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Assignment Progress ...

 Assignment Project Exam Help
 By now you should have written your system specification and created the corresponding to the Contract **Diagrams**

- (At least in draft format)

ER Diagrams

- An ERD is a model of the world, containing information of interest to the particular system that A do liver Charying to build
- As it is a model, it is usual to make some assumptions when constructing the diagram

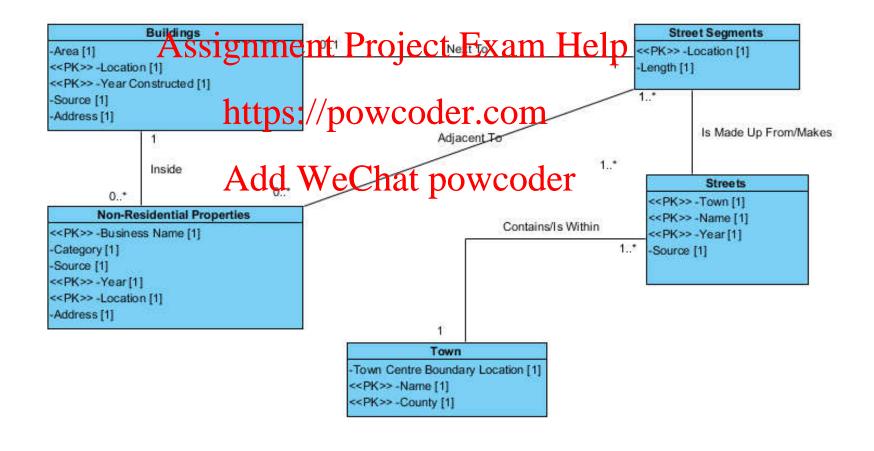
ER Diagrams

• This means that there isn't a 'perfect' answer, and that it is possible that your answers to the WCCIFacilities Management will be SLIGHTLY (only slightly!) different to mine if you have made some different assumptions

ER Diagrams

• In practice, you can use the ERD to discuss and refine your understanding of the system with Athe Wellent poespecially as it is easy to understand by a non-technical person

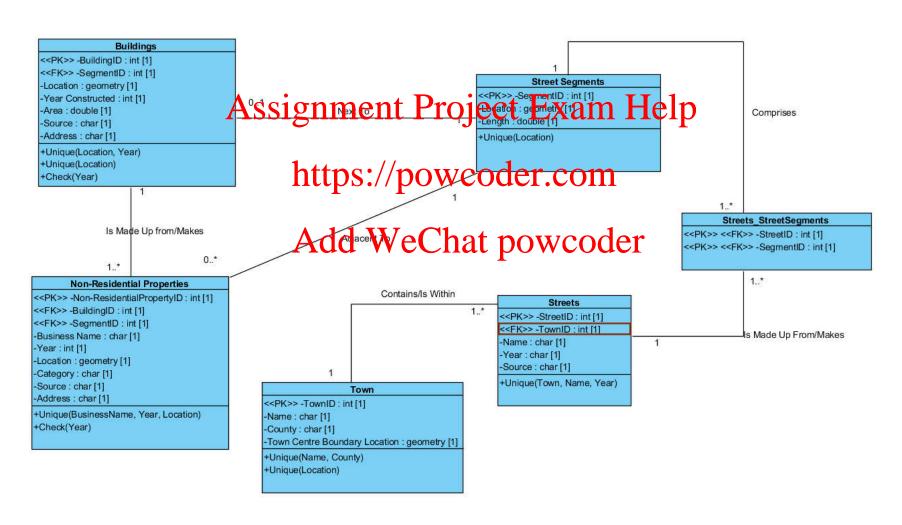
Conceptual to Logical



Conceptual to Logical

- Main Conversion Stepset Exam Help
 - Remove any many:many relationships (more about that today)
 - Replace identifiers with 90 column
 - Add unique constraint
 - Add domain types to the attributes (string, date etc)
 - Add any foreign key fields (see today's lecture)
 - Add any other constraints (see today's lecture)

Conceptual to Logical



Overview

- Assignment Project Exam Help
 Database vocabulary, primary and foreign https://powcoder.com keys
- SQL an introductional powcoder
- SQL DDL
- SQL DML

