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We use this protocol and it's working

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Single-cell Epi2-Seq

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ABSTRACT

Here we describe the full protocol for single-cell Epi2-Seq which enables joint readout of histone modifications and DNA methylation in individual cells. In short, this methods combines antibody-targeted MNase digestion (ChIC, CUT&RUN) with Tet-Assisted Pyridine Borane Sequencing (TAPS), a bisulfite-free technique for base-resolution DNA methylation profiling. TAPS, unlike bisulfite, specifically converts 5mC which increases mapping rates and makes it feasible to use unmethylated single-cell adapters. Also, DNA damage is minimal which reduces input requirements and makes it well suited for single-cell applications.

MATERIALS

General materials

- Protein lo-bind tubes (Eppendorf, 0030108094 and 0030122216)
- PBS (Thermo Fisher, AM9624)
- Nuclease-free H₂O (Invitrogen, AM9932)
- Mineral oil (Sigma-Aldrich, 69794-500ML)
- Aluminum Plate sealers
- 384-well hard shell plates
- Ampure XP beads (Beckman Coulter, A63881)
- Ethanol 100% (VWR, 437435L)

Preparation of methylated spike-ins

- Unmethylated lambda phage DNA (Promega, D1521)
- NEB Buffer 2 (NEB, cat. no. M0226S)
- SAM (NEB, cat. no. M0226S)
- M.SssI (NEB, cat. no. M0226S)
- CutSmart Buffer (NEB, R0125S)
- NlaIII (NEB, R0125S)
- T4 DNA ligase buffer (NEB, M0202L)
- T4 DNA ligase (NEB, M0202L)

Chromatin Immunocleavage

- Pa-MNase (in-house production or Cell Signaling Technology, 40366)
- Cell Strainer, 70 μ M (Corning, 431751)
- HEPES 1M pH 7.5 (Gibco, 15630080)
- NaCl 5 M (Thermo Fisher, AM9760G)
- Spermidine (Sigma, S2626-5G)
- Tween-20 (Sigma, P1379-100ML)
- Protease Inhibitor (Roche, 5056489001)
- EDTA (Invitrogen, 15575020)

FACS and single-cell processing

- NP-40 (Thermo Fisher, 85124)
- 70 μ M cell strainers (Corning, CLS431751)
- EGTA (Thermo Fisher, 15425795)
- Klenow large fragment (NEB, M0210L)
- T4 PNK (NEB, M0201L)
- dNTPs (Promega, U1515)
- ATP (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific, R0441 or equivalent)
- MgCl₂ (part of Thermo Fisher, 4398828 or equivalent)
- PEG8000 50% (Promega, V3011)
- PNK Buffer (NEB, B0201S)
- BS 20 ng/ml (NEB, B9000S)
- AmpliTaq 360 (Thermo Fisher Scientific, 4398828)
- dATP 100mM (part of Promega, U1335)
- KCl 1 M (ThermoFisher, AM9640G)
- T4 ligase (NEB, M0202L)
- MgCl₂ 1 M (ThermoFisher, AM9530G)
- Tris 1 M pH 7.5 (ThermoFisher, 15567027)
- DTT 0.1M (Invitrogen, 15846582)

Plate pooling

- VBLOK200 (Click-Bio, CBVBLOK200-1)

Tet1 Reaction Buffers

- HEPES 1M pH 7.5 (Gibco, 15630080)
- NaCl 5 M (Thermo Fisher, AM9760G)
- Ammonium Iron(II) sulfate hexahydrate (Sigma-Aldrich, 09719-50G)
- L-Ascorbic acid (Sigma-Aldrich, 95210-50G)
- α -Ketoglutaric acid disodium salt hydrate (Sigma-Aldrich, K3752-5G)
- DTT 100 mM (Part of Invitrogen, 18064022 or equivalent)
- ATP 100 mM (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific, R0441 or equivalent)

