

Jul 27, 2020

© AMOVA AND PHILOGENY IN SARS-COV- 2 PROTOCOLS

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Works for me dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bixjkfkn



DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bixjkfkn

PROTOCOL CITATION

Pierre Teodosio 2020. AMOVA AND PHILOGENY IN SARS-COV- 2 PROTOCOLS. protocols.io dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bixjkfkn

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CREATED

Jul 23, 2020

LAST MODIFIED

Jul 27, 2020

PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

39627

METHODOLOGY

1.METHODOLOGY

DATABANK

- Opt;line-height:150%;font-family:"Arial",sans-serif;mso-ansi-language:EN-US'>: The 153 gene sequences of theintegrase 3 gene of human immunodeficiency virus 1 were collected from GENBANK (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/popset/? term=MN888087.1 and participate in a PopSet dipped by Totmenin and collaborators on March 25, 2020 (Popset:1822236350).
- PHYLOGENETICS ANALYSES: For phylogenetic analyses, the previously described nucleotide sequences were used. The sequences were aligned using the MEGA X program (TAMURA et al., 2018) and gaps were extracted for the construction of phylogenetic trees.
- GENETIC STRUCTURING ANALYSES: Paired FST estimators were obtained with the software Arlequin v. 3.5 (EXCOFFIER et al., 2005) using 1000 random permutations. The FST matrix generated by the software was used in the

mprotocols.io 07/27/2020

Citation: Pierre Teodosio (07/27/2020). AMOVA AND PHILOGENY IN SARS-COV-2 PROTOCOLS. https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bixjkfkn

construction of a dendrogram based on the UPGMA distance method with the MEGA X software (TAMURA et al., 2018) and the FST and geographic distance matrices were not compared.