Database Vocabulary

- Terminology
 - Tables ARegation Broject Exam Help
 - Rows/Recomps//powcoder.com

- Columns / Field SeChat powcoder

<u>S#</u>	STUDENT_SURNAME	STUDENT_NAME
100	Smith	Joe
200	Jones	Robert
300	Francis	Alex
400	Morley	Jeremy

Database Vocabulary

Terminology - Domains/Data Types

```
String https://powcoder.com/date

NumberAdd WeChat pointegoder

Spatial data

String https://powcoder.com/date

spatial data

geometry
```

- Each column stores information using one data type
- In reality there are a whole range of data types for strings and numbers and many other data types - see here:

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.5/static/datatype.html

Database Fundamentals

- Schemas and Instances
 - Schema does not change with time
 Assignment Project Exam Help
 For example, the structure of a table containing
 - For example, the structure of a table containing employed information will always have columns:
 - Name:Surname:DateOfBirth:DateOfEmployment
 - Instance changes with time
 - But the contents of that table will change as more employees are employed or leave

Database Fundamentals

- Transactions
 - A Transaction is an atomic unit of interaction between user and Database Exam Help
 - Insertion https://powcoder.com
 - Modification dup de fat powcoder
 - Deletion
 - Retrieval

Database Fundamentals

- Transactions
 - Many databases are optimised for typical Assignment Project Exam Help transaction processing applications, and handle: https://powcoder.com
 - Many simultaneous users oder
 - Generally short transaction times
 - Support for concurrent access to database
 - File, table, row, field level locking
 - Commit & Rollback operations

Database Vocabulary

- Terminology
 - Key fields
 - Primary Rey Project Exam Help
 - Unique identifier for each row in a table
 - Often composite (made up of multiple fields)
 - Foreign Aced We Chat powcoder
 - Attribute (possibly composite) of a table whose values are required to match those of the primary key of some other table
 - Primary Key in one table (parent) becomes the Foreign Key in the other table (child)

STUDENTS

COURSES

STUDENT SUI	RNAME STUDENT_NAME	COURSE_NAME
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Spatial Decision Support
Smith	Joe _	Topographic & Base mapping
Jones	Assignmentt Proj	Topographic & Base mapping ject Exam Help Remote Sensing and GIS
Francis	1	
Morley	https://powc	coder.comadastral & Land Information
Duine and Marcha Charles		Systems
Primary Key in Stude Becomes foreign key		at powcoder
Exam Grades	EXAM G	Primary Key in Courses

STUDENT_SURNAME	STUDENT_NAME	COURSE_NAME	GRADE
Smith	Joe	Spatial Decision Support	75
Smith	Joe	Topographic and Base Mapping	85
Francis	Alex	Spatial Decision Support	87
Smith	Joe	Remote Sensing and GIS	51

Name	Surname	Salary	Address
John	Smith Assignm	ent Proje	33 Acacia Avenue ect Exam Help
John	Smith		33 Acacia Avenue oder.com

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•Which John Smith earns £33,023 and which one earns £100,929?

ID	Name	Surname	Salary	Address
1001 A	John ssignmer	Smith or Project E	xam Hel	33 Acacia Avenue
1002	John https:/	Smith /powcoder.	com	33 Acacia Avenue

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•NB: It is not enough just to add an ID field. You still don't know which John Smith earns £33,023 and which one earns £100,929!

ID	Name	Surname	Salary	Date of Birth	Address
1001	John A	Smith ssignment l	Project	21/01/1946 Exam Help	33 Acacia Avenue
1002	John	Smith https://po		30/01/1970	33 Acacia Avenue

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•Sometimes, you need to add another field - in this case the date of birth.

