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1

# Total crude protein in plankton: Pierce BCA protein assay (including the enhanced assay for low biomass) V.3

DOI

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COMMENTS 0

## ABSTRACT

Here we describe a protocol for extracting total crude protein from phytoplankton and zooplankton, and quantifying by Pierce BCA protein assay. Chlorophyll, phospholipids and sucrose in crude protein could interfere the BCA assay.

[https://assets.thermofisher.com/TFS-Assets/LSG/manuals/MAN0011430\\_Pierce\\_BCA\\_Protein\\_Asy\\_UG.pdf](https://assets.thermofisher.com/TFS-Assets/LSG/manuals/MAN0011430_Pierce_BCA_Protein_Asy_UG.pdf)

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## PROTOCOL CITATION

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Version created by Ying-Yu Hu



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## KEYWORDS

microalgae, total protein, Pierce BCA, protein solubilization buffer, bead mill cell disruption, microplate, zooplankton

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## GUIDELINES

1. Working range of Pierce BCA assay is 20-2000 ug/ml protein.
2. Enhanced assay has working range of 5 to 200 ug/mL protein.
3. Minimum sampling volume for microalgae (mL) =  $750/(\text{Chl-a}_{\text{ug/L}})$ , if protein is extracted by only 500 ul extraction buffer instead of 1 mL.
4. One extra step of using microspin centrifuge filter is required for protein from zooplankton or microalgae samples with fine debris .


## SAFETY WARNINGS

Waste from BCA assay needs to be collected into waste container and gets further treated before disposal due to the negative impact on the activity of microorganism.

## Sample collection

- 1 Microalgae samples
  - 1.1 Calculate the volume to obtain enough biomass for the assay:  
  
If using 500 uL extraction buffer, the minimum sampling volume (mL) =  $750/(\text{Chl-a}_{\text{ug/L}})$   
If using 1000 uL extraction buffer, the minimum sampling volume (mL) =  $2 \times 750/(\text{Chl-a}_{\text{ug/L}})$
  - 1.2 Filter microalgae in liquid media onto polycarbonate filters, using gentle vacuum pressure (130 mmHg).
  - 1.3 Rinse filter tunnel with filtered artificial seawater (nutrient free) to avoid sample loss.
  - 1.4 Place sample filters in 2 mL Cryogenic Vials.

1.5 Filter blank media (without cells) through polycarbonate filter as blank.

1.6 Flash-freeze tubes with liquid nitrogen and store at  -80 °C

## 2 Zooplankton samples

2.1 Grind freeze-dried samples in metal grinding tube (need dry ice)

### Equipment

**Metal lysing matrix tube**

NAME

MPBio

BRAND

116992006

SKU

### Equipment

**CoolPrep™ adapter for 24 x 2 mL tube holder on FastPrep-24**

NAME

MPBio

BRAND

116002528

SKU

### Equipment

**FastPrep-24 5G**

NAME

Bead-beater

TYPE

MP Biomedicals

BRAND

116005500

SKU

<https://uk.mpbio.com/fastprep-24-5g-instrument>

LINK



- 2.2 Transfer ground sample into Lysing matrix tube, weigh the biomass and log into sampling sheet.

### Equipment

**Lysing matrix tube I**

NAME

MPBio

BRAND

116918100

SKU

- 2.3 Flash-freeze tubes with liquid nitrogen, store at  -80 °C until further processing

- 3 Freeze dry samples before processed.

## Bead tube test for Microalgae samples

- 4 Bead size and lysing cycles have impact on protein extraction efficiency.

## 4.1 Bead size

### Note

Lysing tube	Bead size (mm)	Composition	2 mL tube SKU
Matrix B	0.1	Silica spheres	116911050-CF
Matrix Y	0.5	Yttria-stabilized zirconium oxide beads	116960050-CF
Matrix C	1	Silica spheres	116912050-CF
Matrix D	1.4	Zirconium-Silica spheres	116913050-CF

## 4.2 Lysing cycles

Compare protein yield by using four, six and eight cycles

## 4.3 Use the optimized bead size and lysing cycles to process protein samples.

# Prepare protein solubilization buffer (PSB)

## 5

### CITATION

Ni G, Zimbalatti G, Murphy CD, Barnett AB, Arsenault CM, Li G, Cockshutt AM, Campbell DA (2017). Arctic *Micromonas* uses protein pools and non-photochemical quenching to cope with temperature restrictions on Photosystem II protein turnover.. *Photosynthesis research*.

