





Oct 19, 2022

# Human myocardium decellularization V.2

PLOS ONE Peer-reviewed method

Immacolata Belviso<sup>1</sup>, Anna Maria Sacco<sup>1</sup>, Domenico Cozzolino<sup>1</sup>, Daria Nurzynska<sup>2</sup>, Franca Di Meglio<sup>1</sup>, clotilde.castaldo<sup>1</sup>, Veronica Romano<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Public Health, University of Naples Federico II, Naples, Italy;

<sup>2</sup>Department of Medicine, Surgery and Dentistry, Scuola Medica Salernitana, University of Salerno, Bar onissi, Italy

1 Works for me Share

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4r3l2o22xv1y/v2

clotilde.castaldo

#### **ABSTRACT**

The protocol represents a step-by-step method to obtain a decellularized cardiac matrix through the combination of sodium dodecyl sulphate (SDS) and Triton X-100. Briefly, cardiac samples obtained from left ventricles of explanted, pathological human hearts were dissected and washed to remove residual body fluids. Samples were then snap-frozen and sliced by a cryostat into 350 µm thick sections. The sections obtained were decellularized using a solution containing 1% Triton X-100 and 1% SDS in combination, for 24 hours, until observing the color change from brownish-red to translucent-white. As a result, the protocol shows efficiency in preserving extracellular matrix architecture and protein composition during the whole process, suggesting that it is worthwhile, highly reproducible and produces a well- preserved decellularized extracellular matrix from cardiac samples.

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4r3l2o22xv1y/v2

**EXTERNAL LINK** 

https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0276224

PROTOCOL CITATION

Immacolata Belviso, Anna Maria Sacco, Domenico Cozzolino, Daria Nurzynska, Franca Di Meglio, clotilde.castaldo, Veronica Romano 2022. Human myocardium decellularization. **protocols.io** 

https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4r3l2o22xv1y/v2

Version created by clotilde.castaldo



MANUSCRIPT CITATION please remember to cite the following publication along with this protocol

Belviso I, Sacco AM, Cozzolino D, Nurzynska D, Meglio FD, Castaldo C, Romano V (2022) Cardiac-derived extracellular matrix: A decellularization protocol for heart regeneration. PLoS ONE 17(10): e0276224. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0276224

#### **LICENSE**

This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

**CREATED** 

Jul 27, 2022

LAST MODIFIED

Oct 19, 2022

PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

67713

Preparation of decellularizing solution

50m

Preparation of 600 mL of decellularizing solution

50m

2m

Prepare 300 mL of 2% Triton X-100 solution by measuring **□294 mL** of double-distilled water in a graduated cylinder and transferring it to a 500 mL beaker.



Add 6 mL of Triton X-100 to the beaker containing the double-distilled water using a serological pipette.

**⊠**Triton X-100 **Sigma** 

Aldrich Catalog #X100-1L



It is recommended to wear personal protective devices.

protocols.io

1.3

Heating Magnetic Stirrer

VELP SCIENTIFICA VP-F20520162

Add a stir bar into the beaker and place it on a magnetic stirrer to mix the solution until completely dissolved.

1.4 Prepare 300 mL of 2% SDS solution by measuring 275 mL of double-distilled water in a graduated cylinder and transferring it to a 500 mL beaker.

1.5 🛕

Explorer Pro Precision EP413
Precision balance
Ohaus 80108921

Weigh  $\bigcirc 6$  g of SDS powder in a weighing boat using a spoon and an electronic balance. Transfer the powder to the beaker containing the double-distilled water.

Sodium dodecyl sulfate Sigma
Aldrich Catalog #62862



This step shoul be performed under chemical hood wearing personal protective devices.

1.6 Add a stir bar into the beaker and place it on a magnetic stirrer to mix the

protocols.io

solution until completely dissolved.

1.7 Pour the solution in a graduated cylinder and adjust the volume to 300 mL by adding double-distilled water.

1.8

5m

Pour 2% Triton X-100 and 2% SDS solutions, previously prepared, in a 1 L cylinder to obtain a total volume of 600 ml of 1% decellularizing solution. Cover with parafilm and gently mix by inversion to obtain a homogeneous solution.

