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Spatial N-glycomics with MALDI-MSI for human kidney tissue V.3

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DISCLAIMER

Protocol is adapted from "MALDI Imaging Mass Spectrometry of N-glycans and Tryptic Peptides from the Same Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded Tissue Section" Angel, P. M.;Mehta, A.;Norris-Caneda, K.;Drake, R. R. *Methods Mol. Biol.* **2017**,*1788*, 225–241, DOI: 10.1007/7651_2017_81

Protocol utilized in "Controlled Humidity Levels for Fine Spatial Detail Information in Enzyme-Assisted N-Glycan MALDI MSI"

Veličković, D.; Sharma, K.; Alexandrov, T.; Hodgin, J.B.; Anderton, C.R. *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* **2022**, 33, 1577–1580, DOI: 10.1021/jasms.2c00120

ABSTRACT

This protocol describes the procedure to obtain high quality MALDI mass spectrometry images of N-linked glycans from formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue. This protocol is optimized for human kidney biopsy tissue as part of the Kidney Precision Medicine Project.

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working

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Scope

1 This protocol describes the procedure to obtain high quality MALDI mass spectrometry images of N-linked glycans from formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue.

Health and Safety

2 Wear nitrile gloves and safety glasses. Follow standard laboratory safety procedures.

Equipment

3 Equipment Required:



3.1 8 Coplin jars

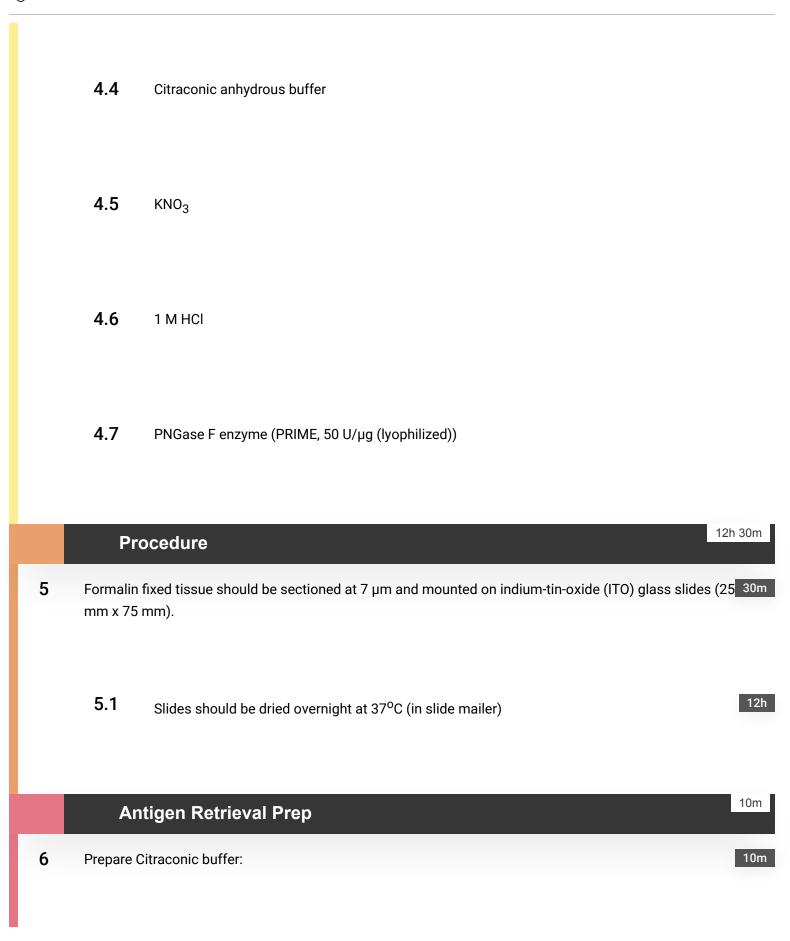
3.2



5 slides mailer with side opening

- 3.3 pH strips (optimized for acidic pH)
- 3.4 Vegetable steamer (antigen retrieval device): we use AROMA 8-Cup Cool-Touch Rice Cooker
- 3.5 Flatbed color scanner (we used EPSON PERFECTION V500 PHOTO)
- 3.6 Zeiss 710 laser scanning confocal (LSC) microscope equipped with a 20X EC Plan NEOFLUAR objective

