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BEAST v1.X tutorial, in a case of four cicada genera

kawaoso 1, kawaoso 2

¹Soichi Osozawa; ²Former: Tohoku University

1 Works for me

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KawaOso

kawaoso

ABSTRACT

A Bayesian inference (BI) tree is constructed using the software BEAST v.1X (Bayesian Evolutionary Analysis Sampling Trees; Suchard et al., 2018; released on 10th June, 2018), running BEAUti, BEAST, TreeAnnotator, and FigTree, in ascending order. Before operating the BEAST software, the BEAGLE Library must be downloaded.

BEAST v1.X has an important function of calibration in the associated software of BEAUti (Bayesian Evolutionary Analysis Utility). The calibration protocol of BEAUti is to input a time of the most recent common ancestor (tMRCA = minimum age) of the ingroup species, either by fossil calibration or by the geological event calibration. Using BEAST v1.X, without fixing maximum age constraint, we can simply build a reliably-dated phyologeny.

Another important function is combined gene analysis of the mitochondrial COI (1,534 bp) and the nuclear 28S rRNA (874 bp) in the present case, and the analysis can be performed by simply setting "Partitions" of these genes in BEAUti. The resolution was sufficient, but note that nuclear gene does not severely affect on the final topology. Concatenation and re-partitioning using PartitionFinder is not required. Note that BEAST2 analyzes each gene separately, and later combined tree by LogCombiner, but the consequent tree is sometimes unacceptable.

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ABSTRACT

A Bayesian inference (BI) tree is constructed using the software BEAST v.1X (Bayesian Evolutionary Analysis Sampling Trees; Suchard et al., 2018; released on 10th June, 2018), running BEAUti, BEAST, TreeAnnotator, and FigTree, in ascending order. Before operating the BEAST software, the BEAGLE Library must be downloaded.

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Another important function is combined gene analysis of the mitochondrial COI (1,534 bp) and the nuclear 28S rRNA (874 bp) in the present case, and the analysis can be performed by simply setting "Partitions" of these genes in BEAUti. The resolution was sufficient, but note that nuclear gene does not severely affect on the final topology. Concatenation and re-partitioning using PartitionFinder is not required. Note that BEAST2 analyzes each gene separately, and later combined tree by LogCombiner, but the consequent tree is sometimes unacceptable.

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1 General flowA

Bayesian inference (BI) tree is constructed using the software BEAST v.1X (Bayesian Evolutionary Analysis Sampling Trees; Suchard et al., 2018; released on 10th June, 2018), running BEAUti, BEAST, TreeAnnotator, and FigTree, in ascending order.Before operating the BEAST software, the BEAGLE Library must be downloaded. Platform software is BEAST, and the calculation time is less than 30 minutes for the present case, but usually calculation time is up to 2 when specimens are increased.

BEAST v1.X has an important function of calibration in the associated software of BEAUti (Bayesian Evolutionary Analysis Utility). The calibration protocol of BEAUti is to input a time of the most recent common ancestor (tMRCA = minimum age) of the ingroup species, either by fossil calibration or by the geological event calibration. Using BEAST v1.X, without fixing maximum age constraint, we can simply build a reliably-dated phyologeny.

Another important function is combined gene analysis of the mitochondrial COI (1,534 bp) and the nuclear 28S rRNA (874 bp) in the present case, and the analysis can be performed by simply setting "Partitions" of these genes in BEAUti. The resolution was sufficient, but note that nuclear gene does not severely affect on the final topology. Concatenation and re-partitioning using PartitionFinder is not required. Note that BEAST2 analyzes each gene separately, and later combined tree by LogCombiner, but the consequent tree is sometimes unacceptable.

Calibrations points are shown on the consequent BI tree, and these dates were input in "Priors" in BEAUti; they are summarized below. See references in our paper appeared in PlosOne.

Calibration point A (A1 to A6) is after our geological event calibration that adopts a 1.55 ± 0.15 Ma date based on multiple biostratigraphic and supporting radio-isotopic dates connected to various geologic relationships in the Ryukyu islands region(Osozawa et al., 2012). This geologic event calibration was also used in a previous study of *Platypleura* cicadas by our group (Osozawa et al. 2017a).

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time of Hachijo as an island at 0.24 Ma (Osozawa et al., 2021). This date is applicable for Meimuna opalifera on the Hachijo-jima, Izu oceanic islands, and the Japan continental islands. Calibration point C: Crown Meimuna opalifera: Fossil M. protopalifera was found from the Itamuro Formation, Tochigi, Japan (Fujiyama 1969; Yoshikawa 2005), and the fission track age of the correlative terrestrial strata of the Nashino Formation, Sendai, is 6.4 ± 0.4 Ma (Fujiwara et al. 2008). Calibration point D: Crown Cryptotympana: Fossil C.incasa and C. miocenica were found from Shanwang, Shandong, China (Moulds, 2018), and these strata are considered to be time correlative to the European MN5 mammalian stage (16.45 ± 0.45 Ma; Roc ek et al. 2011). 2 Prepare .txt files of COI and 28S rRNA, respectively. Important: label (e.g., >kum12) must be coincident each other between COI and 28S rRNA files. We recommend copy-past commands for labeling. Folder for the BEAST analyses, including two .text files of COI and 28S rRNA. 3 Taxa: Loading of taxa as ingroup was by using the plus button. The left screen: Taxon Set (monophyletic boxes are checked for all in the present case, and stem box were checked in case by case but solely for kumAll), and the right screen: Included Taxa. 4 Sites: Substitution Model: HKY (Hasegawa, Kishino and Yano) model. Base frequencies: Empirical, Site Heterogenety Model: Gamma, Number of Gamma Categories: 4, Partition into codon positions: Off. The GTR model generates similar topology.

Calibration point B: Hachijo oceanic island is a part of the Izu volcanic arc, and we recently estimated the emergent

5	Clocks: Clock Type: Uncorrected relaxed clock, Relaxed Distribution: Lognormal. Uncorrelated relaxed clocks allow each branch of a phylogenetic tree to have its own evolutionary rate under log-normal distribution, and the node rate is the rate median of three branches (Drummond <i>et al.</i> , 2006).
)	Trees: Tree Prior: Speciation: Yule Process.
7	Priors: tmrca (time of MRCA) is input from the calibration point date noted above as Prior Distribution: Normal, and the Mean and Standard deviation.
	Running BEAST is done by incorporating xml input file made by BEAUti.

9	The consequent BI tree is drawn by FigTree v1.4.2, for that, the tree files were input into TreeAnnotator.
10	The 95% highest posterior density for confidence intervals of ages can be output in FigTree, but not shown in BI tree avove to avoid confusion. In FigTree, posterior probability ("posterior"), posterior age ("Node ages"), and "rate median" (not constant) can be output, and two values are shown at each node in BI tree. This function was not fully used in any previous paper, and we found in our other papers the inconsistent rates through the time as suspected by the relaxed clock model of BEAST (Drummond et al., 2012). Consequently, we made base substitution rate ("rate median" shown at each node in FigTree) vs age ("Node age" shown at each node in FigTree) diagramusing function of Excel (not in the present paper).