In [28]:	<pre>import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns %matplotlib inline  df = pd.read_csv('Students.csv')</pre>
In [30]: Out[30]:	df.head()  gender race/ethnicity parental level of education lunch test preparation course math score reading score writing score  female group B bachelor's degree standard none 72 72 74
In [31]:	1 female     group C     some college     standard     completed     69     90     88       2 female     group B     master's degree     standard     none     90     95     93       3 male     group A     associate's degree     free/reduced     none     47     57     44       4 male     group C     some college     standard     none     76     78     75
Out[31]: In [32]: Out[32]:	df.dtypes gender object
	race/ethnicity object parental level of education object lunch object test preparation course object math score int64 reading score int64 dtype: object
In [33]:	<pre>df.info()  <class 'pandas.core.frame.dataframe'=""> RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999 Data columns (total 8 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype</class></pre>
	9 gender 1000 non-null object 1 race/ethnicity 1000 non-null object 1 parental level of education 1000 non-null object 1 lunch 1000 non-null int64 1 lunch 1000 non-n
In [34]:	dtypes: int64(3), object(5) memory usage: 62.6+ KB  Statistics Analysis  df.describe()
Out[34]:	math score         reading score         writing score           count         1000.00000         1000.00000         1000.00000           mean         66.08900         69.169000         68.054000           std         15.16308         14.600192         15.195657           min         0.00000         17.000000         10.000000
	25%         57.00000         59.000000         57.750000           50%         66.00000         70.00000         69.000000           75%         77.00000         79.000000         79.000000           max         100.00000         100.000000         100.000000
In [35]: Out[35]:	Data Cleaning  df.nunique()  gender 2 race/ethnicity 5 parental level of education 6
In [36]:	<pre>lunch</pre>
Out[36]: In [37]: Out[37]:	<pre>array(['group B', 'group C', 'group D', 'group E'],</pre>
In [38]: Out[38]:	<pre>"associate's degree", 'high school', 'some high school'], dtype=object)  df['test preparation course'].value_counts()  none    642 completed    358 Name: test preparation course, dtype: int64</pre>
In [39]: Out[39]:	<pre>df['race/ethnicity'].value_counts()  group C</pre>
In [40]:	Name: race/ethnicity, dtype: int64  student_df = df.drop(columns=['race/ethnicity', 'parental level of education', 'test preparation course'], axis=1)  student_df.head()
Out[41]:	gender         lunch         math score         reading score         writing score           0 female         standard         72         72         74           1 female         standard         69         90         88           2 female         standard         90         95         93           3 male         free/reduced         47         57         44           4 male         standard         76         78         75
In [42]:	Looking missing value  df.isnull().sum()  gender 0
Out[42]:	race/ethnicity 0 parental level of education 0 lunch 0 test preparation course 0 math score 0 reading score 0 writing score 0 dtype: int64
In [43]: Out[43]:	correlation  student_df.corr()  math score reading score writing score
In [44]:	math score         1.000000         0.817580         0.802642           reading score         0.817580         1.000000         0.954598           writing score         0.802642         0.954598         1.000000   sns.heatmap(student_df.corr(), annot=True)
Out[44]:	<pre><axessubplot:></axessubplot:></pre> - 1 0.82 0.8 -0.975 -0.950 -0.925
	0.82 1 0.95 - 0.82 1 0.95 - 0.900 - 0.875 - 0.850 - 0.825 - 0.825
In [45]: Out[45]:	Relation b/w Categorical variable  sns.countplot(x ='lunch', hue = 'gender', data=student_df) <axessubplot:xlabel='lunch', ylabel="count"></axessubplot:xlabel='lunch',>
	300 -
	standard free/reduced lunch
<pre>In [46]: Out[46]:</pre>	<pre>Numerical data analysis  # Relation b/w two variable sns.relplot(x='math score', y='reading score', hue='gender', data=student_df)  <seaborn.axisgrid.facetgrid 0x2847be96940="" at=""></seaborn.axisgrid.facetgrid></pre>
	80 -
	gender female male
In [47]:	sns.relplot(x='math score', y='reading score', hue='lunch', data=student_df)
Out[47]:	<pre><seaborn.axisgrid.facetgrid 0x2847bf18cd0="" at="">  100 - 80 -</seaborn.axisgrid.facetgrid></pre>
	Free/reduced
	20 - 0 20 40 60 80 100 math score
In [48]: Out[48]:	<pre>student_df.plot(kind ="scatter", x="math score", y="writing score", alpha=0.9)  <axessubplot:xlabel='math score',="" ylabel="writing score">  100 - 80 -</axessubplot:xlabel='math></pre>
	80 - 40 - 20 -
In [49]:	Univariate Analysis  # Distribution using distplot
Out[49]:	<pre>c:\users\sange\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a f uture version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms). warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning) </pre> <pre><axessubplot:xlabel='math score',="" ylabel="Density"></axessubplot:xlabel='math></pre>
	0.025 - 0.020 - 2
In [50]:	0.005 0.000 0 20 40 60 80 100  sns.distplot(student_df['writing score'], bins=10)
Out[50]:	c:\users\sange\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a f uture version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).  warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning) <axessubplot:xlabel='writing score',="" ylabel="Density">  0.025</axessubplot:xlabel='writing>
	0.020 - \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ 0.015 - 0.010 -}
In [51]:	o.000
Out[51]:	<pre>c:\users\sange\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a f uture version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms). warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning) </pre> <pre><axessubplot:xlabel='reading score',="" ylabel="Density"></axessubplot:xlabel='reading></pre>
	0.020 - 20 0.015 - 0.010 - 0.005 -
In [52]:	<pre>student_df.hist(bins = 20, figsize =(10,10)) array([[<axessubplot:title={'center':'math score'}="">,</axessubplot:title={'center':'math></pre>
Out[52]:	<pre>carray([[<axessubplot:title={'center':'math score'}="">,</axessubplot:title={'center':'math></pre>
	100 80 60 40
	20
	100 80 60 40
In [53]:	20
Out[53]:	<pre><seaborn.axisgrid.pairgrid 0x2847c1e0e80="" at=""></seaborn.axisgrid.pairgrid></pre>
	80 do
In [54]: Out[54]:	sns.boxplot(x='lunch', y='math score', data=student_df) <axessubplot:xlabel='lunch', ylabel="math score">  100 -</axessubplot:xlabel='lunch',>
	80 - Fig. 40 - Fig. 20 - Fig. 30 - F
In [ ]:	standard free/reduced lunch