

#### **VERSION 5**

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# OPEN ACCESS

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## Quality control assessment for microbial genomes: GalaxyTrakr MicroRunQC workflow V.5

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#### **ABSTRACT**

**PURPOSE:** Step-by-step instructions for checking WGS sequence quality for bacterial pathogens. The MicroRunQC workflow, implemented in a custom Galaxy instance, will produce quality assessments for raw reads (Illumina paired-end fastq files) and draft de novo assemblies, along with reporting the sequence type for each isolate. This workflow will work on most microbial pathogens, so we advise laboratories to upload their entire MiSeq/NextSeq run through this workflow.

**SCOPE:** This protocol covers the following tasks:

- 1. set up an account in GalaxyTrakr
- 2. Create a new history/workspace
- 3. Upload data
- 4. Execute the MicroRunQC workflow
- 5. Interpret the results check against GenomeTrakr QC thresholds

#### **Version updates:**

V3: updated with Cronobacter thresholds

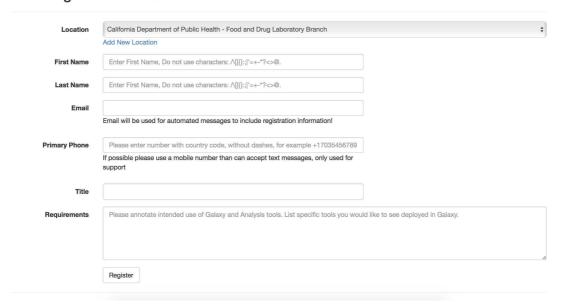
V4: MicroRunQC updated to V1.1 Includes updates to skeza and mlst methods, as well as adjusted assembly QC thresholds for E.coli. Added *Enterobacter* QC thresholds to threshold table.

V5: New column in the output table to capture additional mlst data fields when available in Sequence Type definition files (not available for all species)

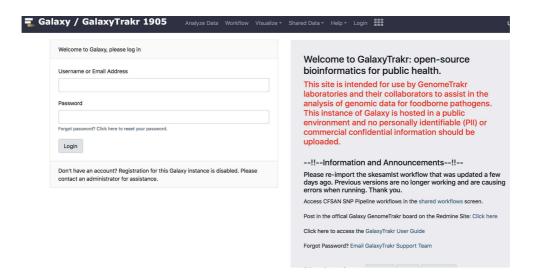
## **Account set up**

1. Create a GalaxyTrakr account here: <a href="https://account.galaxytrakr.org/Account/Register">https://account.galaxytrakr.org/Account/Register</a>

#### **User Registration Form**



### **1.1** Log into your GalaxyTrakr account: <a href="https://galaxytrakr.org">https://galaxytrakr.org</a>



### Create a new history

#### 2 Create a new history.

We recommend creating a new history for each new MiSeq Run and including the flow-cell ID and date in the history name.

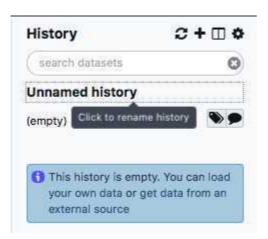
Save your MicroRunQC output here and any other relevant analyses, like serotyping, or AMR detection.

After all the analysis output from this run is saved to your internal data network or computer, older history's should be purged/deleted so as not to occupy the limited storage space in your account. In some cases it may be useful to save, for a limited time, multiple histories or to run analyses concurrently in multiple histories. In these cases you need to pay attention to your % usage bar (shows % used of allocated storage space) in the upper right corner of the GalaxyTrakr page. If you need additional space you can contact <a href="mailto:galaxytrakrsupport@fda.hhs.gov">galaxytrakrsupport@fda.hhs.gov</a> and request additional storage.

### 2.1 Click on the + icon in the upper right History panel



2.2 Name your new History by clicking on the "Unnamed history", type in desired name and hit enter. We recommend including the run cell ID and the date the run was started.