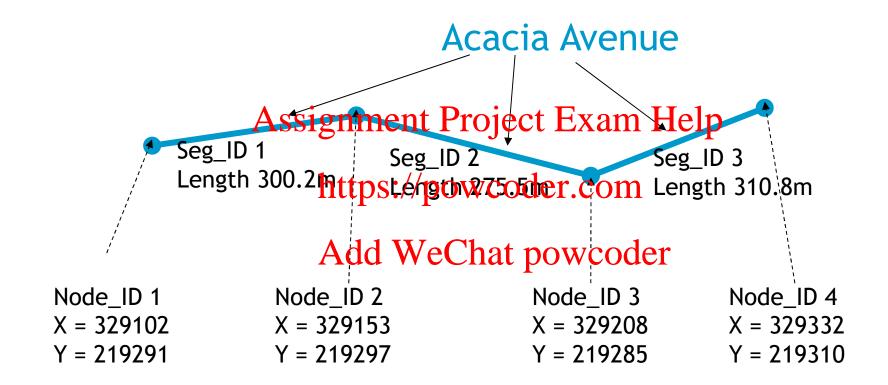
NB: The ID column is a substitute short cut for the REAL primary key

Using Numerical ID Fields

- In many DBMS (for example Microsoft Access) it is possible to create a primary key that is simply an ID value that is automatically incremented when a new row is inserted
- However, this does NOT uniquely define a row, as the link between the number and the rest of the record is arbitrary
- So you need to have a correct primary key first, and you can then use the ID as an alternate key
- Use NOT NULL constraints (see below) to make sure that all required values for the true primary key are filled in

- In a relational database
 - a primary key can have multiple foreign keys that reference it gnment Project Exam Help
 - a foreign key only ever references ONE primary key
 - this a 1:many relationship der.com
 - You can have many many polationships in a conceptual diagram this is how the real world works
 - But many:many relationships have to be modelled using an extra entity (in the logical diagram)

- A many:many Example Acacia Avenue
 - Acacia Avenue is made of multiple segments
 - Each segmeighnasm Project Segan (Which is the substitute key for the geometry) and a length https://powcoder.com Each segment also has a start and end node, which
 - Each segment also has a start and end node, which contain the approximate information.
 - Information must be stored ONLY ONCE



STREETS

Street_ID	Street Name	
1	Acacia Avenue	
	Primary Key in STREETS tab	le becomes

STREET_SEGMENTS

3

Foreign Key in STREET_SEGMENTS xam Help Length Street_N Seg_ID 300-2 powcoder.com

310.8

Primary Key in STREET_SEGMENTS table becomes Foreign Key NODES

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NODES

Node_ID	X	Y	Start Node For Segment ID	End Node for Segment ID
1	329102	219291	1	NULL
2	329153	219297	2	1
3	329208	219285	3	2
4	329332	219310	NULL	3

What happens if we add another street?

Node_ID 5 X = 329208Assignment Project Exam Help Oak Avenue Y = 279285Seg_ID 4 Length 100.2mhttps://powcoder.com WeChat powcode Seg_ID 5 Length 145.5m Node_ID 6 X = 309332Y = 219888

STREET_SEGMENTS

Seg_ID	Length	Street_ID	
1	300.2	1	
2	275.5	1	
3	310.8	nont Droingt	Evon Holn
4	100.2	nenţ Project	Exam neip
5	145.5	2	
	http	os://powcode	er.com

NODES

Node_ID	Х	Y Add	Start Node For pegment to Code	End Node for Segment ID
1	329102	219291	1	NULL
2	329153	219297	2	1
3	329208	219285	3	2
4	329332	219310	NULL	3
5	329208	279285	NULL	4
6	309332	219888	5	NULL
2	329153	219297	5	4

- Issue with Many to Many relationships:
 - In the above data structure, coordinate data for Node ID 2 appears TWICE (as the Node is used by 4 linked segment Project Exam Help
 - If someone mayes/ hode of itris passible that the coordinate data is only updated in one place, leading to an intowsistant platabader
 - In more general terms
 - 1 Node is linked to one or more segments
 - 1 segment is linked to 2 nodes
 - This is known as a Many: Many relationship
 - Resolve this by creating an additional entity in the logical diagram (which becomes an additional table)

STREETS

Street_ID	Street Name
1	Acacia Avenue
2	Oak Avenue

STREET_SEGMENTS

Seg_ID —	Length	Street_ID
1	300.2 AS	signment
2	275.5	1
3	310.8	¹https://r
4	100.2	2
5	145.5	2Add W

NODES

Node_ID	Χ	Υ
1	329102	219291
2	329153	219297
3	329208	219285
4	329332	219310
5	329208	279285
6	309332	219888

