

JUL 03, 2023

Actin flow

Juan.Gonzalez1

¹University of Glasgow

Centre for the Cellular Microenvironment [CeMi]



Juan.Gonzalez

ABSTRACT

Actin flow



DOI:

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocol s.io.5jyl8pmb8g2w/v1

Protocol Citation: Juan.Gon zalez 2023. Actin flow . **protocols.io**

https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.5jyl8pmb8g2w/v1

License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons
Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Protocol status: Working We use this protocol and it's working

Created: Jul 01, 2023

Last Modified: Jul 03, 2023

PROTOCOL integer ID:

84352

Experimental procedure

Transfect the cells with the LifeAct-GFP plasmid following the protocol "Cells electroporation for cell transfection with NEON system"

1

- 2 The next day, trypsinize the cells as usual
- 3 Seed the cells on glass (i.e. gels on glass bottom petri dishes or the glass itself)

Note

The cell density depends on the cell type used. i.e. for C2C12 myoblasts, we seed 10000 cells/cm2

- 4 After 33:00:00, image the cells with a confocal microscope. Use the 40x objective. If the CO2 cannot be controlled, use CO2-independent medium. The channel would be eGFP.
- 5 Focus the cell in a focal plane where the actin cytoskeleton can be seen
- We perform a time series of 120 images every 00:00:02 00:04:00 in total per cell)

Data analysis

7
Open the image sequence with Fiji software

8

Expected result



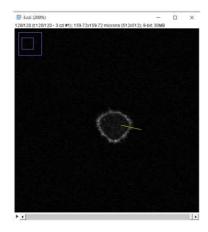
9Analyze, Set measurements, select "Bounding rectangle" and "Min & Max gray value"

10 Check where the cell cytoskeleton moves

11

	Draw a line with the wand tool crossing the movement
12	Analyze, Multi kimograph, multi kymograph, linewidth: 1
13	A black & white gradient pops up. White lines indicate cell movement. The higher angle indicates more movement
14	Draw a line with the wand tool in the white line seen in the kymograph
15	

Expected result







Data analysis from kymograph with Fiji software

- 16 Press "M" and copy & paste the measurements in an Excel file
- 17 In the Excel file, split the width by the length. This new value means flow in "pixels per frame"
- 18 Divide the pixels/frame value obtained by 2. This new value means flow in "pixels per second"
- Split the "pixels/s" value by the "pixels/micron" ratio of the objective used (i.e. 3.2055 in the