	3.7	Syringe pump capable of 25 μl/min
	3.8	Pump capable of 100 μl/min
	3.9	TM-Sprayer (HTXimaging)
	3.10	Home-designed chamber for incubation: Note: This consists of a rubber gasket sealed glass container (the jar with lid, KORKEN, IKEA of Sweden. Diameter 11 cm; high 10.5 cm, volume 0.5 L) in which a 50 ml glass beaker and a set of weights is placed. The weights are required to keep the glass beaker from floating.
	Che	emicals & Enzymes
4	Chemicals	s & Enzymes:
	4.1	Xylenes
	4.2	200 proof ethanol
	4.3	Water



6.1 25 ml distilled water or HPLC grade water into a 50 ml falcon tube 6.2 Add 25 μl of citraconic buffer to the water 6.3 Add 24 μl of 1 M HCl 6.4 Agitate tune after capping. 6.5 Add water to a total of 50 ml 6.6 Agitate tube to mix 6.7 Check that pH is around 3.0 ± 0.5 by spotting 2 μ l of the prepared buffer onto a pH strip **Dewax Slides**

6.8

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1h 5m

1h 5m

Heat slides at 60°C for one hour.

21m **Dewax Washes** 6.10 Use the coupling jars for dewaxing and washing tissues (by submerging slide mounted tissues 21m 6.11 Xylenes 3 minutes, repeating a total of two times. 6.12 100% ethanol 1 minute, repeating a total of two times. 6.13 95% ethanol 1 minute 6.14 70% ethanol 1 minute

6.15

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Distilled water 3 minutes, repeating a total of two times.

6.16	Dry slides in desiccator 5 minutes				
6.17	Scan each slide, minus the surrounding sample holder, at a minimum of 1200 ppi resolution using flatbed scanner. This will be needed for image registration in FlexImaging during imaging acquisition. Samples for higher resolution will require a higher resolution scanned image. For example, images acquired with a ≤ 50 µm step size require a 2400 dpi scanned image.				
Obtaining high-resolution (5x-20x) bright field images using PALM Microb					
6.18	Turn on power supply, and key switch on PALM control unit.				
6.19	Mount the slide in the slide holder and place it in the microscope				
6.20	Run the PALMRobo software				
6.21	In "View" Tab find "Navigation Window".				

turning the knob on the microscope.

6.22

In the small screen display at the microscope, select 10x Objective and adjust focusing by

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- 6.23 In the "Navigation window" find top left corner of the tissue and select: "Set ROI top left. Next, find bottom right corner of the tissue and select "Set ROI bottom right"
- 6.24 Click "Scan"
- **6.25** Save tile images after scanning is done.

