

Version 3 ▼

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# Centriflaken: an automated data analysis pipeline for assembly and in silico analyses of food-borne pathogens from metagenomic samples V.3

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CPIPES

Kranti Konganti

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## ABSTRACT

Rapid and comprehensive analysis of metagenomic data from any sample is of importance in food safety. Also important is the need for automated analysis pipelines allowing rapid and effective construction of metagenomic assembled genomes (MAGs) to enable bacterial source-tracking from metagenomic data. We developed a precision metagenomics approach for detecting and classifying shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (STEC) in enrichments of agricultural water using Oxford Nanopore long read sequencing where the bioinformatics data analysis employed many sequential manual steps (Maguire et al, 2021). Here we present centriflaken, a suite of automated data analysis workflows enabled by Nextflow, which takes metagenomic data and generates MAGs and performs *in silico*-based analysis as described in Maguire et al, 2021. The final summary plots and tables can be downloaded from the provided MultiQC HTML report generated as part of the pipeline. The centriflaken pipeline was validated with data from our previously published method and was able to replicate the detection and classification of STECs for each sample. We tested the pipeline with nanopore data obtained from 21 additional enriched samples from irrigation water and was able to perform the entire precision metagenomics analysis in less than 5 hours. We have further expanded this precision approach to include any user supplied taxa of interest (*Listeria monocytogenes* or *Salmonella*) not only STECs.

## DOI

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## EXTERNAL LINK

<https://galaxytrkr.org>

## PROTOCOL CITATION

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## KEYWORDS

Metagenomics, Nextflow, Bioinformatics, MAG, Serotyping, Food-borne pathogen, Bioinformatics pipeline

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BEFORE STARTING

### **Purpose:**

This protocol will show step-by-step instructions on how to run the Centriflaken pipeline on [GalaxyTrkr](https://galaxytrkr.org).

## Step 1

### **1 Create an account and Login:**

If you do not already have an account on [GalaxyTrkr](https://galaxytrkr.org), please create one by visiting this URL:  
<https://account.galaxytrkr.org/Account/Register>

1.1 Once your account is activated, login by visiting <https://galaxytrkr.org>.

## Step 2

### 2 Create a new history:

We recommend creating a new history for each new invocation of the **Centriflaken** pipeline.

Doing so will keep your data sets organized should you choose to carry on further analyses within the same project.

For example, you might want to further perform analyses using the Metagenomically Assembled Genomes (MAGs), which are the end products of the **Centriflaken** pipeline by predicting genes *de novo* and performing annotation.



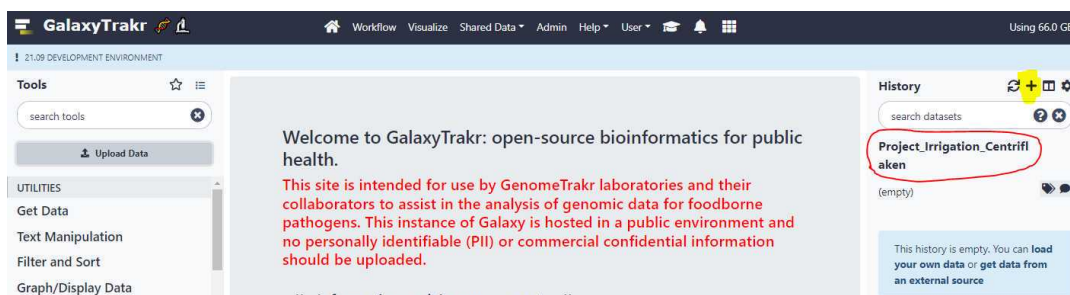
After all the analysis outputs from this run is saved to your internal data network or computer, older history's should be purged/deleted so as not to occupy the limited storage space in your account.

In some cases it may be useful to save, for a limited time, multiple histories or to run analyses concurrently in multiple histories.

In these cases you need to pay attention to your % Usage bar (shows % used of allocated storage space) in the upper right corner of the GalaxyTrakr page.

If you need additional space you can contact [galaxytrakrsupport@fda.hhs.gov](mailto:galaxytrakrsupport@fda.hhs.gov) and request additional storage.

- 2.1 Create a new history using the "+" symbol in the upper right hand corner. Name your history and press "Enter" on your keyboard to save the name.




### Step 3

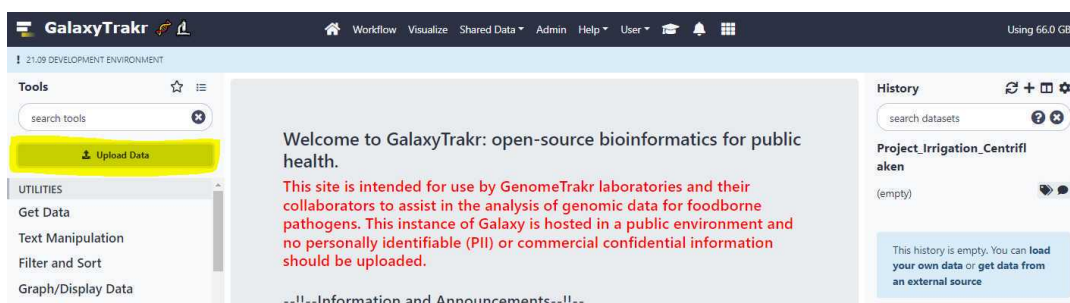
## 3 Upload unpaired data sets via Galaxy web interface:

You can either upload the data sets directly from your local workstation or desktop or you can upload via **FTP** protocol.

You can upload either single-end short read, paired-end short read or long read data sets.

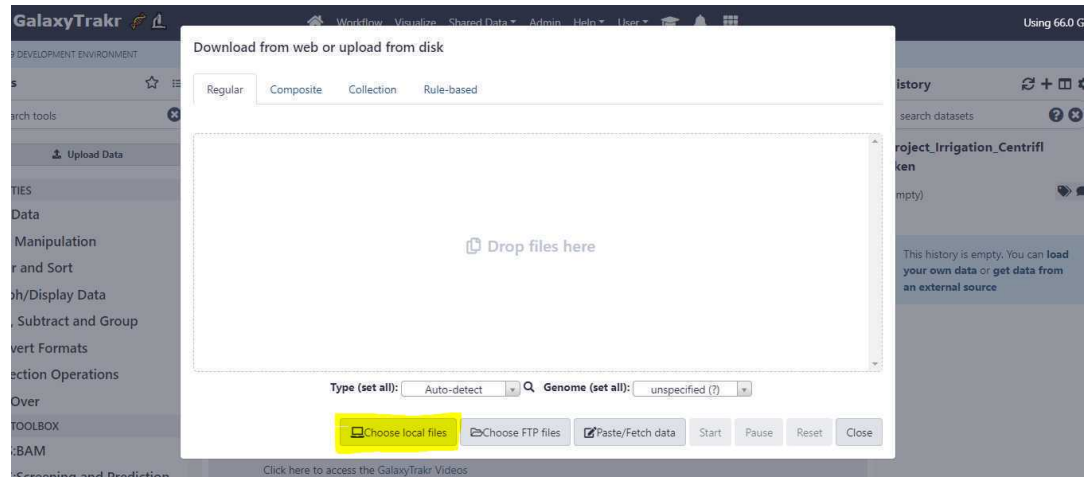
- 3.1 To upload files **without using FTP protocol**, click on the "Upload Data" button located on upper left of the page as shown below.

