



Jun 30, 2021

# © cDNA library preparation from total RNA extracts of Single-cell marine protists (e.g. Acantharia, Strombidium basimorphum, and Prymnesium parvum) for transcriptome sequencing V.2

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### ABSTRACT

Many marine protists are not culturable and therefore challenging to study, nonetheless, they are essential in all marine ecosystems. The development of single-cell techniques is allowing for more marine protists to be studied. Such genomic approaches aim to help to disentangle heterotrophic processes such as phagotrophy from osmotrophy and phototrophic-induced anabolic activities. This information will then support cellular and metabolic modeling by better elucidating the physiological mechanisms and quantifying their importance in different scenarios.

However, single-cell protocols and low input RNA kits for transcriptomics are usually made for and tested with mammalian cells, as such the feasibility and efficiency of single-cell transcriptomics on highly diverse mixotrophic protists is not always known. Often single-cell transcriptomics of microbial eukaryotes shows low transcript recovery rates and large variability.

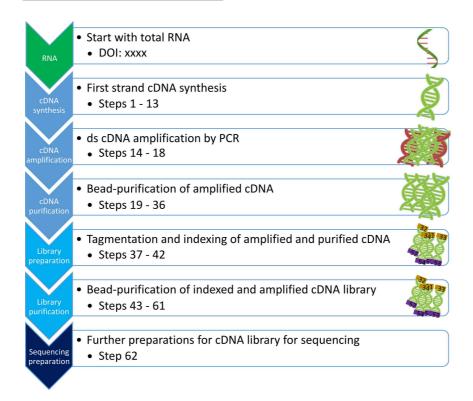
We report on transcriptomic methods that we have successfully performed on single cells of Acantharia, *Strombidium basimorphum*, and *Prymnesium parvum*.

This protocol follows up after total RNA extraction (from the protocol at

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bp6xmrfn) to prepare cDNA libraries for Illumina sequencing. The described protocol uses the SMART-Seq4 kit (Takara #634891) for cDNA synthesis and amplification, but this can also be successfully performed with the NEBNext kit (NEB #E6421). The NEBNext kit protocol is very similar to the protocol described here and generally the manufacture's protocol can be followed but see the notes at step 4 and step 18 of this protocol, and do the final elution after cDNA purification in 10 mM Tris (pH 8.0).

The subsequent cDNA library is prepared following the

Kit illumina Catalog #FC-131-1096



DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.brw3m7gn

### PROTOCOL CITATION

Joost Mansour, Konstantinos Anestis, Fabrice Not, Uwe John 2021. cDNA library preparation from total RNA extracts of Single-cell marine protists (e.g. Acantharia, Strombidium basimorphum, and Prymnesium parvum) for transcriptome sequencing. **protocols.io** 

https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.brw3m7gn

Version created by Joost Mansour

FUNDERS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

European Union's Horizon 2020, Marie Skłodowska-Curie 766327

**KEYWORDS** 

Single-cell, Acantharia, RNA, transcriptomics, cDNA library, Strombidium, Radiolaria, ciliates, RNA-seq

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CREATED

Jan 29, 2021

LAST MODIFIED

Jun 30, 2021

PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

46779

## **GUIDELINES**

- Always wear clean RNase-free gloves.
- Clean workspace (and thermocyclers) with ethanol and an RNase Decontamination Solution.
- Work & On ice
- If possible use a dedicated set of pipettes for RNA and use filter tips.

MATERIALS TEXT

cDNA synthesis

• Fisher Catalog #AM12230 In 4 steps

(x

#samples)

- **1.5** ml reaction tube **Eppendorf** (x2 for mastermix and reaction buffer)
- ⊠ Ice Contributed by users
- ⊠nuclease free water Contributed by users In 3 steps

**⊠** 10X Lysis Buffer

■ Takara Catalog #634888 Step 5.1

**⊠** RNase

■ Inhibitor Takara Catalog #2313A In 2 steps

SMART-seq v4 Oligonucleotide (46

■ µM) Takarabio Catalog #634888 Step 9.1

(48 μM, 1 μL per sample)



