

ClojureScript

Anatomy





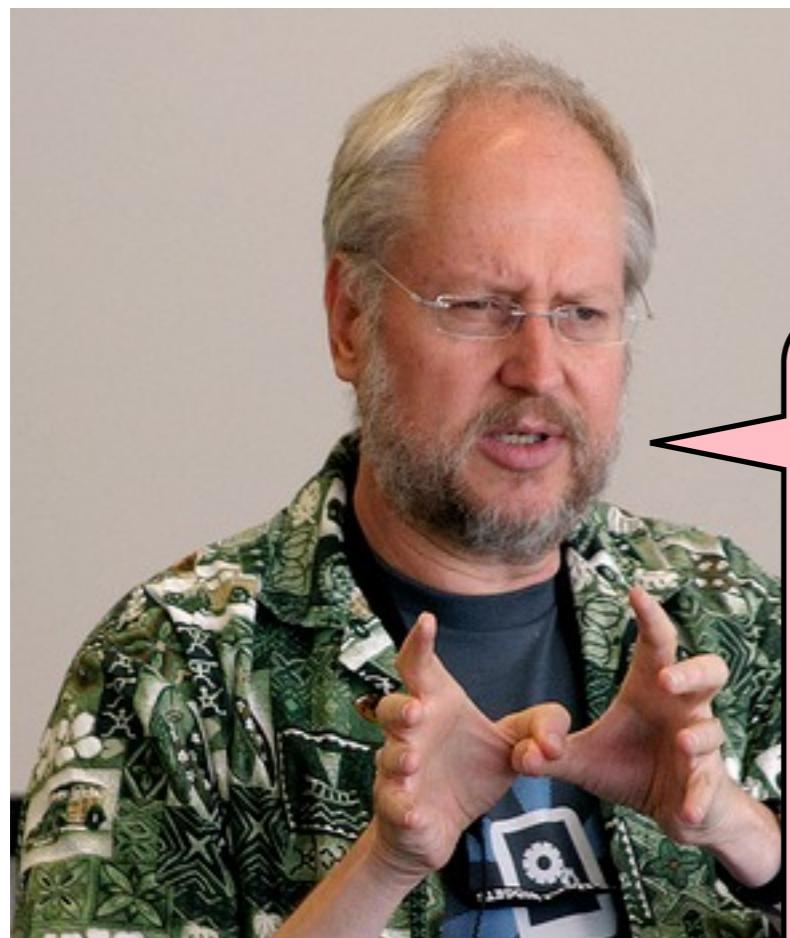


Targe*Why?*script

Primacy of Semantics

I also regard syntactical problems as essentially irrelevant to programming languages at their present stage ... the urgent task in programming languages is to explore the field of semantic possibilities.

— Christopher Strachey - “Fundamental Concepts in Programming Languages



JavaScript has much in common with Scheme.

It is a dynamic language.

It has a flexible datatype (arrays) that can easily simulate s-expressions.

And most importantly, functions are lambdas.

<http://javascript.crockford.com/little.html>

Power Points

- Reach
 - browser, shell, mobile, databases
- First-class functions
- Prototypal inheritance
- Closures
- Literal syntax



Pain Points

- Everything else



PLT HULK
@PLT_Hulk

JAVASCRIPT IS SCHEME IN THE BROWSER
WITHOUT THE PARENTHESES OR THE
SCHEME.





JavaScript

- Safety through convention
- Rampant mutation
- Globals
- this
- Truthiness
- Objects make poor modules

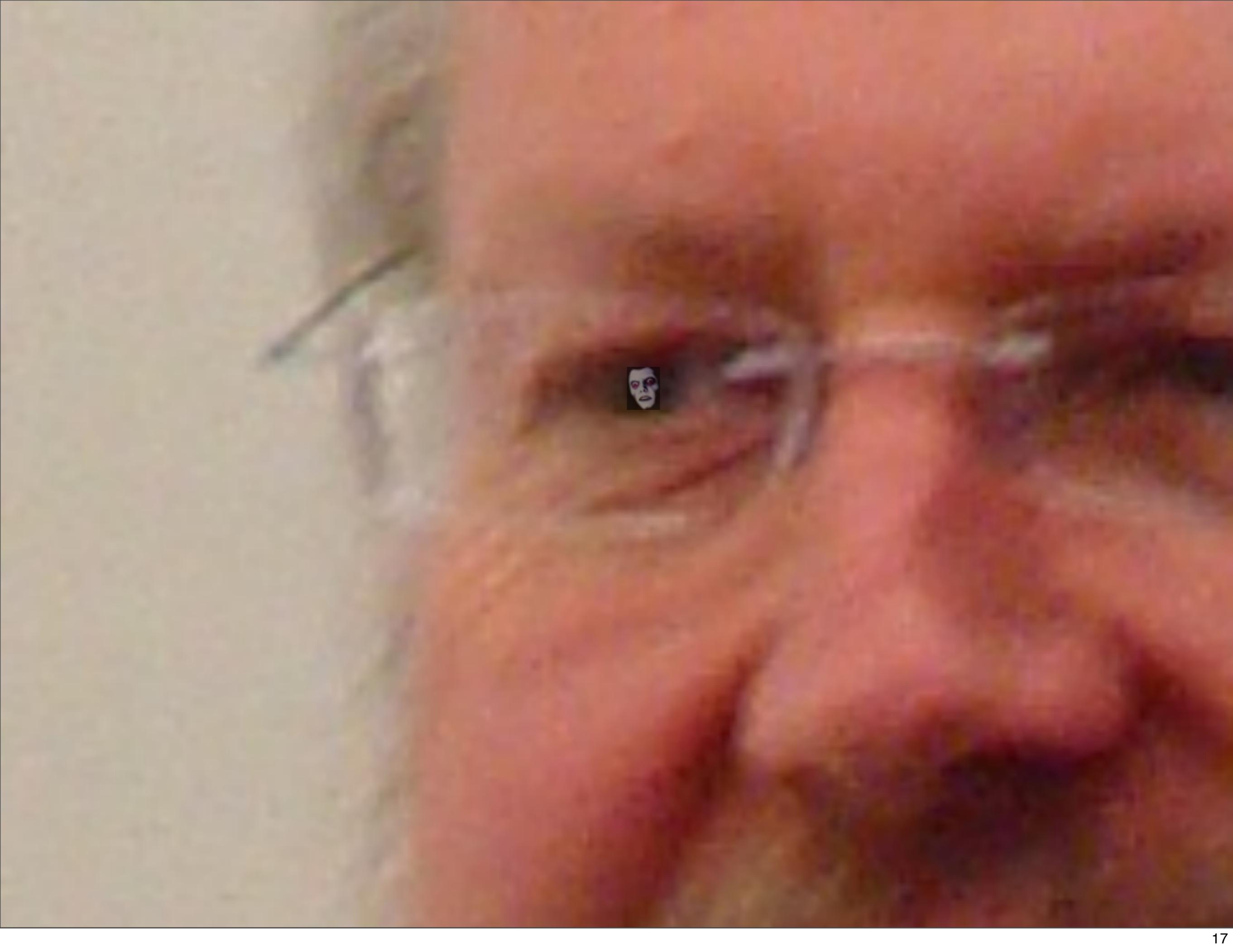
JavaScript

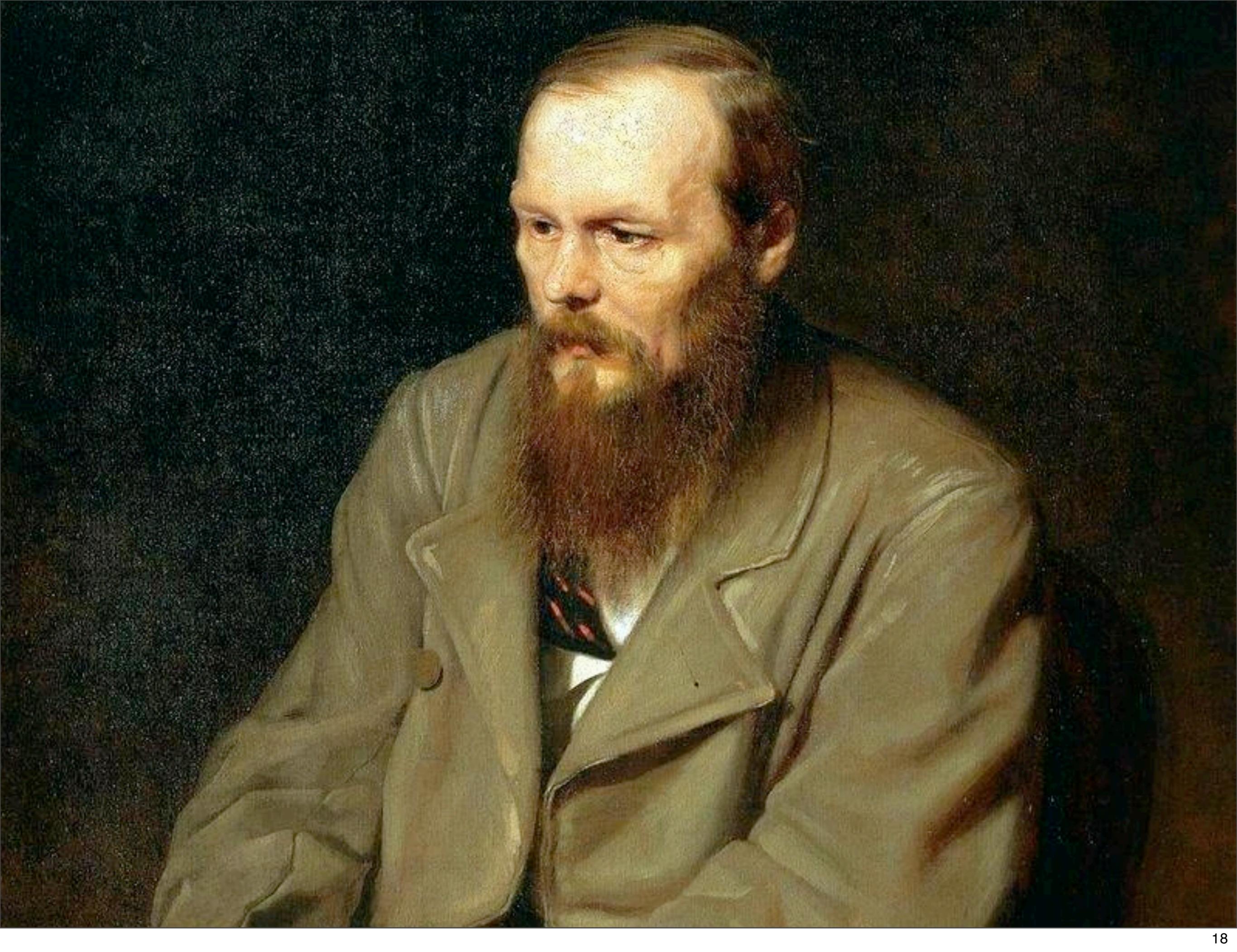
- Safety through convention
- Rampant mutation
- Globals
- this
- Truthiness
- Objects make poor modules
- Callbacks
- Low Compression Potential
- Limited data formats
- Limited abstractions
- ==
- Optional semicolons
- Missing `new`