 **Centriflaken** only works on sequencing data files of **FASTQ** format.




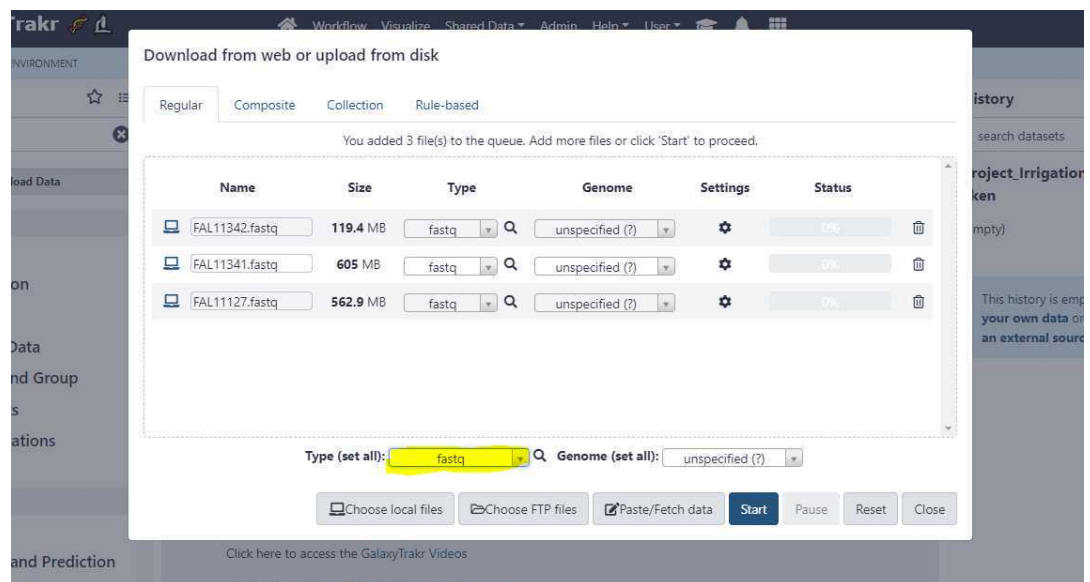
A window will appear in the middle of your screen. This is where you select your

### 3.2 files using the "Choose local files" button at the bottom of the window.

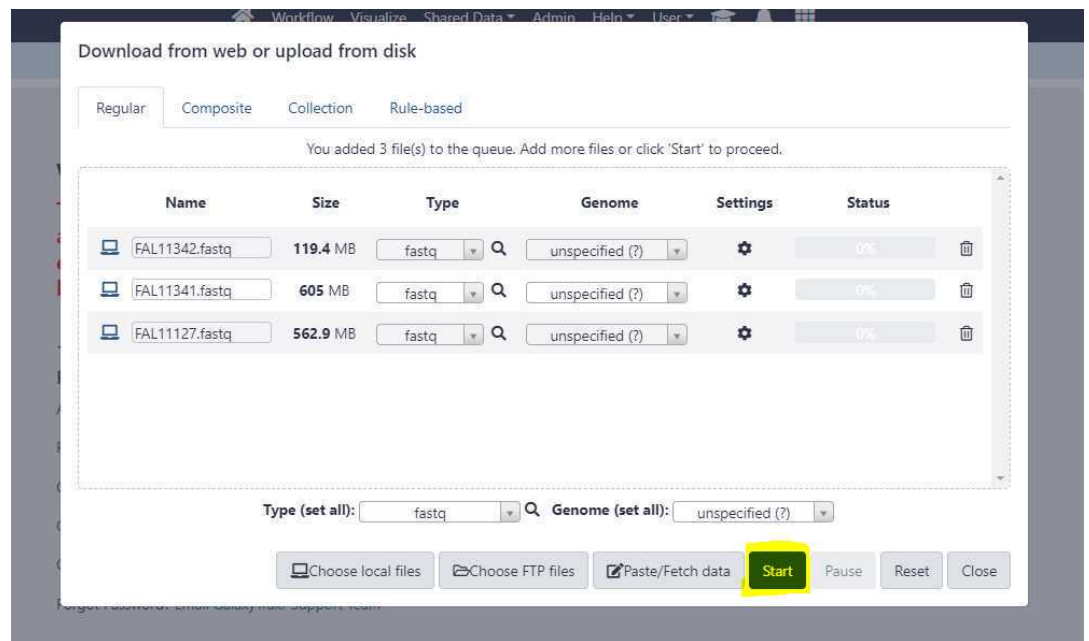


### 3.3 Set the appropriate "Type (set all)" extension.

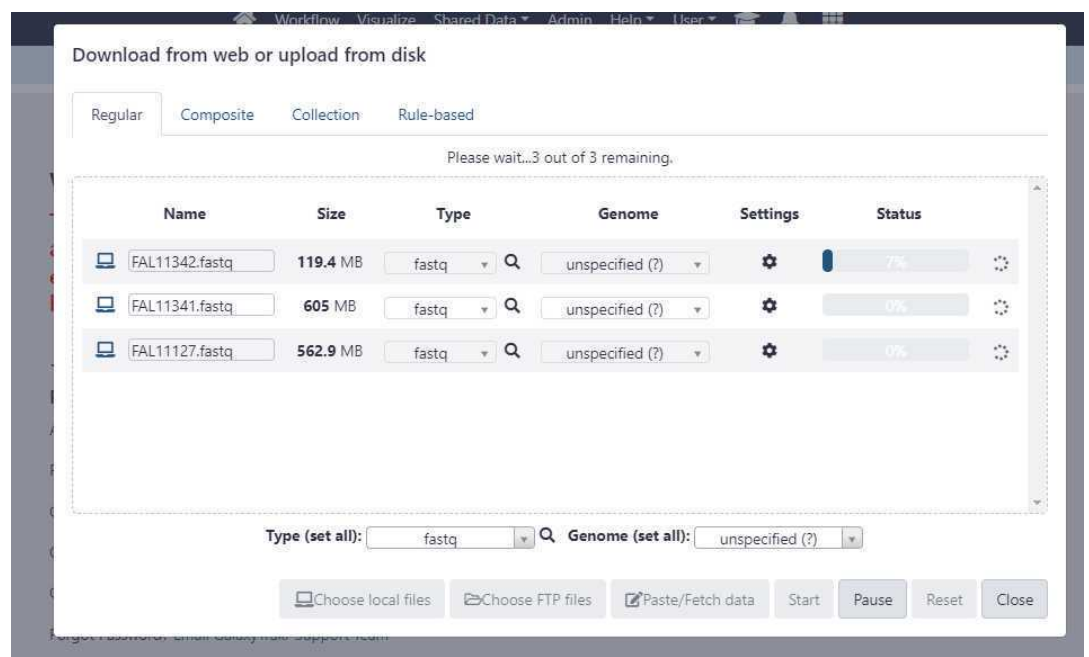
 Please make sure that you select the "**Type (set all)**" option to whatever the extension of the files you are uploading is. If the files you are uploading end in extension ".fastq", select this as **fastq**. If it is ".fastq.gz", choose the option **fastq.gz**.



