

Week 5, Lecture 09

Advanced statistical methods, part I: Ecological analyses, ordinal data, and dimensionality reduction

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Ecological analyses

Download the data from the annual Audubon Christmas Bird Count here: <http://netapp.audubon.org/CBCObservation/Historical/ResultsByCount.aspx>

Let's get all of the data available for Fort Collins: For "Start Year," select Count 1 in 1900; leave "End Year" at 2017; select "United States" and "Colorado" and flip through the pages until you find "Fort Collins" (was at the bottom of page 2 for me). Click the bubble, select CSV and Export.

Place the data in your /data folder.

```
library(readr)
```

```
fcbird = as.data.frame(read_csv("./data/HistoricalResultsByCount [COFC-1901-2018].csv",  
                                skip=208, n_max=18031))
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
```

```
## cols(
```

```
##   COM_NAME = col_character(),
```

```
##   CountYear = col_character(),
```

```
##   how_manyCW = col_character(),
```

```
##   NumberByPartyHours = col_double(),
```

```
##   Flags = col_character()
```

```
## )
```

```
## Warning: 2 parsing failures.
```

```
## row # A tibble: 2 x 5 col      row col      expected      actual file
```

```
head(fcbird)
```

```
##                                COM_NAME
```

```
## 1 Greater White-fronted Goose\r\n[Anser albifrons]
```

```
## 2 Greater White-fronted Goose\r\n[Anser albifrons]
```

```
## 3 Greater White-fronted Goose\r\n[Anser albifrons]
```

```
## 4 Greater White-fronted Goose\r\n[Anser albifrons]
```

```
## 5 Greater White-fronted Goose\r\n[Anser albifrons]
```

```
## 6 Greater White-fronted Goose\r\n[Anser albifrons]
```

```
##
```

```
##                                CountYear
```

```
## 1      1926 [27]\r\nCount Date: 12/25/1926\r\n# Participants: \r\n# Species Reported: \r\nTotal Hrs
```

```
## 2      1927 [28]\r\nCount Date: 12/23/1927\r\n# Participants: \r\n# Species Reported: \r\nTotal Hrs
```

```
## 3      1947 [48]\r\nCount Date: 12/27/1947\r\n# Participants: \r\n# Species Reported: \r\nTotal Hrs.: 8.
```

```
## 4      1948 [49]\r\nCount Date: 12/30/1948\r\n# Participants: \r\n# Species Reported: \r\nTotal Hrs.: 28.
```

```

## 5 1949 [50]\r\nCount Date: 12/29/1949\r\n# Participants: \r\n# Species Reported: \r\nTotal Hrs.: 25.
## 6 1950 [51]\r\nCount Date: 12/29/1950\r\n# Participants: \r\n# Species Reported: \r\nTotal Hrs.: 18.
##   how_manyCW NumberByPartyHours Flags
## 1      <NA>                NA <NA>
## 2      <NA>                NA <NA>
## 3      <NA>                NA <NA>
## 4      <NA>                NA <NA>
## 5      <NA>                NA <NA>
## 6      <NA>                NA <NA>

tail(fcbird)

##                                COM_NAME
## 18026 House Sparrow\r\n[Passer domesticus]
## 18027 House Sparrow\r\n[Passer domesticus]
## 18028 House Sparrow\r\n[Passer domesticus]
## 18029 House Sparrow\r\n[Passer domesticus]
## 18030 House Sparrow\r\n[Passer domesticus]
## 18031 House Sparrow\r\n[Passer domesticus]
##
## 18026 2012 [113]\r\nCount Date: 12/15/2012\r\n# Participants: 71\r\n# Species Reported: 94\r\nTotal
## 18027 2013 [114]\r\nCount Date: 12/14/2013\r\n# Participants: 71\r\n# Species Reported: 84\r\nTotal
## 18028 2014 [115]\r\nCount Date: 12/20/2014\r\n# Participants: 75\r\n# Species Reported: 95\r\nTotal
## 18029 2015 [116]\r\nCount Date: 12/19/2015\r\n# Participants: 77\r\n# Species Reported: 100\r\nTotal
## 18030 2016 [117]\r\nCount Date: 12/17/2016\r\n# Participants: 82\r\n# Species Reported: 88\r\nTotal
## 18031 2017 [118]\r\nCount Date: 12/16/2017\r\n# Participants: 90\r\n# Species Reported: 100\r\nTotal
##   how_manyCW NumberByPartyHours Flags
## 18026      2462          18.2370  HC,
## 18027      1694          11.4537 <NA>
## 18028      1409           9.6972 <NA>
## 18029      1443           9.5880 <NA>
## 18030       760           5.7445 <NA>
## 18031      1022           7.1469 <NA>

library(stringr)

fcbird$SPEC_NAME = str_split_fixed(fcbird$COM_NAME, "\\r\\n", 2)[,2]
fcbird$SPEC_NAME = gsub("\\[|\\]", "", fcbird$SPEC_NAME)
fcbird$COM_NAME = str_split_fixed(fcbird$COM_NAME, "\\r\\n", 2)[,1]
fcbird$CountYear = as.integer(substr(fcbird$CountYear, 1, 4))

fcbird = fcbird[,c("COM_NAME", "SPEC_NAME", "CountYear", "how_manyCW")]

head(fcbird)

##                                COM_NAME      SPEC_NAME CountYear how_manyCW
## 1 Greater White-fronted Goose Anser albifrons      1926      <NA>
## 2 Greater White-fronted Goose Anser albifrons      1927      <NA>
## 3 Greater White-fronted Goose Anser albifrons      1947      <NA>
## 4 Greater White-fronted Goose Anser albifrons      1948      <NA>
## 5 Greater White-fronted Goose Anser albifrons      1949      <NA>
## 6 Greater White-fronted Goose Anser albifrons      1950      <NA>

tail(fcbird)

##                                COM_NAME      SPEC_NAME CountYear how_manyCW
## 18026 House Sparrow Passer domesticus      2012      2462
## 18027 House Sparrow Passer domesticus      2013      1694

```

```
## 18028 House Sparrow Passer domesticus      2014      1409
## 18029 House Sparrow Passer domesticus      2015      1443
## 18030 House Sparrow Passer domesticus      2016       760
## 18031 House Sparrow Passer domesticus      2017      1022
```

Cheat Sheet

```
library(tidyr)

fcbirdW = spread(fcbird[, -2], "COM_NAME", "how_manyCW")

vegan doesn't accept missing values :(

l1 = combn(2:length(fcbirdW[, -1]), 2, function(x) fcbirdW[, -1][x[1]:x[2]], simplify = FALSE)
# If you also need "combinations" of only single columns, then uncomment the next line
# l1 = c(d[-1], l1)
l2 = sapply(l1, function(x) sum(complete.cases(x)))

score = sapply(1:length(l1), function(i) NCOL(l1[[i]]) * l2[i])
best_score = which.max(score)
best = l1[[best_score]]
```

Source: dww on StackOverflow, 12/4/18

```
rownames(best) = fcbirdW$CountYear
best = best[complete.cases(best),]
# best = apply(best, as.numeric)
best = data.frame(lapply(best, function(x) as.numeric(as.character(x))),
                  check.names=F, row.names=rownames(best))
```

```
head(best)
```

```
##      American Crow American Dipper American Goldfinch American Kestrel
## 1952           353           12           16           2
## 1956            5            2           36           2
## 1957            3            3            7           3
## 1958          168            8            3           7
## 1960            2            5            3           6
## 1962          590          20            6           2
```

```
str(best)
```

```
## 'data.frame':   60 obs. of  4 variables:
## $ American Crow      : num  353 5 3 168 2 590 130 13 100 390 ...
## $ American Dipper    : num  12 2 3 8 5 20 15 10 2 5 ...
## $ American Goldfinch: num  16 36 7 3 3 6 1 3 6 32 ...
## $ American Kestrel   : num  2 2 3 7 6 2 5 4 2 12 ...
```

```
install.packages("vegan")
```

```
library(vegan)
```

```
## Loading required package: permute
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
## This is vegan 2.5-4
```

