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Protocol status: Working We use this protocol and it's working

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1. PERFF-seq: Cell and Nuclei Preparation

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ABSTRACT

This protocol can be used for preparation of Cells and Fresh-Frozen and Formalin-Fixed Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE) Tissue Derived Nuclei. This protocol should be followed by "PERFF-seq: HCR-FlowFISH and Polymer Disassembly."

PROTOCOL REFERENCES

- 1. Reilly, S. K. et al. Direct characterization of cis-regulatory elements and functional dissection of complex genetic associations using HCR-FlowFISH. Nat. Genet. 53, 1166-1176 (2021).
- 2. HCRTM RNA flow cytometry protocol for mammalian cells in suspension, Molecular Instruments.
- 3. Tissue Fixation & Dissociation for Chromium Fixed RNA Profiling, 10x Genomics
- 4. PERFF-seg: HCR Flow-FISH and Polymer Disassembly Protocol

GUIDELINES

- Maintain an RNAse free environment when preparing buffers and throughout the protocol by spraying bench with RNase ZapTM and using molecular grade reagents when possible.
- To increase cell recovery, opt for a swinging bucket rotor when pelleting and leave a few uL of liquid behind when aspirating buffers.
- When possible, use low-binding plasticware.

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Keywords: PERFF-seq, Flow-FISH, Fixation, FFPE, Fresh-Frozen Tissue, Tissue Dissociation

MATERIALS

FOR FRESH NUCLEI PREP

- 1. Dissociation Solution (Liberase TL (Lot No: 5401020001) + RPMI (with L-glutamine))
- 2. gentleMACS Octo Dissociator with Heaters
- 3. gentleMACS C Tubes
- 4. Miltenyi Pre-Separation Filters (30um)
- 5. DAPI (1mg/mL)
- 6. Fixation Buffer (4% Paraformaldehyde + 1x PBS + 0.1% Tween 20)
- 7. 1x PBS
- 8. Permeabilization Buffer (Freshly prepared 70% Ethanol)

FOR FFPE NUCLEI PREP

- 1. FFPE Block
- 2. 100% Ethanol
- 3. CitriSolv
- 4. 1x PBS
- 5. Miltenyi Pre-Separation Filters (30um)
- 6. DAPI (1mg/mL)
- 7. Fixation Buffer (4% Paraformaldehyde + 1x PBS + 0.1% Tween 20)
- 8. PBS-T (1x PBS + 0.1% Tween 20)
- 9. Permeabilization Buffer (Freshly prepared 70% Ethanol)

FOR CELL PREP

- 1. Staining Buffer (1x PBS + 1% BSA)
- 2. PBS-T (1x PBS + 0.1% Tween 20)
- 3. Fixation Buffer (4% Paraformaldehyde + 1x PBS + 0.1% Tween 20)
- 4. Permeabilization Buffer (Freshly prepared 70% Ethanol)

GENERAL REAGENTS & INSTRUMENTS

- 1. Storage Buffer (Water + 1x Quenching Buffer + 0.1 Enhancer)
- 2. Protector RNAse Inhibitor (Sigma-Aldrich Lot No: 3335399001)

SAFETY WARNINGS



Use formaldehyde with caution as it is a hazardous material.

BEFORE START INSTRUCTIONS

Calculate the starting cell count and volume of probes and hairpins needed for your experiment by putting these factors into account:

- Proportion of the specific population of interest within the total cell/nuclei population.
- Final cell count should be >50,000.
 i.e specific population of interest to sort
- Approximately 50% of starting cells/nuclei are lost during the wash steps of this protocol.
- Unstained controls and single color controls (if multiplexing)

Starting Cell Count =
$$\frac{Final Cell Count}{Percentage of subpopulation of interest} * 200$$

Nuclei Preparation from Fresh Frozen Tissue

1 FIXATION AND PERMEABILIZATION

- **1.1** Weight tissue to determine the volume of fixation buffer needed.
 - 2 mL fixation buffer per 25 mg tissue is required.
- Place tissue on a pre-chilled glass petri dish maintained On ice and using a blade, mince tissue finely (enable passing through a 1mL wide-bore pipette tip)
- **1.3** Using a wide bore 1mL pipette, add the required fixation buffer depending on the amount of tissue.

1.4 Incubate at room temperature for 2-3 hours with intermittent shaking. 25 °C

1.5 Centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes.

Gently remove supernatant without disturbing the pellet.

Add 2mL PBS per 25mg tissue to wash tissue.

Centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes.

1.6 Add 2mL permeabilization buffer per 25mg tissue and incubate overnight at 4 °C to permeabilize.

1.7 Centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes.

Remove supernatant without disturbing the pellet.

Add 2mL PBS per 25mg tissue to wash tissue.

Centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes.