Parafilm M
Thermoplastic film
Sigma-Aldrich P7793-1EA

1.9 Transfer 1% decellularizing solution in a 1 L graduated bottle using a funnel to reduce foaming.

Store at & +4 °C until use.

The final volume of the decellularizing solution can vary according to the number of samples to decellularize. The volume reported in the protocol is intended for 15 samples.

Preparation of 1x phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution

29m

2 Preparation of 500 mL of 1x PBS

29m

2.1 Weigh all the salt powders in recommended amounts using an electronic balance, a spatula and a spoon.

motocols.io

4

**Citation**: Immacolata Belviso, Anna Maria Sacco, Domenico Cozzolino, Daria Nurzynska, Franca Di Meglio, clotilde.castaldo, Veronica Romano Human myocardium decellularization <a href="https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4r3l2o22xv1y/v2">https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4r3l2o22xv1y/v2</a>

- **□**0.1 g Potassium Phosphate Monobasic
- **■**0.1 g Potassium Chloride
- **■4.0** g Sodium Chloride
- **■0.575** g Sodium Phosphate Dibasic

Transfer the salts into a 500 mL beaker.

users Catalog #P5655-1Kg

₿ Potassium Chloride **Sigma** 

Aldrich Catalog #P9333

Sodium Chloride Sigma

Aldrich Catalog #S7653

⊠Sodium Phosphate Dibasic Sigma

Aldrich Catalog #S9763-1Kg

- 2.2 Take a graduated cylinder to measure 400 mL of double-distilled water and pour it into the beaker.
- 2.3 Add a stir bar and place the beaker on a magnetic stirrer to completely dissolve the salts.
- 2.4 Pour the solution in a graduated cylinder and adjust the volume to 500 mL by adding double-distilled water.
- 2.5 Check the pH value and adjust to p+7.4 if needed.

Store at A+4°C untile use.

Preparation of antibiotic solution 5

3 Preparation of 10 mL antibiotic solution

5m

5m

3.1 Accurately weigh 

625 μg Amphotericin B using an electronic balance and add it to a 

8 mL pen/strep mixture. Mix vigorously until it is completely dissolved.

⊠ Penicillin-Streptomycin Sigma

Aldrich Catalog #P4333

3.2 Pour the solution in a graduated cylinder and adjust the volume to 10 mL adding pen/strep mixture.

Store at & +4 °C until use.

Preparation of samples and decellularization procedure

1d 13h 16m

4 Preparation and decellularization of samples

1d 13h 16m

4.1

10m

Identify and wash the cardiac tissue samples obtained from explanted hearts into a plastic tray using a

[M] 0.9 Mass / % volume Sodium Chloride isotonic solution to remove any residual fluid.

**⊠** Sodium Chloride Solution **Sigma** 

Aldrich Catalog #S8776

4.2

Dissecting Board
Board for Anatomical Dissection

VWR 100498-398

Prepare a set of large surgical scissors, long forceps, fine forceps and scalpel needed to dissect the heart. Use a dissecting board with graduations to

protocols.io

measure sample size.

4.3

10m

Cut unrefined samples from full-thickness left ventricle wall avoiding injured areas and wash with

[M]0.9 Mass / % volume Sodium Chloride isotonic solution .

4.4

15m

Place them on the dissecting board and cut, by a dissecting scalpel, 2 cm x 2 cm (length by width) fragments using the graduation on the dissection board as a reference.

Fragments should not be larger than 2 cm wide by 2 cm long.

4.5 Snap freeze at 8-80 °C.

1h

4.6



Mount samples on cryostat chuck and slice them one by one to obtain  $\rightarrow \parallel 350 \ \mu m$  thick sections.

