

# Decisions in MIPS Assembly Language

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- All instructions we've seen so far allow us to manipulate data. To build a computer we must have the ability to make decisions.

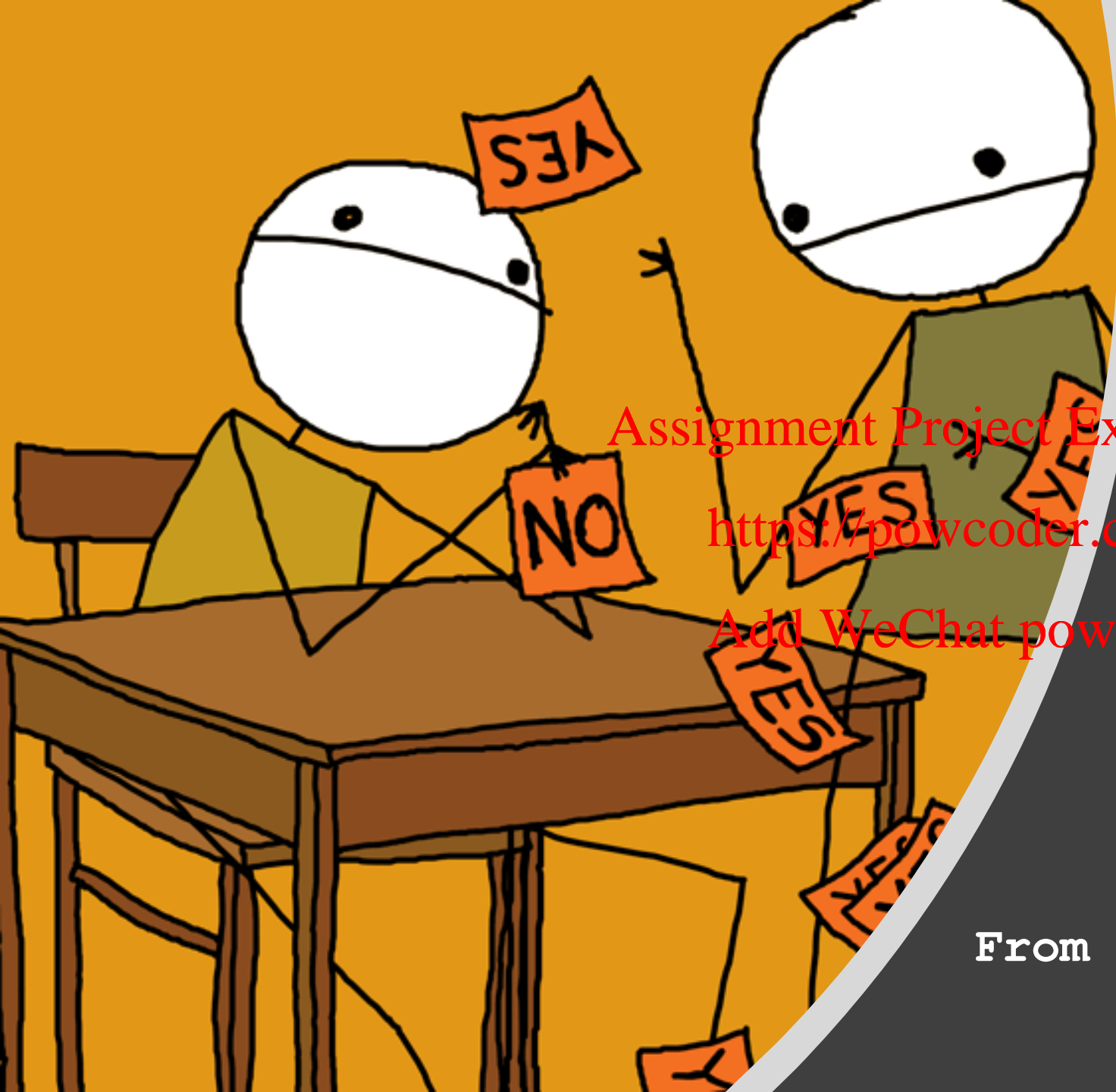
# Decisions in High-Level Languages

- Conditional Statements : `if`, `if-else`, `switch`
- Loops: `while`, `do while`, `for`
- Equality and Inequalities: `==` `!=` `<` `>` `<=` `>=`

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# Branches

From if-else/switch to assembly

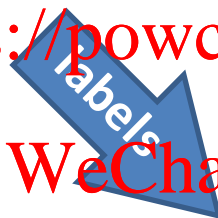
# Conditional Statement in HLL

```
// if-else in C/Java
if (condition) clause
if (condition) {
    clause1
}
else {
    clause2
}
```

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```
// C: Rewrite with goto
if (condition) goto L1
clause2
goto L2
L1: clause1
L2:
```

Same meaning in C

No **goto** in Java

# Conditional Branches in MIPS

Branch if (registers are) equal: **beq** **reg1**, **reg2**, label

