Ch25-DynamicProgramming

September 10, 2025

1 Dynamic Programming (DP)

- https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~avrim/451f09/lectures/lect1001.pdf
- $\bullet \ \, https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/overlapping-subproblems-property-in-dynamic-programming-dp-1/ \\$
- commonly used and powerful optimization technique that allows you to solve many different types of problemns in time $O(n^2)$ or $O(n^3)$ for which a naive approach would take exponential time
- two main properties of a problem that warrents DP solution:
 - 1. Overlapping Subproblems
 - 2. Optimal Substructures

1.1 Overlapping Subproblems

- problem combines solutions from many overlapping sub-problems
- DP is not useful when there are no common (overlapping) subproblems
- computed solutions to sub-problems are stored in a look-up table to avoid recomputation
- slighlty different from Divide and Conquer technque
 - divide the problems into smaller non-overlapping subproblems and solve them independently
 - e.g.: merge sort and quick sort

1.2 Optimal Substructures

• optimal solution of the given problem can be obtained by using optimal solutions of its subproblems

1.3 2 Types of DP solutions

1.4 1. Top-Down (Memoization)

- based on the Latin word memorandum, meaning "to be remembered"
- similar to word memorization, its a technique used in coding to improve program runtime by memorizing intermediate solutions
- using dict type lookup data structure, one can memorize intermediate results of subproblems
- tpically recursion use top-down approach

1.4.1 Process

• start solving the given problem by breaking it down

- first check to see if the given problem has been solved already
 - if so, return the saved answer
 - if not, solve it and save the answer

1.5 2. Bottom-Up (Tabulation)

- start solving from the trivial subproblem
- store the results in a table/list/array
- move up towards the given problem by using the results of subproblems
- typically iterative solutions uses bottom-up approach

1.5.1 simple recursive fib function

• recall, fibonacci definition is recursive and has many common/overlapping subproblems

```
[1]: count = 0
  def fib(n):
      global count
      count += 1
      if n <= 2:
          return 1
      f = fib(n-1) + fib(n-2)
      return f

n=30 #40, 50? takes a while
print("fib at {}th position = {}".format(n, fib(n)))
print("fib function count = {}".format(count))</pre>
fib at 30th position = 832040
```

```
fib function count = 1664079
```

```
[2]: # let's add looging to the function to vidualize the function call on stack
import inspect
def stack_depth():
    return len(inspect.getouterframes(inspect.currentframe())) - 1
```

```
[4]: def fib_stack(n):
    print(f'{" "*stack_depth()}fib_stack({n}) called')
    if n <= 2:
        return 1
        f = fib_stack(n-1) + fib_stack(n-2)
        return f</pre>
n=10 # big number takes longer and output will not look as great
print("fib at {}th position = {}".format(n, fib_stack(n)))
```