TAPS conversion

- Proteinase K 20 mg/ml (Ambion, AM2546)
- Oligo Clean & Concentrator kit (Zymo, D4060)

- Pyridine Borane (Sigma, 179752-5G)
- Sodium Acetate 3 M, titrated to pH 4.3 (Sigma-Aldrich, S2889-250G)

In-vitro transcription

- MegaScript T7 transcription kit (Invitrogen, AMB13345)
- Potassium Acetate, KoAc (Sigma-Aldrich, 95843-100ML-F)
- Magnesium Acetate, MgOAc (Sigma-Aldrich, 63052-100ML)
- Tris Acetate ()
- RNAClean XP beads (Beckman Coulter, A63987)

Sequencing library preparation

- dNTPs (Promega, U1515)
- SuperScript™ II Reverse Transcriptase (Invitrogen, 18064022)
- RNaseOUT (Invitrogen, 10777019)
- NEBNext Ultra II Q5 Master Mix2x (NEB, M0492L)
- Qubit High Sensitivity DNA kit (Thermo Fisher, Q32851)
- Agilent High Sensitivity DNA kit (Agilent, 5067-4626)

SAFETY WARNINGS



Some of the reagents in this protocol such as Pyridine Borane are hazardous and highly toxic to humans. Make sure to adhere to safety guidelines and inform your local safety officer.

PA-MNase production

- 1 (Single-cell) Chromatin immunocleave requires expression of a pA-MNase fusion protein in bacteria. We refer to Zeller et al. (Nature, 2022) and Schmid et al. (Mol. Cell, 2004) for detailed protocols (see references for more information). However, pA-MNase is also available commercially through Cell Signaling Technology (cat. no 4036).

mTet1 Protein production

- 2 Tet-assisted bisulfite sequencing (TAPS) requires expression of the catalytic domain of mouse Tet1 (mTet1CD) in an eukaryotic expression system. We refer to the detailed protocol by Liu et al. (Nature Biotechnology, 2019) for more information. mTet1CD can also be purchased from Sigma Aldrich (S9797-25UG).

Preparation of Tet1 Reaction Buffer and Fe²⁺ solution

- 3 Prepare 1 M solutions of Ascorbic Acid and α-Ketoglutarate:
 - α-Ketoglutarate: Dissolve **0.9503 g** in **5 ml** nuclease-free H₂O
 - Ascorbic Acid: Dissolve **0.8806 g** in **5 ml** nuclease-free H₂O

Note

Always prepare fresh Ascorbic Acid and α -KG solutions when making TET1 reaction buffer. Make sure to keep solutions on ice and protect Ascorbic Acid from direct light!

4 Prepare 0.5 M Fe^{2+} Solution

- Dissolve **1.96 g** of Iron(II) sulfate hexahydrate in **10 ml** nuclease-free H₂O
- Store Fe^{2+} solution in single-use aliquots at -80°C

5 Assemble TET1 reaction buffer (volumes are suggestions and can be scaled up or down)

Component	Concentration	Volume	Conc. Final
H ₂ O		3,165.5 μl	
HEPES	1 M	835 μl	167 mM
NaCl	5 M	333 μl	333 mM
α -Ketoglutarate	1 M	16.7 μl	3.3 mM
L-Ascorbic Acid	1 M	33.3 μl	6.67 mM
ATP	100 mM	200 μl	4 mM
DTT	100 mM	416.5 μl	8.33 mM
Total		5000 μl	

Note

Store reaction buffer at -80°C in single-use aliquots and do not keep for more than 3 months!