It is recommended to cut at least three 350- $\mu$ m-thick sections of each sample, using as a reference the same number of sections of native tissue.

protocols.io

7

**Citation:** Immacolata Belviso, Anna Maria Sacco, Domenico Cozzolino, Daria Nurzynska, Franca Di Meglio, clotilde.castaldo, Veronica Romano Human myocardium decellularization <a href="https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4r3l2o22xv1y/v2">https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.4r3l2o22xv1y/v2</a>

4.7 Prepare and label with all the information identifying the samples a 50 mL the for each section. Add ■40 mL of decellularizing solution previously prepared of go to step #1, place one section in each tube.

Make sure the tubes are appropriately locked to avoid solution leakage.

4.8

Platform Rocker STR6
Orbital Shaker
Stuart Scientific L065

Place the tubes on an orbital shaker and start the procedure setting moderate speed of agitation for 24 hours, at & Room temperature.

4.9 Replace the decellularizing solution in each 50 mL tube with  $\Box$ 40 mL of  $\overset{30m}{1x}$  PBS  $\circlearrowleft$  go to step #2 and  $\Box$ 0.2 mL of antibiotic solution  $\circlearrowleft$  go to step #3.

Stop the agitation and check the color of the sections.

Samples should shift from the native red to translucent white.

4.11 **(2**)

Start the agitation on the orbital shaker at a moderate speed overnight, at **Room temperature**.

4.12 A

protocols.io

8

Citation: Immacolata Belviso, Anna Maria Sacco, Domenico Cozzolino, Daria Nurzynska, Franca Di Meglio, clotilde.castaldo,

Stop the agitation. Replace the solution in each 50 mL tube with **□40 mL** of double-distilled water.

- 4.13 Start the agitation on the orbital shaker at a moderate speed for 30 minutes at 8 Room temperature.
- 4.14 Stop the agitation. Open each tube and gently dry sections to remove the excess of double-distilled water.

## Sample storage

30m

5 Fix decellularized sections for histological analyses.

Store at § +4 °C in a [M]0 Mass / % volume Sodium Chloride isotonic solution for further cell seeding or snap-freeze at § -80 °C for other applications.

A cycle of sterilization under UV is highly recommended before cell seeding, and d-ECM must be rehydrated with an appropriate culture medium prior to use.

## Materials List

## 6 Addictional materials

EQUIPMENT	BRAND	CATALOG NUMBER	SPECIFICATION
1 L beaker	VWR	511-0318	Clean and autoclave before use
10 mL serological pipette	Falcon	357551	Sterile, polystyrene
50 mL sterile tubes	Falcon	FC-1 352070	Sterile tubes, polypropylene
10 mL graduated cylinder	VWR	612-1518	Clean and autoclave before use

#### protocols.io

1L graduated	VWR	612-1524	Clean and
cylinder			autoclave before
			use
1 L bottle	VWR	215-1596	Clean and
			autoclave before
			use
25 mL	Falcon	357525	Sterile,
serological			polystyrene
pipette			
500 mL beaker	VWR	511-0317	Clean and
			autoclave before
			use
Dissecting	VWR	233-5526	Sterile and
scalpel			disposable
Fine forceps	VWR	232-1317	Clean and
			autoclave before
			use
Funnel	VWR	221-1861	Clean and
			autoclave before
			use
Hexagonal	Sigma-Aldrich	Z708585	Hexagonal,
weighing boats			polystyrene, 51
size M			mm
Hexagonal	Sigma-Aldrich	Z708577	Hexagonal,
weighing boats			polystyrene, 25
size S			mm
Large surgical	VWR	233-1211	Clean and
scissors			autoclave before
			use
Long forceps	VWR	232-0096	Clean and
			autoclave before
			use
Pipette gun	Eppendorf	613-2795	Eppendorf
			Easypet® 3
Plastic tray	VWR	BELAH162620000	Corrosion-proof
-			polypropylene
Spatula	VWR	RSGA038.210	Clean and
			autoclave before
			use
Spoon	VWR	231-1314	Clean and
			autoclave before
			use



Stir bar	VWR	442-0362	Clean and
			autoclave before
			use