```
// C
if (reg1 == reg2)
    goto label1 ;
```

C to MIPS

```
# MIPS:
# go to label1 if $s1 == $s2
beq $s1 $s2 label1
```

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Branch if (registers are) not equal: **bne** **reg1**, **reg2**, label

```
// C
if (reg1 != reg2)
    goto label1 ;
```

C to MIPS

```
# MIPS
# go to label1 if $s1 != $s2
bne $s1 $s2 label1
```

# Unconditional Branch

- **Jump Instruction:** Jump directly to a label

```
// C goto  
goto label ;
```

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C to MIPS

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```
# MIPS jump  
j label
```

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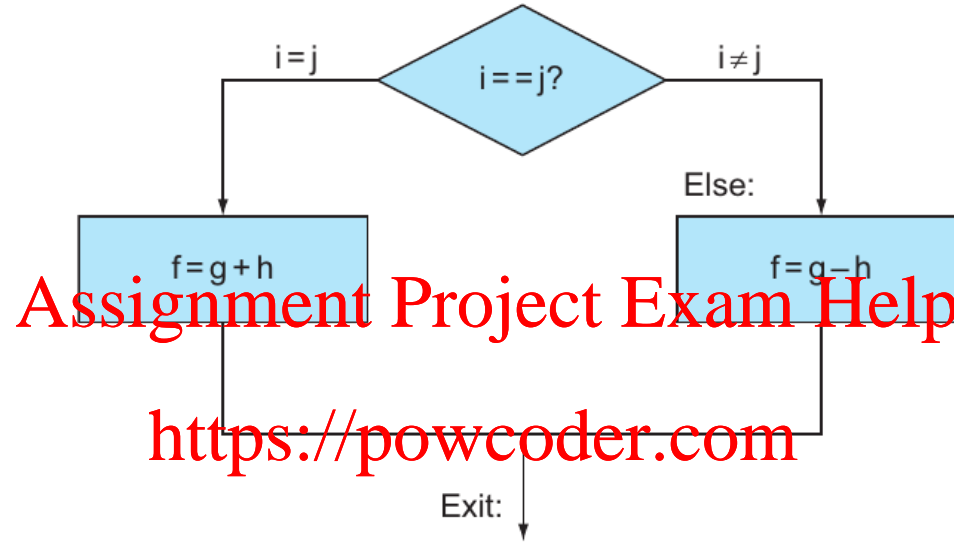
Technically, the following instruction is the same.

**There is an important difference. We will see in MIPS representation!**

```
# beq version  
beq $0, $0, label
```

# Conditional Statement in HLL

```
// C and Java
if ( i == j ) {
    f = g + h ;
} else {
    f = g - h ;
}
```



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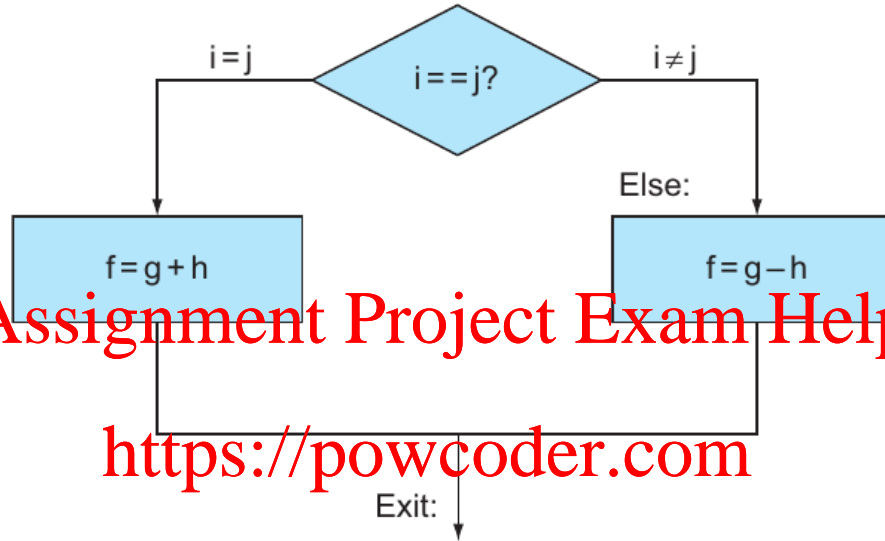
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# Compiling *if-else* into MIPS

```
// C and Java
if ( i == j ) {
    f = g + h ;
} else {
    f = g - h ;
}
```



**compiler** automatically creates labels to handle decisions (branches).

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## Registers

\$s0	f
\$s1	g
\$s2	h
\$s3	i
\$s4	j

# MIPS

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```
beq $s3 $s4 True      # branch i == j
sub $s0, $s1, $s2     # f = g - h (false)
j Exit                # jump to Exit
True: add $s0, $s1, $s2 # f = g + h (true)
Exit:
```

# The Switch Statement in HLL

Choose among four alternatives  
depending on whether *k* has  
the value 0, 1, 2 or 3.