Preparation of methylated lambda phage spike-ins

6 Methylation of lambda phage DNA

- Assemble the reaction below on ice
- Incubate: 2 hours @ 37°C
- Add an additional 1 μl of SAM and 0.5 μl M.SssI
- Incubate: 2 hours @ 37°C
- Perform Ampure XP SPRI cleanup (bead-to-sample ratio = 1:1)
- Elute sample in 20 μl of nuclease-free H₂O

- Repeat reaction once with methylated sample as input (including top-up of SAM)
- Perform Ampure XP SPRI cleanup (bead-to-sample ratio = 1:1)
- Elute sample 20 µl of nuclease-free H₂O

Component	Concentration	Volume (µl)
H ₂ O		to 50.0
NEB Buffer 2	10x	5.0
SAM	32 mM	1.0
M.SssI	4,000 U/ml	0.5
Lambda phage DNA		1 µg*

* amount has to be adjusted based on batch-dependent concentration

7 NlaIII digestion

- Assemble the reaction below on ice
- Note: Adapter should be added in a ratio of 10:1, calculate molarity based on Qubit measurement and assuming full NlaIII digestion
- Incubate: 2 hours @ 37°C -> 20 min @ 65°C -> hold @ 4°C
- Perform Ampure XP SPRI cleanup (bead-to-sample ratio = 1:1)
- Elute sample 20 µl of nuclease-free H₂O
- Measure concentration with dye-based method (e.g. Qubit)

Component	Concentration	Volume (µl)
H ₂ O		24.0
CutSmart Buffer	10x	5.0
NlaIII	10,000 U/ml	1.0
Sample		20.0
Total		50

8 Adapter ligation

- Assemble the reaction below on ice
- Note: Adapter should be added in a ratio of 10:1, calculate molarity based on Qubit measurement and assuming full NlaIII digestion
- Incubate: 20 min @ 20°C -> 10 min @ 65°C -> hold @ 4°C
- Perform 2 Ampure XP SPRI cleanups (bead-to-sample ratio 0.8:1)
- Elute fully methylated, adapter-ligated controls in nuclease-free water
- Prepare aliquot with a concentration of 7 pg/µl

Component	Concentration	Volume (µl)
H ₂ O		to 50

Component	Concentration	Volume (μl)
T4 DNA ligase buffer	10x	5.0
T4 DNA ligase	400,000 U/ml	2.5
Sample		20.0
Adapter	10:1	variable
Total		50.0

Note

Adapter ligation is necessary to amplify the spike-in DNA during in-vitro transcription!

Chromatin Immuno-Cleavage (ChIC)

9 Recipes for wash buffers used in Chromatin Immuno-cleavage (ChIC)

Component	Wash Buffer 1 (WB1)	Wash Buffer 2 (WB2)	Wash Buffer 3 (WB3)
H2O	to 50 ml	to 50 ml	
HEPES	20 mM	20 mM	20 mM
NaCl	150 mM	150 mM	150 mM
Spermidine	0.5 μM	0.5 μM	0.5 μM
Tween-20	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%
Protease Inh.	1 tablet	1 tablet	
EDTA	2mM		

10 Fixation and permeabilization

- Harvest cells and wash twice with PBS at room temperature (centrifuge 3 min, 500 g to pellet)
- Resuspend cells in 300 μl PBS per 10⁶ cells on ice
- Add 700 μl of ice-cold absolute ethanol per 10⁶ cells while vortexing gently (70% ethanol final)
- Cells are fixed for two hours at -20°C
- Wash cells twice with WB1 (see above)
- Resuspend cells in 500 μl WB1
- Transfer reaction to 0.5 ml protein lo-bind Eppendorf tubes

Note

Safe stopping point: Fixed cells can be stored in WB1 supplemented with 10% DMSO at -80°C for up to 6 weeks. After thawing, wash cells twice with WB1, then continue.

