



**FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES**  
**FWFA: NO. 26 – 015**

**Issued: 7:00 AM, Wednesday, 21 January 2026**

**Valid until: 7:00 AM, Thursday, 22 January 2026**

**SYNOPSIS:** At 3:00 AM today, the center of Tropical Depression "ADA" {NOKAEN} was estimated based on all available data at 1,205 km East of Northern Luzon (17.1°N, 133.1°E) with maximum sustained winds of 55 km/h near the center and gustiness of up to 70 km/h. It is moving East Southeastward at 20 km/h. Northeast Monsoon affecting Luzon.

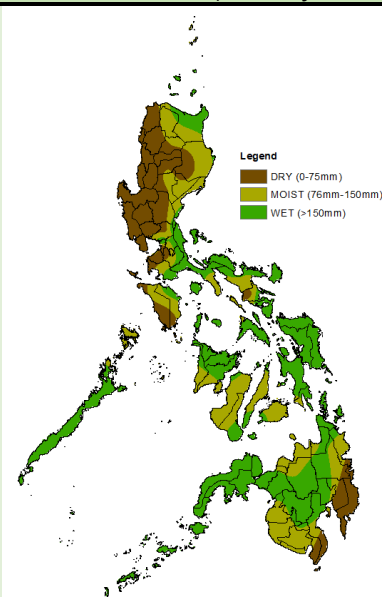
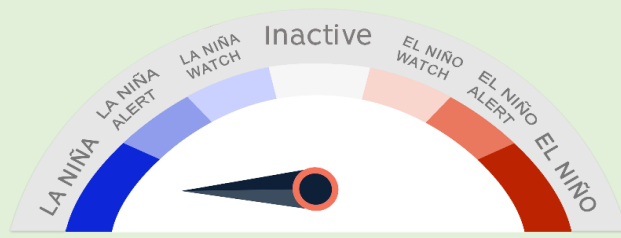
FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (0C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
<b>Cordillera Administrative Region, Cagayan Valley, Bicol Region, Aurora, and Quezon</b>	Cloudy skies with light rains	Strong to Gale from northeast	19 – 30	13 – 26	60 – 98	4 – 8
<b>Metro Manila, Ilocos Region, the rest of Central Luzon, the rest of CALABARZON, Oriental Mindoro, Occidental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon</b>	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	<b>Ilocos Region</b> – Strong to Gale from northeast; <b>Rest of Central Luzon</b> – Moderate to strong from northeast <b>Metro Manila, the rest of CALABARZON, Oriental Mindoro, Occidental Mindoro, Marinduque, and Romblon</b> – Light to moderate from northeast to northwest	22 – 32	20 – 29	55 – 97	2 – 6
<b>The rest of the country</b>	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	<b>Eastern sections of Visayas</b> – Moderate to strong from north to northwest; <b>Rest of the country</b> – Light to moderate from northeast to northwest	23 – 35	21 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4

**AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS**

**NORTHEAST MONSOON, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS**

- Monitor daily weather forecasts and advisories from DOST-PAGASA.
- Clear and maintain irrigation canals, drainage ditches, and waterways to prevent flooding.
- Strengthen nurseries, greenhouses, seedbeds, and trellises; relocate seedlings to safer areas if possible.
- Adjust planting, spraying, and harvesting schedules based on expected rainfall.
- Store harvested crops and farm inputs in elevated, dry, and covered areas.
- Avoid fertilizer application and pesticide spraying during heavy rainfall.
- Ensure the safety of farmers and farm workers by suspending field activities during severe weather.



