





Sep 20, 2022

CTAB genomic DNA extraction from Arabidopsis leaf material V.3

Diep R Ganguly¹, Pip Wilson¹, Gonzalo Estavillo¹, Xin Hou¹, Barry Pogson¹

¹Australian National University



dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.8epv5y2dl1bz/v3

Pogson Group EBL_ANU



ABSTRACT

CTAB-based extraction of genomic DNA from Arabidopsis leaf tissue.

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.8epv5y2dl1bz/v3

PROTOCOL CITATION

Diep R Ganguly, Pip Wilson, Gonzalo Estavillo, Xin Hou, Barry Pogson 2022. CTAB genomic DNA extraction from Arabidopsis leaf material. **protocols.io** https://protocols.io/view/ctab-genomic-dna-extraction-from-arabidopsis-leaf-buebntan

Version created by Diep R Ganguly

KEYWORDS

genomic DNA, Arabidopsis

LICENSE

This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

CREATED

Apr 21, 2021

LAST MODIFIED

Sep 20, 2022



1

49315

GUIDELINES

Gives reasonable quality and yield of gDNA. Ideal for DNA in PCRs applications, Dyeterminator Sanger sequencing reactions, and cloning. Can be used for next-generation sequencing applications, however, ensure you perform additional cleaning steps and longer centrifuge times. Run on a 1% agarose gel to ensure you have good quality and clean DNA preparation (and Nanodrop), often these preps yield a substantial portion of sheared nucleotides (likely RNA, so make sure you add RNase A during extraction).

MATERIALS TEXT

MATERIALS

⊠ RNase

A Qiagen Catalog #19101

⊠EDTA Contributed by users

Swater Contributed by users

⊠ Ethanol Contributed by users

⊠NaCl **Sigma**

Aldrich Catalog #53014

⋈ Hexadecyltrimethylammonium bromide Sigma

Aldrich Catalog #H6269

Tris-HCl (Tris-Hydrochloride),

100gm Promega Catalog #H5121

Inc. Catalog #PC8601.SIZE.4L

⊠ Tris-EDTA, pH

8.0 Ambion Catalog #AM9849

⊠ Chloroform **Sigma Catalog #366919-1L**

⊠ Centrifuge **Contributed by users**

₩ Water bath set to 65°C Contributed by users

Tissue lyser

1/8" steel ball bearings

Vortex

Centrifuge

RNase A (e.g. Promega #A7973 or Sigma #R6148)

SAFETY WARNINGS



Perform chloroform steps in fume hood.

BEFORE STARTING

Ensure you grind your leaf tissue into a fine powder using mortar and pestle or Qiagen tissue lyser (place 1/8" steel ball bearing into tube with tissue sample).

Make sure leaf tissue remains frozen until the addition of CTAB buffer.

Cell lysis 15m

1 Prepare 2% CTAB buffer.

15m

Α	В
Reagent	[Cf]
hexadecyltrimethylammonium bromide	2% (w/v)
NaCl	1.4 M
EDTA (pH 8)	20 mM
Tris-Cl (pH 8)	100 mM

2% CTAB buffer recipe

- 2 Aliquot required volume of CTAB buffer and heat in water bath at 60 °C for 5-10 minutes immediately before use.
- 3~ Add 300 μL / 100 mg leaf tissue of CTAB buffer.

2m

4

2m

Add RNase A solution to a concentration 50-100 µg/mL.

- Mix well with a vortex. Invert samples by hand to ensure that all ground tissue is in solution. 5m
- 6 Incubate in water bath at 60 °C for 30 60 minutes. Mix tubes periodically by inversion.
- 7 Cool samples to room temperature .

10m

Phase separation 15m	
8 Add 300 μL chloroform and mix thoroughly with a vortex or vigorous shaking for 15 seconds.	J
9 Centrifuge samples for 10 minutes at 20,000 rcf.	Í
10 Transfer upper aqueous (approx. 200 μL) phase to clean tube.	I
11 (I
Repeat steps 9-10 for a cleaner extract.	
Precipitation 15m	
12 Add equal volume of ice-cold 2-propanol and mix by inversion.	í
13 Incubate for 30-60 min @ -20 °C	I
14 Centrifuge for 15 min @ 20,000 rcf.	I
15 Discard supernatant using pipette.	l
Resuspend DNA 17m	
16 Wash pellet with 1 mL of 70 % ethanol (mix by inversion).	l
17 Centrifuge samples @ 9,200 rcf for 5 min. 5m	i

 $\textbf{Citation:} \ \ \text{Diep R Ganguly, Pip Wilson, Gonzalo Estavillo, Xin Hou, Barry Pogson CTAB genomic DNA extraction from Arabidopsis leaf material $$ \underline{\text{https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.8epv5y2dl1bz/v3}$$ $$$

- 18 Remove as much ethanol as possible using a pipette, then allow pellet to air dry for 5 minutes.
- Resuspend gDNA in nuclease-free H_2O or low EDTA TE buffer (10 mM Tris-Cl pH 8, 0.1 mM EDTA).
- 20 Test yield and purity of samples using a Nanodrop and running samples on a 1 % agarose gel.