



Feb 16, 2021

Making normal NGM for imaging plates (Cabreiro Lab)

Forked from [Making normal NGM for imaging plates \(Cabreiro Lab\)](#)

Saul Moore¹

¹Imperial College London

In Development

This protocol is published without a DOI.

Behavioural Genomics



Saul Moore

SUBMIT TO PLOS ONE

ABSTRACT

C. elegans is maintained in the laboratory on Nematode Growth Medium (NGM) agar which has been aseptically poured into petri plates. The NGM agar medium can be poured into petri plates easily and aseptically using a peristaltic pump. This pump can be adjusted so that a constant amount of NGM agar is dispensed into each petri plate. A constant amount of agar in the plates reduces the need for refocusing the microscope when you switch from one plate to another.

The imaging plates can be 35mm, 60mm or 90mm in diameter depending on the assay design.

PROTOCOL CITATION

Saul Moore 2021. Making normal NGM for imaging plates (Cabreiro Lab). **protocols.io**
<https://protocols.io/view/making-normal-ngm-for-imaging-plates-cabreiro-lab-bsgdnbs6>

FORK NOTE

FORK FROM

Forked from [Making normal NGM for imaging plates \(Cabreiro Lab\)](#), Saul Moore

LICENSE

This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](#), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

CREATED

Feb 16, 2021

LAST MODIFIED

Feb 16, 2021

PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

47333

GUIDELINES

The quality of the imaging plates are crucial in producing good images that can later be analysed. It is very important to make sure there aren't any air bubbles trapped on the plates.

Also, since most imaging is done using 35mm diameter plates that uses a very thin 3mm tubing for pouring, extra care should be taken to not let the NGM cool too much and block the tubing.

Reagents:

For 500mL:

(A) Pre-autoclave:

▢ **1.5 g Sodium Chloride (ThermoFisher)**

▢ **8.5 g Bacto™ Agar Solidifying Agent, BD Diagnostics (214030)**

▢ **1.25 g ThermoFisher, BD Diagnostics Bacto™ Peptone (211677)**

▢ **0.5 mL Cholesterol (5mg/ml in EtOH), Sigma-C1145-250MG [store at 4°C away from light]**

▢ **482.5 mL Sterile Water**

(B) Post-autoclave:

▢ **0.5 mL 1M CaCl₂, Sigma-C3881-1KG**

▢ **0.5 mL 1M MgSO₄, Fisher-M/1050/53**

▢ **12.5 mL 1M KPO₄ (pH 6.0) [see solution protocol for how to make]**

BEFORE STARTING

If the volume intended is more than 1000ml, it is better to prepare in more than one bottle.

Pre-Autoclave:

- 1
 - Book the autoclave (notebook on top of the machine).
 - Take clean flasks from the glass kitchen.
 - Measure all the pre-autoclave reagents and add to the flask (Use a new weighing boat and spatula for each reagent. Also, the cholesterol is kept in the fridge.)
 - Once water is added mix thoroughly and label with autoclave tape ('NGM Rm 5009'). Make sure the bottle is not screwed completely when placing it inside the autoclave machine.

Using the autoclave:

- 2
 - Turn ON the autoclave
 - Make sure that the autoclave's probe bottle is the same size as the largest bottle you use and fill it with water.
 - Place the temperature probe in it.
 - Fill up the autoclave with water until it reaches the grill.
 - Place the bottles in the autoclave and make sure that the cap is not screwed completely.
 - Check the waste flask is not too full
 - Use 'media' program.
 - Press START.
 - It will take about 2 hours for a 500ml bottle to autoclave and about 2.5 hours for 1L or larger bottles.

Post autoclave:

- 3
 - When autoclave is complete, remove the probe flask
 - Make sure to wear gloves as the flask will be hot
 - Let the agar to cool to around 55°C, ie the bottle is cool enough to hold for a second with a gloved hand.
 - Add the post autoclave reagents.
 - Mix it well and start pouring onto imaging plates following the Protocol for *Plate Pouring*.
 - Try not to shake the bottle too much while mixing to avoid air bubbles.
 - The agar needs to be warm to be poured without blocking the tubings, so try to pour as quickly as possible and if not poured immediately put the bottle on a waterbath set to 60C until being used.