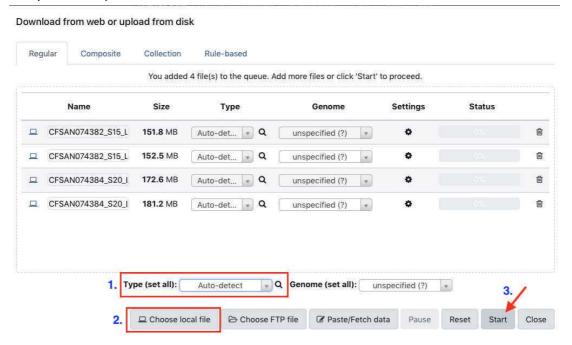


# **Upload** data

- This section will describe the process for uploading raw fastq files into your active History panel. After the files have been uploaded they will stay in your account until they are deleted.
- 3.1 Click on the Upload Data icon on the top of the left web page to start an upload process.



3.2 Select "Type (set all):auto-detect." Choose local file button and navigate to the desired fastq files, then click "start" to upload files. These files should be paired (two per sample/isolate).



As the file uploads complete, each row will turn green. Samples in yellow are still in process.

You have just upload a set of forward and reverse reads. For further analysis these files need to be paired properly so the platform knows which R1 and R2 files go with each sample/isolate. GalaxyTrakr does this by creating a **List of Dataset Pairs**.

Within your newly created History panel, click the "check box," then select all the files you just uploaded by clicking "All" or by individually selecting the ones you want to pair.



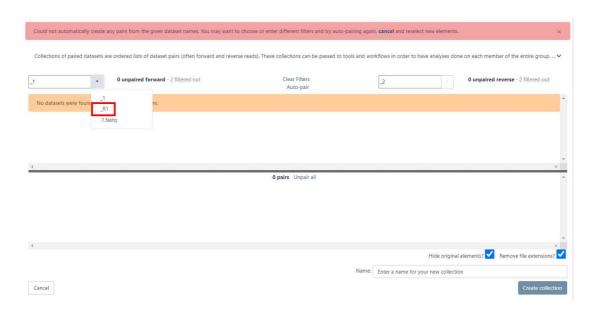
**Screenshot of History panal showing recently uploaded files.** Note the way the files are named, using R1 and R2 to identify the paired reads. This will be important in the next step. Some naming conventions can be slightly different.

3.4 Click "For all selected" and choose "Build List of Dataset Pairs"

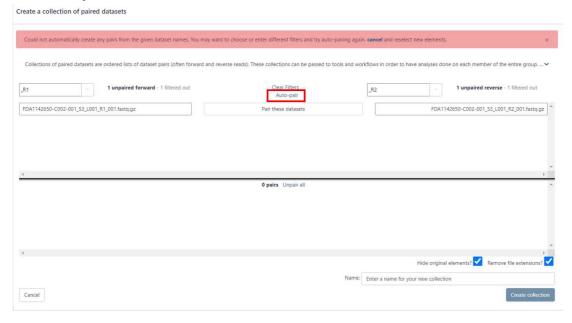


3.5 A new window will open to help you pair the fastq files properly. Note how your paired reads are named.

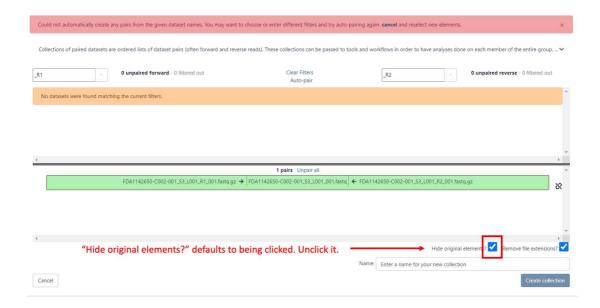
First, click on the drop downarrow and choose "\_R1". This automatically chooses "\_R2" in the next box.



#### Click Auto-pair.



Paired reads will pair in the middle column and turn green.