Diversity

```
?diversity
```

```

diversity(best, index="shannon")

##      1952      1956      1957      1958      1960      1962      1963
## 0.3437796 0.6994078 1.3032836 0.4172591 1.3050964 0.2188448 0.5043830
##      1964      1965      1966      1967      1968      1969      1970
## 1.2274905 0.3910243 0.4453950 0.3129922 0.3027719 0.2456579 0.3681573
##      1971      1972      1973      1974      1975      1976      1977
## 0.2114731 0.5172964 1.0273063 0.3687373 0.7055312 0.3574685 0.5070725
##      1979      1980      1981      1982      1983      1984      1985
## 0.5238491 0.6494850 0.8190258 1.1390141 0.9851331 1.1136518 1.1115508
##      1986      1987      1988      1989      1990      1991      1992
## 1.0876915 1.0321125 1.0849486 0.6690217 0.9653766 1.1289526 1.2249457
##      1993      1994      1995      1996      1997      1998      1999
## 0.5457064 0.7918858 0.5299561 0.5084034 0.6102280 0.9501821 0.5673978
##      2000      2001      2002      2003      2004      2005      2006
## 0.5532326 0.8874201 0.4275090 0.9922356 0.6638118 0.7163728 0.4833601
##      2007      2008      2009      2010      2011      2012      2013
## 0.6654255 0.6276081 0.9762043 0.8541593 0.8501107 0.9471467 0.7681333
##      2014      2015      2016      2017
## 0.6260655 0.9791286 0.7936965 0.7690246

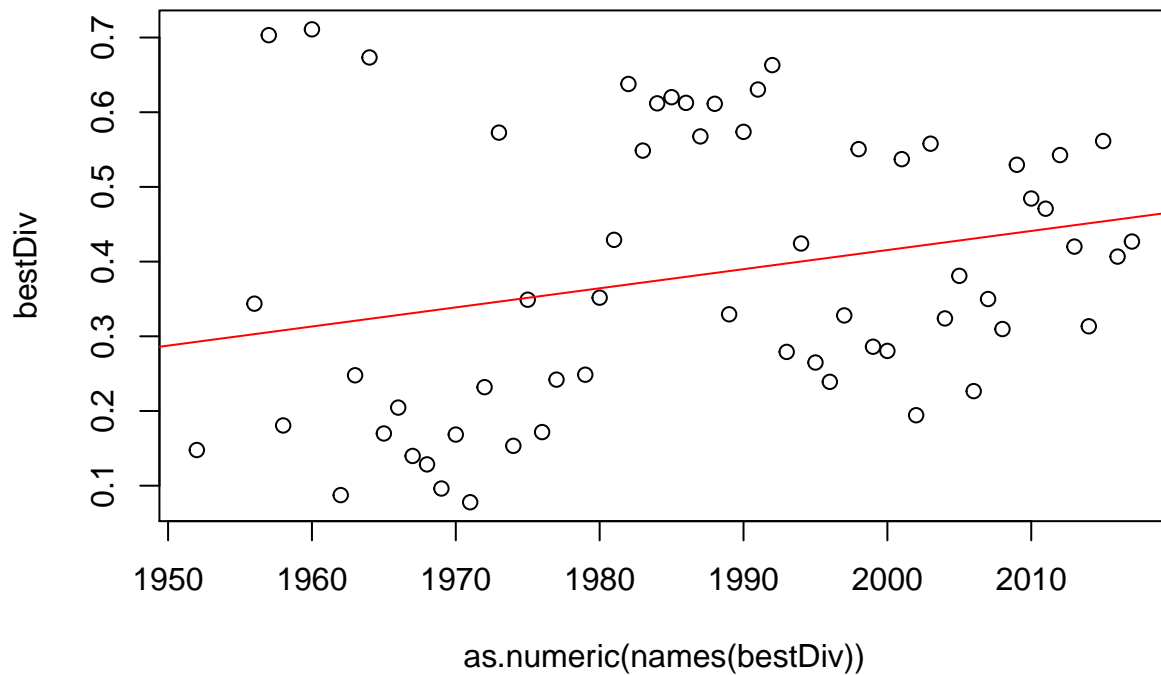
diversity(best, index="simpson")

##      1952      1956      1957      1958      1960      1962
## 0.14776841 0.34370370 0.70312500 0.18065672 0.71093750 0.08741006
##      1963      1964      1965      1966      1967      1968
## 0.24779615 0.67333333 0.16991736 0.20458590 0.13981213 0.12852485
##      1969      1970      1971      1972      1973      1974
## 0.09622533 0.16844073 0.07785600 0.23192323 0.57269965 0.15336187
##      1975      1976      1977      1979      1980      1981
## 0.34899996 0.17176848 0.24199691 0.24858277 0.35173546 0.42913703
##      1982      1983      1984      1985      1986      1987
## 0.63781217 0.54863182 0.61186583 0.62013317 0.61254071 0.56760808
##      1988      1989      1990      1991      1992      1993
## 0.61126005 0.32947021 0.57373279 0.63037522 0.66306406 0.27912875
##      1994      1995      1996      1997      1998      1999
## 0.42428440 0.26492143 0.23901937 0.32795545 0.55056497 0.28605894
##      2000      2001      2002      2003      2004      2005
## 0.28045643 0.53715014 0.19434426 0.55787305 0.32392225 0.38094189
##      2006      2007      2008      2009      2010      2011
## 0.22659745 0.34990480 0.30970734 0.52964575 0.48446848 0.47083788
##      2012      2013      2014      2015      2016      2017
## 0.54263525 0.42010744 0.31339904 0.56141183 0.40671627 0.42687500

bestDiv = diversity(best, index="simpson")

plot(as.numeric(names(bestDiv)), bestDiv)
abline(lm(bestDiv ~ as.numeric(names(bestDiv))), col="red")

```



```
cor.test(as.numeric(names(bestDiv)), bestDiv)

##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: as.numeric(names(bestDiv)) and bestDiv
## t = 2.01, df = 58, p-value = 0.04909
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.001355045 0.478133794
## sample estimates:
##      cor
## 0.2551919
```

Evenness

```
diversity(best, index="shannon") / log(specnumber(best))

##      1952      1956      1957      1958      1960      1962      1963
## 0.2479846 0.5045161 0.9401204 0.3009888 0.9414280 0.1578631 0.3638354
##      1964      1965      1966      1967      1968      1969      1970
## 0.8854472 0.2820644 0.3212846 0.2257761 0.2184037 0.1772047 0.2655694
##      1971      1972      1973      1974      1975      1976      1977
## 0.1525456 0.3731505 0.7410449 0.2659878 0.5089332 0.2578590 0.3657755
##      1979      1980      1981      1982      1983      1984      1985
## 0.3778773 0.4685044 0.5908022 0.8216250 0.7106233 0.8033300 0.8018144
```

```
##      1986      1987      1988      1989      1990      1991      1992
## 0.7846036 0.7445118 0.7826250 0.4825972 0.6963720 0.8143671 0.8836115
##      1993      1994      1995      1996      1997      1998      1999
## 0.3936440 0.5712249 0.3822826 0.3667355 0.4401865 0.6854115 0.4092910
##      2000      2001      2002      2003      2004      2005      2006
## 0.3990730 0.6401383 0.3083826 0.7157467 0.4788390 0.5167537 0.3486706
##      2007      2008      2009      2010      2011      2012      2013
## 0.4800030 0.4527236 0.7041825 0.6161457 0.6132252 0.6832219 0.5540911
##      2014      2015      2016      2017
## 0.4516108 0.7062920 0.5725310 0.5547340
```