11 Incubation with primary antibody

- Add histone-specific antibody (see table below for antibodies used in publication, others need to be titrated)
- Incubate cells overnight at 4°C with gentle agitation (e.g. on a roller)

Antibody	Manufacturer	Cat. No.	Concentration
H3K9me3	Abcam	ab8898	1:100
H3K36me3			1:2000
H3K27me3	NEB	9733S	1:200

12 pA-MNase binding and nuclear staining

- Wash cells once with 500 µl WB2
- Add pA-MNase to a final concentration of 3 ng/µl
- Add Hoechst 34580 to a final concentration of 5 µg/ml
- Incubate 1 hour at 4°C with gentle agitation

13 Washing and straining

- Wash cells twice with WB2
- Resuspend cells in 500 µl of WB3
- Filter cells through a 70 µm strainer
- Transfer to FACS tubes

FACS

14 Prepare sorting plates

- Add 10 µl of sterile filtered mineral oil to each well of 384-well hard-shell plates
- Plates can be prepared in advance, sealed and kept for multiple months

Cell sorting

- Cells were sorted on a BD Influx™ cell sorter
- Depending on the machine and application, Hoechst signal can be used to select cells in G1 phase and to avoid debris
- After sorting, centrifuge plates for 1 min at 2,000 g

Note

It is critical to spin plates immediately after FACS sorting!

Single-cell processing

15 General notes:

- Nanoliter dispensation was performed with the Innovadyne Nanodrop II platform. However, euqivalent nanoliter dispenser such as the iDOT or Mantis can be used aswell
- Adapters were copied from a source plate using the TTP Labtech Mosquito HTS liquid handler

Note

After dispensing liquids into 384-well plates, makes sure to centrifuge plates for 1 minute at 2,000 g to fuse droplets!

16 MNase digestion and Protease K digest

- MNase digestion is initiated by dispensing **100 nl per well** of WB3 supplemented with 2 mM CaCl_2 per well
- Incubate 30 mins in thermocycler set to 4°C
- to stop digestion, dispense **100 nl per well** of the mix below
- Incubate: 20 min @ 4°C -> 6 hrs @ 65°C -> 20 min @ 80°C -> hold at 4°C

Component	Concentration	Per Well (nl)
Ultrapure H2O		67
EGTA	0.5 M	8
NP-40 10%	10 %	15
Protease K	20 mg/ml	10
Total		100

17 Fragment blunting

- Dispense **150 nl per well** of the mix below (350 nl total at this point)
- Incubate: 30 min @ 37°C -> 20 min @ 75°C -> hold @ 4°C

Component	Concentration	Per well (nl)
Klenow large	5,000 U/ml	2.5

Component	Concentration	Per well (nl)
T4 PNK	10,000 U/ml	2.5
dNTPs	100 mM	6.0
ATP	100 mM	3.5
MgCl	25 mM	10.0
PEG8000	50%	7.5
PNK Buffer	10x	35.0
BSA	20 mg/ml	1.8
Ultrapure H2O		81.3
Total		150

18 A-tailing

- Dispense 150 nl per well of the mix below (500 nl total at this point)
- Incubate: 15 min @ 37°C -> 10 min @ 72°C -> hold @ 4°C

Component	Concentration	Per well (nl)
AmpliTaq		1.0
dATP	100 mM	1.0
KCl	1 M	25.0
PEG8000	50%	7.5
BSA	20 mg/ml	0.8
Ultrapure H2O		114.8
Total		150

19 Addition of adapters and ligation

- per well, add 50 nl of adapters from source plate (5 µM) using the *Mosquito HTS*
- dispense 150 nl of ligation mix per well (700 nl total at this point)
- Incubate: 20 min @ 4°C -> 16 hrs @ 16°C -> 10 min @ 65°C -> hold @ 4°C

Component	Concentration	Per well (nl)
T4 ligase	400,000 U/ml	25.0
MgCl ₂	1 M	3.5
Tris ph 7.5	1 M	10.5

Component	Concentration	Per well (nl)
DTT	100 mM	52.5
ATP	100 mM	3.5
PEG8000	50%	10.0
BSA	20 mg/ml	1.0
Ultrapure H ₂ O		44.0
Total		150.0