### 3.4 Once you have correctly set the "Type (set all)" option, click on "Start" button to start the upload of **FASTQ** files from your local workstation or desktop to [GalaxyTrakr](https://doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.xxygxzdbwv8j/v3).

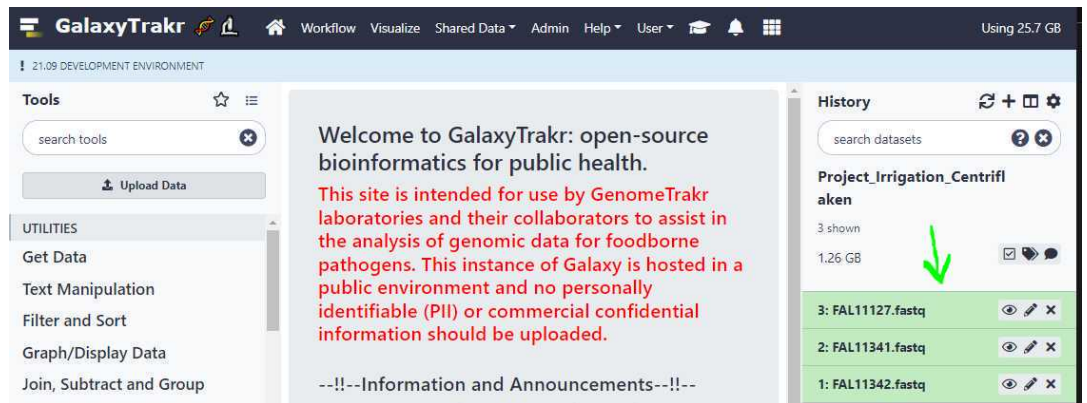


3.5 The "**Status**" bar changes to show the progress of the upload.



3.6 Once, the uploads are complete, they should appear in your history as shown below.





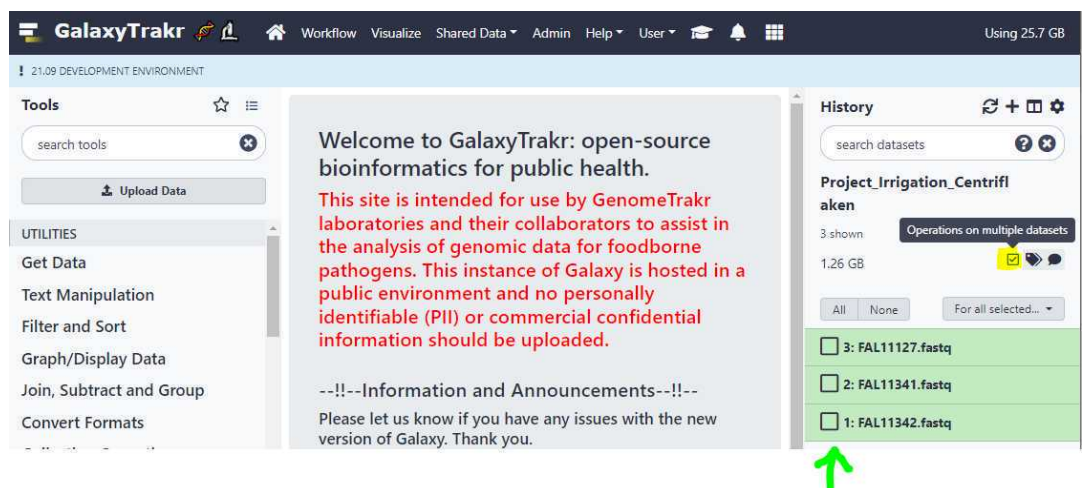
### 3.7 We need to create a data set list to run **Centriflaken** pipeline.

For single-end or long reads, we create an unpaired data set list and for paired-end reads we create a list of data set pairs.

### 3.8 Create an unpaired data set collection:

Using the above uploads as an example, we need to create a list unpaired data sets as these are Oxford Nanopore long reads.

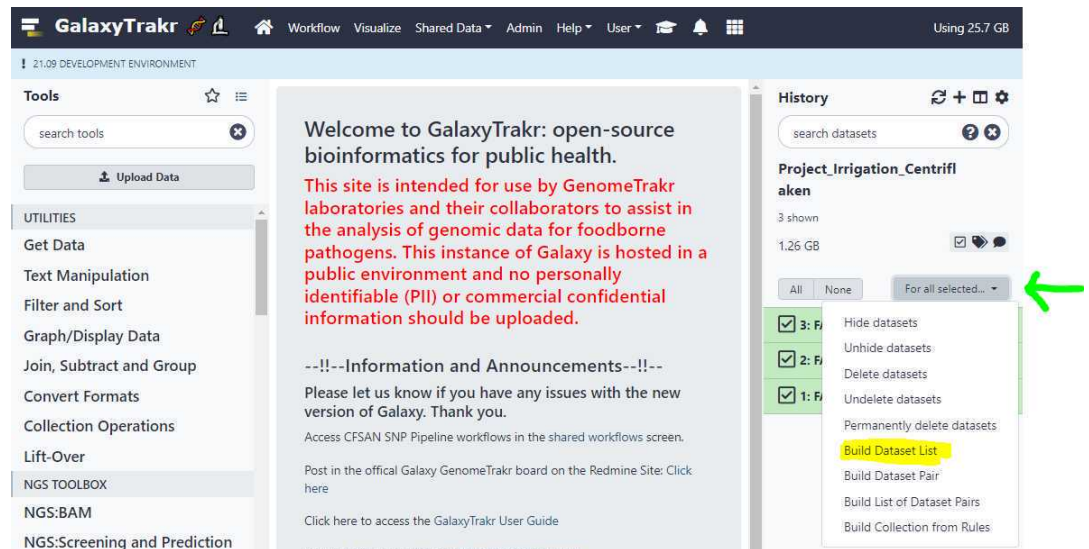
First, go to your history and click on the "**Checkbox**" icon as highlighted in yellow below. This will put check boxes in front of the data sets to select.



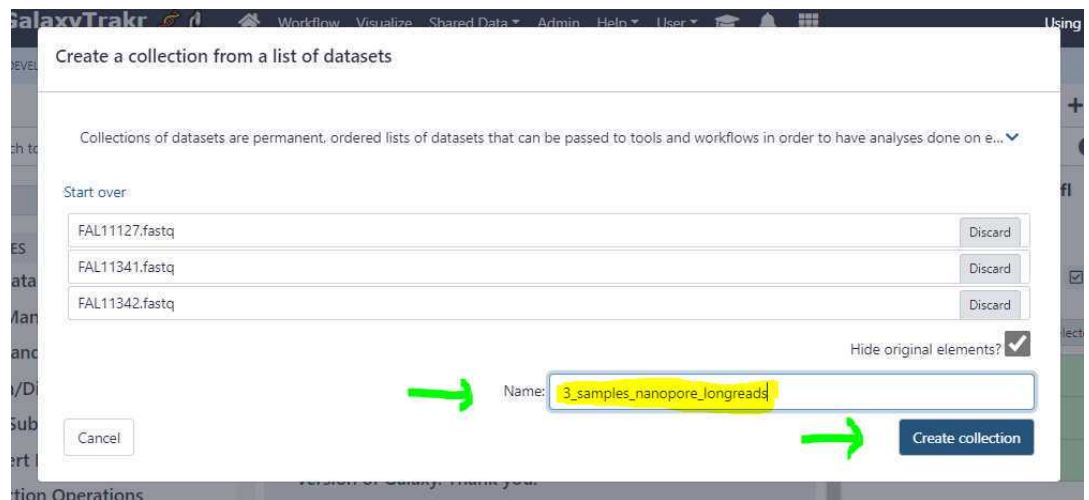
### 3.9 Now, select the data sets for which you want to create an unpaired data set list and click on the dropdown menu as show below and select the option "**Build**