06/30/2021

```
⊠ 5X Ultra Low First-Strand Buffer
 ■ Takarabio Catalog #634888 Step 9.1
                                                                                                                                  (4 µL per sample)
      SMART-seq CDS Primer II A (12
 ■ µM) Takarabio Catalog #634888 Step 7
                                                                                                                                       (1 µL per sample)
      SMARTScribe Reverse
 ■ Transcriptase Takarabio Catalog #634888 In 2 steps
                                                                                                                                             (2 µL per sample)
cDNA amplification
 ■ 1.5 ml reaction tube Eppendorf (for mastermix)
 ■ In 3 steps (3 µL per sample)
      ⊗ 2X SeqAmp PCR
 ■ Buffer Takara Catalog #638526 Step 18.1
                                                                                                                  (25 µL per sample)
      SeqAmp DNA
 ■ Polymerase Takara Catalog #638504 Step 18.1
                                                                                                                     (1 µL per sample)
      ⊠ PCR Primer II A (12
 • μM) Takara Catalog #634888 Step 18.1
                                                                                                               (1 µL per sample)
cDNA purification
 ■ 80% Ethanol Contributed by users In 2 steps (made from
       ■ 100% Molecular grade ethanol Contributed by users and
      ⊠ nuclease free water Contributed by users In 3 steps ) (400 μL per sample)
    ⊠ 50 mL Falcon Tubes Contributed by users (for 80% ethanol)
 ■ 

AMPure XP Beads Contributed by users In 3 steps (this can be substituted for a similar product, we
     use CleanNGS (GC Biotech, CNGS-0050)
      Magnetic Stand-
 ■ 96 Thermofisher Catalog #AM10027 In 2 steps

    Fisher Catalog #AM12230 In 4 steps

      Fisher Catalog #3412 Step 6
       (x #samples x2)
 ■ Solution ■ S
cDNA library preparation, indexing, and purification
       • Fisher Catalog #AM12230 In 4 steps
                                                                                                                                                                                     (2x for
     reagent aliquots)

    ⊠ PCR Tubes & Caps, RNase-free, 0.2 mL (8-strip format) Thermo

 • Fisher Catalog #AM12230 In 4 steps
                                                                                                                                                                                     (2x
     #samples)
```

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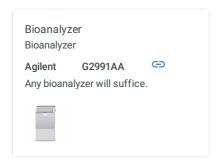
- Kit illumina Catalog #FC-131-1096 In 2 steps
  - Nextera XT Index Kit v2 Set A (96 indexes 384)
- samples) illumina Catalog #FC-131-2001
- **80%** Ethanol **Contributed by users** In 2 steps (made from

  - ⊠ nuclease free water **Contributed by users** In 3 steps ) (400 μL per sample)
- **Standard Section** Table **Eppendorf** (for bead aliquot, a 5 mL tube might be preferred)
  - **⊠** Magnetic Stand-
- 96 Thermofisher Catalog #AM10027 In 2 steps

# General lab equipment

- Micropipettes and filter tips
- **Solution** Vortex Contributed by users
- **PCR Thermocycler Contributed by users**
- ⊠Ice Contributed by users





Agilent High Sensitivity DNA Kit Agilent

Technologies Catalog #5067-4626 In 2 steps

SAFFTY WARNINGS

We have tested this for work to acquire transcriptomes from Acantharia, Strombidinium *basimorphum*, and *Prymnesium parvum*.

Adhere to PPE, as dictated under local Health & Safety regulations.

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# BEFORE STARTING

Total RNA needs to have been extracted (Protocol: <a href="https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bp6xmrfn">dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bp6xmrfn</a>) and when possible quantified and quality checked by Bioanalyzer. If Bioanalyzer analysis was possible, only continue with good quality RNA extracts.

- Thaw reagents (except enzymes).
- Allow reagents that need to be at room temperature to incubate at & Room temperature (i.e.

**⊠** 5X Ultra Low First-Strand Buffer

Takarabio Catalog #634888

and GC nucleic acids purification

beads.