LINK

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s11120-016-0310-6>

## 6

In order to obtain compatible results, prepare sufficient PSB so that the same PSB can be used for sample extraction, blank filter extraction and standard solutions

(1) Extract all samples: Each sample requires 0.25 mL PSB

(2) Extract all blank filters: Each filter requires 0.25 mL PSB

(3) Each standard solution (500 ul) requires 0.125 mL PSB


7 For each  10 g PSB

7.1 Use anti-static weighing dish to weigh the following chemicals (one chemical one dish):


Equipment		
Antistatic weighing dish		NAME
Fisherbrand		BRAND
08-732-112		SKU

(1)  0.136 g Tris base

 Tris base **Bioshop Catalog #TRS001.500**

(2)  0.133 g Tris HCl

 Tris HCl **Bioshop Catalog #TRS002.500**

(3)  0.8 g Lithium dodecyl sulphate

 Lithium Dodecyl Sulphate **Bioshop Catalog #LDS701.25**

7.2 Place a plastic beaker on the top of the scale surface

7.3 Remove the cap of a 15 mL tube and sit it in the beaker

## Equipment

### Falcon® Centrifuge Tubes

Polypropylene, Sterile, 15 mL

Corning®

352096

NAME

TYPE

BRAND

SKU

7.4 Tare the total weight of beaker and tube

7.5 Transfer all chemicals weighed in [⇒ go to step #7.1](#) into the tube, rinse the dish with small amount of MilliQ water to make certain all of the solutes is transferred into the tube

7.6 Use a transfer pipet to add [🧪 4 g](#) glycerol into the tube

[🔗](#) Glycerol **Bioshop Catalog #GLY001.500**

7.7 Add [🧪 40 µL](#) [\[M\] 0.5 Molarity \(M\)](#) EDTA into the tube

[🔗](#) EDTA buffer solution (0.5 M) **Sigma Aldrich Catalog #4055-100ml**

7.8 Top to [🧪 10 g](#) with MilliQ water

7.9 Vortex until all solutes are completely dissolved.

## Note



## Prepare Pefabloc solution

8


 4-(2-2-aminoethyl)-benzenesulfonyl fluoride HCL (AEBSF, Pefabloc) **Bioshop Catalog #AEB602.100**

#### Note

9

Add  20.86 mL MilliQ into  100 mg Pefabloc to obtain a final concentration of 20 millimolar (mM).

10

Aliquot into 2.5 mL portions and keep frozen at  -20 °C

11

The solution can be frozen~thawed multiple times.

## Assay Day 1: Extract protein

12

Prepare protein extraction buffer (PEB):

Each 1 mL PEB contains

250 ul PSB

20 ul 20 mM Pefabloc

730 ul MilliQ water

13

Prepare ice-bath, keep all samples in the ice-bath

14

Rinse forceps with 70% ethanol and air dry



### Equipment

#### Filter forceps

NAME

blunt end, stainless steel

TYPE

Millipore


BRAND

XX6200006P

SKU

- 15 Label bead tubes and use clean forceps to transfer samples and blank filters into its corresponding bead tube.

### Note

- 16 Reverse pipet  1 mL PEB onto the filter.  
When using 15 mL Teenprep tube, horizontally shake the tube to bury filter into beads before adding PEB, which makes filter easy to be homogenized.

### Note

- 17 Turn on FastPrep

### Equipment

#### FastPrep-24 5G

NAME

Bead beater

TYPE

MP Biomedicals

BRAND


116005500

SKU

<https://uk.mpbio.com/fastprep-24-5g-instrument>

LINK


18 Check the cap of each tube to make certain cap is tightly screwed. Organize the tubes in order, take notes of the position of each tube, in case the labels get rubbed out during extraction.

19 Run  00:01:00 at 6.5 m/s

1m

20 Keep tubes  On ice for  00:01:00


21 Check labels. Put tubes back into FastPrep.

22 Run  00:01:00 at 6.5 m/s

1m

23 Keep tubes  On ice for  00:01:00

24 Check labels. Put tubes back into FastPrep.


25 Run  00:01:00 at 6.5 m/s

1m

26 Keep tubes  On ice for  00:01:00

Check labels. Put tubes back into FastPrep.

