



## FARM WEATHER FORECAST AND ADVISORIES

FWFA: NO. 25 – 056

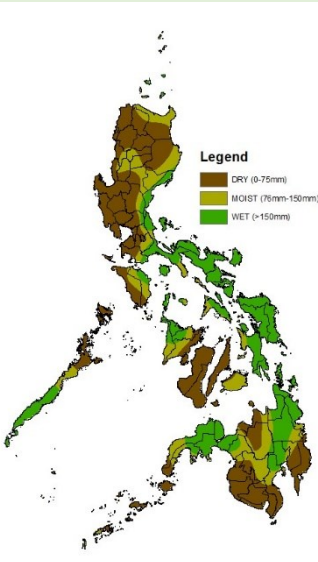
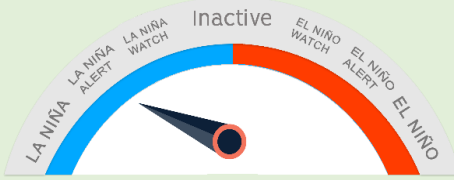
Issued: 7:00 AM, Friday, 07 March 2025

Valid until: 7:00 AM, Saturday, 08 March 2025

**SYNOPSIS:** Shear Line affecting the eastern section of Northern Luzon. Northeast Monsoon affecting Extreme Northern Luzon. Easterlies affecting the rest of the country.

FORECAST AREA	AGRI-WEATHER	WINDS	TEMPERATURE (°C)		RH%	LEAF WETNESS (HRS)
			LOWLAND	UPLAND		
<b>Mainland Cagayan, Apayao, Kalinga, Isabela, and Aurora</b>	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and isolated thunderstorms	<b>Mainland Cagayan, Apayao, Kalinga and Isabela,</b> – Strong from northeast;  <b>Aurora</b> – Moderate to strong from northeast;	22 – 31	19– 29	65 – 98	4 – 8
<b>Caraga, Southern Leyte, and Davao Oriental</b>	Cloudy skies with scattered rains and thunderstorms	Light to moderate from east to northeast	24 – 32	22 – 30	55 – 97	4 – 6
<b>Batanes and Babuyan Islands</b>	Cloudy skies with rains	Strong from northeast;	22 – 25	20 – 23	60 – 98	0 – 6
<b>Ilocos Norte</b>	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated light rains	Strong from northeast	24 – 33	21 – 30	60 – 98	0 – 6
<b>Metro Manila and the rest of the country</b>	Partly cloudy to cloudy skies with isolated rainshowers or thunderstorms	<b>Rest of Northern Luzon</b> – Strong from northeast;  <b>Rest of Central Luzon</b> – Moderate to strong from northeast;  <b>Rest of the country</b> – Light to moderate from east to northeast	23 – 36	15 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4



FARM ADVISORY	
SOIL MOISTURE CONDITION (February 21 – 28, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (as of 26 February 2025)
 <p><b>Wet</b> – Batanes, Aparri, Calayan, Itbayat, Aurora, Bulacan, Quezon, southern portions of Palawan, Calapan, Bicol Region, Capiz, Eastern Visayas, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, Zamboanga del Norte, Zamboanga del Sur, and Lanao del Sur</p> <p><b>Moist</b> – Isabela, Nueva Viscaya, Tarlac, Rizal, Romblon, Central portion of Palawan, Oriental Mindoro, Siquijor, Tagbilaran City, Davao del Sur, and Maguindanao</p> <p><b>Dry</b> – Rest of the country</p>	<p><b>MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK</b>  <b>LA NIÑA ALERT</b></p>  <p><a href="https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring">https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/elnino-la-nina/monitoring</a></p> <p>Enhance farm resilience by building drainage canals to prevent waterlogging and applying fungicides or biocontrol agents to manage fungal diseases. Prune fruit trees to reduce wind damage and store tools and machinery in covered areas to prevent deterioration. Regularly inspect crops for stress, pests, or diseases and apply necessary treatments. Repair damaged irrigation channels and dikes to prepare for future rainfall. To reduce post-harvest losses and increase income, process perishable products into value-added goods such as dried fruits, pickled vegetables, or flour</p>

AREAS AFFECTED BY THE WEATHER SYSTEMS	HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)
<p><b>NORTHEAST MONSOON, EASTERLIES, SHEARLINE, AND THUNDERSTORMS AND MODERATE TO HEAVY RAINS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inspect crops regularly for pests and diseases and address outbreaks immediately.</li> <li>Adjust irrigation frequency based on weather, soil type, and crop needs.</li> <li>Avoid over-irrigation to prevent root rot. Water plants early morning for better absorption.</li> <li>Inspect and clean drainage channels regularly to prevent blockages.</li> <li>Harvest crops on dry days to avoid spoilage, fungal infections, and loss of market value.</li> <li>Handle produce carefully during transport to prevent damage and contamination.</li> </ul>	<p>The Heat Index is a human discomfort index that gives the apparent temperature on what humans perceive or feel as the temperature (from the surroundings) affecting the body. High air temperature and high relative humidity results to high apparent temperature</p> <p><a href="https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index">https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index</a></p>

