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© 96-well plate CUT&RUN (BC 22.11.04)

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ABSTRACT

CUT&RUN offers a convenient and practical means to perform chromatin profiling *in situ* for low cell number samples. This well plate format version of the assay has been adapted from the Rudensky lab (van Der Veeken et al. Immunity. 2020.

PROTOCOL CITATION

Brent Chick 2022. 96-well plate CUT&RUN (BC 22.11.04). **protocols.io** https://protocols.io/view/96-well-plate-cut-amp-run-bc-22-11-04-citquemw

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Procedure

1 Prepare buffers prior to starting. These buffers work optimally for T cells:

Buffer 1 (1x perm buffer from eBioscience Foxp3/TF staining buffer set diluted in nuclease free water, 1X EDTA-free protease inhibitors, 0.5mM spermidine)

Α	В	С
Component	Amount	Final
		Concentration
10X	1mL	1X
permeabilization		
buffer		
50X cOmplete	200uL	1X
inhibitor		
1.3M spermidine	3.85uL	0.5mM
Nuclease free	8.796mL	
water		

Recipe for 10ml. Scale up as needed.

Antibody buffer: Buffer 1 + 2mM EDTA

Buffer 2 (0.05% saponin, 1X EDTA-free protease inhibitors, 0.5mM spermidine in PBS)

Α	В	С
Component	Amount	Final
		Concentration
5% saponin	100uL	0.05%
(100X)		
50X cOmplete	200uL	1X
inhibitor		
1.3M	3.85uL	0.5mM
spermidine		
PBS	9.696mL	

Recipe for 10ml. Scale up as needed.

Calcium buffer: Buffer 2 + 2mM CaCl2

2X Stop buffer: 20mM EDTA, 4mM EGTA in buffer 2

1.1 If using a non-T cell cell type, you can substitute in buffers from the Henikoff protocol (https://www.protocols.io/view/cut-amp-run-targeted-in-situgenome-wide-profiling-14egnr4ql5dy/v3)

In limited attempts, I have had successful runs substituting in Henikoff's antibody buffer for initial wash and primary antibody staining steps, and using Henikoff's digi-wash buffer for subsequent wash steps, MNase incubation, and calcium activation steps. After you determine the optimal digitonin concentration for your cell type, there is a possibility that these buffer condtions can work well when used in this plate protocol.

2 Harvest 100,000 to 500,000 cells per replicate and transfer each sample to individual wells of a

V-bottom 96 well plate (max well volume $\sim 200 \, \mu L$). I use Nunc MicroWell plates (Thermo Scientific Cat #249944), however any V-bottom plate should work fine.

3 Centrifuge plate for the equivalent of 1900rpm, © 00:06:00 on Sorvall Legend XTR centrifuge (need to convert to rcf). Use this same speed and duration for all subsequent centrifugation steps.

- 4 Carefully remove supernatant with a P200, and add ■200 μL of antibody buffer to wash the cell pellet. If using >=100k cells, cell pellet should be clearly visible. For each subsequent wash step, use ■200 μL of specified buffer.
- 5 Spin down plate and remove antibody buffer wash.
- 6 Incubate cells with antibodies in $\Box 100 \, \mu L$ of antibody buffer for 1h on ice.
- 7 Spin down plate and remove antibody solution. Wash samples twice with buffer 1. You can add additional wash steps, however I have not observed an advantage in doing so.
- 8 Incubate samples with pA/G-MNase (20X) in buffer 1 for © **01:00:00** at **δ 4 °C**. Use **50 μL** buffer 1 for each sample (**2.5 μL** of pA/G-MNase per sample) Epicypher's CUTANA makes a good enzyme (EpiCypher SKU: 15-1016)
- 9 Spin down plate and remove enzyme solution. Wash samples twice in buffer 2 (200 μL for each wash), then resuspend samples in 100 μL of calcium buffer to activate the MNase. Incubate the samples for 30:30:00 on wet ice.
- Following incubation in calcium buffer, add 100 μL of 2X stop solution. Incubate samples for 00:15:00 in a 37 °C incubator to release cleaved chromatin fragments. Incubation time can be adjusted, but 10-20m is recommended to avoid over/under releasing fragments.

Collect supernatant containing target chromatin fragments by centrifugation (1900rpm, 6min)

- and extract DNA. Qiagen MinElute kits are fine, but will exclude fragments below 70bp. CST offers alternative column kits that retain smaller fragments.
- 12 Use Nan Liu's library prep protocol to prepare CUT&RUN libraries: Nan Liu's C&R Library Prep Protocol