27

28 Run  00:01:00 at 6.5 m/s

1m

29 Keep tubes  On ice for  00:01:00


30

#### Note

31 De-foam by centrifuging the extract.

10m

2 mL Lysing Matrix tubes at  13000 rpm, Room temperature, 00:05:00

15 mL Teenprep tube at  3200 x g, Room temperature, 00:05:00

32 Transfer extract

32.1 **Microalgae** samples in QuickPrep tube (2 mL)

5m

(1) Transfer all supernatant to a 2 mL microtube

(2) Centrifuge at  13000 rpm, Room temperature, 00:05:00 to spin down debris

(3) Transfer only clear supernatant to a new microtube.

32.2 **Microalgae** samples in TeenPrep tube (15 mL)

5m


(1) Use 200 uL tip, go straight to the bottom along the side, try to transfer all extract to a 2 mL microtube.

(2) Centrifuge at  13000 rpm, Room temperature, 00:05:00 to spin down debris

(3) Transfer only clear supernatant to a new microtube.


32.3 **Zooplankton** samples and **Microalgae** samples with cloudy extract in which debris is too fine to be centrifuged down

5m

- (1) Use puncher to cut glass fibre filters into about 7 mm disks
- (2) Insert centrifuge filter tube into 2 mL microtube, line the bottom with two glass fibre filter disks by using ethanol rinsed and air-dried tweezers
- (3) Transfer all extract to filter tube
- (4) Centrifuge at  13000 rpm, Room temperature, 00:05:00 to completely remove debris, and keep the filtrate, discard the filter tube.

Equipment		
<b>new equipment</b>		NAME
Costar® Spin-X® Centrifuge Tube Filters, Corning®		BRAND
33500-692		SKU

Equipment		
<b>Microcentrifuge tube</b>		NAME
Corning		BRAND
29442-590		SKU

33 Freeze at  -80 °C

## Assay Day 2: Prepare Bovine serum albumin (BSA) standard solution

34 Thaw  20 millimolar (mM) pepabloc and transfer 150 ul to a 600 ul microtube.

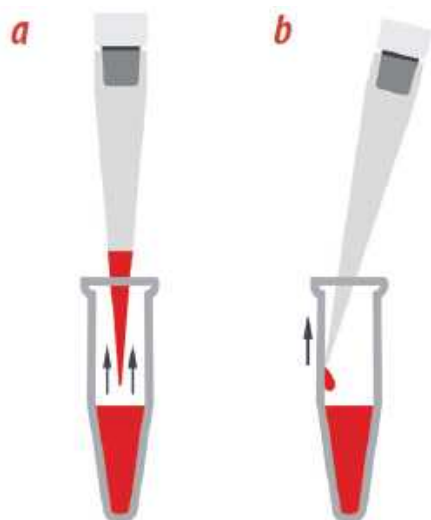
Note

35 Thaw extract in the fridge.

36 Organize eight 2 mL microtubes in the tube rack, label the tubes from SD1 to SD8.

37 Reverse pipetting: dispense  $\text{125 } \mu\text{L}$  PSB into each microtube.

Note



<https://www.americanlaboratory.com/914-Application-Notes/240482-Ten-Tips-for-Proper-Pipetting/>

38 Reverse pipetting: dispense  $\text{10 } \mu\text{L}$  pefabloc into each microtube

Note

### 39 Forward pipetting: Add MilliQ into each microtube according to the sheet below:

Standard	PSB (uL)	Pefabloc (uL)	MQ (uL)	BSA (2 mg/mL) (uL)	Final Conc. (mg/mL)
SD1	125	10	365	0	0
SD2	125	10	360	5	0.02
SD3	125	10	353	12	0.048
SD4	125	10	340	25	0.1
SD5	125	10	315	50	0.2
SD6	125	10	265	100	0.4
SD7	125	10	165	200	0.8
SD8	125	10	115	250	1

### 40 Primary BSA standard

#### 40.1 If BSA (2 mg/mL) is in 50 mL bottle, transfer 1 mL into a microtube.

Thermo Scientific™ Pierce™ Bovine Serum Albumin Standard 2 mg/mL (50 mL) **Thermo Scientific Catalog #Thermo Scientific™ 0023210**

#### 40.2 If BSA (2 mg/mL) is in ampule, break the ampule with ample opener.

BSA 2 mg/mL standard **Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #23209**

