

Aug 29, 2024 Version 2



Troubleshooting guide for DDNS V.2

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.8epv5xe84g1b/v2



Joyce Akello¹, Alex Shaw¹, Catherine Troman¹, Erika Bujaki², Manasi Majumdar², Aine OToole³, c.ansley³, Zoe Vance³, rachel.colguhoun³, Javier Martin², Nick Grassly¹, Andrew Rambaut³

¹Imperial College London; ²Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency; ³University of Edinburgh

Poliovirus Sequencing Co...



Joyce Akello

Imperial College London





DOI: dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.8epv5xe84g1b/v2

Document Citation: Joyce Akello, Alex Shaw, Catherine Troman, Erika Bujaki, Manasi Majumdar, Aine OToole, c.ansley, Zoe Vance, rachel.colquhoun, Javier Martin, Nick Grassly, Andrew Rambaut 2024. Troubleshooting guide for DDNS. **protocols.io**https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.8epv5xe84g1b/v2 Version created by Joyce Akello

License: This is an open access document distributed under the terms of the **Creative Commons Attribution License**, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Created: October 12, 2023

Last Modified: August 29, 2024

Document Integer ID: 106664

Keywords: DDNS, Poliovirus direct detection, Nanopore sequencing, Troubleshooting DDNS

Funders Acknowledgement: Bill and Melinda Gates

Foundation



Abstract

This document provides general guidance for troubleshooting problems encountered in the DDNS method. It outlines the factors that might influence the outcome of the DDNS PCR assay run, the common problems encountered, possible causes of the problems, and provides recommendations on corrective action and preventative action.

This document is primarily developed for DDNS performed on stool samples, but included are other factors to consider for other sample types.



DDNS troubleshooting guide

Purpose

To outline the most common sources of DDNS assay run failure / unacceptable results, reduced/lower sensitivity than expected and provide recommendation on how to avoid these pitfalls and improve performance.

Troubleshooting considerations.

Table1. Factors to consider when troubleshooting DDNS results.

A	В
Factor	Considerations
Nucleic acid (RNA) templ ate	 Stool sample condition (timeline of collection and processing, transport, and storage conditions) Quality (nucleic acid extraction method, correct performance of procedure for extraction, handling, and storage of RNA extract) Purity (presence of PCR Inhibitors and /or contaminants affecting RT-PCR amplification) Number of freeze-thaw cycles (maximum of three freeze-thaws only)
PCR and sequencing reagents/ kit • Quality (Lot to lot variation because of manufacturing or transport conditions) • Shelf life (expiration date, stability) • Integrity (storage and transport condition, packaging, number	
Run controls (Positive con trol CVA20 and negative c ontrol Nuclease free wate r)	 Quality (lot to lot variation as result of manufacturing or transport conditions) Shelf life (expiration date) Stability (storage temperature, reconstitution of the positive control CV A20, aliquoted for single use only for positive control CVA20) Integrity (storage and transport condition, packaging)
DDNS PCR assay programs	Thermal profiles properly programmed in the instrument with temperat ure ramping speed consideration
Conventional end-point/ b lock-based PCR thermal c ycler	 Compatibility of PCR consumables used (PCR plates, strip tubes, sealing film, caps etc that may affect PCR amplification if not sealed properly) Equipment maintenance and performance monitoring
Nanopore sequencing	 Sequencing run settings Sequencing reagent - flow cell - device - software compatibility
Operator error (manual, au tomated, result interpretat ion error)	 Procedure execution errors (consumables, protocol steps, volumes, de vice settings) Analysis errors
Laboratory's internal qualit y control	 Standardized checkpoints to ensure proper execution and risks for fail ure in each step are minimised Quality indicators in place to serve as tools for troubleshooting
DDNS Data analysis (usin g PiranhaGui Software)	 Software issue (version, compatibility, input/ output access) Sample/run data input error
General laboratory practic e	 Cleanliness of workspaces and equipment Equipment and pipette calibration and maintenance



A	В	
	•	Labelling of samples, reagents, reactions

Below is a list of commonly encountered DDNS PCR assay run errors, possible causes, recommended corrective, and preventive actions.