Plate pooling

- 20
- Remove cover, attach 384-well plates upside-down to a VBLOK200 Reservoir
 - Cover with parafilm
 - Centrifuge 2 min @ 500 g at room temperature to collect liquid in reservoirs
 - Transfer aqueous phase to fresh 1.5 ml DNA lo-bind Eppendorf tube
 - Centrifuge 1 min @ 13,000 g, transfer aqueous phase to fresh tube
 - Repeat centrifugation and transfer once
 - Measure volume with pipette
 - Perform Ampure XP SPRI bead clean up (bead-to-sample ratio = 0.8)
 - resuspend in 19 µl nuclease-free water
 - transfer sample to fresh 0.5 ml DNA lo-bind Eppendorf tube

TAPS conversion

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- Assemble the following reaction on ice:

Component	Volume
Sample (pooled 384-well plate)	19 µl
Methylated spike-in	1 µl
Tet1 reaction buffer	15 µl
Fe ²⁺ solution (1.5 mM!)	3.33 µl
mTET1 enzyme	6 to 12 µl
H ₂ O	to 50 µl

Note

Fe²⁺ stock solution (0.5 M) has to be diluted 1:333 before use!

- Incubate for 80 min @ 37°C
- Add 1 µl of Proteinase K
- Vortex and centrifuge briefly to collect liquid
- Incubate 15 min @ 55°C
- Perform a 2x Ampure XP SPRI cleanup
- Option 1: to repeat Tet1 oxidation, elute in 20 µl nuclease-free water and repeat above reaction
- Option 2: to continue to Pyridine Borane incubation, elute in 33.75 µl nuclease-free H2O and transfer volume to a fresh 1.5 ml Eppendorf tube

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Note

Sodium Acetate (NaAc) has to be titrated to a pH of 4.3!

Assemble Pyridine Borane reaction at room temperature:

Component	Concentration	Volume	Final
Sample		33.75 µl	
NaAc pH 4.3	3 M	10 µl	0.6 M
Pyridine Borane	8 M	6.25 µl	1 M
Total		50 µl	

- Incubate 16 hours @ 37°C in thermal shaker set to 850 rpm

Safety information

Warning: Pyridine Borane is highly toxic! Make sure to comply with local safety guidelines when following this protocol!

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- Use Zymo Oligo Clean & Concentrator kit to clean up reactions after pyridine borane incubation
- Elute DNA with 15 µl of nuclease-free H2O heated 60°C
- To maximize DNA retrieval, repeat elution once (final volume ~ 30 µl)
- Reduce volume to 9.6 µl
- Option 1: Incubate in speed-vac, check volume regularly to prevent over-drying
- Option 2: Perform 1x Ampure XP SPRI clean-up, elute in 9.6 µl nuclease-free H2O

In-vitro transcription (IVT)

24 Assemble IVT reaction (all reagents are part of MegaScript™ T7 transcription kit):

Component	Volume
Sample	9.6 µl
IVT Buffer	2.4 µl
Nucleotides (A/C/U/G)	2.4 µl each
T7 Enzyme	2.4 µl
Total:	24 µl

- Incubate 14 hours @ 37°C (with lid set to 70°C)
- To each reaction, add 6 µl of nuclease-free H₂O and Turbo DNase (part of MegaScript™ T7 transcription kit)
- Incubate 15 min @ 37°C
- Add 7.88 µl of RNA fragmentation Buffer (200 mM Tris-Acetate, 500 mM KaOAc, 150 mM MgOAc)
- Incubate samples 90s at 94°C, immediately chill on ice
- Add 4.13 µl of 0.5 M EDTA to capture Mg²⁺
- Clean up samples with 34 µl (0.8x) of RNAClean XP beads
- Elute in 6 µl of nuclease-free H₂O

Note

Run 1 µl of amplified RNA (aRNA) on a Bioanalyzer to assess quality and concentration.

