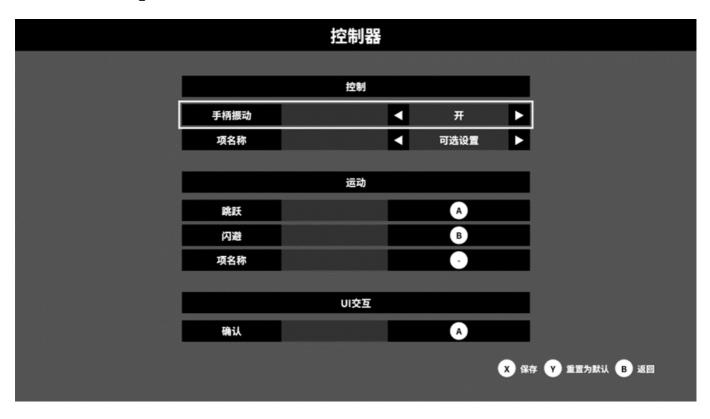
动态按键提示程序设计文档

背景描述

在文档Main Interact_主交互中·要求用户可以动态地更改按键绑定·所以UI中的按键提示文本也应动态显示。



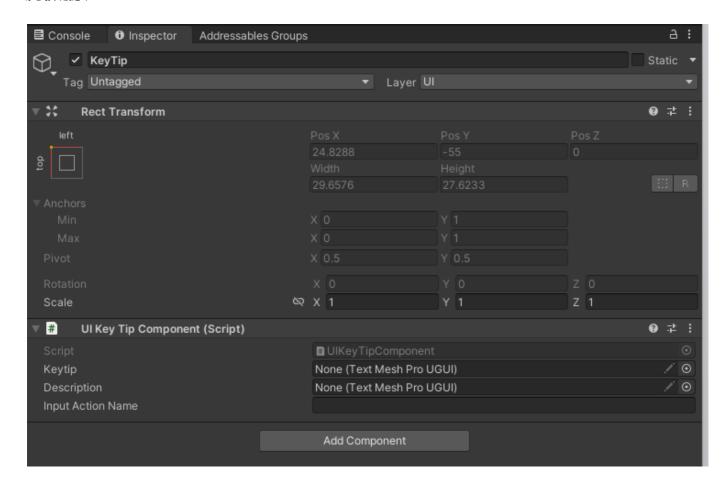
大致思路

1.首先在InputManager中读取当前项目中的所有按键设置并存入一个字典



private Dictionary<(string actionMapName, string actionName), InputAction>
actionDictionary = new Dictionary<(string, string), InputAction>();

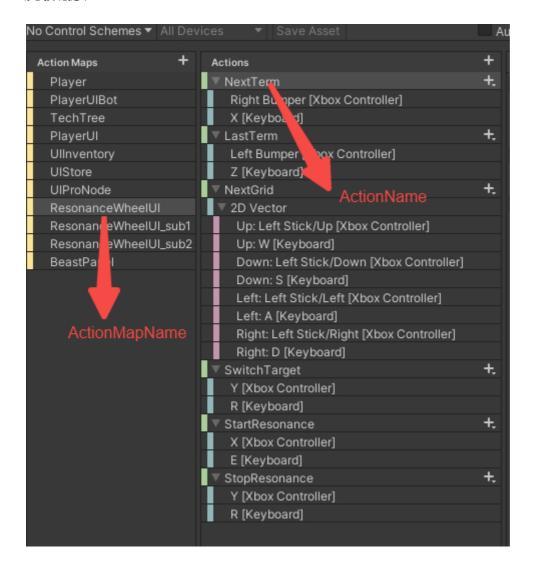
2.UIPanel中的配置



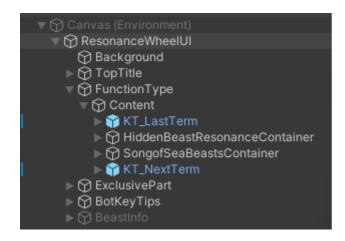
首先在KeyTip的预制体中加入UIKeyTipComponent组件,该组件为MonoBehaviour,原因是方便之后在PanelUI的脚本中awake初始化时找出当前ui中所有的KeyTip预制体,方法用

transform.GetComponentsInChildren<UIKeyTipComponent>(true)