- Set thermocycler programs and pre-heat thermocyclers.
- For the cDNA purification step Prepare fresh 80% ethanol from

№ 100% Molecular grade ethanol Contributed by users with

⋈ nuclease free water Contributed by users

# cDNA synthesis preparations

Label for each sample a tube

⊠ PCR Tubes & Caps, RNase-free, 0.2 mL (8-strip format) Thermo

Fisher Catalog #AM12230

- Prepare a 72°C incubator (e.g. a thermocycler)
- Thaw other reagents § On ice except SmartScribe Reverse Transcriptase, take that from the freezer only once needed.
- 4 Thaw your RNA samples § On ice (as prepared in dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bp6xmrfn)

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5 Prepare 10X Reaction Buffer (RB), & On ice as follows (1 µL is used per sample (adjust as needed, & write down exact volumes): 5.1 **⊠**10X Lysis Buffer ■ 19 μl Takara Catalog #634888 (from SMART-Seq4 kit) **⊠**RNase ■ 1 μl Inhibitor Takara Catalog #2313A (white cap from SMART-Seq4 kit) Mix/vortex and spin down (avoid bubbles) cDNA synthesis 1h 45m 6 Take into clean (labeled) Fisher Catalog #3412 □1 μl to 9.5 ul of RNA sample & □1 μl of RB (total 10.5 µL volume, adjust with Muclease free water Contributed by users depending on RNA sample) For single-cells we recommend  $\Box 5 \mu I$  total RNA. In essence either all total RNA sample can be used, or it is safer to use <50% to allow redo when needed and [RNA] permitting. The total amplification cycles would also be affected by the volume used here. Place samples & On ice and add □1 µl of SMART-seq CDS Primer II A (12 μM) Takarabio Catalog #634888 (blue cap) to the samples. SMART-seq CDS Primer II A (12 μM) Takarabio Catalog #634888 should be used instead, though keeping the total volume the same by disregarding step 7.1). 7.1 add 11 μl Sinuclease free water Contributed by users (total volume 12.5 μL)

3m 8 Incubate samples at § 72 °C for © 00:03:00 Immediately proceed to step 8 after incubation finishes 9 While samples are incubating prepare Master Mix (MM) as below for each sample (+10%; write down exact volumes) § On ice 9.1 **⊠** 5X Ultra Low First-Strand Buffer ■ **4** μl Takarabio Catalog #634888 (red cap) (make sure precipitates are dissolved) SMART-seq v4 Oligonucleotide (46 ■1 μl μM) Takarabio Catalog #634888 (pink cap) **⊠**RNase □5 µl Inhibitor Takara Catalog #2313A (white cap) 2m 10 Immediately after the 3 min 72°C incubation from step 8 put samples & On ice for © 00:02:00 During this incubation time on ice perform steps 11 and 12. 11 Preheat thermocycler to § 42 °C 12 SMARTScribe Reverse Take the Transcriptase Takarabio Catalog #634888 (purple cap), gently mix it without vortexing and add to the prepared Master Mix (from step 9): 12.1 SMARTScribe Reverse Transcriptase Takarabio Catalog #634888 for each sample (x #samples +10%)

8 Citation: Joost Mansour, Konstantinos Anestis, Fabrice Not, Uwe John (06/30/2021), cDNA library preparation from total RNA extracts of Single-cell marine protists

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(e.g. Acantharia, Strombidium basimorphum, and Prymnesium parvum) for transcriptome sequencing. https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.brw3m7gn

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12.2 Mix MM by gentle vortex and spin down 13 Add  $\boxed{7.5 \mu l}$  of the MM to the samples (total volume now 20  $\mu L$ ) Mix by pipetting and follow with short spindown 1h 40m Incubate samples in pre-heated Thermocyler with heated lid and the following program: 8 42 °C © 01:30:00, 8 70 °C (\$00:10:00; 8 4 °C forever 15 STOPPING POINT - 4°C overnight cDNA Amplification 16 Thaw all the reagents (see step 18) § On ice except the enzyme (Vortex and spin down reagents except for enzyme) Preheat thermocycler to § 95 °C 18 Prepare Mastermix (+10%), one sample is as below: 18.1 **⊠**2X SeqAmp PCR ■ 25 μl Buffer Takara Catalog #638526 **⊠** PCR Primer II A (12 ■1 μl μM) Takara Catalog #634888 (green cap) □3 µI ⊠nuclease free water Contributed by users **SeqAmp DNA** □1 μl Polymerase Takara Catalog #638504 (take out last minute and

mix without vortexing, spin down)

• Mix Master Mix well and gently (finger flick) and spin down

19



Add 30 µl of Mastermix to each sample from cDNA synthesis.

