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Standard Operating Procedure: Mouse transcardiac perfusion protocol

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ABSTRACT

This protocol details the procedure of the mouse transcardiac perfusion.

ATTACHMENTS

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KEYWORDS

Transcardiac perfusion, Skin incisions, Heart

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MATERIALS TEXT

Solutions to prepare:

- Avertin (1x)
- Ice cold PBS (1x)
- Ice cold 4% paraformaldehyde
- Ice bucket with ice

Dissection and perfusion tools:

- Peristaltic pump
- Tubing
- Barbed forceps
- Large scissors
- Small scissors
- 1 curved clamp for descending aorta
- Small bone cutter
- Curved fine forceps
- Glass vials
- Tape for labeling
- 22G needles for pinning down paws
- 27G needles for IP injection
- 1ml syringe

BEFORE STARTING

- Wear PPEs before entering perfusion room, i.e. gloves, coat, hair net, safety glasses and face mask.
- Make sure the Hazardous Waste container is not full. Replace if full.
- Turn lever ON before using down draft necropsy table.

Preparing Apparatus and Anesthesia:

• Install the tubes into peristaltic pump. Place one end of the tubing into containers of



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ice-cold PBS (1x) and 4% PFA.

- Use parafilm to cover PFA bottle to reduce evaporation.
- Prime the pump by first allowing the fixative to pass the t-stop and follow with PBS (PBS enters the circulation system first). Make sure no air bubble in lines.
- Weight the mouse to the nearest 0.1 gram. Anesthetize with Avertin (dosage: 0.3ml/10g body weight, i.p.). Place the mouse back to the home cage.
- Use toe pinch-response method to determine depth of anesthesia.
- Place the animals on a polystyrene foam lying on the back with face upward, and gently pin the forepaws and hindpaws using 22G needles.

Perfusion Surgery

10m

- 1 Make an incision through the abdominal skin.
- 2 Make two additional skin incisions from the xiphoid process along the base of the ventral ribcage laterally.
- 3 Gently reflect the two flaps of skin to expose thoracic field completely.
- 4 Grasp the cartilage of the xiphoid process with blunt forceps and raise it slightly to insert pointed scissors.
 - 4.1 Cut the thoracic musculature and ribcage between the breastbone and medial rib insertion points and extend the incision rostrally to the level of the clavicles.
- 5 Separate the diaphragm from the chest wall on both sides with scissor cuts.

6

Clamp or pin the reflected ribcage laterally to expose the heart.

Optional: Clamp the descending aorta, just below the liver, using the hemostat clamp.

7 Gently grasp the pericardial sac with fingers or blunt forceps, and tear it fully. 8 Secure the beating heart with fingers or blunt forceps, and immediately insert a blunt 25G syringe needle. **Optional:** Clamp the needle to the left ventricle using a hemostat. Cut the right atrium with scissors, and at the first sign of blood flow, begin the infusion of 1x PBS at **7.5 ml/min**. 5m 10 Continue perfusion with PBS until the fluid exiting the right atrium is entirely clear, approximately **© 00:05:00**. 11 Switch perfusate to fixative (4% PFA). 5m 12 Continue PFA perfusion at **7.5 ml/min** for additional **00:05:00**. Dissection: 13 Decapitate the mouse with large surgical scissors. 14 Make a midline incision to expose the skull. Trim off the remaining neck muscle so that the base of the skull is exposed. 15

Note: Remove any residual muscle using scissors or rongeurs.

- 16 Use the sharp surgical scissors to cut through the midline of skull.
- 17 Gently peel off the skull using blunt forceps and remove the brain out of skull, cut optic nerves if necessary.
- 18

Place the brain into a glass vial filled with ■10 mL - ■15 mL 4% PFA.

Post-fixation and storage: 2d 0h 5m

19 Keep the brain in fixative for \bigcirc 24:00:00 at & 4 °C.

1d

20

After 24 hours, rinse the brain with 1x PBS.

- 20.1 Rinse the brain with 1x PBS 3 times at **© 00:05:00** intervals, and swirl occasionally (1/3).
- 20.2 Rinse the brain with 1x PBS 3 times at **© 00:05:00** intervals, and swirl occasionally (2/3).
- 20.3 Rinse the brain with 1x PBS 3 times at **© 00:05:00** intervals, and swirl occasionally (3/3).
- 21 Store the brains in PBS and keep at $84 ^{\circ}C$.