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HIV-PULSE Wet-lab Protocol V.1

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Protocol status: Working We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

Protocols.io for HIV-PULSE assay, including an updated protocol from the work published in NAR.



Materials

Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit (Q32854)

Quant-iT PicoGreen dsDNA Assay Kit (P7589)

CleanPCR beads (CPCR-0050)

Custom size select CleanPCR beads

LongAmp Hot Start Taq DNA Polymerase (M0534L)

dNTPs (Promega, C1141)

PrimeSTAR GXL DNA Polymerase (R050A)

GeneRuler 1 kb Plus DNA Ladder, ready to use (SM1333)

GeneRuler 1 kb DNA Ladder (SM0311)

Primers (IDT)

Α	В	C	D
PCR-step	Assay	Name	Sequence (5' to 3')
	Pinzone o	Pinzone First P CR Fwd	CCTCAATAAAGCTTGCCTTGA GTGC
	uter	Pinzone First P CR Rev	CCTAGTTAGCCAGAGAGCTCC CAG
Fre-amplification	FLIPS/Lee	BLOuterF; U5-6 23F	AAATCTCTAGCAGTGGCGCCC GAACAG
	outer	BLOuterR; U5-6 01R	TGAGGGATCTCTAGTTACCAG AGTC
	Pinzone in	UMI_Pinzone_F	CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATACG AGATNNNYRNNNYRNNNYRN NNAAGTAGTGTGTGCCCGTCT GTTGTGTGAC
Tagging (PAGE purif	ner	UMI_Pinzone_ R2	AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAG ATCNNNYRNNNYRNNNYRNN NGGAAAGTCCCCAGCGGAAA GTCCCTTGTAG
ied)	Lee inner	UMI_Lee_F2	CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATACG AGATNNNYRNNNYRNNNYRN NNGCGCCCGAACAGGGACYT GAAARCGAAAG
		UMI_Lee_R2	AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAG ATCNNNYRNNNYRNNNYRNN NGCACTCAAGGCAAGCTTTAT TGAGGCTTA
Amplification (PCR1	PCR1 to	ncec_pcr_fw_v 7	CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATACG AGAT
to PCR3)	3	ncec_pcr_rv_v 7	AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAG ATC
Patient barcoding (P CR4)	ID1	ONT_fw1	ACGAGACTGATTCAAGCAGAA GACGGCATACGAGAT
	וטון	ONT_UD1_R	ACGAGACTGATTAATGATACG GCGACCACCGAGATC
	PCR-step Pre-amplification Tagging (PAGE purified) Amplification (PCR1 to PCR3) Patient barcoding (P	PCR-step Assay Pinzone o uter FLIPS/Lee outer Pinzone in ner Tagging (PAGE purified) Lee inner Amplification (PCR1 to 3 Patient barcoding (P	PCR-stepAssayNamePre-amplificationPinzone o uterPinzone First P CR FwdPre-amplificationPinzone First P CR RevPulps/Lee outerBLOuterF; U5-6 23F BLOuterR; U5-6 01RTagging (PAGE purified)Pinzone in nerUMI_Pinzone_FLee innerUMI_Pinzone_RUMI_Lee_F2Lee innerUMI_Lee_F2Amplification (PCR1) to PCR3)PCR1 to 3ncec_pcr_fw_v 7Patient barcoding (P CR4)ID1