Richness

```
?rarefy
```

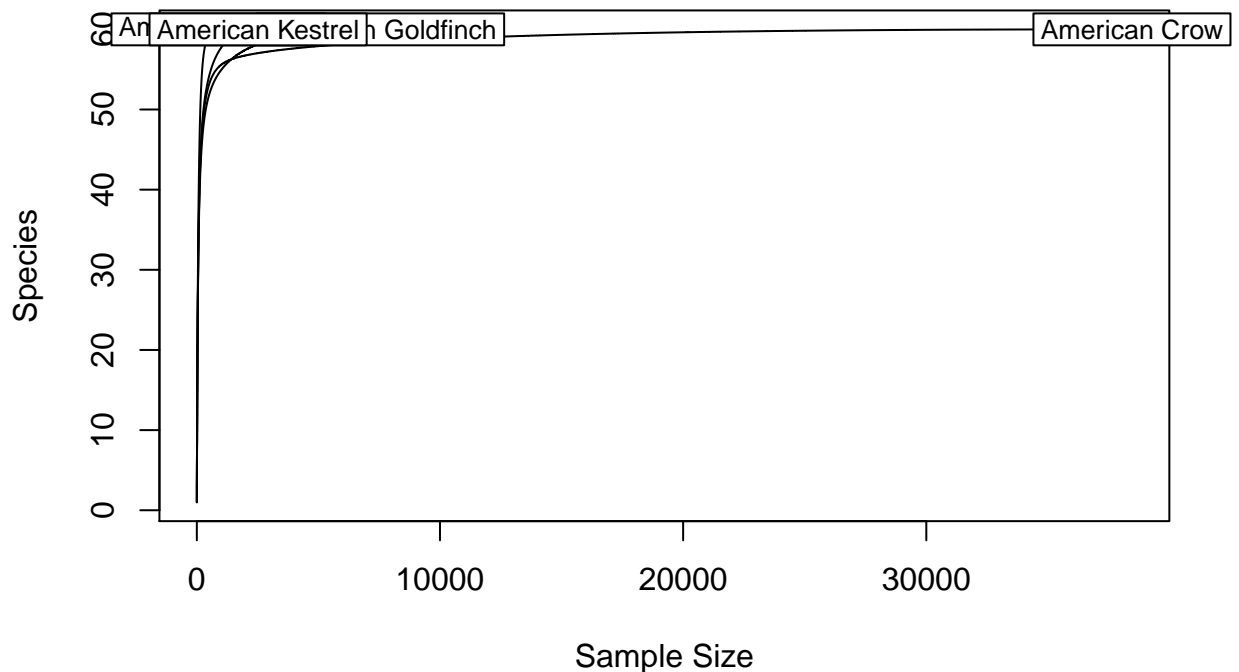
```
rarefy(best, sample=10)
```

```
##      1952      1956      1957      1958      1960      1962      1963      1964
## 1.677800 2.532271 3.892857 1.841751 3.837787 1.407843 2.020324 3.535623
##      1965      1966      1967      1968      1969      1970      1971      1972
## 1.792072 1.888261 1.607926 1.580720 1.454925 1.721593 1.378540 2.059964
##      1973      1974      1975      1976      1977      1979      1980      1981
## 2.963610 1.719705 2.448158 1.700102 2.021976 2.065888 2.229997 2.630100
##      1982      1983      1984      1985      1986      1987      1988      1989
## 3.167738 2.858432 3.165771 3.121535 3.038983 3.003950 3.026253 2.362203
##      1990      1991      1992      1993      1994      1995      1996      1997
## 2.658250 3.145499 3.461613 2.057313 2.557292 2.051739 2.021945 2.158362
##      1998      1999      2000      2001      2002      2003      2004      2005
## 2.683295 2.116202 2.104663 2.536735 1.850560 2.841343 2.356356 2.375419
##      2006      2007      2008      2009      2010      2011      2012      2013
## 1.972593 2.282606 2.260685 2.904340 2.573524 2.595579 2.762594 2.485045
##      2014      2015      2016      2017
## 2.259514 2.778704 2.597883 2.445090
## attr(,"Subsample")
## [1] 10
```

```
head(rarefy(best, sample=c(5, 15)))
```

```
##      N5      N15
## [1,] 1.366906 1.941366
## [2,] 1.885565 3.004572
## [3,] 3.087225 4.000000
## [4,] 1.454503 2.171092
## [5,] 3.083562 4.000000
## [6,] 1.216024 1.578600
```

```
rarecurve(t(best))
```



```
?specaccum
diverse package
```

Ordinal data

Let's get some Human Dimensions data for once! Go to the US Forest Service page for the 2004 visitor preference and usage data set for the Bob Marshall Wilderness Complex in Montana: <https://www.fs.usda.gov/rds/archive/Product/RDS-2017-0016>

At the bottom, click "Download data publication," which gives you a ZIP archive. Open it up, go into the "Data" folder and pull out both CSVs for your /data directory. You can hang on to the other files in the archive as well, for the metadata.

For now, let's load in the onsite data:

```
bm = read.csv("./data/BMWC2004_onsitedata.csv", header=T, na.strings="88",
             stringsAsFactors=F)
```

```
head(bm)
```

```
##   id. newweigh  first_ma  reminder    resend date_ret group_
## 1 2000    1.215 13-JUL-2004 24.07.2004 07-AUG-2004 9/16/04    1
## 2 2001    1.215 13-JUL-2004 24.07.2004 07-AUG-2004 9/16/04    1
## 3 2002    1.215 13-JUL-2004          24.07.2004          7/19/04    2
## 4 2003    1.215 13-JUL-2004 24.07.2004          24.07.2004 7/26/04    2
## 5 2004    1.215 13-JUL-2004 24.07.2004 07-AUG-2004 8/9/04    3
## 6 2005    1.215 13-JUL-2004 24.07.2004 07-AUG-2004          3
```

```

##      city st stcode poolstd zip_code trailhea   date_con sumfall
## 1    Troy MT      1      1   59935      12 18-JUN-2004      1
## 2    Troy MT      1      1   59935      12 18-JUN-2004      1
## 3 Kalispell MT      1      1   59901      12 18-JUN-2004      1
## 4 Kalispell MT      1      1   59901      12 18-JUN-2004      1
## 5  Florance MT      1      1   59833      12 18-JUN-2004      1
## 6 Missoula MT      1      1   59801      12 18-JUN-2004      1
##   time_of entering wilderne overnigh length_o lengcats outfitte type_of
## 1    1900         2          1          1          7          5          2          2
## 2    1900         2          1          1          7          5          2          2
## 3    2000         1          1          1          2          2          2          1
## 4    2000         1          1          1          2          2          2          1
## 5    2030         2          1          1          1          2          2          2
## 6    2030         2          1          1          1          2          2          2
##   hikehors stocknum stockcat numnons      reason_f visitbef prvsvist
## 1         2         7         3         1 Mentally impaired          2          0
## 2         2        NA        NA        NA                               2          0
## 3         1         0         0         0                               1         12
## 4         1        NA        NA        NA                               1         10
## 5         2         5         2         0                               2          0
## 6         2        NA        NA        NA                               1          3
##   aware_of affect_p
## 1         1         2
## 2         1         2
## 3         1         1
## 4         1         2
## 5         1         2
## 6         1         2
##
##                                     how v28 v29
## 1                                     2
## 2                                     2
## 3 The area was basically shut down there was so much caution  2
## 4                                     2
## 5                                     2
## 6                                     2
##   natural remotnes scenic_b hunting fishing recent_f test_ski familiar
## 1         1         1         2         1         1         1         3         2
## 2         1         1         2         1         1         1         3         2
## 3         3         3         3         2         3         1         2         3
## 4         3         3         3         3         3         1         2         2
## 5         2         3         3         3         3         2         2         2
## 6         3         3         3         1         3         1         1         3
##   variety friend_s date_of age agecats educatio female filter_.
## 1         2         1        50 54        54        NA         2         1
## 2         2         1        52 52        52        NA         1         1
## 3         1         2        81 23        23        16         2         0
## 4         2         2        82 22        22        16         2         0
## 5         2         2        61 43        43        14         2         1
## 6         1         1        63 41        41        16         2         1

