



Version 2

Sep 27, 2021

Transformation Protocol for BL21(DE3) Competent Cells (C2527I) V.2

Forked from a private protocol

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1 Works for me



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dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bgtxjwpn**New England Biolabs (NEB)**Tech. support phone: +1(800)632-7799 email: info@neb.comNew England Biolabs
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ABSTRACT

This transformation protocol is for the C2527I cells. (For the C2527H protocol, see [here](#).)

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bgtxjwpn

EXTERNAL LINK

<https://www.neb.com/protocols/0001/01/01/transformation-protocol-for-bl21-de3-competent-cells-c2527>

PROTOCOL CITATION

New England Biolabs 2021. Transformation Protocol for BL21(DE3) Competent Cells (C2527I).

protocols.io<https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bgtxjwpn>

FORK NOTE

0

KEYWORDS

T7 Expression Strain, comp cells, transforming for BL21(DE3)

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CREATED

May 25, 2020

LAST MODIFIED

Sep 27, 2021

PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

37463

GUIDELINES

Transformation Protocol Variables

Thawing: Cells are best thawed on ice and DNA added as soon as the last bit of ice in the tube disappears. Cells can also be thawed by hand, but warming above 0°C will decrease the transformation efficiency.

Incubation of DNA with Cells on Ice: For maximum transformation efficiency, cells and DNA should be incubated together on ice for 30 minutes. Expect a 2-fold loss in transformation efficiency for every 10 minutes you shorten this step.

Heat Shock: Both the temperature and the timing of the heat shock step are important and specific to the transformation volume and vessel. Using the transformation tube provided, 10 seconds at 42°C is optimal.

Outgrowth: Outgrowth at 37°C for 1 hour is best for cell recovery and for expression of antibiotic resistance. Expect a 2-fold loss in transformation efficiency for every 15 minutes you shorten this step. SOC gives 2-fold higher transformation efficiency than LB medium; and incubation with shaking or rotating the tube gives 2-fold higher transformation efficiency than incubation without shaking.

Plating: Selection plates can be used warm or cold, wet or dry without significantly affecting the transformation efficiency. However, warm, dry plates are easier to spread and allow for the most rapid colony formation.

Chemically competent *E. coli* cells suitable for transformation and protein expression.

Highlights

- Transformation efficiency: $1-5 \times 10^7$ cfu/μg pUC19 DNA
- T7 Expression Strain
- Deficient in proteases Lon and OmpT
- Resistant to phage T1 (*fhuA2*)
- B Strain
- Free of animal products

Genotype

fhuA2 [lon] ompT gal (λ DE3) [dcm] ΔhsdS

λ DE3 = λ sBamHI ΔEcoRI-B int:: (lacI::PlacUV5::T7 gene1) i21 Δnin5

MATERIALS TEXT

MATERIALS

 BL21(DE3) Competent E.coli - 6x0.2 ml New England

Biolabs Catalog #C25271

SAFETY WARNINGS

Please refer to the Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for health and environmental hazards.

BEFORE STARTING

Perform steps 2–9 in the tube provided.



Thaw a tube of BL21(DE3) Competent *E. coli* cells  **On ice** until the last ice crystals disappear.



Mix gently and carefully pipette  **50 μl cells** into a transformation tube  **On ice**.

3 

Add  **1 µl** –  **5 µl** containing  **1 pg** –  **100 ng plasmid DNA** to the cell mixture.



4 

Carefully flick the tube **4–5 times** to mix cells and DNA. **Do not vortex.**

5 

Place the mixture  **On ice** for  **00:30:00**. Do not mix.

6 

Heat shock at exactly  **42 °C** for exactly  **00:00:10**. Do not mix.

7 

Place  **On ice** for  **00:05:00**. Do not mix.

8 

Pipette  **950 µl** of  **Room temperature SOC** into the mixture.

9 

Place at  **37 °C** for  **01:00:00**. Shake vigorously ( **250 rpm**) or rotate.

10 Warm selection plates to  **37 °C**.



11 

Mix the cells thoroughly by flicking the tube and inverting.

12 

Perform several 10-fold serial dilutions in SOC.

13  

Spread  **50 µl** –  **100 µl** of each dilution onto a selection plate and incubate  **Overnight** at  **37 °C**.

Alternatively, incubate at  **30 °C** for  **24:00:00** –  **36:00:00** or at  **25 °C** for  **48:00:00**.

