



Sep 01, 2022

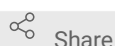
Top Down Proteomics Data Collection for Microdissected Pancreas Tissue Functional Units

Forked from [Top Down Proteomics Data Collection for Microdissected Kidney Tissue Functional Units](#)

James M Fulcher¹, Isaac Kwame Attah¹, Mowei Zhou¹, Ljiljana.PasaTolic¹

¹Pacific Northwest National Laboratory

In Development



Share

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.261ge3pw7l47/v1

Human BioMolecular Atlas Program (HuBMAP) Method Development Community

PNNL-TTD



Mowei Zhou

Pacific Northwest National Laboratory

ABSTRACT

The protocol describes how to use laser capture microdissection (LCM) to cut small regions of interest (~200-300 μ m) from tissue sections. This is followed by top down proteomics analysis by liquid chromatography - mass spectrometry (LC-MS).

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.261ge3pw7l47/v1

PROTOCOL CITATION

James M Fulcher, Isaac Kwame Attah, Mowei Zhou, Ljiljana.PasaTolic 2022. Top Down Proteomics Data Collection for Microdissected Pancreas Tissue Functional Units. **protocols.io**

<https://protocols.io/view/top-down-proteomics-data-collection-for-microdissection-cfzatp2e>



FUNDERS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

National Institutes of Health (NIH) Common Fund, Human Biomolecular Atlas Program (HuBMAP)

Grant ID: UG3CA256959-01

FORK NOTE

FORK FROM

Forked from [Top Down Proteomics Data Collection for Microdissected Kidney Tissue Functional Units](#), Mowei Zhou

KEYWORDS

proteoform, top down proteomics, LCMS

LICENSE

————— This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](#), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

CREATED

Aug 30, 2022

LAST MODIFIED

Sep 01, 2022

PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

69378

MATERIALS TEXT

- LC solvents

Mobile phase A (MPA): 0.2% formic acid in water (LCMS grade)

Mobile phase B (MPB): 0.2% formic acid in acetonitrile (LCMS grade)

- Instrumentation

NanoAcquity

liquid chromatography

Waters **186016002**

Dual pump configuration with autosampler

186016007

Orbitrap Lumos

Mass spectrometer

Thermo IQLAEGAAPFADBMBHQ [↗](#)

- QC sample

Shewanella oneidensis MR-1 cell culture

Homogenization buffer (HB) : 8M urea solution (480 mg/mL) in 50 mM ammonium bicarbonate with 15 mM TCEP

Wash Buffer (WB): 0.2% formic acid, 5% acetonitrile (LC-MS grade solvents)

Liquid chromatography (LC) method setup

1 Set up reversed-phase LC system with online trapping for desalting.

Dual pump configuration

Mobile phase A (MPA): 0.2% formic acid in water (LCMS grade)

Mobile phase B (MPB): 0.2% formic acid in acetonitrile (LCMS grade)

