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## 🌐 TNF ELISA Protocol

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### ABSTRACT

The purpose of this experiment is to investigate the effects of forskolin-mediated cAMP activation on TNF- $\alpha$  secretion by LPS-treated Schwann cells. The immortalized rat RT4-D6P2T cell line (ATCC #CRL-2768) was cultured and received one of the following treatments: 0.1, 1, or 10  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  of LPS, in N2 media (control) or N2 media supplemented with 2  $\mu\text{M}$  of forskolin, for 3 hours. Cell media samples were collected, and the Rat TNF-alpha ELISA kit (RayBiotech, Cat #ELR-TNF $\alpha$ -1, Norcross, GA) was performed to quantify changes in TNF- $\alpha$  secretion in response to the different treatment combinations.

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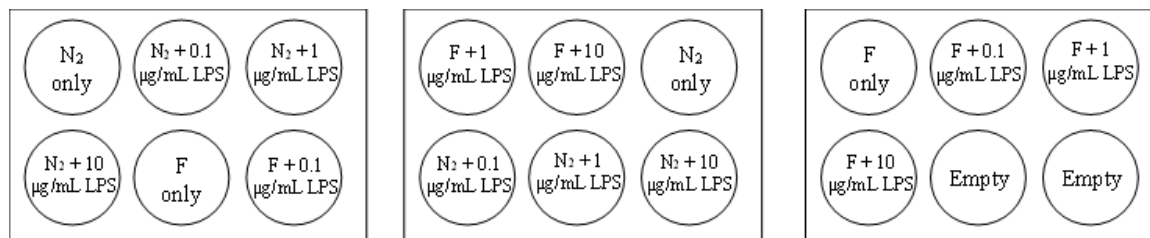
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**Protocol status:** Working  
We use this protocol and it's working

**Created:** Mar 02, 2024

## To prepare RT4-D6P2T cell media samples (for three 6-well plates):

- 1 Aseptically culture immortalized rat RT4-D6P2T Schwann cells (ATCC, Cat #CRL-2768, Manassas, VA) in Dulbecco's Modified Eagle Medium (DMEM) (ATCC, Cat #30-2002, Manassas, VA) supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS) (Thermo Fisher, Cat #16000044, Waltham, VA) and 1% penicillin/streptomycin (Pen-strep) (GIBCO, Cat #15140-015, Gaithersburg, MD)/amphotericin B (R&D Systems, Cat #B23192, Minneapolis, MN) at 37°C and 5% CO<sub>2</sub> in poly-L-lysine (PLL)-coated dishes.
- 2 At 80% confluency, split and seed cells into DMEM (2 mL DMEM/well) in three PLL-coated 6-well plates at a density of ~300,000 cells/well.
- 3 Incubate cells in DMEM for 24 hours.
- 4 After 24 hours, aspirate the DMEM and wash each well 2-3x with 2 mL HBSS. After the last wash, add 2 mL N<sub>2</sub> media (DMEM/F12, no phenol red [Thermo Fisher, Cat #21041025, Waltham, MA] supplemented with 5 µg/mL insulin [Sigma, Cat #91077C, St. Louis, MO] and 100 µg/mL apo-transferrin [Sigma, Cat #T1147, St. Louis, MO]) to each well.
- 5 Incubate cells in N<sub>2</sub> media for 24 hours.
- 6 After 24 hours, prepare the forskolin-supplemented media by adding 10 µL of a 2 mM forskolin stock to 20 mL of N<sub>2</sub> media.
- 7 Add 2 mL of the appropriate medium to each well following the plate layout (see example below).



- 8 After adding the media, add the appropriate LPS dose to each well following the plate layout.  
  
0.1 µg/mL LPS: 2 µL of 100 µg/mL LPS stock OR 20 µL of 10 µg/mL LPS stock  
  
1 µg/mL LPS: 2 µL of 1 mg/mL LPS stock OR 20 µL of 100 µg/mL LPS stock  
  
10 µg/mL LPS: 20 µL of 1 mg/mL LPS stock
- 9 Allow cells to incubate in the different treatment combinations for the required incubation time (3 hours).
- 10 After the required incubation time, remove the 6-well plates from the incubator and collect desired volume of media from each well.
- 11 Store media samples at -80°C for future use.

### To perform TNF ELISA (using RayBiotech Rat TNF-alpha ELISA kit [Cat #E...

- 12 Bring all reagents/samples to room temperature.