fib_stack(10) called

```
fib_stack(9) called
fib_stack(8) called
  fib_stack(7) called
   fib_stack(6) called
    fib stack(5) called
     fib_stack(4) called
      fib_stack(3) called
       fib_stack(2) called
       fib_stack(1) called
      fib_stack(2) called
     fib_stack(3) called
      fib_stack(2) called
      fib_stack(1) called
    fib_stack(4) called
     fib_stack(3) called
      fib_stack(2) called
      fib_stack(1) called
     fib_stack(2) called
   fib_stack(5) called
    fib_stack(4) called
     fib_stack(3) called
      fib_stack(2) called
      fib_stack(1) called
     fib_stack(2) called
    fib_stack(3) called
     fib_stack(2) called
     fib_stack(1) called
  fib_stack(6) called
   fib_stack(5) called
    fib_stack(4) called
     fib_stack(3) called
      fib_stack(2) called
      fib_stack(1) called
     fib_stack(2) called
    fib stack(3) called
     fib_stack(2) called
     fib_stack(1) called
   fib_stack(4) called
    fib_stack(3) called
     fib_stack(2) called
     fib_stack(1) called
    fib_stack(2) called
fib_stack(7) called
  fib_stack(6) called
   fib_stack(5) called
    fib_stack(4) called
     fib_stack(3) called
      fib_stack(2) called
```

```
fib_stack(1) called
    fib_stack(2) called
    fib_stack(3) called
     fib_stack(2) called
     fib_stack(1) called
   fib_stack(4) called
    fib_stack(3) called
    fib_stack(2) called
    fib_stack(1) called
    fib_stack(2) called
  fib_stack(5) called
   fib_stack(4) called
    fib_stack(3) called
    fib_stack(2) called
    fib_stack(1) called
    fib_stack(2) called
   fib_stack(3) called
   fib_stack(2) called
    fib_stack(1) called
fib_stack(8) called
fib_stack(7) called
  fib_stack(6) called
  fib_stack(5) called
    fib_stack(4) called
    fib_stack(3) called
      fib_stack(2) called
      fib_stack(1) called
     fib_stack(2) called
    fib_stack(3) called
     fib_stack(2) called
     fib_stack(1) called
   fib_stack(4) called
    fib_stack(3) called
    fib_stack(2) called
     fib_stack(1) called
    fib_stack(2) called
  fib_stack(5) called
  fib_stack(4) called
    fib_stack(3) called
    fib_stack(2) called
    fib_stack(1) called
    fib_stack(2) called
   fib_stack(3) called
    fib_stack(2) called
    fib_stack(1) called
fib_stack(6) called
  fib_stack(5) called
   fib_stack(4) called
```

```
fib_stack(3) called
  fib_stack(2) called
  fib_stack(1) called
  fib_stack(2) called
  fib_stack(3) called
  fib_stack(2) called
  fib_stack(1) called
  fib_stack(4) called
  fib_stack(3) called
  fib_stack(2) called
  fib_stack(2) called
  fib_stack(1) called
```

fib at 10th position = 55

1.5.2 theoritical computational complexity

- Time Complexity: T(n) = time to calculate Fib(n-1) + Fib(n-2) + time to add them: O(1)
- using Big-Oh (O) notation for upper-bound:

```
- T(n) = T(n-1) + T(n-2) + O(1)
```

- $T(n) = O(2^{n-1}) + O(2^{n-2}) + O(1)$
- $-T(n) = O(2^n)$

precisely

- $-T(n) = O(1.6)^n$
 - \ast 1.6... is called golden ratio https://www.mathsisfun.com/numbers/golden-ratio.html
- Space Complexity = O(n) due to call stack

```
[5]: #print(globals())
import timeit
print(timeit.timeit('fib(30)', number=1, globals=globals()))
# big difference between 30 and 40
```

0.2583559870000016

1.5.3 memoized recursive fib function

```
[6]: count = 0
def MemoizedFib(memo, n):
    global count
    count += 1
    if n <= 1:
        return 1
    if n in memo:
        return memo[n]
    memo[n] = MemoizedFib(memo, n-1) + MemoizedFib(memo, n-2)
    return memo[n]</pre>
```

```
[7]: memo = {}
      n=1000 #try 40, 50, 60, 100, 500, 10000, ...
      print("fib at {}th position = {}".format(n, MemoizedFib(memo, n)))
      print("fib function called {} times.".format(count))
      \hbox{fib at 1000th position = 7033036771142281582183525487718354977018126983635873274} \\
     26049050871545371181969335797422494945626117334877504492417659910881863632654502
     23647106012053374121273867339111198139373125598767690091902245245323403501
     fib function called 1999 times.
 [8]: # let's time the MemoizedFib(1000)
      import timeit
      memo = \{\}
      n=1000
      print(timeit.timeit('MemoizedFib(memo, n)', number=1, globals=globals()))
     0.0007638900000017657
     1.6 using function decorator @cache
        • no need to write our own caching mechanism
        • @cache is new in Python 3.9; so update python to 3.9 if necessary
        • NOTE - works only for subsequent calls not the first time recrusion is called!
 [9]: ! which python
     /Users/rbasnet/miniconda3/envs/py/bin/python
[10]: ! python --version
     Python 3.9.7
[11]: %%bash
      # update silently without prompting
      conda update python -y
     Collecting package metadata (current_repodata.json): ...working... done
     Solving environment: ...working... done
     ## Package Plan ##
       environment location: /Users/rbasnet/miniconda3/envs/py
       added / updated specs:
         - python
     The following packages will be downloaded:
```