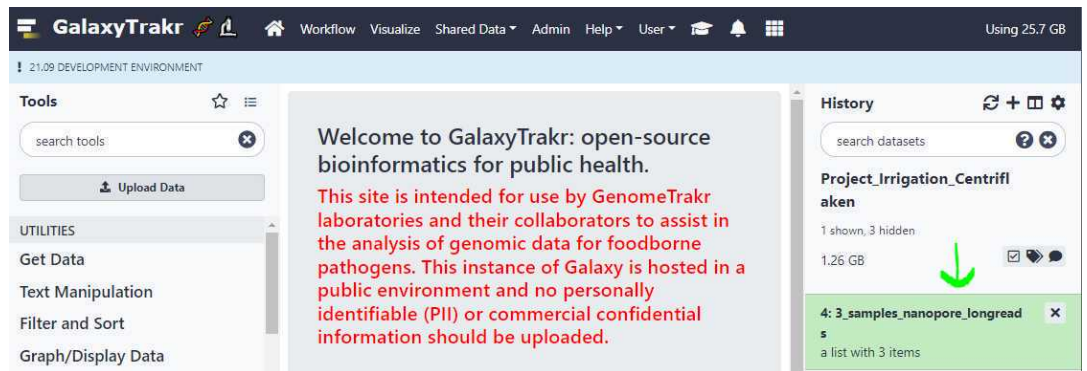
dataset list".



- 3.10 This will bring up a window where you should name the this collection of data sets and click on "**Create Collection**" to save it to your history.



The newly named collection of long read data sets should now appear in your history.



## Step 4

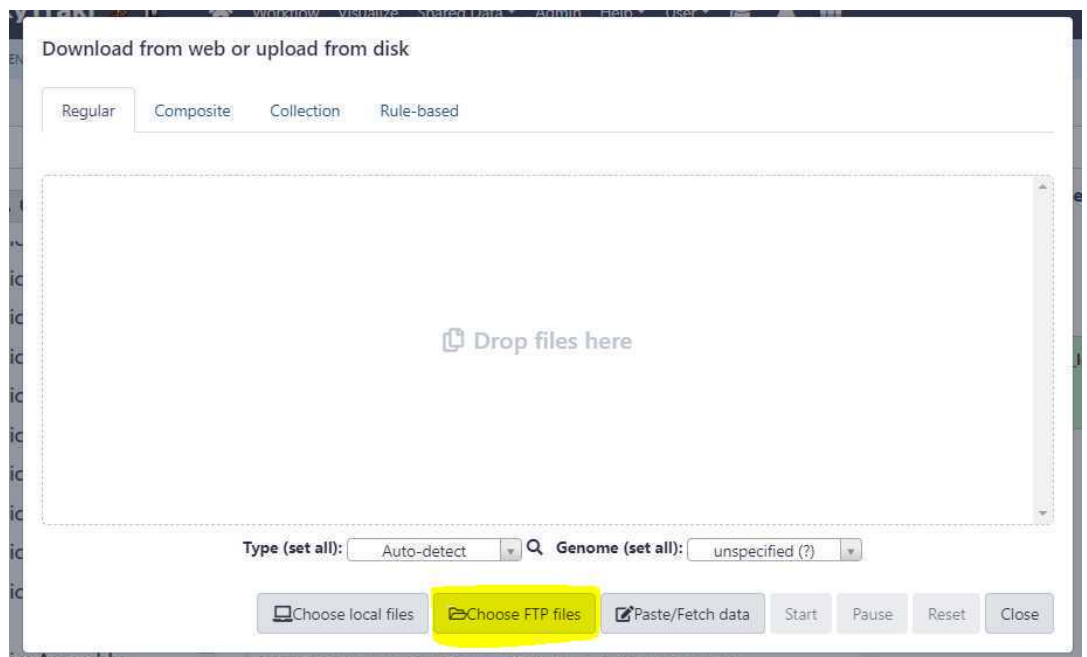
### 4 Upload paired-end data sets via FTP protocol:

It is generally recommended to use the **FTP** protocol to upload large number of data sets to **GalaxyTrakr**.

Please refer to the section **3.2.1** in the User Guide below and follow the directions to upload the data sets using the **FTP** protocol to [GalaxyTrakr](#).

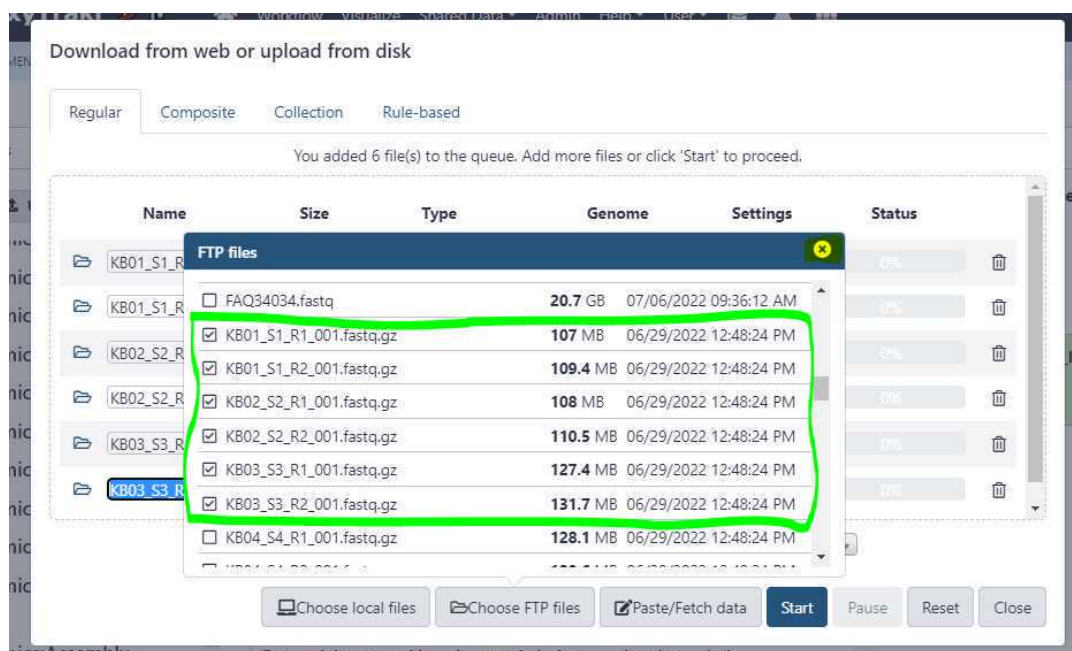
 [Galaxy+Genome+Trakr+User+Guide.pdf](#)

- 4.1 Once your paired-end data sets are uploaded, go to [GalaxyTrakr](#) and click on the **"Upload Data"** button. This should bring up the upload window overlay, and this time, click on the **"Choose FTP files"** button as shown below.

