

May 02, 2024



YDV Multiplex PCR

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.5qpvok5obl4o/v1

Stephen Byrne¹, Virgile Ballandras¹, Louise McNamara¹

¹Teagasc



Stephen Byrne

OPEN ACCESS



DOI: dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.5qpvok5obl4o/v1

Protocol Citation: Stephen Byrne, Virgile Ballandras, Louise McNamara 2024. YDV Multiplex PCR. protocols.io https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.5qpvok5obl4o/v1

License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Protocol status: Working We use this protocol and it's

working

Created: April 12, 2024

Last Modified: May 02, 2024

Protocol Integer ID: 98140

Keywords: yellow dwarf viruses, BYDV, CYDV, Multiplex PCR

Funders Acknowledgement:

Teagasc

Grant ID: RapID-Pest (1365) **Euphresco** network for phytosanitary research coordination and funding Grant ID: 2021-A-374



Disclaimer

DISCLAIMER - FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY; USE AT YOUR OWN RISK

The protocol content here is for informational purposes only and does not constitute legal, medical, clinical, or safety advice, or otherwise; content added to protocols.io is not peer reviewed and may not have undergone a formal approval of any kind. Information presented in this protocol should not substitute for independent professional judgment, advice, diagnosis, or treatment. Any action you take or refrain from taking using or relying upon the information presented here is strictly at your own risk. You agree that neither the Company nor any of the authors, contributors, administrators, or anyone else associated with protocols.io, can be held responsible for your use of the information contained in or linked to this protocol or any of our Sites/Apps and Services.

Abstract

This protocol describes the process of carrying out a multiplex PCR assay followed by capillary electrophoresis to detect C/BYDV and determine species (BYDV-MAV, BYDV-PAS, BYDV-PAV, CYDV (RPS or RPV)). The starting point for this is cDNA that has been synthesized from nucleic acid extracted from single aphids or leaf material - an internal control targeting GAPDH is included and primers can be selected depending on the sample matrix (aphid or barley). The BYDV primers were taken from:

Sõmera, M., Massart, S., Tamisier, L., Sooväli, P., Sathees, K. and Kvarnheden, A., 2021. A survey using high-throughput sequencing suggests that the diversity of cereal and barley yellow dwarf viruses is underestimated. Frontiers in Microbiology, 12, p.673218.

In-house sequence data was used to modify primers where necessary, add a primer for CYDV and an internal control for both aphid and barley samples. The CYDV primers captures both RPS and RPV (high resolution melt analysis may be required to distinguish these if required).



Materials

Equipment	
MiniAmp Plus Thermal Cycler	NAME
Applied Biosystems	BRAND
A37835	SKU

Equipment	
5200 Fragment Analyzer System	NAME
Capillary Electrophoresis	TYPE
Agilent Technologies	BRAND
M5310AA	SKU

Nuclease-free water Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich)

Ø dsDNA reagent kit (1-500 bp) Agilent Technologies Catalog #DNF-905

Protocol materials

Nuclease-free water Merck MilliporeSigma (Sigma-Aldrich)

2X QIAGEN Multiplex PCR Master Mix Qiagen Catalog #206143 Materials, Step 3

🔯 dsDNA reagent kit (1-500 bp) **Agilent Technologies Catalog #**DNF-905 Materials



Safety warnings



Please read SDS associated with various consumables and kits used in this protocol and wear appropriate PPE. A site specific procedural risk assessment should be carried out prior to introducing this protocol to the lab.

Before start

This protocol assumes that you have already isolated Total RNA from plant or insect material, and converted to cDNA using random hexamers. The protocol uses capillary electrophoresis for separation of PCR products; however it is also possible to separate and visualise using a high quality agarose gel electrophoresis method.



PCR protocol



- Identify samples for analysis, including positive (virus infected aphid/barley) and negative controls (virus free aphid/barley), a positive control consisting of a mix of gBlocks with sequences for all targets in the multiplex PCR, and a no-template control. Details on the gBlocks can be found here:
- Prepare the primer mix for the multiplex PCR (*YDVmixHV* when sample matrix is barley, or *YDVmixSA* when sample matrix is an aphid) using primers according to tables below. The primer mixes are prepared with each primer in the working solution at

 [M] 10 micromolar (µM)

YDVmixHV:

A	В
Primer Name	Primer Sequence
RpvF	CTCGTGGGCTATCGCTATGG
CydvR	TCATGGCGGAGCTCATGCAG
GAPDH-HV-F	GGAGTCCACCGGTGTTTTCA
GAPDH-HV-R	AGACAAACATGGGAGCGTCC
GavF	GTTACAAGATCACAAACGTCAAG
PasF	GAAGAGGCCAAATTCTATACC
PavF	CTTCACAATCAGCAGGAC
Yan R 24	TGTTGAGGRGTCTACCTATTTG