#### Equipment

**SCIENCEWARE® Break-Safe™ Ampule Opener**

NAME

Bel-Art®

BRAND


89217-378

SKU

### 41 Reverse pipet certain amount of BSA (2 mg/mL) into each tube according to the sheet [⇒ go to step #39](#)

#### Note

42 Vortex each tube.

43 Reverse pipetting: load  4 µL of each standard solution onto microdrop plate.

#### Equipment

**µDrop™ Plates**

NAME

Thermo Scientific

BRAND

N12391

SKU

44 Read absorbance of eight standard solutions at 205 nm

#### Equipment

**Varioskan LUX Multimode Microplate Reader**

NAME

Thermo Fisher

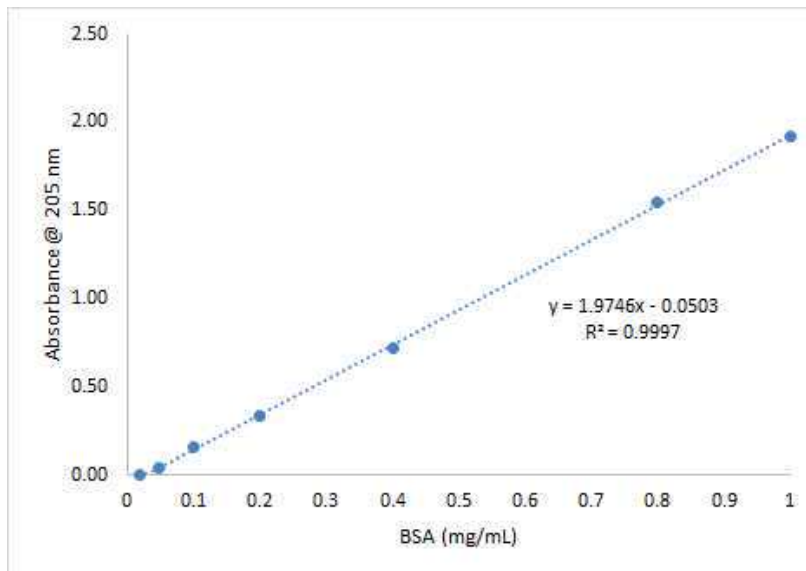
BRAND

VL0L00D0

SKU

45 Subtract absorbance at 205 nm of blank standard from the 205 nm measurements of all other standard solutions

46 Plot the blank-corrected 205 nm measurement for each standard solution versus its concentration in mg/ml.



Example of BSA standard curve: Absorbance read at 205 nm versus concentration (mg/mL)

- 47 If the standard curve has good Coefficient of Determination, i.e.,  $R^2 > 0.99$ , the standard solutions are in good quality; otherwise, prepare a new series of standard solutions until the quality of standard solutions meets the requirement.
- 48 Standard solutions can be kept at Room temperature .
- 49 Organize eight 2 mL microtubes in the tube rack, label the tubes from SD1 to SD8. Reverse pipet 100  $\mu\text{L}$  standard solution into its corresponding tube.

## Assay Day 2: Prepare BCA working reagent (WR)

- 50 Use the following formula to determine the total volume of WR required. Consider leaving several mL of extra volume:
- $$(\# \text{ standards} + \# \text{ samples} + \# \text{ blank filters}) \times \left( \text{img alt="pipette icon"} 800 \mu\text{L} \right) = \text{total volume WR required}$$
- 51 Prepare WR by mixing 50 parts of BCA reagent A with 1 part of BCA Reagent B in a 50 mL falcon tube

Pierce BCA Protein Assay Kit **Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #23225**



#### Equipment

**Falcon® Centrifuge Tubes**

NAME

Polypropylene, Sterile, 50 mL

TYPE

Corning®


BRAND

352070

SKU

## Assay Day 2: Pierce BCA assay

2h

52 Turn on incubator and preheat to  37 °C

#### Equipment

**SHAKING INCUBATOR**

NAME

71L

TYPE

Corning® LSE™


BRAND


6753

SKU



53 Keep thawed extract  On ice

54 Organize 2 mL microtubes in the tube rack, label the tubes for blanks and samples

55 Vortex and then use reverse pipetting: transfer  100 µL extract of blanks or samples into the corresponding tubes.

56 Use one tip and reverse pipetting: Add  800 µL WR into each tube, make sure that the tip doesn't have contact with the solution, so that samples are not cross-contaminated.