OH, THE HUGE MANATEE!








```
my = my || {};
my.awesome = my.awesome || {};
my.awesome.lib = my.awesome.lib || {};

my.awesome.lib = (function(){
    var that = {};

    function init(){
        /* do something */
    };

    that.foo = true;
    that.init = init;

    return that;
})();

my.awesome.lib.frob = (function($){
    function privateFun(){
        /* do something */
    }

    return function() {
        /* do something with $ */
    };
})(baz);
```

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```

Signet Classic

451-CE2326 ★ (CANADA \$10.99) ★ U.S. \$8.95

LEO TOLSTOY

WAR AND PEACE





Google Closure

- Standard library
- Dependency system
- Compiler/minifier (GClosure)
- Templating language
- 1 kajillion man-hours of effort

Google Closure

- Standard library
- Dependency system
- **Compiler/minifier (GClosure)**
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convention

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convention

Primacy of Syntax

*one could say that all semantics is being represented as syntax
... semantics has vanished entirely to be replaced with pure syntax.*

— John Shutt - “Primacy of Syntax”

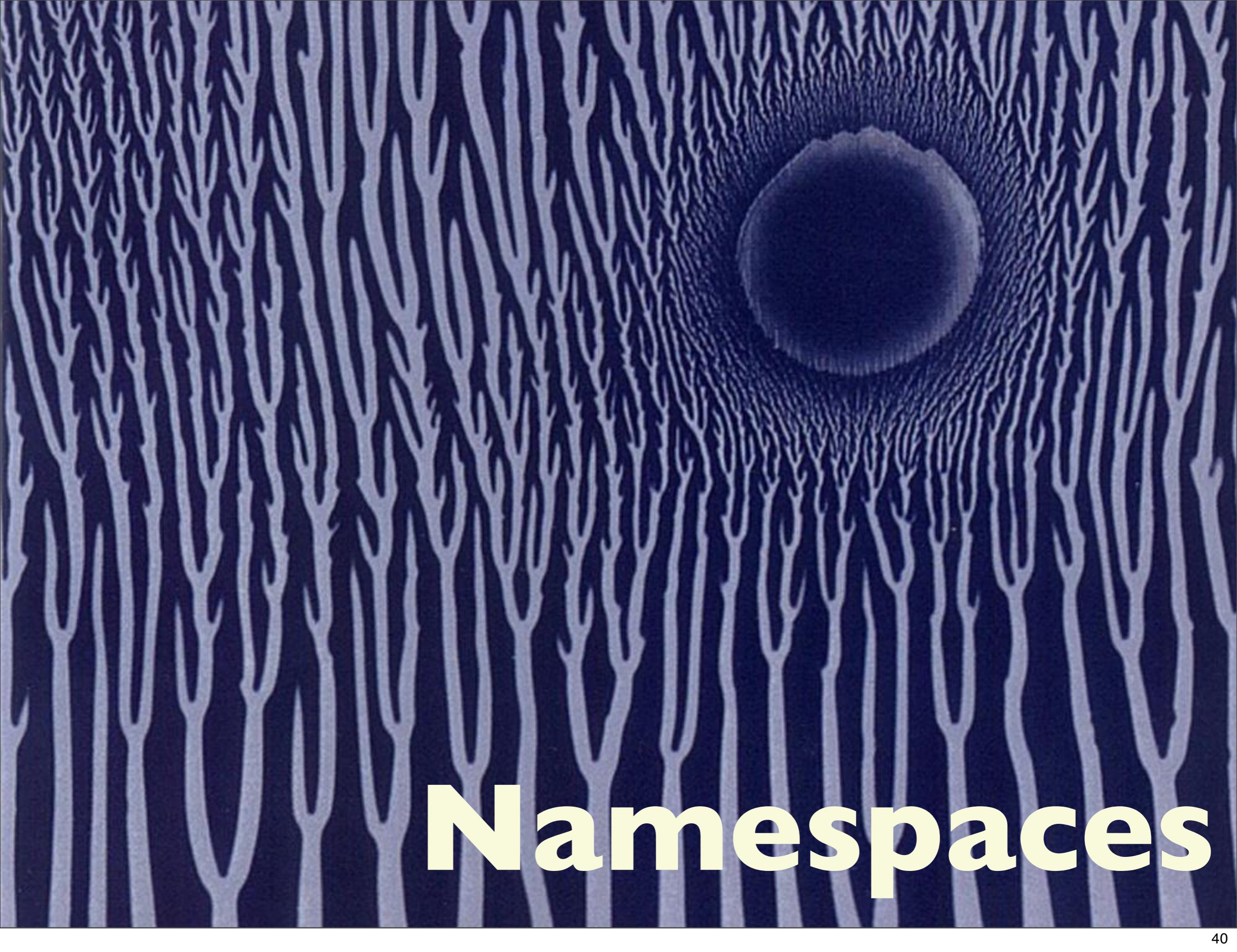
CoffeeScript





the web be hostile

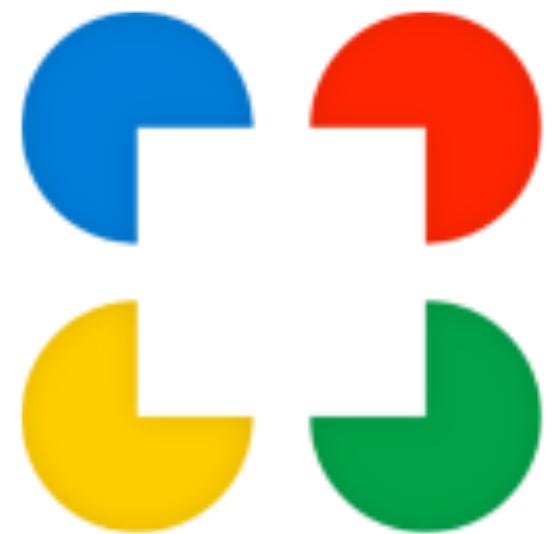




Namespaces



ECMAScript.Next



JSModule



nodules

dōjō

modules.js

curl.js



Namespaces

```
fogus.my.lib.frobnicate();
```

Namespaces

```
fogus = fogus || {};
```

```
fogus.my = fogus.my || {};
```

```
fogus.my.lib = fogus.my.lib || {};
```

Namespaces

```
(ns fogus.my.lib)
```

```
(defn frobnicate [] :frobbed!)
```



```
goog.provide('fogus.my.lib');

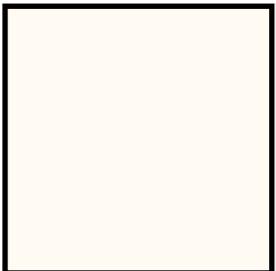
fogus.my.lib = function() {
    return "□ :frobbed!"
};
```

Compression Potential

Take your pick

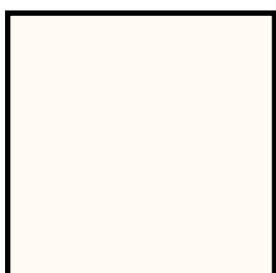


```
(ns fogus.my.lib)
```



```
goog.provide('fogus.my.lib');
```

```
fogus = fogus || {};
```



