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🌐 DNA extraction from insect gut-dwelling fungi

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 We use this protocol and it's working


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ABSTRACT

This protocol is good for DNA extraction from microbial fungi isolated from aquatic insect guts. It works for small input tissues (starting from one fungal thallus). The product can be used for PCR and Sanger sequencing directly, which is ideal for fungal barcode analyses. This protocol is modified from a method described in Gottlieb and Lichtwardt 2001 (Mycologia Vol. 93, No. 1, pp. 66-81).

- 1 Suspend fungal thalli and spores in a 1.5 mL centrifuge tube with 2x CTAB buffer ( 200 μ L).

- 2 Freeze and thaw the sample three times by submerging the tube into liquid nitrogen and incubating it at  65 °C using a heat block.
- 3 After the final thaw, crush the fungal tissues using a disposable pellet pestle (for 1.5 mL microtube).
- 4 Cool the sample for  00:01:00  On ice . 1m
- 5 Add  4 µL Proteinase K  20 mg/mL to the tube and mix them by inverting the tube three times.
- 6 Warm the tube at  65 °C for  00:30:00 using a heat block. 30m
- 7 Centrifuge at  12000 x g, Room temperature, 00:02:00 and transfer the supernatant to a new tube. 2m
- 8 Add Chloroform: Isoamyl alcohol (24:1) with an equal volume of the supernatant.
- 9 Shake the mixture slowly for  00:10:00 on a rotator and leave the tube on the rack for  00:02:00 at room temperature. 12m

- 10 Centrifuge at  13000 x g, Room temperature, 00:04:00 and transfer the top layer to another tube with wide-bore tips, avoiding breaking DNAs. 4m
- 11 Transfer the supernatant to a new tube and repeat steps 8-10.
- 12 Add  4 μ L RNase A ( 10 mg/mL) and incubate at  37 °C for  00:40:00 . 40m
- 13 Add **Isopropanol** (stored at  -20 °C) with a 66% volume of the product from the last step and mix by inversion.
- 14 Leave the tube at  4 °C for at least  05:00:00 (or overnight) until fully precipitated. 5h
- 15 Centrifuge at  13000 x g, Room temperature, 00:10:00 with the cap opening side pointing to the centrifuge center. 10m
- 16 Immediately dump the supernatant and transfer the tube (with the cap open & upside down) on the paper towel to absorb the remaining supernatant.
- 17 Leave the cap open on rack.

- 18 Add  150 µL 70% ethanol (stored at  -20 °C) to the tube.
- 19 Cap it and use the finger to tap the tube gently.
- 20 Centrifuge at  13000 x g, Room temperature, 00:01:00 . 1m
- 21 Repeat step 16.
- 22 Leave the tube at  37 °C with the cap open and a piece of Kimwipe paper on top for  00:30:00 or until the DNA becomes dry. 30m
- 23 Add  50 µL H₂O to the dried DNA in the tube and wait for  00:10:00 . 10m
- 24 Pipette and store the DNA in the tube at  -20 °C .