

Nov 20, 2020

Calculating Colony-forming Units

Jiri Hulcr¹, You Li¹

1University of Florida

1 Works for me

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bnuvmew6

Bark Beetle Mycobiome Research Coordination Network

ABSTRACT

This protocol describes how to estimate the number of colony-forming units.

This protocol is part of the Bark Beetle Mycobiome (BBM) Research Coordination Network. For more information on the BBM international network: Hulcr J, Barnes I, De Beer ZW, Duong TA, Gazis R, Johnson AJ, Jusino MA, Kasson MT, Li Y, Lynch S, Mayers C, Musvuugwa T, Roets F, Seltmann KC, Six D, Vanderpool D, & Villari C. 2020. Bark beetle mycobiome: collaboratively defined research priorities on a widespread insect-fungus symbiosis. Symbiosis 81: 101–113 https://doi.org/10.1007/s13199-020-00686-9.

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bnuvmew6

DOCUMENT CITATION

Jiri Hulcr, You Li 2020. Calculating Colony-forming Units. **protocols.io** https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bnuvmew6

ICENSE

This is an open access document distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

CREATED

Oct 23, 2020

LAST MODIFIED

Nov 20, 2020

DOCUMENT INTEGER ID

43637

ABSTRACT

This protocol describes how to estimate the number of colony-forming units.

This protocol is part of the Bark Beetle Mycobiome (BBM) Research Coordination Network. For more information on the BBM international network: Hulcr J, Barnes I, De Beer ZW, Duong TA, Gazis R, Johnson AJ, Jusino MA, Kasson MT, Li Y, Lynch S, Mayers C, Musvuugwa T, Roets F, Seltmann KC, Six D, Vanderpool D, & Villari C. 2020. Bark beetle mycobiome: collaboratively defined research priorities on a widespread insect-fungus symbiosis. Symbiosis 81:101–113 https://doi.org/10.1007/s13199-020-00686-9.

To estimate the initial number of colony-forming units in a mycangium, use the technique of serial dilution when plating. After colonies grow, multiply the number of colonies on the plate by the inverse of the initial dilution factor.

- 1. Prepare two tubes per each sample, label them "0.1" and "0.01", fill each with 500 ul of water or PBS.
- 2. Suspend mycangium in the tube "0.1" and vortex.
- 3. Plate 50 ul of the suspension on media. Record the plate as "0.1 dilution" in [PLATES]. [note] in the Isolations database.
- 4. Transfer 50 ul of the initial suspension to the second tube ("0.01") and vortex.

Citation: Jiri Hulcr, You Li (11/20/2020). Calculating Colony-forming Units. https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bnuvmew6

- 5. Plate 50 ul of the second suspension on second media plate, and record that plate as "0.01 dilution".
- 6. Plate **5 ul** of the second suspension on a **third** plate, and record it as "0.001 dilution".