```

Likert data

```
summary(bm[,36:45])
```



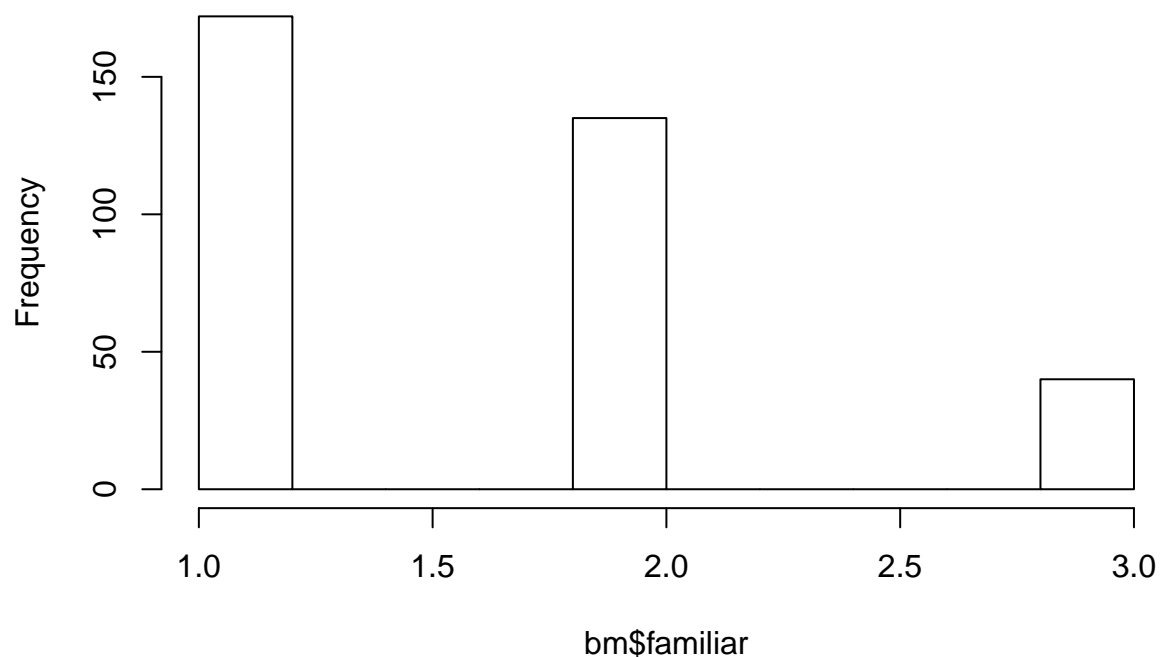
```
##      natural      remotnes      scenic_b      hunting
## Min.      :1.00    Min.      :1.000    Min.      :1.000    Min.      :1.000
## 1st Qu.:2.00    1st Qu.:3.000    1st Qu.:3.000    1st Qu.:1.000
## Median :3.00    Median :3.000    Median :3.000    Median :1.000
## Mean   :2.67    Mean   :2.768    Mean   :2.844    Mean   :1.554
## 3rd Qu.:3.00    3rd Qu.:3.000    3rd Qu.:3.000    3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max.    :3.00    Max.    :3.000    Max.    :3.000    Max.    :3.000
## NA's    :57     NA's    :56     NA's    :56     NA's    :73
##      fishing      recent_f      test_ski      familiar
## Min.      :1.000    Min.      :0.000    Min.      :1.000    Min.      :1.00
## 1st Qu.:1.000    1st Qu.:1.000    1st Qu.:1.000    1st Qu.:1.00
## Median :3.000    Median :1.000    Median :2.000    Median :2.00
## Mean   :2.221    Mean   :1.494    Mean   :1.744    Mean   :1.62
## 3rd Qu.:3.000    3rd Qu.:2.000    3rd Qu.:2.000    3rd Qu.:2.00
## Max.    :3.000    Max.    :3.000    Max.    :3.000    Max.    :3.00
## NA's    :61     NA's    :61     NA's    :62     NA's    :62
##      variety      friend_s
## Min.      :1.000    Min.      :1.000
## 1st Qu.:2.000    1st Qu.:1.000
## Median :2.000    Median :2.000
## Mean   :2.156    Mean   :1.835
## 3rd Qu.:3.000    3rd Qu.:3.000
## Max.    :3.000    Max.    :3.000
## NA's    :62     NA's    :70
```

You can't take the mean of an ordinal variable!

But you can take the median.

```
hist(bm$familiar)
```

Histogram of bm\$familiar



Hypothesis testing

Permutation tests

```
install.packages("coin")
library(coin)

## Loading required package: survival

bmLik = bm
bmLik$st = factor(ifelse(bmLik$st != "MT", "Not MT", "MT"))
bmLik$familiar = ordered(bmLik$familiar)

table(bmLik$st, bmLik$familiar)

##
##           1  2  3
##    MT      94 87 26
##    Not MT  78 48 14

?independence_test

independence_test(familiar ~ st, data=bmLik)

##
## Asymptotic General Independence Test
##
## data:  familiar (ordered) by st (MT, Not MT)
```

```
## Z = 1.7192, p-value = 0.08558
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

Two-way tests, regression, etc. available on Mangiafico page

Polychoric correlations

```
install.packages("lavaan")
library(lavaan)

## This is lavaan 0.6-3

## lavaan is BETA software! Please report any bugs.

?lavCor

?psych::tetrachor

bmLik[,36:45] = lapply(bmLik[,36:45], function(x) ordered(x))
str(bmLik)