NanoAcquity

liquid chromatography

Waters 186016002

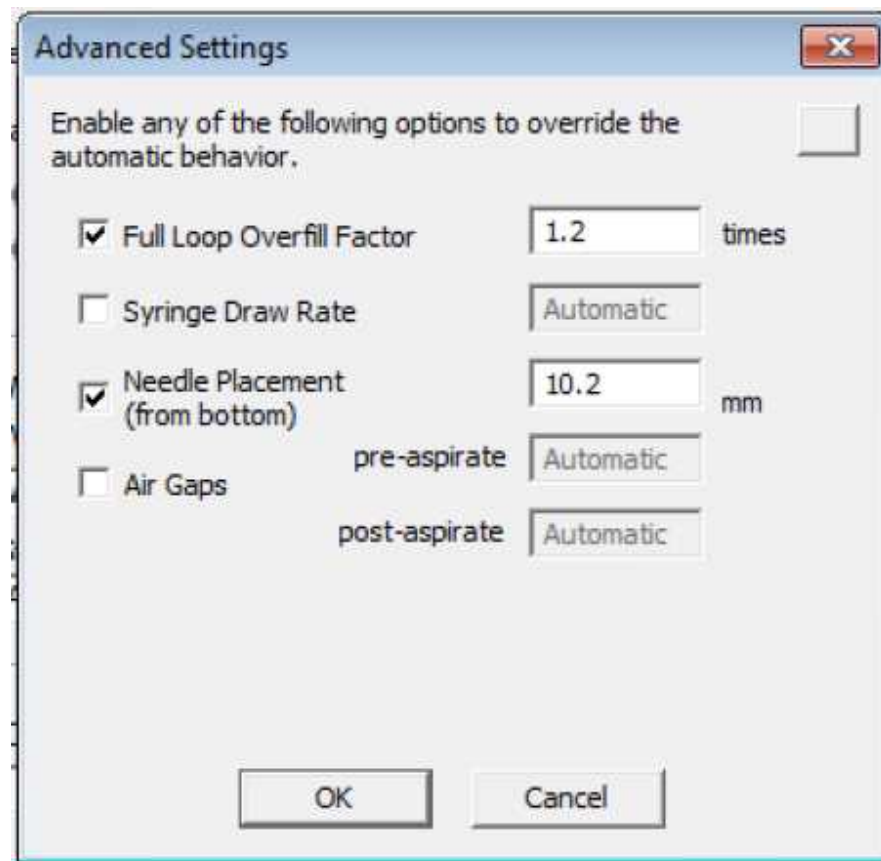
Dual pump configuration with autosampler

186016007

1.1

Prepare the method for autosampler for microPOTS samples.

For samples processed by the microPOTS protocol cited below, the LC vials will hold PCR tubes inside. The height of the syringe in the autosampler must be adjusted to avoid damage to the needle. This can be accessed within the nanoACQUITY Sample Manager Software. Select the autosampler and the "advanced" options. Under this tab, check the "Needle Placement (from bottom)" box. Adjust the needle placement to 10.2 mm from the bottom of the LC vial.



Laser Capture Microdissection of Tissue Functional Units for
microPOTS Top-Down Proteomics
by **james.fulcher**

1.2 Set up gradient method for samples.

10m

Wash pump: 5 μ L/min, 95% MPA, 5% MPB. Loading time 10 min.

Gradient pump: 0.3 μ L/min

0 min: 95% MPA, 5% MPB

1 min: 90% MPA, 10% MPB

90 min: 40% MPA, 60% MPB

100 min: 95% MPA, 5% MPB

Blank runs with high % MPR into both the trap and the analytical column can

Blank runs with high %MeOH into both the trap and the analytical column can be added in between samples to minimize carry over. However, for the low sample loading in this case, blank is not absolutely necessary.

Mass spectrometer (MS) method setup

2 Calibrate and set up the mass spectrometer method for sample runs.

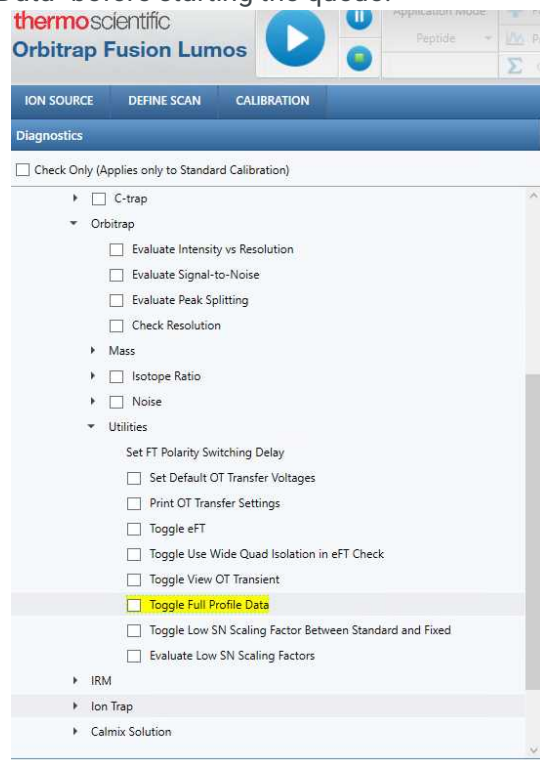
2.1 Perform both mass and system calibration following instrument vendor's recommendation. 30m