```
// Switch Statement
switch (k) {
    case 0: f=i+j; break ;
    case 1: f=g+h; break ;
    case 2: f=g-h; break ;
    case 3: f=i-j; break ;
}
```

```
// Rewrite it with if-else
if      (k==0) f = i + j ;
else if (k==1) f = g + h ;
else if (k==2) f = g - h ;
else if (k==3) f = i - j ;
```

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# Loops

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**Q: How did the programmer die  
in the shower?**

**A: He read the shampoo bottle  
instructions: Lather. Rinse.  
Repeat.**



# Loops in C and Assembly

HLL has three types of loops: while, do-while, for. Each can be rewritten as the other

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MIPS: There are multiple ways to write a loop with conditional branch

# Loops in HHL: 3 ways

Example: Sum of Series

sum = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5

```
// while
int i = 1 ;
int N = 5 ;
int sum = 0 ;

while ( i<=N ) {
    sum += i ;
    i++ ;
}
```

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```
// for
int i = 1 ;
int N = 5 ;
int sum = 0 ;

for (i=1 ; i<=N ; i++)
    sum += i ;
```

```
// do-while
int i = 1 ;
int N = 5 ;
int sum = 0 ;

do {
    sum += i ;
    i++ ;
} while (i<=N) ;
```

# From do-while to goto

## Example: Sum of Series

sum = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5

```
int i = 1 ;  
int N = 5 ;  
int sum = 0 ;  
// do-while loop in C  
do {  
    sum = sum + i ;  
    i = i + 1 ;  
} while ( i != N ) ;
```

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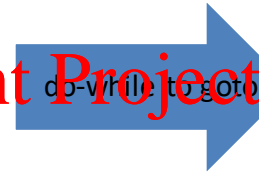
do-while to goto

```
int i = 1 ;  
int N = 5 ;  
int sum = 0 ;  
// Rewrite it with goto in C  
Loop: sum = sum + i ;  
    i = i + 1 ;  
if ( i != N )  
    goto Loop ;
```

# From do-while to MIPS assembly

*// do-while loop in C*

```
do {  
    sum = sum + i ;  
    i = i + 1 ;  
} while ( i != N ) ;
```



*// Rewrite it with goto in C*

```
Loop: sum = sum + i ;  
      i = i + 1 ;  
      if ( i != N )  
          goto Loop ;
```

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## Registers

\$s1	i
\$s2	N
\$s3	sum

*# MIPS code*

```
Loop: add    $s3, $s3, $s1    # sum = sum + i  
      addi   $s1, $s1, 1      # i = i + 1  
      bne    $s1, $s2, Loop   # go to Loop if i != N
```

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# Inequalities

So far, we only test equalities. What about inequalities?



# Inequalities in MIPS

- `beq` and `bne` only tested equalities

```
if ( i == j )  
if ( i != j )
```

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C to MIPS

```
beq $s1 $s2 label1  
bne $s1 $s2 label1
```

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- We need to test `<`, `<=`, `>`, `>=`

```
if ( i < j )  
if ( i <= j )  
if ( i > j )  
if ( i >= j )
```

C to MIPS

# Inequalities in MIPS: `slt`

- Syntax:

`slt reg1, reg2, reg3`

- Compare `reg2` and `reg3`

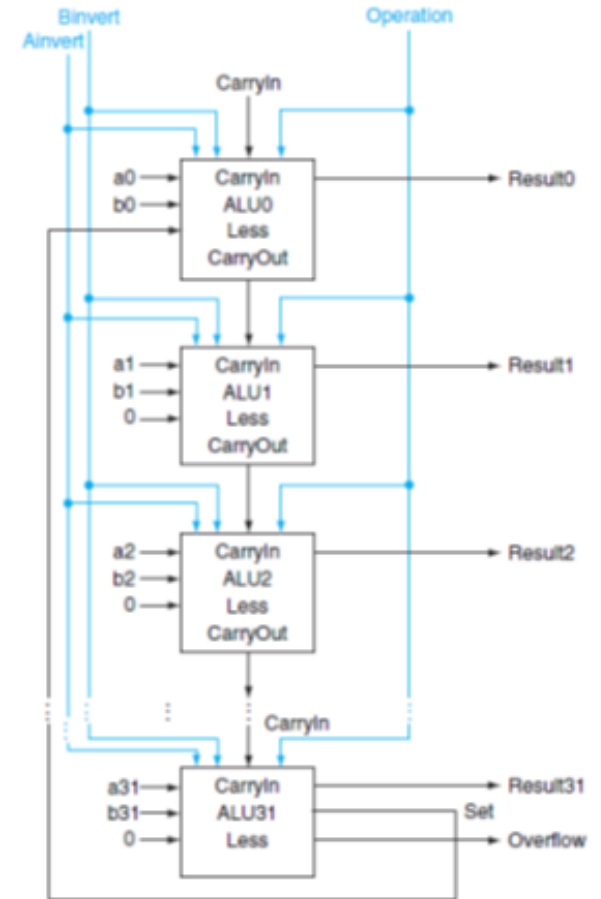
- Place the result in `reg1`

```
// HLL style
if ( reg2 < reg3 )
    reg1 = 1 ;
else
    reg1 = 0 ;
```

