



## FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES

FWFA: NO. 25 – 221

Issued: 7:00 AM, Monday, 22 September 2025

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Tuesday, 23 September 2025

**SYNOPSIS:** At 3:00 AM today, the center of the eye of Super Typhoon "NANDO" {RAGASA} was located based on all available data at 265 km East of Calayan, Cagayan (19.2°N, 124.0°E) with maximum sustained winds of 205 km/h near the center and gustiness of up to 250 km/h. It is moving West Northwestward at 20 km/h. Southwest Monsoon affecting Southern Luzon, Visayas, and Mindanao.

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (°C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
<b>Batanes, Cagayan including Babuyan Islands, Isabela, Ilocos Norte, Ilocos Sur, Apayao, Abra, Kalinga, Mountain Province, and Ifugao</b>	Stormy	Stormy	24 – 29	18 – 27	70 - 100	>12
<b>Zambales, Tarlac, Nueva Ecija, Pampanga, Bulacan, Aurora, Quezon, the rest of Ilocos Region, the rest of Cordillera Administrative Region, and the rest of Cagayan Valley</b>	Rains with gusty winds	Gusty winds	23 – 30	16 – 28	70 - 100	>12
<b>Metro Manila, MIMAROPA, Bataan, and the rest of CALABARZON</b>	Occasional rains	Moderate to strong from southwest	23 – 30	20 – 29	65 - 98	8 – 12
<b>Bicol Region, Western Visayas, and Zamboanga Peninsula</b>	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	<b>Bicol Region and Western Visayas –</b> Moderate to strong from southwest;  <b>Zamboanga Peninsula –</b> Moderate from southwest	23 – 30	20 – 29	60 - 98	4 – 8
<b>The rest of the country</b>	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	<b>Rest of Visayas –</b> Moderate to strong from southwest;  <b>Rest of Mindanao –</b> Moderate from southwest	22 – 35	20 – 29	50 – 97	0 – 4



### AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS

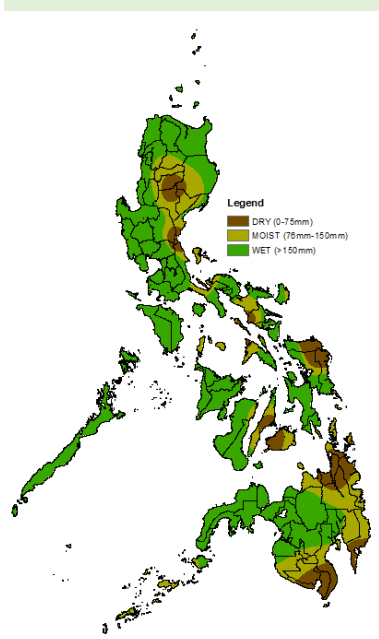
#### STY NANDO, SOUTHWEST MONSOON, THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS

- Check irrigation systems before heavy rains to ensure they are not clogged or damaged, preventing overflows.
- Avoid applying fertilizers or pesticides right before heavy rains, as runoff can waste inputs and pollute water sources.
- Use organic matter or compost to enrich soil and improve water retention.
- Harvest during dry weather whenever possible to maintain product quality and avoid excess moisture.
- Handle produce carefully to reduce bruising, cuts, or damage that can shorten shelf life.
- Dry grains (e.g., rice, corn) immediately after harvest using solar dryers or mechanical dryers to prevent mold and aflatoxin buildup.
- Use elevated, well-ventilated storage facilities to protect harvested crops from pests, rodents, and flooding.
- Stack sacks and crates properly with enough space for air circulation; avoid direct contact with floors or walls by using wooden pallets.
- Store fertilizers, pesticides, and chemicals separately from harvested crops to prevent contamination.
- Use waterproof tarpaulins or covered vans when transporting produce to protect them from rain and excess moisture.

### FARM ADVISORY

#### SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION

(September 1 – 10, 2025)



**Wet** – Ilocos Region, Cagayan Valley, Cordillera Administrative Region, most parts of Central Luzon, National Capital Region, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, most parts of Bicol Region, Western Visayas, most parts of Central Visayas, Eastern Visayas, Zamboanga del Norte, Northern Mindanao, Davao del Norte, Caraga Region, and BARMM

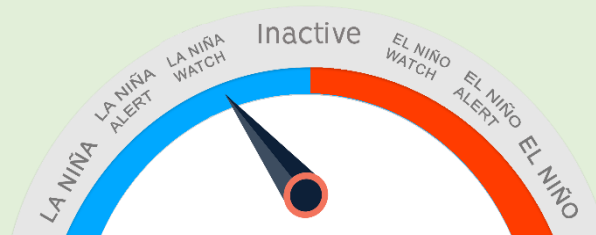
**Moist** – Most parts of Bulacan, Zamboanga del Sur and Davao del Sur

**Dry** – Rest of the country

#### ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS

(updated: 26 August 2025)

#### LA NIÑA WATCH



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Farmers should clean and strengthen canals, dikes, and furrows to prevent flooding. Plant early-maturing and flood-tolerant crops to lessen losses during heavy rains. Apply fertilizer only when the weather is clear to avoid wastage. Practice crop rotation and intercropping to keep the soil healthy. Stake or tie tall crops like corn, beans, ampalaya, and tomato to stop them from falling. Watch out for pests and diseases that spread in wet fields, and harvest mature crops early before strong rains.

