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Protocol status: In development We are still developing and optimizing this protocol

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⟨►⟩ LENTIVIRAL TRANSDUCTION OF HUMAN PLURIPOTENT STEM CELLS

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ABSTRACT

We have developed a protocol for lentiviral transduction of human pluripotent stem cells (hPSCs), including induced pluripotent stem cells (iPSCs) or human embryonic stem cells (hESCs). In this protocol, concentrated lentiviral supernatant with a Multiplicity Of Infection (MOI) ranging from 0.1 to 0.3 (equivalent to 10% to 30% Blue Fluorescent Protein (BFP) positive cells) is combined with E8 Flex media and added to adherent H9 CRISPRi dCAS9 cells in 48-well plates. Subsequent centrifugation (spinfection) is employed to ensure efficient transduction. Transduction efficiency is assessed by determining the percentage of cells expressing Blue Fluorescent Protein (BFP) using Fluorescence Activated Cell Sorting (FACS).

ATTACHMENTS

LENTIVIRAL TRANSDUCTION OF **HUMAN PLURIPOTENT** STEM CELLS_.docx



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ASAP

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A	В	С
MATERIAL	COMPANY	CATALOG
48 well TC treated plate	Falcon	353078
15ml polypropylene centrifuge tubes	Falcon	352096
5ml serological pipettes	Corning	4487
10ml serological pipettes	Corning	4488
DNA Low-bind tubes 1.5ml	Eppendorf	022431021
P1000 tip	Neptune	BT1250
FBS	Bovogen	2008A
DPBS	Thermo Fisher Scientific	14040133
E8 Flex media Kit	Thermo Fisher Scientific	A2858501
RevitaCell Supplement(100x)	Thermo Fisher Scientific	A2644501
Accutase	StemCell Technologies	7922
Vitronectin-N (VTN-N)	Thermo Fisher Scientific	A14700

REAGENT COMPOSITION

A	В
FACS Buffer (PBS	+2% FBS)
REAGENT	VOLUME IN mL
PBS	49
FBS	1

Day 0: Coating wells with VTN-N and seeding hPSCs

1 Add 60 ul of VTN-N to 6 ml of DPBS.

2	Coat 100 ul per well in a 48 - well plate.
3	Incubate the plate at room temperature for an hour and the plate is ready to be used.
4	Seed $3x10^4$ cells/cm 2 in a 48 well plate with E8 flex media and RevitaCell after dissociating the cells with accutase.
5	Incubate the cells overnight at 37°C with 5% CO2 and 20.9% O2.
	Day 1: Transduction of hPSCs with Lentiviral CRISPRi library supernatant
	Buy 1. Transduction of the cos with Echtivital State 13 history supernatant
6	The H9 dCAS9 CRISPRi cells were transduced with the pooled CRISPRi library to harvest genomic DNA (gDNA), after calculating the exact volume of viral supernatant needed to achieve the desired MOI (multiplicity of infection).
7	The H9 dCAS9 CRISPRi cells were transduced with the pooled CRISPRi library to harvest genomic DNA (gDNA), after calculating the exact volume of viral supernatant needed to achieve the desired MOI
	The H9 dCAS9 CRISPRi cells were transduced with the pooled CRISPRi library to harvest genomic DNA (gDNA), after calculating the exact volume of viral supernatant needed to achieve the desired MOI (multiplicity of infection).

10	Incubate the cells at 37°C with 5% CO2 and 20.9% O2 for 16-18 hours.	
	Day 2: Replace media	
11	Aspirate the viral supernatant media gently and immediately add maturation media.	
12	Return the plate back to the incubator.	
	Day 3: FACs Sort	
13	Aspirate the spent media.	
14	Wash the cells 10 times with DPBS to remove the viral particles from the lentivirus transduced hPSCs.	
	Note	
	Be very gentle while doing the washes as the cells tend to lift off during the wash step	
15	Add 100 ul accutase and incubate the cells for 10 mins in the incubator.	
16	Note: Ideally the hPSCs should dissociate as single cells.	

17	Neutralize the accutase with E8 flex media and collect the cells into 1.5ml eppendorf tubes.
	Note
	Use a P1000 tip to pipette the cells up and down to break them into single cell suspension.
18	Centrifuge the cells at 300 g for 4 minutes.
19	Aspirate the spent media gently without disturbing the pellet.
20	Decreased the calle in 200 of EAOs buffer
20	Resuspend the cells in 300 ul of FACs buffer.
21	Transfer the cells with the FACs buffer into FACs tubes.
22	Sort the H9 CRISPRi cells to obtain 10-30% BFP positive cells and collect the cells in E8 flex media.
23	Contribuga the calle at 200 g for 4 mins
23	Centrifuge the cells at 300 g for 4 mins.
24	Aspirate the spent media to obtain a cell pellet to be frozen or freshly used for DNA extraction.