

# Function Examples

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# Class outline:

- Currying
- Decorators
- Review

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# Currying

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# (Reminder) Function currying

**Currying:** Converting a function that takes multiple arguments into a single-argument higher-order function.

A function that currys any two-argument function:

```
def curry2(f):  
    def g(x):  
        def h(y):  
            return f(x, y)  
        return h  
    return g
```

```
from operator import add  
  
make_adder = curry2(add)  
make_adder(2)(3)
```

```
curry2 = lambda f: lambda x: lambda y: f(x, y)
```

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# Use case for currying #1

Whenever another function requires a function that only takes one argument:

```
def transform_numbers(num1, num2, num3, transform):  
    return transform(num1), transform(num2), transform(num3)
```

```
transform_numbers(3, 4, 5, curry2(add)(60))
```

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# Use case for currying #1

Whenever another function requires a function that only takes one argument:

```
def transform_numbers(num1, num2, num3, transform):  
    return transform(num1), transform(num2), transform(num3)
```

```
transform_numbers(3, 4, 5, curry2(add)(60))
```

Alternate approach:

```
transform_numbers(3, 4, 5, lambda x: add(60, x))
```

# Use case for currying #2

Turning a generalized function into a specialized function:

```
def html_tag(tag_name, text):  
    return "<" + tag_name + ">" + text + "</" + tag_name + ">"  
  
p_tag = curry2(html_tag)("p")  
p_tag("hello hello")
```

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# Use case for currying #2

Turning a generalized function into a specialized function:

```
def html_tag(tag_name, text):  
    return "<" + tag_name + ">" + text + "</" + tag_name + ">"  
  
p_tag = curry2(html_tag)("p")  
p_tag("hello hello")
```

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Alternate approach:

```
import functools  
  
p_tag = functools.partial(html_tag, "p")  
p_tag("hello hello")
```

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# Why learn currying in Python?

It's good for you!

CS61A introduces many concepts that aren't standard Python practice, but that show up in other languages.

Currying is a very common practice in functional programming languages like Haskell or Clojure.

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# Decorators

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# A tracing function

Let's make a higher-order tracing function.

```
def trace1(f):  
    """Return a function that takes a single argument, x, prints it,  
    computes and prints F(x), and returns the computed value.  
>>> square = lambda x: x**x  
>>> trace1(square)(3)  
-> 3  
<- 9  
9  
"""
```

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# A tracing function

Let's make a higher-order tracing function.

```
def trace1(f):  
    """Return a function that takes a single argument, x, prints it,  
    computes and prints F(x), and returns the computed value.  
>>> square = lambda x: x**x  
>>> trace1(square)(3)  
-> 3  
<- 9  
9  
"""  
    def traced(x):  
        print("->", x)  
        r = f(x)  
        print("<-", r)  
        return r  
    return traced
```

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# A tracing decorator

What if we always wanted a function to be traced?

```
@trace1
```

```
def square(x):  
    return x * x
```

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That's equivalent to: <https://powcoder.com>

```
def square(x):  
    return x * x
```

```
square = trace1(square)
```

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# General decorator syntax

The notation:

```
@ATTR
```

```
def aFunc(...):  
    ...
```

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is essentially equivalent to:

```
def aFunc(...):  
    ...
```

```
aFunc = ATTR(aFunc)
```

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**ATTR** can be any expression, not just a single function name.

# Review

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# What Would Python Do? #1

WWPD exercises test our understanding of how Python evaluates code and what it chooses to display in the shell.

The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
5		
print(5)	<a href="https://powcoder.com">https://powcoder.com</a>	
print(print(5))	Add WeChat powcoder	



# What Would Python Do? #1

WWPD exercises test our understanding of how Python evaluates code and what it chooses to display in the shell.