A	В	С	D
	ID2	ONT_fw2	GCTGTACGGATTCAAGCAGAA GACGGCATACGAGAT
	IDZ	ONT_UD2_R	GCTGTACGGATTAATGATACG GCGACCACCGAGATC
	ID3	ONT_fw3	ATCACCAGGTGTCAAGCAGAA GACGGCATACGAGAT
		ONT_UD3_R	ATCACCAGGTGTAATGATACG GCGACCACCGAGATC
	ID4	ONT_fw4	TGGTCAACGATACAAGCAGAA GACGGCATACGAGAT
		ONT_UD4_R	TGGTCAACGATAAATGATACG GCGACCACCGAGATC
	ID5	ONT_fw5	ATCGCACAGTAACAAGCAGAA GACGGCATACGAGAT
		ONT_UD5_R	ATCGCACAGTAAAATGATACG GCGACCACCGAGATC
	ID6	ONT_fw6	GTCGTGTAGCCTCAAGCAGAA GACGGCATACGAGAT
	IDO	ONT_UD6_R	GTCGTGTAGCCTAATGATACG GCGACCACCGAGATC
	ID7	ONT_fw7	AGCGGAGGTTAGCAAGCAGA AGACGGCATACGAGAT
	ID7	ONT_UD7_R	AGCGGAGGTTAGAATGATACG GCGACCACCGAGATC
	ID8	ONT_fw8	ATCCTTTGGTTCCAAGCAGAA GACGGCATACGAGAT
	סטו	ONT_UD8_R	ATCCTTTGGTTCAATGATACG GCGACCACCGAGATC

Before start

The HIV-PULSE assay consists of six different PCR steps followed by sequencing on the Minion long read sequencer from Oxford Nanopore Technologies. The main steps are as follows; (i) pre-amplification (to increase sensitivity) and tagging of pre-amplified HIV-1 fragments at each end with a unique UMI, (ii) PCR amplification (split over multiple PCR rounds) will amplify all UMI tagged amplicons making use of the universal synthetic primers attached to each UMI end, (iii) sequencing will be performed on long read sequencer so reads will span the entire HIV-1 fragment with the attached UMI fragments at both ends needed for the bio-informatic workflow (https://github.com/laulambr/longread_umi_hiv).



Pre-amplification: PCR using PrimeSTAR GXL

- Calculate the x μ L volume of sample needed to have an input of 4500 ng of genomic DNA.
- 1.1 More important than the ____ 500 ng is the actual HIV-1 input copies. Minimum 30 copies based on total HIV-1 measurements is advised to obtain at least a single genome.



- Prepare the master mix according to this principle (if doing replicates, add DNA to master mix, mix well and then divide per sample to ensure 'even' input), beware to adapt the mix according to the required DNA input volume:
 - a. x µL DNA input
 - b. 33- x μL NFW

	Stock conc.	Final conc.	Quantity per rx (µL)
DNA			1
5X PrimeSTAR GXL Buffer	5X	1X	10
dNTP Mixture (PS GXL)	2,5 mM	200 µM each	4
Pinzone First PCR F	10 μΜ	0,2 μΜ	1
Pinzone First PCR R	10 μΜ	0,2 μΜ	1
PrimeSTAR GXL DNA Polymer ase	1.25 U/µL	1,25 U / 50 µl	1
Nuclease free water	-	-	32
Total			50

- 3 Use the following PCR cycling conditions on the cycler. The number of cycles can vary depending on the HIV-1 copy number of the input sample, most important requirement is generating enough yield in order to sequence. Some guidelines:
 - a. > 2500 total HIV-1 copies/million CD4 T cells: 5 pre-amp cycles
 - b. < 2500 total HIV-1 copies/million CD4 T cells: 6 pre-amp cycles

	A	В	С
	STEP	TEMP	TIME
	Initial Denaturation	98°C	2 minutes
		98°C	10 seconds
	x Cycles	65°C (Pinzone)	15 seconds
Г		68°C	10 minutes
	Final Extension	68°C	10 minutes



A	В	С
Hold	4-10°C	

Pre-amplification: cleanup

- 4 Cleanup of the PCR product using the original CleanPCR beads (CleanNA) at 1.0x ratio. Thus for \perp 50 µL reaction volume of PCR 1, add \perp 50 µL µL of CleanPCR beads.
- 5 Make sure the CleanPCR magnetic beads are at room temperature.
- 6 Prepare a fresh 70% Ethanol solution.
- 7 Vortex the bead solution for 00:00:30 to homogenize the beads.

