



FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES

FWFA: NO. 26 – 008

Issued: 7:00 AM, Tuesday, 13 January 2026

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Wednesday, 14 January 2026

SYNOPSIS: Shear Line affecting the eastern sections of Northern Luzon. Northeast Monsoon affecting the rest of Northern Luzon. Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ) affecting southern Mindanao.

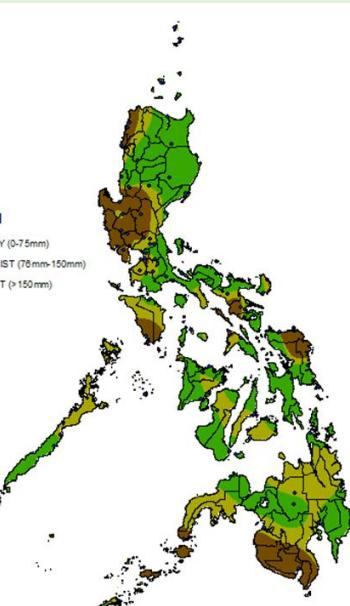
FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (0C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
Cagayan, Isabela, and Aurora	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and isolated thunderstorms	Moderate to strong from northeast	20 – 29	19 – 25	70 – 98	4 – 8
Davao Region	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	Moderate to strong from northeast to north	25 – 32	22 – 30	70 – 98	4 – 8
Cordillera Administrative Region and the rest of Cagayan Valley	Cloudy skies with light rains	Moderate to strong from northeast	20 – 31	13 – 23	60 – 98	0 – 6
Ilocos Region, and the rest of Central Luzon	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Moderate to strong from northeast	24 – 32	22 – 30	55 – 96	0 – 4
Metro Manila and the rest of the country	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	Metro Manila, rest of Luzon and Visayas – moderate to strong from northeast; Rest of eastern section of Mindanao – moderate to strong from northeast to north; Rest of the country – light to moderate from northeast to north	24 – 32	20 – 30	50 – 96	0 – 4

AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

SHEAR LINE, ITCZ, NORTHEAST MONSOON, EASTERLIES, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Monitor daily weather forecasts and advisories from DOST-PAGASA.
- Adjust planting, spraying, and harvesting schedules based on expected rainfall.
- Ensure proper field drainage to prevent waterlogging and root rot.
- Store harvested crops and farm inputs in elevated, dry, and covered areas.
- Apply mulch to reduce soil erosion and maintain soil moisture balance.
- Conduct regular field inspections for lodging, stem rot, and nutrient deficiencies.
- Remove and destroy infected plant parts to limit disease spread.
- Apply pest and disease control measures during dry windows.
- Clean and service farm tools, sprayers, and machinery after use.
- Check irrigation canals, dikes, and water gates for blockages or damage.