### FISHING ADVISORY

#### GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION

Gale Warning is raised over the **seaboards of Northern Luzon** (Batanes, the northern coast of Cagayan {Santa Praxedes, Claveria, Sanchez-Mira, Pamplona, Abulug, Ballesteros, Aparri, Buguey, Santa Teresita, Gonzaga, Santa Ana} including Babuyan Islands, and Ilocos Norte), **the western and eastern seaboards of Northern Luzon** (the eastern coast of Cagayan {Lal-lo, Gattaran, Banggao, Peñablanca}, Ilocos Sur, and Isabela), and **the western seaboard of Northern Luzon and the eastern seaboard of Central Luzon** (La Union, Pangasinan, and Aurora {Casiguran, Dilasag}).



Moderate to rough seas will prevail over **the seaboards of Southern Luzon and Visayas** while moderate seas will be experienced over the **rest of the archipelago**. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	37.5 °C (Catarman, 1992)	Maximum Temperature	38.9 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1963)
Minimum Temperature	13.5 °C (Baguio City, 1935)	Minimum Temperature	12.6 °C (Baguio City, 1990)
Rainfall	405.6 mm (Iba, Zambales; 2013)	Rainfall	799.8 mm (Baguio City, 1911)
PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: <b>RAMF / RVDD</b>		VERIFIED BY: <b>MEVT</b>	



## TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

FWFA: NO. 25 – 221

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM, Lunes, 22 Setyembre 2025

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM, Martes, 23 Setyembre 2025

**SYNOPSIS:** Kaninang 3:00 AM, ang sentro ng mata ng Super Typhoon "NANDO" {RAGASA} ay tinatayang nasa layong 265 km silangan ng Calayan, Cagayan (19.2°N, 124.0°E) na may lakas ng hangin na 205 km/h malapit sa gitna at pagbugso na umaabot sa 250 km/h. Ito ay kumikilos patungo sa kanluran hilagang kanluran sa bilis na 20 km/h. Habagat ang nakakaapekto sa Katimugang Luzon, Kabisayaan, at Mindanao.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHOON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABA SA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababang Bukirin	Mababa ng Bukirin		
<b>Batanes, Cagayan kasama ang mga Isla ng Babuyan, Isabela, Ilocos Norte, Ilocos Sur, Apayao, Abra, Kalinga, Mountain Province, at Ifugao</b>	Masungit na panahon	Masungit na panahon	24 – 29	18 – 27	70 - 100	>12
<b>Zambales, Tarlac, Nueva Ecija, Pampanga, Bulacan, Aurora, Quezon, natitirang bahagi ng Rehiyon ng Ilocos, natitirang bahagi ng Cordillera Administrative Region, at natitirang bahagi ng Lambak ng Cagayan</b>	Maulan na may pagbugso ng hangin	May pagbugso ng hangin	23 – 30	16 – 28	70 - 100	>12
<b>Metro Manila, MIMAROPA, Bataan, at natitirang bahagi ng CALABARZON</b>	Paminsan-minsang pag-ulan	Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula timog-kanluran	23 – 30	20 – 29	65 - 98	8 – 12
<b>Rehiyon ng Bicol, Kanlurang Kabisayaan, at Zamboanga Peninsula</b>	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulong	<b>Rehiyon ng Bicol at Kanlurang Kabisayaan –</b> Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula timog-kanluran;  <b>Zamboanga Peninsula –</b> Katamtaman mula timog-kanluran	23 – 30	20 – 29	60 - 98	4 – 8



<b>Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</b>	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulog	<b>Natitirang bahagi ng Kabisayaan – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula timog-kanluran;</b>  <b>Natitirang bahagi ng Mindanao – Katamtaman mula timog-kanluran</b>	22 – 35	20 – 29	50 – 97	0 – 4
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**SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS**

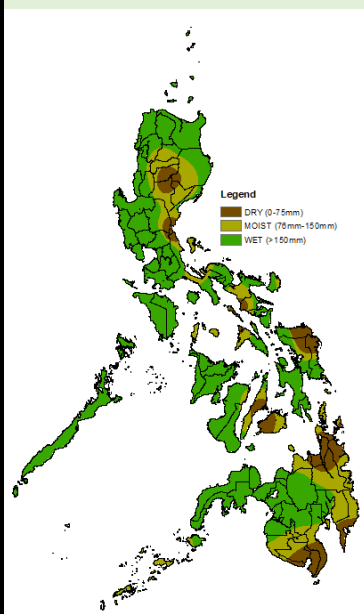
**STY NANDO, HABAGAT, PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN**

