



Aug 18, 2020

# Vezina Lab Vibratome Sectioning

Chad Vezina<sup>1</sup><sup>1</sup>UW- Madison

1

Works for me

This protocol is published without a DOI.

Anoop Chandrashekar

## PROTOCOL CITATION

Chad Vezina 2020. Vezina Lab Vibratome Sectioning. [protocols.io](https://protocols.io/view/vezina-lab-vibratome-sectioning-bjv3kn8n)  
<https://protocols.io/view/vezina-lab-vibratome-sectioning-bjv3kn8n>

## LICENSE

This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

## CREATED

Aug 18, 2020

## LAST MODIFIED

Aug 18, 2020

## PROTOCOL INTEGER ID

40603

### At least one day prior to starting

- 1 Make molds and vibratome blades
- 2 Soak forceps & molds in RNase inhibitor soln
- 3 Prep low-melt agarose

### Prepare sample tissues

- 4 Remove dehydrated tissue from -20°C storage
- 5 Rehydrate through series of MeOH / PBSTw washes at room temperature with rocking
  - a. 1 x 10 min with 75% MeOH / 25% PBSTw
  - b. 1 x 10 min with 50% MeOH / 50% PBSTw
  - c. 1 x 10 min with 25% MeOH / 75% PBSTw
  - d. 2 x 10 min with 100% PBSTw

### Embed tissue in agarose

- 6 Transfer one UGS into petri dish of PBSTw, use forceps to remove loose tissue and debris from around UGS, trim off approximately two-thirds of end of bladder

- 7 Prepare tissue and mold for embedding a. place a single mold, flat surface down, on plain glass slide b. set a timer for 2 min, remove agarose from drying oven c. use plastic transfer pipet to add enough agarose to fill mold (~8 – 10 drops) d. start timer, return agarose to oven
- 8 Embed tissue
  - a. when 1 min remains on timer, pluck cleaned tissue sample out of PBSTw & blot dry on Kimwipe (note: it is important to dry tissue as completely as possible to allow agarose to bind directly to tissue)
  - b. when agarose has cooled for 1 min 50 sec, transfer tissue from Kimwipe to mold, gently poke tissue into agarose with forceps
  - c. for sagittal sections, orient sample on side, parallel to slide & in middle of mold
  - d. after sample is oriented, place mold in refrigerator to set agarose
  - e. Note: adjust cooling time based on how first sample sinks in agarose. If sample rapidly sinks to bottom, increase cooling time by 10 sec increments; if sample will not sink because agarose is thickening, decrease cooling time
  - f. Note: if sample is not oriented properly, carefully peel out of agarose & re-embed; for very minor adjustments, try trimming flat surface of agarose with razor blade

#### Vibratome sectioning

- 9 Prep vibratome
  - a. mount specimen bath inside vibratome bath using set screws
  - b. insert blade into blade holder, be sure not to push blade too far back into holder or blade angle will be incorrect
  - c. use blade angle indicator to set blade angle at 35°, tighten screw
  - d. fill specimen bath with 1X PBS e. pack wet ice around specimen bath
- 10 Mount sample
  - a. pop solidified agarose plug out of mold, blot flat bottom surface dry with Kimwipe
  - b. if necessary for orientation, cut round border of plug on one side to create a flat edge, then cut a small bevel in that edge
  - c. put drop of superglue onto round specimen mounting disk
  - d. place plug, flat surface down, into glue & allow glue to dry
  - e. slide mounting disk into specimen bath, taking care not to cut plug on blade
  - f. use screwdriver to tighten mounting screw to hold specimen disk in place
- 11 Section sample
  - a. advance blade into plug by 100 – 300 µm cuts at high speed (setting = 6)
  - b. as blade approaches tissue but before entering it, adjust settings to speed = 2, amplitude = 4, section thickness = 55 µm
  - c. use blunt forceps to collect each slice as it comes off of blade
  - d. transfer slice into individual well of 24-well culture dish containing 0.5 mL PBSTw, keep slices in order for serial staining, keep plate on ice
  - e. Note: watch ice surrounding specimen bath throughout sectioning process, replace ice as needed & remove excess water so specimen bath doesn't flood
- 12 Examine slices under scope, discard those that will not be useful
- 13 If desired, photograph ea sample slice to serve as reference for planning experiment
- 14 Store sections at 4°C for use 8on following day

#### Solutions

- 15 **4% agarose:** 2 g low-melt agarose in 50 mL PBS

- 16 **PBSTw:** 1X PBS + 0.1% Tween 20, add 1  $\mu$ L of 0.2 M sodium azide per 1 mL PBSTw to prevent contaminating growth, sterile filter to remove insolubles/contaminants
- 17 **0.2 M sodium azide:** Dissolve 1.3 g sodium azide in 100 mL double-distilled H<sub>2</sub>O, pH to 7.6 (note: quite sensitive to pH change so need very little NaOH to adjust)
- 18 **Agarose:** Make 4% low-melt agarose in PBS (measure 2 g agarose and add to 50 mL PBS)  
Microwave briefly to get agarose into solution, prep for embedding by cooling to 62° - 65° in drying oven  
Agarose soln may be stored at RT, then melted & reused for up to 6 – 8 weeks