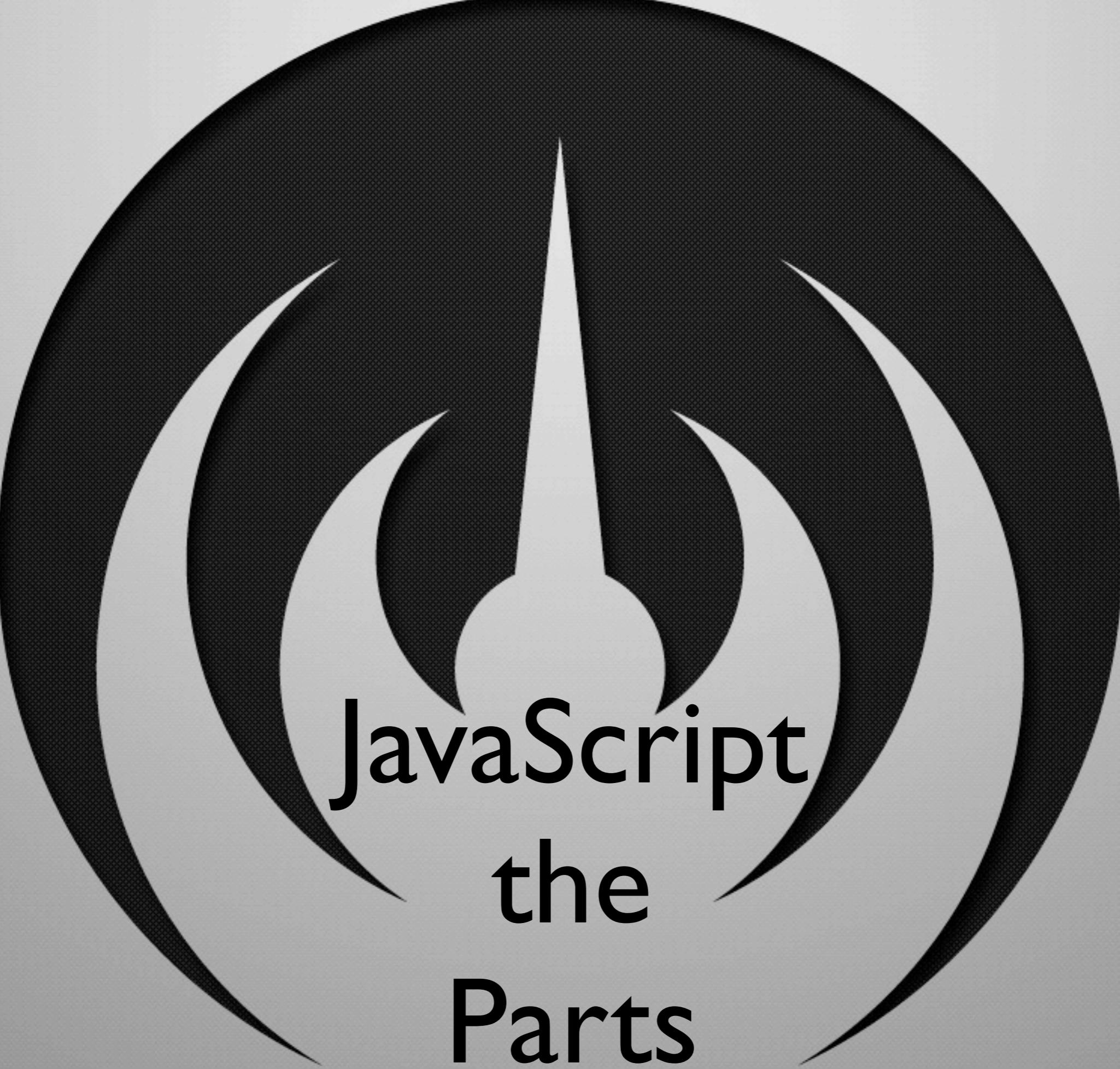
```
fogus.my = fogus.my || {};
```

```
fogus.my.lib = fogus.my.lib || {};
```

Abstractions

Abstractions

- Protocols at the bottom
 - `ISeq`, `IMap`, `ILookup`, `IDeref`, etc.
- Realizing powerful immutable types
 - `Map`, `List`, `Vector`, etc.
- Extended to JavaScript
 - `strings`, `null`, `arrays`, etc.



JavaScript the Parts

Functional Inheritance Pattern

- Private data
- Access to super methods
- Missing new safe

Functional Inheritance Pattern

```
var person = function(spec) {
  var that = {};

  that.getName = function() {
    return spec.name;
  };
  return that;
};
```

```
var man = function(spec) {
  var that = person(spec);
  var super_getName = that.superior('getName');

  that.getName = function() {
    return "Mr. " + super_getName();
  };
  return that;
};
```

```
var me = person({ 'name' : 'Fogus' });
me.getName()
//=> 'Fogus'
```

```
var me = man({ 'name' : 'Fogus' });
me.getName()
//=> 'Mr. Fogus'
```

Functional Inheritance

Pattern Dangers

- Harder to minify
- Larger memory footprint
- Cannot update instances
- Eliminates instanceof
- Mucks with Function.prototype and Object.prototype in an unsafe way

Pseudo-classical Inheritance Pattern

```
Person = function(name) {
  this._name = name;
};

Person.prototype.getName = function() {
  return this._name;
};

Man = function(name) {
  Person.call(this, name);
};

inherits(Man, Person);

Man.prototype.getName = function() {
  return "Mr. "
    + Man._super.getName.call(this);
};
```

```
var me = new Person('Fogus');
me.getName()
//=> 'Fogus'
```

```
var me = new Man('Fogus');
me.getName()
//=> 'Mr. Fogus'
```

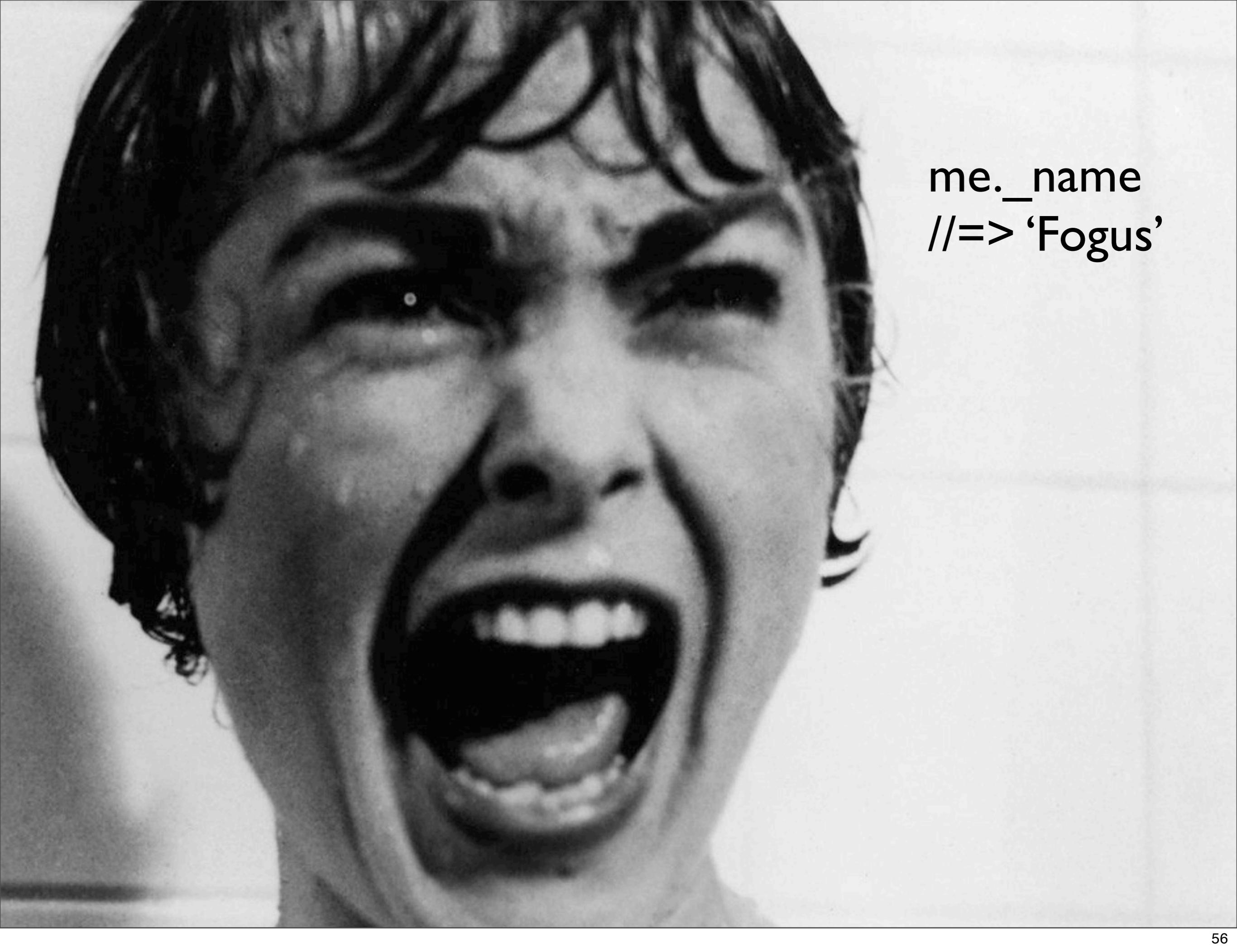
Pseudo-classical Inheritance Pattern

- ~~Harder~~ Easier to minify
- ~~Larger~~ Smaller memory footprint
- ~~Cannot~~ Can update instances
- ~~Eliminates~~ instanceof
- ~~Mucks with~~ Clean
Function.prototype and
Object.prototype

Safe Extension

`String.prototype.cljs$core$first = ...`

`Object.prototype.mylibfirst = ...`

A black and white close-up photograph of a woman's face. She has dark, curly hair and is smiling broadly, showing her teeth. Her eyes are partially closed in a joyful expression. The lighting is dramatic, with strong highlights and shadows.

me._name
//=> 'Fogus'

Minification

- Inlining
- Renaming
- Dead-code elimination

Inlining



Functional Inheritance Inlining

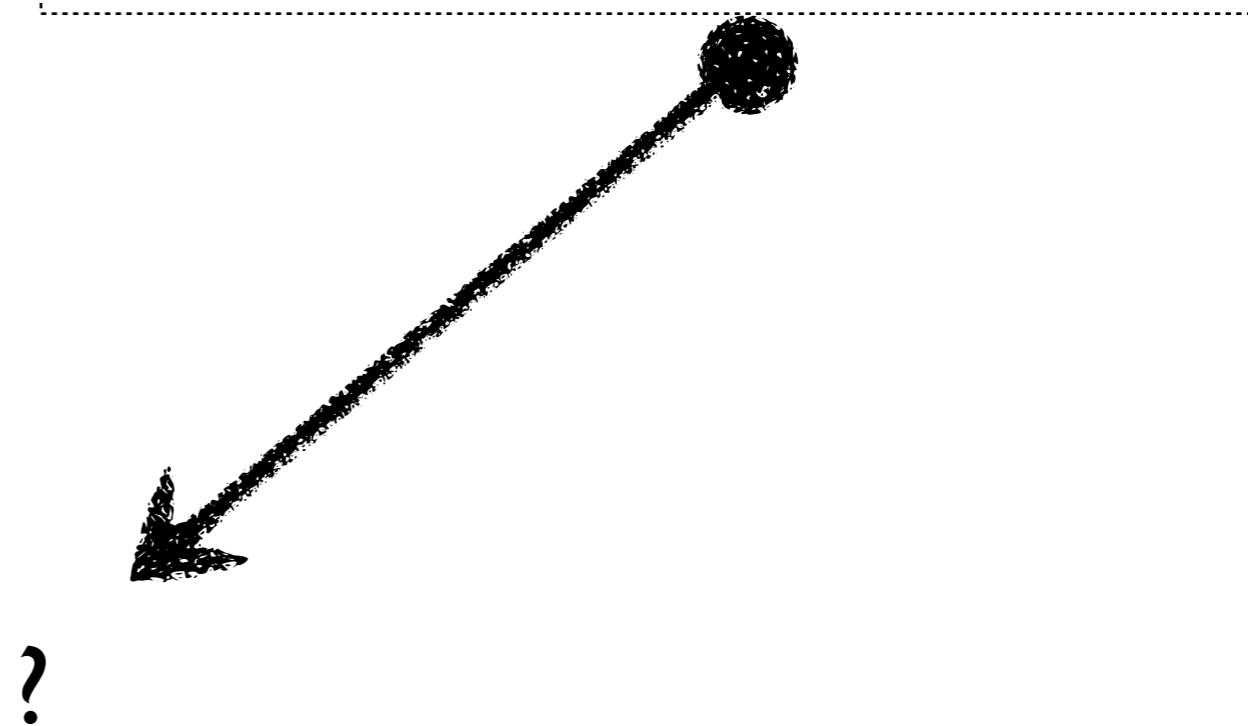
```
var person = function(spec) {  
  var that = {};  
  
  that.getName = function() {  
    return spec.name;  
  };  
  return that;  
};
```

```
var myName = me.getName();  
var sig = signature({'name' : myName});  
sig.toString();  
//=> 'Sent from teh Fogus iPhone'
```