## Note

57 Vortex each tube, shake and incubate at  37 °C for  00:30:00

30m

58 Each microplate can hold eight standard solutions and forty samples+blanks, all in duplicate

## Equipment

### 96-Well Microplates

Polystyrene, Clear,

Greiner Bio-One

82050-760

NAME

TYPE


BRAND

SKU

59

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	S1	S1	Samples and sample blanks: 40 with duplicate									
B	S2	S2										
C	S3	S3										
D	S4	S4										
E	S5	S5										
F	S6	S6										
G	S7	S7										
H	S8	S8										

Example of organizing samples on the microplate.

60 Remove samples from the incubator and centrifuge  13300 rpm, Room temperature, 00:05:00

5m

61 For microplate loading:

Note

62 Shake for 5 s at 600 rpm in a continuous and high force mode  
Read endpoint 562 nm with a measurement time 100 ms

Equipment

Varioskan LUX Multimode Microplate Reader

NAME

Thermo Fisher

BRAND

VL0L00D0

SKU

## Calculate protein content per filter

63 Subtract the average 562 nm absorbance measurement of the blank standard replicates from the 562 nm measurements of all other individual **standard**.

64 Subtract the average 562 nm absorbance measurement of the blank sample (filter) replicates from the 562 nm measurements of all other individual **sample**.

65 Prepare a standard curve by plotting the average Blank-corrected 562 nm measurement for each BSA standard versus its concentration in mg/ml.

66 Use the standard curve to determine the protein concentration of each unknown sample by using its blank-

corrected 562 absorbance.

- 67 Calculate the low-limit-of-detection:  
 $L\text{-LOD}_{\text{mg/mL}} = 3.3 \times \text{SD} / \text{slope}$   
where SD is the mean value of standard deviation between each standard replicates.

$L\text{-Abs} = L\text{-LOD} \times \text{slope} - \text{intercept}$

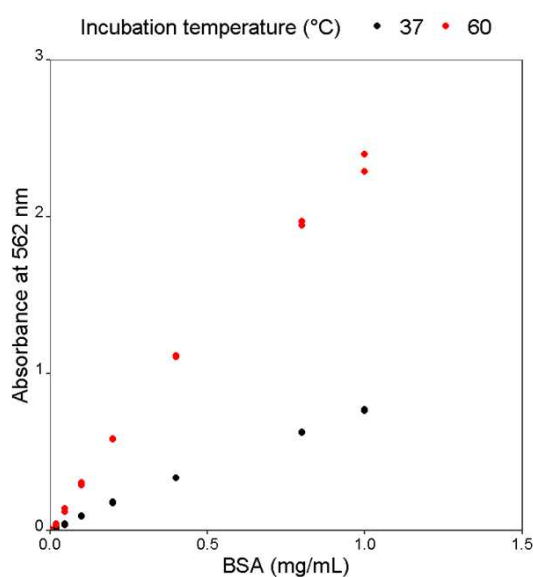
- 68 If the absorbance of sample is lower than L-Abs, go to Section:

Assay Day 3: Enhanced Pierce BCA assay for protein 5 to 200 ug/sample

- 69  $\text{Protein}_{\text{mg/filter}} = \text{Protein}_{\text{mg/mL}} \times \text{PEB}_{\text{mL}}$

### Assay Day 3: Enhanced Pierce BCA assay for protein 5 to 200 ug/sample

70



Response of absorbance at 562 nm to BSA concentration after 30-min incubation at 37 and 60 °C

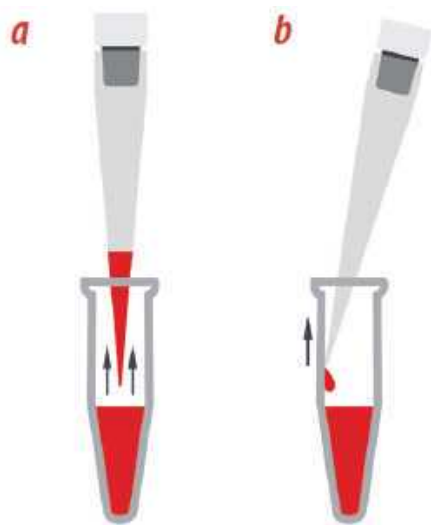
- 71 Thaw [20 millimolar (mM)] pepabloc and transfer 150 ul to a 600 ul microtube.