30s

- 8 Add \perp 50 µL of bead solution to \perp 50 µL of PCR 1 product and mix by flicking. If you have multiple samples, change tip!
- 9 Incubate for 00:05:00 at room temperature.

5m

- 10 Spin down in mini centrifuge.
- 11 Place the sample on a magnet for 00:02:00 or until the supernatant has cleared.

2m

- 12 Keep sample on magnet, discard supernatant without disturbing the bead pellet. If you have multiple samples, change tip!
- 13 Wash the beads with fresh 70% Ethanol by adding 400 µL at the opposite side of the beads (if recipient doesn't hold 🔼 400 µL , adapt volume and just make sure that beads are covered in ethanol). Do not resuspend the beads!
- 14 Incubate for (5) 00:00:30 and remove the ethanol.

18

15 Repeat the washing steps 13 & 14.

Remove sample from magnet.

- 16 Remove excess ethanol by using a P20 pipet (optionally you can also spin down the sample and put back on magnet.
- 17 Let the beads air dry for 00:00:30 or until the pellet loses its shine (but avoid cracking of DNA since this will make resuspending hard).
- 19 Elute the purified DNA by adding $\perp 35 \mu$ NFW. Mix by flicking the tube.
- 20 Incubate for 00:05:00 at room temperature.
- 21 Put sample on magnet for 00:02:00 or until the supernatant has cleared.
- 22 Transfer \triangle 30 µL of cleaned DNA to new tube.

Tagging: PCR

23 Prepare master mix for PCR2 (can be done during pre-amplification PCR). Use the 🚨 30 µL of cleaned DNA from previous step as input.

	Stock conc.	Final conc.	Quantity per rx (µL)
cleaned PCR 1 supernatant			30
5X LongAmp Taq Reaction Buf fer	5x	1x	10
dNTP mix	10 mM	100 μΜ	1.5
Inner UMI HIV PCR Fwd	10 μΜ	500 nM	2.5
Inner UMI HIV PCR Rev	10 μΜ	500 nM	2.5
LongAmp Taq DNA Polymeras e	5U/μL	0.5U	2
Nuclease free water	-	-	1.5

30s

5m

2m



		50
		30

23.1 Use the inner HIV primers with a UMI tail and not the regular ones. Primers with UMI should be PAGE purified.

24 Use the following PCR cycling conditions on the cycler.

34m

A	В	С
STEP	TEMP	TIME
Initial Denaturation	94°C	1m 15 seconds
	94°C	30 seconds
2 Cycles	58 °C	30 seconds
	65°C	10 minutes
Final Extension	65°C	10 minutes
Hold	4-10°C	

24.1 Do not change the number of cycles since this would mess up the tagging!

Tagging: cleanup

- 25 Make sure the custom CleanPCR magnetic beads are at room temperature.
- 25.1 Cleanup of the PCR product using the <u>custom</u> CleanPCR beads at a defined ratio for that custom batch.

- 26 Prepare a fresh 70% Ethanol solution.
- 27 Vortex the custom bead solution for 00:00:30 to homogenize the beads.

- 28 Add 50*ratio μ L of bead solution to \perp 50 μ L of PCR 2 product and mix by flicking. If you have multiple samples, change tip!
- 29 Perform clean up as listed in steps 9 to 18.



- 30 Elute the purified DNA by adding 4 35 µL Mix by flicking the tube.
- 31 Incubate for 00:05:00 at room temperature.

5m

32 Put sample on magnet for 00:02:00 or until the supernatant has cleared.

2m

33 Transfer \perp 30 μ L of supernatant to new tube.

PCR round 1-2-3: amplification of UMI tagged amplicons

- 34 Prepare master mix for amplification PCR 1 or PCR 2/3 (Mix is different, for PCR1 🚨 30 μL input, while in PCR 2-3 \perp 10 μ L).
 - a. For PCR 1: use the \perp 30 μ L of cleaned tagged DNA from tagging step as input.
 - b. For PCR2-3: use the \perp 10 μ L of cleaned DNA from previous step as input. Store the remaining 🚨 20 µL at 🖁 -20 °C .