Mix well (pipetting) and spin down gently.

20



Run samples on pre-heated thermocycler with the program:

Α	В	С
95°C	1 min	
98°C	10 sec	repeat
65°C	30 sec	step 2,
68°C	3 min	18
		times
72°C	10 min	
4°C	forever	

This thermocycler program is run with 18 cycles and works for us. Nonetheless, it is recommended to test this beforehand. Over-amplification can result in ahigher yield of cDNA, however, it introduces a bias towards more abundant transcripts. We settled on the following number of amplification cycles.

Species	cDNA kit	Number of cycles
Strombidium basimorphum	SMARTseq-v4	18
Prymnesium parvum	NEBNext	25
Acantharia	SMARTseq-v4	18
Acantharia	NEBNext	16

21



STOPPING POINT 4°C overnight

cDNA cleanup/bead purification 43m

22 Preparations:

30m

• Label for each sample two tubes

⊠ PCR Tubes & Caps, RNase-free, 0.2 mL (8-strip format) Thermo

Fisher Catalog #AM12230 . One tube is

used for the cDNA after purification, and one is for an aliquot of the purified cDNA for Bioanalyzer.

- Vortex the bead stock well ( AMPure XP Beads Contributed by users ), this needs to be very well and evenly mixed
- Aliquot beads, **22.5** µl x samples (plus extra)
- Bring the bead aliquot to § Room temperature for at least ⑤ 00:30:00
- Vortex the bead aliquot until evenly mixed
- Prepare fresh 80% EtOH, 400 μL x samples

23



Add 22.5 µl of beads to each sample (amplified cDNA from the previous section)

23.1 Mix by pipetting up and down at least 10 times, and vortex

 8m

5m

25

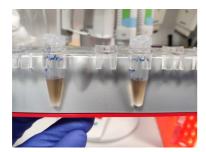
**⊠** Magnetic Stand-

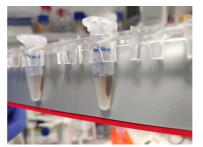
Briefly spin down and place the samples on a 96 **Thermofisher Catalog #AM10027** 

for

© 00:05:00 or longer. Until the liquid appears completely clear and there are no beads in the supernatant.

×





Not yet clear, beads have not yet all pelleted

clear, all beads have pelleted

26



Pipet and discard the supernatant (72.5  $\mu L)\text{, keeping the samples in the magnetic device}$ 

27 Keeping the samples in the magnetic device, add 200 μl fresh 880% Ethanol Contributed by users to each sample.

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27.1 Wait **© 00:00:30** 

27.2

31

Pipet and discard supernatant containing contaminants (use 100 µL)

- 28 Repeat the EtOH washing step for a total of 2 washing steps og to step #27
- 29 Briefly spin the samples to collect liquid off the sides
- 30s Place samples back in the **magnetic device for © 00:00:30** , beads will again be collected on the side
- Remove all remaining ethanol/supernatant with a pipet (use 10 µL pipet)

  2m

  2m

Until the pellet is no longer shiny, but before a crack appears. It needs to be 'just' dry, matte with no shine.

- 33 Once the beads are dry add **15 μl of Elution buffer to all samples** to cover the bead pellet
  - 33.1 Remove samples from the magnetic device
  - 33.2 Mix to re-suspend the beads by (multi)pipetting (can scrap of beads from the side)
- 34 Incubate at § Room temperature for § 00:02:00 (longer) to rehydrate
- 35 Briefly spin the samples to collect liquid off the sides

37

Transfer the clear supernatant containing purified cDNA to

⊠ PCR Tubes & Caps, RNase-free, 0.2 mL (8-strip format) Thermo

Fisher Catalog #AM12230

tube (use 10 µL

pipet).

