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In vivo tissue-specific chromatin profiling in Drosophila

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1 Works for me dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.buiqnudw

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ABSTRACT

Chromatin regulation plays an essential role in many nuclear processes, and genome-wide chromatin profiling approaches contribute to understanding how chromatin regulates cell homeostasis. Chromatin dysregulation lies in the heart of many human diseases, which most of them have a tissue-specific nature. Because of the physiological similarity of Drosophila and humans, tissue-specific studies can be performed using fruit flies. Here, we present an improved nuclear tagging approach that allows for efficient purification of cell-type specific nuclei from Drosophila increasing yield and stringency. Using this protocol, we purified photoreceptor neuron nuclei, and demonstrate the feasibility and high quality of chromatin accessibility profiling as well as profiling of histones and histone modifications, using Omni-ATAC and ChIP-seq, respectively. Last, we describe a modification to the nuclei purification protocol that allows for application of recently developed CUT&Tag and demonstrate that CUT&Tag outperforms traditional ChIP-seq, although protocol might require further optimization.

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EXTERNAL LINK

https://www.biorxiv.org/content/10.1101/2021.03.23.436625v1

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GUIDELINES

References:

Corces, M., Trevino, A., Hamilton, E. *et al.*An improved ATAC-seq protocol reduces background and enables interrogation of frozen tissues. *Nat Methods***14,**959–962 (2017). https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.4396

https://www.epicypher.com/products/epigenetics-reagents-and-assays/cutana-cut-and-tag-assays

MATERIALS TEXT

⊠ Dynabeads™ Protein G for Immunoprecipitation **Thermo**

Fisher Catalog #10003D In 4 steps

🔯 anti GFP

antibody Roche Catalog #11814460001 Step 5

⊗ Anti-Histone H3

antibody Abcam Catalog #ab1791

X Anti-Histone H3 (tri methyl K4) antibody - ChIP

grade Abcam Catalog #Ab8580

X Anti-Histone H3 (tri methyl K36) antibody - ChIP

grade Abcam Catalog #Ab9050

Kits illumina Catalog #20034197

⊠IDT® for Illumina® DNA/RNA UD Indexes Set A Tagmentation (96 Indexes 96

Samples) illumina Catalog #20027213

⊠ CUTANA™ pAG-Tn5 for

CUT&Tag EpiCypher Catalog #15-1017 In 2 steps

Recipes

1

Homogenization/wash [WB] buffer

40 mM HEPES, pH 7.5 120 mM KCI 0.4% NP40 (IGEPAL)

Dilution buffer [cold]

40 mM HEPES, pH 7.5 120 mM KCl

Bead washing buffer [cold]

1X Phosphate Buffer Saline (PBS) buffer, pH 7.4 2.5 mM MgCl₂

Omni-ATAC

Omni-ATAC tagmentation mix

25 μL 2X buffer 2.5 μL Tn5 16.5 μL PBS 0.5 μL 1% digitonin 0.5 μL 10% Tween-20

ChIP-seq

A1 buffer

15 mM HEPES

15 mM NaCl

60 mM KCl

4 mM MgCl₂

0.5% Triton X-100

Nuclei Lysis Buffer

50 mM Tris

10 mM EDTA

1% SDS

X-ChIP dilution buffer

16.7 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0

167 mM NaCl

1% Triton X-100

1.2 mM EDTA

X-ChIP elution buffer

100 mM NaHCO₃

1% SDS

Low Salt Buffer

20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0

150 mM NaCl

0.1% SDS

1% Triton X-100

2 mM EDTA

High Salt Buffer

20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0

500 mM NaCl

0.1% SDS

1% Triton X-100

2 mM EDTA

LiCl wash buffer

10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0

250 mM LiCl

0.1% Na-Deoxycholate

0.1% NP-40 or IGEPAL

1 mM EDTA

TE buffer

10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0

1 mM EDTA

CUT&Tag

Wash 150 buffer

20 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

150 mM NaCl

0.5 mM Spermidine

 $1X\ Roche\ cOmplete^{TM},\ Mini,\ EDTA-free\ protease\ inhibitor\ (1\ tablet/10mL\ Wash150\ buffer)$