Functional Inheritance Inlining

```
var person = function(spec) {  
  var that = {};  
  
  that.getName = function() {  
    return spec.name;  
  };  
  return that;  
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var myName = me.getName();  
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Functional Inheritance Inlining

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var person = function(spec) {
  var that = {};
  that.getName = function() {
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```

```
var myName = me.getName();
var sig = signature({'name' : myName});
sig.toString();
//=> 'Sent from teh Fogus iPhone'
```

```
var sig = signature({'name' : me.getName()});
sig.toString();
//=> 'Sent from teh Fogus iPhone'
```



Inlining



Pseudo-classical Inlining

```
Person = function(name) {  
    this._name = name;  
};  
  
Person.prototype.getName = function() {  
    return this._name;  
};
```

```
var myName = me.getName();  
var sig = new Signature(myName);  
sig.toString();  
//=> 'Sent from teh Fogus iPhone'
```

?



Pseudo-classical Inlining

```
Person = function(name) {  
    this._name = name;  
};  
  
Person.prototype.getName = function() {  
    return this._name;  
};
```

```
var myName = me.getName();  
var sig = new Signature(myName);  
sig.toString();  
//=> 'Sent from teh Fogus iPhone'
```

```
var sig = new Signature(me._name);  
sig.toString();  
//=> 'Sent from teh Fogus iPhone'
```



Renaming



Functional Inheritance

Renaming

```
var person = function(spec) {
    var that = {};
    that.getName = function() {
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    };
    return that;
};

var man = function(spec) {
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    that.getName = function() {
        return "Mr. " + super_getName();
    };
    return that;
};
```

Functional Inheritance

Renaming

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    };
    return that;
};
```



Renaming



Pseudo-classical Renaming

```
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};

Person.prototype.getName = function() {
    return this._name;
};

Man = function(name) {
    Person.call(this, name);
};

inherits(Man, Person);

Man.prototype.getName = function() {
    return "Mr. "
        + Man._super.getName.call(this);
};
```

Pseudo-classical Renaming

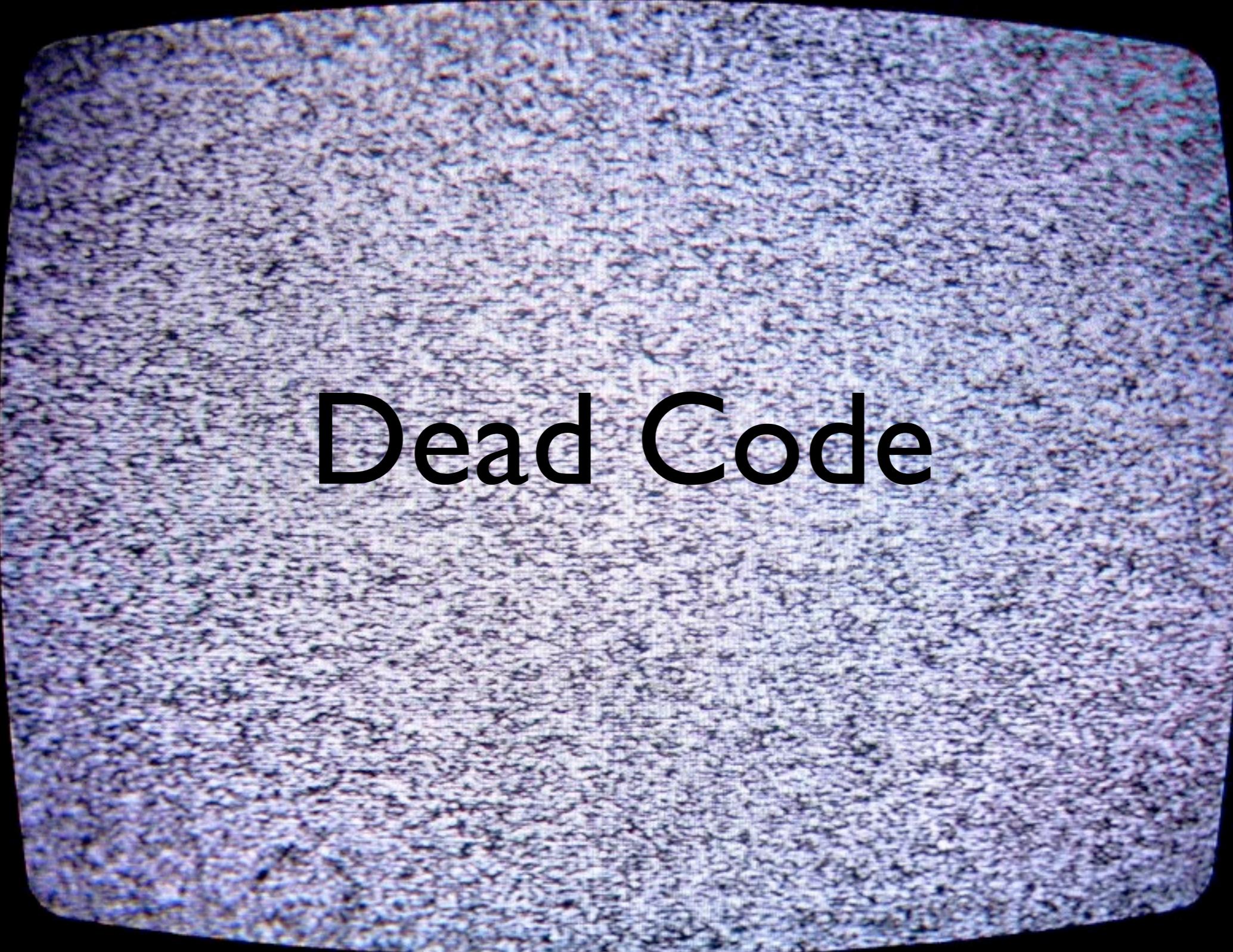
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};

inherits(Man, Person);

Man.prototype.getName = function() {
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};
```



Dead Code

Dead-code Elimination

Intro

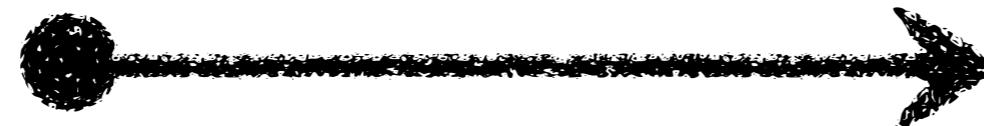
```
(let [a 1  
      b 2  
      a b]  
  a)
```

`;=> 2`

Dead-code Elimination

Intro

```
(let [a 1  
      b 2  
      a b]  
  a)  
;=> 2
```



```
(function (){  
  var a_847 = 1;  
  var b_848 = 2;  
  var a_849 = b_848;  
  