build

Ι

package

```
anyio-2.2.0
                            py39hecd8cb5_1
                                                125 KB
brotlipy-0.7.0
                         |py39h9ed2024_1003
                                                 333 KB
                            py39h2fd3fbb_0
cryptography-35.0.0
                                                1.1 MB
jupyter server-1.4.1
                         py39hecd8cb5 0
                                                 312 KB
                         py39hecd8cb5_0
notebook-6.4.5
                                                 4.2 MB
pysocks-1.7.1
                         py39hecd8cb5 0
                                                  31 KB
sniffio-1.2.0
                         py39hecd8cb5_1
                                                   15 KB
                                                 6.1 MB
                                    Total:
```

The following NEW packages will be INSTALLED:

```
importlib_metadata_pkgs/main/noarch::importlib_metadata-4.8.1-hd3eb1b0_0
```

The following packages will be REMOVED:

```
backports-1.0-py_2
backports.functools_lru_cache-1.6.4-pyhd8ed1ab_0
chardet-4.0.0-py39h6e9494a_1
pandoc-2.15-h0d85af4_0
python_abi-3.9-2_cp39
requests-unixsocket-0.2.0-py_0
websocket-client-0.57.0-py39h6e9494a_4
```

The following packages will be UPDATED:

```
conda-forge::appnope-0.1.2-py39h6e949~ -->
  appnope
pkgs/main::appnope-0.1.2-py39hecd8cb5_1001
                    conda-forge::brotlipy-0.7.0-py39h89e8~ -->
 brotlipy
pkgs/main::brotlipy-0.7.0-py39h9ed2024_1003
  ca-certificates
                   conda-forge::ca-certificates-2021.10.~ --> pkgs/main::ca-
certificates-2021.10.26-hecd8cb5_2
  charset-normalizer conda-forge::charset-normalizer-2.0.0~ -->
pkgs/main::charset-normalizer-2.0.4-pyhd3eb1b0_0
  idna
                        conda-forge::idna-3.1-pyhd3deb0d_0 -->
pkgs/main::idna-3.2-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::json5-0.9.5-pyh9f0ad1d_0 -->
  json5
pkgs/main::json5-0.9.6-pyhd3eb1b0_0
  pexpect
                    conda-forge::pexpect-4.8.0-pyh9f0ad1d~ -->
pkgs/main::pexpect-4.8.0-pyhd3eb1b0_3
 ptyprocess
                    conda-forge::ptyprocess-0.7.0-pyhd3de~ -->
pkgs/main::ptyprocess-0.7.0-pyhd3eb1b0_2
 pyopenssl
                    conda-forge::pyopenssl-21.0.0-pyhd8ed~ -->
pkgs/main::pyopenssl-21.0.0-pyhd3eb1b0_1
                    conda-forge::pyrsistent-0.17.3-py39h8~ -->
  pyrsistent
pkgs/main::pyrsistent-0.18.0-py39h9ed2024_0
  send2trash
                    conda-forge::send2trash-1.8.0-pyhd8ed~ -->
```

```
pkgs/main::send2trash-1.8.0-pyhd3eb1b0_1
The following packages will be SUPERSEDED by a higher-priority channel:
  anyio
                     conda-forge::anyio-3.3.4-py39h6e9494a~ -->
pkgs/main::anyio-2.2.0-py39hecd8cb5_1
  argon2-cffi
                     conda-forge::argon2-cffi-21.1.0-py39h~ -->
pkgs/main::argon2-cffi-20.1.0-py39h9ed2024_1
                     conda-forge::async_generator-1.10-py_0 -->
  async_generator
pkgs/main::async_generator-1.10-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::attrs-21.2.0-pyhd8ed1ab_0 -->
  attrs
pkgs/main::attrs-21.2.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                      conda-forge::babel-2.9.1-pyh44b312d_0 -->
pkgs/main::babel-2.9.1-pyhd3eb1b0_0
  backcall
                     conda-forge::backcall-0.2.0-pyh9f0ad1~ -->
pkgs/main::backcall-0.2.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::bleach-4.1.0-pyhd8ed1ab_0 -->
 bleach
pkgs/main::bleach-4.0.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::certifi-2021.10.8-py39h6~ -->
  certifi
pkgs/main::certifi-2021.10.8-py39hecd8cb5_0
                     conda-forge::cffi-1.14.6-py39hb71fe58~ -->
pkgs/main::cffi-1.14.6-py39h2125817_0
  cryptography
                     conda-forge::cryptography-35.0.0-py39~ -->
pkgs/main::cryptography-35.0.0-py39h2fd3fbb_0
                     conda-forge::debugpy-1.4.1-py39h9fcab~ -->
  debugpy
pkgs/main::debugpy-1.4.1-py39h23ab428_0
                     conda-forge::decorator-5.1.0-pyhd8ed1~ -->
  decorator
pkgs/main::decorator-5.1.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::defusedxml-0.7.1-pyhd8ed~ -->
  defusedxml
pkgs/main::defusedxml-0.7.1-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge/noarch::entrypoints-0.3-p~ -->
  entrypoints
pkgs/main/osx-64::entrypoints-0.3-py39hecd8cb5_0
  importlib-metadata conda-forge::importlib-metadata-4.8.1~ -->
pkgs/main::importlib-metadata-4.8.1-py39hecd8cb5_0
                     conda-forge::ipykernel-6.4.2-py39h71a~ -->
pkgs/main::ipykernel-6.4.1-py39hecd8cb5_1
                     conda-forge::ipython-7.28.0-py39h71a6~ -->
  ipython
pkgs/main::ipython-7.27.0-py39h01d92e1_0
                     conda-forge::ipython_genutils-0.2.0-p~ -->
  ipython_genutils
pkgs/main::ipython_genutils-0.2.0-pyhd3eb1b0_1
                     conda-forge::jedi-0.18.0-py39h6e9494a~ -->
  jedi
pkgs/main::jedi-0.18.0-py39hecd8cb5_1
                     conda-forge::jinja2-3.0.2-pyhd8ed1ab_0 -->
  jinja2
pkgs/main::jinja2-3.0.1-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::jsonschema-4.1.2-pyhd8ed~ -->
  jsonschema
pkgs/main::jsonschema-3.2.0-pyhd3eb1b0_2
  jupyter_client
                     conda-forge::jupyter_client-7.0.6-pyh~ -->
```