FARM ADVISORY	
SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION (January 1-10, 2026)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (Updated as of 7 January 2026)
 <p><b>Wet</b> – Calayan, Aparri, Quezon City, Quezon, most of MIMAROPA, most of Bicol Region, most of Western Visayas, NIR, most of Central Visayas, most of Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, Caraga and Lanao del Sur</p> <p><b>Moist</b> – Rest of Cagayan Valley, Benguet, Aurora, rest of CALABARZON, Camarines Sur, Iloilo City, Cebu, Southern Leyte, rest of Zamboanga Peninsula, Rest of Northern Mindanao, rest of BARMM</p> <p><b>Dry</b> – Occidental Mindoro, Davao del Sur and rest of the country</p>	 <p><b>LA NIÑA</b></p> <p><a href="https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring">https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</a></p> <p>Promote the use of raised beds, contour farming, and proper field levelling to improve drainage and prevent waterlogging during prolonged rainfall events. Reinforce bunds and levees around rice fields and low-lying farms to reduce overflowing from nearby rivers and canals. Install windbreaks to protect sensitive crops from strong winds. Harvest mature and near-mature crops when heavy rains are expected to minimize losses and ensure better post-harvest quality. Protect harvested produce with dryers, covered drying areas, or elevated racks. Conduct regular inspections of storage facilities, ensuring all produce, seeds, and feeds are kept dry, elevated, and well-ventilated to prevent mold and spoilage. Implement schedule-based pest and disease scouting, particularly for fungal infections that commonly occur after continuous rains, and apply appropriate control measures immediately. Coordinate closely with the Municipal/City Agriculture Office for updates and emergency support related to agricultural impacts in your area. Regularly follow the official PAGASA accounts on social media or visit their website for the latest weather updates and advisories specific to your area.</p>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
<p><b>Gale Warning was raised over the northern and eastern seaboards of Northern Luzon</b> (Batanes, the northern coast of Ilocos Norte {Pagudpud, Bangui, Burgos}, and Cagayan including Babuyan Islands), <b>the eastern seaboards of Luzon</b> (Isabela, Aurora {Dilasag, Casiguran, Dinalungan, Dipaculao, Baler}, the northern and eastern coasts of Polillo Islands {northern coasts of Panukulan, northeastern coast of Burdeos, northern and eastern coasts of Patnanungan, northern and eastern coasts of Jomalig}), <b>and the western seaboard of Northern Luzon</b> (the western coast of Ilocos Norte {Pasuquin, Bacarra, Laoag City, Paoay, Currimao, Pinili, Badoc}, and Ilocos Sur {Sinait, Cabugao, San Juan, Magsingal, Santo Domingo, San Vicente, Santa Catalina, City of Vigan}).</p> <p>Rough to very rough seas will prevail over the <b>Northern Luzon and the eastern section of Central and Southern Luzon while the rest of Central Luzon and eastern section of Visayas will have moderate to rough seas. The rest of the country will have slight to moderate seas.</b> Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.</p>

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	37.0 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Minimum Temperature	8.9 °C (Baguio City, 1982)	Minimum Temperature	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Rainfall	177.2 mm (Surigao City, 1971)	Rainfall	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: <b>MGA/ HGDE</b>	VERIFIED BY: <b>MEVT</b>
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**TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN**  
**FWFA: NO. 26 – 015**

**Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM Miyerkules, 21 Enero 2026**

**May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Huwebes, 22 Enero 2026**

**SYNOPSIS:** Kaninang 3:00 AM, ang Tropical Depression (TD) "ADA" {NOKAEN} ay tinatayang nasa 1,205 km silangan ng Hilagang Luzon (17.1°, 133.1°E) na may taglay na lakas ng hangin na 55 km/h malapit sa gitna at pagbugso na umaabot sa 70 km/h. Ito ay kumikilos patungo sa Silangan timog-silangan sa bilis na 20 km/h. Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa Luzon.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHOON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABASA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
<b>Cordillera Administrative Region, Cagayan Valley, Rehiyon ng Bicol, Aurora, at Quezon</b>	Maulap na kalangitan na may mahinang pag-ulan	Malakas hanggang sa mas malakas mula hilagang silangan	19 – 30	13 – 26	60 – 98	4 – 8
<b>Metro Manila, Rehiyon ng Ilocos, natitirang bahagi ng Gitnang Luzon, natitirang bahagi ng CALABARZON, Oriental Mindoro, Occidental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon</b>	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong mahinang pag-ulan	<b>Rehiyon ng Ilocos –</b> Malakas hanggang sa mas malakas mula hilagang silangan  <b>Natitirang bahagi ng Gitnang Luzon –</b> Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan  <b>Metro Manila, natitirang bahagi ng CALABARZON, Oriental Mindoro, Occidental Mindoro, Marinduque, at Romblon –</b> Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilagang kanluran	22 – 32	20 – 29	55 – 97	2 – 6
<b>Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</b>	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulong	<b>Silangang bahagi ng Kabisayaan –</b> Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilaga hanggang hilagang kanluran;  <b>Natitirang bahagi ng bansa–</b> Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula hilagang silangan hanggang hilagang kanluran	23 – 35	21 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4