Seg_ID	Node_ID	Start Node?
coder.com	11	TRUE
1	2	FALSE
ų powcoc	ier	TRUE
2	3	FALSE
3	3	TRUE
3	4	FALSE
4	5	TRUE
4	2	FALSE
5	2	TRUE
5	6	FALSE
	powcoc 2 3 3 4 4 5	2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 4 2 5 2

Exercise: many:many

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• Sketch out an entity for Underground Railway / powcourt of Tracks, with attributes eChat powcourt of the control of the cont

- Installation date
- Last maintained
- Next maintenance due
- Location
- Assume that one TRACK represents the ENTIRE line, and is made up of many track segments



http://s0.geograph.org.uk/geophotos/05/03/42/5034239_00c2f915.jpg

Exercise: many:many

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- Sketch out an entity for Underground Stations, withd WeChat attributes
 - Name
 - Location
 - Opening Hours
 - Maintenance Hours



https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/e/e6/BakerStEntrance.JPG/1200px-BakerStEntrance.JPG

Exercise: many:many

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- Draw the relationship between tracks and https://powcoder.com
 - At conceptuald We Chat powcoder
 - At logical level

Overview

- Assignment Project Exam Help
 Database vocabulary, primary and foreign https://powcoder.com keys
- SQL an introduction powcoder
- SQL DDL
- SQL DML

- SQL Structured Query Language
 - Standard language for accessing and manipulating databasesignment Project Exam Help
 - Allows users to create tables, add constraints, and insert, update or delete data in the tables
 - Also allows Asers Weinterrogate orlequery the data i.e. answers questions
 - International Standard supported by International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO) and American National Standards Institute (ANSI)

- The SQL Language
 - Scripting language (not compiled)
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 4th Generation Language

 - Not a programming language although can be accessed through many programming languages

- SQL A History
 - Originally developed for an IBM System R database in the 1970s
 - Has since been adopted by all mainstream relational databases not powcoder
 - Standardised, but many 'additions to' and 'flavours of' the standard by individual vendors
 - We will be learning about the PostGreSQL flavour

- SQL is composed of three parts
 - Data Definition Language (DDL) which allows Assignment Project Exam Help users to create and modify the tables in the databases https://powcoder.com
 - Data Manipulation charge (DML) which allows users to add, edit or delete data from the tables that have been created
 - Query Language which allows users to interrogate the data

Data Definition Language

- Assignment Project Exam Help
 Creates the STRUCTURE of the database
 - What tables exist, the columns in the tables, the type of Adata Mthaltay on wandput in each column

- Data definition language (DDL) is used to create and destroy databases and database objects such as tables and constraints.

Data Manipulation Language

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 Used to create/edit/delete the DATA that goes into the tables created by DDL

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 Data manipulation language (DML) is used to insert, update and delete data from the database once the database and associated objects have been created using the Data Definition Language (DDL).

Query - The Select Statement

• This is how you USE the data that has been created with DWL powcoder.com

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 The select statement is the third and final part of SQL. It is key to extracting data from the database and using the database to answer questions. It is the most commonly used command in SQL.

Overview

- Assignment Project Exam Help
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- SQL DDL
- SQL DML

- Data Definition Language DDL

 - Creating a schema
 Creating a schema
 Creating a schema
 Project Exam Help
 - Removinhttps://powcoder.com
 - Modifying a table Add WeChat powcoder
 - In some database systems, each statement must be followed by a; or /

DDL - Creating a Schema

- A schema is a place that holds a set of tables needed for a particular system
- First remove the schema forteral ready exists

DROP SCHEMA IF EXISTS assetsclass;

DDL - Creating a Schema

- Assignment Project Exam Help
 Using DROP SCHEMA deletes all the data! https://powcoder.com
- So if you are unsure, rename it instead:

alter schema assetsclass rename to assetsclass_backup_23Nov2018;

DDL - Creating a Schema

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Now create the new schema:

 Now create the new schema: https://powcoder.com

CREATE SCHEMA assetsclass;

- Creating a Table
 - Use the CREATE TABLE statement
 - Domains using the himself the attributes
 - Each attribute definition except the last one should be followed by a

