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WORKS FOR ME

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## Intracardiac perfusion and brain fixation for immunohistochemistry

COMMENTS 0

DOI

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### ABSTRACT

This protocol aims to preserve brain tissue for immunohistochemistry studies. It is not valid for protein or RNA extraction studies.

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### PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

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### GUIDELINES

Read the whole protocol before starting the procedure. The whole process last about 3 days.

## MATERIALS TEXT

	20 mL	Phosphate-Buffered Saline ( <b>PBS</b> ) or <b>saline solution</b>
	20 mL	4% Paraformaldehyde ( <b>PFA</b> ) prepared in <b>PBS</b> or Tris-Buffered Saline ( <b>TBS</b> ) (   ).
	15 mL	Falcon Tubes
	30 mL	Syringes
Winged infusion set		
	15 Mass / % volume	Sucrose solution prepared in <b>PBS</b> or <b>TBS</b> .
	30 Mass / % volume	Sucrose solution prepared in <b>PBS</b> or <b>TBS</b> .
Dry ice		
Metal Forceps		
	5 mL	Falcon tubes or similar containers to store the brains







## SAFETY WARNINGS

Fresh preparation of PFA is recommended. The solution can be stored at 4° for one month, or in aliquots at -80 for 3-4 months. PFA is toxic, handle it with care using gloves and goggles.

## BEFORE STARTING

Prepare o filtered fresh PFA and saline solution (or PBS).

## Animal Sacrifice

- 1 Before starting, fill a syringe with  20 mL of **ice-cooled PBS** and a separate syringe with  20 mL 4% Paraformaldehyde (**PFA**). Connect the **PBS syringe** to a Winged infusion set.
- 2 Anesthetize the animal deeply. Ensure there are no reflexes and breathing is slow. Carefully cut the thoracic cavity until the heart is exposed.
- 3 To perform intracardial perfusion, puncture the ventral region of the right ventricle with the winged infusion set and sustain the needle firmly. Carefully cut (make a small opening) the left atrium to facilitate fluid outflow. Perfuse the animal with  20 mL of cold  **PBS**. Change the syringe in the winged infusion set, and continue the perfusion with  20 mL of cold  **4% PFA**.

### Note

1. Perfusion should be done at a **moderate-constant speed** to avoid rupturing the vascular system.
2. **Saline solution** instead of PBS is also suitable for this procedure as the objective is to clean the vascular system.

3. If pulmonary swelling and outflow of solution through the nasal cavity are observed, the fluids might not travel through the vascular system properly. Traces of blood may still be present in the brain, and the intravascular fixation may not have been optimal.

4







When perfusion is finished, harvest the brain from the cranium, carefully removing the meninges to avoid damage to the tissue.

16h 8m 8s


## Brain post-fixation and cryoprotection

5



Submerge the brain in a  15 mL falcon tube (or similar) containing  12 mL of **4% PFA** for  16:00:00 at  4 °C .



### Note

It is recommended that PFA volume is at least 10 times higher than the brain volume to achieve a penetration of **1mm/hour**.  15 mL Falcons allow most fluid to be above the brain and exert effective pressure. Avoid using containers where the brain is not submerged considerably in the fluid.

16h




6



Wash the brain 3 x  00:05:00 in the Falcon tube, with agitation, employing  4 °C **PBS** or **TBS** to remove PFA traces completely.

5m

7



Thereafter, place  12 mL of  15 Mass / % volume sucrose in the container and place it at  4 °C until the tissue sinks. At this point, the experimenter should see that the brain floats on the liquid surface.

### Note

Brain sinking from  15 Mass / % volume sucrose generally takes 6-8 hours

8



When the brain has sunk, discard the sucrose and add  12 mL of  30 Mass / % volume sucrose. Place the tube again at  4 °C until the tissue sinks.

### Note

At this point, the brain generally sinks after 16-24 hours

6m 8s

## Brain freezing

- 9 Prepare and label plastic or crystal containers to store the brain for the long-term at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The containers and forceps to hold the brains must be cooled in **dry ice**.
  - 10 Discard the sucrose and extract the brain from the Falcon tube. Roll the brain on clean absorbent tissue paper to clean sucrose traces. Let the brain air-dry for 00:02:00.
  - 11 To freeze the brain, place it on top of **aluminum foil** in a container filled with **dry ice** for 00:04:00. Alternatively, the brain can be wrapped in aluminum foil and submerged in liquid nitrogen for 00:00:08.
- Note**

Prevent the brain from coming into contact with dry ice or liquid nitrogen to ensure proper tissue preservation.
- 12 Using the dry-ice-cooled forceps, place the brain into the dry-ice-cooled container and store it at  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  for further processing.