## 'data.frame': 409 obs. of 51 variables:
## $ id. : int 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 ...
## $ newweigh: num 1.22 1.22 1.22 1.22 1.22 ...
## $ first_ma: chr "13-JUL-2004" "13-JUL-2004" "13-JUL-2004" "13-JUL-2004" ...
## $ reminder: chr "24.07.2004" "24.07.2004" "" "24.07.2004" ...
## $ resend : chr "07-AUG-2004" "07-AUG-2004" "" "" ...
## $ date_ret: chr "9/16/04" "9/16/04" "7/19/04" "7/26/04" ...
## $ group_ : int 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 6 ...
## $ city : chr "Troy" "Troy" "Kalispell" "Kalispell" ...
## $ st : Factor w/ 2 levels "MT","Not MT": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ stcode : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ poolstcd: int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ zip_code: chr "59935" "59935" "59901" "59901" ...
## $ trailhea: int 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 ...
## $ date_con: chr "18-JUN-2004" "18-JUN-2004" "18-JUN-2004" "18-JUN-2004" ...
## $ sumfall : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ time_of : int 1900 1900 2000 2000 2030 2030 2030 900 900 1215 ...
## $ entering: int 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 ...
## $ wilderne: int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ overnigh: int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 ...
## $ length_o: int 7 7 2 2 1 1 1 7 7 0 ...
## $ lengcats: int 5 5 2 2 2 2 2 5 5 1 ...
## $ outfitte: int 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 ...
## $ type_of : int 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 4 4 1 ...
## $ hikehors: int 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 0 0 1 ...
## $ stocknum: int 7 NA 0 NA 5 NA NA 0 NA 0 ...
## $ stockcat: int 3 NA 0 NA 2 NA NA 0 NA 0 ...
## $ numnons : int 1 NA 0 NA 0 NA NA 2 NA 2 ...
## $ reason_f: chr "Mentally impaired" "" "" "" ...
## $ visitbef: int 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 ...
## $ prvsvist: int 0 0 12 10 0 3 10 0 6 9 ...
## $ aware_of: int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ affect_p: int 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 ...
## $ how : chr "" "" "The area was basically shut down there was so much caution" "" ...
## $ v28 : int 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
```

```
## $ v29      : chr  "" "" "" "" ...
## $ natural  : Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "1"<"2"<"3": 1 1 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ remotnes: Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "1"<"2"<"3": 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ scenic_b: Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "1"<"2"<"3": 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ hunting  : Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "1"<"2"<"3": 1 1 2 3 3 1 3 2 3 3 ...
## $ fishing  : Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "1"<"2"<"3": 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ recent_f: Ord.factor w/ 4 levels "0"<"1"<"2"<"3": 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 2 4 ...
## $ test_ski: Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "1"<"2"<"3": 3 3 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 3 ...
## $ familiar: Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "1"<"2"<"3": 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 1 1 3 ...
## $ variety  : Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "1"<"2"<"3": 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 3 3 3 ...
## $ friend_s: Ord.factor w/ 3 levels "1"<"2"<"3": 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 1 1 3 ...
## $ date_of  : int   50 52 81 82 61 63 77 65 63 82 ...
## $ age      : int   54 52 23 22 43 41 27 39 41 22 ...
## $ agecats  : int   54 52 23 22 43 41 27 39 41 22 ...
## $ educatio: int   NA NA 16 16 14 16 12 16 13 13 ...
## $ female   : int    2 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 ...
## $ filter_  : int    1 1 0 0 1 1 1 NA NA 0 ...
```

```
bmLik$recent_f
```

```
## [1] 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 3 1 2 1 1
## [15] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 3
## [29] 1 1 2 1 2 2 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 1
## [43] 3 1 3 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
## [57] 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 1
## [71] 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 3 1 2 1 1
## [85] 2 3 3 3 2 2 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 3
## [99] 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 <NA> 1 1
## [113] 1 1 1 <NA> 2 <NA> 2 <NA> 1 1 1 1 2 1
## [127] 2 3 <NA> <NA> 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1
## [141] 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 2
## [155] 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 <NA> 1 1 1 1 2
## [169] <NA> <NA> 3 1 1 2 <NA> 1 <NA> 1 2 2 1 2
## [183] <NA> 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 <NA> <NA> 1
## [197] <NA> 1 1 <NA> 2 <NA> <NA> 2 2 1 2 1 3 1
## [211] 2 1 <NA> 2 1 2 <NA> 1 3 1 2 3 2 1
## [225] 2 1 1 3 0 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1
## [239] 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 3 1 1 1 2
## [253] 2 2 1 1 1 <NA> 1 2 1 3 <NA> 2 2 2
## [267] 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 <NA> 1 1 1
## [281] 2 1 1 2 2 <NA> 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2
## [295] 2 1 1 <NA> <NA> 2 <NA> <NA> 3 3 1 <NA> <NA> <NA>
## [309] <NA> 1 <NA> 2 <NA> 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
## [323] 3 2 1 2 <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> 1 <NA> 2 1 1 1
## [337] 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 <NA> <NA> <NA> 2 <NA> <NA>
## [351] 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 2 <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> 1
## [365] 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 <NA> <NA> 1 1 1 <NA> <NA>
## [379] <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> 1 2 1 1 2 2
## [393] 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1
## [407] 1 3 1
## Levels: 0 < 1 < 2 < 3
```

```
bmLikCor = lavCor(bmLik[,36:45])
```

```
bmLikCor
```

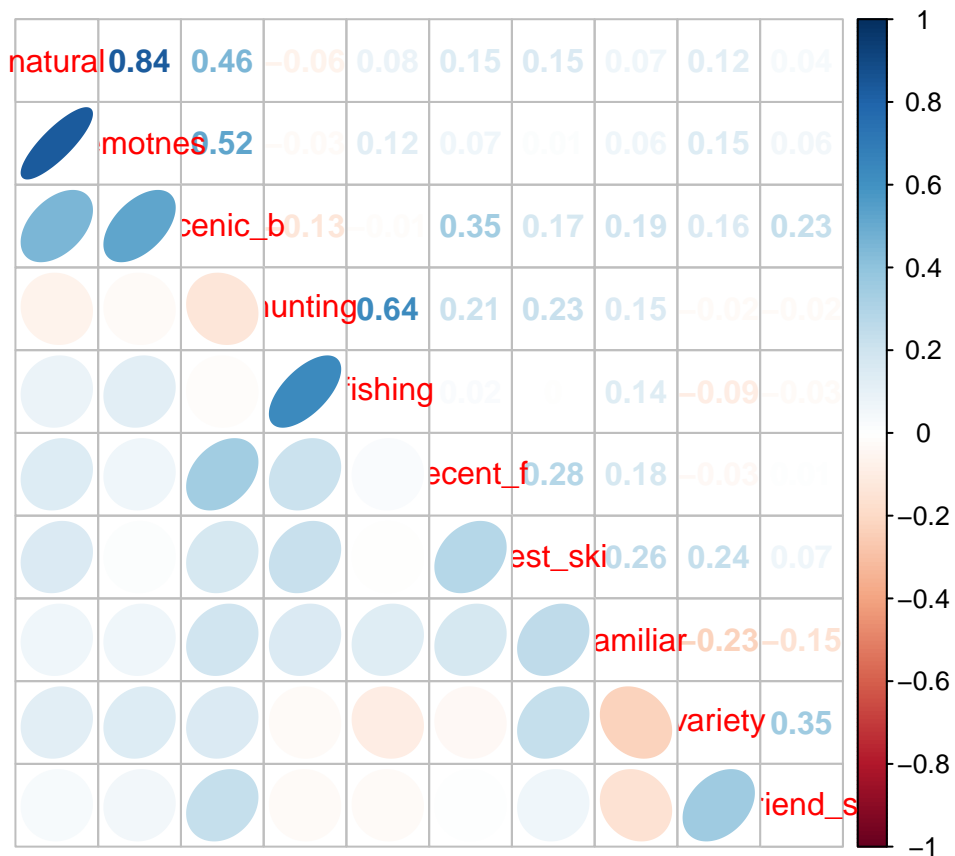
```
##          naturl remtns scnc_b huntng fishng rcnt_f tst_sk familr varity
```