At minimum, "positive polarity" and "Orbitrap mass" calibrations need to be completed. System calibration is strongly recommended to ensure good performance for "Intact protein mode" and ETD.

2.2 1m

(Optional) Turn on full profile mode.

Under "Diagnosis" - "System" - "Orbitrap" - "Utilities", check "Toggle Full Profile Data" before starting the queue.



Full profile mode will generate ~10 GB files per 100 min run. The raw data will save all the baseline signal (including noise), which may increase the likelihood of capturing low abundance species. Remember to toggle off the full profile mode after the queue to reset the instrument for regular experiments.

2.3 Set up the data dependent acquisition method with the following parameters.

ETD method was used to obtain higher sequence coverage than CID for characterizing proteoforms. In addition, a ETD method with inclusion list for histones was used on some replicates to improve the analysis of histone modifications.

Sample method - CID

Global Settings
Use Static Source Gasses
Use Ion Source Settings from Tune = Checked
Method Duration (min)= 100
Spray Voltage = Static
Gas Mode = Static
Infusion Mode (LC)= False
FAIMS Mode = Not Installed
Application Mode = Peptide
Pressure Mode = Standard
Default Charge State = 6
Advanced Peak Determination = True
Experiment 1
Experiment Name = MS
Start Time (min) = 0
End Time (min) = 100

Scan MasterScan
Desired minimum points across the peak = 6
MSn Level = 1
Use Wide Quad Isolation = True
Detector Type = Orbitrap
Orbitrap Resolution = 120K
Mass Range = Normal
Scan Range (m/z) = 500-2000

Maximum Injection Time (ms) = 500
 AGC Target = 1000000
 Normalized AGC Target = 250%
 Microscans = 2
 Maximum Injection Time Type = Custom
 RF Lens (%) = 30
 Use ETD Internal Calibration = False
 DataType = Profile
 Polarity = Positive
 Source Fragmentation = False
 Scan Description =
 Enhanced Resolution Mode = Off

Filter ChargeState
 Include charge state(s) = 3-35
 Include undetermined charge states = False

Filter DynamicExclusion
 Exclude after n times = 1
 Exclusion duration (s) = 30
 Mass Tolerance = mz
 Mass tolerance low = 1
 Mass tolerance high = 1
 Use Common Settings = False
 Exclude isotopes = True
 Perform dependent scan on single charge state per precursor only = True

Data Dependent Properties
 Data Dependent Mode= Number of Scans
 Number of Dependent Scans= **1 (for sample run); 4 or 8 (for library run)**

Scan Event 1

Scan ddMSnScan
 Desired minimum points across the peak = 6
 MSn Level = 2
 Isolation Mode = Quadrupole
 Enable Intelligent Product Acquisition for MS2 Isolation = False
 Isolation Window = 2
 Isolation Offset = Off
 Reported Mass = Original Mass
 Multi-notch Isolation = False
 Scan Range Mode = Auto
 Scan Priority= 1
 Collision Energy Mode = Fixed
 ActivationType = CID

Collision Energy (%) = 35
Activation Time (ms) = 10
Activation Q = 0.25
Multistage Activation = False
Detector Type = Orbitrap
Orbitrap Resolution = 60K
Maximum Injection Time (ms) = 200
AGC Target = 500000
Inject ions for all available parallelizable time = False
Normalized AGC Target = 1000%
Microscans = 1
Maximum Injection Time Type = Custom
Use ETD Internal Calibration = False
DataType = Profile
Polarity = Positive
Source Fragmentation = False
Scan Description =
Time Mode = Unscheduled
Enhanced Resolution Mode = Off

