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Mar 13, 2021

Chimeric Protein-LAG and Streptococcal protein G sandwich ELISA

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1 Works for me dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.btbcniiw

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ABSTRACT

This ELISA was used to study the interactions between protein-LAG (PLAG) and streptococcal protein-G (SpG) with different immunoglobulin preparations of mammalian and avian species.

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.btbcniiw

PROTOCOL CITATION

Angel A Justiz-Vaillant 2021. Chimeric Protein-LAG and Streptococcal protein G sandwich ELISA. **protocols.io**

https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.btbcniiw

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CREATED

Mar 13, 2021

LAST MODIFIED

Mar 13, 2021

PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

48196

- This ELISA was used to study the interactions between protein-LAG (PLAG) and streptococcal protein-G (SpG) with different immunoglobulin preparations of mammalian and avian species. The 96 well microtiter plate was coated overnight at 4°C with 2 μg/μl per well of PLAG in carbonate-bicarbonate buffer pH 9.6.
- The plate was then treated with bovine serum albumin solution and washed 4X with PBS-Tween. 50 μl of immunoglobulins (1 mg/ml) is added and incubated for 1h at room temperature, and the microplate is rewashed 4X with PBS-Tween.

- Then, 50 μL of peroxidase-labeled SpG conjugate diluted 1:5000 in PBS-non-fat milk was added to each well and incubated for 1h at RT. The plate was washed 4X with PBS-Tween.
- Then, $50~\mu L$ of o-phenylenediamine solution (4 mg/mL) was added, and the plate was incubated for 15 min at RT in the dark. The reaction was stopped with $50~\mu L$ of a 3M H2SO4 solution.
- The plate was visually assessed for color development and read on a microplate reader at 492 nm. A cut-off point was calculated as the mean of the optical density of the negative controls multiplied by two. The cut-off value was set to 0.30.