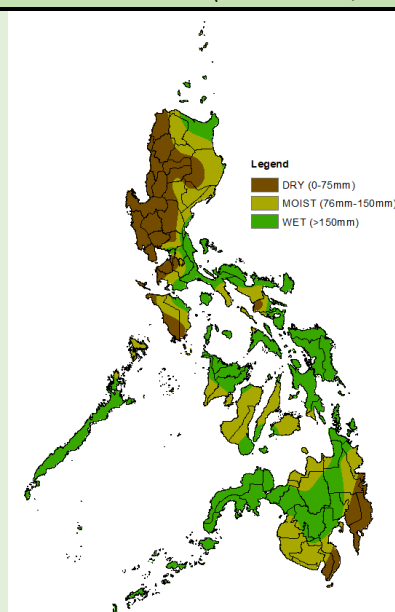
### SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS

#### AMIHAN, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN

- Subaybayan araw-araw ang mga ulat at babala sa panahon mula sa PAGASA.
- Linisin at panatilihin ang mga kanal ng irigasyon, daluyan ng tubig, at mga estero upang maiwasan ang pagbaha.
- Patibayin ang mga punlaan, greenhouse, seedbed, at trellis; ilipat sa mas ligtas na lugar ang mga punla kung maaari.
- Ilayon ang iskedyul ng pagtatanim, pag-iispra, at pag-aani batay sa inaasahang dami ng ulan.
- Siguraduhing maayos ang daluyan ng tubig sa bukid upang maiwasan ang pagbabara ng tubig at pagkabulok ng ugat.
- Itago ang mga naaning pananim at farm inputs sa mataas, tuyo, at may bubong na lugar.
- Iwasan ang paglalagay ng pataba at pag-spray ng pestisidyo sa panahon ng malakas na ulan.
- Unahin ang kaligtasan ng mga magsasaka at manggagawang bukid sa pamamagitan ng pansamantalang pagtigil ng gawain sa bukid kapag masama ang panahon.

### PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

#### KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Enero 1-10, 2026)



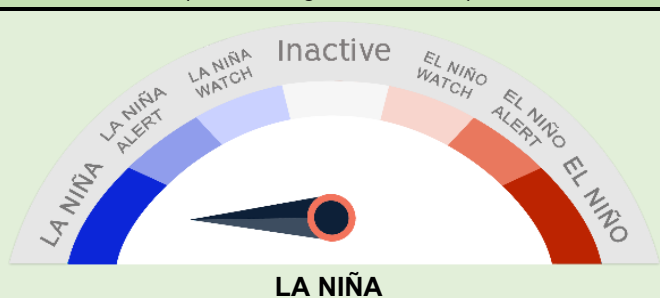
**Basa** – Calayan, Aparri, Lungsod Quezon, Quezon, karamihan ng MIMAROPA, karamihan ng Rehiyon ng Bicol, karamihan ng Kanlurang Visayas, NIR, karamihan ng Gitnang Visayas, karamihan ng Silangang Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Bukidnon, Davao del Norte, Caraga, at Lanao del Sur