Component	Stock conc.	Final conc.	Quantity (µL)
Eluted UMI tagged DNA			30
5X LongAmp Taq Reaction Buf fer	10x	1x	10
dNTP mix	10 mM	200 μΜ	1.5
Forward_PCR_ONT	10 μΜ	500 nM	2.5
Reverse_PCR_ONT	10 μΜ	500 nM	2.5
LongAmp Taq DNA Polymeras e	5U/μL	1.25U	2
Nuclease free water	-	-	1.5
Total			50

PCR mix for PCR 1



Component	Stock conc.	Final conc.	Quantity (µL)
Eluted UMI tagged DNA			30
5X LongAmp Taq Reaction Buf fer	10x	1x	10
dNTP mix	10 mM	200 μΜ	1.5
Forward_PCR_ONT	10 μΜ	500 nM	2.5
Reverse_PCR_ONT	10 μΜ	500 nM	2.5
LongAmp Taq DNA Polymeras e	5U/μL	1.25U	2
Nuclease free water	-	-	1.5
Total			50

PCR mix for PCR 2-3

35 Use the following PCR cycling conditions on the cycler.

A	В	С
STEP	TEMP	TIME
Initial Denaturation	94°C	1m 15 seconds
	94°C	30 seconds
10 Cycles	60 °C	30 seconds
	65°C	10 minutes
Final Extension	65°C	10 minutes
Hold	4-10°C	

PCR round 1-2-3: cleanup

- 36 Make sure the regular CleanPCR magnetic beads are at room temperature.
- 37 Prepare a fresh 70% Ethanol solution.
- 38 Vortex the custom bead solution for 00:00:30 to homogenize the beads.

30s

39 Use the original CleanPCR beads (CleanNA) at 1.0x ratio. Thus for 🚨 50 µL reaction volume of PCR product, add 🛴 50 µL of CleanPCR beads. Mix by flicking. If you have multiple



samples, change tip!

- 40 Perform clean up as listed in steps 9 to 18.
- 41 Elute the purified DNA by adding $\perp 35 \mu$ L NFW. Mix by flicking the tube.
- 42 Incubate for 00:05:00 t room temperature.

5m

43 Put sample on magnet for 00:02:00 or until the supernatant has cleared.

2m

44 Transfer \perp 30 μ L of supernatant to new tube.

PCR round 4: amplification of UMI tagged amplicons with sample specific primers

45 For the last PCR round, we will tag replicates from the same sample with the same primerset tailed with an index (ID1-8). This will allow later for demultiplexing the replicates per sample based on this index.

Component	Stock conc.	Final conc.	Quantity (µL)
Eluted UMI tagged DNA			20
5X LongAmp Taq Reaction Buf fer	10x	1x	10
dNTP mix	10 mM	200 µM	1.5
Forward_PCR_ONT	10 μΜ	500 nM	2.5
Reverse_PCR_ONT	10 μΜ	500 nM	2.5
LongAmp Taq DNA Polymeras e	5U/μL	1.25U	2
Cresol red	10x	1x	5
Nuclease free water	-	-	6.5
Total			50

PCR mix for PCR 4

46 Prepare master mix for amplification PCR 4. Note that this also uses cresol red and more cleaned material as input to ensure enough yield.



47 Use the following PCR program.

A	В	С
STEP	TEMP	TIME
Initial Denaturation	94°C	1m 15 seconds
	94°C	30 seconds
10 Cycles	61°C	30 seconds
	65°C	10 minutes
Final Extension	65°C	10 minutes
Hold	4-10°C	

47.1 PCR program is slightly adapted from other PCR programs to compensate for longer tailed primers and reduce primer/dimer.

