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# Striatal sections immunofluorescence and analysis

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#### **Abstract**

Previous studies have shown that the phosphorylation of ribosomal protein S6 (p-rpS6) at S235/236 residues increases in iSPNs in response to haloperidol activation. This phosphorylation is cAMP/PKA dependent, which is the canonical pathway inhibited by D2R antagonism. We therefore explored whether LRRK2 inhibition interferes with this haloperidol-mediated phosphorylation event.



### **Immunostaining**

- 1 Drd2-eGFP mice crossed with LRRK2-GS KI and control littermates were treated as indicated and perfused with 50 ml of PBS
- 2 Mice were perfused with 4% paraformaldehyde in PBS.
- 3 Brains were dehydrated with 30% sucrose in PBS for 48hrs and cut coronally (30 µm) by cryostat
- 4 Striatal sections were incubated with 5% goat serum in 0.2% Triton X-100 for 2 hrs
- 5 the sections were incubated in the same solution overnight at 4 °C with the primary antibodies anti-GFP (1:1000, Invitrogen) and anti-phospho-S6 Ribosomal protein (Ser236/236) (1:300, Cell Signaling Technology)
- 6 Sections were washed with PBS for 5mins at RT
- 7 Repeat the wash with fresh PBS
- 8 Incubate with the secondary antibodies Alexa FluorTM 488 and Alexa FluorTM 647 (both 1:600, Invitrogen) for 3 hrs.
- 9 Sections were washed with PBS for 5mins at RT
- 10 Repeat the wash with fresh PBS
- 11 Sections were mounted on ProLong Diamond Antifade Mountant

# Confocal imaging



- 12 Fluorescence images were obtained with Nikon A1R microscope and were acquired with a 20x objective at 1,024 x1,024 pixel resolution
- 12.1 Stitched images of the whole striatum were automatically acquired with Nikon Element

## Image analysis

- 13 GFP and phospho-S6 Ribosomal protein signal were measured using Imaris 10.1 software
- 14 Surface rendering function was used to segment Drd2-eGFP cells
- 14.1 Background subtraction was enabled
- 14.2 The diameter of the largest sphere was set at 15 µm and automatically thresholded
- 14.3 Smooth surface was set to 1.23 µm
- 14.4 Segments were filtered with an area ranging between 100 µm2 and 6,000 µm2
- Mean intensity of phospho-S6 Ribosomal protein within Drd2-eGFP surface above 2 times of 15 average phospho-S6 Ribosomal protein channel mean intensity was considered positive