pkgs/main::jupyter_client-7.0.1-pyhd3eb1b0_0

```
conda-forge::jupyter_core-4.9.1-py39h~ -->
  jupyter_core
pkgs/main::jupyter_core-4.8.1-py39hecd8cb5_0
                     conda-forge/noarch::jupyter_server-1.~ -->
  jupyter_server
pkgs/main/osx-64::jupyter_server-1.4.1-py39hecd8cb5_0
  jupyterlab
                     conda-forge::jupyterlab-3.2.1-pyhd8ed~ -->
pkgs/main::jupyterlab-3.1.7-pyhd3eb1b0_0
  jupyterlab_pygmen~ conda-forge::jupyterlab_pygments-0.1.~ -->
pkgs/main::jupyterlab_pygments-0.1.2-py_0
  jupyterlab_server conda-forge::jupyterlab_server-2.8.2-~ -->
pkgs/main::jupyterlab_server-2.8.2-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::libsodium-1.0.18-hbcb390~ -->
  libsodium
pkgs/main::libsodium-1.0.18-h1de35cc_0
                     conda-forge::markupsafe-2.0.1-py39h89~ -->
  markupsafe
pkgs/main::markupsafe-2.0.1-py39h9ed2024_0
  matplotlib-inline conda-forge::matplotlib-inline-0.1.3-~ -->
pkgs/main::matplotlib-inline-0.1.2-pyhd3eb1b0_2
                     conda-forge::mistune-0.8.4-py39h89e85~ -->
 mistune
pkgs/main::mistune-0.8.4-py39h9ed2024_1000
                     conda-forge::nbclassic-0.3.4-pyhd8ed1~ -->
 nbclassic
pkgs/main::nbclassic-0.2.6-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::nbclient-0.5.4-pyhd8ed1a~ -->
pkgs/main::nbclient-0.5.3-pyhd3eb1b0_0
 nbconvert
                     conda-forge::nbconvert-6.2.0-py39h6e9~ -->
pkgs/main::nbconvert-6.1.0-py39hecd8cb5_0
                     conda-forge::nbformat-5.1.3-pyhd8ed1a~ -->
 nbformat
pkgs/main::nbformat-5.1.3-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::nest-asyncio-1.5.1-pyhd8~ --> pkgs/main::nest-
 nest-asyncio
asyncio-1.5.1-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge/noarch::notebook-6.4.5-py~ -->
  notebook
pkgs/main/osx-64::notebook-6.4.5-py39hecd8cb5_0
                     conda-forge::openssl-1.1.11-h0d85af4_0 -->
  openssl
pkgs/main::openssl-1.1.11-h9ed2024_0
                     conda-forge::packaging-21.0-pyhd8ed1a~ -->
 packaging
pkgs/main::packaging-21.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge/noarch::pandocfilters-1.5~ -->
 pandocfilters
pkgs/main/osx-64::pandocfilters-1.4.3-py39hecd8cb5_1
                      conda-forge::parso-0.8.2-pyhd8ed1ab_0 -->
pkgs/main::parso-0.8.2-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::pickleshare-0.7.5-py_1003 -->
 pickleshare
pkgs/main::pickleshare-0.7.5-pyhd3eb1b0_1003
 prometheus_client conda-forge::prometheus_client-0.11.0~ -->
pkgs/main::prometheus_client-0.11.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::prompt-toolkit-3.0.21-py~ -->
  prompt-toolkit
pkgs/main::prompt-toolkit-3.0.20-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::pycparser-2.20-pyh9f0ad1~ -->
  pycparser
pkgs/main::pycparser-2.20-py_2
                     conda-forge::pygments-2.10.0-pyhd8ed1~ -->
  pygments
pkgs/main::pygments-2.10.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
```

```
conda-forge::pyparsing-3.0.3-pyhd8ed1~ -->
  pyparsing
pkgs/main::pyparsing-2.4.7-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::pysocks-1.7.1-py39h6e949~ -->
  pysocks
pkgs/main::pysocks-1.7.1-py39hecd8cb5_0
                     conda-forge::python-dateutil-2.8.2-py~ -->
 python-dateutil
pkgs/main::python-dateutil-2.8.2-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                      conda-forge::pytz-2021.3-pyhd8ed1ab 0 -->
pkgs/main::pytz-2021.3-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::pyzmq-22.3.0-py39h7fec2f~ -->