- Suriin ang mga sistema ng irigasyon bago ang malalakas na ulan upang matiyak na hindi ito barado o sira, at maiwasan ang sobrang pag-apaw.
- Iwasang maglagay ng pataba o pestisidyo bago ang malalakas na ulan, dahil maaaring tangayin lamang ito at makapagdulot ng polusyon sa mga daluyan ng tubig.
- Gumamit ng organikong pataba o kompost upang mapayaman ang lupa at mapanatili ang tamang halumigmig.
- Mag-ani sa tuyo o maaraw na panahon hangga't maaari upang mapanatili ang kalidad ng produkto at maiwasan ang sobrang halumigmig.
- Hawakan nang maingat ang mga ani upang maiwasan ang pagkadurog, pagkagassgas, o pagkasira na nakababawas sa tagal ng imbakan.
- Patuyuin agad ang mga butil (hal. palay, mais) pagkatapos anihin gamit ang solar dryer o mechanical dryer upang maiwasan ang amag at aflatoxin.
- Gumamit ng mataas at maaliwalas na imbakan upang maprotektahan ang mga ani laban sa peste, daga, at pagbaha.
- Ayusin nang maayos ang pagkakapatong ng mga sako at kahon at maglaan ng espasyo para sa sirkulasyon ng hangin; gumamit ng papag upang hindi direktang nakalapat sa sahig o dingding.
- Itabi nang hiwalay ang mga pataba, pestisidyo, at kemikal mula sa mga inaning produkto upang maiwasan ang kontaminasyon.
- Gumamit ng waterproof na tolda o saradong van sa pagdadala ng ani upang maprotektahan ito laban sa ulan at sobrang halumigmig.



## PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN

### KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Setyembre 1 – 10, 2025)



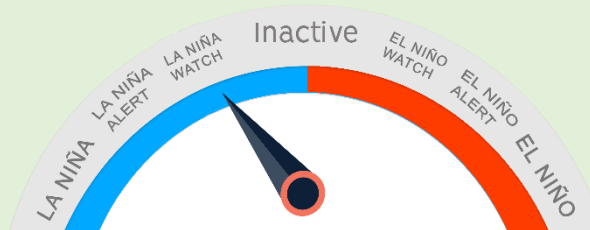
**Basa** –Rehiyon ng Ilocos, Lambak ng Cagayan, Cordillera Administrative Region, malaking bahagi ng Gitnang Luzon, National Capital Region, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, malaking bahagi sa Rehiyon ng Bicol, Kanlurang Kabisayaan,, malaking bahagi sa Gitnang Kabisayaan, Silangang Kabisayaan, Zamboanga del Norte, Hilagang Mindanao, Davao del Norte, Rehiyon ng Caraga, at BARMM

**Katamtaman** – malaking bahagi ng Bulacan, Zamboanga del Sur at Davao del Sur

**Tuyo** – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa

### ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 26 Agosto 2025)

#### LA NIÑA WATCH



<https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring>

Dapat linisin at patibayin ng mga magsasaka ang mga kanal, pilapil, at tudling upang maiwasan ang pagbaha. Mainam ding magtanim ng mga pananim na maagang mahinog at matibay sa baha upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi sa malalakas na ulan. Mag-abono lamang kapag maliwanag ang panahon upang hindi masayang, at isagawa ang crop rotation at intercropping upang mapanatiling mataba at malusog ang lupa. Talian o suportahan ang matatangkad na pananim gaya ng mais, sitaw, ampalaya, at kamatis upang hindi mabuwal. Bukod dito, magbantay laban sa mga peste at sakit na mabilis kumalat sa basang bukirin, at anihin agad ang mga hinog na pananim bago pa man dumating ang malalakas na pag-ulan.

## PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

### GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa **mga baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon** (Batanes, hilagang baybayin ng Cagayan {Santa Praxedes, Claveria, Sanchez-Mira, Pamplona, Abulug, Ballesteros, Aparri, Buguey, Santa Teresita, Gonzaga, Santa Ana} kasama ang mga Isla ng Babuyan, at Ilocos Norte), **kanluran at silangang mga baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon** (silangang baybayin ng Cagayan {Lal-lo, Gattaran, Banggao, Peñablanca}, Ilocos Sur, at Isabela), at **kanlurang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon at silangang baybayin ng Gitnang Luzon** (La Union, Pangasinan, at Aurora {Casiguran, Dilasag}).

Katamtaman hanggang sa maalon na karagatan ang iiral sa **mga baybayin sa Katimugang Luzon at Kabisayaan** samantalang katamtamang pag-alon ng karagatan ang mararanasan sa **natitirang bahagi ng kapuluan**. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

### DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.5 °C (Catarman, 1992)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	38.9 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1963)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	13.5 °C (Baguio City, 1935)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	12.6 °C (Baguio City, 1990)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	405.6 mm (Iba, Zambales; 2013)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	799.8 mm (Baguio City, 1911)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **RAMF / RVDD**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MEVT**