No amplification detected / sequence obtained in samples previously identified as positive by culture or ITD-qPCR provided that positive and negative controls are valid

A	В	С	D
Problematic result	Possible cause	Recommended sol ution/ corrective ac tion	Recommended preve ntive action
No amplification detect ed / seqeunce obtaine d in samples previosul y identified as positive by culture or ITD-qPCR provided that positive a nd negative controls ar e valid	Erroneous RNA extra ction procedure perfo rmed	To verify, repeat the DDNS PCR assay u sing the same RNA extract of the failed samples; If the result of the repeat test remains negative, repeat the RNA extraction method with the recommended kit	 Ensure trained pe rsonnel. Prepare quick gui des and extraction pl ate maps ready on ha nd
No amplification detect ed / seqeunce obtaine d in samples previosul y identified as positive by culture or ITD-qPCR provided that positive a nd negative controls ar e valid	Extraction method us ed not recommended for DDNS method	Re-extract the stool supernatant using the MagMAX Viral RNA Isolation kit manually or automated; If this extraction method is not available in your lab, use either the QiagenQIAamp Viral RNAMini kit or Roche High Pure Viral RNAkit	Ensure that all the ext raction method steps are followed accordin g to protocol
No amplification detect ed / seqeunce obtaine d in samples previosul y identified as positive by culture or ITD-qPCR provided that positive a nd negative controls ar e valid	PCR inhibitors	Confirm presence of inhibitors by spiking the positive control virus (CVA20) in to the sample; if the positive control does not amplify, then inhibitors are suspected; if inhibitors are suspected, use BSA in the master mix to help overcome PCR inhibitors; alternatively, if inhibitors are suspected, dilute existing stool supernatant or eluted RNA 10-fold and repeat the RT-P CR. If a signal; is observed using the dil	 Ensure that all the extraction method steps are followed adequately. Use BSA in the RT-PCR mastermix to help overcome PCR inhibitors.



A	В	С	D
		uted sample, inhibit ors are suspected	
No amplification detect ed / seqeunce obtaine d in samples previosul y identified as positive by culture or ITD-qPCR provided that positive a nd negative controls ar e valid	Sample mislabelling	Check sample label ling, with crossche cking EPID and Lab ID numbers	Ensure correct sample labelling and recording
No amplification detect ed / seqeunce obtaine d in samples previosul y identified as positive by culture or ITD-qPCR provided that positive a nd negative controls ar e valid	Poor specimen qualit y or RNA template m ay be damaged/ degr aded	Confirm by repeatin g the test from nucl eic acid extraction t o PCR; if the issue persists, use a sem i-nested PCR appro ach which has a sh orter first round PC R product so likely t o amplify a bit bett er	Ensure that collected samples are properly stored and processe d.

Negative result for some samples: amplification detected / sequence obtained in some but not all samples that tested positive by culture or ITD. Provided that positive and negative controls for all targets are valid.

A	В	С	D
Problematic result	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended preve ntive action
Negative result for so me samples: amplific ation detected / sequ ence obtained in som e but not all samples t hat tested positive by culture or ITD. Provide d that positive and ne gative controls for all targets are valid.	Inconsistent pipetting t echnique in template a ddition	Repeat the DDNS a ssay for the concer ned samples using proper pipetting tec hnique; merely repe ating the sample m ay also lead to addit ional detection	 Ensure trained p ersonnel. Always check liq uid volumes in pipett e tips for each additio n Ensure pipettes are services and calib rated
Negative result for so me samples: amplific ation detected / sequ ence obtained in som e but not all samples t hat tested positive by culture or ITD. Provide d that positive and ne gative controls for all targets are valid.	RNA samples in a PCR plate/run were extracte d using different metho dologies with different performance character istics	Re-extract and repe at the DDNS PCR as say on the concerne d samples using the MagMAX Viral RNA isolation kit or QIAa mp Viral RNA Mini Kit or Roche High P ure Viral RNA kit	Ensure trained perso nnel
Negative result for so me samples: amplific ation detected / sequ ence obtained in som e but not all samples t hat tested positive by culture or ITD. Provide d that positive and ne	Failure to extract viral t arget RNA due to prese nce of virus below the detectable limit (LOD) of the DDNS assay	Perform DDNS on c ulture isolates of th e stool supernatant suspected to contai n virus levels below the DDNS LOD	Ensure trained perso nnel



A	В	С	D
gative controls for all targets are valid.			
Negative result for so me samples: amplific ation detected / sequ ence obtained in som e but not all samples t hat tested positive by culture or ITD. Provide d that positive and ne gative controls for all targets are valid.	Sample mislabelling	Check sample labell ing, with crosschec king EPID and Lab I D numbers	Ensure correct sample labelling and recording
Negative result for so me samples: amplific ation detected / sequ ence obtained in som e but not all samples t hat tested positive by culture or ITD. Provide d that positive and ne gative controls for all targets are valid.	PCR machine failure. Consider if PCR reagent s/kit performance verified prior to use and PCR reagents/kit lot passed QC prior to use and all samples including run controls show no amplification	Retest the whole plate using different PCR machine (previously verified to work with the assay) Contact technical service engineer and equipment supplier for technical assistance	 Ensure preventive maintenance plan for the equipment is strictly followed. Only use PCR machines with valid calibration certificates Ensure all users are trained on proper use of machines

