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Ultra Expansion microscopy protocol with improved setup for upright and inverted microscopes.

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Ultra

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Ultra Expansion microscopy

This protocol is based on the following papers:

Gambarotto D, Hamel V, Guichard P (2021). Ultrastructure expansion microscopy (U-ExM).. *Methods in cell biology*.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/bs.mcb.2020.05.006>

Amodeo S, Kalichava A, Fradera-Sola A, Bertiaux-Lequoy E, Guichard P, Butter F, Ochsenreiter T (2021). Characterization of the novel mitochondrial genome segregation factor TAP110 in *Trypanosoma brucei*. *Journal of cell science*.

<https://doi.org/pii:jcs254300.10.1242/jcs.254300>

Isch C, Majneri P, Landrein N, Pivovarova Y, Lesigang J, Lauruol F, Robinson DR, Dong G, Bonhivers M (2021). Structural and functional studies of the first tripartite protein complex at the Trypanosoma brucei flagellar pocket collar.. PLoS pathogens.

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.ppat.1009329>

Reagents	Company	Reference	Comment
Absolute ethanol			
Acrylamide 40%	Euromedex	EU0060-A	store at 4°C
Ammonium persulfate (APS)	Euromedex	EU0009	store as 10% in H2O at -20°C
Formaldehyde 37%	Sigma	252549	
HCl			1N solution
HOECHST (bisBenzimide H 33342 trihydrochloride)	Sigma	B2261	make 5 mg/mL in H2O. Store at -20°C as aliquotes
milliQ Water			0.2 um filtered
N,N'-Methylenbisacrylamide 2%	Euromedex	EU0560	store at 4°C
PBS			0.2 um filtered
SDS 20%			
Tris-Base			
NaCl			stock solution 5M
Sodium Acrylate 38%	AK Scientific	97–99%, R624	store the powder at -20°C
TEMED	Euromedex	50406	
Tween-20	Sigma	P-7949	store RT

Reagents

Equipment	Company	Reference	Comments
12 mm round coverslips	VWR	6530021	Comments
Metal block			pre-cooled -20°C
Shaker			RT
Incubator 37°C			shaker or that can accomodate a shaker
homemade spatula			with a rigid plastic cover
1.5 ml tubes			
24 mm round coverslips			
24-well plates	NUNC		
6-well plates	NUNC		
Glass slides	Themoscientific	J1800 AMN7	
Laboratory wipes			
Petri dishes			
Plumbing joints		20x27 N14	
Thermoblock	Eppendorf		
Vortex			
Parafilm			

Equipment

compound	volume	Final concentration
Formaldehyde 37%	19 ul	0.7%
Acrylamide 40%	25 ul	1%
PBS 1x	956 ul	
Prepare just before use		

Activation solution (FA/AA)

Reagent	B	Final concentration	Comment
Sodium acrylate		38% w/v	Dissolve little by little in milliQH2O and on ice under the fume hood. 0.22 um filtered. This solution is critical. Use only solution that appears clear or very slightly yellow.

Sodium acrylate stock solution (SA)

Stock solution	Stock solution	Volume to prepare per sample	Final concentration
Sodium Acrylate (SA)	38% (W/W)	500ul	23% (W/V)
Acrylamide (AA)	40%	250ul	10% (W/V)
Bis-acrylamide (BIS)	2%	50 ul	0.1% (W/V)
PBS	10x	100 ul	1x

Make 90 ul aliquotes and store at -20°C for up to 2-3 weeks Make 90 µL aliquots and store at -20°C for up to 2-3 weeks maximum. Note: the solution does not freeze.

U-ExM Monomer solution (MS)





Reagent	Stock concentration	Volume / Weight	Final concentration
TRIS-Base	-	0.6 g	50 mM
HCl (fuming?)	-	pH to 9.0	
ddH2O	-	10 mL	
SDS	20% (694 mM)	28.82 mL	200 mM
NaCl	5 M	4 mL	200 mM
milliQ water		qsp 100 mL	

Denaturation solution (DS)

Day 0.

