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# Glycine-HCl Buffer

In 1 collection

Neilier Junior<sup>1</sup><sup>1</sup>Universidade Federal de Viçosa

1 Works for me dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.bfybjpsn



Neilier Junior  
Universidade Federal de Viçosa

## ABSTRACT

A buffer solution has the function of resisting changes in pH even when adding powerful acids or bases. However, in the physiological environment the buffered system also provides cofactors for enzymatic reactions, critical salts and even essential nutrients for cells and tissues. Therefore, when trying to reproduce biological conditions in vitro, we must make the appropriate choice of the buffer. After all, it will provide the appropriate medium in which reactions will occur.

## MATERIALS TEXT

- Deionized Water
- pH Meter (sensitive)
- Glycine
- Hydrochloric Acid

## SAFETY WARNINGS

Wear personal protective equipment: gloves, lab coat and mask.

## BEFORE STARTING

Organize your workspace.

Make sure all solutions and equipment are available.

## Glycine-HCl Buffer

1



pH range: **pH2.2** to **pH3.6**

- (a) 0.1 M Glycine: 7.5 g L<sup>-1</sup> (M.W.: 75.0 g mol<sup>-1</sup>)  
(b) 0.1 M Hydrochloric acid

Mix **50 ml glycine** and indicated volume of hydrochloric acid.

mL of HCl	44.0	32.4	24.2	16.8	11.4	8.2	6.4	3.6
pH	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.6

2 Mix and adjust the final volume to **100 ml** with deionized water.

3 Adjust the final pH using a sensitive pH meter

