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Protocol for 6mA labeling and HMW DNA extraction from fresh frozen human brain samples

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Protocol status: Working

We use this protocol and it's working

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Abstract

This protocol details the procedure of 6mA labeling and HMW DNA extraction of fresh frozen brain tissue. The protocol is inspired by Fiber-seq.

CITATION

Stergachis AB, Debo BM, Haugen E, Churchman LS, Stamatoyannopoulos JA (2020). Single-molecule regulatory architectures captured by chromatin fiber sequencing.. Science (New York, N.Y.). LINK

https://doi.org/10.1126/science.aaz1646

Attachments



irgkbewa7.pdf

192KB



Materials

Prepare buffers (Volumes above are indicated per sample):

10x stocks of Wash buffer base (no spermidine/Tween) and Labeling buffer base (no spermidine/SAM/Hia5).

2 mL Wash buffer \rightarrow take $488 \,\mu$ L and add Digitonin + 50XProtInh to make **Lysis buffer**.

Make [M] 25 millimolar (mM) spermidine stocks fresh monthly and store at \$\mathbb{8} -20 \cdot \mathbb{C}\$.

Add \perp 2 μ L spermidine (liquid, \sim [M] 6.38 Molarity (M)) to \perp 350 μ L [M] 0.1 Molarity (M) HCl and

 \bot 160 μL H2O − check pH with strips!

A	В	С	D			
10X Wash/Lysis base (10X-WLB) (200uL / sample)						
	Stock	Final for 10X	V (uL)			
Tris-HCl pH 7.4	1000 mM	100 mM	100			
NaCl	5000 mM	100 mM	20			
Water			880			
Total			1000			

A	В	С	D				
10)	10X Hia5 labeling base (10X-H5B) (20uL / sample)						
	Stock	Final for 10X	V (uL)				
Tris-HCI pH 8	1000 mM	150 mM	150				
NaCl	5000 mM	150 mM	30				
KCI	1000 mM	600 mM	600				
EDTA pH 8	500 mM	10 mM	20				
EDTA pH 8	250 mM	5 mM	20				
Water			180				
Total			1000				

	A	В	С	D	E		
	1X Wash buffer						



A	В	С	D	E
	Stock	Final	V (uL)	X5
10X WLB	10 X	1 X	230	1150
BSA	10%	0.10%	23	115
Spermidine pH 7.4	25 mM	0.5 mM	46	230
Tween-20	10%	0.10%	23	115
Water			1978	9890
Total			2300	11500

A	В	С	D	E	
1X Lysis buffer					
	Stock	Final	V (uL)	X5	
Wash buffer			488	2440	
Digitonin	5%	0.02%	2	10	
ProteaseInh	50 X	1 X	10	50	
Total			500	2500	

A	В	С	D	E	
1X Hia5 labeling buffer					
	Stock	Final	V (uL)	X5	
10X-H5B	10 X	1 X	20	100	
BSA	10	0.1	2	10	
Spermidine pH 7.4	25	0.5	4	20	
SAM	32	0.8	5	25	
Hia5 enzyme	250	5	4	20	
Water			165	825	
Total			200	1000	



6mA labeling and HMW DNA extraction

- Place the Dounce homogenizer and pestles On ice, chill the centrifuge to 4 °C and preheat the ThermoMixer to 37 °C.
- 2 **Carefully** transfer 3-4 (→ + 2 mm diameter) tissue punch biopsies (~ ∠ 25 mg) to the chilled Dounce homogenizer.

Note

Keep the Dounce homogenizer on ice during the entire disruption process.

- Add \perp 500 μ L of the 1X Lysis buffer and let the tissue thaw for \bigcirc 00:01:00 .
- 4 Gently homogenize the tissue 10X with pestle A and 10X with B.
- 4.1 Push the tissue with the pestle firmly into the bottom of the Dounce chamber with each stroke (Down + Up = 1X).
- 4.2 Keep the tissue between tip of pestle and the bottom of the Dounce chamber for thorough homogenization.
- 4.3 Homogenate may become foamy, but this is not a cause for concern.

Note

In the next step, transfer any foam that forms.

- 5 Incubate S On ice for 5 00:05:00 before adding Δ 1000 μL of 1X Wash buffer.

5m

6 Transfer the lysate to a 2 mL Protein LoBind microcentrifuge tube.



7 Rinse the pestles and homogenizer with the remaining $\Delta 500~\mu L$ 1X Wash buffer and add to the sample.



Pellet homogenate by centrifuging at 9700 x g and 4 4 °C for 00:05:00.

Discard supernatant.



5m

- Resuspend the pellet in Δ 200 μ L of 1X Hia5 labeling buffer use a Δ 1 mL or wide bore tip.
- Incubate on a ThermoMixer at \$ 37 °C and \$ 900 rpm for \$ 00:30:00.



- 11 Continue with Circulomics CBB Tissue protocol from step 8 onwards.
 - Continue with NEB Monarch HMW.

Nanopore sequencing (LSK-110, PromethION)



- According to ONT protocol Genomic DNA by Ligation (SQK-LSK110) with the following modifications:
- 12.1 Start with $\Delta 3 \mu g$ $\Delta 4 \mu g$ of HMW DNA in 150 uL and sheer 25x with a 26G needle or in Megaruptor to 35kb.
- 12.2 Adjust volumes end-prep and FFPE repair step accordingly (i.e. vol x 3), omit control strand (CS).
- 12.3 Extend end-prep and FFPE repair steps from 00:05:00 to 00:30:00 (i.e. 30min at 20 °C and 30 min at 65 °C).
- 35m

12.4 Extend ligation step to 01:00:00 at 8 Room temperature.

1h

12.5 Elute the AMPure cleanups for 00:10:00 and 00:20:00 after the end-prep and ligation steps.

30m



12.6 This should yield a ~3x library, aim to load near the high end of the 5-50fmol range, typically \sim \perp 8 μ L .

Note

Note 1:Library prep yield is typically 30-50%.

Note 2:The amount loaded can be reduced during subsequent flushes to balance seq yield with # flushes.

Citations

Stergachis AB, Debo BM, Haugen E, Churchman LS, Stamatoyannopoulos JA. Single-molecule regulatory architectures captured by chromatin fiber sequencing.

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