  pyzma
pkgs/main::pyzmq-22.2.1-py39h23ab428_1
                     conda-forge::requests-2.26.0-pyhd8ed1~ -->
  requests
pkgs/main::requests-2.26.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                       conda-forge::six-1.16.0-pyh6c4a22f_0 -->
pkgs/main::six-1.16.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
  sniffio
                     conda-forge::sniffio-1.2.0-py39h6e949~ -->
pkgs/main::sniffio-1.2.0-py39hecd8cb5_1
                     conda-forge::terminado-0.12.1-py39h6e~ -->
  terminado
pkgs/main::terminado-0.9.4-py39hecd8cb5_0
                     conda-forge::testpath-0.5.0-pyhd8ed1a~ -->
  testpath
pkgs/main::testpath-0.5.0-pyhd3eb1b0 0
                     conda-forge::tornado-6.1-py39h89e85a6~ -->
pkgs/main::tornado-6.1-py39h9ed2024 0
  traitlets
                     conda-forge::traitlets-5.1.1-pyhd8ed1~ -->
pkgs/main::traitlets-5.1.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
  urllib3
                     conda-forge::urllib3-1.26.7-pyhd8ed1a~ -->
pkgs/main::urllib3-1.26.7-pyhd3eb1b0_0
                     conda-forge::wcwidth-0.2.5-pyh9f0ad1d~ -->
  wcwidth
pkgs/main::wcwidth-0.2.5-pyhd3eb1b0_0
  webencodings
                     conda-forge/noarch::webencodings-0.5.~ -->
pkgs/main/osx-64::webencodings-0.5.1-py39hecd8cb5_1
                       conda-forge::zeromq-4.3.4-he49afe7_1 -->
  zeromq
pkgs/main::zeromq-4.3.4-h23ab428_0
                       conda-forge::zipp-3.6.0-pyhd8ed1ab_0 -->
pkgs/main::zipp-3.6.0-pyhd3eb1b0_0
Downloading and Extracting Packages
                                 | ######## | 100%
brotlipy-0.7.0
                     | 333 KB
anyio-2.2.0
                     I 125 KB
                                 | ######## | 100%
notebook-6.4.5
                     | 4.2 MB
                                 | ######## | 100%
cryptography-35.0.0 | 1.1 MB
                                 | ######## | 100%
pysocks-1.7.1
                     | 31 KB
                                 | ######## | 100%
jupyter_server-1.4.1 | 312 KB
                                 | ######## | 100%
sniffio-1.2.0
                     | 15 KB
                                 | ######## | 100%
Preparing transaction: ...working... done
Verifying transaction: ...working... done
Executing transaction: ...working... done
```

```
[12]: ! python --version
     Python 3.9.7
[18]: # caching decorators are added in Python 3.9
      from functools import cache
      count = 0
      @cache # same as @lru_cache(maxsize=None) # by default lru_cache store 128_
       \rightarrowentries
      def cachedFib(n):
          global count
          count += 1
          if n <= 1:
              return 1
          f = fib(n-1) + fib(n-2)
          return f
[22]: import timeit
      print(timeit.timeit('cachedFib(n)', number=1, globals=globals()))
      print('total call = ', count)
     1.6439998944406398e-06
     total call = 753945029
[24]: # second time just looks up the cache as n = 20
      count = 0
      print(timeit.timeit('cachedFib(n)', number=1, globals=globals()))
      print('total call = ', count)
     1.1580000318645034e-06
     total call = 0
[25]: n = 30
      count = 0
      print(timeit.timeit('cachedFib(n)', number=1, globals=globals()))
      print('total call = ', count)
     0.25880884699995477
     total call = 1664079
     1.6.1 computational complexity of memoized fib
        • Time Complexity - O(n)
        • Space Complexity - O(n)
```