FISHING ADVISORY
GALE WARNING AND SEA CONDITION
<p>Gale Warning is raised over <b>the northern seaboard of Northern Luzon</b> (Batanes, Cagayan Including Babuyan Islands, And Ilocos Norte) <b>and western seaboard of Northern Luzon</b> (Ilocos Sur).</p> <p>Rough seas will be experienced over the seaboard of <b>Northern Luzon</b>. Moderate to rough seas are expected over <b>Central Luzon</b> while slight to moderate seas will prevail over the <b>rest of the archipelago</b>. Still be reminded to be very careful in fishing, especially those using small seacraft. Always bring an emergency kit. Be updated for the latest weather updates and farm advisories from DOST- PAGASA.</p>



Republic of the Philippines  
**DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and**  
**Astronomical Services Administration**  
**(PAGASA)**



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Maximum Temperature	37.7 °C (Tuguegarao, 1961)	Maximum Temperature	40.0 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1978)
Minimum Temperature	10.0 °C (Baguio City, 1972)	Minimum Temperature	7.4 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Rainfall	287.6 mm (Hinatuan City, 1990)	Rainfall	401.0 mm (Casiguran, 1971)
PREPARED/UPLOADED BY: <b>MGA / MAM</b>		VERIFIED BY: <b>MTR</b>	



## TAYA NG PANAHOON AT MGA PAYONG PANSAKAHAN

FWFA: NO. 25 – 056

Inilabas ng: 7:00 AM, Biyernes, 07 Marso 2025

May bisa hanggang: 7:00 AM Sabado, 08 Marso 2025

**SYNOPSIS:** Shearline ang naakakaapekto sa silangang bahagi ng Hilagang Luzon. Amihan ang nakakaapekto sa dulong Hilagang Luzon. Easterlies ang nakakaapekto sa natitirang bahagi ng bansa.

LUGAR NG PAGTAYA	LAGAY NG PANAHOON PANG-AGRIKULTURA	HANGIN	TEMPERATURA (°C)		RH%	PAGKABA SA NG DAHON (ORAS)
			Mababa ng Bukirin	Mataas na Bukirin		
<b>Kalupaan ng Cagayan, Apayao, Kalinga, Isabela, at Aurora</b>	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pulo-pulong pagkidlat-pagkulog	<b>Kalupaan ng Cagayan, Apayao, Kalinga, at Isabela,</b> —Malakas mula hilagang silangan;  <b>Aurora</b> – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan;	22 – 31	19– 29	65 – 98	4 – 8
<b>Caraga, Katimugang Leyte, at Davao Oriental</b>	Maulap na kalangitan na may kalat-kalat na pag-ulan at pagkidlat-pagkulog	Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula silangan hanggang hilagang silangan	24 – 32	22 – 30	55 – 97	4 – 6
<b>Batanes at mga isla ng Babuyan Islands</b>	Maulap na kalangitan na may pag-ulan	Malakas mula hilagang silangan;	22 – 25	20 – 23	60 – 98	0 – 6
<b>Ilocos Norte</b>	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong mahinang pag-ulan	Malakas mula hilagang silangan;	24 – 33	21 – 30	60 – 98	0 – 6
<b>Metro Manila at natitirang bahagi ng bansa</b>	Bahagyang maulap hanggang sa maulap na kalangitan na may pulu-pulong pag-ulan o pagkidlat-pagkulog	<b>Natitirang bahagi ng Hilagang Luzon</b> —Malakas mula hilagang silangan;  <b>Natitirang bahagi ng Gitnang Luzon</b> – Katamtaman hanggang sa malakas mula hilagang silangan;  <b>Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</b> – Mahina hanggang sa katamtaman mula silangan hanggang hilagang silangan	23 – 36	15 – 32	50 – 96	0 – 4



