



## Jun 12, 2020

# Long-read DNA preparation for bacterial isolates.

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1	Works for me	dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.64ghgtw

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## ABSTRACT

#### General:

This is an optimized DNA isolation protocol adapted to the properties of bacteria isolated from biogas substrate and digestate, using NucleoBond® AXG Columns and NucleoBond® Buffer Set. The protocol reliably retrieves DNA of sufficient quality, length and yield. The performance has been validated on seven bacterial isolates from one biogas reactor and one biogas plant. Buffers and proteinase K can be found in NucleoBond Buffer Set III.

## Observed Performance on seven isolates runs using this protocol:

N50 Ranges between 22,000 and 46,000 bp. General throughput is between 16-22 Gigabases of a single flowcell (flowcell 106 Rev D, using the LSK-109 Kit).

#### Funding:

This work was funded by the China Scholarship Council (CSC) [Grant No. 201606350190] and SLU.

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.64ghgtw

PROTOCOL CITATION

He Sun, Christian Brandt, Anna Schnürer 2020. Long-read DNA preparation for bacterial isolates.. **protocols.io** 

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.64ghgtw

**KEYWORDS** 

bacterial isolate, Long-read DNA

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CREATED

Sep 04, 2019

LAST MODIFIED

Jun 12, 2020

PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

27496

MATERIALS

NAME	CATALOG #	VENDOR
Agencourt AMPure XP	A63880	Beckman Coulter
Ethanol		
Lysozyme	L6876	Sigma Aldrich
NucleoBond AXG 20 Columns	740544	Macharey Nagal



06/12/2020

Citation: He Sun, Christian Brandt, Anna Schnürer (06/12/2020). Long-read DNA preparation for bacterial isolates.. https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.64qhgtw

NAME CATALOG # VENDOR

NucleoBond Buffer Set III 740603 Macharey Nagal

## Samples preparation

1 Add cation-adjusted Müller-Hinton broth in a 15 ml Falcon tube. (Müller-Hinton medium is used here for antibiotic-resistant bacteria)

**■5 ml** CAMHB

- 2 Add 1/4 10 μl-loop of colony from an agar plate in the solution.
- 3 Vortex the mixture for 5 s at maximum speed.
- 4 Incubate the mixture overnight on a shaking bench at the speed of 120 rpm at 37 °C.

## Cell disruption

- 5 Add 2 ml of the incubated mixture in a 2.5 ml Eppendorf tube.
- 6 Centrifuge the mixture.

\$5000 x g \$20 °C ⟨ 00:10:00

- 7 Discard the supernatant. (For anaerobes, due to low concentration of bacterial culture, it is suggested to repeat step 5 to step 7 several times in order to obtain enough amount of DNA)
- 8 Resuspend the bacterial pellet in Buffer G3 by vortexing.

■1 ml Buffer G3

9 Add lysozyme and Proteinase K

20 µl lysozyme (100 mg/ml) 25 µl Proteinase K

10 Gently resuspend the mixture and incubate at 37 °C for 20 min without shaking.

8 37 °C © 00:20:00

11 Add Buffer G4

■400 µl Buffer G4

12 Gently resuspend the mixture and incubate at 50 °C for 30 min without shaking.

 $\textbf{Citation:} \ \ \text{He Sun, Christian Brandt, Anna Schn} \\ \hat{\mathbb{A}}^{1} \text{Wrer (06/12/2020)}. \ \ \text{Long-read DNA preparation for bacterial isolates...} \\ \\ \underline{\text{https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.64ghgtw}}$ 

Centrifuge the mixture. 13 ⊕5000 x g & 20 °C ⊕00:05:00 Transfer the supernatant to a 5 ml Eppendorf tube. Equilibration Equilibrate the column (AXG 20) with Buffer N2. 15 ■1 ml Buffer N2 Binding 16 Add Buffer N2 (room temperature) to the sample. Vortex the mixture for 15 s at maximum speed. ■1 ml Buffer N2 Load 1 ml of the mixture on the column. Allow it to enter the resin by gravity flow. Reload 1 ml of the mixture on the column. Do not reload if the mixture of former step has not been filtered completely in case the column gets clogged. 19 Reload the rest mixture. Wash 20 Wash the column with Buffer N3. ■1 ml Buffer N3 three times Elution 21 Elute the genomic DNA with Buffer N5. Collect the DNA solution in a 2.5 ml Eppendorf tube. ■1 ml Buffer N5 The average concentration of DNA is approximately 10 µg/ml. Store at 4 °C if you want to stop here § 4 °C Do not freeze Cleaning & condensing

	22	Add magnetic Beads (0.35 volume, AMPure) to the DNA sample. Gently resuspend by hand.  350 µl Magnetic beads	
		□1000 μl DNA sample	
	23	Incubate the mixture.  © 00:10:00  8 20 °C Room temperature	
	24	Spin down and let the beads bind to magnetic plate until the liquid is clear.	
	25	Stay on the magnet and remove supernatant.	
	26	Wash with Ethanol. Do not disturb pellet.  □150 μl Ethanol (80%)	
	27	Remove supernatant.	
	28	☼ Redo the washing once	
	29	Spin down and let the beads bind to magnetic plate again. Remove the residual liquid with a 10 $\mu$ l pipette.	
	30	Add nuclease free water and resuspend gently.  355 µl Nuclease free water	
	31	Incubate the DNA solution.  © 00:15:00  8 37 °C	
	32	Spin down and put on the magnetic plate. Retrieve the supernatant (DNA) with a 10 $\mu$ l pipette.	
		Determine dsDNA concentration e.g. by Qubit. Determine DNA length by Agarose gel or Bioanalyzer.	
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