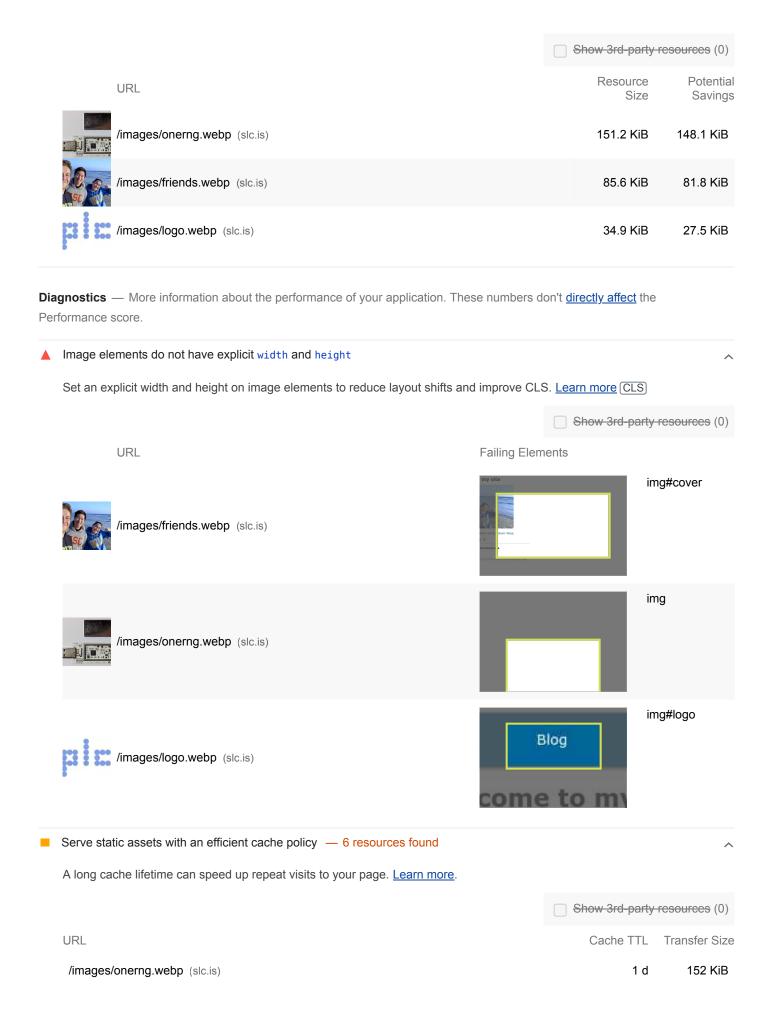




Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.





URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
/images/friends.webp (slc.is)	1 d	87 KiB
/images/logo.webp (slc.is)	1 d	36 KiB
/images/templateImage.webp (slc.is)	1 d	24 KiB
/script.js (slc.is)	1 d	5 KiB
/style.css (slc.is)	1 d	2 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 3 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load.

<u>Learn more</u>. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 270 ms

Initial Navigation

https://slc.is

/style.css (slc.is) - 60 ms, 2.17 KiB

...styles/vs2015.min.css (unpkg.com)

...styles/vs2015.min.css (unpkg.com) - 40 ms, 0.55 KiB

...dist/katex.min.css (unpkg.com)

...dist/katex.min.css (unpkg.com) - 50 ms, 3.33 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 22 requests • 458 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	22	458.3 KiB
Image	4	298.7 KiB
Script	5	146.8 KiB
Stylesheet	3	6.1 KiB
Other	9	4.9 KiB
Document	1	1.8 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Font	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	12	147.1 KiB

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

Element



img#cover

O Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found

_

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. $\boxed{\text{CLS}}$

Element CLS Contribution



div.template

0.009



div.template

0.008



div#page

0.003



h2.template

0.003



hr.template

0

Passed audits (32)

^

JS/styles. Learn more. FCP LCP Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn more. Minify CSS Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 8 KiB Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Show 3rd-party resources (1) Transfer Potential **URL** Size Savings ...lib/marked.umd.js (unpkg.com) 23.2 KiB 8.2 KiB Reduce unused CSS Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. FCP [LCP] Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 115 KiB Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. (LCP) Show 3rd-party resources (1) Transfer Potential URL Size Savings ...dist/katex.min.js (unpkg.com) 264.0 KiB 114.8 KiB Efficiently encode images Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more. Serve images in next-gen formats Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more. Enable text compression Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP) Preconnect to required origins

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical

	Learn more. FCP LCP	
•	Initial server response time was short — Root document took 90 ms	^
	Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests dep	pend on it. <u>Learn more</u> . FCP
		Show 3rd-party resources (0)
	URL	Time Spent
	https://slc.is	90 ms
•	Avoid multiple page redirects	^
	Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u>	CP
0	Preload key requests	^
	Consider using ` <link rel="preload"/> ` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently request more. FCP LCP	sted later in page load. <u>Learn</u>
•	Use HTTP/2	^
	HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Le	arn more.
•	Use video formats for animated content	^
	Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM v PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more LCP	ideos for animations and
•	Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
	Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes co	nsumed by network activity.
•	Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers	^
	Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining supported to the modern browsers.	using module/nomodule feature
0	Preload Largest Contentful Paint image	^
	Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more	e. LCP
•	Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 458 KiB	^
	Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load time	es. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>LCP</u>
		✓ Show 3rd-party resources (5)
	URL	Transfer Size

152.3 KiB

/images/onerng.webp (slc.is)

Consider adding 'preconnect' or 'dns-prefetch' resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins.