**13** Make the appropriate volume of 1X Diluent B by adding DI H<sub>2</sub>O to 5X Diluent B (Item E).

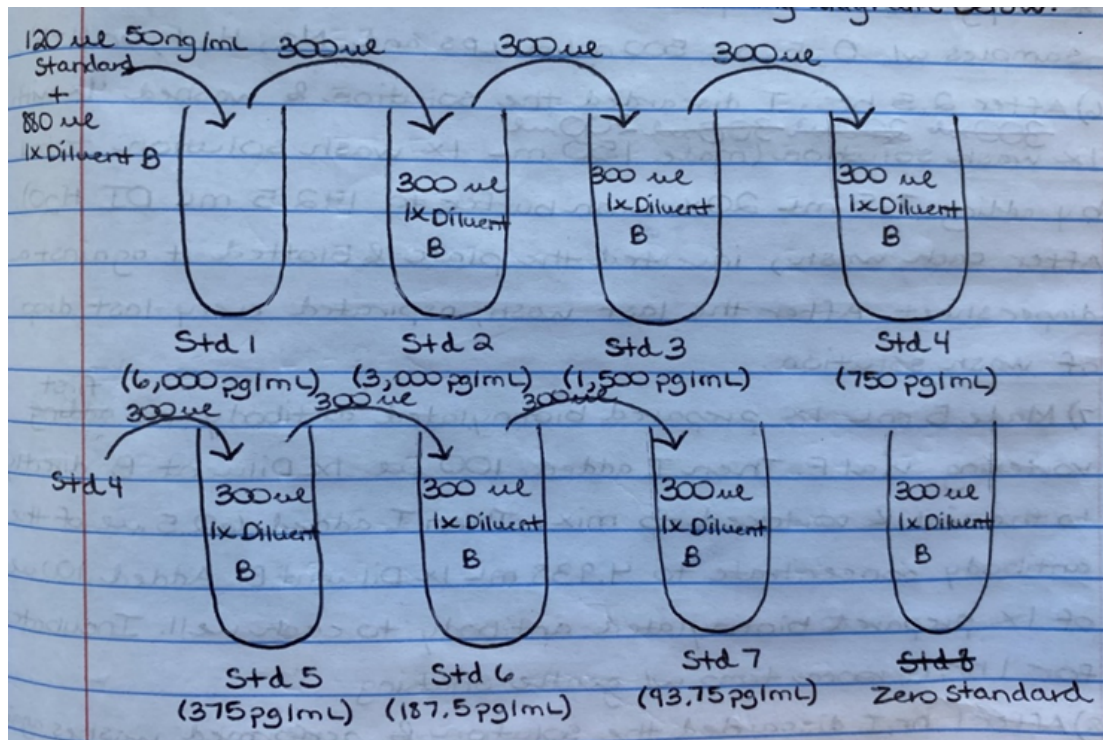
**14** Standard Preparation:

**14.1** Gently vortex a vial of Standard Protein (Item C).

**14.2** Add 400 µL 1X Diluent B directly to Item C and gently vortex to mix.

**14.3** Add 120 µL diluted standard to 880 µL 1X Diluent B.

**14.4** Perform a serial dilution to achieve the required standard concentrations (see example below).



## 15 Sample Preparation:

### 15.1 Dilute samples in 1X Diluent B.

### 15.2 For RT4-D6P2T media samples, use a 1:2 or 1:1 dilution.

1:2 dilution: 83.3 µL sample + 166.7 µL 1X Diluent B

1:1 dilution: 125 µL sample + 125 µL 1X Diluent B

## 16 Add 100 µL of each standard and sample into the appropriate wells of the 96-well plate following the plate layout (see example plate layout below).

STD1	STD1	Sample 1	Sample 1	Sample 1	Sample 9	Sample 9	Sample 9
STD2	STD2	Sample 2	Sample 2	Sample 2	Sample 10	Sample 10	Sample 10
STD3	STD3	Sample 3	Sample 3	Sample 3	Sample 11	Sample 11	Sample 11
STD4	STD4	Sample 4	Sample 4	Sample 4	Sample 12	Sample 12	Sample 12
STD5	STD5	Sample 5	Sample 5	Sample 5			
STD6	STD6	Sample 6	Sample 6	Sample 6			
STD7	STD7	Sample 7	Sample 7	Sample 7			
ZERO STD	ZERO STD	Sample 8	Sample 8	Sample 8			

**17** Cover the plate and incubate for 2.5 hours on a rocker at room temperature.

**18** While waiting, prepare the desired volume of 1X wash solution by adding DI H<sub>2</sub>O to 20X wash buffer.

**19** Antibody Preparation:

**19.1** Gently vortex the detection antibody (Item F).

**19.2** Add 100 µL 1X Diluent B directly to the vial and gently pipette up and down to mix.

**19.3** Dilute the detection antibody concentrate 80-fold using 1X Diluent B.

**20** After 2.5 hours, discard the solution from each well.

**21** Wash each well 4x with 1X wash solution. After each wash, invert the plate and blot it against a diaper sheet until the diaper sheet becomes dry. After the last wash, aspirate every last drop of wash solution.

**22** Add 100  $\mu$ L of the prepared detection antibody to each well, cover the plate, and incubate for 1 hour on a rocker at room temperature.

**23** HRP-Streptavidin Preparation:

**23.1** Gently vortex HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix.

**23.2** Dilute the HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate 200-fold using 1X Diluent B.

**24** After 1 hour, discard the solution from each well and repeat washes following Step 10.

- 25** Add 100  $\mu$ L of the prepared HRP-Streptavidin solution to each well, cover the plate, and incubate for 45 minutes on a rocker at room temperature.
- 26** After 45 minutes, discard the solution from each well and repeat washes following Step 10.
- 27** Add 100  $\mu$ L TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well, cover the plate completely in aluminum foil, and incubate for 30 minutes on a rocker at room temperature in the dark.
- 28** After 30 minutes, add 50  $\mu$ L Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Immediately read the plate on the plate reader at 450 nm.
- 29** Plot the standard curve (see example below). Use the standard curve to approximate the concentration of TNF-alpha present in each sample. NOTE: Do not forget to correct for the dilution factor (for example, if you did a 1:1 dilution, multiply the TNF-alpha concentrations by 2).