The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
5	5	
print(5)		5
print(print(5))		5

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print(5)		
print(print(5))		

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The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
5	5	5
print(5)		
print(print(5))		

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```
>> 5
5
```

# What Would Python Do? #1

WWPD exercises test our understanding of how Python evaluates code and what it chooses to display in the shell.

The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
5	5	5
print(5)	None	
print(print(5))		

```
>> 5
5
```

# What Would Python Do? #1

WWPD exercises test our understanding of how Python evaluates code and what it chooses to display in the shell.

The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
5	5	5
print(5)	None	5
print(print(5))	None	None

```
>> 5
5
```

# What Would Python Do? #1

WWPD exercises test our understanding of how Python evaluates code and what it chooses to display in the shell.

The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
5	5	5
print(5)	None	5
print(print(5))		

```
>> 5
5
>>> print(5)
5
```

# What Would Python Do? #1

WWPD exercises test our understanding of how Python evaluates code and what it chooses to display in the shell.

The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
5	5	5
print(5)	None	5
print(print(5))	None	

```
>> 5
5
>>> print(5)
5
```

# What Would Python Do? #1

WWPD exercises test our understanding of how Python evaluates code and what it chooses to display in the shell.

The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
5	5	5
print(5)	None	5
print(print(5))	None	5 None

```
>> 5
5
>>> print(5)
5
```



# What Would Python Do? #1

WWPD exercises test our understanding of how Python evaluates code and what it chooses to display in the shell.

The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
5	5	5
print(5)	None	5
print(print(5))	None	5 None

```
>> 5
5
>>> print(5)
5
>>> print(print(5))
5
None
```

# What Would Python Do? #2

```
def delay(arg):  
    print('delayed')  
    def g():  
        return arg  
    return g
```

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**The expression**

**Evaluates to**

**Interactive output**

---

```
delay(6)()
```

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---

```
delay(delay())(6)()
```

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---

```
print(delay(print())(4))
```

# What Would Python Do? #2

```
def delay(arg):  
    print('delayed')  
    def g():  
        return arg  
    return g
```

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**The expression**

**Evaluates to**

**Interactive output**

---

```
delay(6)()
```

6

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---

```
delay(delay())(6)()
```

---

```
print(delay(print())(4))
```

# What Would Python Do? #2

```
def delay(arg):  
    print('delayed')  
    def g():  
        return arg  
    return g
```

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**The expression**

**Evaluates to**

**Interactive output**

`delay(6)()`

6

delayed

6

`delay(delay)()(6)()`

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`print(delay(print)()(4))`

# What Would Python Do? #2

```
def delay(arg):  
    print('delayed')  
    def g():  
        return arg  
    return g
```

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**The expression**

**Evaluates to**

**Interactive output**

`delay(6)()`

6

delayed

6

`delay(delay())(6)()`

6

`print(delay(print())(4))`

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# What Would Python Do? #2

```
def delay(arg):  
    print('delayed')  
    def g():  
        return arg  
    return g
```

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**The expression**

**Evaluates to**

**Interactive output**

`delay(6)()`

6

delayed

6

`delay(delay())(6)()`

6

delayed

delayed

6

`print(delay(print())(4))`

# What Would Python Do? #2

```
def delay(arg):  
    print('delayed')  
    def g():  
        return arg  
    return g
```

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The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
<code>delay(6)()</code>	6	delayed 6
<code>delay(delay)()(6)()</code>	6	delayed delayed 6
<code>print(delay(print)()(4))</code>	None	

# What Would Python Do? #2

```
def delay(arg):  
    print('delayed')  
    def g():  
        return arg  
    return g
```

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The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
<code>delay(6)()</code>	6	delayed 6
<code>delay(delay)()(6)()</code>	6	delayed delayed 6
<code>print(delay(print)()(4))</code>	None	delayed 4 None



# What Would Python Do? #3

```
def pirate(arggg):  
    print('matey')  
    def plunder(arggg):  
        return arggg  
    return plunder
```

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**The expression**

**Evaluates to**

**Interactive output**

---

```
pirate('treasure')('scurvy')
```

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---

```
add(pirate(3)(square)(4), 1)
```

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---