No amplification detected/ sequence obtained in all samples including positive and negative controls

A	В	С	D
Problematic result	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended preven tive action
No amplification det ected/ sequence obt ained in all samples i ncluding positive and negative controls	Extraction Reagent/ PCR kit lot issue	eagents/ PCR kit lot used has not expire d. Verify this by pa rallel testing a reage nt lot that has been previously confirme d to be working vs the reagent lot suspe cted to give problem atic results. Use positive and negative control for the paralle l-test in duplicate. If the reactions using the reagent lot previously confirmed to be working provides the expected results and the reactions for the suspected problematic lot does not provide the expected results, then this confirms that a bad reagent lot was used; Retest the whole plate using new rea	 Only use reagent s/ PCR kits within date Verify if reagents were transported and received according to manufacturer recommendations. Check if reagents are stored according to manufacturer recommendations. QC check new lots by running positive and negative controls using a lot verified to be working and the incoming reagent lot (old vs new)



A	В	С	D
		gent lot of QC passe d negative template control material; Pre pare a report and co ntact the supplier/ manufacturer regar ding the issue and r equest for technical assistance	
No amplification det ected/ sequence obt ained in all samples i ncluding positive and negative controls	One or more of the ma stermix components f rom either the PanEV (First round PCR) or V P1 PCR (second round PCR) are limiting the re action due to missed a ddition, incorrect calcu lation, or expired reage nts.	 Re-check calculation on worksheet Repeat test using new stock reagents; if it is a case of a bad reagent lot caught in the lot-testing, then contact the manufacturer/supplier 	 Ensure that all rea gents /Kits used are w ithin expiry. Record kit and rea gent lot numbers on w orksheet Record/tick every addition of componen ts while preparing mas termixes Record/tick additi on steps during protoc ol i.e. forward primer, barcoded primers, first PCR product
No amplification det ected/ sequence obt ained in all samples i ncluding positive and negative controls	Incorrect PCR program or cycling conditions w ere used	Repeat amplificatio n from RT step	Record/tick each step in the protocol to ensu re correct thermocycle r programs and cyclin g conditions are used
No amplification det ected/ sequence obt ained in all samples i ncluding positive and negative controls	Failed RNA extraction	• Re-extract and r epeat the DDNS as say on all samples u sing the MagMAX Vi ral RNA isolation Kit or QIAamp Viral RN A Mini Kit or Roche High Pure Viral RNA kit.	 Ensure that all ste ps of the extraction pr otocol are followed ad equately. Control RNA extraction and first PCR se parately by introducin g a separate positive c ontrol for the first PCR in the form of a previously extracted RNA that successfully amplified before Check that all recommendations and no tes in the RNA extraction protocol are considered.

Identical sequences appearing at low read numbers (10-100) over multiple samples

A	В	С	D
Problematic result	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended preven tive action
Identical sequence s appearing at low r ead numbers (10-1	Contamination of equip ment due to repeated D DNS performance	Perform a deep clean of workstation s, pipettes and equi pment with nucleic	Clean workstation and pipettes between r uns Perform a routine dee



А	В	С	D
00) over multiple sa mples		acid degradation sol utions (e.g. DNAZa p).	p clean every five DDN S runs Separate work areas f or pre- and post-amplif ication steps

Amplification is detected but no sequences are produced

А	В	С	D
Problematic result	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended preve ntive action
Amplification is det ected but no seque nces are produced	Incorrect sequencing ru n settings used	 Make sure you h ave selected the correct sequencing and b arcoding kits in the run options. If pod5 files are being produced, you can re-call the data post-run. These files may be in pod5_fail, or pod5_skip 	When setting up the r un, ensure you select SQK-LSK114, and EX P-PBC096
Amplification is det ected but no seque nces are produced	Incompatible kit reagen ts used	If you have multiple ONT kits, it may be possible that you to ok the adapter mix from an incompatible kit for the final adapter ligation step. You would need to repeat the library preparation, ensuring that you use the correct reagents from the SQ K-LSK114 kit	Keep ONT reage nts in their original pa ckaging and make su re you only take from that kit box when you are doing the library p reparation.
Amplification is det ected but no seque nces are produced	Samples missed during pooling	If individual sam ples are accidentally missed during poolin g, there will be no rea ds for that barcode.	Take extra care t o pool all barcoded s amples and check vol ume in pipette tip for each addition.