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```
CREATE TABLE <TABLENAME>
(FIELD_NAME_1 <FIELD_TYPE>,
FIELD_NAME_2 <FIELD_TYPE>,
FIELD_NAME_3 <FIELD_TYPE>);
```

- Creating a Table Nulls
 - In the ER diagram, we defined the cardinality of the attributes
 - If we wanthto FORCE adeatembute to have a value, we should use NOT NULL

• Only use NOT NULL when you are really sure that there will always be a value in the column!

https://powcoder.com

```
CREATE TABLE ATABLENAME > Add Wethat powcoder (FIELD_NAME_1 <FIELD_TYPE > NOT NULL, FIELD_NAME_2 <FIELD_TYPE > , FIELD_NAME_3 <FIELD_TYPE > );
```

Database Vocabulary

Some PostGIS Specific Terminology

General Domain Type Assignment	Project Exam Helplogy
String https://s	character varying (length) owcoder.com date
Number Add W	eChat powcoder integer numeric (precision, scale)
Spatial Data	geometry
(automatically increasing number used for ID values)	serial

• Creating a table - example https://powcoder.com

```
drop table if exists assetsclass.university:
create table assetsclass.university (WeChat powcoder
university_id serial,
university_name character varying (100),
year_founded integer,
founders_name character varying (100));
```

Creating a Table - Example

```
create tables is the signature of the si
```

Creating a Table - Example

```
room_id serial_ps://powcoder.com
floor integer NOT NULL,
last_repainted date NOT NULL,
building_id integer NOT NULL,
room_use character varying(50) NOT NULL,
room_number character varying (50) NOT NULL);
```

```
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• Creating a table - Example
drop table if exists assetschass. Windows,
create table assetsclass.windows/eChat powcoder
          window_id serial,
          building_id integer,
          window_type character varying(100),
          window_installation_date date,
          room_id integer,
          floor integer
```

```
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• Creating a table - Example

https://powcoder.com

drop table if exists assetsclass.cleaner;
create table assetsclassdelle where hat powcoder
         cleaner_id serial,
         cleaner_name character varying (100),
         cleaner_surname character varying (100),
         date of birth date,
         contact number character varying (100)
```

Note: numeric(5,2) = 5 digits in total, 2 of which after the decimal point, so 999.99 is the maximum value

- Deleting a Table
 - Drop Table <tablename>
 Assignment Project Exam Help
 - This will delete the table AND all the data in the table (Iften Payre exists)
 - Also useful Atol rwn Chis perforce ar CREATE
 TABLE statement but NB all data is lost!

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS assetsclass.buildings;

- Modifying a Table Adding a Column
 - Alter table <tablename> add (<column description>)

https://powcoder.com

ALTER TABLE assets class buildings add number_of_inhabitants integer;

- Modifying a Table Removing a Column
 - Alter table <tablename> drop column Assignment Project Exam Help <column name>

https://powcoder.com

ALTER TABLE assets buildings drop column number_of_inhabitants;

Worksheet - Table Creation

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- Constraint Types
 - Primary Key Keys

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 Foreign Key Referential Constraints

 - Not Nulls https://powcoder.com
 - Domain Restdctionshat powcoder
 - Tuple Restrictions

Constraints - Primary Keys

ALTER TABLE <TABLENAME>
ADD CAssignment Project Exam Help K>
PRIMARY KEY(<FIFLDNAME>)
https://powcoder.com

alter table Asket Schatutle Wingo ded CONSTRAINT buildings_pk PRIMARY KEY (building_id);

alter table assetsclass.university add CONSTRAINT
 university_pk
PRIMARY KEY (university_id);

Constraints - Foreign Keys