URL Transfer Size

/images/friends.webp (slc.is)	86.6 KiB
dist/katex.min.js (unpkg.com)	72.0 KiB
cdn-assets@11.3.1/highlight.min.js (unpkg.com)	39.1 KiB
/images/logo.webp (slc.is)	35.9 KiB
/images/templateImage.webp (slc.is)	23.8 KiB
lib/marked.umd.js (unpkg.com)	23.2 KiB
dist/purify.min.js (unpkg.com)	7.9 KiB
/script.js (slc.is)	4.7 KiB
dist/katex.min.css (unpkg.com)	3.3 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 25 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>TBT</u>

Statistic Element Value

Total DOM Elements 25

Maximum DOM Depth 6

Maximum Child Elements 55

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

JavaScript execution time — 0.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL Total CPU Script Evaluation Script Parse

URL			
https://slc.is	55 ms	6 ms	1 m
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.2 s			
Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executive with this. Learn more (TBT)	ting JS. You may find de	elivering smaller JS pay	loads helps
Category			Time Spe
Script Evaluation			86 m
Other			69 m
Style & Layout			32 m
Script Parsing & Compilation			17 m
Parse HTML & CSS			15 m
Rendering			7 m
All text remains visible during webfont loads Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the matching party code can significantly impact load performance. Limited third party code of the years page has primarily finished load.	ain thread for 0 ms		
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Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the ma	ain thread for 0 ms		s and try to
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the ma	ain thread for 0 ms	ant third-party providers Show 3rd-par	s and try to
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the ma Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Lin load third-party code after your page has primarily finished load	ain thread for 0 ms nit the number of redund ling. <u>Learn more</u> . TBT	ant third-party providers Show 3rd-party Main-Threa	and try to ty resources (lad Blocking Til
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Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the matching third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limited load third-party code after your page has primarily finished load. Third-Party <u>Unpkg</u>	ain thread for 0 ms nit the number of redund ling. Learn more. TBT Transfer Siz	ant third-party providers Show 3rd-party Main-Threa BB	s and try to
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the matching third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Lim load third-party code after your page has primarily finished load Third-Party Unpkg dist/katex.min.js (unpkg.com)	ain thread for 0 ms nit the number of redund ling. Learn more. TBT Transfer Siz 147 K 72 K	ant third-party providers Show 3rd-party Main-Threa BB BB	es and try to ty resources (lead Blocking Till On On On
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the matching third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Lim load third-party code after your page has primarily finished load Third-Party Unpkg dist/katex.min.js (unpkg.com)cdn-assets@11.3.1/highlight.min.js (unpkg.com)	ain thread for 0 ms nit the number of redund ling. Learn more. TBT Transfer Siz 147 K 72 K 39 K	ant third-party providers Show 3rd-party Main-Threa BB BB BB BB	es and try to ty resources (in ad Blocking Time of the control of
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the matching third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Lim load third-party code after your page has primarily finished load. Third-Party Unpkg dist/katex.min.js (unpkg.com) cdn-assets@11.3.1/highlight.min.js (unpkg.com) lib/marked.umd.js (unpkg.com)	ain thread for 0 ms nit the number of redund ling. Learn more. TBT Transfer Siz 147 K 72 K 39 K 23 K	ant third-party providers Show 3rd-party Main-Threa BB BB BB BB	and try to ty resources (for ad Blocking Time) On more of mo
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the matching third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Lim load third-party code after your page has primarily finished load Third-Party Unpkg dist/katex.min.js (unpkg.com)cdn-assets@11.3.1/highlight.min.js (unpkg.com)lib/marked.umd.js (unpkg.com)dist/purify.min.js (unpkg.com)	ain thread for 0 ms nit the number of redund ling. Learn more. TBT Transfer Siz 147 K 72 K 39 K 23 K 8 K	ant third-party providers Show 3rd-party Main-Threa BB BB BB BB BB BB	es and try to ty resources (for ad Blocking Time) O m O m O m O m O m
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the matching third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Lim load third-party code after your page has primarily finished load. Third-Party Unpkg dist/katex.min.js (unpkg.com) cdn-assets@11.3.1/highlight.min.js (unpkg.com) lib/marked.umd.js (unpkg.com) dist/purify.min.js (unpkg.com) Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing	ain thread for 0 ms nit the number of redund ling. Learn more. TBT Transfer Siz 147 K 72 K 39 K 23 K 8 K	ant third-party providers Show 3rd-party Main-Threa BB BB BB BB BB BB	es and try to ty resources (for ad Blocking Time) O m O m O m O m O m
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-vis Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the matching third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Lim load third-party code after your page has primarily finished load. Third-Party Unpkg dist/katex.min.js (unpkg.com) cdn-assets@11.3.1/highlight.min.js (unpkg.com) lib/marked.umd.js (unpkg.com) dist/purify.min.js (unpkg.com) Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing	ain thread for 0 ms nit the number of redund ling. Learn more. TBT Transfer Siz 147 K 72 K 39 K 23 K 8 K	ant third-party providers Show 3rd-party Main-Threa BB BB BB BB BB BB BB BB BB	es and try to ty resources (for ad Blocking Time) or o

