



Version 2 ▾

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Symbiont density quantification in live Aiptasia V.2

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1 Works for me

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Aiptasia Symbiodiniaceae Model System

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ABSTRACT

This protocol is designed for quantifying symbiont density during the onset of symbiosis and early proliferation. Other techniques should be used for quantifying high symbiont density.

ATTACHMENTS

[sm_infectivity_with_manua](#) Focus stacking.atn
[L_tentacle_area_10x.ijm.txt](#)

PROTOCOL CITATION

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KEYWORDS

coral, Aiptasia, Symbiodiniaceae, symbiosis

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MATERIALS TEXT

MgCl₂ hexahydrate<https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/US/en/substance/magnesiumchloridehexahydrate203307791186>

Inverted or dissecting microscope with fluorescence imaging

Anemone preparation

- 1 After initial inoculation, re-plate anemones in a clean plate to avoid imaging algae that are not inside the host.

Imaging

- 2 Remove half of the seawater from each well.

- 3 Add MgCl₂ (3.76g MgCl₂ in 50mL filtered seawater) to well for a 1:1 dilution.

Note: start with one anemone at a time so you don't overstress them, but as you get quicker you can move up to 2-3 anemones at a time.

- 4 Wait at least 10 minutes for full relaxation. If tentacles move during imaging, subsequent image processing will be difficult, so make sure tentacles are not moving excessively and you may need to wait longer than 10 minutes for full relaxation.
- 5 Spread out the anemone tentacles by pipetting the MgCl₂ + seawater solution repeatedly. In the relaxation solution, the tentacles will shrink, so forcing a flow of water to the anemone expands the tentacles.
- 6 Remove ~75% of the solution from the well so that the tentacles are laid relatively flat.
- 7 Take care that the tentacles are not directly on the bottom of the plate to avoid imaging free algae from bottom of well.
- 8 Take photos at the base of tentacles near oral disk in brightfield (multiple focal points if needed) and of symbionts with green laser/red filter (again at multiple focal points).
- 9 Repeat two more times for a total of 3 tentacles per anemone.
- 10 Some movement of the tentacles is tolerated by the image processing, but excess movement will lead to duplication of algal counts. Be mindful of drift.
- 11 The whole process should take about 20-30+ minutes (from step 1), do not leave anemones in relaxation solution longer than that. Repeat until all anemones are imaged.

Tip: As you begin imaging an anemone, you can add MgCl₂ to the next 1-3 anemones so that you do not need to wait 10 minutes between anemones. They will be ready to image by the time you are done imaging your current anemone.

Image processing

- 12 Using Adobe Photoshop and the provided macro, focus stack brightfield photos and algal photos separately for each tentacle. You should get one image for brightfield and one image of algal fluorescence.
- 13 Using ImageJ and the provided macro, hand-select tentacle area with the bf image, and manually adjust threshold of symbiont fluorescence picture to obtain symbiont count and mm² tentacle area. You can then calculate symbionts/mm² per tentacle.

The provided macro includes a calibration for pixels to mm length, so please edit this parameter to meet your needs.