FARM ADVISORY	
SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION (December 21 – 31, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (Updated as of 18 December 2025)
 <p>Legend DRY (0-7.5mm) MOIST (7.6mm-150mm) WET (>150mm)</p> <p>Wet – Cagayan, Aurora, Quezon, Rizal, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Mainland Palawan, Bicol Region, Capiz, Negros Occidental, Bohol, Negros, Oriental, Siquijor, rest of Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, and Maguindanao</p> <p>Moist – Batanes, Isabela, La Trinidad, Nueva Vizcaya, Bulacan, Quezon City, Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Northern Palawan, Southern Leyte, Zamboanga del Sur, Northern Mindanao, Davao del Sur, Agusan del Norte, and Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Dry – Rest of the country</p>	 <p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Promote the use of raised beds, contour farming, and proper field levelling to improve drainage and prevent waterlogging during prolonged rainfall events. Reinforce bunds and levees around rice fields and low-lying farms to reduce overflowing from nearby rivers and canals. Install windbreaks to protect sensitive crops from strong winds. Harvest mature and near-mature crops when heavy rains are expected to minimize losses and ensure better post-harvest quality. Protect harvested produce with dryers, covered drying areas, or elevated racks. Conduct regular inspections of storage facilities, ensuring all produce, seeds, and feeds are kept dry, elevated, and well-ventilated to prevent mold and spoilage. Implement schedule-based pest and disease scouting, particularly for fungal infections that commonly occur after continuous rains, and apply appropriate control measures immediately. Coordinate closely with the Municipal/City Agriculture Office for updates and emergency support related to agricultural impacts in your area. Regularly follow the official PAGASA accounts on social media or visit their website for the latest weather updates and advisories specific to your area.</p>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
<p>Gale Warning was raised over the eastern seaboard of Luzon (The eastern coast of mainland Cagayan {Santa Ana, Gonzaga, Lal-Lo, Gattaran, Baggao, Peñablanca}, Isabela, Aurora, and the northern coast of Quezon {General Nakar} including the northern and eastern coasts of Polillo Islands {Panukulan, northeastern coast of Burdeos, and northern coast of Patnanungan}) and the northern seaboard of northern Luzon (The northern coast of Ilocos Norte {Pagudpud, Bangui, Burgos}).</p> <p>Moderate to rough seas will prevail over Northern Luzon and the eastern section of Central Luzon, Southern Luzon, Visayas, eastern section of Mindanao while slight to moderate seas will prevail over the rest of the country. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.</p>

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	36.0 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Minimum Temperature	8.1 °C (Baguio City, 1981)	Minimum Temperature	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Rainfall	251.5 mm (Hinatuan City, 1963)	Rainfall	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: HGDE / JOT	VERIFIED BY: MTR
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TAYA NG PANAHON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN
FWFA: NO. 26 – 008

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM Martes, 13 Enero 2026

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Miyerkules, 14 Enero 2026

SYNOPSIS: Shear Line ang nakakaapekto sa silangang bahagi ng Hilagang Luzon. Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa natitirang bahagi ng Hilagang Luzon. Intertropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ) ang nakakaapekto sa katimugang Mindanao.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
Cagayan, Isabela, at Aurora	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pulo-pulong pagkidlat-pagkulog	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	20 – 29	19 – 25	70 – 98	4 – 8
Rehiyon ng Davao	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulog	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang Silangan hanggang hilaga	25 – 32	22 – 30	70 – 98	4 – 8
Cordillera Administrative Region at natitirang bahagi ng Lambak ng Cagayan	Maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulan	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	20 – 31	13 – 23	60 – 98	0 – 6
Rehiyon ng Ilocos, at natitirang bahagi ng gitnang Luzon	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong mahinang pag-ulan	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan	24 – 32	22 – 30	55 – 96	0 – 4
Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng bansa	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulang o pagkidlat-pagkulog	Metro Manila, natitirang bahagi ng Luzon, at Kabisayaan – katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan; Natitirang silangang bahagi ng Mindanao – katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga; Rest of the country – mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilaga	24 – 32	20 – 30	50 – 96	0 – 4



SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

SHEAR LINE, ITCZ, AMIHAN, EASTERLIES, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Subaybayan araw-araw ang mga ulat at babala sa panahon mula sa PAGASA.
- Ilayon ang iskedyul ng pagtatanim, pag-iispra, at pag-aani batay sa inaasahang dami ng ulan.
- Siguraduhing maayos ang daluyan ng tubig sa bukid upang maiwasan ang pagbabara ng tubig at pagkabulok ng ugat.
- Itago ang mga nauning pananim at farm inputs sa mataas, tuyo, at may bubong na lugar.
- Maglagay ng mulch upang mabawasan ang pagguho ng lupa at mapanatili ang tamang halumigmig ng lupa.
- Magsagawa ng regular na pag-iinspeksyon sa bukid para sa pagkadapa ng pananim, pagkabulok ng tangkay, at kakulangan sa sustansya.
- Tanggalin at sirain ang mga apektadong bahagi ng halaman upang maiwasan ang pagkalat ng sakit.
- Isagawa ang pest at disease control sa mga panahong tuyo o walang ulan.
- Linisin at i-maintain ang mga kagamitang pansakahan, sprayer, at makinarya pagkatapos gamitin.
- Suriin ang mga kanal ng irrigasyon, dike, at water gates kung may bara o pinsala.

