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# OPEN ACCESS

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## Schistosoma mansoni cercariae shedding

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Schistosoma mansoni



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#### **ABSTRACT**

Schistosoma mansoni cercariae can be obtained from infected Biomphalaria glabrata snails. Although infected snails will release (shed) cercariae constantly at low numbers, it is possible to trigger the release of larger quantities by keeping the snails in the dark for a few days before shedding.

Material obtained from these procedures can be mechanically transformed into schistosomula for further experimentation.

#### **MATERIALS**

### MilliQ water Contributed by users

- 22 12-well Clear TC-treated Multiple Well Plates Individually Wrapped Sterile Costar Catalog #3513
- 24-well Clear TC-treated Multiple Well Plates Individually Wrapped Sterile Costar Catalog #3524
- Sterile Graduated Transfer Pipets Fisher Scientific Catalog #13479108
- **⋈** Blunt featherweight forceps wide tip **BioQuip Catalog #4750**
- Lugol solution Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich) Catalog #32922250ML
- X Nalgene™ PPCO Wash Bottles, 500mL Thermo Fisher Catalog #2405-0500P

Equipment	
Zoom stereomicroscope with diascopic illumination stand	NAME
stereomicroscope	TYPE
Nikon	BRAND
SMZ800N	SKU

Lamp or other light source 1x Aquarium Water (diluted from 10X; see recipes)

#### **10X AQUARIUM WATER**

5.56g CaCl2
12.28g MgSO4-7H2O
0.43g K2SO4
4.2g NaHCO3
480µl FeCl3-6H2O (0.5g/100ml water)
Fill to 10L and store in 1L bottles
Dilute to 1x: 9L MQ water + 1L 10x

Biomphalaria glabrata snails are fresh water snails. In the laboratory, infected snails can be kept in the dark; however, infected snails will release small amounts of cercariae all the time, even in the dark.

Cercariae are infectious to humans. Please use proper PPE at all times, including a lab coat, waterproof over-gown, long-cuff gloves AQL <= 0.65, and face shield.

- All disposable materials should be placed in biohazardous waste bins
- Glassware should be immersed in a klorsept solution of at least
   50ppm for at least 2 hours, rinsed with diH2O and then autoclaved
- Any liquids should be treated with klorsept solution of at least 50ppm for at least 2 hours
- Liquids treated with klorsept should be diluted further and disposed in the drain

## Preparing snails for shedding

1 Place aquarium tank containing snails >=4 weeks post-exposure to *S. mansoni* on a stable bench top

#### Note

Snails infected with one miracidium ("monomiracidium-infected") can take up 7 weeks to begin shedding. Repeat sheddings maximum of 1x/week until the 7th week post-exposure.

2 Using featherweight forceps, remove snails from the tank and rinse gently with 1x aquarium water in a wash bottle



- This is critical in order eliminate false positives (snails with cercariae on them from a different shedding snail)
- 3 Place snails into labelled 12- or 24-well plates with one snail per well

# **Shedding snails**

4 Place cover on plate and place snails under LED or fluorescent lighting for up to 2 hours to trigger release of cercariae from the infected snails.

Note

IMPORTANT - While shedding, cercariae are in high density and the water is highly hazardous!

- 5 Add enough 1x aquarium water to each well so that they are covered
- **6** Check snails for shedding by viewing each well under a zoom stereomicroscope with diascopic illumination stand

## **Collecting cercariae**

- Collect water containing cercariae every 30 minutes (alternatively, you can just collect cercariae at the end of 2 hrs shedding; this will give you the most concentrated cercariae suspension) using a transfer pipet and top up wells with new 1x aquarium water
  - If needed (i.e. for monomiracidium-infected snails where separate sexes are needed), keep cercariae from each snail separate and use new transfer pipet for each snail
- **8** Dispose of snails that did not shed by putting them in a container klorsept (See "Guidelines and Warnings") or place in new tank if you'd like to re-shed after an additional week.
- Return shedding snails to a new tank with food and appropriate labels make sure their air stones are under the water level and bubbling properly (See protocol "Snail husbandry for maintaining the *Schistosoma mansoni* life cycle")

Note

Snails should not be re-shed for one week minimum