```
pirate(pirate(pirate))(5)(7)
```

A name evaluates to the value bound to that name in the earliest frame of the current environment in which that name is found.

# What Would Python Do? #3

```
def pirate(arggg):  
    print('matey')  
    def plunder(arggg):  
        return arggg  
    return plunder
```

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**The expression**

**Evaluates to**

**Interactive output**

---

```
pirate('treasure')('scurvy')
```

```
'scurvy'
```

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---

```
add(pirate(3)(square)(4), 1)
```

---

```
pirate(pirate(pirate))(5)(7)
```

A name evaluates to the value bound to that name in the earliest frame of the current environment in which that name is found.

# What Would Python Do? #3

```
def pirate(arggg):  
    print('matey')  
    def plunder(arggg):  
        return arggg  
    return plunder
```

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**The expression**

**Evaluates to**

**Interactive output**

`pirate('treasure')('scurvy')`

`'scurvy'`

`matey`

`'scurvy'`

`add(pirate(3)(square)(4), 1)`

`pirate(pirate(pirate))(5)(7)`

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A name evaluates to the value bound to that name in the earliest frame of the current environment in which that name is found.

# What Would Python Do? #3

```
def pirate(arggg):  
    print('matey')  
    def plunder(arggg):  
        return arggg  
    return plunder
```

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**The expression**

**Evaluates to**

**Interactive output**

`pirate('treasure')('scurvy')`

`'scurvy'`

`matey`

`'scurvy'`

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`add(pirate(3)(square)(4), 1)`

`17`

`pirate(pirate(pirate))(5)(7)`

A name evaluates to the value bound to that name in the earliest frame of the current environment in which that name is found.

# What Would Python Do? #3

```
def pirate(arggg):  
    print('matey')  
    def plunder(arggg):  
        return arggg  
    return plunder
```

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The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
<code>pirate('treasure')('scurvy')</code>	<code>'scurvy'</code>	<code>matey</code> <code>'scurvy'</code>
<code>add(pirate(3)(square)(4), 1)</code>	<code>17</code>	<code>matey</code> <code>17</code>
<code>pirate(pirate(pirate))(5)(7)</code>		

A name evaluates to the value bound to that name in the earliest frame of the current environment in which that name is found.

# What Would Python Do? #3

```
def pirate(arggg):  
    print('matey')  
    def plunder(arggg):  
        return arggg  
    return plunder
```

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The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
<code>pirate('treasure')('scurvy')</code>	<code>'scurvy'</code>	<code>matey</code> <code>'scurvy'</code>
<code>add(pirate(3)(square)(4), 1)</code>	<code>17</code>	<code>matey</code> <code>17</code>
<code>pirate(pirate(pirate))(5)(7)</code>	<code>Error</code>	

A name evaluates to the value bound to that name in the earliest frame of the current environment in which that name is found.

# What Would Python Do? #3

```
def pirate(arggg):  
    print('matey')  
    def plunder(arggg):  
        return arggg  
    return plunder
```

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The expression	Evaluates to	Interactive output
<code>pirate('treasure')('scurvy')</code>	<code>'scurvy'</code>	<code>matey</code> <code>'scurvy'</code>
<code>add(pirate(3)(square)(4), 1)</code>	<code>17</code>	<code>matey</code> <code>17</code>
<code>pirate(pirate(pirate))(5)(7)</code>	<code>Error</code>	<code>matey</code> <code>matey</code> <code>Error</code>

A name evaluates to the value bound to that name in the earliest frame of the current environment in which that name is found.

# Environment Diagram

```
def horse(mask):  
    horse = mask  
    def mask(horse):  
        return horse  
    return horse(mask)
```

```
mask = lambda horse: horse(2)  
horse(mask)
```

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Global frame

horse	
mask	

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f1:

Return value	

f2:



Return value	

f3:

Return value	

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# Implementing a function