Sample method - ETD

Global Settings
Use Static Source Gasses
Use Ion Source Settings from Tune = Checked
Method Duration (min)= 100
Spray Voltage = Static
Gas Mode = Static
Infusion Mode (LC)= False
FAIMS Mode = Not Installed
Application Mode = Peptide
Pressure Mode = Standard
Default Charge State = 6
Advanced Peak Determination = True
Experiment 1
Experiment Name = MS
Start Time (min) = 0
End Time (min) = 100

Scan MasterScan
Desired minimum points across the peak = 6
MSn Level = 1
Use Wide Quad Isolation = True
Detector Type = Orbitrap
Orbitrap Resolution = 120K

Mass Range = Normal
 Scan Range (m/z) = 500-2000
 Maximum Injection Time (ms) = 200
 AGC Target = 1000000
 Normalized AGC Target = 250%
 Microscans = 2
 Maximum Injection Time Type = Custom
 RF Lens (%) = 30
 Use ETD Internal Calibration = False
 DataType = Profile
 Polarity = Positive
 Source Fragmentation = False
 Scan Description =
 Enhanced Resolution Mode = Off

Filter ChargeState
 Include charge state(s) = 5-35
 Include undetermined charge states = False

Filter IntensityThreshold
 Maximum Intensity = 1E+20
 Minimum Intensity = 20000
 Relative Intensity Threshold = 20
 Intensity Filter Type = IntensityThreshold

Filter DynamicExclusion
 Exclude after n times = 1
 Exclusion duration (s) = 30
 Mass Tolerance = mz
 Mass tolerance low = 1
 Mass tolerance high = 1
 Use Common Settings = False
 Exclude isotopes = True
 Perform dependent scan on single charge state per precursor only = True

Data Dependent Properties
 Data Dependent Mode= Number of Scans
 Number of Dependent Scans= 5
 Scan Event 1

Filter PrecursorPriority
 HighestChargeState

Scan ddMSnScan
 Desired minimum points across the peak = 6
 MSn Level = 2

Isolation Mode = Quadrupole
 Enable Intelligent Product Acquisition for MS2 Isolation = False
 Isolation Window = 2
 Isolation Offset = Off
 Reported Mass = Original Mass
 Multi-notch Isolation = False
 Scan Range Mode = Auto
 Scan Priority = 1
 ActivationType = ETD
 Use calibrated charge dependent ETD parameters = False
 ETD Reaction Time (ms) = 15
 ETD Reagent Target = 700000
 Max ETD Reagent Injection Time (ms) = 200
 ETD Supplemental Activation = False
 Detector Type = Orbitrap
 Orbitrap Resolution = 60K
 Maximum Injection Time (ms) = 250
 AGC Target = 500000
 Inject ions for all available parallelizable time = False
 Normalized AGC Target = 1000%
 Microscans = 1
 Maximum Injection Time Type = Custom
 Use ETD Internal Calibration = False
 DataType = Profile
 Polarity = Positive
 Source Fragmentation = False
 Scan Description =
 Time Mode = Unscheduled
 Enhanced Resolution Mode = Off

Histone target inclusion list (H4 and H3) for ETD method

```

>>>>>>>>>> Mass List Table <<<<<<<<<<<<<<
CompoundName|      m/z| t start (min)| t stop (min)|
  H4 16+|    706.72|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me2|    707.59|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me3|    708.47|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me4|    709.34|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me5|    710.22|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me6|    711.1|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me7|    712.03|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me8|    712.91|      41|      45|
  H4 17+|    665.21|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me3|    666.85|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me4|    667.68|      41|      45|
  H4 Ac me5|    668.5|      41|      45|
  