Store at 4C for up to 1 week

Digitonin150 buffer

Wash buffer + 0.01% Digitonin

Prepare fresh each day and store at 4C

Antibody150 buffer

Digitonin buffer + 2 mM EDTA

Prepare fresh each day and store at 4C

Wash300 buffer

20 mM HEPES, pH 7.5 300 mM NaCl 0.5 mM Spermidine

1X Roche cOmplete TM , Mini, EDTA-free Protease Inhibitor (1 tablet/10 mL Wash300 buffer) Store at 4C for up to 1 week

Digitonin300 buffer

Wash 300 Buffer + 0.01% Digitonin

Prepare fresh each day and store at 4C

Tagmentation buffer

Wash buffer + 10 mM MgCl₂ Store at 4C for up to 1 week

TAPS buffer

10 mM TAPS, pH 8.5 0.2 mM EDTA Store at RT for up to 6 months

SDS Release Buffer

10 mM TAPS, pH 8.5 0.1% SDS Store at RT for up to 6 months

SDS Quench Buffer

0.67% Triton-X 100 in Molecular grade H_2O Store at RT for up 6 months

Primers:

Nextera P1: AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAGA Nextera P2: CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATACGA

Drosophila stocks

2 Generate flies expressing GFP^{KASH} protein in the cell type of interest by crossing UAS-GFP^{KASH} or QUAS-GFP^{KASH} flies with the appropriate Gal4 or QF driver. Confirm expression patterns by microscopy. We typically generate recombinant flies expressing the driver and GFP^{KASH} where both transgenes are homozygous (two copies) because this is

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convenient for expanding the flies, and we have found that the IP efficiency improves with higher expression. However, we can also obtain nuclei from flies expressing only a single copy of the driver and GFP^{KASH}, even when combining these with other UAS-transgenes such as RNAi, overexpression.

Bead-antibody coupling	10m

3

⊠ Dynabeads™ Protein G for Immunoprecipitation **Thermo**

Incubate 40 µL of Fisher Catalog #10003D

in 1 mL

Bead washing buffer for 10 min at RT with constant rotation

4 Transfer tube to magnet and remove supernatant. For this step, and all steps involving the magnet - invert the tube several times on the magnet to ensure all beads are bound and remove any remaining supernatant from inside the lid of the tube using a pipettor. We use a 1 mL pipettor to remove the supernatant at all bead/magnet steps.

⊠ PureProteome[™] Magnetic Stand **Millipore**

Sigma Catalog #LSKMAGS08

5 Resuspend beads in 1 mL **Bead washing buffer** and add 4 μg

🛭 anti GFP

antibody Roche Catalog #11814460001

- 6 Transfer tube to magnet and remove supernatant
- Resuspend beads in 200 μL 0.1% **homogenization/wash buffer** (mix 3 parts **dilution buffer** and 1 part **homogenization buffer/wash** final NP-40 concentration of 0.1%)

Homogenization

8 (Always keep homogenizer on ice)

(1 mL of homogenization buffer is good for 400 fly heads - from flies snap frozen in liquid nitrogen and stored at -80C) (fresh samples can also be used i.e. partially dissecting tissues from larvae, whole embryos - but nuclei can be isolated successfully from frozen flies and this is our standard approach for neuronal cell types in the adult head)

Transfer fly samples to 1 mL dounce homogenizer that contains 1 volume of cold homogenization/wash buffer

- 9 Grind samples with 5 "loose" pestle strokes
- 10 Incubate samples on ice for 5 min
- 11 Repeat 5 "loose" pestle strokes and follow with 10 "tight" pestle strokes