SA MGA LUGAR NA APEKTADO NG WEATHER SYSTEMS	HEAT INDEX MONITORING AND FORECASTING (OBSERVED AND 2-DAY FORECAST)
<p><b>AMIHAN, EASTERLIES, SHEARLINE, AT PAGKIDLAT-PAGKULOG, AT KATAMTAMAN HANGGANG MALAKAS NA PAG-ULAN</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Regular na suriin ang mga pananim para sa peste at sakit at agad na tugunan ang anumang paglaganap.</li> <li>Ayusin ang dalas ng patubig batay sa panahon, uri ng lupa, at pangangailangan ng pananim.</li> <li>Iwasan ang labis na patubig upang maiwasan ang pagkabulok ng ugat. Patubigan ang mga halaman nang maaga sa umaga para sa mas epektibong pagsipsip.</li> <li>Regular na suriin at linisin ang mga kanal ng irigasyon upang maiwasan ang bara.</li> <li>Anihin ang mga pananim sa tuyo at maaliwalas na panahon upang maiwasan ang pagkasira, amag, at pagbagsak ng halaga sa merkado.</li> <li>Hawakan nang maingat ang ani sa transportasyon upang maiwasan ang pinsala at kontaminasyon.</li> </ul>	<p>Ang init na nararamdaman ng katawan ng tao (apparent temperature) ay hindi akma nang nasusukat gamit lamang ang temperature ng hangin (air temperature). Ito ay mas tamang naitataya kung isasama ang datos ng alinsangan o halumigmig (relative humidity). Ang impormasyon na ito ay tinatawag na Heat Index at ito ay matutukoy gamit ang Heat Index Chart.</p> <p><a href="https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index">https://www.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/climate-heat-index</a></p>

PAYONG PANGSAKAHAN	
KALAGAYAN NG LUPANG SAKAHAN (Pebrero 21 – 28, 2025)	ENSO ALERT SYSTEM STATUS (mula noong 26 Pebrero 2025)
<div data-bbox="95 1137 466 1774"> <p><b>Legend</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DRY (0-75mm)</li> <li>MOIST (76mm-150mm)</li> <li>WET (&gt;150mm)</li> </ul> </div> <p><b>Basa</b> – Batanes, Aparri, Calayan, Itbayat, Aurora, Bulacan, Quezon, katimugang bahagi ng Palawan, Calapan, Bicol Region, Capiz, Eastern Visayas, Davao del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur, Zamboanga del Norte, Zamboanga del Sur, at Lanao del Sur</p> <p><b>Katamtaman</b> – Isabela, Nueva Viscaya, Tarlac, Rizal, Romblon, gitnang bahagi ng Palawan, Oriental Mindoro, Siquijor, Tagbilaran City, Davao del Sur, at Maguindanao</p> <p><b>Tuyo</b> – Natitirang bahagi ng bansa</p>	<p><b>MONTHLY CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND OUTLOOK</b>  <b>LA NIÑA ALERT</b></p> <div data-bbox="916 1160 1407 1348"> </div> <p><a href="https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring">https://bagong.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/climate/el-nino-la-nina/monitoring</a></p> <p>Palakasin ang katatagan ng sakahan sa pamamagitan ng paggawa ng mga kanal para maiwasan ang pagbara ng tubig at paglalagay ng fungicide o biocontrol agents upang mapigilan ang paglaganap ng fungal diseases. Putulan ang mga punong namumunga upang mabawasan ang pinsala mula sa malakas na hangin at itago nang maayos ang mga kagamitan at makinarya upang maiwasan ang pagkasira. Regular na suriin ang mga pananim para sa stress, peste, o sakit at agad na ipatupad ang angkop na lunas. Kumpunihin ang mga sirang kanal ng irigasyon at pilapil upang mapaghandaan ang mga susunod na pag-ulan. Upang mabawasan ang pagkalugi matapos ang anihan at mapataas ang kita, iproseso ang mga nabubulok na produkto bilang pinatuyong prutas, atsara, o harina.</p>



## PAYO SA MGA MANGINGISDA

### GALE WARNING AT KONDISYON NG KARAGATAN

Nakataas ang Gale Warning sa **hilagang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon** (Batanes, Cagayan Including Babuyan Islands, And Ilocos Norte) **at kanlurang baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon** (Ilocos Sur).

Maalon na karagatan ang mararanasan sa mga **baybayin ng Hilagang Luzon**. Katamtaman hanggang sa maalon na karagatan ang inaasahan **sa Gitnang Luzon** samantalang banayad hanggang sa katamtamang pag-alon ng karagatan ang iiral sa **natitirang baybayin ng bansa**. Ang mga mangingisda ay pinapaalalahanan na palaging mag-ingat, ugaliing magdala ng mga gamit pangkagipitan, magbantay at makinig sa mga paalala at patalastas mula sa DOST-PAGASA.

### DAGDAG KAALAMAN

DAILY EXTREMES		MONTHLY EXTREMES	
Pinakamataas na Temperatura	37.7 °C (Tuguegarao, 1961)	Pinakamataas na Temperatura	40.0 °C (Tuguegarao City, 1978)
Pinakamababang Temperatura	10.0 °C (Baguio City, 1972)	Pinakamababang Temperatura	7.4 °C (Baguio City, 1963)
Pinakamaraming Ulan	287.6 mm (Hinatuan City, 1990)	Pinakamaraming Ulan	401.0 mm (Casiguran, 1971)

INIHANDA HANDA/INI-UPLOAD NINA: **MGA / MAM**

BINIGYANG PANSIN NI: **MTR**