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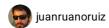
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ABSTRACT

Hypothesis

The degree of transparency and reproducibility of economic health analyses, whether primary studies or systematic reviews and meta-analysis, which are used for development could condition the usefulness of clinical practice guidelines in which they are included regardless of the methodological quality of them.

Objectives

Primary objective

Analyze the relationship between the methodological quality of clinical practice guides published in Spain and the current state of reproducibility and transparency of the health economic assessment studies included in them, both primary studies or systematic reviews and meta-analysis.

Secondary objectives

- 1. Evaluate the quality of CFCs produced in Spain in the period 2000-2020.
- Evaluate the methodological quality of the economic assessment studies included in the GPCs produced in Spain in the period 2000-2020.
- 3. Describe the transparency and reproducibility of the selected economic assessment studies.
- 4. Analyse whether there are differences in transparency and reproducibility of economic assessment studies depending on the quality of the GPCs that include them.
- Analyse whether there have been improvements in the transparency and reproducibility of economic
 assessment studies by comparing the GPCs containing them that have been produced in 2000-2012 vs 20132020.

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Analysis of the reproducibility, transparency and quality of economic studies on pharmacological interventions in health included in clinical practice guidelines in Spain 2000-2020

Análisis de la reproducibilidad, transparencia y calidad de los estudios económicos sobre intervenciones farmacológicas en salud empleados en las guías de práctica clínica en España en el periodo 2000-2020

Juan Ruano, Francisco Jose Gomez Garcia, Pedro J. Gómez Arias, Jesus Gay-Mimbrera, Macarena Aguilar-Luque, Salvador Peiró Moreno, Beatriz Isla-Tejera

Review question(s)

Are there differences of reproducibility, transparency and methodological quality of economic studies of pharmacological interventions in health included in Spanish clinical practice guidelines published in Spain in the period 2000-2020?

Types of study to be included

- Clinical Guidelines
- Health Economic Studies

Condition or domain being studied

There is a growing interest in promoting transparency in scientific publications that allows research conducted to be reproducible by other research groups [1]. Economic assessments help determine the efficiency of health interventions and services, making it easier for both managers and healthcare professionals to make decisions under real clinical practice conditions [2]. To do this, it is necessary that, in addition to driving the studies according to the best methodological quality standards, both the data and methodological used and the results obtained are accessible to the scientific community, that is, communicated in the publications in a transparent and truthful way [3]. It has been observed that the quality with which this information is communicated on economic health studies in Spain is insufficient [4]. These authors consider that without the submission of comprehensive and transparent reports describing how these studies were designed and conducted, it is difficult to assess the validity of their results and conclusions. Recently, this same group has published a protocol for developing a study evaluating the degree of reproducibility and transparency of a representative sample of such economic assessments [5]. Finally, it is considered that the incorporation of

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economic studies in the development of clinical practice guidelines should contribute to reducing the variation in care practice, the amount of ineffective care and wasted on research and resources [6], thus improving health outcomes by encouraging the use of the most cost-efficient therapies [7]. However, such guidelines would not be appropriate, even if they followed the best standards for their development, if we could not externally validate such studies, which would increase uncertainty about their results.

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- [6] Alonso-Coello P, Irfan A, Solà I, et al. The quality of clinical practice guidelines over the last two decades: a systematic review of guideline appraisal studies. Qual Saf Health Care. 2010 Dec;19(6):e58.
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Hypothesis

The degree of transparency and reproducibility of economic health analyses, whether primary studies or systematic reviews and meta-analysis, which are used for development could condition the usefulness of clinical practice guidelines in which they are included regardless of the methodological quality of them.

Outcome(s)

Primary outcomes

Analyze the relationship between the methodological quality of clinical practice guides published in Spain and the current state of reproducibility and transparency of the health economic assessment studies included in them, both primary studies or systematic reviews and meta-analysis.

Secondary outcomes

- 1. Evaluate the quality of CFCs produced in Spain in the period 2000-2020.
- 2. Evaluate the methodological quality of the economic assessment studies included in the GPCs produced in Spain in the period 2000-2020.
- 3. Describe the transparency and reproducibility of the selected economic assessment studies.
- 4. Analyse whether there are differences in transparency and reproducibility of economic assessment studies depending on the quality of the GPCs that include them.
- 5. Analyse whether there have been improvements in the transparency and reproducibility of economic assessment studies by comparing the GPCs containing them that have been produced in 2000-2012 vs 2013-2020.