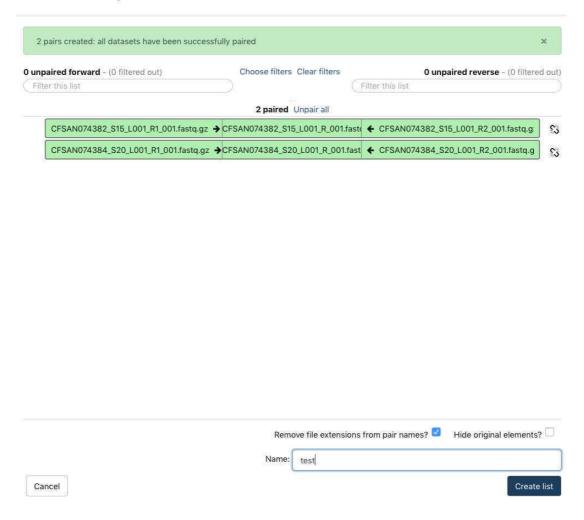


Unclick "Hide original elements".

3.6 Name your dataset: Example, "pairedSet-<FlowCell>--<date>"

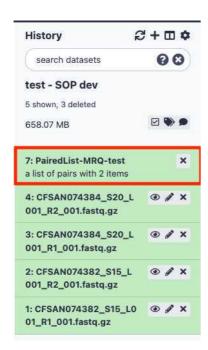
Click Create list.

#### Create a collection of paired datasets



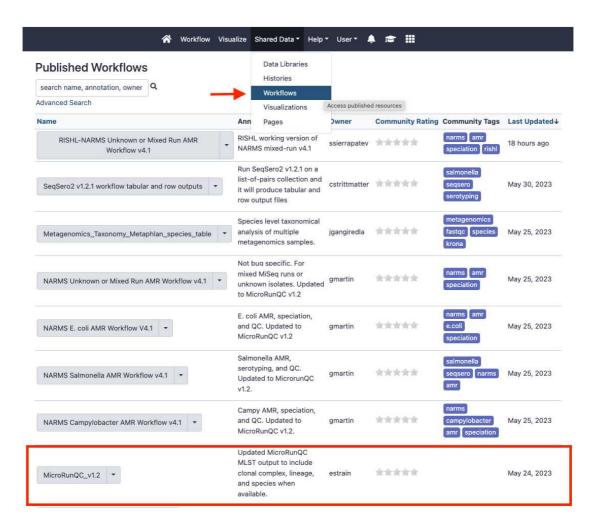
3.7 This paired dataset will now be available for analysis in your history panel. You can run multiple analyses on the same dataset in a history rather than upload the same sequence data to a new history to perform additional analyses. This will help you use your allocated storage space efficiently.

You can re-name this PairedList by clicking on the name.



# Run the MicroRunQC workflow

- 4 Add the MicroRunQC workflow to your own "workflows" panel. You only have to do this step once for each new workflow you need.
- **4.1** Navigate to the "**Shared Data**" drop down menu, choose **workflows** and locate "MicroRunQC\_v1.2"

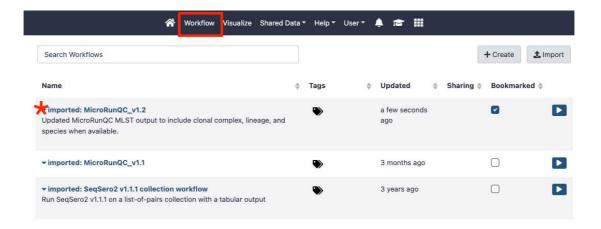


#### From Dropdown, select "Import"

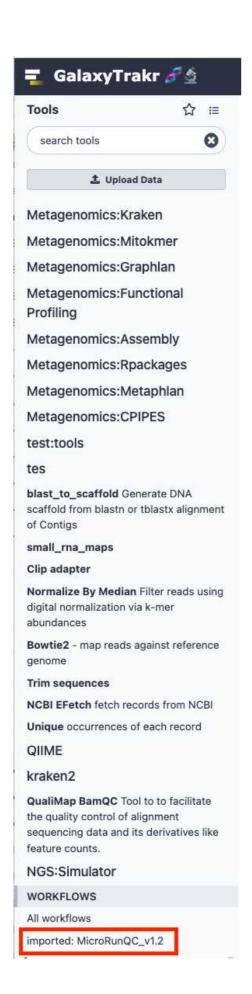


**4.2** To see the new imported workflow, click "Workflow" tab on the top panel.

Click "Bookmarked" box to make it available in the left panel under "Workflows"