  return a_849;  
})();
```

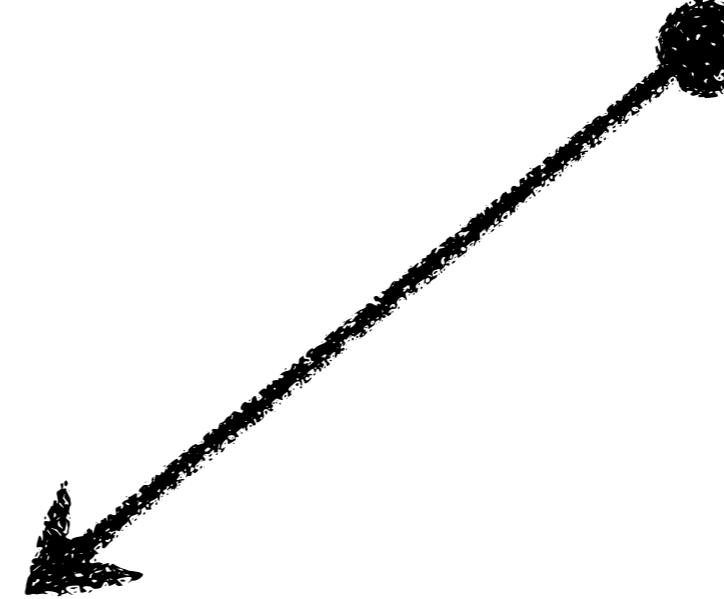
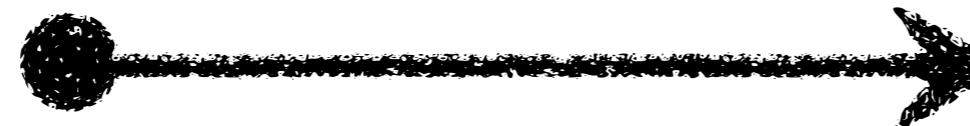
Dead-code Elimination

Intro

(**let** [a 1
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a)
;=> 2

(**function** (){
 var a_847 = 1;
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 var a_849 = b_848;

 return a_849;
})();



?

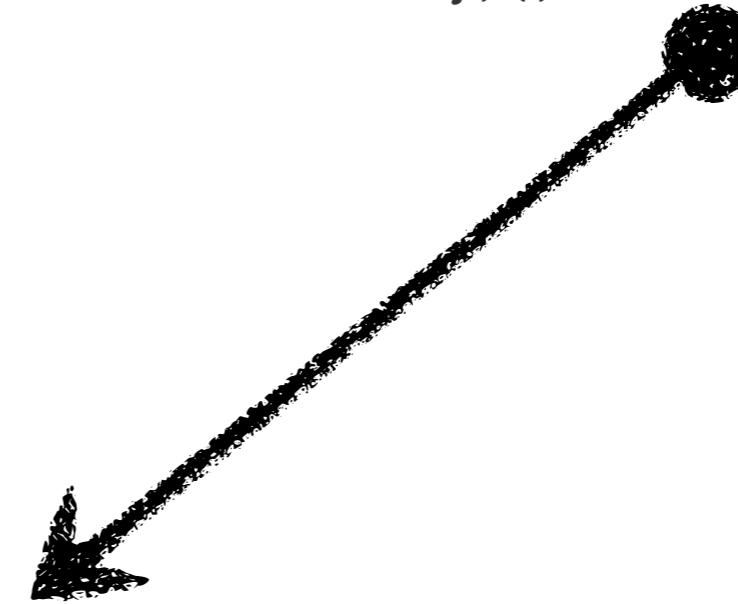
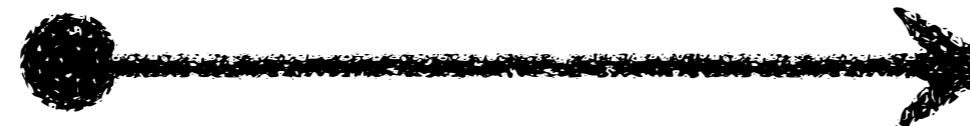
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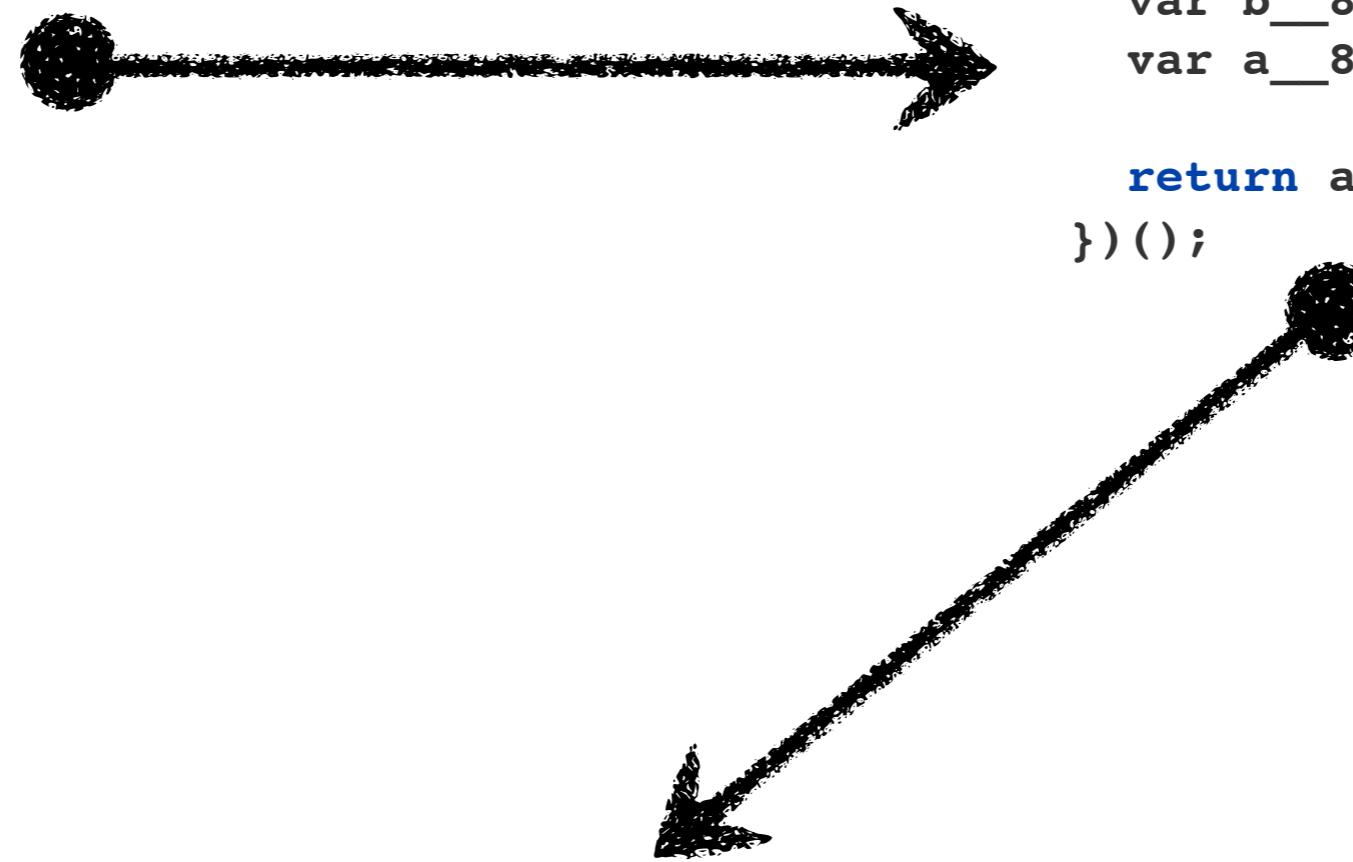
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 return a_849;
})();



Functional Inheritance

Dead-code

```
var person = function(spec) {
    var that = {},
        hasBeard = false;

    that.getName = function() {
        return spec.name;
    };
    return that;
};

var man = function(spec) {
    var that = person(spec);
    var super_getName = that.superior('getName');

    that.getName = function() {
        return "Mr. " + super_getName();
    };
    return that;
};
```

Functional Inheritance

Dead-code

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var person = function(spec) {
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  that.getName = function() {
    return spec.name;
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  return that;
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var man = function(spec) {
  var that = person(spec);
  var super_getName = that.superior('getName');

  that.getName = function() {
    return "Mr. " + super_getName();
  };
  return that;
};
```

All good
Right?

Functional Inheritance

Dead-code

```
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  that.getName = function() {
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var man = function(spec) {
  var that = person(spec);
  var super_getName = that.superior('getName');

  that.getName = function() {
    return "Mr. " + super_getName();
  };
  return that;
};
```

Cursed
Closures!



Dead Code

Pseudo-classical Dead-code

```
Person = function(name) {
    this._name = name;
    this._hasBeard = false;
};

Person.prototype.getName = function() {
    return this._name;
};

Man = function(name) {
    Person.call(this, name);
};

inherits(Man, Person);

Man.prototype.getName = function() {
    return "Mr. "
        + Man._super.getName.call(this);
};
```

Pseudo-classical Dead-code

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```

Pseudo-classical Dead-code

```
Person = function(name) {  
    this._name = name;  
};
```

kthxbai

```
Person.prototype.getName = function() {  
    return this._name;  
};
```

```
Man = function(name) {  
    Person.call(this, name);  
};
```

```
inherits(Man, Person);
```

```
Man.prototype.getName = function() {  
    return "Mr. "  
        + Man._super.getName.call(this);  
};
```

**There's more
to life than
this**



Memory Footprint

- Crockford
 - Closure per-method, per-type
 - Leaky (holds a reference to all variables)
- Pseudo-classical
 - No closures needed

Live



Instance Updating

- Problem
 - How to update every instance in the system with new behavior?

Functional Inheritance

Updating

```
var person = function(spec) {
    var that = {};

    that.getName = function() {
        return spec.name;
    };
    return that;
};

var me  = person({name : 'Fogus'});
var you = person({name : 'Cersei'});
```

How can we add **hasBeard** to every instance
now and in the future?

Functional Inheritance

Updating

```
var person = function(spec) {
    var that = {};

    that.getName = function() {
        return spec.name;
    };
    return that;
};

var me  = person({name : 'Fogus'});
var you = person({name : 'Cersei'});
```

How can we add **hasBeard** to every instance
now and in the future?

One at a time... every single time



**ClojureScript
Cares.**

ClojureScript

Extending

```
(defprotocol Catable
  (cat [this other]))  
  
(def sound1 "Meow")
(def sound2 "Mao")  
  
(cat sound1 sound2)
; ASplode!
```

How can we allow **cat** to work with every instance
now and in the future?

ClojureScript Extending

```
(extend-type string
  Catable
  (cat [this other]
    (str this other)))

(cat sound1 sound2)
;=> "MeowMao"

(cat sound1 "zzzzz")
;=> "MeowZZZZZ"
```

Pseudo-classical underpinnings
FTW

Pseudo-classical Updating

```
Person = function(name) {  
    this._name = name;  
};  
  
Person.prototype.getName = function() {  
    return this._name;  
};  
  
var me = new Person('Fogus');  
var you = new Person('Cercei');
```