Methods

Protocol

A larger a priori protocol will be developed and forwarded for publication in the repository https://www.protocols.io/obtaining a DOI from it.

Design

A descriptive cross-sectional observational study on data from scientific publications or research-on-research study.

Search Strategy

These literatures sources will be consulted using the strategy and

Α	В
Search Strategy	"practice guideline[pt] OR guidelines[mh] OR practice guidelines[mh] OR guideline* [ti] OR protocols[mh] OR consensus development conferences[MESH] OR recommend*[ti] OR consensus[ti] OR (clinical[ti] AND protocol*[ti]) OR (medical[ti] AND protocol*[ti])"
Databases	MEDLINE, EMBASE, Scisearch, Scopus, CINAHL
MBE metasearchers	TripDatabase, SumSearch, Epistemonikos, Medscape Guidelines, Accessss Federated Search, Joule
CPG repositories	NICE, GuíaSalud, Scottish Intercollegiate Guidelines Network (SIGN), Fisterra, Sociedad Española de Cardiología
CPG producers	AGREE trust, Guidelines International Network (GIN), AETSA, Osteba, GuiaSalud, The COCHRANE Library
Grey literature	Google Scholar)
Search limiters	The free term 'Spain' and the publication filter '2000-2020' will be used as search limiters.
Context	Excluded: historical articles, abstracts of congresses, case reports, surveys, narrative reviews, narrative reports (i.e. those with a focus on understanding a concept), consensus documents, or meta-analysis performed without a systematic literature search.

Eligibility

All GPCs developed in Spain from 2000 to 2020 containing at least one reference on the analysis of pharmacological interventions, regardless of age, gender, ethnicity/race or pathology of the target population, will be included. For uniformity in the analysis, no guides limited to other approaches (preventive, diagnostic) will be included.

Data extraction, (selection and coding)

Two researchers will carry out all assessments and extraction of duplicate data and in case of discrepancies the criterion of a third investigator will be used.

Α	В
Clinical Guidelines	Appraisal of Guidelines, Research and Evaluation (AGREE) II tool.
Systematic reviews and meta-analysis including economic analysis	A MeaSurement Tool to Assess systematic Reviews 2 (AMSTAR 2)
Primary Health Economic Studies	Consolidated Health Economic Evaluation Reporting Standards (CHEERS)

Tools for methodological quality assessment.

Transparency and reproducibility assessment

Transparency and reproducibility will be assessed by analysing the degree of adequacy of each economic study with respect to the following indicators:

- 1. Citation, mention or use of the CHEERS statement;
- 2. Open publication;
- 3. Mention of an a priori protocol;
- 4. Mention of an economic analysis plan;
- 5. Mention of the availability of the original data and the mode of access to it;;
- 6. Type of data access repository used;
- 7. The data provided make it possible to reproduce the base case and/or in analysis of heterogeneity and/or uncertainty;
- 8. Whether the results are novel, an update, or are an attempt to replicate other studies;
- 9. If they have been replicated by other subsequent studies that cite them;
- 10. Sources of funding (academic, industry, others);
- 11. Conflict of economic interest of the authors.

Conflicts of interest

Reviewers have no disclosures

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Language

Spanish or English

Country

Spain

Organisational affiliation of the meta-research study

Instituto Maimonides Investigación Biomédica de Córdoba IMIBIC http://www.imibic.org/

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Anticipated or actual start date

15 March 2021

Anticipated completion date

30 May 2021

Funding sources/sponsors

This protocol is the Juan Ruano's final project for the Master in Health Economics and Pharmacoeconomics degree at UPF Barcelona School of Management. There is no funding from any pharmaceutical company.

Contact details for further information

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Data analysis

The R programming language shall be used for statistical analyses and graphical representations.

The descriptive data will be presented tabulated, separating two periods: 2000-2012 and 2013-2020 - based on the year of publication of the CHEERS *statem*ent (t-Student and Chi2, p>0.05).

Presentation of the results

A diagram will be developed and the reporting checklist *Preferred* Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses (PRISMA) will be followed.

Reproducibility

Both the R script s and the primary data used in this job will be made public on the https://www.protocols.io/ platform.