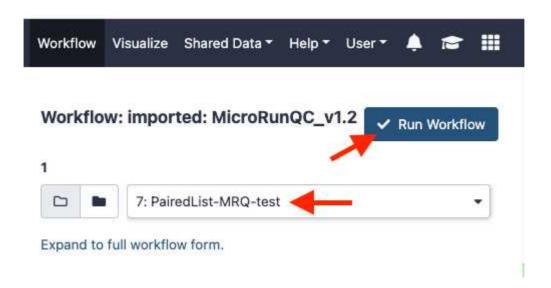


4.3 From the Workflow menu on the left panel, select MicroRunQC\_v1.2



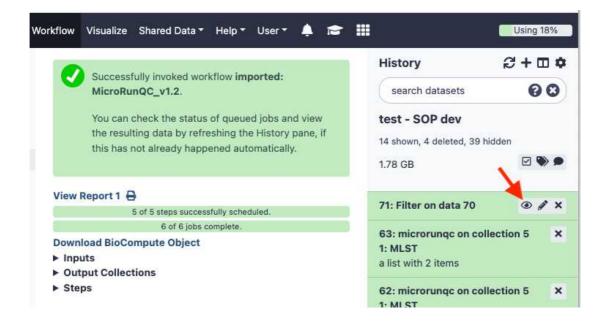
**4.4** Select paired list dataset you created earlier.

Click **Run Workflow**. This can take some time depending on the number of samples you are analyzing. If you choose to you can log out of GalaxyTrakr and log back in at a later time to see if the job is completed.



**4.5** Upon completion of the pipeline all tiles in the history bar will be green.

In the "Filter on Data ##", click on the "Eye" icon to view the output table in the GalaxyTrakr window.



# Interpret the results

- 5 Download and interpret the results:
- 5.1 Click "Filter on data ##" and then the floppy disc icon. The tabular file can be opened in a text reader or converted to a format (.txt) that can be opened in excel.



**5.2** The MicroRunQC output file includes the following columns:

A	В	С							
Parameter	Input	Description							
Contigs	Assembly	Number of contigs in the de-novo SKESA assembly. Contigs smaller than 200 base-pairs (bp) are not counted.							
Length	Assembly	Total length of all contigs > 200bp. This should approximate the size of the genome for the target organism.							
EstCov	Assembly	Mean coverage for contigs in the SKESA assembly.							
N50	Assembly	Sequence length of the shortest contig at 50% of the total genome length							
MedianInsert Read		Distance between forward and reverse reads. Calculated mapping reads to SKESA assembly using bwa.							
MeanLength_R1	Read	Mean length of forward read							
MeanLength_R2	Read	Mean length of reverse read							

A	В	С						
MeanQ_R1	Read	Mean Q-score of forward read						
MeanQ_R2	Read	Mean Q-score of reverse read						
Scheme	Assembly	PubMLST scheme name (output from mlst application that scans contig files against traditional PubMLST typing schemes.						
ST	Assembly	Sequence Type						
MLST extra	Assembly	e.g. Listeria clonal complex info						
Loci	Assembly	gene (allele number) – for example aroC(118)						

**MicroRunQC output table headers.** This table lists the summary metrics for sequence quality, number of contigs, and estimated genome size, along with other common metrics for reads (Median Insert Size and Mean Length) and assemblies (N50). Additionally, if the Multi-Locus Sequence Type (MLST) for the isolate is available from pubmlst, the workflow also reports Sequence Type (ST) and the associated alleles.

- \*MLST extra.:Additional data fields reported when available in Sequence Type definition files (not available for all species)
- 1. clonal\_complex sequences grouped by similarity to central allelic profile (e.g., *Campylobacter* ST-21 complex)
- 2. CC clonal\_complex Abbreviation used for organism like *Listeria*, ST profiles are maintained by different groups
- 3. Lineage *Listeria monocytogenes* lineage (I,II,III, and IV), Listeria species also reported here (e.g.L.innocua)
- 4. species e.g., Vibrio alginolyticus
- \*\*This output should be saved either to your LIMS or to a spreadsheet linked to the sequencing run and samples.
- **5.3** Example output for 1 *Salmonella* and 5 *Listeria* isolates.

