





© ONT Q20+ (V12) Adapter Ligation for Fungal DNA Barcoding V.2

In 1 collection

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dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.dm6gpb5zdlzp/v2

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ABSTRACT

This process will take your A-tailed library and add the nanopore adapters. Simply put chemicals together for a single reaction and do a bead cleanup.

Tested with:

Flowcells: Flongle 9.4.1 or MinION 10.4.1

Ligation Kit: V12 - LSK112

Time required: ~45 minutes

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Version created by Stephen Douglas Russell

COLLECTIONS (i)

ONT DNA Barcoding Fungal Amplicons w/ MinION & DNA Barcoding Flongle

KEYWORDS

nanopore, fungi, flongle, fmol, library preparation

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PARENT PROTOCOLS

Part of collection

ONT DNA Barcoding Fungal Amplicons w/ MinION & DNA Barcoding Fungal

MATERIALS TEXT

Reagents

Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112 In 5 steps

: \$694.43 per 6 reactions

⋈ NEBNext Quick Ligation Module New England

Biolabs Catalog #E6056S Step 1

: \$361.00 per

20 reactions

*note: This kit has two components. We use one. NEB checking on whether the single one is available for purchase. Samples of this kit should be available to start.

⊠ HighPrep™ PCR Clean-up System **MagBio Genomics**

Inc. Catalog #AC-60005

: \$117.88 per 50

mL. \$0.047 per rxn.

Total per Flongle run (1/2 rxns): \$66.95

Total per MinION run: \$133.89 Total per 96 samples: \$13.38

Total per sample (Flongle: 480 samples): \$0.139

Consumables

Eppendorf DNA LoBind 1.5mL tubes 10uL pipette tips 100-200uL pipette tips

Equipment

PCR tube rack

Vortex mixer

Mini centrifuge

PCR cleanup magnet

10uL Pipette

100uL Pipette

Hula mixer (Ebay): \$200.00 (optional)

Quantus or Qubit Fluorometer (optional)



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Adapter Ligation

1 Spin down the Adapter Mix H (AMX H) and Quick T4 Ligase, and place on ice.

AMXH-

Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112

⋈ NEBNext Quick Ligation Module New England

Quick T4 Ligase - Biolabs Catalog #E6056S

2 Thaw Ligation Buffer (LNB) at room temperature, spin down and mix by pipetting. Due to viscosity, vortexing this buffer is ineffective. Place on ice immediately after thawing and mixing.

LNB-

⊠Ligation Sequencing Kit (Q20) Oxford Nanopore

Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112

3 Thaw the Elution Buffer (EB) at room temperature, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.

EB - Lig

Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112

4 Thaw one tube of Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) at room temperature, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.

SFB-

Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112

5 In a 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube, mix in the following order:

Between each addition, pipette mix 10-20 times.

Reagent	9.4.1 Flongle	Volume	R10.4.1 Volume
DNA sample from the previous step	30 μl	60 µl	
Ligation Buffer (LNB)	12.5 μl	25 µl	
NEBNext Quick T4 DNA Ligase	5 μΙ	10 µl	
Adapter Mix H (AMX H)	2.5 µl	5 µl	
Total 5	0 μΙ	100 μ	

6 © 00:00:05 Spin down with a mini centrifuge for © 00:00:05.

10s

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5s

/ Incubate the reaction for (a) Utilities at room temperatu	7	the reaction for © 00:10:00 at room	temperature	٤.
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- 8 Resuspend magnetic bead stock by vortexing.
- 9 Add \blacksquare 20 μ L (Flongle) or \blacksquare 40 μ L (R10.4) of resuspended beads to the reaction and mix by flicking the tube.
- 10 Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for **© 00:05:00** at room temperature.
- Spin down the sample for **© 00:00:05** and pellet on a magnet for **© 00:02:00**. Keep the tube on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant.
- 12 Wash the beads by adding 100-250 μl Short Fragment Buffer (SFB). Flick the beads to resuspend, spin down for © **00:00:05**, then return the tube to the magnetic rack for © **00:02:00** and allow the beads to pellet. Remove the supernatant using a pipette and discard.

Note: flicking the tube does not seem to fully resuspend the beads. Just flick 10 times or so.

SFB-

Technologies Catalog #SQK-LSK112

- 13 Repeat the previous step. •
- Spin down for © **00:00:05** and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual supernatant. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.
- Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 15 μ l Elution Buffer (EB). Spin down for \odot **00:00:05** and incubate for \odot **00:10:00** at room temperature.

- Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colorless, for at least 1 minute.
- 17 Remove and retain 15 μ l of eluate containing the DNA library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.

Store on ice until you are ready to load in your flowcell.

Quantification

18 If you have access to a Quantus or Qubit fluorimeter, now is a good time to quantify 1uL of DNA in your sample.

It is recommend loading 5 fmol to 10 fmol of this final prepared library onto your flow cells. Loading more than 20 fmol of DNA can reduce the rate of duplex read capture. Dilute the library in Elution Buffer if required.

https://www.promega.com/resources/tools/biomath/

For 900bp length DNA (what our ITS1F-4 rxns appear to average), we are looking for Flongle R9.4.1: 5 fmol - 20 fmol = .003 ug - .012 ug of DNA. MinION R9.4.1: 5 - 50 fmol = .003 ug - .029 ug of DNA.

MinION R10.4.1: 25 - 75 fmol = .015ug - .044ug of DNA.

For a 22 ng/uL sample (Quantus quantification):

**Also note: The ONT protocol suggests using additional EB in order to make concentration adjustments. As there is not a lot of the reagent in the standard packets, and it is not possible to buy more individually, I have been using molecular water for this step with no ill effect. You could always calculate

Flongle 9.4.1

How much additional molecular water to have 5.5uL needed for the next step give us correct amount of DNA?

0.33ug / xuL = 0.010ug (17 fmol DNA) x = 33uL x 5.5uL = 181.5uL - 15uL = 166.5uL

So at 0.022ug/uL quantification, add an additional 166.5uL of molecular water to have right concentration to use 5.5uL for the next step with Flongle.

11ng/uL sample comes out to adding an additional 78.5 uL of molecular water.

31ng/uL sample comes out to adding an additional 221.65 uL of molecular water.

^{*}Note: the 0.33 in the calculations below will change based on your individual DNA amount.

I would use 150 uL if you are not able to quantify your sample.

MinION R9.4.1

0.33ug/xuL = 0.025ug (42 fmol DNA) $x = 13.2uL \times 11uL = 145.2uL - 15uL = 130uL$ elution buffer addition.

MinION R10.4.1

0.33ug/xuL = 0.04ug (67 fmol DNA) x = 8.25uL x 11uL = 90.75uL - 15uL = 75uL elution buffer addition.