Beads that do not pellet can be pipetted for resuspension and then towards the magnet, and incubation continued until there are no more beads in the supernatant

37.1 Make immediately an aliquot for Bioanalyzer analysis to prevent unnecessary freeze-thawing cycles.

38



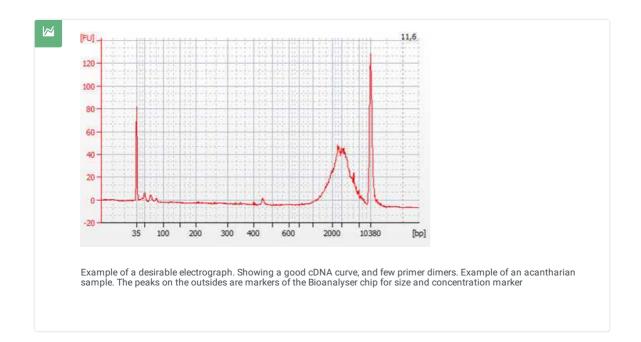
STOPPING POINT - Label and store at 8 -20 °C

cDNA Sample verification

39



Check the quality of cDNA by **Technologies Catalog #5067-4626** following the manufacture's protocol.



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39 1 Quantify and calculate the concentration of cDNA. This is needed for the next cDNA library procedure.

cDNA library preparation and indexing - Nextera XT

40 Proceed with cDNA library preparation only for good quality samples from the previous step.

41 Normalize cDNA samples to 30pg/ul

Dilute each sample of amplified and purified cDNA to 30 pg/ $\mu$ L in either Elution buffer or as per the final step of the used protocol for cDNA purification. Work with a minimum of 1  $\mu$ L amplified cDNA and a total volume of 5  $\mu$ L.

- 42 Prepare to work very timely for this protocol
  - Preheat a PCR thermocycler to § 55 °C , with preheat lid at 100 °C

■ Prepare from the Kit illumina Catalog #FC-131-1096

the **ATM** and

NT reagents in sufficient quantity (i.e. 5 ul per sample for each) separated over multiple tubes to facilitate multiple pipetting

43 Sextera XT DNA Library Preparation

Follow the Kit illumina Catalog #FC-131-1096

manufacturer's

protocol for "Tagment genomic DNA", and "Amplify Libraries", with the changes listed below.

Refer to pages 7-9 of the Nextera XT manual (<a href="https://emea.support.illumina.com/content/dam/illumina-support/documents/documentation/chemistry\_documentation/samplepreps\_nextera/nextera-xt/nextera-xt-library-prep-reference-guide-15031942-05.pdf">https://emea.support.illumina.com/content/dam/illumina-support.illumina.com/content/dam/illumina-support/documentation/chemistry\_documentation/samplepreps\_nextera/nextera-xt/nextera-xt-library-prep-reference-guide-15031942-05.pdf</a>).

- 44 Changes to manufacturer's protocol:
  - Start the tagmentation with 
     □5 µl of 30 pg/µl amplified cDNA sample (from step 37)
  - all steps indicated as "centrifuge at 280 x g at 20 °C for 1 minute" can be substituted short spindown in a tabletop mini-centrifuge.
- 45 Store samples at 8 4 °C for up to 2 days or proceed immediately with purification

