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in vivo cloning (iVEC)

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protocol .

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In vivo cloning is a seamless cloning method in which a DNA fragment, to which a homologous sequence has been added by PCR, is introduced directly into *Escherichia coli* SN1187 for assembly and cloning in the bacterium. The 5' end of the DNA fragment is degraded by Exonuclease III (XthA) from *E. coli* strain SN1187. The degradation generates cohesive ends, which allow the fragments to hybridize to each other and to be repaired by DNA polymerase. Finally, the nick is repaired by DNA ligase and the plasmid is constructed in the bacterium. Here we describe a protocol for the preparation and transformation of a competent cell, based on the paper and materials by Nozaki et al. [1], [2]

[1]Shingo Nozaki, Hironori Nikia. Exonuclease III (XthA) Enforces In Vivo DNA Cloning of *Escherichia coli* To Create Cohesive Ends. *Journal of Bacteriology*, Volume 201, Issue 5, (2019)

[2]iVEC3 株の解説及び使用方法 - SHIGEN

https://shigen.nig.ac.jp/ecoli/strain/download/pdf/strainGeneMutant/iVEC3_jp_20170706.pdf;jsessionid=0282CEF77B5F3B6DF187E89A2867CC05

Yuichiroh Ikagawa 2021. *in vivo cloning (iVEC)*. **protocols.io**

<https://protocols.io/view/in-vivo-cloning-ivec-bzcmp2u6>



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Reagents

Escherichia coli SN1187

LB medium

SOC medium

2x TSS

DMSO

Liquid nitrogen

LB agar plate(includes ampicillin/chloramphenicol)

competent cell preparation

- 1 Scrape the glycerol stock of *Escherichia coli* strain SN1187 and inoculate it into 3ml of LB medium.
- 2 Incubate at 37°C overnight (16-18 hours) with shaking.
- 3 Inoculate 1 ml of the overnight culture into 60 ml of LB medium warmed to 37 °C.
- 4 Incubation at 37 °C with shaking until reached 0.4-0.5
- 5 Chill the medium in ice.
- 6 Centrifuge 5,000 g, at 4° C for 5 min.
- 7 Discard the supernatant and suspend the pellet in 2 ml of ice-cold LB medium.
- 8 Add 1.6 ml of ice-cold 2xTSS solution and mix by pipetting

- 9 Add 400 μ l of DMSO and mix by pipetting.
- 10 Dispense 100 μ l each on ice.
- 11 Freeze in liquid nitrogen and store at -80 °C.

Transformation

- 12 Thaw the 100 μ l competent cell *E. coli*/SN1187 strain on ice.
- 13 Add 100 ng of DNA samples (vector and insert) into the competent cell.
- 14 Mix by gently pipetting and incubate for 20 minutes on ice.
- 15 Add 1 ml SOC medium and mix by carefully inverting
- 16 Incubate at 37°C for 1 hour.
- 17 Centrifuge at 5,000 g for 1 minute at room temperature
- 18 Discard 1 ml of the supernatant.

- 19 Resuspend cells with the remaining supernatant by Vortex
- 20 Spread the whole culture on an agar plate with the antibiotics (ampicillin/chloramphenicol) for selection.
- 21 Incubate overnight at 37°C.