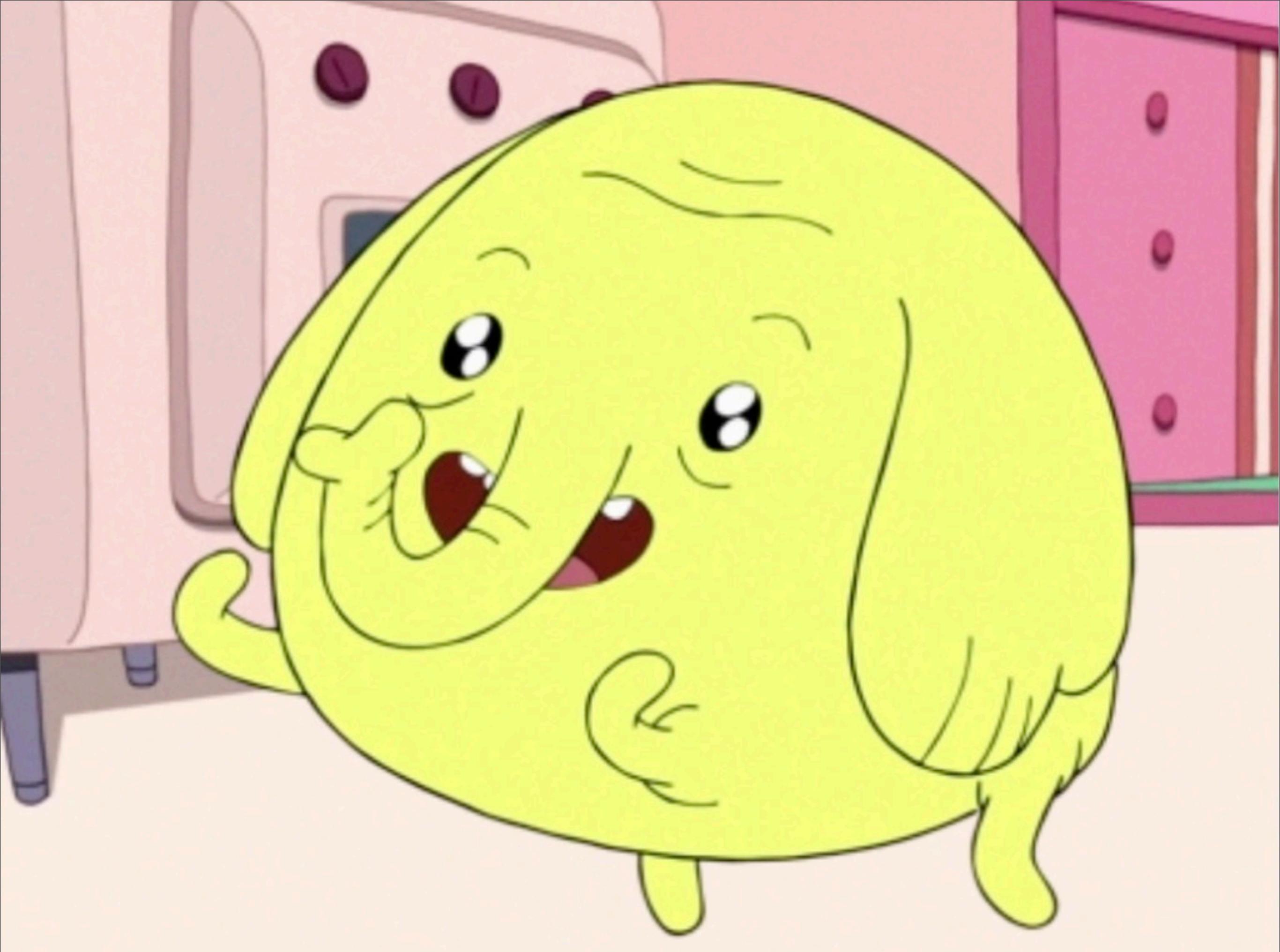
How can we add **hasBeard** to every instance
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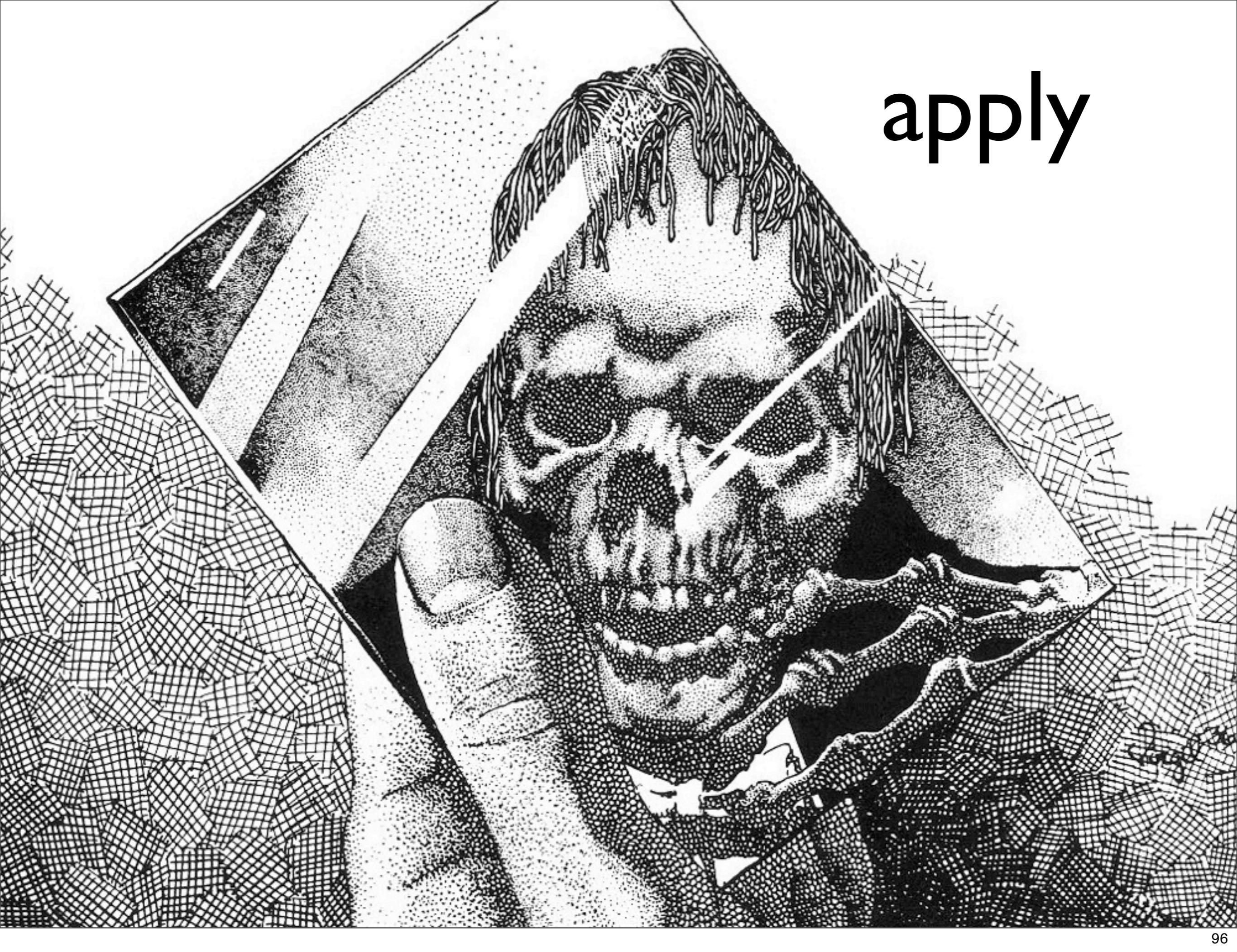
Pseudo-classical Updating

```
Person = function(name) {  
  this._name = name;  
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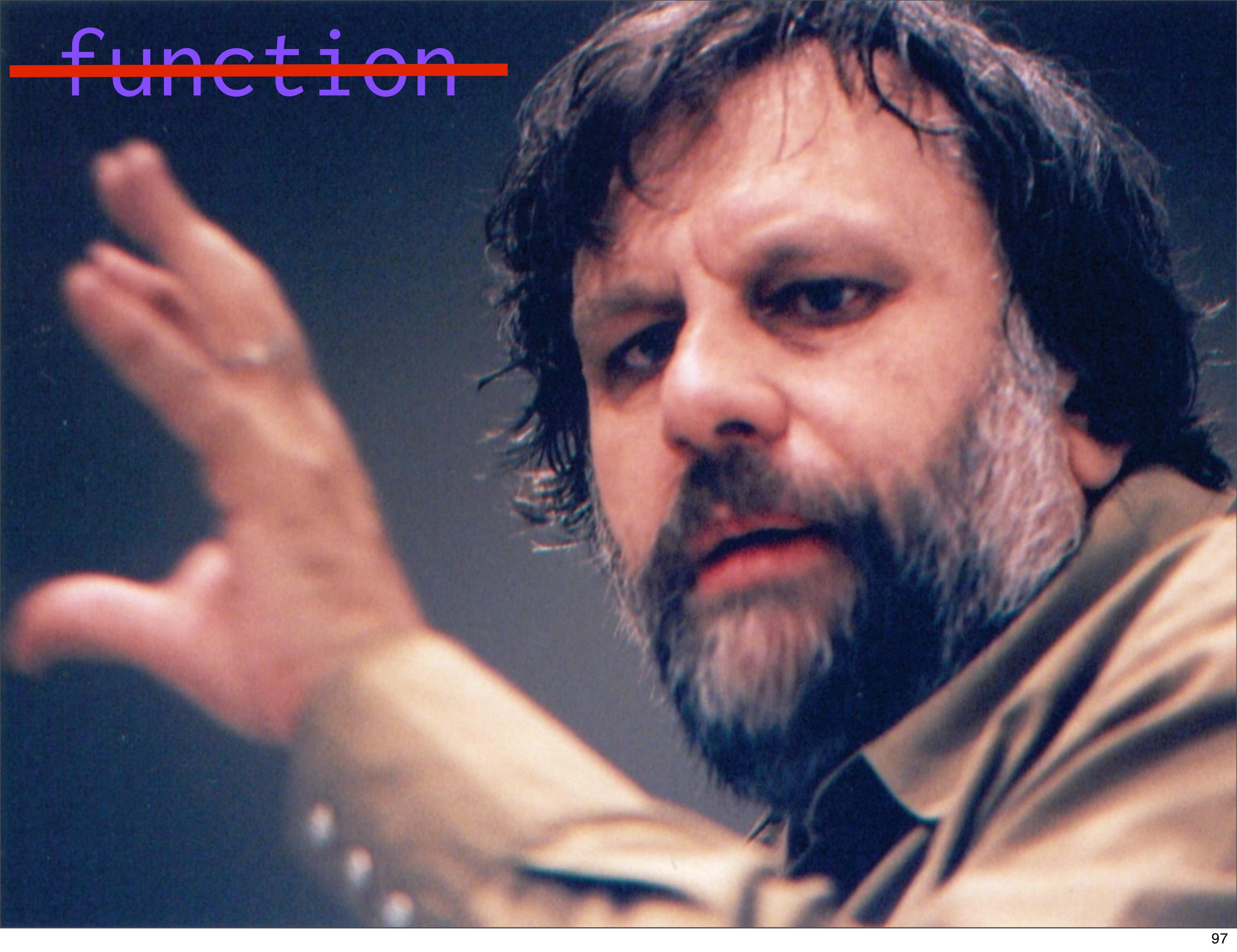
How can we add **hasBeard** to every instance
now and in the future?

