

May 24, 2024

# Serapure Preparation and Testing



Forked from <u>DNA EXTRACTION Protocol Template</u>

This protocol is a draft, published without a DOI.

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# OPEN BACCESS



Protocol Citation: Andreas Novotny 2024. Serapure Preparation and Testing. protocols.io <a href="https://protocols.io/view/serapure-preparation-and-testing-dc5x2y7n">https://protocols.io/view/serapure-preparation-and-testing-dc5x2y7n</a>

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Protocol status: In development We are still developing and optimizing this protocol

Created: November 07, 2023 Last Modified: May 24, 2024 Protocol Integer ID: 99223

## Disclaimer

Draft!

## Abstract

A protocol template created through the BeBOP project for DNA Extraction.



#### Guidelines

### MIOP: Minimum Information about an Omics Protocol

MIOP Term	Value
analyses	
audience	
broad-scale environmental context	
creator	
environmental medium	
geographic location	
hasVersion	
issued	
language	
license	
local environmental context	
materials required	
maturity level	
methodology category	
personnel required	
project	
publisher	
purpose	
skills required	
target	
time required	

See https://github.com/BeBOP-0BON/miop/blob/main/model/schema/terms.yaml for list and definitions.

### **AUTHORS**

-				
	PREPARED BY All authors known to have contributed to the preparation of this protocol, including those who filled in the template.	AFFILIATION	ORCID (visit https://orcid.org/ to register)	DAT
	Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell	yyy - mn dd
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This protocol is derived from the referenced protocol created by Nadin Rohland. Please do not cite this protocol as being originally produced by me.

## RELATED PROTOCOLS

PROTOCOL NAME AND LINK		ISSUER / AUTHOR	RELEASE / ACCESS DATE	
Conte	ent Cell	Content Cell	yyyy-mm-dd	
Conte	ent Cell	Content Cell	yyyy-mm-dd	

This is a list of other protocols which should be known to users of this protocol. Please include the link to each related protocol.

Suggested Reading

Rohland N, Reich D. Cost-effective, high-throughput DNA sequencing libraries for multiplexed target capture. Genome Research. Early Online Access. Doi: 10.1101/gr.128124.111 DeAngeliss MM, Wang DG, Hawkins TL: Solid-phase reversible immobilization for the isolation

of PCR products. Nucleic Acids Res 1995, 23:4742-4743. Fisher S, et al.: A scalable, fully automated process for construction of sequence-ready human

exome targeted capture libraries. Genome Biol 2011, 12:R1.

Lundin S, Stranneheim H, Pettersson E, Klevebring D, Lundeberg J: Increased throughput by parallelization of library preparation for massive sequencing. PLoS One 2010, 5:e10029.

## **ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

ACRONYM / ABBREVIATION	DEFINITION	
Content Cell	Content Cell	

## **GLOSSARY**

	SPECIALISED TERM	DEFINITION
Г	Content Cell	Content Cell
Г	Content Cell	Content Cell

#### **BACKGROUND**

This document describes the required protocol to conduct insert name of the method/protocol.

#### Summary

The goal here is to create a substitute for AMPure XP that is of equal effectiveness in comparison to the commercial product but far more cost-effective (\$19/mL versus \$0.46/mL).

Insert a short description of the background for the method/protocol (e.g. why and for which purpose do you perform water sampling).

Please provide a brief summary of your method including, as appropriate, a brief description of what techniques your best practice is about, which ocean environments or regions it targets, the primary sensors covered, what type of data/measurements/observing platform it covers, limits to its applicability.

Method description and rationale

Insert a short description of the functioning principal of the methodology used in the protocol (i.e. how does the method work?). Please note that this is different from the step-by-step description of the protocol procedure.

Insert a short statement explaining why the specific methodology used in the protocol has been selected (e.g. it is highly reproducible, highly accurate, procedures are easy to execute etc....).

Spatial coverage and environment(s) of relevance

If applicable, please specify the region where the protocol is applied. For regional term guidance see here. If applicable, please indicate here the environment(s) of relevance for the protocol, e.g. Abyssal plain. Select from the ENVO terminology.

#### Personnel Required

Insert the number of technicians, data managers, and scientists required for the good execution of the procedure

## Safety

Identify hazards associated with the procedure and specify protective equipment and safety training required to safely execute the procedure

Training requirements

Specify technical training required for the good execution of the procedure.

Time needed to execute the procedure

Specify how much time is necessary to execute the procedure.

### Materials

DESCRIPTION e.g. filter	PRODUCT NAME AND MODEL Provide the official name of the product	MANUFACTURER Provide the name of the manufacturer of the product.	QUANTITY Provide qua
Durable equipment			
Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell
Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell
Consumable equipment			
Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell
Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell
Chemicals			
Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell
Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell	Content Cell

🔯 Sera-Mag Speedbeads, magnetic carboxylate modified particles (Cytiva 65152105050250) Thermo Fisher Scientific Catalog #09-981-123

Note

These are the same beads used by Beckman, per Orapure product sheet and <a href="http://bit.ly/vmiDzU">http://bit.ly/vmiDzU</a>

- PEG-8000 (Amresco 0159)
- 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0 (Amresco E177)
- 1.0 M Tris, pH 8.0 (Amresco E199)
- Tween 20 (Amresco 0777)
- 5 M NaCL
- 🛭 GeneRuler Ultra Low Range DNA Ladder Thermo Fisher Catalog #SM1211

#### Optional

• Agencourt SPRIPlate Super Magnet Plate (Beckman Coulter A32782)

## Before start

Read background information, MIOP and BePOP-OBON information under the "Guidelines" tab.



## STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

1 In the following SOP, please use the exact names of equipment as noted in the table above.

Provide a step-by-step description of the protocol. The identification of difficult steps in the protocol and the provision of recommendations for the execution of those steps are encouraged.

## **STEPS**

- 2 In a 50 mL conical using sterile stock solutions, prepare TE ( [M] 10 millimolar (mM) TrisNHCl,

  [M] 1 millimolar (mM) EDTA = Δ 500 μL [M] 1 Molarity (M) Tris pH8 + Δ 100 μL

  [M] 0.5 Molarity (M) EDTA, fill conical to 50 mL mark with dH20).
- 3 Mix SeraNmag SpeedBeads and transfer 4 1 mL to a 1.5 mL microtube.
- 4 Place SpeedBeads on magnet stand until beads are drawn to magnet.
- 5 Remove supernatant with P200 or P1000 pipetter.
- 6 Add 🚨 1 mL TE to beads, remove from magnet, mix, return to magnet.
- 7 Remove supernatant with P200 or P1000 pipetter.
- 8 Add 🚨 1 mL TE to beads, remove from magnet, mix, return to magnet.
- 9 Remove supernatant with P200 or P1000 pipetter.
- 11 Add 4 9 g PEGN8000 to a new 50 mL, sterile conical.
- 12 Add 🗸 10 mL [M] 5 Molarity (M) NaCL (or 🛴 2.92 g ) to conical.
- 13 Add Δ 500 μL [M] 1 Molarity (M) TrisNHCL to conical.
- 14 Add Δ 100 μL [M] 0.5 Molarity (M) EDTA to conical.
- 15 Fill conical to ~ 49 mL using sterile dH20. You can do this by eye, just go slowly.
- Mix conical for about 3N5 minutes until PEG goes into solution (solution, upon sitting, should be clear).
- 17 Add 4 27.5 µL Tween 20 to conical and mix gently.

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- - 18 Mix 4 1 mL SpeedBead + TE solution and transfer to 50 mL conical.
  - 19 Fill conical to 50 mL mark with dH20 (if not already there) and gently mix 50 mL conical until brown
- 20 Test against AMPure XP using aliquots of ladder (Fermentas GeneRuler). I recommend the 50 bp ladder in place of the ultraNlow range ladder.
- 21 Wrap in tinfoil (or place in dark container) and store at \$4 \circ\$.

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#### Note

You may also wish to prep an extra 450 mL of PEG solution that lacks SeraNmag SpeedBeads so that you can use it in a bead-inclusive library preparation protocol, derived from Fisher (2011). In that case, just:

- 1. Add 🚨 10 g PEGN8000 to a new 50 mL, sterile conical.
- 2. Add  $\perp$  25 mL [M] 5 Molarity (M) NaCL (or  $\perp$  7.3 g ) to conical.
- 3. Fill conical to  $\sim$  49 mL using sterile dH20. You can do this by eye, just go slowly.
- 4. Mix conical for about 3-5 minutes until PEG goes into solution (solution, upon sitting, should be clear).
- 23 Test monthly.

### **TESTING**

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#### Note

You should test the Serapure mixture to ensure that it is working as expected. You can do this using DNA ladder (Fermentas GeneRuler – NEB ladders may cause problems).

- Prep fresh aliquots of [M] 70 Mass / % volume EtOH.
- 26 Mix 🗸 2 µL GeneRuler with 🗸 18 µL dH20.
- 27 Add Δ 20 μL GeneRuler mixture to a volume of Serapure and/or AMPure (the specific volume depends on whether you are trying exclude small fragments or not; see the figure on the next page).
- 28 Incubate mixture 👏 00:05:00 at 🖁 Room temperature .

5m

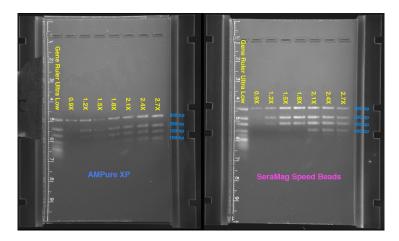
- 29 Place on magnet stand.
- 30 Remove supernatant.
- 31 Add 🗸 500 µL [M] 70 Mass / % volume EtOH.

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## **QUALITY CONTROL**

The following image compares the results of "purifying" a mix of 2 μL Fermentas Ultra Low Range Ladder + 18 μL dH20 using several different amounts of AMPure or Serapure solution to DNA solution. AMPure is on the left, "Serapure" is on the right. After preparing 20 μL of ladder + water mix, we combined that with the volumes of AMPure or Serapure listed below and then purified using the standard protocol:



As you can see, the volume of AMPure or SeraPure controls the size of fragments recovered. More specifically, it is the ratio of PEG solution used to the volume of the DNA in solution which makes the difference, not the count of beads in solution (provided they are above the minimum level). This is what makes it possible to do "doubleNSPRI" size selection.



## BASIC TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

44 Identify known issues associated with the procedure, if any.

Provide troubleshooting guidelines when available.

## APPENDIX A: DATASHEETS

45 Link templates (e.g. preformatted spreadsheets) used to record measurements and report on the quality of the data as well as any documents such as manufacturer specifications, images, etc that support this protocol. Please include a short note describing the document's relevance.

## Protocol references

Insert all references cited in the document.

Please insert full DOI address when available, e.g. http://doi.dx.org/10.1007/s11258-014-0404-1