```


Shen Y, Tolić N, Piehowski PD, Shukla AK, Kim S, Zhao R, Qu Y, Robinson E, Smith RD, Paša-Tolić L (2017). High-resolution ultrahigh-pressure long column reversed-phase liquid chromatography for top-down proteomics.. Journal of chromatography. A. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chroma.2017.01.008>

QC Sample information

Intact protein lysate from cultured *Shewanella oneidensis* MR-1 cells

Buffer preparation:

Homogenization buffer (**HB**) : 8M urea solution (480 mg/mL) in 50 mM ABC with 15 mM TCEP
Note: Use BondBreaker 0.5 M TCEP stock solution

Wash Buffer (**WB**): 0.2% formic acid, 5% acetonitrile
Note: Use LC-MS grade water

NOTE: Adjust centrifugal filtration speeds and times as appropriate for your sample type and filter size. It is recommended to do all spin steps at **10 °C** (8 M urea will freeze at **4 °C**).

1. Lyse cells or homogenize tissue in homogenization buffer (HB).
2. Incubate sample at room temperature for 30 min to extract and denature proteins
3. Centrifuge lysate at 14,000 x G, 10C for 10 minutes to pellet cell debris
4. Transfer supernatant to 100K MWCO filter and centrifuge at 14,000 x G until minimum volume is reached.
5. Wash 100K spin filter with 1X max volume of HB, spin at 14,000 x G until minimum volume is reached.
6. Transfer filtrate from 100K filter to a fresh 10K filter and centrifuge at 14,000 x G for time needed to get to minimum volume.
 - a. If needed, add multiple aliquots of filtrate from 100K filter to the same 10K filter
7. Wash 10K filter three times with wash buffer (WB) and spin to minimum volume each wash.
8. Perform Coomassie or BCA protein assay.
9. Dilute sample to 0.01 ug/uL in WB and aliquot 100 uL into separate 0.6 mL Eppendorf tubes with labels.

3.1 QC LCMS method

LC method

Wash pump: 5 μ L/min, 95% MPA, 5% MPB. Loading time 15 min.

Gradient pump: 0.3 μ L/min

0 min: 95% MPA, 5% MPB

180 min: 55% MPA, 45% MPB

Followed by a blank injection to wash the column before sample runs

MS method

Global Settings

Use Static Source Gasses

Use Ion Source Settings from Tune = Checked

Method Duration (min)= 180

Spray Voltage = Static

Gas Mode = Static

Infusion Mode (LC)= False

FAIMS Mode = Not Installed

Application Mode = Intact Protein

Pressure Mode = Low Pressure

Default Charge State = 10

Advanced Peak Determination = True

Experiment 1

Experiment Name = MS

Start Time (min) = 0

End Time (min) = 180

Scan MasterScan

Desired minimum points across the peak = 6

MSn Level = 1

Use Wide Quad Isolation = True

Detector Type = Orbitrap

Orbitrap Resolution = 120K

Mass Range = Normal

Scan Range (m/z) = 500-2000

Maximum Injection Time (ms) = 400

AGC Target = 1000000

Normalized AGC Target = 250%

Microscans = 4

Maximum Injection Time Type = Custom

RF Lens (%) = 30

Use ETD Internal Calibration = False

Data Type = Profile

Polarity = Positive

Source Fragmentation = True
 Energy (V) = 15
 Scan Description =
 Enhanced Resolution Mode = Off

Filter ChargeState
 Include charge state(s) = 4-35
 Include undetermined charge states = False

Filter DynamicExclusion
 Exclude after n times = 1
 Exclusion duration (s) = 30
 Mass Tolerance = mz
 Mass tolerance low = 1.5
 Mass tolerance high = 1.5
 Use Common Settings = False
 Exclude isotopes = True
 Perform dependent scan on single charge state per precursor only = True

Data Dependent Properties
 Data Dependent Mode= Number of Scans
 Number of Dependent Scans= 4