```
## natural      1.000
## remotnes     0.839  1.000
## scenic_b     0.456  0.524  1.000
## hunting     -0.063 -0.029 -0.133  1.000
## fishing      0.083  0.122 -0.014  0.635  1.000
## recent_f     0.146  0.065  0.350  0.213  0.025  1.000
## test_ski     0.154  0.014  0.173  0.229 -0.003  0.280  1.000
## familiar     0.069  0.063  0.192  0.153  0.137  0.180  0.256  1.000
## variety      0.123  0.146  0.156 -0.020 -0.090 -0.035  0.238 -0.226  1.000
## friend_s     0.035  0.056  0.234 -0.022 -0.026  0.008  0.069 -0.153  0.353
##             frnd_s
## natural
## remotnes
## scenic_b
## hunting
## fishing
## recent_f
## test_ski
## familiar
## variety
## friend_s  1.000

library(corrplot)

## corrplot 0.84 loaded

corrplot.mixed(bmLikCor, lower="ellipse", upper="number")
```



Treating ordinal data as continuous

If you have at least 6 levels and good sample size, you're usually okay.

See:

Rhemtulla, M., et al. (2012). When can categorical variables be treated as continuous? A comparison of robust continuous and categorical SEM estimation methods under suboptimal conditions. *Psychological Methods*, 17(3), 354. doi: 10.1037/a0029315

Dimensionality reduction

Multidimensional scaling

```
install.packages("psych")
library(psych)

##
## Attaching package: 'psych'

## The following object is masked from 'package:lavaan':
##
##      cor2cov

?cor2dist

bmLikDist = as.dist(cor2dist(bmLikCor))
bmLikDist

##          natural remotnes scenic_b  hunting  fishing recent_f
## remotnes 0.5677948
## scenic_b 1.0434163 0.9758939
## hunting  1.4583126 1.4346551 1.5050812
## fishing  1.3545159 1.3249712 1.4242586 0.8543437
## recent_f 1.3070717 1.3674042 1.1404685 1.2546118 1.3965050
## test_ski 1.3007151 1.4041365 1.2860976 1.2416681 1.4164165 1.1998816
## familiar 1.3643657 1.3692839 1.2715226 1.3013499 1.3137339 1.2809036
## variety  1.3242858 1.3071400 1.2990552 1.4283631 1.4767730 1.4384538
## friend_s 1.3890874 1.3737328 1.2374257 1.4298405 1.4323002 1.4084506
##          test_ski familiar  variety
## remotnes
## scenic_b
## hunting
## fishing
## recent_f
## test_ski
## familiar 1.2201762
## variety  1.2344690 1.5660747
## friend_s 1.3645824 1.5186283 1.1375152
```

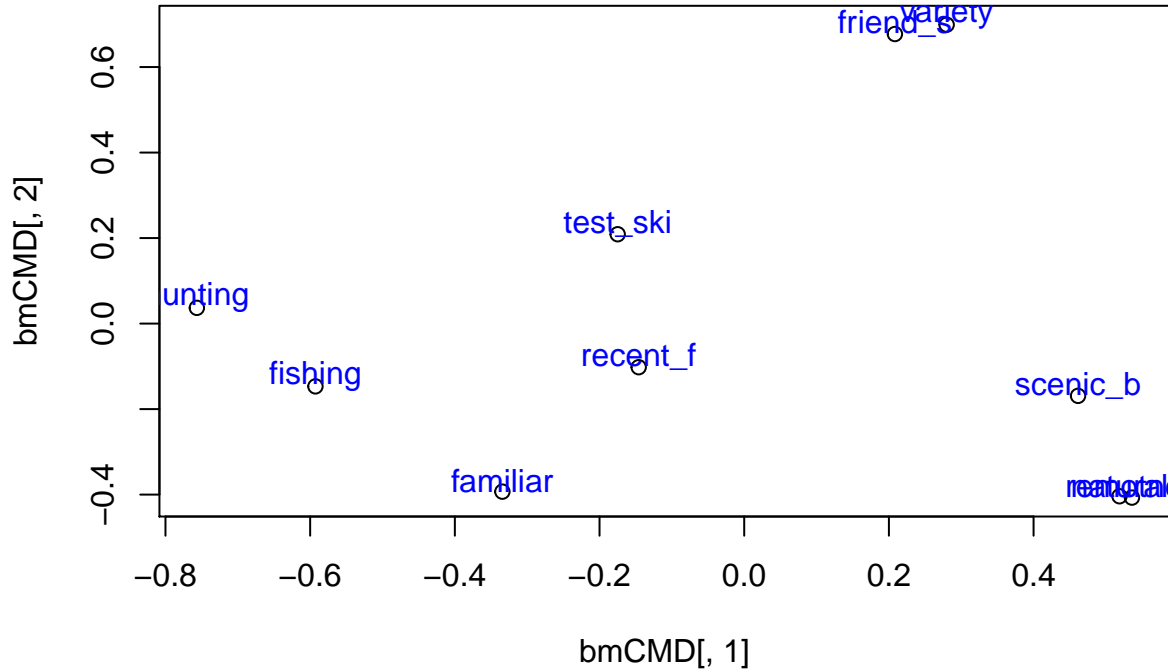
Classical

```
?cmdscale

bmCMD = cmdscale(bmLikDist)
bmCMD
```

```
##           [,1]      [,2]
## natural    0.5187538 -0.40388770
## remotnes   0.5359868 -0.40700986
## scenic_b   0.4614625 -0.16901151
## hunting   -0.7566374  0.03678534
## fishing    -0.5926913 -0.14685552
## recent_f   -0.1458461 -0.10204178
## test_ski   -0.1749012  0.20894225
## familiar   -0.3343000 -0.39312997
## variety     0.2798524  0.69901635
## friend_s    0.2083204  0.67719239

plot(bmCMD[,1], bmCMD[,2])
text(bmCMD[,1], bmCMD[,2] + 0.025, labels=row.names(bmCMD), col="blue")
```



Nonmetric

Tries to reproduce ranks of distances rather than distance values themselves

```
library(MASS)
?isoMDS
bmNMD = isoMDS(bmLikDist)

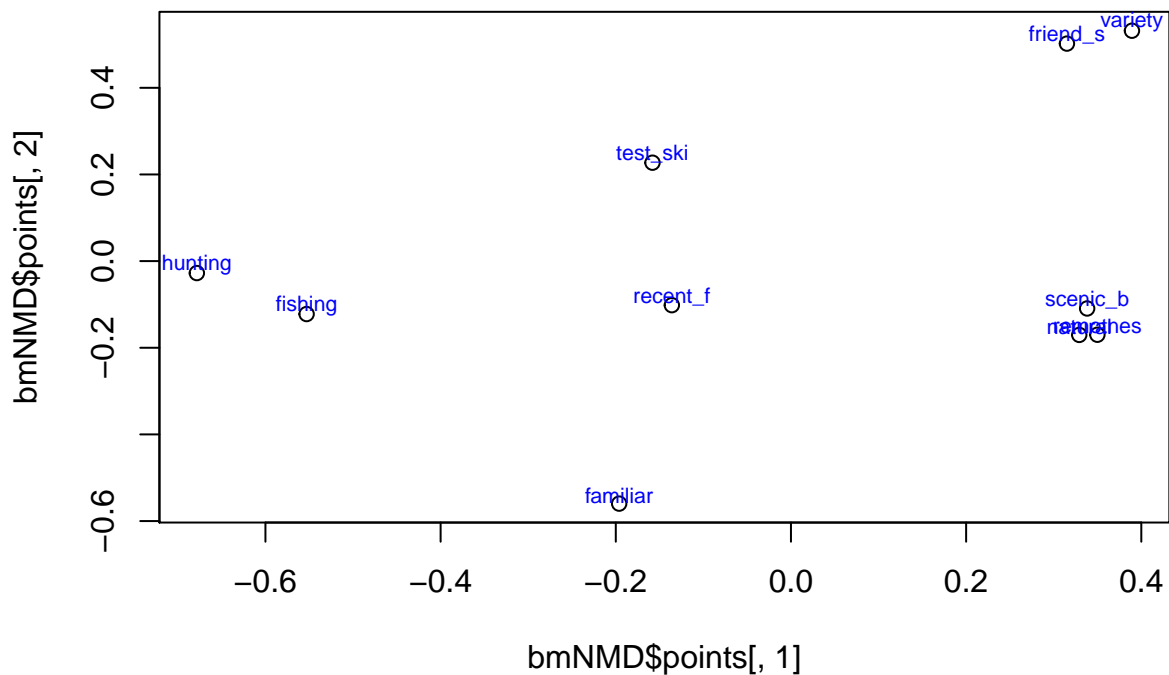
## initial value 20.430062
## iter 5 value 14.383104
## iter 10 value 13.790265
```

