[Instructions] [Notes] [PostgreSQL] [C] [Q1] [Q2] [Q3] [Q4] [Q5] [Q6] [Q7] [Q8]

Question 1 (16 marks)

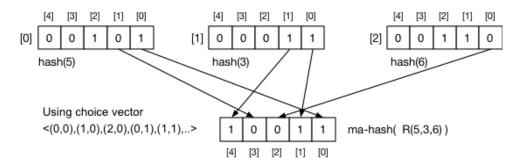
In this question, you need to complete a program that generates a multi-attribute hash (MAH) value, given a choice vector and a tuple.

The code for this guestion is in the g1 directory, which contains:

- mah.c... main program for making the hash value
- bits.c... implementation of a bit-string ADT
- bits.h ... interface definitions for a bit-string ADT
- hash.c ... implementation of a hash function
- hash.h... interface definitions for hash function
- chvec.c... implementation of a choice vector ADT
- chvec.h... interface definitions for choice vector ADT
- tuple.c ... implementation of a simple tuple ADT
- tuple.h ... interface definitions for simple tuple ADT
- Makefile ...for building the program.
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As you should remember from Assignment 2, MAH uses bits from the hash values for several attributes to determine an overall hash for a tuple; which bits of which attributes are used in the overall hash is determined by adhorse vector CCT. COM

Choice Vector Example: consider Stable R(a, b P) with choice Vector <(0,0),(1,0),(2,0),(0,1),(1,1),...>. This tells us that bit 0 (least significant) of the overall hash comes from bit 0 of the first attribute (i.e. attribute "a"); bit 1 of the overall hash comes from bit 0 of the second attribute ("b"), and so on. If we insert a tuple like (5,3,6) into the table, and if hash(5)=00101, hash(3)=00011 and hash(6)=00110, then the overall hash (assuming 5-bit hash values) will be 10011, and so the tuple would be inserted into bucket 19. The following diagram shows this example:



All of the code files are complete and fully-functional except for tuple.c, which you are required to complete. You should not modify any of the other files in developing your solution, unless you want to add debugging code. Note that you only submit tuple.c, so any changes to other files will not be available in the testing environment and will not be marked.

The mah command takes two command-line parameters:

ChoiceVector ... a choice vector in the same format as Assignment 2

• Tuple ... a tuple as a sequence of comma-separated strings

You can build the mah executable by running the make command.

Some examples of use:

The hash value is based on the hash values of the individual attributes and the choice vector:

```
# Hash values

hash(a) = 00101111 11100001 00011010 01110001

hash(b) = 11101011 01100101 01010001 10111010

hash(c) = 01101100 01000111 11011011 00100111

# Choice vector

0, 0ASSISH: Me.H.b., P:rajecto, Ed:X.31M30Help

0,29:1,29:2,29:0,28:1,28:2,28:0,27:1,27:2,27:0,26:1,26:

2,26:0,25:1,25:2,25:0,24:1,24:2,24:0,23:1,23
```

Note that entire 32 bit choice vector is formed by taking what is specified on the commandline and then filling in the remaining bits automatically by interleaving the higher-order bits from the attributes.

If you compile and test the code without changes the hash value will always be all zero.

Your Task: complete the tupleHash() function in tuple.c

The multi-attribute hash value is computed via the tupleHash() function. The function is contained in the tuple.c file and is currently a stub that always returns 0. You need to add code in place of the T0D0 comment to compute the multi-attribute hash using the hashes for the individual attributes and the choice vector. Compute the hash for each attribute using the hash_any() function.

For debugging, consider displaying the hash value for each individual attribute, displaying the choice vector, and checking that the individual bits have correctly been transferred into the MAH hash value.

The tests directory contains a number of test cases for the mah program. You can execute an individual test case by running a command like

```
$ sh tests/01.sh
```

which runs the example above.

You should also be able to devise your own test cases easily enough.

To help you check whether your program is working correctly, there is a script called run_tests.sh which will run the program against all of the tests and report the results. It will also add the output from your program into the tests directory; comparing your output

against the expected output might help you to debug your code. You can run the testing script as:

\$ sh run_tests.sh

Once your function is working (passes all tests), follow the submission instructions below. Even if it fails some (or even all) tests, you should submit because you can get *some* marks. If your program does not compile, or if you simply submit the supplied code, then your "answer" is worth zero marks.

Submission Instructions:

- Type your answer to this question into the file called tuple.c
- Submit via: give cs9315 exam_q1 tuple.c
 or via: Webcms3 > exams > Final Exam > Submit Q1 > Make Submission

End of Question

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