Scan Event 1

Scan ddMSnScan
 Desired minimum points across the peak = 6
 MSn Level = 2
 Isolation Mode = Quadrupole
 Enable Intelligent Product Acquisition for MS2 Isolation = False
 Isolation Window = 3
 Isolation Offset = Off
 Reported Mass = Original Mass
 Multi-notch Isolation = False
 Scan Range Mode = Define m/z range
 Scan Priority= 1
 Collision Energy Mode = Fixed
 ActivationType = CID
 Collision Energy (%) = 35
 Activation Time (ms) = 10
 Activation Q = 0.25
 Multistage Activation = False
 Detector Type = Orbitrap
 Orbitrap Resolution = 60K
 Scan Range (m/z) = 400-2000
 Maximum Injection Time (ms) = 200
 AGC Target = 500000

Inject ions for all available parallelizable time = False
Normalized AGC Target = 1000%
Microscans = 2
Maximum Injection Time Type = Custom
Use ETD Internal Calibration = False
DataType = Profile
Polarity = Positive
Source Fragmentation = False
Scan Description =
Time Mode = Unscheduled
Enhanced Resolution Mode = Off

Data collection and QC metric

- 4 Queue the QC sample before starting the samples using the LCMS method described in section 3. QC runs need to pass the metrics defined below. Once passed, queue the sample runs using the LCMS method described in section 2.

4.1 Evaluation of QC data (*Shewanella* lysate from section 3)

To quickly evaluate the QC data, open them in the Thermo Scientific Freestyle software or Xcalibur QualBrowser. The following metrics are inspected to ensure that the LCMS run meets the expected standard.

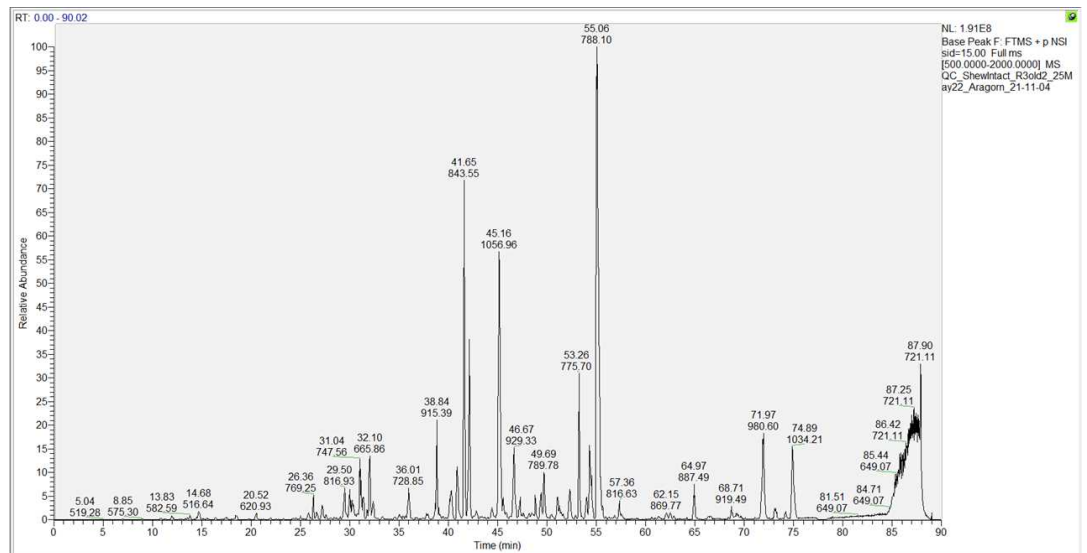
1. Signal levels

The intensity levels at the total ion current (TIC), base peak intensity (BPI), and the MS2 spectra are inspected to ensure that they meet the expected intensity levels. The TIC intensity levels are typically expected to be above the 1e10 level, BPI at or above 1e8 level, and the MS2 spectra ion current from 1e5 to 1e7 levels.