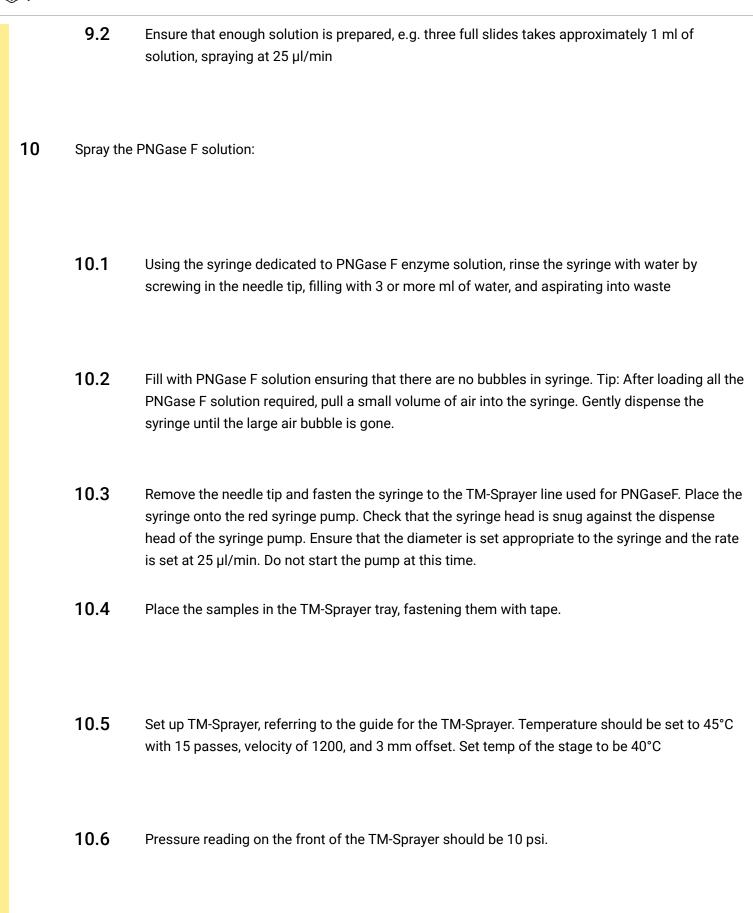
Antigen Retrieval Prep

- 7 Heat slides in vegetable steamer:
 - 7.1 Preheat the vegetable steamer to generate steam by pressing the "cook" switch prior to retriev procedure (example, preheating takes ~15 min)
 - 7.2 Add \sim 10 ml of the buffer to a 5-slide mailer with side opening
 - 7.3 Place no more than 3 slides per 5-slide mailer with side opening. Slides should be placed with tissue facing outward to the solution in positions 1 and 5, NOT facing the slide mailer walls. Position 3 may face either way
 - 7.4 Completely fill the slide mailer the rest of the way with buffer

8.5 Repeat removal of half the buffer two more times, each time with 5 minutes of cooling 5m 8.6 Complete by rinsing in 100% distilled water 8.7 Dry the slides 5 minutes in the desiccator 5m 8.8 Check to ensure scanning of the slides has been performed 8.9 For scanning, scan one slide each at 1200 dpi

Application of PNGase F Solution

- 9 Prepare PNGase F solution:
 - 9.1 Prepare 0.1 µg/µl PNGase F in water: resuspend lyophilized enzyme in 1 mL water



	10.7	Start the syringe pump.	
	10.8	Use a dummy slide to check the TM-Sprayer nozzle for spraying of solution. It generally takes about 1-3 minutes (100 μ L) to start spraying.	
	10.9	Once moisture is detected on the dummy slide, press Start on the TM-Sprayer. PNGase F solution will be applied in a thin layer onto target tissue.	
11	Incubation PNGase F digest: To prevent liquid from evaporating too fast and the enzyme from becoming inactive, a wet atmosphere is maintained by placing the ITO slide into a sealed incubation chamber filled with 150 ml saturated KNO $_3$ solution and pre-incubated at 37.5 °C.		
	11.1	After application of PNGase F onto the slide, place it on top of a 50 ml glass beaker in the incubation chamber.	
	11.2	Incubate 2 hours at 37.5 °C	
	11.3	After incubation, remove the slide from the incubation chamber and let dry in the desiccator (1 min).	
	11.4	Store the slide in a 5-slide mailer to protect the released glycans. If matrix cannot be sprayed the	