2 TISSUE DISSOCIATION

- 2.1 Make the dissociation solution as follows:
 - Reconstitute 5mg Liberase (5401020001) with 1mL sterile water. Mix until fully dissolved and make single use aliquots for future use in \$\cdot\ \cdot\ \c

A	В
Contents	For ≤100mg tissue
RPMI (w L- glutamine)	1840uL
Liberase	160uL

Warm the solution for 10 minutes at 37 °C .

2.2 Add 2mL per ≤100mg pre-warmed dissociation solution to the sample.

Re-suspend and transfer 2mL of sample into each C tube.

Run the following program on the gentleMACS Octo dissociator with heaters ON:

	A	В
Γ	Step	Program
Γ	1	Temp ON
	2	Spin 50 rpm, 40' 0 "
	3	Spin 1000rpm, 30"
	4	Spin -1000rpm, 30"
	5	end

- 2.3 Ensure all tissue pieces are in suspension when flipping C tubes over for dissociation.

 Once the program is done, ensure all tissue is dissociated before proceeding.
 - If there are large chunks of tissue that are undissociated, run a 50 rpm spin only for longer until chunks are dissociated.
- **2.4** Perform a quick pulse centrifuge (300xg) to collect all cells into the bottom of the tube.
- 2.5 Re-suspend and pass the dissociated tissue through a 30um filter to remove debris and tissue chunks.
- **2.6** Perform an additional wash by adding 2mL of PBS into tubes and passing through the same filter.
- 2.7 Count nuclei on countess or hemocytometer and record nuclei count.
 - Expect > 4 million nuclei per 25mg of tissue.

- 2.8 Stain with 1uL of DAPI (1mg/mL) per 5 million cells and sort DAPI+ nuclei.
- **2.9** Proceed immediately with the PERFF-seq: HCR Flow-FISH and Polymer Disassembly Protocol.



Stopping point:

Alternatively, samples can be resuspended in storage buffer (1mL per 5 million, see Materials section or 10XG protocol for more details).

Nuclei can be stored for up to 1 week at 🖁 4 °C .

Nuclei Preparation from Formalin Fixed Paraffin Embedded (FFPE) Tissue ...

3

ISOLATION

- 3.1 Obtain 2 to 6 FFPE curls (Ideally 50uM to 70uM of thickness).
- Total number and thickness of each curls will change based on how much tissue is embedded and desired number of nuclei.

Curls can be stored in a 1.5mL tube at 4 °C for long term storage.

- For each sample, pre-cool 2 NIC+ cartridges (S2 Genomics) be placing them in the fridge. Prepare the following reagents in 15mL tubes (per sample).
 - 5mL Ethanol (100%)
 - 5mL CitriSolv (solvent)
 - 5mL of PBS (-Ca/Mg)
 - Empty 50mL tube for waste
- 3.3 Place reagent lines from S200+ Singulator Prototype into appropriate 15mL conicals.
 - a. Place Waste line into empty 50mL tube.
 - b. Place Solvent line into CitriSolv.
 - c. Place Ethanol line into Ethanol.
 - d. Place Buffer line into PBS.

Add curls to NIC+ cartridge.

Make sure the curls are on the bottom of the cartridge chamber.

3.4 Turn on Singulator and tablet.

Insert cartridge and start the FFPE extraction protocol.

- 3.5 The protocol (~50 minutes) will run deparaffination with CitriSolv, rehydration with Ethanol, and washes with PBS.
 - a. 15 minute CitriSolv incubation.
 - b. 7.5 minute CitriSolv incubation.
 - c. 7.5 minute CitriSolv incubation.
 - d. 1 minute 100% Ethanol incubation.
 - e. 1 minute 100% Ethanol incubation.
 - f. 1 minute 70% Ethanol incubation.
 - g. 1 minute 50% Ethanol incubation.
 - h. 1 minute 30% Ethanol incubation.
 - i. 3x PBS washes.

During the run, pre-cool Singulator 200 for subsequent nuclei extraction from tissue.

Upon completion of the protocol, remove the cartridge from the machine.

Using a P1000 pipette, remove the sample (will appear as small tissue pieces) and transfer into a 5mL conical tube On ice (Pipette gently, trying to not break further pieces of tissue during transfer).

Centrifuge at 1000g for 3 minutes at 4 °C.

Remove the supernatant and resuspend in \$\to\$ 500 \(\mu\text{L}\) of Nuclei Isolation Reagent (NIR).

Add 4 12.5 µL of Protector RNase Inhibitor (1U/uL final).

Select FFPE Nuclei Isolation protocol.

Place cartridge in Singulator 200 and start protocol.

While Singulator is running (about 8 minutes), add 25uL of Protector RNase Inhibitor to 1mL of Nuclei Storage Reagent (NSR) (1U/uL final).