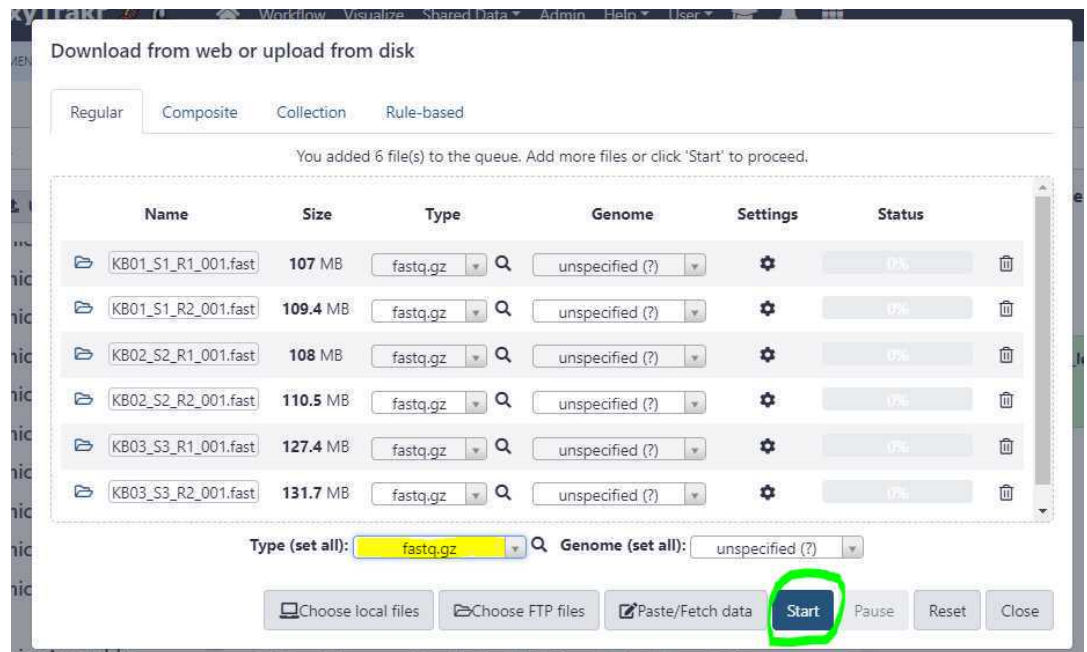


4.2 Now, select the relevant files you uploaded via **FTP** protocol. In the example below, we are selecting 3 samples (circled in green) which equals to 6 files to be uploaded.

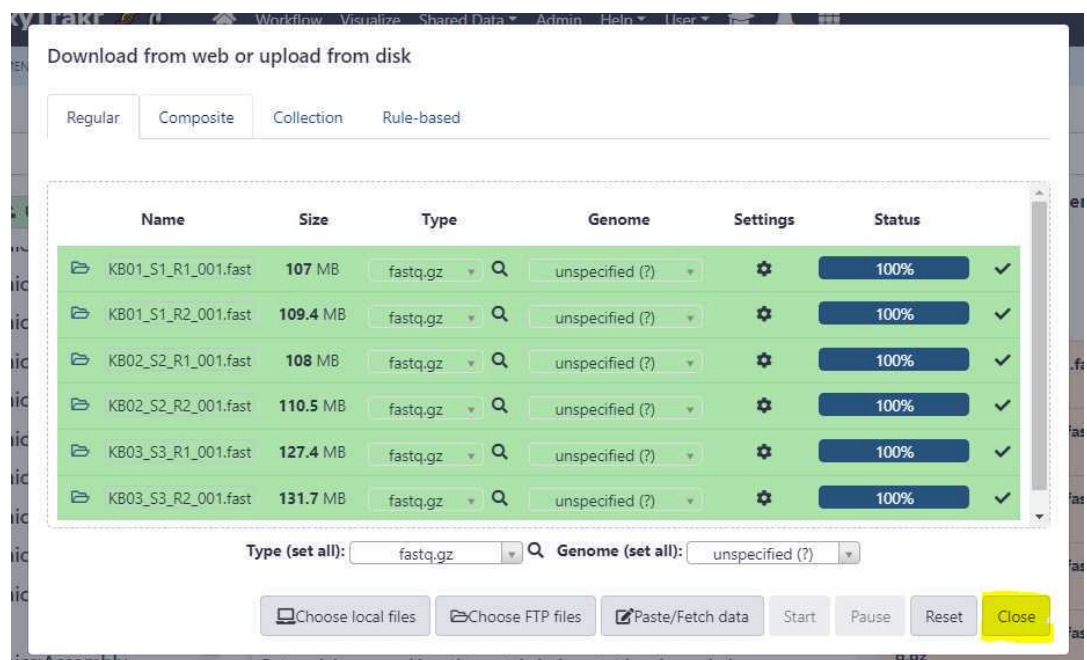
Then, first close the "**FTP files**" window (highlighted in yellow).



Now, make sure to change the "**Type (set all)**" option to the corresponding extension of the files that were selected (see below) and then click on "**Start**" button to finish uploading the **FTP** files.



Since the files were pre-uploaded using an **FTP** client, the upload from the [GalaxyTrakr](#) interface should finish relatively quickly. Next, close the upload window by clicking on "**Close**" button.




4.3 Now the **FTP** uploaded files should appear in your history. We will create a new list of data pairs collection using these 6 files (3 samples).

Similar to step 3.8, we click on the "**Checkbox**" to select our 6 data set files (3 samples) and this time, we click on "**Build List of Dataset Pairs**" (highlighted in yellow) from the dropdown menu (green arrow).

4.4 Since the file names of our uploaded data sets ended in the following suffixes: **\_R1\_001.fastq.gz** and **\_R2\_001.fastq.gz**, we select **\_R1** to indicate our forward read and **\_R2** to indicate our reverse read from the drop down menus (highlighted in yellow).

4.5 Next, click on **"Auto-pair"** to pair these data set files.

 Make sure to uncheck the **"Remove file extensions?"** checkbox.



Create a collection of paired datasets

Could not automatically create any pairs from the given dataset names. You may want to choose or enter different filters and try auto-pairing again. **cancel** and reselect new elements.

Collections of paired datasets are ordered lists of dataset pairs (often forward and reverse reads). These collections can be passed to tools and workflows in order to have an...

3 unpaired forward - 3 filtered out

Clear Filters

Auto-pair

3 unpaired reverse - 3 filtered out

KB01\_S1\_R1\_001.fastq.gz

KB02\_S2\_R1\_001.fastq.gz

KB03\_S3\_R1\_001.fastq.gz

Pair these datasets

Pair these datasets

Pair these datasets

KB01\_S1\_R2\_001.fastq.gz

KB02\_S2\_R2\_001.fastq.gz

KB03\_S3\_R2\_001.fastq.gz

0 pairs Unpair all

Hide original elements? ☒ Remove file extensions? ☐

Name: 3\_samples\_paired\_irrigation

Cancel

Create collection

4.6 Finally, create a name for the collection and click on "Create collection" button.

Create a collection of paired datasets

Could not automatically create any pairs from the given dataset names. You may want to choose or enter different filters and try auto-pairing again. **cancel** and reselect new elements.

