



Jul 07, 2020

# Preparation of soil bacteria for FCM

Laura Espina<sup>1</sup><sup>1</sup>Cardiff University

1

Works for me

[dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.biazkaf6](https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.biazkaf6)

Laura Espina

DOI

[dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.biazkaf6](https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.biazkaf6)

PROTOCOL CITATION

Laura Espina 2020. Preparation of soil bacteria for FCM. **protocols.io**  
[dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.biazkaf6](https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.biazkaf6)



LICENSE

This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

CREATED

Jul 07, 2020

LAST MODIFIED

Jul 07, 2020

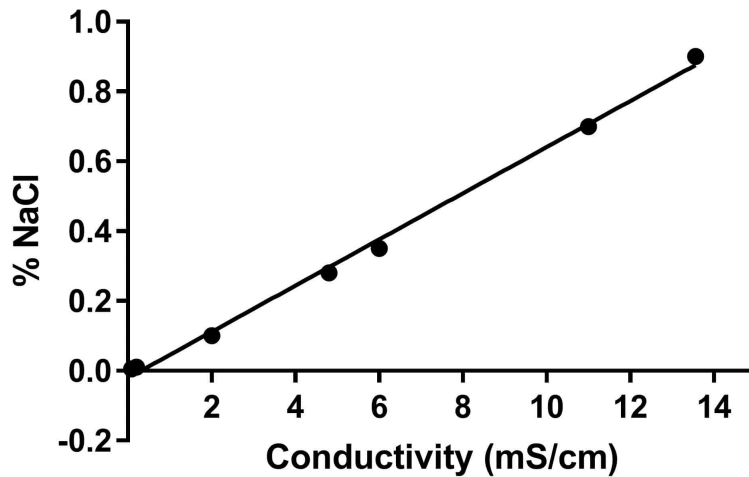
PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

38969

## Extraction of soil bacteria

- 1 Measure the conductivity of the soil sample with a conductivimeter.
- 2 **Prepare solution N:** Add the needed amount of NaCl to 100 mL of distilled water to prepare a saline solution with the same conductivity that of the soil (see figure below). Autoclave.

## Conductivity of saline solutions



Correlation between the concentration of NaCl in NaCl dilutions and their conductivity values

- 3 **Prepare the soil slurry:** Weight **20 g** of soil and add **40 mL** of sterile solution N.
- 4 Vortex the soil slurry for **00:20:00** .
- 5 Let the soil slurry settle for **00:05:00** .
- 6 **Remove big particles from soil slurry:** Prepare a sterile vacuum filtration system with a hydrophilic membrane of 12  $\mu\text{m}$  of pore size. Filter the soil slurry and retain the pass-through.
- 7 **Wash the soil particles:** Prepare a sterile vacuum filtration system with a hydrophilic membrane of 0.1  $\mu\text{m}$  of pore size. Filter the pass-through from step 6. Vortex the filter in a sterile standard tube with **5 mL** of solution N for **00:02:00** .
- 8 **Concentration of the soil particles:** Centrifuge the suspension from step 7 ( **6000 x g, 20°C 00:05:00** ). Remove supernatant.



Pellet of approximately  $10^9$  particles between the sizes of 0.1 and 12  $\mu\text{m}$ .

Resuspend in 2 mL of solution N.

- 9 **Concentration of soil bacteria by density centrifugation:** Prepare solutions of [M]60 Mass Percent w/v (1.3 g/mL) Histodenz (Sigma-Aldrich). Autoclave. Take 2 mL from step 8 and carefully pour onto a Histodenz cushion of 2 mL.  
Centrifuge ( ⌚7155 x g, 20°C 00:30:00 ).  
Carefully recover the microbial fraction (shown in picture below inside the red circle).



Centrifuge the recovered fraction ( ⌚6000 x g, 20°C 00:05:00 ).



Pellet of approximately  $10^9$  microorganisms (mostly bacteria).

#### Extraction of soil bacteria after cultivation on agar

- 10 Resuspend the pellet from step 9 in solution N. Prepare serial dilutions in solution N and plate onto R2A agar plates.
- 11 Incubate the plates at ⌚17 °C for ⌚96:00:00 .
- 12 Resuspend the grown biomass on agar plates from the previous step in solution N in several microcentrifuge tubes. Centrifuge them ( ⌚6000 x g, 20°C 00:05:00 ) and remove supernatant.



Pellet of approximately  $10^9$  readily culturable microorganisms (mostly bacteria).

#### Staining procedure

- 13 **Prepare staining solution:**  
To a solution of Potassium phosphate buffer pH7.0 at [M]0.1 Molarity (M) , add: Propidium iodide ( [M]80 Micromolar (μM) in water ), 5(6)-carboxyfluorescein diacetate ( [M]10 Micromolar (μM) in water ) and EDTA ( [M]60 Micromolar (μM) in water ).

- 14 Add 1 mL of staining solution to each pellet from steps 9 and/or 12. Mix by vortexing.
- 15 Incubate samples from step 14 in the dark at **30 °C** for **00:30:00**.
- 16 Prepare FCM tubes with **1 mL** of PBS added with bovine serum albumin (**0.8 Mass / % volume**) and refrigerate them for **01:00:00**.
- 17 Add **10 µl** of a sample from step 15 to a tube from step 16 for FCM analysis. Filter all the content of the tube through a hydrophilic membrane of 0.2 µm of pore size. Proceed to FCM analysis.