```
Person.prototype.hasBeard = function() { return false };
```



apply

~~function~~



Var Args

JavaScript

arguments

ClojureScript

& stuff

Var Args

JavaScript

arguments



An object that holds
arguments

ClojureScript

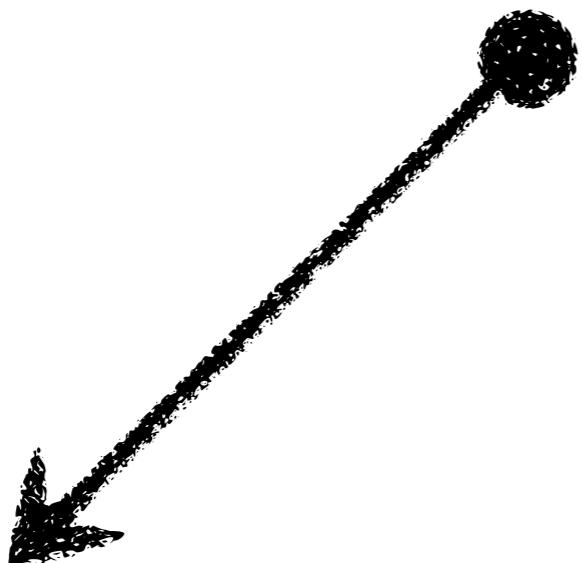
& stuff



a seq

ClojureScript apply

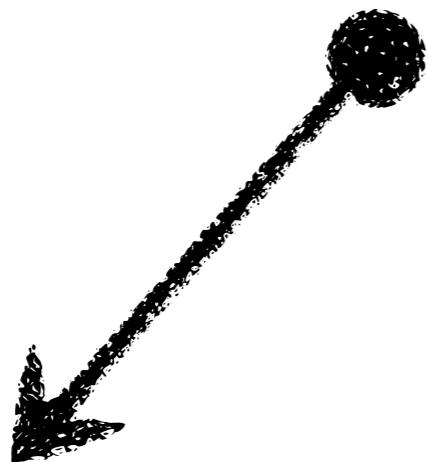
```
(defn add-first-two
  [& args]
  (+ (first args)
     (second args)))
```



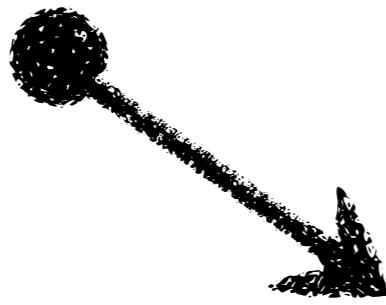
```
function addFirstTwo() {
  var args = // that slice thing
  return cljs.first(args) +
    cljs.second(args);
}
```

ClojureScript apply

```
(defn add-first-two
  [& args]
  (+ (first args)
     (second args)))
```



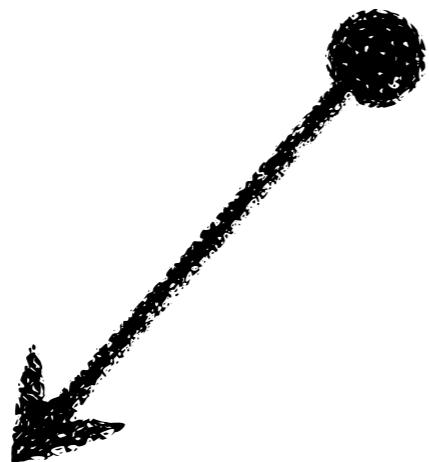
```
function addFirstTwo() {
  var args = // that slice thing
  return cljs.first(args) +
    cljs.second(args);
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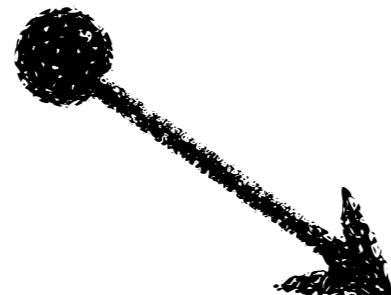
```
(add-first-two 1 2 3)
;=> 3
```

ClojureScript apply

```
(defn add-first-two
  [& args]
  (+ (first args)
     (second args)))
```



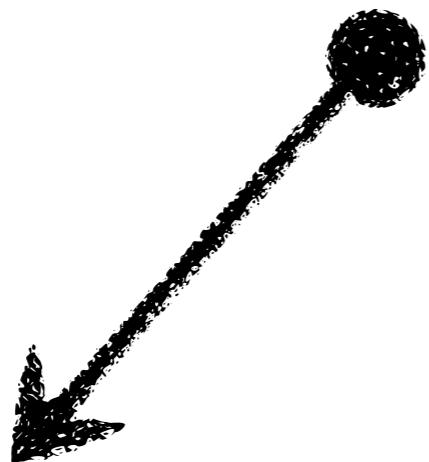
```
function addFirstTwo() {
  var args = // that slice thing
  return cljs.first(args) +
    cljs.second(args);
}
```



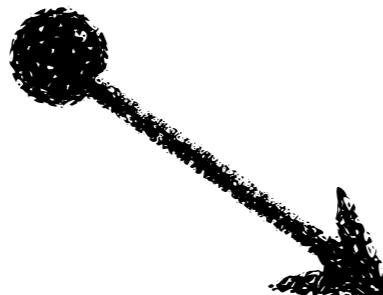
```
(apply add-first-two [1 2 3])
```

ClojureScript apply

```
(defn add-first-two
  [& args]
  (+ (first args)
     (second args)))
```



```
function addFirstTwo() {
  var args = // that slice thing
  return cljs.first(args) +
    cljs.second(args);
}
```



```
(apply add-first-two [1 2 3])
```

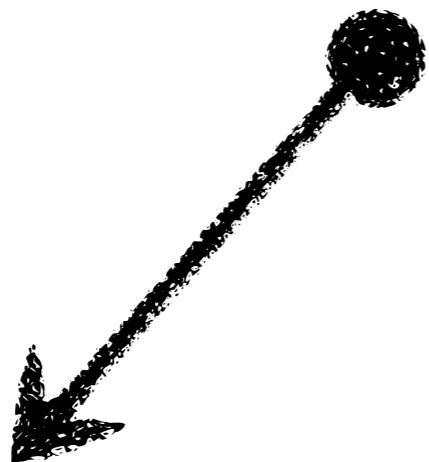


ClojureScript apply

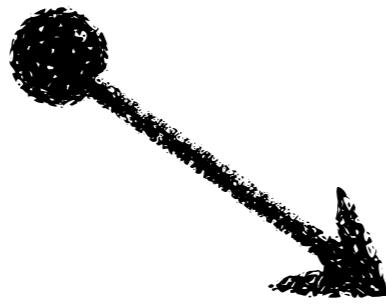
```
(defn apply
  [f arg-seq]
  (.apply f (to-array arg-seq)))
```

ClojureScript apply

```
(defn add-first-two
  [& args]
  (+ (first args)
     (second args)))
```



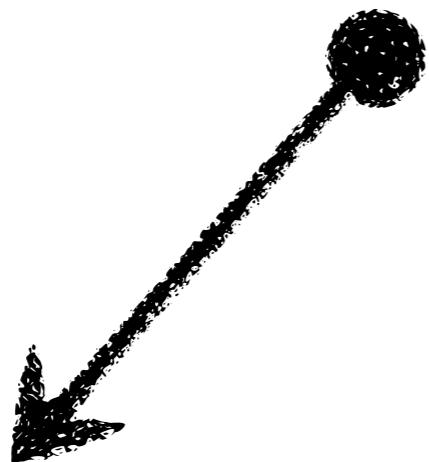
```
function addFirstTwo() {
  var args = // that slice thing
  return cljs.first(args) +
    cljs.second(args);
}
```



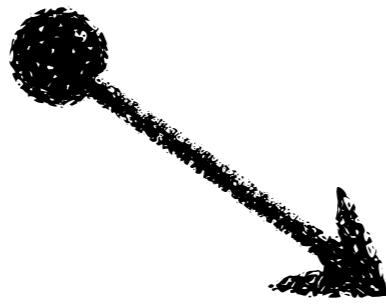
```
(apply add-first-two [1 2 3])
 ;;= 3
```

ClojureScript apply

```
(defn add-first-two
  [& args]
  (+ (first args)
     (second args)))
```



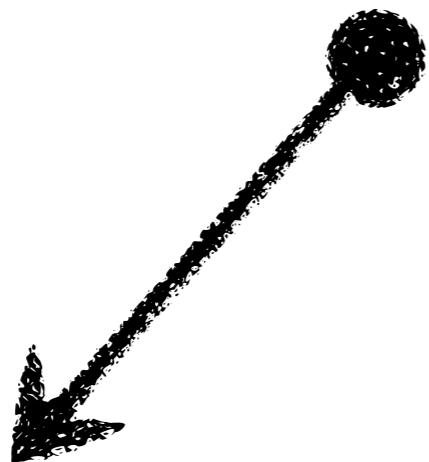
```
function addFirstTwo() {
  var args = // that slice thing
  return cljs.first(args) +
    cljs.second(args);
}
```



```
(apply add-first-two (iterate inc 1))
;=> ?
```