1.6.2 normally large integer answers are reported in mod

• mod of a farily large prime number e.g. $(10^9 + 7)$

- $\bullet \ \ need to know some modular arithmetic: https://www.khanacademy.org/computing/computer-science/cryptography/modarithmetic/a/modular-addition-and-subtraction$
- (A+B)%C = (A%C + B%C)%C
- (A-B)%C = (A%C B%C)%C

```
[26]: mod = 1000000007
def MemoizedModFib(memo, n):
    if n <= 2:
        return 1
    if n in memo:
        return memo[n]
    memo[n] = (MemoizedFib(memo, n-1)%mod + MemoizedFib(memo, n-2)%mod)%mod
    return memo[n]</pre>
```

```
[27]: memo = {}
n=1000 #try 40, 50, 60, 100, 500, 10000, ...
print("fib at {}th position = {}".format(n, MemoizedModFib(memo, n)))
```

fib at 1000th position = 107579939

1.6.3 bottom-up (iterative) fibonacci solution

• first calculate fib(0) then fib(1), then fib(2), fib(3), and so on

```
[28]: def iterativeFib(n):
    # fib array/list
    fib = [1]*(n+1) # initialize 0...n list with 1
    for i in range(2, n+1):
        fib[i] = fib[i-1] + fib[i-2]
    return fib[i]
```

```
[29]: n=1000
print(timeit.timeit('iterativeFib(n)', number=1, globals=globals()))
# is faster than recursive counterpart
```

