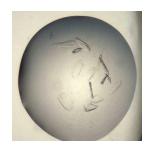


Apr 26, 2024

Crystallization of SARS-CoV-2 Mpro

DOI

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.kqdg326y7v25/v1



blake.h.balcomb^{1,2}, Peter Marples^{1,2}, Lizbé Koekemoer³, Daren Fearon^{1,2}, Charlie Tomlinson^{1,2} ¹Diamond Light Source; ²Research Complex at Harwell; ³Centre of Medicines Discovery, University of Oxford blake.h.balcomb: The principle crystallographer on the SARS Mpro project.;

ASAP Discovery



Lizbé Koekemoer University of Oxford

OPEN ACCESS



DOI: dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.kqdg326y7v25/v1

External link: https://asapdiscovery.org/outputs/target-enabling-packages/#ASAP-COV-MPRO

Protocol Citation: blake.h.balcomb, Peter Marples, Lizbé Koekemoer, Daren Fearon, Charlie Tomlinson 2024. Crystallization of SARS-CoV-2 Mpro. protocols.io https://dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.kqdg326y7v25/v1

License: This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited

Protocol status: Working We use this protocol and it's

working

Created: April 26, 2024

Last Modified: April 26, 2024

Protocol Integer ID: 98844

Keywords: crystallisation, XChem, ASAP, AViDD, CMD, Diamond Light Source, i04-1, SARS CoV, SARS Cov-2 Mpro, Mpro



Funders Acknowledgement: National Institutes of Health/National Institute Of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIH/NIAID) **Grant ID: Grant ID:** U19AI171399

Disclaimer

The content is solely the responsibility of the authors and does not necessarily represent the official views of the National Institutes of Health.

Acknowledgements:

Diamond Light Source Ltd, Harwell Science and Innovation Campus, Didcot OX11 0QX, UK Research Complex at Harwell, Harwell Science and Innovation Campus, Didcot OX11 0FA, UK Oxford Lab Technologies crystal shifter https://doi.org/10.1107/S2059798320014114

Abstract

The COVID-19 pandemic has highlighted the need to identify novel therapeutic interventions and strategies for pandemic preparedness against Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2). This protocol outlines the crystallization protocol and buffer conditions used to obtain reproducible SARS-CoV-2 Mpro crystals suitable for XChem fragment screening.

Materials

SwissCl 3 lens crystallization plates https://swissci.com/product/3-lens-crystallisation-plate/ Codes: Midi: UVXPO-3LENS 3W96T-PS 3W96T-UVP

[M] 1 Molarity (M) MES adjusted to https://with HCl, Molecular Dimensions, Catalog # MD2-013-PH 6.7 50% w/v PEG 4000, Molecular Dimensions, Catalog # MD2-250-11 99.9% DMSO, Molecular Dimensions, Catalog # MD2-250-159

Purified SARS-CoV-2 Mpro protein ([м] 5 mg/mL) in [м] 10 millimolar (mM) HEPES, Срн 7.5 , [м] 0.5 Molarity (M) NaCl, 5% glycerol, [M] 0.5 millimolar (mM) TCEP

Safety warnings

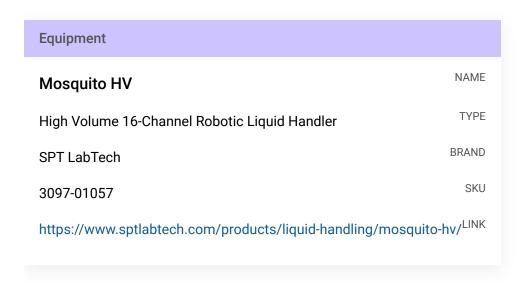


Follow all handling warning for the chemicals used in the crystalllisation screen composition.