**Katamtaman** – Natitirang bahagi ng Lambak ng

Cagayan, Benguet, Aurora, natitirang bahagi ng CALABARZON, Camarines Sur, Lungsod ng Iloilo, Cebu, Southern Leyte, natitirang bahagi ng Tangway ng Zamboanga, natitirang bahagi ng Hilagang Mindanao, at natitirang bahagi ng BARMM

**Tuyo** – Occidental Mindoro, Davao del Sur, at iba pang bahagi ng bansa

#### ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 7 Enero 2026)



<https://pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring>

Magpatupad ng paggamit ng raised beds, contour farming, at tamang pag-level ng bukirin upang at mapabuti ang daloy ng tubig at maiwasan ang waterlogging sa panahon ng tuloy-tuloy na pag-ulan. Palakasin ang mga pilapil at levees sa mga palayan at mabababang sakahan upang mabawasan ang panganib ng pag-apaw ng ilog at kanal. Mag-install ng windbreaks upang maprotektahan ang sensitibong pananim laban sa malalakas na hangin. Anihin ang mga hinog at halos hinog na pananim bago dumating ang malalakas na ulan upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi at matiyak ang maayos na kalidad pagkatapos ng ani. Protektahan ang mga inaning produkto gamit ang mga dryer, may takip na patuyuan, o nakataas na patungan. Magsagawa ng regular na inspeksyon sa mga storage facilities, at siguraduhing ang lahat ng ani, binhi, at feeds ay nakalagay sa tuyo, mataas, at maaliwalas na lugar upang maiwasan ang pagbuo ng amag at pagkasira. Ipapatupad ang nakaiskedyul na pest at disease scouting, lalo na para sa mga fungal infections na karaniwang lumalabas pagkatapos ng tuloy-tuloy na ulan, at agad na mag-apply ng angkop na kontrol. Makipag-ugnayan nang malapit sa Municipal/City Agriculture Office para sa updates at emergency support na may kinalaman sa epekto ng masamang panahon sa agrikultura sa inyong lugar. Regular na sundan ang opisyal na accounts ng PAGASA sa social media o bisitahin ang kanilang website para sa pinakabagong ulat at advisory tungkol sa lagay ng panahon sa inyong lugar.



**PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA**

**GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN**

**Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon** (Batanes, hilagang baybayin ng Ilocos Norte {Pagudpud, Bangui, Burgos}, at Cagayan kasama ang Babuyan Islands), **silangang baybayin ng Luzon** (Isabela, Aurora {Dilasag, Casiguran, Dinalungan, Dipaculao, Baler}, hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Polillo Islands {hilagang baybayin ng Panukulan, hilagang silangang baybayin ng Burdeos, hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Patnanungan, hilaga at silangang baybayin ng Jomalig}), **at kanlurang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon** (kanlurang baybayin ng Ilocos Norte {Pasuquin, Bacarra, Laoag City, Paoay, Currimao, Pinili, Badoc}, at Ilocos Sur {Sinait, Cabugao, San Juan, Magsingal, Santo Domingo, San Vicente, Santa Catalina, City ng Vigan}).

**Maalon hanggang napaka-alon na karagatan ang inaasahan sa Hilagang Luzon at silangang bahagi ng Gitna at Katimugang Luzon**, habang ang natitirang bahagi ng Gitnang Luzon at silangang bahagi ng Kabisayaan ay makakaranas ng **katamtaman hanggang maalon na karagatan**. Ang natitirang bahagi ng bansa ay magkakaroon ng **banayad hanggang katamtamang alon**. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

**DAGDAG KAALAMAN**

**DAILY EXTREMES**

**MONTHLY EXTREMES**

Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.0 °C (General Santos City, 1988)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.7 °C (Ambulong, 1977)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	8.9 °C (Baguio City, 1982)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	6.3 °C (Baguio City, 1961)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	177.2 mm (Surigao City, 1971)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	427.8 mm (Borongan 2011)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **MGA / HGDE**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MEVT**