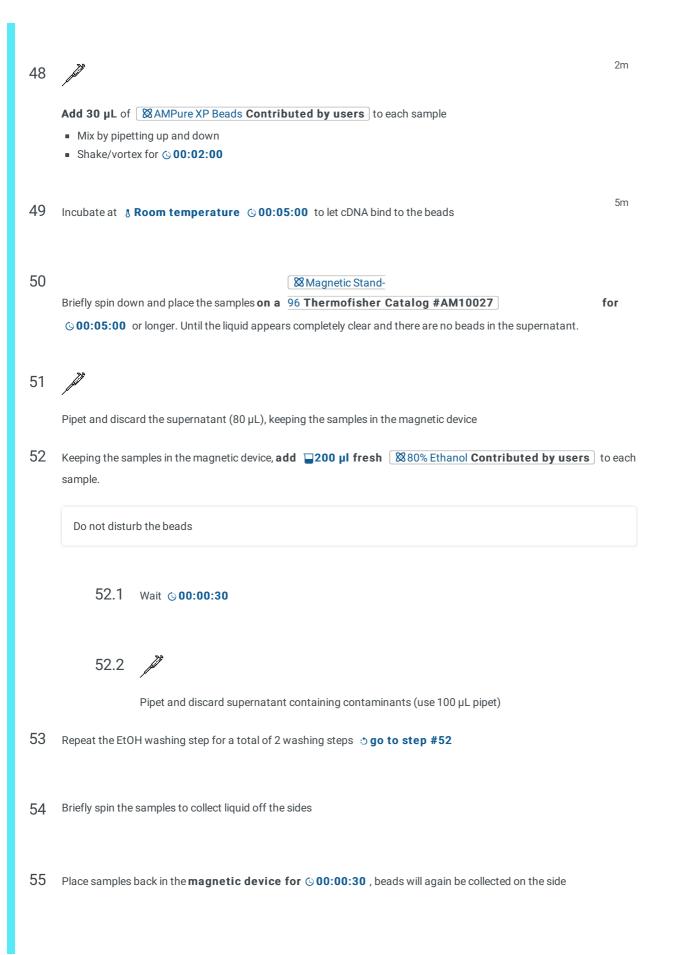
cDNA library purification 46m

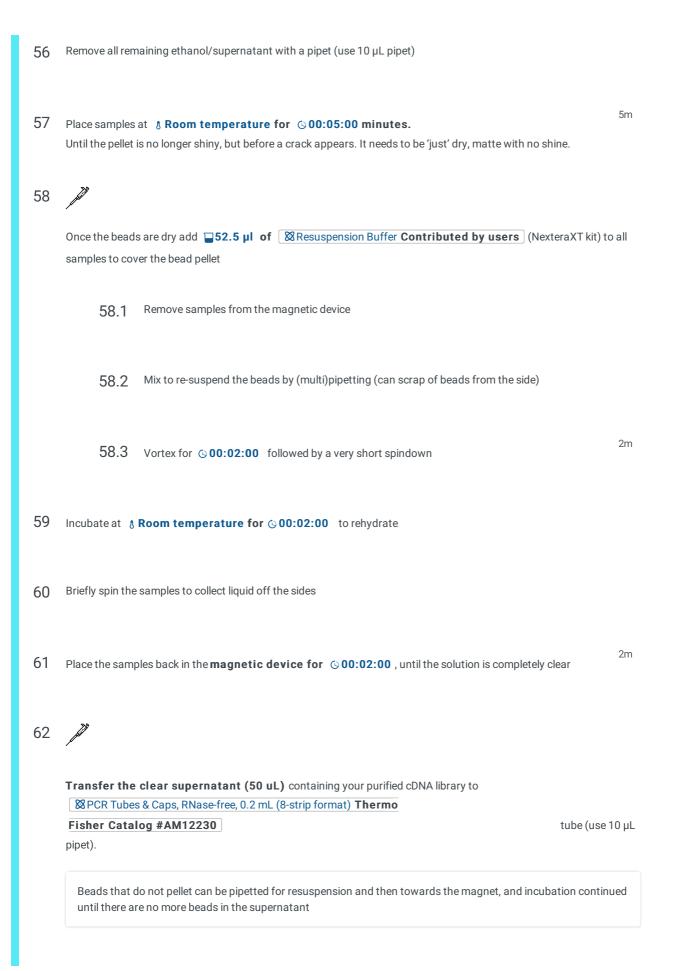
30m

- 46 Preparations:
  - Vortex the bead stock well ( AMPure XP Beads Contributed by users ), this needs to be very well and evenly mixed
  - Aliquot beads, **30** µl x samples (plus extra)
  - Bring the bead aliquot to & Room temperature for at least © 00:30:00
  - Vortex the bead aliquot until evenly mixed
  - Prepare fresh 80% EtOH, 400 μL x #samples
- 47 Spin down your indexed cDNA samples (total 50 μL)