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Remember “**S**et on **L**ess **T**han” From ALU?

# Inequalities in MIPS: from *goto* to MIPS



```
// C
if ( g < h )
    goto Less ;
```

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## Registers

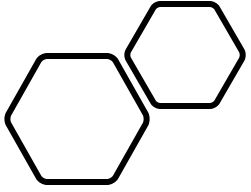
\$s0	g
\$s1	h
\$t0	

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```
# MIPS: branch to Less if $s0 < $s1
slt $t0, $s0, $s1    # if $s0 < $s1 (g < h), $t0 = 1
bne $t0, $0, Less    # branch if $t0 != 0
```

**\$0** always contains 0

`bne` and `beq` often use it for comparison after an `slt` instruction.



# Inequalities in MIPS

We have now seen `slt` for `<`, what about `>`, `<=` and `>=` ?

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MIPS philosophy: **Simpler is Better!** Can we implement them using just `slt` and `beq/bne`

# Four Combinations of `slt` and `beq/bne`

```
slt $t0, $s0, $s1    # $t0 = 1 if $s0 < $s1 (g < h)
bne $t0, $0, Less     # if $t0 != 0, goto Less ( g < h )
```

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```
slt $t0, $s0, $s1    # $t0 = 1 if $s0 < $s1 (g < h)
beq $t0, $0, Geq      # if $t0 == 0, goto Geq ( g >= h )
```

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```
slt $t0, $s1, $s0    # $t0 = 1 if $s1 < $s0 (h > g)
bne $t0, $0, Gtr      # if $t0 != 0 goto Gtr ( g > h )
```

```
slt $t0, $s1, $s0    # $t0 = 1 if $s1 < $s0 (g > h)
beq $t0, $0, Leq      # if $t0 == 0, goto Leq ( g <= h )
```

# Pseudo-instructions for Inequalities

Too complicated? Good News!

MARS translates pseudo-instructions into MIPS instructions

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## PSEUDOINSTRUCTION SET

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NAME	MNEMONIC	OPERATION
Branch Less Than	blt	if( $R[rs] < R[rt]$ ) PC = Label
Branch Greater Than	bgt	if( $R[rs] > R[rt]$ ) PC = Label
Branch Less Than or Equal	ble	if( $R[rs] \leq R[rt]$ ) PC = Label
Branch Greater Than or Equal	bge	if( $R[rs] \geq R[rt]$ ) PC = Label
Load Immediate	li	$R[rd] = \text{immediate}$
Move	move	$R[rd] = R[rs]$



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Inequalities with  
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Immediates

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# Immediates in Inequalities

- **Syntax:**

**slti** **Result** **Source** **Immediate**

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- Result = 1 if Source < Immediate, or 0 otherwise

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- **slti** is the immediate version of **slt**

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```
// C
if ( g >= 1 )
    goto Loop ;
```

```
# MIPS
slti $t0, $s0, 1      # $t0 = 1 if $s0 < 1
beq  $t0, $0, Loop   # goto Loop if $t0 == 0
```



# Unsigned Immediates in Inequalities

- Syntax:

`sltu`   **Result**   **Source1**   **Source2**  
`sltui`   **Result**   **Source**   **Immediate**

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- Set result to 1 or 0 depending on unsigned comparisons

```
# MIPS
slti   $t0, $s0, $s1    # $t0 = 1 if $s0 < $s1
sltui  $t0, $s0, 5      # $t0 = 1 if $s0 < 5
```

# Immediates in Inequalities



Assume  
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$\$s0 = 0xFFFF\ FFFA$

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$\$s1 = 0x\ 0000\ FFFA$

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What is value of  $\$t0$ ,  $\$t1$ ?

```
slt    $t0, $s0, $s1  
sltu   $t1, $s0, $s1
```

# Review and More Information

- High-level languages
  - Conditional statement: `if-else`, `switch`
  - Loop: `while`, `do-while`, `for`
- MIPS uses conditional branches:
  - Equality: `beq`, `bne`
  - Inequality: `slt`, `slti`, `sltu`, `sltiu`
  - Jump: `j`
- Textbook Section 2.7
- **Try it out in MARS**