12	⊠ Corning® 40μm Cell	
	Filter homogenate using a Strainer Corning Catalog #431750	and add 3 volumes of
	dilution buffer	
Nuclei -	- bead incubation 10m	
13	Split 4 mL lysate into four microcentrifuge (1.5 mL) tubes	
14	Add a 1/4 of resuspended bead-antibody complex into each tube	
15	Incubate nuclei-bead-antibody solution for 30 min at 4C with constant rotation	
13	mediate nuclei bead untibody solution for so min at 40 with constant rotation	
1.0	Heiner a man and man and a man and a man	
16	Using a magnet, remove supernatant	
17	Gently resuspend bead-bound nuclei with 1 mL homogenization/wash buffer	
18	Incubate for 5 min at 4C with constant rotation	
19	Using a magnet, remove supernatant	
20	Gently resuspend bead-bound nuclei with 1 mL homogenization/wash buffer and transf	er to new centrifuge tube
21	Incubate for 5 min at 4C with constant rotation	
22	Repeat wash 1 more time (no need to switch tubes again). At this step, samples contain bead	
	used for RNA-seq (see step 22), Omni-ATAC (see step 25), ChIP-seq (see step 39), or CUT&Tag different magnetic beads should be used for CUT&Tag in step 2).	g (see step 63: note that
D		
RNA-se	eq	
23		
		fy according to the
	manufacturers' instructions. We typically use Direct-7ol microprep kit, eluting in 15 ul , and gu	antity 2 III of elifed RNA

⊠ Qubit RNA HS Assay Kit **Thermo Fisher**

using Scientific Catalog #Q32852

24 Libraries for RNA-seq can be generated using

Kit Tecan Catalog #0502-32

. This kit allows RNA inputs: [10

pg- 10 ng]. This library kit has ribodepletion step incorporated into the protocol using Drosophila anyDeplete, and libraries are therefore total nuclear RNA depleted for rRNA (not mRNA). We also recommend to use a library kit that has an in-solution DNAse step as part of the initial protocol because in our hands, the gDNA removal in the Direct-Zol kit is not 100% efficient.

Omni-ATAC

- 25 Begin the Omni-ATAC protocol at this step using the bead-bound nuclei obtained in Step 22.
- 26 After third wash, resuspend nuclei in 500 μ L homogenization/wash buffer

using Research Catalog #D4074

kit, and use this to determine the

amount of nuclei suspension to use for Omni-ATAC. For comparisons between samples under different experimental conditions, the same amount of nuclei (DNA) should be used.

- Based on quantification, aliquot nuclei according to desired input amount. We have successfully used 50 ng or 100 ng DNA equivalent for Omni-ATAC, but it is likely that much lower input DNA levels will also work well using this protocol.
- 29 Using magnet, remove supernatant and resuspend nuclei in 50 µL of Omni-ATAC tagmentation mix
- 30 Perform Omni-ATAC as described in this publication: (Corces, 2017)
- 31 Incubate reaction for 30 minutes at 37C in a thermal shaker using 1000 RPM shaking speed.

Purify DNA using **Research Catalog #D4003** buffer (from the Zymo kit).

and elute in 15 μ L elution

33 PCR amplify Omni-ATAC libraries:

■ NEBNext High-Fidelity 2X PCR Master Mix - 50 rxns New England

25 μL Biolabs Catalog #M0541S

15 µL purified DNA

⊠IDT for Illumina Nextera DNA Unique Dual Indexes Illumina,

10 μL Inc. Catalog #20027213

34 Amplify for 5 cycles

72C 5min

98C 30 sec

Then, 5 cycles of:

98C 10 sec

63C 30 sec

72C 1 min

- 35 Place reaction on ice
- 36 Determine additional PCR cycles using qPCR:

qPCR mix

1 rxn

25 uM Nextera P1 0.25 µL 25 uM Nextera P2 0.25 μL

100X Syber Green I 0.09 μL NEBnext 2X

5 μL

diH20

 $4.4 \,\mu$ L

37

Purify DNA using users Catalog #A63880

using double size

selection (0.5-1X ratio)

38 Assess tagmentation patterns using

> Capillary electrophoresis instrument (e.g. Agilent Tapestation 4200) Contributed by users Libraries can be directly sequenced after this step.