Preparation coverslips (24mm) coated with poly-L-lysine for mounting

- Place the coverslips on Parafilm and cover each of them with  400 µL of poly-L-lysine  00:30:00
- recover and store the poly-L-lysine solution
- wash the slides 2 times in a water bath
- Dry the coverslips up on adsorbing paper.
- Pre-cool overnight at -20°C a metallic tube holder
- If required, prepare your cells on 24 mm coverslips to grow.

Day 1- Sample preparatio, first expansion and primary antibody incubation

1- Prepare cells on 12 mm coverslips

In 24-well plates, prepare coverslips with your favourite cells. The cells density should not be too high to avoid non-isotropic expansion (non-confluent cells).

Wash the cells with PBS.

2- Activation

- Place the coverslips in 24-well plate, cells up, and load **1 mL** of FA/AA solution
- Fill up the empty wells with water
- Incubate at **37 °C** **100 rpm** **04:00:00**

3- Gel polymerization

a- Prepare **On ice**

- a lid of a 24-well plate covered with a pad and parafilm.
- A -20°C-pre-cooled metallic tube holder with
 - **100 µL** of APS 10%
 - **100 µL** of TEMED 10%
 - a **90 µL** aliquot of MS solution

b- Prepare the MS + TEMED + APS solution and gel polymerization

- Add **5 µL** of TEMED 10% into the 90 ul MS aliquote, then add **5 µL** of APS 10%
- Vortex 2 sec and load on the parafilm 2 drops of **35 µL not more** . (Do 2 drops at once only as the polymerization is very rapid).
- Immediately, adsorb the excess FA/AA solution on a tissue and transfer the coverslips on the drop, cells side facing down.
- Incubate **On ice** **00:05:00** , then at **37 °C without shaking** **01:00:00** . During this step, prepare step 4.

c-Gel detachment

- After the polymerization and in a 6-well plate, add **1 mL** of denaturation solution.
- Transfer the coverslip+polymerized gel (gel facing up) to the 6-well plate
- Incubate **Room temperature** **00:15:00** **100 rpm** or until the gel detaches from the coverslip.

4- Denaturation

- Set the Thermoblock at 95°C
- Pre-heat at 95°C **1 mL** of DS per sample in an eppendorf tube.
- Collect the detached gel and load it into the DS.
- Fill up the tube with heated DS and incubate at 95°C **01:30:00** .

5- First expansion

- Load each gel in a petri dish with **40 mL** milliQ water
- Incubate **00:30:00** **Room temperature** **100 rpm**
- Repeat twice **01:00:00** **Room temperature** **100 rpm**
- (-OR Change the water bath at least once and incubate **Overnight** **4 °C**)
- Measure the diameter of the gel (expect of a >4x expansion compared to the 12mm diameter of the coverslip)

6- Primary antibody incubation

- Incubate the gel in 40 mL PBS 🕒00:10:00 🌡️ Room temperature 🌀100 rpm
- Repeat twice 🕒00:20:00 🌡️ Room temperature 🌀100 rpm a- In a 24-well plate, per sample, add 📏1 mL of PBS, 2% BSA, 0.2% Tween-20.
- Fill up the empty wells with water
- Gel cutting
 - Use a 1 mL Tips to cut a circular piece of the gel (usually 4 pieces can easily be cut from one gel).
 - Place each piece of gel into the 24-well plate
 - Incubate in PBS, BSA, Tween-20 🕒00:10:00 or more 🌡️ 37 °C 🌀100 rpm
- Primary antibody(ies) incubation
 - Remove the PBS, BSA, Tween-20 solution and replace it with 📏350 µL of primary antibody(ies) diluted in PBS, BSA, Tween-20
 - Incubate 🌡️ 37 °C 🕒Overnight 🌀100 rpm , the lid sealed closed to avoid evaporation.

