CS 205: Final Exam Question 4 - Modulus and Diophantine

16:198:205

In class and in posted notes, we consider problems like trying to find integer solutions x, y to the equation

$$3x + 5y = D \tag{1}$$

for various values of D. Using congruences, we were able to decouple the x and y variables, determine the 'form' that x and y must have, and then return to the original equation to discover how those two forms were related. Thinking of the above equation as a line, and noting that integer solutions must fall on that line, we were able to construct a 1-dimensional parameterization in terms of an integer parameter k, such that for any integer value of k,

$$x = x_0 + ak$$

$$y = y_0 + bk,$$
(2)

represented an integer solution to the original equation.

- 1) For a given value of D, give an explicit formula for an (x_0, y_0) and a, b to parameterize the integer solutions to the above The formula should be interprof D, and an integer parameter Help 2) Are you confident that your parameterization captures all integer solutions to 3x + 5y = D? For any D? Why?

Consider now the equation: ttps://powcoder.com (3)

- 3) Prove that for any integer value of z, there are integer solutions for x and y.
- 4) Parameterize the set at Cate of Wice Condition of Wicego Cetan integer parameter k. Note, because the above equation represents a plane in 3-D space, the solutions are two dimensional, and thus require two parameters (in this case, z and k).
- 5) Are you confident that your parameterization captures all integer solutions (x, y, z)? Why?

Now consider the system of equations:

$$3x + 5y + 7z = 1$$

$$7x + 3y + 5z = 1.$$
(4)

6) Are there any integer solutions (x, y, z) that satisfy both these equations simultaneously? The intersection of two planes is a line, so give a 1-D integer parameterization of the integer solutions to this system.

Bonus

Adapt your work here to solve for the integer solutions to:

$$21x + 15y + 35z = 1. (5)$$

What complicates the solution here, and how can you approach solving it?