```
ALTER TABLE <TABLENAME>
ADD COASSIGNMENT-Project Exam Help
ADD COASSIGNMENT PROJECT Exam Help
KEY(<FIELD https://powcoder.com
REFERENCES <TABLENAME>(<FIELDNAME>)
Add WeChat powcoder
```

alter table assetsclass.buildings add constraint buildings_university_fk foreign key(university_id) references assetsclass.university(university_id);

Assignment Project Exam Help

alter table assets point of services and constraint windows rooms fk oreign key(room_id) references assets class.rooms (room_id);

 Assignment Project Exam Help
 You will get an error: https://powcoder.com

There is no unique constraint matching given keys for referenced table "rooms"

As the primary key is missing, so create that first

Assignment Project Exam Help
-- add the required primary key first
alter table assets 1885. 1887 (1885) (18

-- then rerun the foreign key constraint alter table assetsclass.windows add constraint windows_rooms_fk foreign key(room_id) references assetsclass.rooms(room_id);

Constraints - Domain Constraints

ALTER TABLE < TABLENAME >
ADD COAssignment Project Exam Help
ADD COAssignment Project

alter table assetsclass.windows add constraint window_type_check check (window_type in ('single glazed','double glazed','triple glazed'));

- Constraints Unique Constraints
 - You MUST have these if you use an ID value as a primary key
 - These make sure your REAL primary key is kept unique
 - Every table you create should have a UNIQUE constraint (except if it was created to resolve a many:many relationship) powcoder

alter table assetsclass.cleaner add constraint cleaners_unique unique(cleaner_name, cleaner_surname, date_of_birth);

- Constraints Tuple Constraints
 - These are created as triggers, which are procedures that are run when data is inserted intopth/epdatablese om
 - Triggers are associated to the table on which they act

• Constraints - Tuple Constraints

```
Assignment Project Exam Help
BEFORE DELETE OR INSERT OR UPDATE ON

<schema>.https://powcoder.com

<code>
Add WeChat powcoder
```

- Constraints Tuple Constraints
 - Automatically update the room_id for the temperature sensor is moved https://powcoder.com

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- NB: These are **not required for your assignment** but could be something that gains you bonus points if you are good at programming

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION assetsclass.update_sensor_room_id() RETURNS trigger AS
$BODY$
   DECLARE
   originalroomid in registing in the serious project Exam Help
   newroomid integer;
   BEGIN
   select room_id into origination independence assets class. temperature_sensor where
   sensor_id=NEW.sensor_id;
   select room_id into new_politid we as test lass worms alwhere st_contains (a.location,
   NEW.location);
   raise 'Original ID: %', originalroomid;
   raise 'New Length: %', newroomid;
   IF NEW.room id <> originallength THEN
        UPDATE assetsclass.temperature_sensor set room_id = newroomid where id =
   NEW.id;
   end if;
     RETURN NULL:
   END;
$BODY$ LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';
```

• To associate the trigger with the table:

```
Assignment Project Exam Help CREATE TRIGGER assetsclass.update_sensor_room_id AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE Optocation Common assetsclass.temperature_sensor

FOR EACH ROW Add WeChat powcoder EXECUTE PROCEDURE update_sensor_room_id ();
```

- The trigger then runs when data is inserted/updated in the table
 - (NB: the trigger requires the temperature_sensor table and also uses spatial functionality so we can't run it yet)

Constraints

• Worksheet - Constraints

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Overview

- Assignment Project Exam Help
 Database vocabulary, primary and foreign https://powcoder.com keys
- SQL an introductional powcoder
- SQL DDL

Spatial Data Management - DML

- Data Manipulation Language DML
 - Adding data to the detabase Exam Help
 - Changing data in the database
- Three operations WeChat powcoder
 - Insert
 - Update
 - Delete

Spatial Data Management - DML

• DML

- Each statement must be ended by a semicolon Assignment Project Exam Help

https://powcoder.com

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Spatial Data Management - DML

- A useful SELECT statement
 - Will allow you to see what has been added to the table Project Exam Help

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SELECT * FRAMAT TABLET NAME wooder

In SQL * means all rows

Insert

- INSERT INTO <TABLENAME> (<FIELDLIST, SEPARATED BY COMMAS>)

https://powcoder.com

```
insert into assetsclass Add WeChat powcoder_name, year_fou nded, founders_name) values ('UCL', '1826', 'Jeremy Bentham');
```

DML - how SERIAL works

 The ID values in a database are assigned automatically using the SERIAL data type

```
Assignment Project Exam Help
select * from assetsclass.university;

https://powcoder.com

-- insert some data (with anherror)
insert into
   assetsclass.university(university_name, year_fou nded, founders_name)
values ('UCL Stratford', '2017', Jeremy Benthom');
```