Day-2 Secondary incubation, second expansion and gel mount

1- Secondary antibody incubation

- Wash 3 times in 📏350 µL PBS, BSA, Tween-20 🌡️ 37 °C
- Remove the PBS, BSA, Tween-20 solution and replace it with 📏350 µL of secondary antibody(ies) and **Hoechst** (5µg/mL) diluted in PBS, BSA, Tween-20
- Incubate 🌡️ 37 °C 🕒03:00:00 🌀100 rpm , the lid sealed closed to avoid evaporation, in the dark.
- Wash 3 times 10 min in 📏1 mL PBS, BSA, Tween-20 🌡️ 37 °C 🕒00:30:00 🌀100 rpm

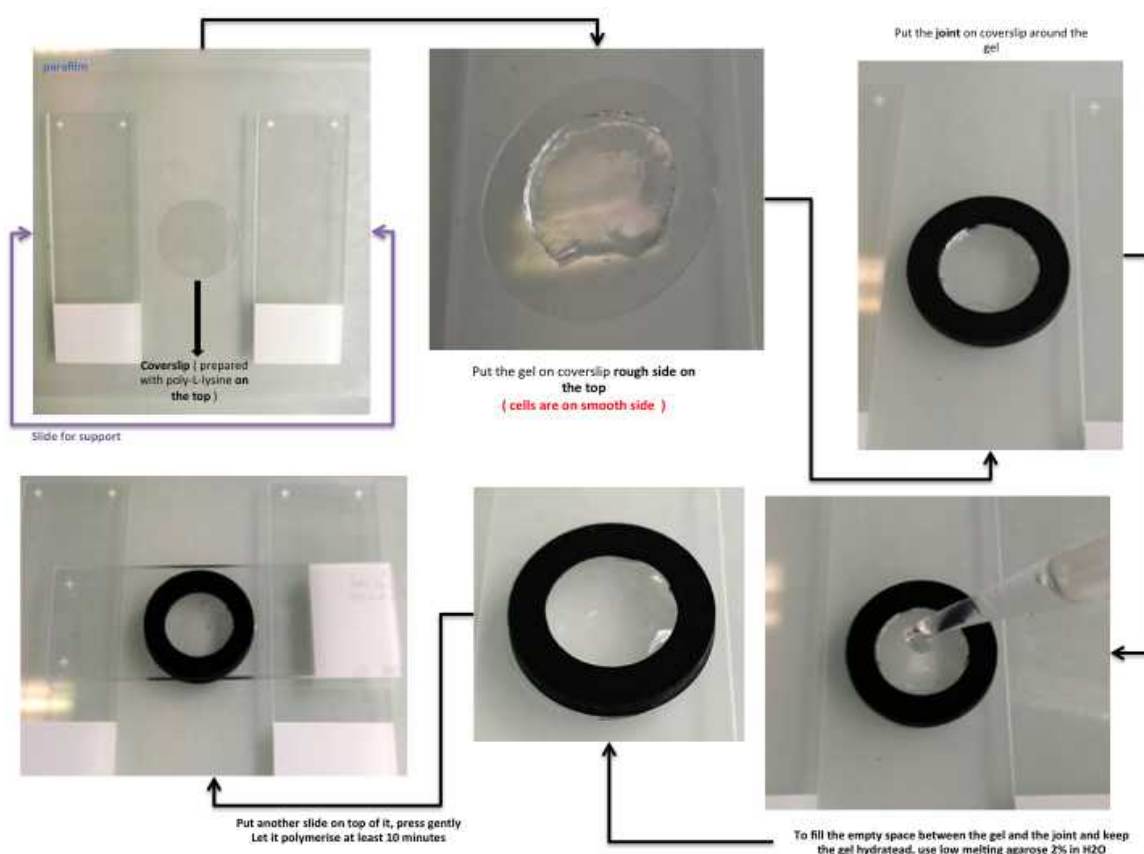
2- Second expansion

- Transfer the gel into a 6-well plate and wash with 📏5 mL water 🕒00:30:00
- OR** (- Change the water bath and incubate 🕒Overnight 🌡️ 37 °C 🌀100 rpm)
- Change twice the water bath and incubate for 30 min 🕒01:00:00 🌡️ 37 °C 🌀100 rpm
- Measure the diameter of the gel, it should be consistent with the first expansion

(You can store the gels water in water at 4°C)

3- Mounting and imaging

This setup allows the imaging on upright and inverted microscopes. Also, the gels do not dehydrate during long microscopy sessions and can be further stored t 4°C.



How to mount your gel.