ChIP-seq

- Begin the ChIP-seq protocol at this step using the bead-bound nuclei obtained in Step 22. 39 After third wash, use a magnet to remove supernatant.
- Resuspend bead-bound nuclei in 1 mL A1 buffer 40
- 41 ⊠ Pierce™ 16% Formaldehyde (w/v) Methanol-free **Thermo Fisher**

Add Scientific Catalog #28906

concentration of 1%. We use these small ampules for ChIP experiments and discard ~2 weeks after opening, storing at 4C.

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42	Rotate for 2 min at RT
43	Add Glycine to a final concentration of 125 mM for quenching and rotate for 5 min at RT
44	Resuspend in 140 uL of Nuclei Lysis Buffer
45	Transfer to sonication tube (MicroTube (6x16mm), AFA fiber with Snap-Cap 520045)
46	Sonicate chromatin with E220 Covaris Conditions: 10 min with 2% duty cycle 105W, 200 CPB
47	Transfer the sonicated lysate to an eppendorf tube using a magnet to discard beads
48	Add X-ChIP dilution buffer to make up to 1mL final volume.
49	Centrifuge supernatant 10min at 20,000 x g at 4C.
50	Transfer supernatant [soluble chromatin] to new centrifuge tube on ice
51	Take a 5% fraction (for input prep go to step 51.1) and flash-freeze remaining chromatin in liquid nitrogen or continue to step 52
	51.1 Fill up to 200 μL with X-ChIP elution buffer
	51.2 RNase A (10 mg/mL) Thermo Fisher Add 2 μL of Scientific Catalog #EN0531 and incubate at 37C for 1 hour

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Add 2 μL of

	51.3	⊗ Proteinase K Solution (20 mg/mL) Thermo Fisher	
		Scientific Catalog #AM2548	and
		incubate at 55C overnight. It is important to do this incubation step at 55C (not higher ter	mp).
	E1 /	Malipputal	
	51.4	⊗ ChIP DNA Clean & Concentrator Zymo	
		Purify DNA using Research Catalog #D5205	and
		quantify 2 μL using	
		Scientific Catalog #Q33230	
52	buffer. We red <i>H3K4me3</i>), but	chromatin based on number of antibodies to be used and fill up each tube to 1 mL with X-C commend using ~100ng equivalent of DNA (chromatin) per antibody for histone mark antibut lower amounts may be sufficient for bulk histone (<i>eg histone H3</i>). Higher amounts may be he epitope of interest.	oodies (<i>eg</i>
53	Add 1 ug antib	ody of interest and incubate at 4C with constant rotation overnight	
55	7.44 . pg 4		
5 4	D 0		
54	Day 2		
55	Wash 25 µL of	beads with 1 mL of X-ChIP dilution buffer to get rid of the slurry	
56	Immuno-precip	oitate the antibody-chromatin complex with 25 μL G agarose beads (Santa Cruz) for 2 hour	rs at 4C
57	Wash the head	s with the following buffers for 5 min at RT with constant rotation: Low Salt Buffer, High Sa	ult Ruffer LiCl
37		lse 1 mL of each wash buffer, and remove supernatant using magnet as in other steps.	in Burrer, Lioi
58	After LiCl wash	n, resuspend beads in 1 mL of TE buffer and transfer to new centrifuge tube (1.5 mL tube).	
59	Incubate for 5 i	minutes at 4C	
60	Heing a magn	t romovo supernatant and requeneed boods in 200 ut. of V ChID Flution buffer	
60	osing a magne	t, remove supernatant and resuspend beads in 200 μL of X-ChIP Elution buffer	
61		A from each ChIP sample obtained at step 60 using the same method as described for the i	nput fraction
	(5%): steps 51.:	2 to 51.4 (RNAse, proteinaseK, purification).	
	1-1-		