DML - how SERIAL works

Delete the error and create the correct data

Assignment Project Exam Help

```
https://powcoder.com

delete from assetsclass.university where
  founders_nAdd WeChat powcoder.hom';

insert into
  assetsclass.university(university_name, ye
  ar_founded, founders_name)

values ('UCL Stratford', '2017', 'Jeremy
  Bentham');
```

select * from assetsclass.university;

DML - how SERIAL works

- Assignment Project Exam Help
 If a row is deleted the ID is not reused
- You can also have a situation with multiple people inserting data at the same time
 - So even though this might be the third row YOU inserted, it may not have ID = 3;

- Insert referencing another value
 - So, you can't guarantee the ID you need to find it out everystimment Project Exam Help
 - This is done using an SQL statement as follows:

```
select university powcoder com university name = 'UCL';
```

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```
insert into assetsclass.buildings (building_name,
    university_id)

values ('Chadwick', (select university_id from
    assetsclass.university where university_name =
    'UCL'));

insert into assetsclass.buildings (building_name,
    university_id)

values ('Parson', (select university_id from
    assetsclass.university where university name =
```

'UCL'));

• Multiple Assignment Project Exam Help insert into assetsclass.windows(building_id, window_type, window_installation_date, room_id, floor) values ((select building_id from assetsclass.buildings where building_name = 'Chadwick'), 'triple glazed','23-May-2014',null,1), ((select building_id from assetsclass.buildings where building_name = 'Chadwick'), 'triple glazed','23-May-2014',null,1), ((select building_id from assetsclass.buildings where building_name = 'Chadwick'), 'triple glazed','23-May-2017',null,1), ((select building_id from assetsclass.buildings where building_name = 'Pearson'), 'triple glazed','23-May-2014',null,1), ((select building_id from assetsclass.buildings where building_name = 'Pearson'), 'single glazed','22-May-2014',null,1),

((select building_id from assetsclass.buildings where building_name = 'Pearson'), 'single

glazed','23-May-2014',null,1);

- Update
 - UPDATE TABLE <TABLENAME> SET <FIELDNAME> =
 <VALUE> WHERE <FIELDNAME> = <VALUE> Assignment Project Exam Help

update assetsclass.buildings set building_name = 'Pearson' where building_name = Parson';

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• Updating multiple columns: https://powcoder.com

```
update assetsclass windows set window_installation_date = powcoder_vindow_installation_date = powcoder_2012',

floor = 2, room_id=1 where building_id = (select building id from assetsclass.buildings);
```

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- The where clause
 - Allows you to select a subset of the rows in a database, so that woudon't modify all the data

```
update assetsclass.windows set
window_installation_date = '15-Jun-2012', floor =
2, room_id=1 where building_id = (select
building_id from assetsclass.buildings where
building_name = 'Pearson');
```

- Will change the data for all the PEARSON windows

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- The WHERE clause:
 - Also allows you to combine more than one criterion using BOOLEANdwgider

```
update assetsclass.windows set
window_installation_date =
'15-Jun-2012', floor = 2, room_id=1 where
building_id =
(select building_id from assetsclass.buildings
where building_name = 'Pearson')
and window_installation_date = '23-May-2014' and
window type = 'single glazed';
```

• Boolean Logicment Project Exam Help

Logical Operators	https://powcoderscom
OR	Farlthe Way Chatepelected at least one of the conditions must be true.
AND	For a row to be selected all the specified conditions must be true.
NOT	For a row to be selected the specified condition must be false.

Source: http://beginner-sql-tutorial.com/sql-logical-operators.htm

- Delete
 - Will remove ALL the rows from a table Assignment Project Exam Help DELETE FROM <TABLENAME> WHERE <FIELDNAME STEPS: VACUAGE Com

Add WeChat powcoder delete from assetsclass.university where university_name = 'UCL Stratford';

What happens if there is a primary/foreign key reference?

delete from assetsclass.university where
university_name = 'UCL';

Assignment Project Exam Help ERROR: update or delete on table "university" violates foreign key constraint "buildings_uni*eds***(yClf***t"powdalete "buildings" DETAIL: Key (university_id)=(5) is still referenced from table "buildings".

• Worksheet - Data Manipulation Language

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