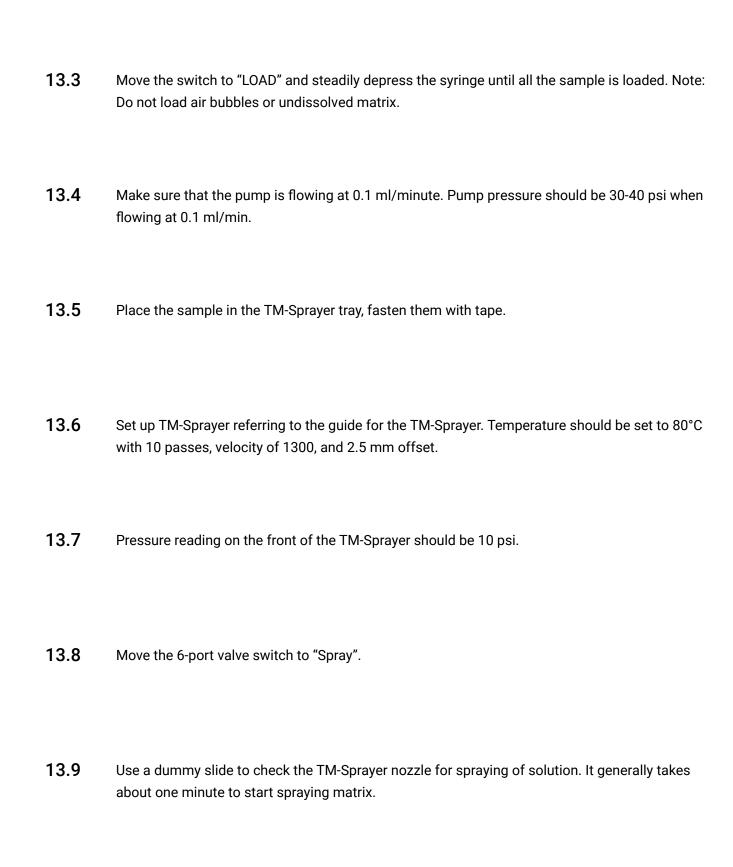
same day, store at -20°C. It is preferred to immediately spray matrix onto the slide.

Application of Matrix

- **12** Prepare the CHCA Matrix:
 - **12.1** Prepare CHCA matrix at 7 mg/ml in 50% acetonitrile/0.1% TFA.Add 0.042 g CHCA to 6 ml 50% acetonitrile/0.1% TFA. Prepare fresh each time in a 15 ml falcon tube.
 - 12.2 Vortex briefly and sonicate 5 minutes.

5m

- 12.3 Small chunks may remain in the bottom of the falcon tube. Make sure that there are not loaded into the TM-Sprayer loop as they will clog components of the TM-Sprayer.
- **12.4** Filter CHCA solution using Millex (Millipore) 0.2 μm syringe filter.
- **13** Spray the CHCA Matrix:
 - **13.1** Fill the glass-5ml syringe with CHCA solution ensuring that there are no bubbles in syringe. Tip: After loading all the solution required, pull a small volume of air into the syringe. Gently dispense the syringe until the large air bubble is gone.
 - 13.2 Remove the needle tip and fasten the syringe to the TM-Sprayer line going to the 6-port valve.



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- 13.10 Once matrix is detected as an opaque solution on the dummy slide, press Start on the TM-Sprayer. CHCA solution will be applied in a thin layer onto target tissue.
- **13.11** When finished, matrix coated slides may be imaged immediately or stored in a desiccator.

MALDI Imaging MS Acquisition

- Put the slide in the MALDI holder and load it in the 15 T FTICR- instrument
- Load the method for N-glycan analysis Parameters of the method: m/z range 800-4,000; R=512k, laser power=28-32%, laser focus=minimum, laser shots=200, frequency=2,000
- 16 Teach plate
- 17 Select measurement region in FlexImaging
- 18 Run acquisition through FlexImaging

MALDI Imaging Analysis

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19	Open SCil	LS Lab		
	19.1	Load data to SCILS lab		
	19.2	Convert data to imZML using complete spectra		
20	Upload in	nZML files to METASPACE		
	20.1	Under Annotation settings select: "NGlycDB-v1" for Metabolite database		

Under Annotation settings select: "+Na" as Adducts

20.2