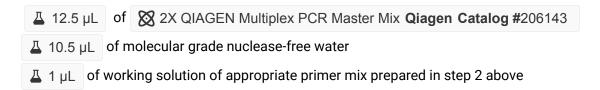
YDVmixSA:

A	В
Primer Name	Primer Sequence
RpvF	CTCGTGGGCTATCGCTATGG
CydvR	TCATGGCGGAGCTCATGCAG
GAPDH-SA-F	GGCGAAGTTTCTGTTGATGG
GAPDH-SA-R	CAGCACCAGCAGATCCCC
GavF	GTTACAAGATCACAAACGTCAAG
PasF	GAAGAGGCCAAATTCTATACC
PavF	CTTCACAATCAGCAGGAC



A	В
Yan R 24	TGTTGAGGRGTCTACCTATTTG

3 Prepare a master-mix for the number of samples to be run so that each well will contain:



Note: use of the QIAGEN Multiplex PCR Master Mix (or equivalent) is recommended - in the case of insect/plant/crop co-infection, each target is amplified with similar efficiencies (in contrast to other polymerase options). Using different enzymes will likely require some optimisation.

- 4 Pipette \perp 1 μ L of cDNA (or control) into each well of a PCR plate and keep on ice.
- 5 Pipette 🗸 24 µL of master-mix from step 3 into each well, seal the plate carefully with foil lid, and centrifuge the PCR plate briefly to ensure no droplets adhere to sides of sample wells.
- 6 Place the PCR plate in a

2h 30m

Equipment	
MiniAmp Plus Thermal Cycler	NAME
Applied Biosystems	BRAND
A37835	SKU

and run the following PCR cycle:

00:05:00 **₽** 95 °C



followed by 40 cycles of

- \$\cdot \text{95 °C} \text{ \cdot \text{\cdot \cdot \cdot
- 60 °C 🕙 00:01:30
- 72 °C 🕙 00:00:30

and a final elongation step of

Capillary Electrophoresis

2h

Bring all reagents from dsDNA reagent kit (1-500 bp; DNF-905) to room temperature by removing from the fridge and freezer at least 00:30:00 prior to setting up a run.

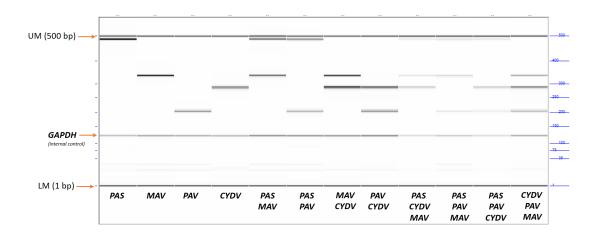
30m

- Set up a run on the 5200 Fragment Analyser by adding 1 mL of 1X Inlet Buffer into row A of the 1.2 ml deep 96-well plate (to make 12 mL fresh add 2.4 mL of 5X Inlet buffer to 9.6 mL of molecular grade water. Inlet buffer should be changed daily. Into the same plate place 1 mL of Capillary Storage solution into row H (note: the storage buffer only needs to be changed on a weekly basis). This plate needs to go into drawer "B" of the instrument.
- Add 30 µL of ready to use marker (1 and 500 bp) to row A of a compatible 96-well PCR plate and add a drop of miner oil (provided in kit) to each well and place plate into drawer "M" of the instrument. The marker is good for 30+ injections or 1 month.
- Prepare sufficient 1X conditioning solution for the number of samples you are going to run (e.g. 45 mL is sufficient for a single plate) and connect to correct fluid line.
- Prepare sufficient gel for the number of samples you are going to run (e.g. Δ 4.5 μ L added to Δ 45 mL of separation gel is sufficient for a single plate) and connect to correct fluid line.



- 13 Update the solution levels on instrument and commence a run using method appropriate for the DNF-905-dsDNA (1 to 500 bp) kit.

14



An example of results from running PCR products from an amplification with YDVmixSA primer mix and various control template mixes (gBlocks) - all have internal GAPDH control, and then different combinations of BYDV-PAS, BYDV-MAV, BYDV-PAV, CYDV.

Protocol references

Sõmera, M., Massart, S., Tamisier, L., Sooväli, P., Sathees, K. and Kvarnheden, A., 2021. A survey using high-throughput sequencing suggests that the diversity of cereal and barley yellow dwarf viruses is underestimated. *Frontiers in Microbiology*, *12*, p.673218.