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Use purified DNA for library construction. We use 62 **⊠** Ovation® Ultralow V2 DNA-Seq Library Preparation Kit Tecan Catalog # 0344NB-A01 and have found that 100 pg and 2 ng of DNA yield comparable libraries. CUT&Tag If nuclei will be used for CUT&Tag, perform the nuclear immuno-enrichment (starting at step 3) using 63 **⊠**Dynabeads™ Pan Mouse IgG Invitrogen - Thermo Fisher Catalog #11041 instead of **⊠** Dynabeads™ Protein G for Immunoprecipitation **Thermo** Fisher Catalog #10003D since Protein G coupled dynabeads might interfere with downstream steps in CUT&Tag. After third wash, remove supernatant using a magnet and wash nuclei with 1 mL of cold Antibody 150 buffer three times Using magnet, remove supernatant, resuspend bead-bound nuclei in 50 µL Antibody 150 buffer and transfer to PCR 65 Add $0.5 \,\mu g$ **Primary antibody** and gently pipette up and down to mix 66 Incubate for 1 hour at RT at 4C with constant rotation Using magnet, remove supernatant, resuspend bead-bound nuclei in 50 µL cold Digitonin 150 buffer 68 Add 0.5 μg Secondary antibody 70 Incubate for 30 min at RT with constant rotation

Using a magnet, remove supernatant and add 200 µL cold **Digitonin 150 Buffer**

Repeat step 70 two times

	73	Remove from magnet, add 50 μL cold Digitonin 300 buffer	
	74	 	
	75	Incubate samples for 1 hour at RT with constant rotation	
	76	Using a magnet, remove supernatant and add 200 μ L cold Digitonin 300 buffer. Thoroughly resuspend by pipetting, return to magnet then pipet to remove supe	
	77	Repeat previous step for total of two washes	
	78	Remove from magnet, add 50 μL cold Tagmentation Buffer	
	79	Incubate for 1 hour at 37C in thermocycler	
	80	Using a magnet, remove supernatant and resuspend beads in 50 μL RT \pmb{TAPS} \pmb{Buffer}	
	81	Using a magnet, remove supernatant, add 5 uL RT SDS Release Buffer and vortex on max speed for 7 seconds. Quick spin to collect	
	82	Add 15 μL RT SDS Quench Buffer and vortex on max speed.	
	83	Add 2 μL each of Universal i5 and barcoded i7 primers (10 μM stocks)	
	84	& CUTANA™ High Fidelity 2X PCR Master Add 25 μL Mix EpiCypher Catalog #15-1018 and mix	
	85	Amplify in a thermocycler using the following conditions: a. 58C - 5 min	
6	🔊 proto	ocols.io 12	07/07/2021

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- b. 72C 5 min
- c. 98C 45 sec
- d. 98C 15 sec
- e. 60C 10 sec
- f. Repeat d-e for a total of 14-21.
- g. 72C 1min
- h. hold at 4C

We have found that 20 cycles yield optimal libraries when a H3K4me3 CUT&Tag reaction is started using nuclei corresponding to 100 ng gDNA

86 Clean CUT&Tab libraries using 1.3X am

□ Agencourt AmPure XP beads Contributed by

users Catalog #A63880

87 Elute DNA in $15 \mu L$

■ 100ml TE Buffer [1X], pH 8.0, Low EDTA (Tris-EDTA; 10mM Tris base, 0.1mM EDTA) G-

Biosciences Catalog #786-150

⊠ Qubit 1X dsDNA HS Assay Kit **Thermo Fisher**

and quantify using Scientific Catalog #Q33230

88 CUT&Tag libraries are ready for sequencing