For Issues during the sequencing run please see some suggested causes and solution on the Nanopore page here

MinKNOW reports a lower number of pores at the start of sequencing than the number reported by the Flow Cell check

A	В	С	D
Observed issue	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended preventive action
MinKNOW reports a lower number of por es at the start of se quencing than the n umber reported by t he Flow Cell Check	An air bubble was introd uced into the nanopore array	• After the Flow cell check, it is important to remove any air bub bles near the priming before priming the flow cell. if not removed, the air bubble can travel to the nannopore	Use good practice pi petting to prevent int roducing air into the center array which c ould have a detrimen tal effect on the me mbranes and subse



А	В	С	D
		array and cause irreversible damage to the nanopores Avoid introducing air as this will permanently damage the intehrity of the pore membranes"	qeunctly the active p ore count.
MinKNOW reports a lower number of por es at the start of se quencing than the n umber reported by t he Flow Cell Check	The flow cell is not corre ctly inserted into the dev ice	Stop the sequencing r un, remove the flow c ell from the device an d insert it again ensur ing that the flow cell i s firmly seated in the device and that it has reached the target te mperature. if applicab le, try a different posit ion on the sequencin g device (GridION/Pro methION)	Correctly insert the fl ow cell into the seqe uncing device, ensur e that it is firmly seat ed in the device and that is has reached t he target temperatur e
MinKNOW reports a lower number of por es at the start of se quencing than the n umber reported by t he Flow Cell Check	Contaminants in the libr ary have damaged the m embranes or blocked th e pores and therefore un able to sequence. This manifests itself as a buil d-up of "Unavailable" por es over time.	If, despite the channe I blocking, the library is still producing a sufficient number reads, carry on with the sequencing experiment. Otherwise, stop the sequencing run in Min KNOW. Then wash out the library from the flow cell using the instructions for the Flow Cell Wash Kit. Then prepare another library and load it on the flow cell.	Ensure to follow the DDNS protocol adeq uately to avoid carry over of chemical components that could contaminate the RN A sample and subsequinently have a significant effect on downstream library preparation efficiency, and therefore sequencing throughput.

MinKNOW script failed.

A	В	С	D
Observed issue	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended preventive action
MinKNOW shows "S cript failed"		Restart the computer and then restart MinK NOW. if the issue pers ists, please collect th e MinKNOW log files and contact technical support	

Shorter than expected read length

A	В	С	D
Observed issue	Possible cause	Recommended soluti on/ corrective action	Recommended preventive action



A	В	С	D
Shorter than expect ed read length	Unwanted fragmentatio n of the DNA sample du ring library preparation	During library prepara tion, avoid pipetting a nd vortexing when mi xing reagents.	

Below is a list of commonly encountered errors when installing and running PIRANHA GUI

Docker installation errors

A	В	С	D
Error/Issue raised	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended preventive action
Docker installation e rrors	Error pops up asking t o update WSL2 (Wind ows Subsystem for Li nux)	If Docker is using WSL2 backend it may need u pdating, you can downl oad the executable for doing this on the Micro soft website.	Install this update be fore installing docke r, but it is also ok to wait until it shows th e error, in case you d o not need to do this.
Docker installation e rrors	Error pops up mention ing HyperV, HyperViso r, or virtualisation cap abilities	 Go to "Turn Windo ws features on or off" a nd make sure HyperV is enabled, you may need to restart the computer after this. If you are not able t o turn HyperV on and it says, "Virtualisation not enabled in firmware", y ou need to start up you r device in bios settings and enable virtualisation here before turning it on as above. 	Check virtualisation i s enabled in Window s features before sta rting up Docker for t he first time.

Docker failed to start error

A	В	С	D
Error/Issue raised	Possible cause	Recommended solutio n/ corrective action	Recommended preventive action
Docker failed to start	Hyper-V is not enable d or not installed	Enable Hyper-V, by follo wing the below steps: a) Open the Control Pa nel on your Windows s ystem. b) Click on "Pr ograms and Features" and then click on "Turn Windows features on o r off". c) Scroll down the list of features and look for the "Hyper-V" option. C heck the box next to it to enable Hyper-V. d) Click on "OK" to save your changes. e) Restart your computer to apply the changes. Sonce Hyper-V is ena	Ensure that Hyper-V is enabled and instal led



A	В	С	D
		bled, try starting Docke r Desktop again	
Docker failed to start	Virtualization is not e nabled in BIOS	Enable virtualization in the BIOS. see the link h ere on how to enable vi rtualisation: https://coll abnix.com/error-docke r-failed-to-start-docker- desktop-for-windows/.	