2. Chromatography

2a.

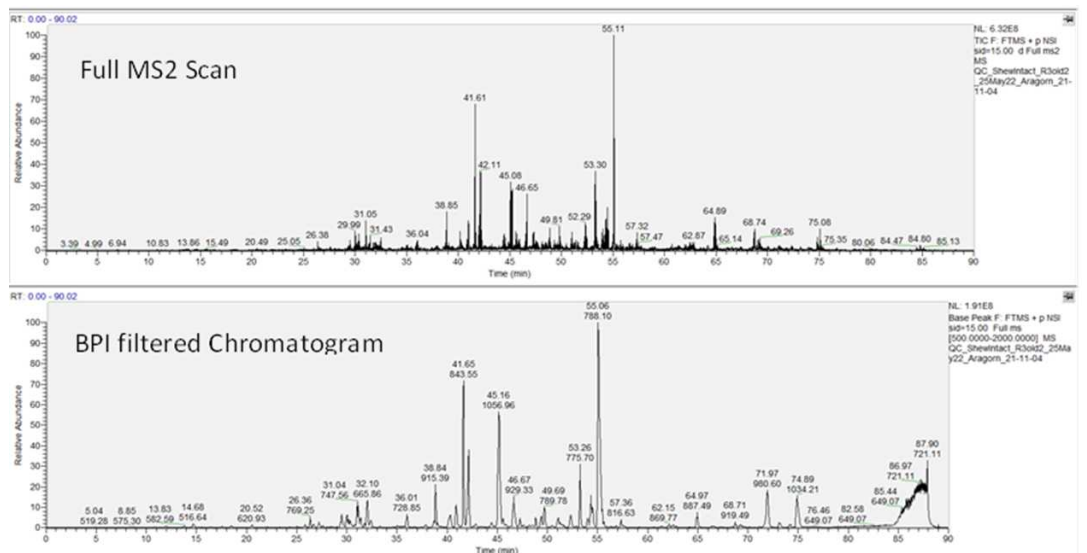
We look at the chromatography distribution using the base peak FTMS scan as filter to ensure that the eluted peaks are well distributed through the LC run. The chromatogram is filtered to show the BPI peaks and inspected to ensure no peak broadening (early or late) is observed.



Chromatogram filtered using the BPI to show the peak distribution.

2b.

The distribution of the MS2 peaks (fragmentation of peaks selected at the MS1 level) is inspected to evaluate how similar the distribution is to that of the MS1 level. The MS2 distribution is expected to emulate what is observed for the peak distribution of the MS1 when the BPI filter is applied, indicating that peak selection for fragmentation was performed at an appreciable level. To assess the MS2 fragmentation signal, the “full MS2” is applied as the filter to show the MS2 distribution through the whole experiment.



2c.

Finally, QC samples are analyzed with TopPIC to ensure appropriate number of proteoforms and proteoform spectrum matches (PrSMs) are being identified.

TopPIC Suite 1.4.13.1

[source](#) by Xiaowen Liu

Proteoforms are counted by opening the exported "..._proteoforms.tsv" file and PrSMs through the "..._PrSMs.tsv" file. The QC passing threshold for proteoforms is 1,000 and 2,000 for PrSMs.

Quality Assurance (QA) of HubMAP Samples

- 5 Perform proteoform identification using the "TopPIC processing" section in the following protocol.

James M Fulcher, Yen-Chen Liao, Mowei Zhou, Ljiljana.PasaTolic.
Proteoform Identification and Quantitation with TopPIC and TDPortal
for Human Tissues.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.3byl4bpj2vo5/v1>

- 5.1 Using the TopPIC PrSM results (after TopPICR post-processing), kidney samples are filtered based on the total number of PrSMs. A cutoff of 100 PrSMs was used to remove samples that were of lower quality.