#### Note

72 Organize eight 2 mL microtubes in the tube rack, label the tubes from SD1 to SD8.

73 Reverse pipetting: dispense  125  $\mu\text{L}$  PSB into each microtube.

#### Note



<https://www.americanlaboratory.com/914-Application-Notes/240482-Ten-Tips-for-Proper-Pipetting/>

74 Reverse pipetting: dispense  10  $\mu\text{L}$  pefabloc into each microtube

#### Note

75 Forward pipetting: Add MilliQ into each microtube according to the sheet below:

Standard	PSB (uL)	Pefabloc (uL)	MQ (uL)	BSA (0.4 mg/mL) (uL)	Final Conc. (mg/mL)
SD1	125	10	365	0	0
SD2	125	10	360	5	4
SD3	125	10	355	10	8
SD4	125	10	345	20	16
SD5	125	10	335	30	24
SD6	125	10	305	60	48
SD7	125	10	240	125	100
SD8	125	10	115	250	200

76 Prepare BSA standard: [M] 0.4 mg/mL

76.1 If BSA (2 mg/mL) is in 50 mL bottle, directly reverse pipet  $\text{300 } \mu\text{L}$  BSA standard into a 2 mL microtube (do not return remaining solution back into the bottle). Forward pipet  $\text{600 } \mu\text{L}$  +  $\text{600 } \mu\text{L}$  Milli-Q into the tube, vortex.

 Thermo Scientific™ Pierce™ Bovine Serum Albumin Standard 2 mg/mL (50 mL) **Thermo Scientific Catalog #Thermo Scientific™ 0023210**

76.2 If BSA (2 mg/mL) is in ampule, break the ampule with ample opener. Reverse pipet  $\text{300 } \mu\text{L}$  BSA standard into a 2 mL microtube. Forward pipet  $\text{600 } \mu\text{L}$  +  $\text{600 } \mu\text{L}$  Milli-Q into the tube,

 BSA 2 mg/mL standard **Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #23209**

#### Equipment

**SCIENCEWARE® Break-Safe™ Ampule Opener**

NAME

Bel-Art®

BRAND

89217-378

SKU

77 Reverse pipet certain amount of BSA ( **100 0.4 mg/ml** ) into each tube according to the sheet

**➡ go to step #75**

#### Note

78 Vortex each tube.

79 Standard solutions can be kept at **🌡 Room temperature** .

80 Organize eight 2 mL microtubes in the tube rack, label the tubes from SD1 to SD8. Reverse pipet **🧪 100 µL** standard solution into its corresponding tube.

81 Use the following formula to determine the total volume of WR required. Consider leaving several mL of extra volume since Finn timer is unable to expel the entire volume from the tip:

(# standards + # samples + # blank filters) X ( **🧪 800 µL** ) = total volume WR required

82 Prepare WR by mixing 50 parts of BCA reagent A with 1 part of BCA Reagent B in a 50 mL falcon tube

**🔗 Pierce BCA Protein Assay Kit Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #23225**

#### Equipment

**Falcon® Centrifuge Tubes**

NAME

Polypropylene, Sterile, 50 mL


TYPE

Corning®

BRAND

352070

SKU

83 Turn on dry bath and preheat to  60 °C

#### Equipment

Digital dry bath

NAME

LSE


TYPE

Corning

BRAND

6875SB

SKU



84 Keep extracted samples  On ice

85 Organize 2 mL microtubes in the tube rack, label the tubes for blanks and samples

86 Forward pipetting: Add  800 µL WR into the tubes.

87 Reverse pipetting: transfer 100 µL extract of blanks or samples into the corresponding tubes.

#### Note

88 Vortex each tube, incubate at  60 °C for  00:30:00



89 Each microplate can hold eight standard solutions and forty samples+blanks, all in duplicate

Equipment	
96-Well Microplates	NAME
Polystyrene, Clear,	TYPE
Greiner Bio-One	BRAND
82050-760	SKU

90

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	S1	S1	Samples and sample blanks: 40 with duplicate									
B	S2	S2										
C	S3	S3										
D	S4	S4										
E	S5	S5										
F	S6	S6										
G	S7	S7										
H	S8	S8										

Example of organizing samples on the microplate.

91 For microplate loading:

Note

92 Shake for 5 s at 600 rpm in a continuous and high force mode

Read endpoint 562 nm with a measurement time 100 ms

Equipment	
Varioskan LUX Multimode Microplate Reader	NAME
Thermo Fisher	BRAND
VL0L00D0	SKU