PIRANHA GUI says Docker is not installed when it is

A	В	С	D
Error/Issue raised	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended prev entive action
PIRANHA GUI says Docker is not install ed when it is	Docker is not open	Close PIRANHA GUI, o pen Docker, then reope n PRIANHA GUI	Open Docker first be fore opening the PIR ANHA GUI
PIRANHA GUI says Docker is not install ed when it is	Docker is not starting up properly or failed to start	Make sure that Hyper- V is installed and enabl ed on your system to al low Docker to start pro perly	Ensure that Hyper-V is enabled and instal led

You start analysis but it immediately stops with an error

A	В	С	D
Error/Issue raised	Possible cause	Recommended solutio n/ corrective action	Recommended preve ntive action
You start analysis but it immediately stops with an error	The column headers fo r the barcode csv are in correct	Make sure the first two columns are labelled "b arcode" and "sample" al I lower case and with n o accidental spaces ad ded	Double check the bar code csv file before r unning PIRANHA, an d you can reuse csv f iles that have worke d before rather than creating new each ti me.
You start analysis but it immediately stops with an error	The csv is saved as the wrong file type	PIRANHA GUI is very se nsitive to the different c sv file types. Ensure tha t it is saved as a csv (co mma delimited)	If you have a csv that has worked previousl y, you can copy this t o your desired locati on and reuse it, ensur ing that the correct in formation for the cur rent run is input.

You run analysis but the output is empty or all 0 reads

A	В	С	D
Error/Issue raised	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended preventive action
You run analysis b ut the output is em pty or all 0 reads	The sample/barcode a ssociations in the barc ode csv are incorrect	Double check in the barc odes csv that you have p ut the correct barcodes t o the correct samples. Y	As soon as you have added barcodes to a sample, take note a



A	В	С	D
		ou can also check your f astq_pass files to double check the barcodes dete cted if you have doubts	nd log this in the bar codes csv
You run analysis b ut the output is em pty or all 0 reads	The file path for the fa stq_pass is incorrect	Go back to the start pag e and check the location selected. Make sure you click all the way through to where the barcode dir ectories are and not to a higher-level directory.	Click through all the way to a barcode dir ectory when selectin g the fastq_pass fol der in the GUI.
You run analysis b ut the output is em pty or all 0 reads	Error during transfer of your fastq files	Check inside your fastq_pass barcode directories to make sure they contain fastq files and the number of files match the number in the original fast q_pass folder created by MinKNOW.	Make sure everythin g has finished copying before removing any external hard drives or USB sticks and eject properly before removing.
You run analysis b ut the output is em pty or all 0 reads	The GUI cannot acces s your fastq files	Sometimes, due to read/ write permissions, the G UI cannot access the fas tq files you point it to. Tr y moving your files to an other destination on your device and see if that hel ps.	When transferring fastq files, put them into a directory within your docume nts rather than on the desktop or a shared drive. You can move the analysis output and fastq files elsewhere after running if you wish. Check during the initial phase of the analysis to see how many fastq files were located by PIRAN HA to see if they we re accessed.
You run analysis b ut the output is em pty or all 0 reads	Incorrect analysis setti ngs were used	Check the analysis settin gs in PIRANHA options a s incorrect read length s ettings can lead results i n 0 mapped reads	It is recommended t o check the PIRANH A analysis option se ttings to ensure they are all appropriate f or the actual analysi s

Your controls have not been recognised in the run report

A	В	С	D
Error/Issue raised	Possible cause	Recommended solution/ corrective action	Recommended pre ventive action
Your controls have not been recognis ed in the run repor t	You have not named y our controls to match the default	PIRANHA looks for sampl es named "positive" and "negative" in the barcode s.csv. Rename your contr ols appropriately.	Name your controls as positive or negat ive when you first fil I in the details in th e barcodes.csv
Your controls have not been recognis	Rename your controls appropriately.	You can tell PIRANAH GUI the names of your co	Keep to the default nomenclature of po



A		В	С	D
ed i	n the run repor		ntrols in the Run Options i f you are not staying with the default. If what you write in does n ot match the name in the barcodes csv, PIRANHA w ill not be able to make the association. Ensure that if you specify control name s that are different from t he default that you match this correctly to the name s in the barcodes.csv file	sitive and negative