Equipment needed

Formulatrix Rock Imager (or incubator of choice) **SPT mosquito**



P100 8 multi-channel pipette

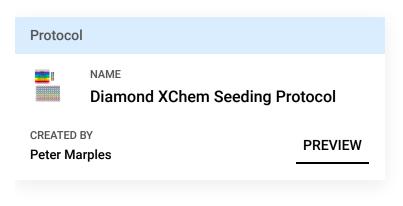
SwissCI 3 lens plate

Crystallization experiment

1d

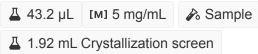
2 Prepare seed stock:

17m 40s



1: 250 dilution 🔊 Sample seeds

3 Protein and buffer requirements:





Δ 14.4 μL

Sample seeds, dilution 1:250

4 Crystallisation screen composition:

[M] 0.1 Molarity (M) MES фн 6.7 11% PEG 4000 5% DMSO

Stock solutions used:

[M] 1 Molarity (M) MES adjusted to 6.7 with HCI 50% w/v PEG 4000 99.9% DMSO

Note

The crystallisation screen can be stored in a duran bottle or aliquoted into 96 deep well block for easy dispensing into SwissCl 3 lens plates.

For long term storage keep the Crystallisation screen in the fridge at 4°C.

Dispense Δ 20 μL Crystallisation screen into SwissCl 3 lens plate reservoir wells using a 100 μl multi-channel pipette.

10m

Dispense 4 150 nL [M] 5 mg/mL Sample to each lens using the SPT mosquito.

Dispense 🚨 150 nL Crystallisation screen to each lens using the SPT mosquito.

Drop ratio: 3:3:1 ratio (150 nl ♦ Sample : 150 nl reservoir solution: 50 nl seeds)

Final drop volume: 350 nl

6 Incubate at 20 °C for 24:00:00 h in Formulatrix Rock Imager.

1d

Imaging Schedule: The first images are taken after 12 h and the imaging schedule follows a Fibonacci sequence of days for further collections.

7 Crystal form after ~24 h.



Expected result

The crystals reach their maximum size after 48 h.

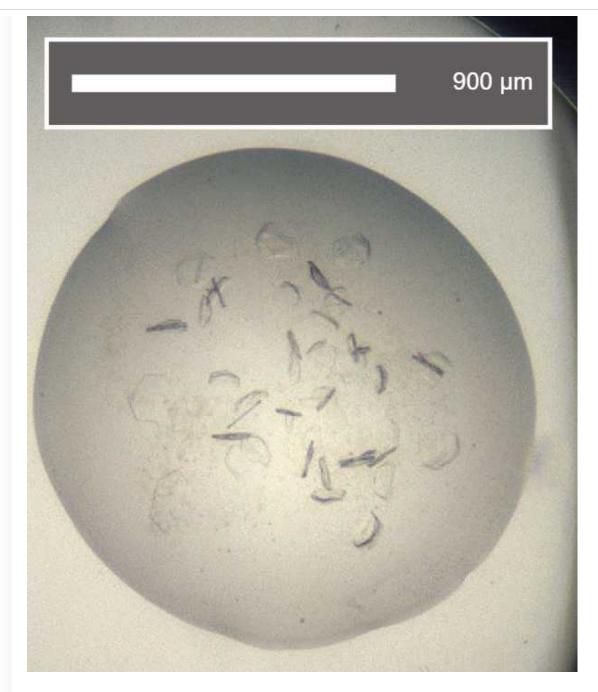
Crystals typically form either as stacked playes or in small clusters containing 4-6 crystals.

Morphology: plates.

Size: ~100 μ m in length and ~20 μ m in width, depth of the crystals is ~10 μ m

Appearance: glass shard. Average resolution: 1.8 Å **Space group:** P2₁2₁2₁ **Unit cell:** 67 Å, 99 Å, 102 Å

90.00°, 90.00°, 90.00°



An example of a drop containing SARS-CoV-2 Mpro protease crystals.

Data collection at Synchrotron

8 Diamond Light Source **Unattended Data Collection (UDC) Data Collection Temperature:** 100K



Detector: DECTRIS EIGER2 X 9M

Beamline: 104-1

Wavelength: 0.9212 Å **Resolution (Å):** 1.78 **Beam Size (μm):** 60 X 50 Number of images: 3600

Oscillation: 0.10° **Exposure (s):** 0.0020 Transmission (%): 100 Flux (ph/s): 9.50e+11

Protocol references

N/A