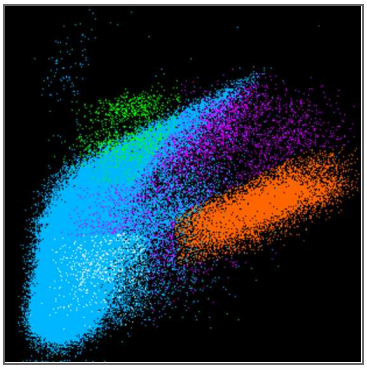

VERSION 4

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Protocol status: In development
We are still developing and optimizing this protocol

Nuclei Isolation for FACS V.4

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ABSTRACT

This protocol is for purifying nuclei for downstream 10X sequencing.

GUIDELINES

Keep tissue/nuclei on ice as much as possible.

MATERIALS

0.1 ug/uL Hoechst - 4C

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Prepare Stock Solutions

1 Make 20 mL **10% BSA** by combining 2 mL of BSA with 18 mL of MilliQ water in a 50 mL falcon tube. (4°C - 2 weeks)

2 Make 250 mL **Nuclear Isolation Media** by filling a 250 mL bottle with 200 mL of MilliQ water and then adding 2.5 mL 1M Tris, 6.26 mL 1M KCl, 1.25 mL 1M $MgCl_2$, and 21.45 g Sucrose. Shake until sucrose is dissolved then fill to 250 mL with MilliQ water. (4°C - 2 weeks)

3 Make 20 mL **10% Triton X-100** by combining 18 mL MilliQ water with 2 mL Triton X-100 in a 50 mL tube. Vortex and then incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes. Filter it through a 0.22 µm filter with a syringe into a clean 50 mL tube. (4°C - 1 month)

Prepare Fresh Solutions

4 Make 3 mL **Homogenization Buffer** by adding 2.9 mL Nuclear Isolation Media (filtered via syringe) to a 5 mL eppendorf. Then add 3 µL 100 mM DTT and 30 µL 10% Triton X-100.

5 Make 10 mL **Blocking Buffer** by adding 8.2 mL MilliQ water, 1 mL 10X PBS, and 800 µL 10% BSA to a 15 mL falcon tube and vortex.

Homogenization

6 Clean dounce, scalpel, and forceps using MilliQ water, ethanol, RNase Zap, then MilliQ again. The

red-tape forceps are for unfixed tissue.

7 Get tissue sample from -80°C freezer and place on dry ice. Carve out tissue on an ice block then weigh out approximately 60 mg on a tared weigh boat.

8 Add tissue to dounce and push it to the bottom using 1 mL of Homegenization Buffer and the pestle. Homogenize the tissue without creating bubbles. Then add the remaining 2 mL of the Homogenization Buffer and continue to dounce until homogenized.

9 Pass all of the nuclei suspension through three FlowMi filters, 1000 µL at a time into a new 5 mL eppendorf.

10 Centrifuge at 900 g/rcf for 10 minutes at 4°C.

Blocking Buffer & Antibodies

11 Determine how many controls you will be using. Typically we have four tubes:

	Name	Antibody	Fluorophore	Volume
	Control 1	NeuN	PE	0.5 µL
	Control 2	Olig2	Alexa 488	0.4 µL
	Isotype Control	IgG	PE	0.5 µL
	Isotype Control	IgG	Alexa 488	0.5 µL

The amount of Blocking Buffer we will need to resuspend our nuclei pellet with after centrifuging depends on the amount of tubes we need. Each tube will require 50 µL of nuclei suspension, and our sample needs to have 1,000 µL of nuclei suspension left over. So in this case we will need 1000 µL + (50 µL \times 4) = 1200 µLof Blocking Buffer for resuspending the nuclei pellet.

Add 930 µL Blocking Buffer to each of the control tubes.

12

13 After the cell homogenate is done centrifuging, discard the supernatant and resuspend the pellet in 1200 µL of Blocking Buffer. Incubate for 15 minutes on ice.

14 Add 50 µL of nuclei suspension to each of the four control tubes.

15 Add the corresponding antibodies to the control tubes:
- 0.5 µL NeuN-PE
- 0.4 µL Olig2-Alexa 488
- 0.5 µL IgG-PE
- 0.5 µL IgG-Alexa 488

16 Add 0.5 µL NeuN-PE and 0.4 µL Olig2-Alexa 488 to the sample tube.

17 Place all tubes in a rotator placed in a 4°C fridge and incubate for 30 minutes.

Wash

18 After incubation, spin down all of the tubes at 500 g for 5 minutes at 4°C.

19 *If there is no visible pellet* after centriguation, remove 950 µL of supernatant with a small pipette being careful not to disturb the bottom of the tube. Then resuspend the pellet in 950 µL Blocking Buffer.

If there is a visible pellet, remove all of the supernatant without disturbing the pellet and then

resuspend in 930 µL of Blocking Buffer.

20 Add 20 uL Hoechst to each sample and control tube and gently mix by tapping.

21 Store tubes on ice until FACS. Bring Hoechst stock with you to FACS.