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\odot ELISA for quantification of transforming growth factor beta (TGF- β) in human serum or plasma.

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ABSTRACT

Transforming growth factor beta $(TGF-\beta)$ is a multifunctional cytokine belonging to the transforming growth factor superfamily. TGFB proteins are made by all white blood cell lineages. It is a multipotent growth factor affecting cell differentiation, tissue repair, cell proliferation, matrix production and apoptosis. [1]

Reference

1. Clark DA, Coker R. Transforming growth factor-beta (TGF-beta). *Int J Biochem Cell Biol.* 1998;30(3):293-298. doi:10.1016/s1357-2725(97)00128-3

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- 1 An anti-humanTGF-β coating antibody is adsorbed onto the microwells by incubation overnight at 4°C with carbonate-bicarbonate buffer.
- 2 Add 50 μl of human serum or plasma. Human TGF-β present in the serum or plasma binds to antibodies adsorbed into the microwells.
- 3 The microplate is blocked with 3% non-fat milk-PBS buffer and later wash to remove unbound proteins.

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4	Fifty (50) μ l of biotin-conjugated anti-TGF- β antibody is added. The optimal dilution must be investigated.
5	The microplate is rewashed with PBS-Tween 20 buffer, pH 7.4.
6	One hundred μI of streptavidin-HRP conjugate is added and it binds to the biotin-conjugated anti-TGF- β antibody. The optimal dilution of this conjugate must be investigated.
7	The plate is washed following incubation to remove the unbound Streptavidin-HRP.
8	Add 100 µl of 3',3',5',5'- tetramethylbenzidine (TMB; Sigma-Aldrich) into each well.
9	Incubate the microwells in the dark for 20 min.
10	A colored product is formed in proportion to the quantity of TGF- β present in the sample or standard.
11	The reaction is terminated by addition of 100 $\mu l3MH2SO4$ and the absorbance is measured at 450 nm.
12	A standard curve is made from 7 human TGF- β standard dilutions and the human TGF- β sample concentration is determined.
13	For better results place the microplate on a microplate shaker in every incubation.