0.00025684899992484134

1.7 Coin Change Problem

- $\bullet \ \, \text{https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/understanding-the-coin-change-problem-with-dynamic-programming/} \\$
- essential to understanding the paradigm of DP
- a variation of problem definition:
 - Given an infinite number of coins of various denominations such as 1 cent (penny), 5 cents (nickel), and 10 cents (dime), can you determine the total number of combinations (order doesn't matter) of the coins in the given list to make up some amount N?
- Example 1:
 - Input: coins = [1, 5, 10], N = 8
 - Output: 2

```
- Combinations:  * 1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1=8 
 * $1+1+1+5=8 $
• Example 2:  - \text{Input: coins} = [1,5,10], N=10 
- Output: 4  - \text{Combinations:} 
 * 1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1=10 
 * $1+1+1+1+1+5=10$
 * $5+5=10$
 * 10=10
```

1.7.1 Algorithm

- we use tabulation/list/array to store the number of ways for outcome N=0 to 12 bottom-up approach
- values of list represent the number of ways; indices represent the outcome/sum N
- so ways = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ...] initialized with N 0s
- base case:
 - ways[0] = 1; there's 1 way to make sum N = 0 using 0 coin
- for each coin:
 - if the value of coin is less than the outcome/index n, * update the ways[n] = ways[n-coin] + ways[n]

```
[18]: def countWays(coins, N):
          # use ways table to store the results
          # ways[i] will store the number of solutions for value i
          ways = [0]*(N+1) # initialize all values 0-12 as 0
          # base case
          ways[0] = 1
          # pick all coins one by one
          # update the ways starting from the value of the picked coin
          print('indices/sum:', list(range(N+1)))
          for coin in coins:
              for n in range(N+1): # len(ways)
                  if coin <= n:</pre>
                      ways[n] += ways[n-coin]
              """better
              for n in range(coin, N+1):
                  ways[n] += ways[n-coin]
              print('ways:
                                 ', ways, coin)
          return ways[N]
```

```
[15]: coins = [1, 5, 10]
N = 8
```

```
print('Number of Ways to get {} = {}'.format(N, countWays(coins, N)))
     indices/sum: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
     ways:
                  [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1] 1
     ways:
                   [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2] 5
     ways:
                  [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2] 10
     Number of Ways to get 8 = 2
[16]: N = 10
      print('Number of Ways to get {} = {}'.format(N, countWays(coins, N)))
     indices/sum: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
     ways:
                   [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1] 1
                   [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3] 5
     ways:
                   [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 4] 10
     ways:
     Number of Ways to get 10 = 4
[17]: N = 12
      print('Number of Ways to get {} = {}'.format(N, countWays(coins, N)))
     indices/sum: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12]
                   [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1] 1
     ways:
     ways:
                   [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3] 5
     ways:
                   [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4] 10
     Number of Ways to get 12 = 4
     1.8 find minimum number of unique coins that make a given value/change
        • Problem:
            - Input: coins = [5, 10, 25], N = 30
            - Output: 2
            - Combinations: 25 + 5 = 30
[19]: import math
      \# DP solution for min coin count to make the change N
      def minCoins(coins, N):
          # count list stores the minimum number of coins required for i value
          # all values O-N are initialized to infinity
          count = [math.inf]*(N+1)
          # base case
          # no. of coin required to make 0 value is 0
          count[0] = 0
          # computer min coins for all values from 1 to N
          for i in range(1, N+1):
              for coin in coins:
                  # for every coin smaller than value i
                  if coin <= i:</pre>
                      if count[i-coin]+1 < count[i]:</pre>
```

```
count[i] = count[i-coin]+1
else:
    break
return count[N]
```

```
[20]: coins = [1, 3, 4]

N = 6

print('min unique coins required to give total of {} change = {}'.format(N, □

⇔minCoins(coins, N)))
```

min unique coins required to give total of 6 change = 2

1.9 Exercises

- 1. Ocean's Anti-11 https://open.kattis.com/problems/anti11
 - Hint: count all possible n length binary integers (without 11) for the first few (2,3,4) positive integers and you'll see a Fibonaccii like pattern that gives the total number of possible binaries without 11 in them
- Write a program that finds factorials of a bunch of positive integers. Would memoization improve time complexity of the program?