Collections of paired datasets are ordered lists of dataset pairs (often forward and reverse reads). These collections can be passed to tools and workflows in order to have an...

0 unpaired forward - 0 filtered out

Clear Filters

Auto-pair

0 unpaired reverse - 0 filtered out

No datasets were found matching the current filters.

3 pairs Unpair all

KB01\_S1\_R1\_001.fastq.gz → KB01\_S1\_001.fastq.gz ← KB01\_S1\_R2\_001.fastq.gz

KB02\_S2\_R1\_001.fastq.gz → KB02\_S2\_001.fastq.gz ← KB02\_S2\_R2\_001.fastq.gz

KB03\_S3\_R1\_001.fastq.gz → KB03\_S3\_001.fastq.gz ← KB03\_S3\_R2\_001.fastq.gz

Hide original elements? ☒ Remove file extensions? ☐

Name: 3\_samples\_paired\_irrigation

Cancel

Create collection

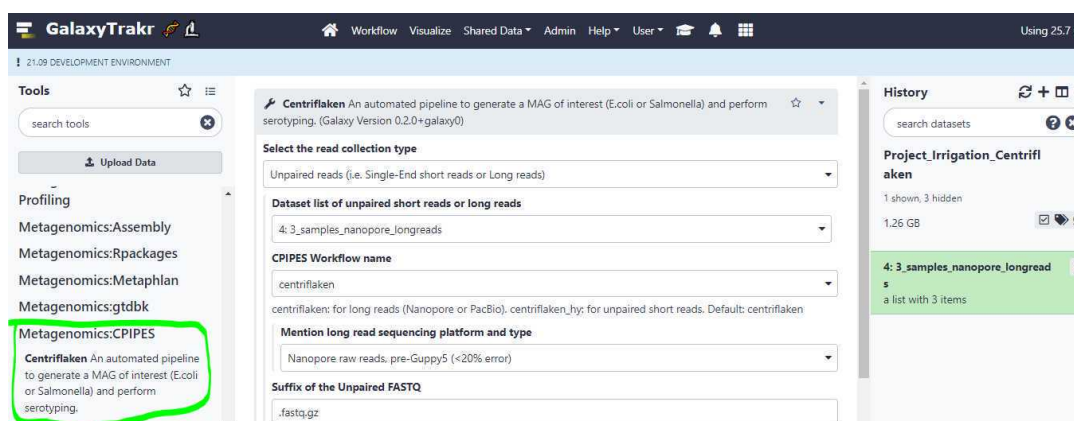


## Step 5

### 5 Run Centriflaken pipeline on long reads:

Now, choose "**Centriflaken**" pipeline from the tool navigation menu on the left under "**CPIPES: Metagenomics**".

Alternatively, you can search for "**Centriflaken**" by typing in the "**search tools**" box.



- 5.1 Selecting the "**Centriflaken**" under "**Metagenomics:CPIPES**" will bring up the job submission form in [GalaxyTrakr](#). Here we set a few required parameters to run the pipeline on our created collection of long read data sets.

#### Select the read collection type:

**Unpaired reads (i.e. Single-End short reads or Long reads):** Select this option if your newly created data set collection contains Single-End short reads or Long reads. Based on the data set collection we created in the example above, we will be selecting this option (highlighted in yellow; see below).

**Paired-End reads:** Select this option if your newly created data set collection contains Paired-End short reads.

- 5.2 **Dataset list of unpaired short reads or long reads:** This is where we point to our created data set collection. Based on the example above, the collection name "**3\_samples\_nanopore\_longreads**" is selected (green arrow; see below).

**CPIPES Workflow name:** Select "**centriflaken**" if your data set collection

contains long reads and select "**centriflaken\_hy**" if your data set collection contains short reads, either single-end or paired-end (blue arrow; see below)

**5.3 Mention long read sequencing platform and type:** Use this option to select the type of long reads that were uploaded or present in your read collection. For the example above, we uploaded raw Oxford Nanopore reads and that option is selected below.

## 5.4 Suffix of the Unpaired FASTQ:

Since the extensions of the **FASTQ** files we originally uploaded was **.fastq** (Ex: FAL11127.fastq, FALL11341.fastq etc.), we change this option from the default

value of ".fastq.gz" to ".fastq".



It is of **utmost importance** to set the correct suffix as the pipeline will fail in the backend if it cannot find files that end with the mentioned suffix.

### Enter minimum read length to retain before starting the analysis:

Enter the minimum length of the **FASTQ** reads to keep before starting the analysis. Leave this box empty to use the default values. It is 4000 bp for long reads and 75 bp for short reads.

The screenshot shows the GalaxyTrakr interface for the 'Centriflaken' workflow. The 'Suffix of the Unpaired FASTQ' field is set to '.fastq'. The 'Enter minimum read length to retain before starting the analysis' field is empty. A yellow highlight at the bottom states: 'Keep this option empty to use default values. Default for centriflaken (long reads) is 4000 bp and for centriflaken\_hy (short reads) is 75 bp.' The right sidebar shows a history of files: FAL11127.fastq, FAL11341.fastq, and FAL11342.fastq.

## 5.5 File name delimiter:



Most of the pipeline failures result from incorrectly setting the "**Suffix**" field, "**File name delimiter**" and the "**File name delimiter index**" fields.

Use this option to perform sample grouping. Sample grouping is entirely based on file names of the uploaded **FASTQ** files. The suffixes of the file names of the

uploaded files are first removed based on the entry in the "**Suffix**" field and then the sample grouping is performed.

For example, if the uploaded FASTQ files are as below:

- KB01\_biological\_replicate1.fastq
- KB01\_biological\_replicate2.fastq
- KB02\_biological\_replicate1.fastq
- KB02\_biological\_replicate2.fastq
- KB03\_biological\_replicate1.fastq
- KB03\_biological\_replicate2.fastq
- KB04\_biological\_replicate1.fastq
- KB04\_biological\_replicate2.fastq

Here, we have 2 biological replicates per sample. Now, to create 4 sample groups, KB01, KB02, KB03 and KB04, we set the "**File name delimiter**" to \_ (an underscore character), because, if you split the file names above (after removing the suffix **.fastq**) by an underscore character, you end up with the following words for each file name:

- KB01 biological replicate1
- KB01 biological replicate2
- KB02 biological replicate1
- KB02 biological replicate2
- KB03 biological replicate1
- KB03 biological replicate2
- KB04 biological replicate1
- KB04 biological replicate2

Since the suffixes (in the example above, **.fastq**) are removed before sample grouping, they are not considered as words after splitting by the "**File name delimiter**"



If you are working with data sets i.e. **FASTQ** files downloaded from SRA through Galaxy itself using the tools like **fasterq-dump**, it is highly likely that downloaded files will have an extension of **.fastq.gz**, so please set it to that value for the "**Suffix**" field and leave the "**File name delimiter**" and "**File name delimiter index**" values as the default values of \_ and 1.

