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# Rapid extraction of total lipids from microalgae V.4

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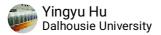
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In this protocol, total lipids from miroalgae is extracted with Folch solvent (2:1 chloroform-methanol v/v) and the addition of 5% water. Filter and cell debris is commonly removed by filtration, which is laborious and time consuming. It is also the main reason to either cause sample loss and therefore underestimation; or contamination from filtration system and therefore overestimation. We now use centrifugation to remove filter debris. The extract is then mixed with 0.88% potassium chloride solution to form a biphasic system, where in between the two phases is the thin distinct cell debris layer. The lower phase with extracted lipids is collected and dried under  $N_2$  gas flow. The residue is stored under -80 °C for further measurement.

FOLCH J, LEES M, SLOANE STANLEY GH. A simple method for the isolation and purification of total lipides from animal tissues. J Biol Chem, 1957, 226, 497-509.

Axelsson M, Gentili F (2014). A single-step method for rapid extraction of total lipids from green microalgae.. PloS one. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0089643

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lipids, microalgae, Folch solvent

\_\_\_\_\_ protocol,

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### **Biomass requirement**

Considering that

- (1) lipids are approximately 10~30% of microalgal dry mass
- (2) the linear range for colorimetric lipid analysis is 4.2 to 80  $\mu g$ , the low limit of quantitation is 20  $\mu g$

The minimum requirement of sample volume for total lipids is calculated as following:  $V_L=20/Chl-a/(17.3/1.1)$ 

If both total lipids and phospholipids are expected to be measured, the minimum sample volume needs to be at least doubled.



Operate chloroform in fumehood.



Follow the disposal guidelines regarding the halogenated organic waste.



# Collect microalgae samples

1 Precombust GFF filter at § 450 °C for © 04:00:00

4h

2 Rinse forceps with 95% ethanol, air-dry.

Filter forceps blunt end, stainless steel Millipore XX6200006P

Wipe-dry forceps can cause carbon contamination of samples.

- 3 Filter microalgae in liquid media onto precombusted GFF filters, using gentle vacuum pressure (5 inches Hg).
- 4 Rinse sample with filtered seawater
- 5 Place sample filters in cryogenic vials
- 6 Filter blank media (without cells) through precombusted GFF filter as blank.
- 7 Flash freeze filters and stored at 8-80 °C

8 Freeze dry before measurement.

FreeZone® 2.5 L Benchtop Freeze Dryers Labconco® 700202000

- 9 Follow <Total particulate carbohydrate from microalgae> protocol to hydrolyze the sample. Hydrolysation treatment can improve the extraction efficiency:
  - Hydrolysis releases bound lipids into easily extractable forms.
  - Acidified water fraction can facilitate separation of the lipid fraction from extraneous protein and other material.
  - Acid can charge phospholipid to optimize extraction.

## Prepare glassware

Precombust the centrifuge tubes, scintillation vials and storage vials at 8 500 °C for

2h

11 Precombust pasteur pipets at § 500 °C for © 02:00:00

Disposable Soda-Lime Glass Pasteur

Pipets 5 3/4"

**© 06:00:00** 

Fisherbrand 13-678-6A

12 Rinse caps with 95% ethanol and air-dry prior to use

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Rinse serological pipets and the reagent bottle for dichromate reagent with 95% ethanol until there is not stain and with chloroform for the final rinse. Air-dry.

VWR® Volumetric Pipets, Reusable, Color Coded, Class A 0.5 mL and 5 mL VWR 10546-004 and 10546-014

PYREX® Media Bottles
Corning® 1395-100

14 Latex bulbs are required for Pasteur pipets

# Prepare reagent

15 Folch solvent (CHCl<sub>3</sub>: MeOH=2:1 v/v)

15.1 Mix two parts of chloroform and one part of methanol in a 1 L amber bottle. Log the volume of each solvent for double checking the ratio.

Α	В
Chloroform (mL)	
Methanol (mL)	

Aldrich Catalog #439142-4L

 Methanol Sigma

Aldrich Catalog #34860

15.2 Attach dispensette to the bottle, mix well.

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Bottle-top dispenser BrandTech Dispensette® S 4731330

- 15.3 Label bottle with MSDS label.
- 16 KCl solution ([M]0.88 %)
  - 16.1 Weigh the pyrex media bottle and tare.

**PYREX® Media Bottles Corning®** 1395-100

16.2 Directly weigh  $\bigcirc 0.44$  g KCl in the bottle.

**⊠**Potassium chloride **Sigma** 

Aldrich Catalog #P3911-500G

16.3 Top bottle with MilliQ water to **□50** g

Α	В
KCI (g)	
Final (g)	

Extraction

If lipids samples are not processed for carbohydrate, transfer freeze dried samples and blanks 17 into muffled centrifuge tubes



It takes about 7 to 8 hours to process 16 samples.

Disposable Glass Screw-Cap Centrifuge

Tubes 10 mL

Corning® 99502-10

Polypropylene Screw Caps Linerless, 15-415

Kimble Chase 73805-15415

- 17.1 Add ■100 µL MilliQ directly onto the sample.
- 17.2 Freeze at & -80 °C © 00:10:00

10m

- 17.3 Remove vials from freezer.
- 17.4 Purge the dispensette, fill the tubing with solvent before dispensing solvent into sample tube.
- 17.5 Dispense  $\blacksquare$ 2.0 mL Folch solvent into sample tube.
- 18 If lipids samples have been hydrolyzed for carbohydrate and solvent has already been added,

go to the vortex step directly.

