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High-throughput microbial metabarcoding amplification Protocol sequenced by DNBSEQ-G400

In 2 collections

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1 Works for me dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bn7rmhm6

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ABSTRACT

This protocol is used for bacterial 16S V4 and fungal ITS amplification following sequencing characterization using DNBSEQ-G400 (previously known as BGISEQ-2000) sequencing platform.

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COLLECTIONS ⓘ

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- 1 Amplify the 16SV4 region and ITS region from samples using a pair of primers with unique barcodes. X refers to 6bp artificial DNA oligos as first-barcode. N refers to the 0-3 bases random nuclear acid, which used to shift sequences in template DNA to avoid synchronal signals caused by conserved DNA regions in amplicons while sequencing.

| The primer sequences | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| ITS7_with barcode | XXXXXXN(0-3)GTGARTCATCRARTYTTTG |
| ITS4_with barcode | XXXXXX N(0-3)CCTSCSCTTANTDATATGC |
| 515F_with barcode | XXXXXXN(0-3)GTGYCAGCMGCCGCGGTAA |
| 806R_with barcode | XXXXXXN(0-3)GGACTACNVGGGTWTCTAAT |
| ITS1Fngs_with barcode | XXXXXXN(0-3)GGTCATTTAGAGGAAGTAA |
| ITS2ngs_with barcode | XXXXXXN(0-3)TTYRCKRCGTTCTTCATCG |

- 2 The PCR recipe was as follows: **1 mL** of diluted template DNA, **1 mL** of forward primer (10 M), **1 mL** of reverse primer (10 M), **14.5 mL** of nuclease-free water, **5 mL** of 5X KAPA HiFi Buffer, **1 mL** of KAPA dNTPs mix (10mM), and **0.5 mL** of KAPA HiFi Polymerase. We amplified samples using the following cycling conditions: **98 °C** for **00:03:00** ; 30 cycles of **98 °C** for **00:00:20** , **55 °C** for **00:00:20** , and **72 °C** for **00:01:00** ; and then a final extension at **72 °C** for **00:05:00** .
- 3 Run amplicons from each sample on an agarose gel.
Note : Low-biomass samples may yield faint or no visible bands; alternative methods such as a Bioanalyzer could be used to verify presence of PCR product.
- 4 Quantify amplicons with invitrogen Qubit Fluorometric Quantitation dsDNA Assay Kit.
Note: Follow manufacturer's instructions.
- 5 Mix an equal amount (**200 ng**) of amplicon from each sample with different barcodes into a single, sterile tube.
- 6 Here shows a schematic representation to summarize the previous steps for amplification protocol. Sample DNA could be amplified in 96-well plate, each plate used a unique barcode ligated with ITS specific primers. Each PCR product with different barcode was pooled together, then ligated with second barcode and sequencing primers in order to make sequencing library. Then each library was pooled for sequencing.