```
def remove(n, digit):  
    """Return digits of non-negative N  
    that are not DIGIT, for some  
    non-negative DIGIT less than 10.  
    >>> remove(231, 3)  
    21  
    >>> remove(243132, 2)  
    4313  
    """  
    kept = 0  
    digits = 0  
    while _____:  
        last = n % 10  
        n = n // 10  
        if _____:  
            kept = _____  
            digits = _____  
    return _____
```

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# Implementing a function

- Read the description

```
def remove(n, digit):  
    """Return digits of non-negative N  
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    while _____:  
        last = n % 10  
        n = n // 10  
        if _____:  
            kept = _____  
            digits = _____  
    return _____
```

- Read the description
- Verify the examples & pick a simple one

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# Implementing a function

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    while _____:  
        last = n % 10  
        n = n // 10  
        if _____:  
            kept = _____  
            digits = _____  
    return _____
```

- Read the description
- Verify the examples & pick a simple one
- Read the template

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# Implementing a function

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        last = n % 10  
        n = n // 10  
        if _____:  
            kept = _____  
            digits = _____  
    return _____
```

- Read the description
- Verify the examples & pick a simple one
- Read the template
- Implement without the template, then change your implementation to match the template.  
OR If the template is helpful, use it.

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# Implementing a function

```
def remove(n, digit):  
    """Return digits of non-negative N  
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    digits = 0  
    while _____:  
        last = n % 10  
        n = n // 10  
        if _____:  
            kept = _____  
            digits = _____  
    return _____
```

- Read the description
- Verify the examples & pick a simple one
- Read the template
- Implement without the template, then change your implementation to match the template.  
OR If the template is helpful, use it.
- Annotate names with values from your chosen example

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# Implementing a function

```
def remove(n, digit):  
    """Return digits of non-negative N  
    that are not DIGIT, for some  
    non-negative DIGIT less than 10.  
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    while _____:  
        last = n % 10  
        n = n // 10  
        if _____:  
            kept = _____  
            digits = _____  
    return _____
```

- Read the description
- Verify the examples & pick a simple one
- Read the template
- Implement without the template, then change your implementation to match the template.  
OR If the template is helpful, use it.
- Annotate names with values from your chosen example
- Write code to compute the result

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# Implementing a function

```
def remove(n, digit):  
    """Return digits of non-negative N  
    that are not DIGIT, for some  
    non-negative DIGIT less than 10.  
    >>> remove(231, 3)  
    21  
    >>> remove(243132, 2)  
    4313  
    """  
    kept = 0  
    digits = 0  
    while n > 0:  
        last = n % 10  
        n = n // 10  
        if last != digit:  
            kept = kept * 10 + last  
            digits = digits + 1  
    return kept
```

- Read the description
- Verify the examples & pick a simple one
- Read the template
- Implement without the template, then change your implementation to match the template.  
OR If the template is helpful, use it.
- Annotate names with values from your chosen example
- Write code to compute the result
- Did you really return the right thing?

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# Implementing a function

```
def remove(n, digit):  
    """Return digits of non-negative N  
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    digits = 0  
    while _____:  
        last = n % 10  
        n = n // 10  
        if _____:  
            kept = _____  
            digits = _____  
    return _____
```

- Read the description
- Verify the examples & pick a simple one
- Read the template
- Implement without the template, then change your implementation to match the template.  
OR If the template is helpful, use it.
- Annotate names with values from your chosen example
- Write code to compute the result
- Did you really return the right thing?
- Check your solution with the other examples

# Implementing a function

```
def remove(n, digit):  
    """Return digits of non-negative N  
    that are not DIGIT, for some  
    non-negative DIGIT less than 10.  
>>> remove(231, 3)  
21  
>>> remove(243132, 2)  
4313  
"""  
    kept = 0  
    digits = 0  
    while n > 0:  
        last = n % 10  
        n = n // 10  
        if last != digit:  
            kept = kept + (last * 10 ** digits)  
            digits = digits + 1  
    return kept
```

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