19 Vortex © 00:28:00 by using a tube insert.

28m

#### **VWR ANALOG VORTEX MIXER**

VWR 10153-838

With tube insert

- 20 Sonicate **© 00:02:00**
- 21 Vortex **© 00:30:00** by using a tube insert.

30m

22 Prepare one set of precombusted tubes (#T1), label the tubes, cap is not required.

Disposable Glass Screw-Cap Centrifuge

Tubes 10 mL

Corning® 99502-10

23 Place one pasteur pipet (#P1) into each tube

Disposable Pasteur Pipet

9 inch

VWR 14672-380



24 Prepare another set of precombusted tubes (#T2) for supernatant. Cap the tube to avoid contamination.

Disposable Glass Screw-Cap Centrifuge

Tubes 10 mL

Corning® 99502-10

Polypropylene Screw Caps Linerless, 15-415

Kimble Chase 73805-15415

- Work on eight samples first. Use the pasteur pipet (#P1) to gently lift the filter upwards and transfer liquid (as much as possible) to the centrifuge tube. Keep the pasteur pipet (#P1) in its corresponding empty tube (#T1).
- 26 Add **50** µL MilliQ and **1** mL Folch solvent to the residue.
- 27 Vortex the eight samples at the highest speed to loosen the filter.
- Vortex the eight samples by using a tube insert while transferring supernatant from another eight samples to centrifuge tubes.
- 29 Sonicate **© 00:02:00**
- 30 Vortex the second eight samples by using a tube insert while transferring supernatant from

the first eight samples to centrifuge tubes.

Same alternate routine for the following steps.

- 31 Use the pasteur pipet (#P1) to gently lift the filter upwards and transfer all liquid to the centrifuge tube (#T1). Keep the pasteur pipet (#P1) in its corresponding empty tube (#T1).
- 32 Add  $\Box$ 50  $\mu$ L MilliQ and  $\Box$ 1 mL Folch solvent to the residue.
- 33 Vortex while transferring supernatant from another set of samples to centrifuge tubes.
- 34 Sonicate © 00:02:00
- Use the pasteur pipet (#P1) to gently lift the filter upwards and transfer all liquid to the centrifuge tube (#T1). Keep the pasteur pipet (#P1) in its corresponding empty tube (#T1).
- 36 Add **□50 µL** MilliQ and **□1 mL** Folch solvent to the residue.
- Vortex while transferring supernatant from another set of samples to centrifuge tubes.
- 38 Sonicate © 00:02:00
- 39 Use the pasteur pipet (#P1) to gently lift the filter upwards and transfer all liquid to the centrifuge tube (#T1).

40	Leave the pasteur pipet (#P1) in the tube with filter for a while, the tip gradually sucks liquid dripping from filter.				
41	Pipette the pasteur pipet in water layer up and down to rinse off organic extract. Put the pipet back in the tube with filter.				
Separa	tion 1h 30m				
42	Centrifuge at <b>3200 rpm, Room temperature, 00:05:00</b>				
	General-purpose benchtop centrifuge IEC CENTRA CL2 Thermo 00427 0F				
43	Filter and cell debris stay between the two layer.				
44	Use pasteur pipet (#P1) to remove supernatant as much as possible. Do not disturb the debris				
45	Return pipet (#P1) back to the tube with filter.				
46	Add 500 ul KCl solution, vortex and then centrifuge at  3200 rpm, Room temperature, 00:05:00				

47 Use #P1 to remove supernatant as much as possible. Do not disturb the debris.

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Volume of Folch solvent to KCl is about 4 to 1.

48 Turn on heat block to § 37 °C , use a thermometer to monitor the actual temperature.

LSE digital dry bath heater
Corning 6885-DB

Blocks for Corning® LSE Digital Dry Bath

Heaters

Corning 480124

49 Place tubes in the heater.

Organic layer turns foggy when temperature is lower than 8 37 °C

Use a new pasteur pipet to transfer the lower organic phase to a clear 12 mL storage vial.

Do not disturb the cell debris in between the two phases.

If it has already been the end of the day, keep samples at 8-80 °C

Clear vial helps to check if there is water drops or impurities in lipids extract after dried.

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Glass Vials PTFE/SILiCone SEPTA Clear 16 mL

Thermo Scientific B7990-4

Screw Vial Convenience Kit, 12mL solid top PTFE cap

Thermo Scientific B7800-12A

Dry organic phase extract at  $8\ 37\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$  under a stream of N<sub>2</sub> gas (<2 psi) for about  $9\ 00:30:00$ .

30m

Α	В	С
	Time	Gas cylinder pressure
Start		
End		

Reacti-Vap Evaporator

Thermo Scientific TS-18825

Purification 30m

52 The lipids extract might still have water residue (which can't be dried by nitrogen gas) or water soluble impurities.

Redissolve it with **5 mL** chloroform by using glass serological pipet, transfer certain amount of chloroform dissolved extract for lipids measurement (based on the estimation,

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<100 ug) into a new vial. Log the actual volume transferred.

Safetypette
Jencons 75856-442

Dry extract at & 37 °C under a stream of N<sub>2</sub> gas (<2 psi) for about @ 00:30:00 (Generally 2 mL/5 min).

Α	В	С
	Time	Gas cylinder pressure
Start		
End		

Freeze dried extract and excess extract (in chloroform) at  $\, \& \, -80 \, ^{\circ} \text{C} \,$ .