```
## iter 10 value 13.776872
## final value 13.658003
## converged

bmNMD

## $points
##           [,1]      [,2]
## natural  0.3291576 -0.17033374
## remotnes 0.3498663 -0.16999471
## scenic_b 0.3381752 -0.10932250
## hunting -0.6783328 -0.02761269
## fishing -0.5530184 -0.12219738
## recent_f -0.1359963 -0.10171052
## test_ski -0.1581010 0.22715111
## familiar -0.1961495 -0.55973237
## variety  0.3893220 0.53172442
## friend_s 0.3150770 0.50202839
##
## $stress
## [1] 13.658

plot(bmNMD$points[,1], bmNMD$points[,2])
text(bmNMD$points[,1], bmNMD$points[,2] + 0.02,
     labels=row.names(bmNMD$points), col="blue", cex=0.7)
```



?vegan::metaMDS


```

head(best)

##      American Crow American Dipper American Goldfinch American Kestrel
## 1952           353           12           16           2
## 1956            5            2           36           2
## 1957            3            3            7           3
## 1958           168            8            3           7
## 1960            2            5            3           6
## 1962           590           20            6           2

bestNMD = metaMDS(best)

## Square root transformation
## Wisconsin double standardization
## Run 0 stress 0.08931323
## Run 1 stress 0.08931331
## ... Procrustes: rmse 4.477757e-05 max resid 0.0002967684
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 2 stress 0.08931324
## ... Procrustes: rmse 5.45093e-05 max resid 0.0003518054
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 3 stress 0.0892889
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.001499923 max resid 0.008328837
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 4 stress 0.08928883
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 3.714837e-05 max resid 0.0002477234
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 5 stress 0.08928882
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 2.027499e-05 max resid 0.0001269479
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 6 stress 0.08931323
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.001499376 max resid 0.008330408
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 7 stress 0.08928928
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.0001214977 max resid 0.0007935873
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 8 stress 0.08928953
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.0001655092 max resid 0.001094084
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 9 stress 0.08928881
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 7.628223e-06 max resid 2.70645e-05
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 10 stress 0.08931327
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.001494348 max resid 0.008335853
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 11 stress 0.0892889
## ... Procrustes: rmse 3.280793e-05 max resid 0.0001799034
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 12 stress 0.08928892
## ... Procrustes: rmse 6.047813e-05 max resid 0.0004031535
## ... Similar to previous best

```

```

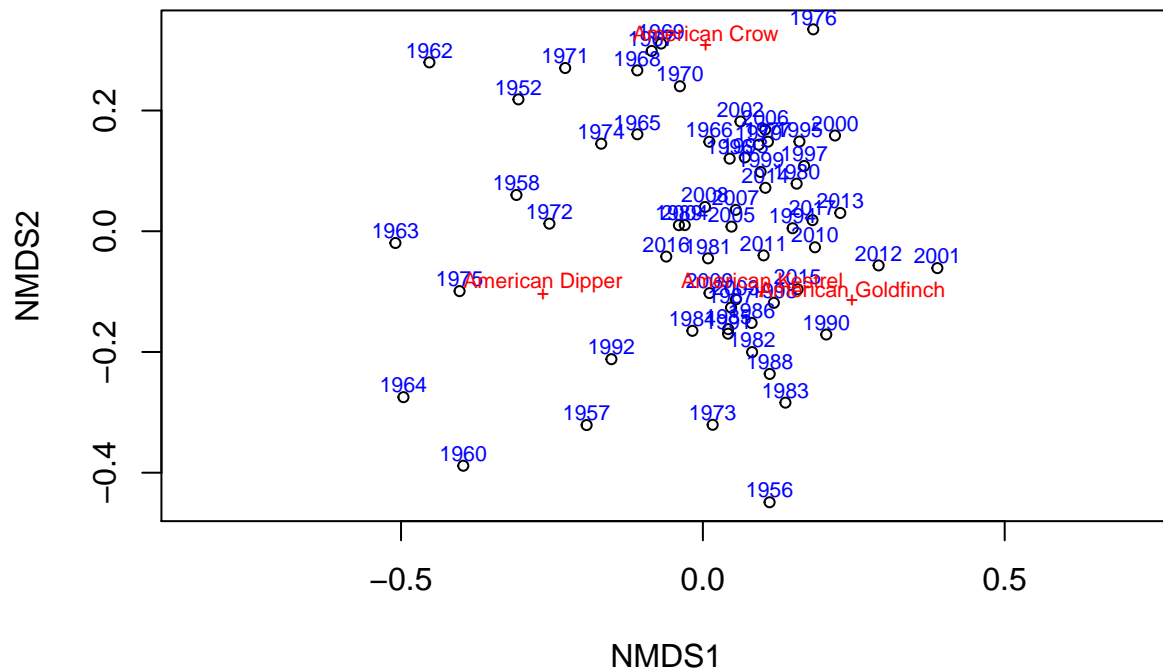
## Run 13 stress 0.08931323
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.001499246  max resid 0.008329029
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 14 stress 0.08928889
## ... Procrustes: rmse 8.373068e-05  max resid 0.0005474631
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 15 stress 0.08931351
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.001496325  max resid 0.008336517
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 16 stress 0.08928884
## ... Procrustes: rmse 6.547815e-05  max resid 0.0004255845
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 17 stress 0.08931324
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.001499752  max resid 0.00832863
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 18 stress 0.08928882
## ... Procrustes: rmse 5.671286e-06  max resid 2.643498e-05
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 19 stress 0.08928881
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 3.982887e-05  max resid 0.0002643959
## ... Similar to previous best
## Run 20 stress 0.08928881
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 7.969902e-06  max resid 5.13065e-05
## ... Similar to previous best
## *** Solution reached

bestNMD

##
## Call:
## metaMDS(comm = best)
##
## global Multidimensional Scaling using monoMDS
##
## Data:      wisconsin(sqrt(best))
## Distance: bray
##
## Dimensions: 2
## Stress:      0.08928881
## Stress type 1, weak ties
## Two convergent solutions found after 20 tries
## Scaling: centring, PC rotation, halfchange scaling
## Species: expanded scores based on 'wisconsin(sqrt(best))'