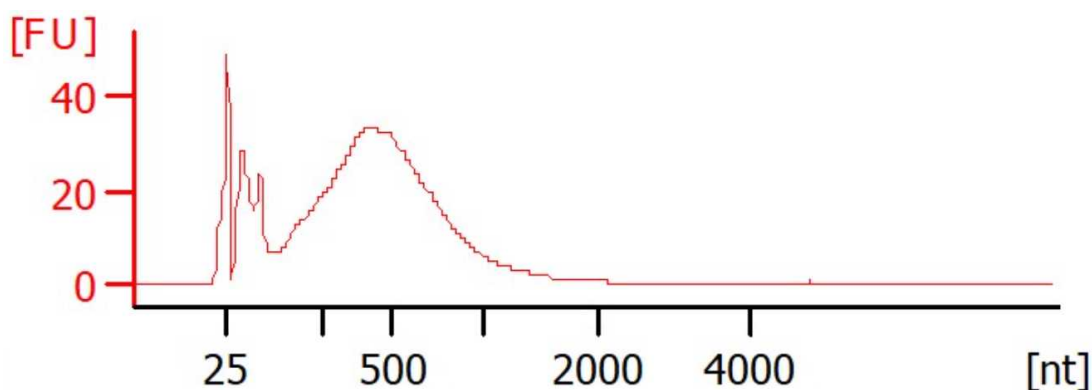


Fig 1: aRNA Bioanalyzer trace from a successful experiment

Preparation of sequencing libraries

- 25 In a 0.5 ml DNA lo-bind tube, combine:
- 5 µl aRNA
 - 0.5 µl of 10 mM dNTP solution
 - 1 µl random hexamer RT primer 20 µM

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- Heat samples to 65°C for 5 minutes
 - Immediately chill samples on ice
 - Assemble the reaction below
 - Incubate: 10 min @ 25°C -> 60 min @ 42°C -> hold @ 4°C

Component	Concentration	Volume (µl)
Primed aRNA		6.5
First Strand Buffer	5x	2.0
DTT	0.1 M	1.0
SuperScript II	200 U/µl	0.5
Total		10.0

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- Assemble the reaction below
 - Incubate: 30 s @ 98°C -> 10 - 13 x (10 s @ 98°C, 30 s @ 60°C, 30 s @ 72°C) -> 10 min @ 72°C -> hold @ 4°C
 - Perform two AMPure XP SPRI bead cleanups (bead-to-sample-ratio 0.8)
 - Elute amplified sequencing library in 15 µl of nuclease-free H₂O

Component	Concentration	Volume (µl)
cDNA		10.0
Barcoded RPIX primer	10 µM	2.0
RP1 primer	10 µM	2.0
Ultra Q5 Master Mix	2x	25.0
Ultrapure H ₂ O		11.0
Total		50

Note

Adjust PCR cycles based on aRNA yield. In general, successful experiments should require less than 15 amplification cycles.

28 Sequencing library QC

- Measure concentration with a dye-based method such as Qubit
- Run 1 µl of library on Agilent High Sensitivity Bioanalyzer to assess size distribution
- Perform Illumina sequencing according to manufacturers protocol

DNA sequences

29 Barcoded single-cell Adapters

Example Top strand

5'-GGTGATGCCGGT**TAATACGACTCACTATAG**GGAGTTCTACAGTCCGACGATC**NNNACACACTAT**

Example Bottom strand

5'-

/5Phos/ ***TAGTGTGT***NNNGATCGTCGGACTGTAGAACTCC***CTATAGTGAGTCGTATTAC***GGCGAGC
TT

Sequence features: Fork -> T7 promoter (bold) -> RA5 Illumina sequence -> 3 bp UMI (NNN) -> single-cell barcode (bold & italic) -> single-base T overhang

Library Amplification

RandomhexamerRT primer

GCCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCANNNNNN

Barcoded RPIX primer

5'-CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATACGAGAT-[6bp]-GTGACTGGAGTTCCTTGGCACCCGAGAATTCCA

RP1 primer

5'-AATGATACGGCGACCAACCGAGATCTACACGTTTCAGAGTTCTACAGTCCGA

Note

Adapter sequences are available in Supplementary Materials of the scEpi²-Seq publication!