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Protocols for stereotaxic injections into mouse brain and ex-vivo electrophysiology

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We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

This protocol describes the method for injection of α -Synuclin PFF and monomer into the mouse brain. The second part of the protocol describes preparation of acute slices from these mice and whole-cell patch clamp recordings.

Materials

Oxygenated (95% O₂/5% CO₂) ice-cold choline artificial cerebrospinal fluid (Choline ACSF) containing (in mM):

A	B
choline	110
NaHCO ₃	25
NaH ₂ PO ₄	1.25
KCl	2.5
MgCl ₂	7
CaCl ₂	0.5
glucose	20
sodium ascorbate	11.6
sodium pyruvate	3.1

ACSF (32 °C) containing (in mM):



A	B
NaCl	127
NaHCO ₃	25
NaH ₂ PO ₄	1.25
KCl	2.5
MgCl ₂	1
CaCl ₂	2
glucose bubbled with 95% O ₂ /5% CO ₂	20

Backfill glass electrodes (3-3.5 MΩ) with an internal solution containing (in mM):

A	B
cesium gluconate	126
HEPES	10
sodium phosphocreatine	10
magnesium chloride	4
Na ₂ ATP	4
Na ₂ GTP	0.4
EGTA (pH 7.3 with cesium hydroxide)	1



Protocol for stereotaxic injections

- 1 Anesthetize the mouse with isoflurane by placing in the anesthesia chamber.
- 2 Place the anesthetized mouse in the stereotaxic frame and continually maintain isoflurane anesthesia using a vaporizer (Harvard Apparatus).
- 3 Locate the injection sites relative to bregma and make holes into the skull using a drill.
- 4 Lower the injection pipette into the brain at the predetermined coordinates. Perform the injection at a rate of 20 nL/s using a Nanoject III microinjector (Drummond Scientific). 
- 5 Following the injection, leave the pipette in place for 10 minutes to prevent backflow while withdrawing. 
- 6 Seal the incisions with sutures and allow the mice to recover on a heating pad until conscious.
- 7 Continue to monitor the mice and administer the post-operative analgesia.

Protocol for acute slice preparation and electrophysiology


30m

- 8 Anesthetize the mouse with isoflurane.
- 9 Transcardially perfuse the anesthetized mouse with oxygenated (95% O₂/5% CO₂) ice-cold choline artificial cerebrospinal fluid (Choline ACSF) containing (in mM):

A	B
choline	110
NaHCO ₃	25
NaH ₂ PO ₄	1.25
KCl	2.5
MgCl ₂	7
CaCl ₂	0.5






A	B
glucose	20
sodium ascorbate	11.6
sodium pyruvate	3.1

- 10 Decapitated the mouse and quickly remove the brain.
- 11 Mount the brain in the vibratome and cut 300 µm thick slices in the coronal plane.
- 12 Transfer the slices to warm ACSF ( 32 °C) containing (in mM):



A	B
NaCl	127
NaHCO ₃	25
NaH ₂ PO ₄	1.25
KCl	2.5
MgCl ₂	1
CaCl ₂	2
glucose bubbled with 95% O ₂ /5% CO ₂	20

- 13 After incubating at  32 °C for  00:30:00 , transfer the slices to  Room temperature (RT).

30m



- 14 Transfer the slices to the slice chamber that is perfused with oxygenated ACSF.
- 15 Identify layer 2/3 pyramidal cells in the primary somatosensory cortex.
- 16 Backfill glass electrodes (3-3.5 MΩ) with an internal solution containing (in mM):

A	B
cesium gluconate	126

A	B
HEPES	10
sodium phosphocreatine	10
magnesium chloride	4
Na ₂ ATP	4
Na ₂ GTP	0.4
EGTA (pH 7.3 with cesium hydroxide)	1

- 17 Add tetrodotoxin to the bath to record miniature postsynaptic currents.
- 18 Voltage-clamp the cells at -70mV to record miniature excitatory postsynaptic currents (mEPSCs) and at 0mV to record miniature inhibitory postsynaptic currents (mIPSCs).

Note

All protocols were carried out in accordance with Yale IACUC guidelines.

