



Mar 31,  
2020

# CODEX Acquisition Protocol

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**1** Works for me [dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bdifi4bn](https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bdifi4bn)

Human BioMolecular Atlas Program (HuBMAP) Method Development Community

## ABSTRACT

Multiplex imaging of lymph node, thymus and spleen is accomplished using the Akoya Biosciences CODEX system at the HubMAP Tissue Mapping Center at the University of Florida, TMC-UF.

This protocol is an overview of the CODEX raw data acquisition process guided by the CODEX Instrument Manager (CIM), which is part of the CODEX Software Suite. The CODEX Instrument Manager is necessary to perform CODEX experiments. It controls the fluidics of the CODEX instrument the integration and synchronization with the Keyence microscope, image data formatting and facilitates transfer of data to the analysis computer.

For more information, consult the Akoya Biosciences CODEX User Manual - A.0.

## THIS PROTOCOL ACCOMPANIES THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATION

CODEX User Manual-REV A.0.© 2019 by Akoya Biosciences, Inc.

## GUIDELINES

Imageable tissue thickness:  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$

Maximum biomarker capacity: Up to 35 cycles (or 105 markers)

## MATERIALS

NAME	CATALOG #	VENDOR
KimWipes		Fischer Scientific
DMSO	BP231	Fisher Scientific
Premium Microcentrifuge Tubes: 1.5mL, Amber; 1.5mL; O.D. x L: 10.8 x 40.6mm	05408134	Thermo Fisher
10X Codex Buffer	232119	Akoya Biosciences
Codex Gaskets	7000004	Akoya Biosciences
EMS Glass Cover Slips 22 mm X 22 mm #1 1/2	72204-01	Electron Microscopy Sciences
Nuclear Stain CODEX Reagent		Akoya Biosciences
Dumont #5/45 - Cover Slip Forceps	11251-33	Fine Science Tools
50 ml Beaker		Fisher Scientific

## MATERIALS TEXT

Distilled water or Milli-Q ultrapure water

DMSO is readily absorbed through the skin. Wear nitrile gloves when handling. Dispose of waste according to local regulations.

- Allow for 96-well plate containing the Reporter Master Mix solutions and antibody stained-tissue sections to equilibrate to room temperature for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- Dilute sufficient 10X CODEX buffer to 1X CODEX buffer 1:10 with ddH<sub>2</sub>O to complete the number of cycles in the experiment according to the chart below. Fill CODEX instrument bottles with 1X codex buffer, ddH<sub>2</sub>O and DMSO.

Number of Cycles*	10x CODEX Buffer	ddH2O	1x CODEX Buffer	DMSO
[ml]	[ml]	[ml]	[ml]	
5	31	281	312	236
8	44	394	438	318
10	53.5	480.5	534	386
12	63.5	570.5	634	454
15	78.5	705.5	784	556
18	93.5	840.5	934	658
20	103.5	930.5	1034	726
25	128.5	1155.5	1284	896

## Set up CODEX experiment

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### 1.1 Launch Codex Instrument Management Software.

1.2 Select the **Experiment** Tab to start the run.

1.3 Select **New Template** for inputting experimental settings from scratch or **Open Template** to modify an exiting template,

1.4 Input the Project and Experiment name.

Use the naming format of: src\_CX\_<lab-caseID>\_<tissue-id>\_<block-id>\_<DATE[MMDDYY]>

1.5 Input the Start Cycle Well and Number of Cycles in agreement with the 96-well reporter plate to be used for this experiment.

1.6 Within the table, for each cycle, enter the Marker Name, Exposure time, and Class. Marker names should follow the convention agreed to by the HubMap Consortium



The first and last cycles contain nuclear stain only and are labeled **BLANK** for both marker and class. Any unused wells (no marker) are labeled **EMPTY** for both marker and class.

- 1.7 Select the number of Z-Planes to image. For a 5um section, 11 planes are standard.  
An uneven section, large region of acquisition or thicker section all require increases in number of Z-planes.  
The software will alter this number based on the formula provided below the input box, resulting in a number that is less than the set.point
- 1.8 Enter the **Operator Name**.
- 1.9 **Click Validate Experiment** to confirm there are no errors within the experimental design.
- 1.10 Press **Save Template** or **Save Template As** to save the experimental setting if needed, **Save Template As** can be used to avoid over writing previous settings.
- 2 Setup the CODEX instrument with the start-up Wizard
- 2.1 Press **Start Experiment**.
- 2.2 The initial pop-up will describe each of the steps used in the Wizard. Press **Next**.


#### loading a blank coverslip and priming the instrument


- 2.3 Fill the water bottle with distilled water, at least 100mL.  
Fill bottle 2 with DMSO and fill Bottle 1 with 1x CODEX buffer according to the set-up chart in **Guidelines & Warnings**. Make sure to reconnect all lines and to firm all caps on the corresponding bottles.
- 2.4 Check that the waste bottle is empty and the 4 buffer reservoirs located inside the instrument are empty and clean.
- 2.5 Prepare Stage Insert for priming the instrument. Follow the steps below to load a **blank** coverslip.
- 3 :Untwist the two wing knobs on the coverslip stage to remove the lid holding the fluidic line
- 3.1 If running 2 experiments back to back, first remove old cover slip, using bent angle forceps. Rinse area well with deionized water. Wipe dry with kimwipe.
- 3.2 Soak two gaskets in 1X CODEX buffer for at least 10 minutes.
- 3.3 Place the first gasket into the divots at the center of the stage. Tap gently with forceps to be sure it is well seated. Place a clean coverslip (required for priming) on top of the first gasket. If a sample coverslip is inserted, confirm that the tissue is facing upwards. Tap the edges of the coverslip to make sure it is adhered to the first gasket. Quickly place the second gasket on top of the coverslip.
- 3.4 Check that the gaskets and coverslip are inserted squarely into the stage. Place the metal top plate on the stage insert and lock it in place by turning the wing knobs.
- 3.5 Place loaded stage insert into dedicated holder to support it and keep it level during priming.
- 4 After setting up the stage with a **blank** coverslip, Click **next** to initiate the start-up wizard.
- 4.1 Click **Check Fluidics**.



- Confirm the pitch is set to 1.5 and define a stitch area ( i.e. 9X9). Set the Z-planes so that the best focus is the middle point of the Z-stack. Check multiple areas of the image area to be sure that the Z-stack has sufficient depth to capture the best focus over the entire image.

- ## Post Run Clean Instrument Wash

-  This should be performed immediately following every CODEX run. It will take approximately 5 minutes to complete.

-  DMSO is present in all reservoirs and in the waste bottle, dispose of liquids properly.

8 Maintenance Wash

- 8.1 Maintenance Wash should be performed Weekly during daily use of the instrument or Monthly for less frequent use of the instrument.  
A blank coverslip needs to be in the stage insert. Both Bottle 1 and Bottle 2 caps are placed in the water bottle. This will ensure full cleaning of all lines.
- 8.2 Select **Maintenance Wash** from the **Maintenance** tab.
- 8.3 When the Maintenance wash is completed return the fluid lines to their respective bottles. Remove and discard the coverslip. Wash the gaskets the stage insert with distilled water. Store them dry and covered with a kim wipe to avoid dust.
- 8.4 Empty waste bottle.  
Turn off robot.  
Close CODEX driver software and power off the CIM computer.

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