plot(bestNMD)
text(bestNMD$points[,1], bestNMD$points[,2] + 0.02,
     labels=row.names(bestNMD$points), col="blue", cex=0.7)
text(bestNMD$species[,1], bestNMD$species[,2] + 0.02,
     labels=row.names(bestNMD$species), col="red", cex=0.7)

```



Cluster analysis

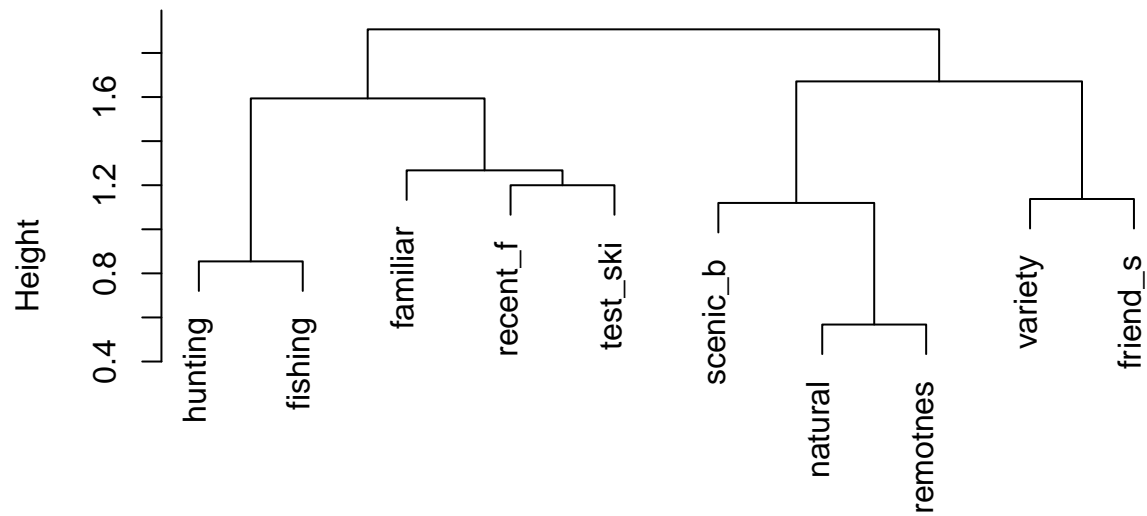
Hierarchical clustering

?hclust

```
bmHC = hclust(bmLikDist, method="ward.D2")
```

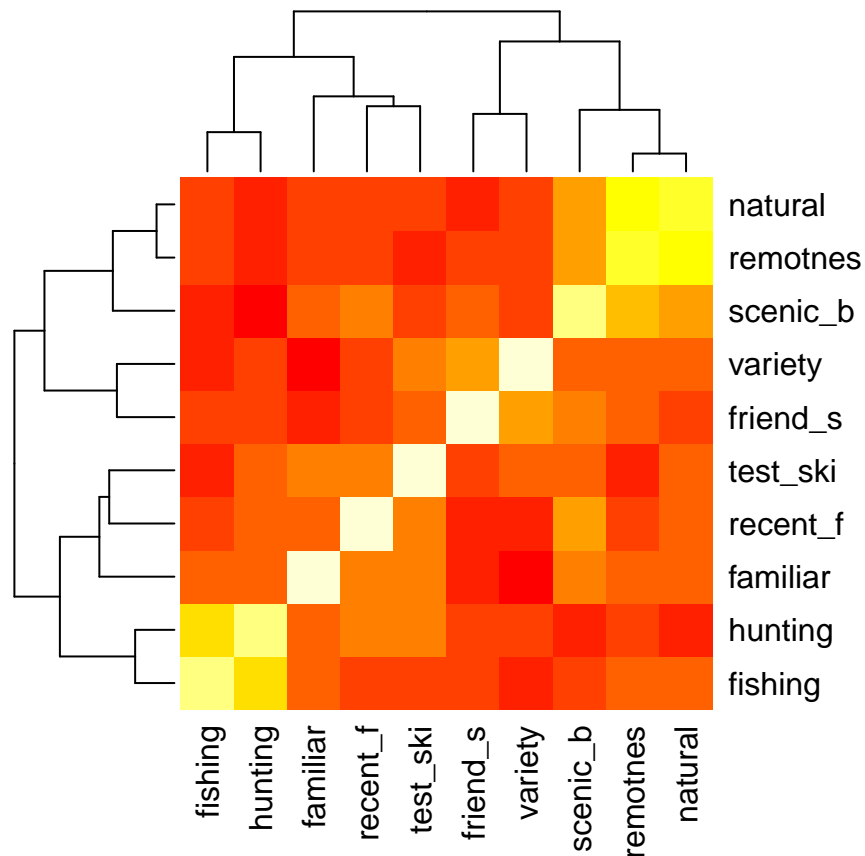
```
plot(bmHC)
```

Cluster Dendrogram



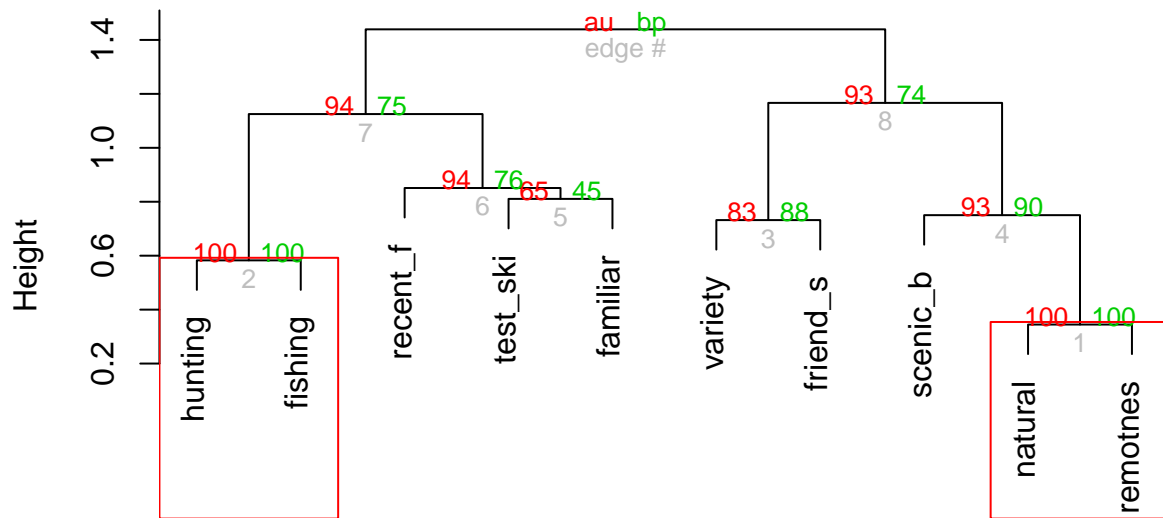
bmLikDist
hclust (*, "ward.D2")

```
heatmap(bmLikCor, hclustfun=function(x) hclust(x, method="ward.D2"))
```



```
install.packages("pvclust")
library(pvclust)
?pvclust
Needs raw data; does not allow distance matrix as input
bmPVHC = pvclust(bm[,36:45], method.hclust="ward.D2")
## Bootstrap (r = 0.5)... Done.
## Bootstrap (r = 0.6)... Done.
## Bootstrap (r = 0.7)... Done.
## Bootstrap (r = 0.8)... Done.
## Bootstrap (r = 0.9)... Done.
## Bootstrap (r = 1.0)... Done.
## Bootstrap (r = 1.1)... Done.
## Bootstrap (r = 1.2)... Done.
## Bootstrap (r = 1.3)... Done.
## Bootstrap (r = 1.4)... Done.
plot(bmPVHC)
pvrect(bmPVHC)
```

Cluster dendrogram with AU/BP values (%)



Distance: correlation
Cluster method: ward.D2

Red = “AU” (Approximately Unbiased) $1 - p\text{-value}$ (>95 is “significant”)

Green = “BP” (Bootstrap Probability): percent of times the tree-building algorithm produced that branch
(pdf / Rmd)