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PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Disyembre 21 – 31, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 18 Disyembre 2025)
<p>Legend</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DRY (0-75mm) MOIST (76mm-150mm) WET (>150mm) <p>Basa – Cagayan, Aurora, Quezon, Rizal, Oriental Mindoro, Romblon, Kalupaan ng Palawan, Rehiyon ng Bicol, Capiz, Negros Occidental, Bohol, Negros, Oriental, Siquijor, natitirang bahagi ng Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, at Maguindanao</p> <p>Katamtaman – Batanes, Isabela, La Trinidad, Nueva Vizcaya, Bulacan, Quezon City, Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Hilagang Palawan, Southern Leyte, Zamboanga del Sur, Northern Mindanao, Davao del Sur, Agusan del Norte, at Lanao del Sur</p> <p>Tuyo – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</p>	<p>Inactive</p> <p>LA NIÑA</p> <p>https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring</p> <p>Magpatupad ng paggamit ng raised beds, contour farming, at tamang pag-level ng bukirin upang at mapabuti ang daloy ng tubig at maiwasan ang waterlogging sa panahon ng tuloy-tuloy na pagulan. Palakasin ang mga pilapil at levees sa mga palayan at mabababang sakahan upang mabawasan ang panganib ng pag-apaw ng ilog at kanal. Mag-install ng windbreaks upang maprotektahan ang sensitibong pananim laban sa malalakas na hangin. Anihin ang mga hinog at halos hinog na pananim bago dumating ang malalakas na ulan upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi at matiyak ang maayos na kalidad pagkatapos ng anihan. Protektahan ang mga inanong produkto gamit ang mga dryer, may takip na patuyuan, o nakataas na patungan. Magsagawa ng regular na inspeksyon sa mga storage facilities, at siguraduhing ang lahat ng ani, binhi, at feeds ay nakalagay sa tuyo, mataas, at maaliwalas na lugar upang maiwasan ang pagbuo ng amag at pagkasira. Ippapatupad ang nakaiskedyul na pest at disease scouting, lalo na para sa mga fungal infections na karaniwang lumalabas pagkatapos ng tuloy-tuloy na ulan, at agad na mag-apply ng angkop na kontrol. Makipag-ugnayan nang malapit sa Municipal/City Agriculture Office para sa updates at emergency support na may kinalaman sa epekto ng masamang panahon sa agrikultura sa inyong lugar. Regular na sundan ang opisyal na accounts ng PAGASA sa social media o bisitahin ang kanilang website para sa pinakabagong ulat at advisory tungkol sa lagay ng panahon sa inyong lugar.</p>



PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa silangang baybayin ng Luzon (silangang baybayin ng kalupaan ng Cagayan {Santa Ana, Gonzaga, Lal-Lo, Gattaran, Baggao, Peñablanca}, Isabela, Aurora, at hilagang baybayin ng Quezon {General Nakar} kabilang ang hilaga at silangang baybayin ng mga isla ng Polillo {Panukulan, hilagang silangang baybayin ng Burdeos, at hilagang baybayin ng Patnanungan}) **at hilagang baybayin ng hilagang Luzon** (hilagang baybayin ng Ilocos Norte {Pagudpud, Bangui, Burgos}).

Katamtaman hanggang sa maalon na karagatan ang iiral sa **hilagang Luzon at silangang bahagi ng gitnang Luzon, katimugang Luzon, Kabisayaan, silangang bahagi ng Mindanao**, samantala, banayad hanggang sa katamtamang alon naman ang inaasahan sa **natitirang bahagi ng bansa**. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	36.0 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	8.1 °C (Baguio City, 1981)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	251.5 mm (Hinatuan City, 1963)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **HGDE / JOT**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MTR**