.



AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS	HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)
<b>ITCZ, EASTERLIES, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Regularly inspect crops for signs of pests and diseases to quickly address any outbreaks.</li><li>Adjust the frequency of irrigation based on weather conditions, soil type, and crop needs.</li><li>Construct small dikes, contour lines, or furrows in sloping areas to reduce surface runoff and promote water absorption.</li><li>Handle produce carefully during transportation to avoid physical damage or contamination.</li><li>Dry harvested crops (like grains or nuts) thoroughly before storage to avoid spoilage and fungal contamination.</li><li>Store produce in clean, waterproof, and elevated areas to protect against flooding and excess moisture.</li></ul>	<p>The Heat Index is a human discomfort index that gives the apparent temperature on what humans perceive or feel as the temperature (from the surroundings) affecting the body. High air temperature and high relative humidity results to high apparent temperature</p> <p><a href="https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index">https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index</a></p>

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: <b>MTR /JOT</b>	VERIFIED BY: <b>MEVT</b>
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## TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

FWFA: NO. 25 – 119

Inilabas ng: 4:00 PM, Biyernes, 23 Mayo 2025

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Lunes, 26 Mayo 2025

Ngayong araw hanggang sa Linggo (23–25 Mayo), patuloy na maaapektuhan ng Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ) ang Mindanao, Kanlurang Kabisayaan, Negros Island Region, at Palawan, na magdudulot ng maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulong. Samantala, sa ibang bahagi ng bansa, magdadala ang easterlies ng bahagyang maulap hanggang maulap na kalangitan, na may posibilidad ng pulu-pulong pagkidlat-pagkulong na maaaring magdulot ng malalakas ngunit panandaliang pag-ulan.

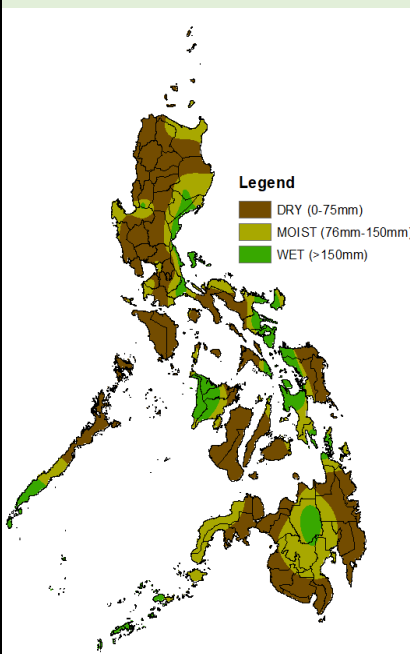
Sa Lunes (26 Mayo), habang unti-unting humihina ang ITCZ, ang natitirang epekto nito ay magdadala pa rin ng maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkulong-pagkidlat sa Palawan, Basilan, Sulu, at Tawi-Tawi. Ang natitirang bahagi ng bansa ay makararanas ng bahagyang maulap hanggang maulap na kalangitan na may posibilidad ng pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulong.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH (%)	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
	Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
LUZON	23 – 38	14 – 33	45 – 98	0 – 6
VISAYAS	25 – 33	23 – 32	60 – 98	4 – 8
MINDANAO	23 – 34	21– 32	60 – 100	4 – 8

## PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

### KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Mayo 11 – 20, 2025)

### ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 06 Mayo 2025)

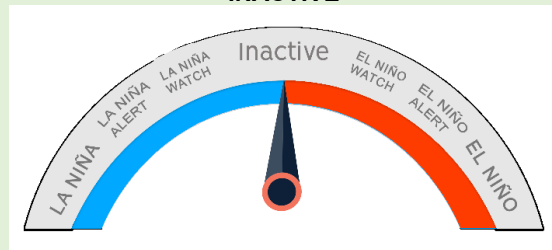


**Basa** – Benguet, Baler, Infanta, Tayabas, Calapan, Albay, Catanduanes, Sorsogon, Capiz, karamihan ng lugar sa Silangang Kabisayaan, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, BARMM

**Katamtaman** – Aparri, Baguio, Pangasinan, Iba, Casiguran, NCR, Alabat, Cavite, Katimugan ng Palawan, Camarines Norte, Iloilo, Southern Leyte, at Bukidnon

**Tuyo** – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa

### MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK INACTIVE



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Siguraduhing maayos ang daluyan ng tubig sa mga bukirin upang maiwasan ang pagbaha o waterlogging. Mahalagang regular na magpatupad ng integrated pest management upang mabawasan ang pinsala ng peste sa mga pangunahing pananim tulad ng palay, mais, at gulay. Ang mga inani na ani ay dapat itago sa mga tuyong lugar na may takip upang maiwasan ang amag at pagkasira dulot ng mataas na halumigmig. Bukod dito, ang paggamit ng mga pamamaraan ng conservation agriculture tulad ng crop rotation, cover cropping, at pagbawas ng pag-araro ay nakatutulong upang mapabuti ang kalusugan ng lupa at mapanatili ang kahalumigmigan nito, na sumusuporta sa mas maayos na pagtubo ng mga pananim sa buong panahon.



SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS	HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)
<p><b>ITCZ, EASTERLIES, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Regular na suriin ang mga pananim para sa palatandaan ng peste at sakit upang agad na maagapan ang anumang paglaganap.</li><li>layon ang dalas ng pagdidilig batay sa lagay ng panahon, uri ng lupa, at pangangailangan ng pananim.</li><li>Magtayo ng maliliit na pilapil, contour lines, o mga tudling sa mga pahilig na bahagi ng bukirin upang mabawasan ang pag-agos ng tubig at mapalalim ang pagsipsip nito sa lupa.</li><li>Ingatang mabuti ang mga ani sa panahon ng transportasyon upang maiwasan ang pisikal na pinsala o kontaminasyon.</li><li>Patuyuin nang husto ang mga inaning produkto (tulad ng butil o mani) bago ilagay sa imbakan upang maiwasan ang pagkasira at pagdami ng fungi.</li><li>Itago ang mga ani sa malinis, hindi tinatablan ng tubig, at nakataas na lugar upang maprotektahan laban sa pagbaha at labis na moisture.</li></ul>	<p>Ang init na nararamdaman ng katawan ng tao (apparent temperature) ay hindi akma nang nasusukat gamit lamang ang temperature ng hangin (air temperature). Ito ay mas tamang naitataya kung isasama ang datos ng alinsangan o halumigmig (relative humidity). Ang impormasyon na ito ay tinatawag na Heat Index at ito ay matutukoy gamit ang Heat Index Chart.</p> <p><a href="https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index">https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index</a></p>

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