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BAF_Protocol_015_ 3-NPH derivatization of short chain fatty acid

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Protocol status: Working
We use this protocol and it's
working

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Abstract

Short Chain Fatty Acid derivitization before MS analysis.



Materials

- 1. 3-Nitrophenylhydrazine hydrochloride (3-NPH) --> Sigma N21804-5G
- 2. Butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT) --> Sigma PHR1117-1g
- 3. N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (ED) --> Sigma E1769- 5g
- 4. Pyridine --> Sigma 270970 100 mL
- 5. Valeric acid --> Sigma 75054-1mL
- 6. Isovaleric acid --> Sigma 78651- 1mL
- 7. Hexanoic acid (caproic acid) --> Sigma 21529 1mL
- 8. 4-Methylvaleric acid (Isocaproic acid) --> Sigma 277827 1mL
- 9. Butyric acid --> Sigma 19215 5 mL
- 10. Isobutyric acid --> Sigma 46935-U 500mg
- 11. Lactic acid --> Sigma L6661 100 mL
- 12. Acetic acid --> Sigma 338826 25 mL
- 13. Column: Waters ACQUITY UHPLC BEH C18 1.7 um, 2.1 x 150 mm 186002353
- 14. Thermo Optima 0.1% FA (formic acid) in water LS118-4
- 15. Thermo Optima Methanol A456-212
- 16. Thermo Autosampler vials 0.25 mL 14-823-136
- 17. Thermo Orange caps 14-823-380
- 18. Fisherbrand Standard Pipette Tips (200 uL Yellow) 2707502
- 19. Thermo Orbitrap ID-X FETD1-10001
- 20. Thermo Vanquish Duo UHPLC



Samples

Refer to BAF_Protocol_008 Metabolomics: Soluble Metabolite Extraction for soluble metabolite extraction of a sample of interest and dry the extracted metabolites.

Derivatization reagents: prepare all fresh

- 2 Reagent powder storage: EDC is stored at -20C, all others are at room temperature. Prepare working solutions on small glass botles.
- 3 **250 nM 3-NPH solution** as derivatization agent in 50% methanol:
 - --> dissolve 47.4 mg of 3-NPH in 1 mL of 50% methanol
- 4 **2 mg/mL BHT** in 100% methanol:
 - --> dissolve 2 mg in 1 mL methanol.
- 5 150 mM EDC (stored at -20C) in 100% methanol:
 - --> dissolve 28.75 mg in 1 mL methanol.
- 6 **7,5% pyridine** in 75% methanol.
 - --> add 750 uL in 9.25 mL of 75% methanol.

Standards and standard curve

- 7 Prepare a stock solution of each standard at 10 mg/mL in 75% MeOH. Use the stock solution to generate a 1000 ug/mL
- 8 Prepare standard curve:

A	В	С	D	E	F
Workings olution (u g/mL)	Workings olution vol (uL)	Diluent vol (uL)	Final Con c. (ug/mL)	ng/mL	Dilution le vel
1000	1000	0	1000	1E6	
100	100	900	100	100,000	L1
10	100	900	10	10,000	L2



A	В	С	D	E	F
1	100	900	1	1000	L3
0.1	100	900	0.1	100	L4
0.01	100	900	0.01	10	L5
0.001	100	900	0.001	1	L6

Derivatization reaction

- 9 Solubilize metabolite extracts in 4 100 µL of 75% methanol Add 4 50 µL of each into a clean new Eppendorf tube
- 10 Add 🚨 50 µL of each standard curve level into a clean new Eppendorf tube
- 11 To each sample or standard add:

 \perp 50 µL of 150 mM EDC,

 \perp 50 µL of 7,5% pyridine,

Incubate in thermomixer at 30 °C

- 12 To quench the reaction, add 4 50 µL of BHT
- 13 Dilute with \perp 250 µL of water making a total of volume of \perp 500 µL and to achieve 40% methanol at final sample.
- 14 Samples are ready to be analyzed by LC-MS/MS. Use 40% methanol as blank runs.

LC-MS/MS parameters - Vanquish UPLC

15 Column: Acquity UPLC BEH C-18 1.7 um 2.1 x 150 mm (Waters)

Solvent A: 0.1% FA in water

Solvent B: 0.1% FA in 90% methanol

Flow = 0.250 ml/min.

Gradient:



0-1 min 50%B; 1-5 min 70% B; 5-8 min 98% B; 8-13 98% B; 13-13.1 min 15%B.

Mass spectrometer parameters - Orbitrap ID-X

16 Full scan parameter

MS1 Res = 120,000

Range = 67-1000

RF Lens = 60

AGC = 25%

Max IT (ms) = 50

Polarity = Negative

PRM parameters:

CE=30

Res: 50,000

Isolation window: 1.5

AGC: 50

MaxIT (ms): 86 Polarity = Negative

Targeted masses:

Molecule Name	Molecule Formula	Precursor Adduct	Precursor m/z (detected exact mass)	Precursor charge	CE
lso/valeric acid	C5H10O2	[M-H]	236.0726	-1	30
Iso/caproic acid	C6H12O2	[M-H]	250.0864	-1	30
Propionic acid	C3H6O2	[M-H]	208.0452	-1	30
Lactic acid	C5H10O2	[M-H]	224.0379	-1	30
lso/butyric acid	C4H8O2	[M-H]	222.0589	-1	30
Acetate	C2H4O2	[M-H]	194.0312	-1	30

Analyze data using Skyline.



Protocol references

Han J, Gagnon S, Eckle T, Borchers CH. Metabolomic analysis of key central carbon metabolism carboxylic acids as their 3-nitrophenylhydrazones by UPLC/ESI-MS. Electrophoresis. 2013 Oct;34(19):2891-900. doi: 10.1002/elps.201200601. Epub 2013 Jul 8. PMID: 23580203; PMCID: PMC4033578.