Upon completion of the run, remove the cartridge and pierce the foil to collect the isolated nuclei.

3.7 Transfer nuclei suspension into 5mL tubes On ice.

Centrifuge at 500xg for 5 minutes at 4 °C.

Remove gently supernatant and resuspend in 1mL of NSR + Protector RNase Inhibitor (1U/uL final).

3.8 Filter nuclei suspension with Miltenyi Biotec Pre-Separation Filters (30um).

Count nuclei using DAPI.

Trypan can be used when counting with brightfield, but DAPI will yield more accurate counts.

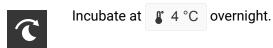
4 FIXATION AND PERMEABILIZATION

- 4.1 Spin nuclei at 850xg for 5 minutes at 4 °C and gently remove supernatant.
- **4.2** Resuspend and add fixation buffer to fix cells at 1M/mL concentration.
- 4.3 Incubate at room temperature for one hour or 4 °C overnight.



- **4.4** After incubating, centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes and aspirate supernatant.
- 4.5 Resuspend in 1x PBS + 0.5% BSA + 0.2U/uL Protector RNase Inhibitor (final) at 1M/1mL concentration on ice .
- 4.6 Centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes at 4 °C and aspirate supernatant.
- 4.7 Resuspend in 1x PBS + 0.5% BSA + 0.2U/uL Protector RNase Inhibitor (final) at 1M/1mL concentration On ice

- **4.8** Filter nuclei suspension through a 35um FACS tube cap filter (blue) or Miltenyi Biotec Pre-Separation Filters (30um).
- 4.9 Stain with 1uL of DAPI (1mg/mL) per 5 million cells and sort DAPI+ nuclei.
 DAPI+ nuclei can be sorted (suggested nozzle of 100um) into 150uL of 1x PBS + 0.5% BSA + 0.2U/uL Protector RNase Inhibitor (final).
 Use 1.5mL Lobind Eppendorf as collection tube.
- **4.11** Add ice cold permeabilization buffer to nuclei at 1M/mL concentration.



- 4.12 Remove samples from 4 °C and centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes.
- **4.13** Add 1M/mL of PBST and **count nuclei** to ensure minimal cell loss post fixation and permeabilization.

Nuclei can be split into 1 million - 5 million nuclei aliquots for HCR Flow-FISH experiments. Centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes.

Repeat wash with 500uL of PBST.

4.14 Proceed immediately with the PERFF-seq: HCR Flow-FISH and Polymer Disassembly Protocol.



Stopping point:

Alternatively, samples can be resuspended in storage buffer (1mL per 5 million, see Materials section or 10XG protocol for more details).

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Preparation of Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells (PBMCs) & Cell Lines

5 ANTIBODY STAINING (Optional): For Use in conjunction with HCR FlowFISH



Note

For enrichment applications based on HCR FlowFISH and surface antibody staining, we recommend performing surface staining before fixing and permeabilizing cells.

- We note that surface antibodies conjugated to synthetic dyes result in the most robust signal when used in conjunction with our HCR FlowFISH protocol.
- For downstream dead cell exclusion, a fixable viability dye can be used prior to fixation and permeabilization.
- **5.1** Re-suspend cells with 45uL of staining buffer. Add 5uL of Fc block to cells and incubate at 4 °C for 15 minutes.
- Make antibody cocktail based on manufacturer recommendations and re-suspend cells.

 Incubate in dark at 4 °C for 20 minutes.

 Wash 2 times with staining buffer to remove unbound antibodies.

6 FIXATION AND PERMEABILIZATION

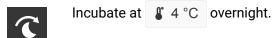
- **6.1** Add fixation buffer to fix cells at a 1M/mL concentration.
 - For example, re-suspend 50M cells in 50mL of fixation solution
- 6.2 Incubate at room temperature for one hour or 4 °C overnight.

 After incubating, centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes.

 Wash 2 times with PBS-T at 1M/mL concentration.

If using a fixable viability dye, staining can be done here.

6.3 Add ice cold permeabilization buffer to cells at 1M/mL concentration.



- 6.4 Remove samples from \$\mathbb{8} 4 \circ C and centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes.
- 6.5 Add 1M/mL of PBST and **count cells** to ensure minimal cell loss post fixation and permeabilization.

Cells can be split into 1 million - 5 million cell aliquots for HCR Flow-FISH experiments.

Centrifuge at 850xg for 5 minutes.

Repeat wash with 500uL of PBST.

6.6 Proceed immediately with the PERFF-seq: HCR Flow-FISH and Polymer Disassembly Protocol.



Stopping point:

Alternatively, samples can be resuspended in storage buffer (1mL per 5 million, see Materials section or 10XG protocol for more details).

Cells can be stored for up to 1 week at 👢 4 °C .