Element



img#cover

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoid long main-thread tasks

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more TBT

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more CLS

● Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A `<meta name="viewport">` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. <u>Learn more</u>. (TBT)



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Additional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn nore in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

The page has a logical tab order

Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more.

Interactive controls are keyboard focusable

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.

0	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
	Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
	If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn more.	
0	User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.	
0	Custom controls have associated labels	^
	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
	Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
	DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
	Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u>.</nav></main>	
Pa	ssed audits (10)	^
•	[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
	Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. <u>Learn more</u>.</body>	
•	The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
	Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio	^
	Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>Э</td></tr><tr><td>•</td><td>Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

	and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	<html> element has a [lang] attribute</html>	/
	If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might no announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u> .	ıt
•	<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</html>	_
	Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	Image elements have [alt] attributes	-
	Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u> .	:
•	Links have a discernible name	-
	Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"/> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.	/
	Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of web page. <u>Learn more</u> .	а
No	t applicable (34)	/
0	[accesskey] values are unique	
	Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn mor	<u>e</u> .
0	[aria-*] attributes match their roles	
	Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Learner: 10px supports Learner: 10px su</u>	<u>n</u>
0	button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	
	When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	for
0	[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	-
	Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	ARIA input fields have accessible names	/
	When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	Э

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate

0	ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
	When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
	When a `progressbar` element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
	Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
	Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
	Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more.</u>	
0	[role] values are valid	^
	ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
	When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
	When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
	When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	[aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
	Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
	Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	Buttons have an accessible name	^
	When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	<pre><dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</pre></td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl></pre>	

	When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</dl>	^
	Definition list items (` <dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.</dl></dd></dt>	
0	[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique	^
	All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	ARIA IDs are unique	^
	The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	<u>l</u>
0	No form fields have multiple labels	^
	Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use eith the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u> .	er
0	<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
	Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
	When an image is being used as an ` <input/> ` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u> .	е
0	Form elements have associated labels	^
	Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
0	Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>List items () are contained within or parent elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Screen readers require list items (``) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td><pre><object> elements have [alt] text</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

Trust and Safety

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Learn more

Description Directive Severity

High

Host allowlists can frequently be bypassed. Consider using CSP nonces or hashes instead, along with 'strict-dynamic' if necessary.

Passed audits (16)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Learn more. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn more Avoids Application Cache Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more. Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more

Add 'rel="noopener" or 'rel="noreferrer" to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities.

Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (1) **URL** Map URL ...dist/purify.min.js (unpkg.com) ...dist/purify.min.js.map (unpkg.com) No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the 'Issues' panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue. Not applicable (2) O Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more Detected JavaScript libraries All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more.

	ditional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best ctices.	/
0	Structured data is valid	^
	Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Pas	ssed audits (11)	^

•	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
	A ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>TBT</u>	<u>'</u>
•	Document has a <title> element</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th>e</th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>Document has a meta description</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>Page has successful HTTP status code</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>Links have descriptive text</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>Links are crawlable</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Search engines may use 'href' attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the 'href' attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More</th><th>i</th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>Page isn't blocked from indexing</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>robots.txt is valid</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>Image elements have [alt] attributes</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>Document has a valid hreflang</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more.</u></th><th></th></tr><tr><th>•</th><th>Document avoids plugins</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more</u>.</th><th></th></tr><tr><th>No</th><th>t applicable (3)</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Document has a valid rel=canonical</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Document uses legible font sizes

have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more.

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

+ Installable

Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

No manifest was fetched

PWA Optimized

Does not register a service worker that controls page and start url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

0		
	Content is sized correctly for the viewport	^
	If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
	A ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>(TBT)</u>	<u>/</u>
A	Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon	^
	For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u> .	
A	Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched	^
	A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Iditional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not tomatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.	^
0	Site works cross-browser	_
0	Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.	^
0		^
_	To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. <u>Learn more</u> .	
_	To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of	

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. <u>Learn more</u>.

Runtime Settings

URL	https://slc.is/
Fetch Time	Dec 9, 2021, 11:58 PM PST
Device	Emulated Desktop
Network throttling	40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated)
CPU throttling	1x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel	devtools
User agent (host)	Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/96.0.4664.93 Safari/537.36
User agent (network)	Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_15_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/94.0.4590.2 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse
CPU/Memory Power	1535
Axe version	4.2.3

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