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63



STOPPING POINT - Label and store at 8 -20 °C for sequencing

cDNA library verification

64



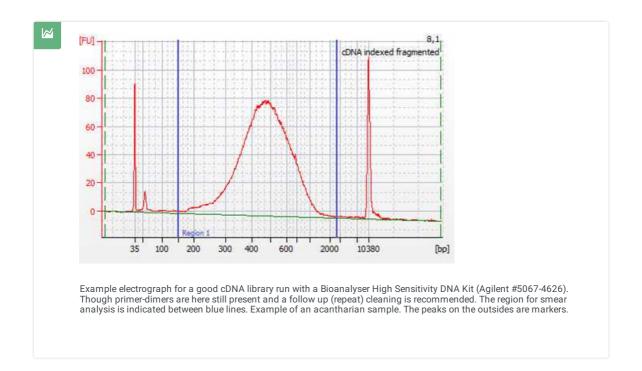
Check the quality of the cDNA libraries by

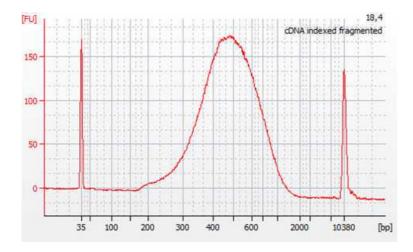
SAgilent High Sensitivity DNA Kit Agilent

# Technologies Catalog #5067-4626

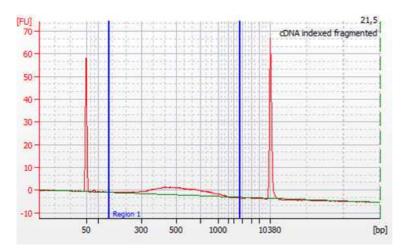
following the manufacture's

protocol. Alternatively, a Bioanalyser DNA 7500 Kit (Agilent #5067-1506) could be used as a more cost-efficient alternative and if sample concentration permitting. See for example the third graph.





Example electrograph for a desirable cDNA library run with a Bioanalyser High Sensitivity DNA Kit (Agilent #5067-4626). Example of an acantharian sample. The peaks on the outsides are markers.



Example electrograph for a desirable cDNA library run with a Bioanalyser DNA 7500 Kit (Agilent #5067-1506) instead of a Bioanalyser High Sensitivity DNA Kit (Agilent #5067-4626). This still allows for smear analysis though the concave parabola is less clear. This is more cost-effective than using a high sensitivity kit. Example of an acantharian sample The peaks on the outsides are markers

Quantify and calculate the concentration of cDNA by smear analysis. This is needed for the normalization of samples for sequencing.

# 4.4.3 Follow up steps: library quality control; sample normalization/dilution and pooling for sequencing

The quality and quantity control of the generated cDNA libraries is performed using the Agilent High Sensitivity DNA kit (Agilent #5067-4626). In case primer-dimers or adapters are still present, an additional step of cleaning with magnetic beads is to be performed. A bead to sample ratio of 0.7:1 was found to be efficient in eliminating both primer dimers and remaining adapters.

The cDNA libraries are normalized to equal molarity, as well as fragment size before the final pooling and subsequent sequencing. Calculate nM cDNA of each sample as: nM DNA =  $[ng/\mu L] \times 10^6$  / (660 x fragment length bp). Where the concentration in  $ng/\mu L$  and the average fragment length in base pairs are obtained from Bioanalyzer smear analysis.

The molarity upon which the cDNA libraries are normalized is determined based on the yield of cDNA, as well as the requirements for the subsequent sequencing (e.g. >0.5 nM). The final pool of all the samples should again be checked using the Bioanalyzer in order to verify that the normalization process was successful.

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The pools are ready for Illumina sequencing.