A	В				
Srain ID	Lab Confirmation				
FDA1216271-C001-001	Listeria mono				
FDA817806-S073-001	Listeria mono				
FDA746634	Listeria mono				
FDA1213377-C001-002	Listeria grayi				
FDA933376-S060-005	Listeria innocua				

A	В
FDA1213835-C001-001	Salmonella

Lab confirmed IDs for 6 isolates

A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т
File	C on ti gs	Le ng th	Es tC ov	N 50	M ed ia n In se rt	Me an Le ngt h_ R1	Me an Le ngt h_ R2	M ea n Q_ R1	M ea n Q_ R2	Sch em e	S T	MLST extra							
FDA 121 627 1- C00 1- 001	16	29 11 94 9	3 6. 7	47 62 10	32 1	14 8.4	14 8.4	36 .4	34 .6	list eria _2	5	CC=C C5,Lin eage= I	ab cZ (2)	bg IA( 1)	cat (11 )	da pE (3)	d at (3	ld h( 1)	lhk A(7
FDA 817 806 - S07 3- 001	20	30 68 35 4	1 7 9. 6	52 54 38	32 9	23 4.7	23 5.2	36 .7	31 .9	list eria _2	3 2 1	CC=C C321, Linea ge=II	ab cZ (5)	bg IA( 6)	cat (8)	da pE (6 2)	d at (6	ld h( 7)	lhk A(3 4)
FDA 746 634	30	30 52 88 8	4 1. 4	29 39 47	32 0	14 8.4	14 8.4	36 .5	36	list eria _2	-		ab cZ (2)	bg IA( 1)	cat (11 )	da pE (3)	d at (3 )	ld h( 1)	lhk A( ~7)
FDA 121 337 7- C00 1- 002	20	26 72 18 0	1 5 5. 1	47 31 81	27	14 7.3	14 7.3	37 .2	36 .1	-	-								
FDA 933 376 - S06 0- 005	9	28 81 86 9	2 1 3	14 98 79 0	30	23 2.1	23 2.2	37	36 .2	list eria _2	1 4 8 9	CC=C C148 9,Line age=L innoc ua	ab cZ (2 50	bg IA( 21 )	cat (83 )	da pE (2 98 )	d at (2 0)	ld h( 45 8)	lhk A(2 16)
FDA 121 383 5- C00 1- 001	37	48 32 36 5	3 4. 4	29 49 36	35 4	14 9	14 9	36 .6	35 .7	sen teri ca_ ach tm an_ 2	2 1 4		ar oC (1 4)	dn aN (7 2)	he m D( 21)	his D( 12 )	p ur E( 6)	su cA (1 9)	thr A(1 5)

MicroRunQC example report showing mlst ST results for different *Listeria* species.

The mlst *Listeria* database includes multiple species, including *Listeria monocytogenes* and *L. innocua*. When available, the *Listeria* clonal complex (CC) or L.mono lineage is listed alongside the ST.

**5.4** Quality control threshold guidelines for the GenomeTrakr surveillance network. These are also relevant for NARMS and VetLIRN contributors.

\*MicroRunQC users should follow QC threshold guidelines established by their respective surveillance coordinating body(s).

A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
Quality metri c	Salmo nella	Liste ria	E. coli	Shig ella	Campylo bacter	Vibrio para.	Cronob acter	Enteroc occus faecium	Enteroco ccus faecalis
Average read quality Q score for R1 and R2	>=30	>=30	>=30	>=30	>=30	>=30	>=30	>=30	>=30
Average coverage	>=30X	>=20 X	>=40 X	>=40 X	>=20X	>=40X	>=20X	>=50X	>=40X
De novo assem bly: Seq. length (Mbp)	~4.3- 5.2	~2.7- 3.2	~4.5- 5.9	~4.0- 5.0	~1.5-1.9	~4.8- 5.5	~4-5	~2.5- 3.5	~2.5- 3.25
De novo assem bly: no. contigs	<=300	<=30 0	<=40 0	<=55 0	<=300	<=300	<=500	<=350	<=200