该组件替代原来的UIKeyTip功能



配置KeyTip的命名规范: KeyTip的名字暂定为KT_ActionName



配置json的命名规范:

```
[System.Serializable]
public struct KeyMap
{
    public string ActionMapName;
    public string ActionName;
}

[System.Serializable]
public struct KeyTip
{
    public string keyname;
    public KeyMap keymap;
    public TextContent description;
}

public string GetDescription()
{
    return this.description.GetText();
}
}
```

配置KeyTip结构体的json时,

```
"LastTerm": {
    "keyname": "KT_LastTerm",
    "keymap": {
        "ActionMapName": "ResonanceWheelUI",
        "ActionName": "LastTerm"
},
```

KeyTip = ActionName KeyTip.keyname = KT_ActionName KeyTip.keymap.ActionMapName = ActionMapName KeyTip.keymap.ActionName = ActionName

3.具体实现逻辑

在UIPanel中 在Awake方法中找到所有UIKeyTipComponent

```
//KeyTips
UIKeyTipComponents = this.transform.GetComponentsInChildren<UIKeyTipComponent>
  (true);
foreach (var item in UIKeyTipComponents)
{
```

```
uiKeyTipDic.Add(item.InputActionName, item);
}
```

在Refresh方法中通过InputManager的字典找到当前ui中每个UIKeyTipComponents所对应的InputAction。找到InputAction后,再获取其bingding的按键字符串,最终赋值到KeyTip预制体的TMPro.TextMeshProUGUI的组件中

```
if (UikeyTipIsInit == false)
{
    KeyTip[] keyTips = inputManager.ExportKeyTipValues(PanelTextContent_Main);
    foreach (var keyTip in keyTips)
    {
        InputAction inputAction =
        inputManager.GetInputAction((keyTip.keymap.ActionMapName,
        keyTip.keymap.ActionName));
        inputManager.GetInputActionBindText(inputAction);

        UIKeyTipComponent uIKeyTipComponent = uiKeyTipDic[keyTip.keyname];
        if (uIKeyTipComponent.keytip != null)
        {
            uIKeyTipComponent.keytip.text =
        inputManager.GetInputActionBindText(inputAction);
        }
        if (uIKeyTipComponent.description != null)
        {
            uIKeyTipComponent.description.text = keyTip.description.GetText();
        }
    }
    UikeyTipIsInit = true;
}
```

InputManager中的一些方法:

```
//该函数通过键(string actionMapName, string actionName)找值InputAction
public InputAction GetInputAction((string, string) key)
{
    if(this.actionDictionary.ContainsKey(key))
    {
       return this.actionDictionary[key];
    }
    return null;
}
```

```
//该函数查找InputAction中的所有binding并返回用户能读的按键提示字符串
   HashSet<string> keys = new HashSet<string>();
   string t = "";
   // 遍历当前 InputAction 的所有绑定
   var options = InputControlPath.HumanReadableStringOptions.OmitDevice |
InputControlPath.HumanReadableStringOptions.UseShortNames;
   string humanReadableString;
   foreach (InputBinding binding in inputAction.bindings)
       humanReadableString = InputControlPath.ToHumanReadableString(binding.path,
options);
       if (Config.inputDevice == Config.InputDevice.Keyboard &&
binding.path.StartsWith("<Keyboard>"))
           keys.Add(ExtractString(humanReadableString));
       else if (Config.inputDevice == Config.InputDevice.XBOX &&
binding.path.StartsWith("<XInputController>"))
           keys.Add(ExtractString(humanReadableString));
   }
   foreach (var item in keys)
       t += item;
   }
```

```
return t;
}
```