PCR round 4: gel

30m

PCR round 4: cleanup, concentration measurement and pooling

- 49 Make sure the custom CleanPCR magnetic beads are at room temperature.
- 49.1 Cleanup of the PCR product using the <u>custom</u> CleanPCR beads at a defined ratio for that custom batch.



- Prepare a fresh 70% Ethanol solution.
- Vortex the custom bead solution for 00:00:30 to homogenize the beads.

30s

Add 45*ratio μ L of bead solution to Δ 45 μ L of PCR 4 product and mix by flicking. If you have multiple samples, change tip!

- - 53 Perform clean up as listed in steps 9 to 18.
 - 54 Elute the purified DNA by adding \perp 18 μ L NFW. Mix by flicking the tube.
 - 55 Incubate for 00:05:00 at room temperature.

5m

56 Put sample on magnet for 00:02:00 or until the supernatant has cleared.

2m

- 57 Transfer \perp 15 μ L of supernatant to new tube.
- 58 Quantify with Picogreen, by taking Δ 1 μL of cleaned product as input (performed in duplicate).
- 59 Based on measured DNA concentrations and estimated overall fragment length (~4-6 kb), calculate for each replicate the equimolar sample pooling strategy.

Sequencing

60 For sequencing protocol, see ONT protocols. Use LFB. Each replicate will be run with a different native barcode from the nanopore barcoding kits (NB01-24). If reusing a flowcell, try to avoid including a barcode already used in previous run.

Extra: make CUSTOM SPRI bead solution

- 61 Protocol based on 'SPRI size selection protocol for > 1.5-2 kb DNA fragments' from Oxford Nanopore Technologies.
- 62 Step 1: Prepare the custom buffer by mixing:

Final	Stock	Input (µL)
10 mM Tris-HCl	1 M	20
1 mM EDTA pH 8	0.5 M	4
1.6 M NaCl	5 M	640



11% PEG 8000	50% (w/v)	440
Nuclease free water	-	888
Total		1992

- Step 2: Transfer bead to Custom buffer
- 63.1 Bring CleanPCR beads (CleanNA) to room temperature.
- 63.2 Vortex for 00:00:30 to resuspend beads properly.

- 63.3 Transfer beads into two 4 1.5 mL tubes so each contains 4 1 mL.
- 63.4 Place the tubes on the magnet, wait until the solution is clear and discard the supernatant.
- Remove the tubes from the magnet, wash with 4 1 mL of NFW by resuspending the pellet.
- 63.6 Return the tubes to the magnet, allow beads to pellet and pipette of the supernanant.
- 63.7 Repeat this NFW wash once more.
- 63.8 Spin down and place tubes back on magnet. Pipette off any residual water.
- Pool the two bead pellets together by resuspending them in \perp 200 μ L of Custom buffer.
- 63.10 Transfer the beads into the remaining Custom buffer.
- Step 3: Test different ratios of new batch of Custom buffer on DNA ladder to determine perfect ratio.



We generally test a range of different ratios including 0.8x, 0.9x, 1.0x, 1.1x and 1.2x conditions.

new 0.8
new 0.9
new 1.0
new 1.1
new 1.2

- 64.2 Add to this the required volume of custom buffer (for 1.0x add for instance Δ 20 μL).
- 64.3 Incubate for 00:05:00 at room temperature.

5m

- 64.4 Put on magnet for two minutes or until supernatant has cleared.
- 64.5 Discard supernatant.
- 64.6 Wash by adding 4 200 µL 70% ethanol, leave 00:00:30 and remove.

30s

- 64.7 Repeat ethanol step once more.
- 64.8 Remove residual ethanol.
- 64.9 Add 🗸 30 µL NFW buffer.
- Take from magnet and resuspend, incubate for 00:05:00

5m



64.11 Put on magnet for 00:02:00 until supernatant has cleared.

2m

64.12 Remove \perp 30 μ L cleaned ladder and put on visualize on a 1% agarose gel.