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Protocol status: Working We use this protocol and it's working.

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Object Location Test

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ABSTRACT

The object location test is a spatial recognition memory test used to assess cognitive function in rodents. It is based on a rodent's natural preference to explore objects in a novel location over objects in a location they are familiar with. When presented with the opportunity to explore either a familiar or moved object, rodents with intact memory spend significantly more time exploring the moved object. Therefore, mice that spend a similar amount of time exploring each object are presumed to have a spatial memory deficit.

MATERIALS

- 1. Open field box
- Objects Ideal objects need to be heavy enough
 not to be moved by the rodent, difficult to climb on, and short enough not to
 be distorted by a fisheye lens. Examples include Lego towers or 50mL conical
 tubes filled with water.
- 3. Landmarks To help the rodents orient themselves in the box, place distinctive landmarks on at least three of the four walls of the box. Example landmarks can be found at the end of this protocol
- 4. Camera and Noldus EthoVision software

PROTOCOL MATERIALS



In 3 steps



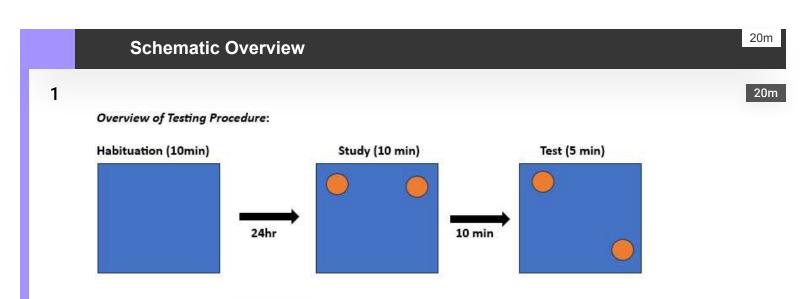
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Testing begins with a 00:10:00 habituation phase that allows the mice to acclimate to the testing environment (note, this can also serve as an open field test to assess anxiety and locomotor behavior). On the following day, OLT testing—consisting of two phases—begins. During the initial study phase, the rodents are placed in an open field box with two identical copies of an object and allowed to explore freely for 00:10:00. Ten minutes after completion of the study phase, mice are returned to the testing box with the same two objects only one of which has been moved to a new location. Object exploration is scored using EthoVision software.

Habituation

1h 10m

- 2 Habituation must be run the day before object location testing. This may also double as an open field test.
- Before beginning habituation, allow the rodents to acclimate to the testing room for at least 01:00:00



Object Location Testing

Mice should be brought up to the testing room at least one hour before the start of testing.

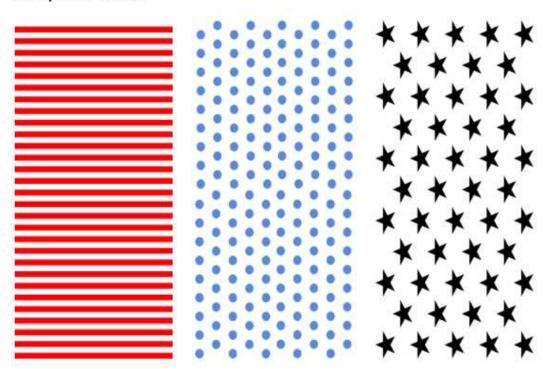
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Data Analysis:

- 18 Exploration is defined as time when the rodent's nose is within 2cm of an object. This can be scored automatically by EthoVision or by hand if needed.
- **Exploration ratio** = time spent exploring the moved object / total time exploring objects during test. If the average ratio is significantly above 0.5 (chance level) based on a one sample t test, the mouse is considered to have intact memory.
- **Controls**: Distance traveled and total object exploration time should be even across groups in both study and testing phases. Animals that do not explore the objects for at least 30 seconds in the study phase or 5 seconds per object in the testing phase should be removed.

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Example Landmarks:



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