



Yeast growth profile analysis

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ABSTRACT

This method outlines a procedure for analyzing the growth curve of Baker's yeast, Saccharomyces cerevisiae, for the assessment of growth medias, the addition of metabolites to media, and the incorporation of heterologous genes to our yeast strain.

PROCEDURE

- 1. Streak a YPD-agar plate from a glycerol stock.
- 2. Incubate for 48-72 hours at 25-30 °C or until colonies are large enough to pick (1-2 mm diam.)

3. Check plates. There likely won't be any colonies that are large enough to pick

Day 3:

- 4. Colonies should be large enough to pick (1-2 mm diameter)
- 5. Propagate colony (ies) in 5 mL YPD media
- 6. Allow colonies to grow overnight at 30 °C shaking at 240-250 rpm

Day 4:

- 7. Propagate triplicates in 5 mL fresh YPD using 50 µL of the overnight growth added directly to the 5 mL of fresh media
- 8. Begin collecting data for the growth curve. This marks the t=0 time point.
- 9. To begin collecting time points, 50 µL of culture can be added to 750 µL sterile media (or ddH20) using a polystyrene semimicrocuvette. Measure the absorbance at 600 nm

NOTE: Yeast grow more slowly than bacteria and time points can safely be collected every 2 hours. Additionally, after the fresh media is inoculated and time point 0 is collected, it can take up to 4 hours for any appreciable absorbance to be reached.

- 10. Time points data can be collected up to and including 48 hours. After 12 hours data was collected every 4 hours up to 24 hours and every 12 hours thereafter.
- 11. After an OD of 1.0-1.2 is achieved, yeast can be gently harvested at RT and fresh YPG added to induce protein expression
 - Fix the cap of the culture tube so it is sealed (2nd stop)
 - Using the Sartorius benchtop centrifuge (or other), spin at 500 x g for 3-5 minutes or until the supernatant is clear
 - Gently remove the supernatant with a micropipette (save if interested in metabolite studies at 20 °C in sterile 15-mL
 - Replace with 5 mL of fresh YPG media (warmed to 30 °C) and place back in the incubator at 30 °C. Continue collecting time point data
- 12. Pellets can be retained and saved at the end of the study for additional analysis

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