## 5.6 File name delimiter index:

Following the above example, now to create 4 sample groups (KB01, KB02, KB03 and KB04), we need to select the first word and therefore we set the value to 1.

**File name delimiter by which samples are grouped together (--fq\_filename\_delim)**

\_

This is the delimiter by which samples are grouped together to display in the final MultiQC report. For example, if your input data sets are mango\_replicate1.fastq.gz, mango\_replicate2.fastq.gz, orange\_replicate1\_maryland.fastq.gz, orange\_replicate2\_maryland.fastq.gz, then to create 2 samples mango and orange, the value for --fq\_filename\_delim would be \_ (underscore) and the value for --fq\_filename\_delim\_idx would be 1, since you want to group by the first word (i.e. mango or orange) after splitting the filename based on \_ (underscore).

**File name delimiter index (--fq\_filename\_delim\_idx)**

1

## 5.7 Suffix of the paired-end FASTQ:

Changing the "Select the read collection type" (highlighted in yellow; see below) to "Paired-End reads" dynamically changes the form fields and auto-selects the "centriflaken\_hy" (green arrow; see below) pipeline.

It also automatically disables the "Mention long read sequencing platform and type" field (red arrow; see above).

Finally, make sure to correctly set the complete suffix of the upload **paired-end** FASTQ files. When you upload the sequencing **FASTQ** files that comes off of the Illumina DNA Sequencing Instrument, it is highly likely that the suffixes will be **\_R1\_001.fastq.gz** and **\_R2\_001.fastq.gz**. If there are any non-standard suffixes, make sure to correctly set it here.

If you are working with data sets i.e. **FASTQ** files downloaded from SRA through Galaxy itself using any of the tools like **fasterq-dump**, it is highly likely that downloaded files will have an extension of **.fastq.gz**, so please set it to that value for the "Suffix" field and leave the "File name delimiter" and "File name delimiter index" values as the default values of **\_** and **1**.



## 5.8 Reads belonging to this taxa are extracted and a MAG is generated to allow for serotyping:

Use this option to set the name of a taxa for which the reads belonging to the set taxa are extracted, *de novo* assembled and further serotyping and AMR analyses are performed.

If the input is long reads, then the **FLYE** assembler is used and if the input reads are short reads, **MEGAHIT** assembler is used.

Similarly, if the taxa of interest is "**Escherichia coli**" SerotypeFinder tool is used for serotyping where as SeqSero2 is used for "**Salmonella**".

## 5.9 Estimated genome size:

This option is only required if the input is long reads as **FLYE** assembler requires this information to perform a de novo assembly. For short reads, the value in this field is ignored.

### Step 6

## 6 Submit the Centriflaken pipeline for execution:

Finally, click on the "Execute" button to submit the pipeline for analysis.

Escherichia coli

**Estimated genome size**

5.5m

For example, 5m or 2.6g.

**Email notification**

☐

Send an email notification when the job completes.

✓ Execute

After the job is submitted, your history should indicate that the job is running with 2 expected outputs: one, a **MultiQC HTML report** and another: a collection of assembled **MAGs** (**Metagenomically assembled genomes**) in **FASTA** format as shown below (highlighted in curly green bracket).

The screenshot shows the GalaxyTrakr interface. On the left is a sidebar with 'Tools' and 'UTILITIES'. The main panel displays a green success message: 'Executed Centriflaken and successfully added 1 job to the queue.' It lists the input as '4: 3\_samples\_nanopore\_longreads' and the output as '17: centriflaken: MultiQC Report on data 1, data 2, and data 3'. A green curly bracket highlights the output in the 'History' panel on the right. The 'History' panel shows a list of jobs: '17: centriflaken: MultiQC Report on data 1, data 2, and data 3' (highlighted in yellow), '16: centriflaken: Assembled MAGs on data 1, data 2, and data 3', '11: 3\_samplespaired\_irrigation', and '4: 3\_samples\_nanopore\_longreads'.

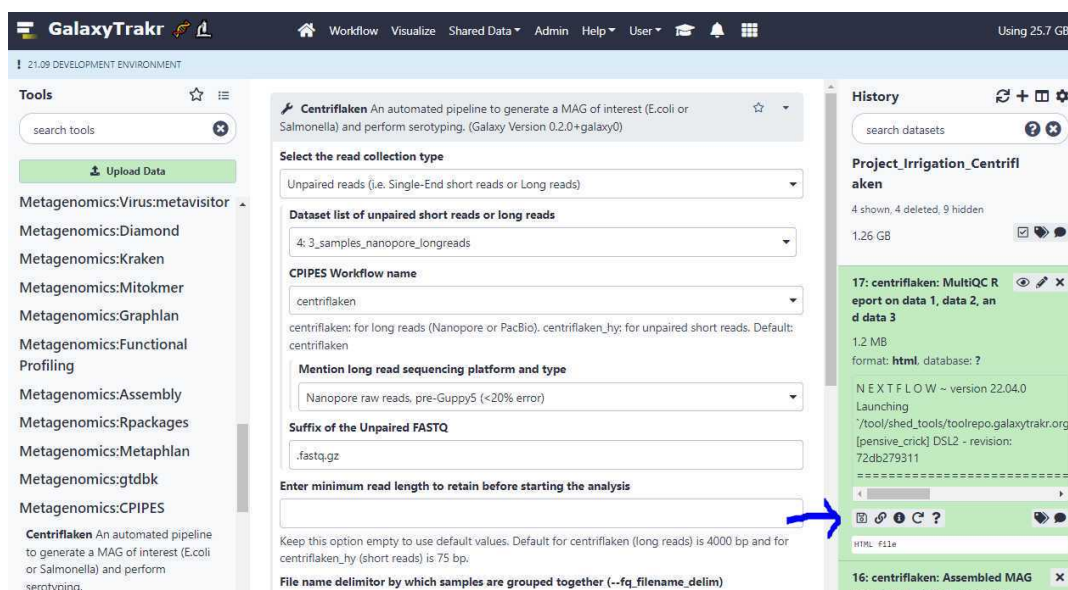
## Step 7

### 7 Download results:

If the pipeline finishes successfully, your history will have 2 outputs: one, a **MultiQC HTML report**, which contains brief summary about the quality of your raw reads and any results from the analysis, which should be downloaded by first clicking on the results tab to expand the section (highlighted in yellow) as shown below.

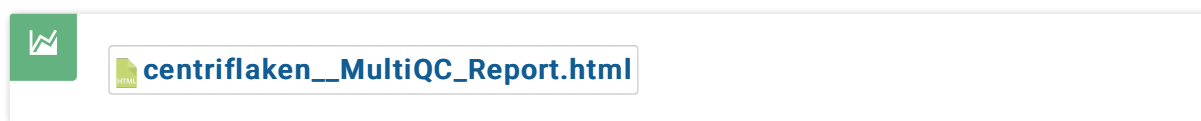
The screenshot shows the GalaxyTrakr interface with the 'Centriflaken' tool configuration panel open. The tool description is 'An automated pipeline to generate a MAG of interest (E.coli or Salmonella) and perform serotyping. (Galaxy Version 0.2.0+galaxy0)'. The configuration includes 'Select the read collection type' (Unpaired reads), 'Dataset list of unpaired short reads or long reads' (4: 3\_samples\_nanopore\_longreads), 'CPIPES Workflow name' (centriflaken), 'Mention long read sequencing platform and type' (Nanopore raw reads, pre-Guppy5 (<20% error)), and 'Suffix of the Unpaired FASTQ' (.fastq.gz). The 'History' panel on the right shows the same list of jobs as the previous screenshot, with the '17: centriflaken: MultiQC Report on data 1, data 2, and data 3' job highlighted in yellow.

Next click on the "**floppy**" icon to download the **MultiQC HTML** report (blue arrow) as shown below.



The downloaded HTML report can be opened in your web browser directly by double-clicking on it.

See an example report generated by the Centriflaken pipeline:



Note that in the example report, **FAL11342** sample does not have an entry in serotyping and subsequent AMR result tables and the reason is that the **FLYE** assembler failed to generate any **Escherichia coli** related contigs for this sample. The **Centriflaken** pipeline gracefully ignores such failures and proceeds to work on any samples that have a valid contig assembly.

## Step 8

### 8 Example data sets:

You can use the following example data sets to try out the **Centriflaken** pipeline.

**Oxford Nanopore long reads (Escherichia coli):**

☐ **FAL11341.fastq**

## Troubleshoot

### 9 Troubleshooting process failures:

When the status for the **centriflaken** or **centriflaken\_hy** jobs on [GalaxyTrakr](#) turns to red color (see below), you can investigate the probable cause for failure by clicking on the "i" icon and then expanding the tool standard output by clicking on it. Click on your failed job history (see below)

The screenshot shows the GalaxyTrakr workflow configuration page for 'centriflaken'. The 'Mention long read sequencing platform and type' section has a red status icon and an 'i' icon. A green arrow points to the 'i' icon with the text 'click here'. The 'Dataset list of unpaired short reads or long reads' is set to '45: centriflaken\_hy: Assembled MAGs on'. The 'CPIPES Workflow name' is 'centriflaken'. The 'Mention long read sequencing platform and type' is 'Nanopore raw reads, pre-Guppy5 (<20% error)'. The 'Suffix of the Unpaired FASTQ' is '.fastq.gz'. The 'Enter minimum read length to retain before starting the analysis' is empty. The 'File name delimiter by which samples are grouped together (--fq\_filename\_delim)' is '\_'. The 'File name delimiter index (--fq\_filename\_delim\_idx)' is '1'.

Then, click on the "i" icon.

The screenshot shows the GalaxyTrakr workflow configuration page for 'centriflaken'. The 'Mention long read sequencing platform and type' section has a red status icon and an 'i' icon. The 'i' icon is clicked, and the 'Tool Standard Output' is expanded, showing an error message. The error message is: 'error: An error occurred with this dataset: N E X T F L O W ~ version 22.04.0 Launching /tool/shed\_tools/toolrepo.c'. The 'Dataset list of unpaired short reads or long reads' is set to '45: centriflaken\_hy: Assembled MAGs on'. The 'CPIPES Workflow name' is 'centriflaken'. The 'Mention long read sequencing platform and type' is 'Nanopore raw reads, pre-Guppy5 (<20% error)'. The 'Suffix of the Unpaired FASTQ' is '.fastq.gz'. The 'Enter minimum read length to retain before starting the analysis' is empty. The 'File name delimiter by which samples are grouped together (--fq\_filename\_delim)' is '\_'. The 'File name delimiter index (--fq\_filename\_delim\_idx)' is '1'.

Click on the "Tool Standard Output" to expand and then scroll down for any error messages.

Estimated genome size: 5.5m

**Job Outputs**

Tool Outputs	Dataset
centriflaken_hy: MultiQC Report on	46 centriflaken_hy: MultiQC Report on
centriflaken_hy: Assembled MAGs on	45 centriflaken_hy: Assembled MAGs on (list with null items)

**Job Information**

Galaxy Tool ID: toolrepo.galaxytrkr.org/repos/kkonganti/cfsan\_centriflaken/cfsan\_centriflaken/0.2.0+galaxy0

Command Line: `mkdir -p cpipes-input || exit 1; pwd_path=$(pwd); /tool/shed_tools/toolrepo.galaxytrkr.org/rep...`

Tool Standard Output: **N E X T F L O W ~ version 22.04.0 Launching ` /tool/shed\_tools/toolrepo.galaxytrkr.org/repos/kk...**

Tool Standard Error: empty

Tool Exit Code: 1

Job Messages: [{"code\_desc": "", "desc": "Fatal error: Exit code 1 ()", "error\_level": 3, "exit\_code": 1, "type": "exit\_code"}]

Job API ID: 516761ef57a98798 (1586482)

**Dataset Storage**

This dataset is stored in the default configured Galaxy object store .

**Inheritance Chain**

centriflaken\_hy: MultiQC Report on

**Job Metrics**

**History**

search datasets

**Project\_Irrigation\_Centriflaken\_test**

15 shown, 12 deleted, 31 hidden

3.59 GB

46: centriflaken\_hy: MultiQC Report on

error

An error occurred with this dataset:

N E X T F L O W ~ version 22.04.0

Launching ` /tool/shed\_tools/toolrepo.

45: centriflaken\_hy: Assembled MAGs on

a list

44: centriflaken\_hy: MultiQC Report on data 10, data 9, and others

43: centriflaken\_hy: Assembled MAGs on data 10, data 9, and others

a list with 3 items

The **centriflaken\_hy** workflow failed due to empty data set list i.e. no input files.

workflow\_container: 1586482/working/work

workflow\_containerEngine: []

workflow\_runName: Jovial\_sllon

workflow\_sessionId: fff3350b-6424-458c-8251-22efb27381da

workflow\_profile: kondagac

workflow\_start: 2022-07-25T17:12:14.452507Z

workflow\_commandLine: nextflow /tool/shed\_tools/toolrepo.galaxytrkr.org/repos/kkonganti/cfsan\_centriflaken/29a59070343e/cfsan\_centriflaken/0.3.0/cpipes --pipeline centriflaken\_hy --fq\_single\_end true --input /data/job\_working\_directory\_s3/001/586/1586482/working/cpipes-input --output /data/job\_working\_directory\_s3/001/586/1586482/working/cpipes-output --fq\_suffix .fastq.gz --fq\_filename\_delim \_ --fq\_filename\_delim\_idx 1 --centrifuge\_extract\_bug 'Escherichia coli' -profile kondagac

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CPIPES - centriflaken\_hy - ERROR:

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The input directory, /data/job\_working\_directory\_s3/001/586/1586482/working/cpipes-input is empty! or does not have FASTQ files ending with the suffix: .fastq.gz

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**Tool Standard Error** empty

**History**

search datasets

**Project\_Irrigation\_Centriflaken\_test**

15 shown, 12 deleted, 31 hidden

3.59 GB

46: centriflaken\_hy: MultiQC Report on

error

An error occurred with this dataset:

N E X T F L O W ~ version 22.04.0

Launching ` /tool/shed\_tools/toolrepo.

45: centriflaken\_hy: Assembled MAGs on

a list

44: centriflaken\_hy: MultiQC Report on data 10, data 9, and others