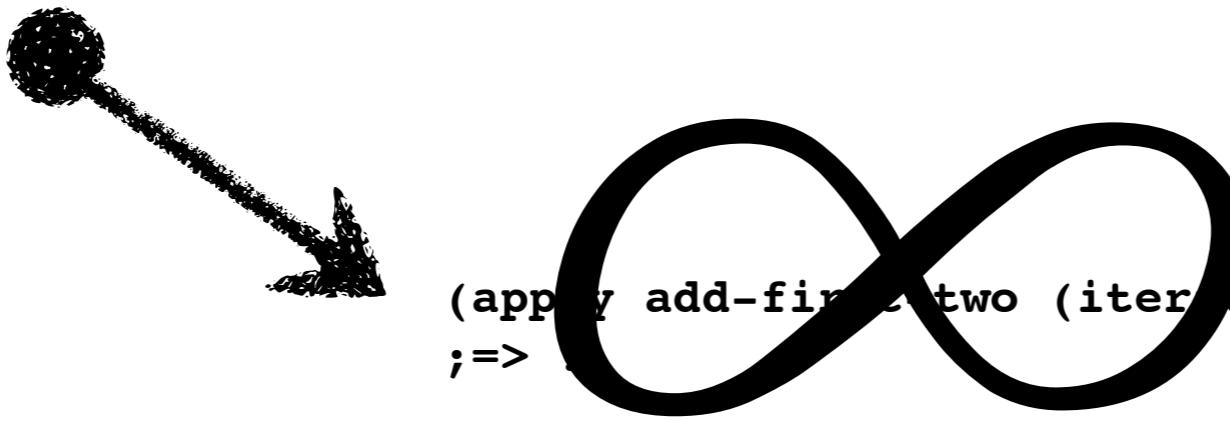
ClojureScript apply

```
(defn add-first-two
  [& args]
  (+ (first args)
     (second args)))
```



```
function addFirstTwo() {
  var args = // that slice thing
  return cljs.first(args) +
    cljs.second(args);
}
```

```
(apply add-first-two (iterate inc 1))
;=>
```



ClojureScript apply

```
(defn apply
  [f arg-seq]
  (.apply f (to-array arg-seq)))
```





ClojureScript

applyTo

- A function stored on ClojureScript functions
 - Only if they have var args
 - Compiled to only deal with the args seq at the maximum fixed arity
 - This ensures that an infinite seq is not realized

ClojureScript apply

```
(defn apply
  [f arg-seq]
  (if (.applyTo f)
    (if (<= bounded-count fixed-arity)
        (.apply f (to-array arg-seq))
        (.applyTo f args))
    (.apply f (to-array arg-seq))))
```

ClojureScript apply

```
(defn apply
  [f arg-seq]
  (if (.applyTo f)
      (if (< bounded-count fixed-arity)
          (.apply f (to-array arg-seq))
          (.applyTo f args))
      (.apply f (to-array arg-seq))))
```

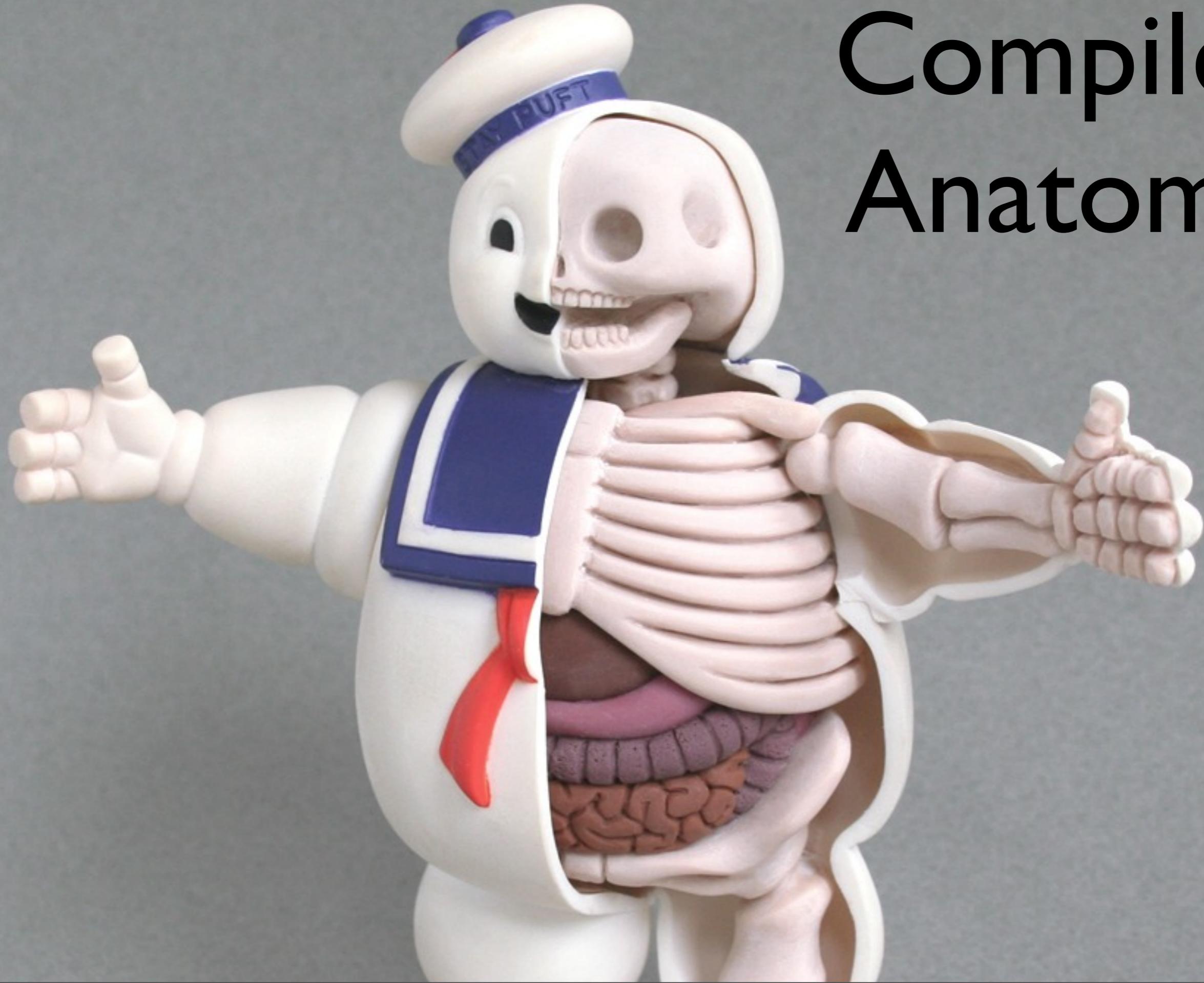
ClojureScript apply

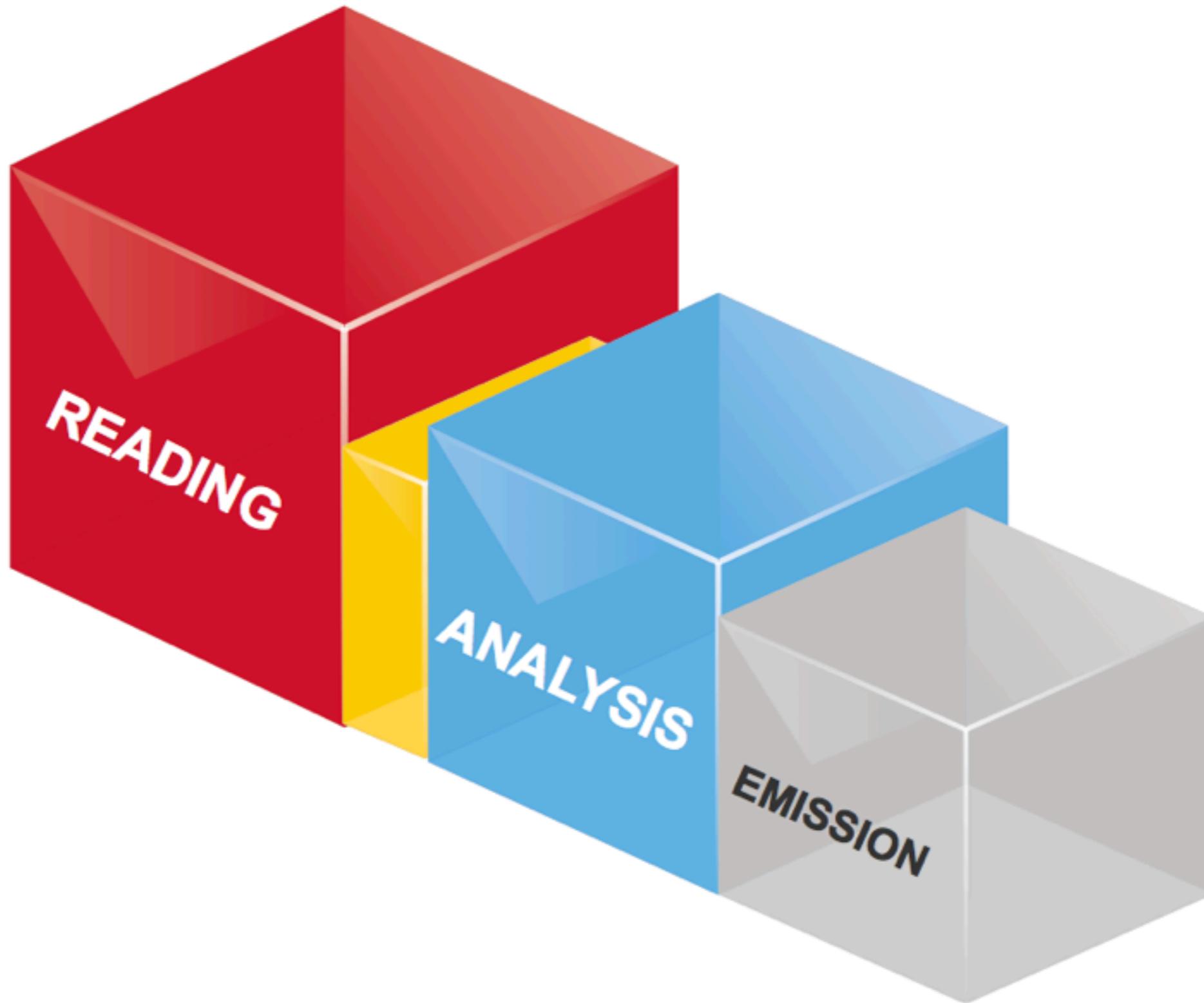
```
(defn apply
  [f arg-seq]
  (if (.applyTo f)
      (if (<= bounded-count fixed-arity)
          (.apply r (to-array arg-seq))
          (.applyTo f args))
      (.apply f (to-array arg-seq))))
```

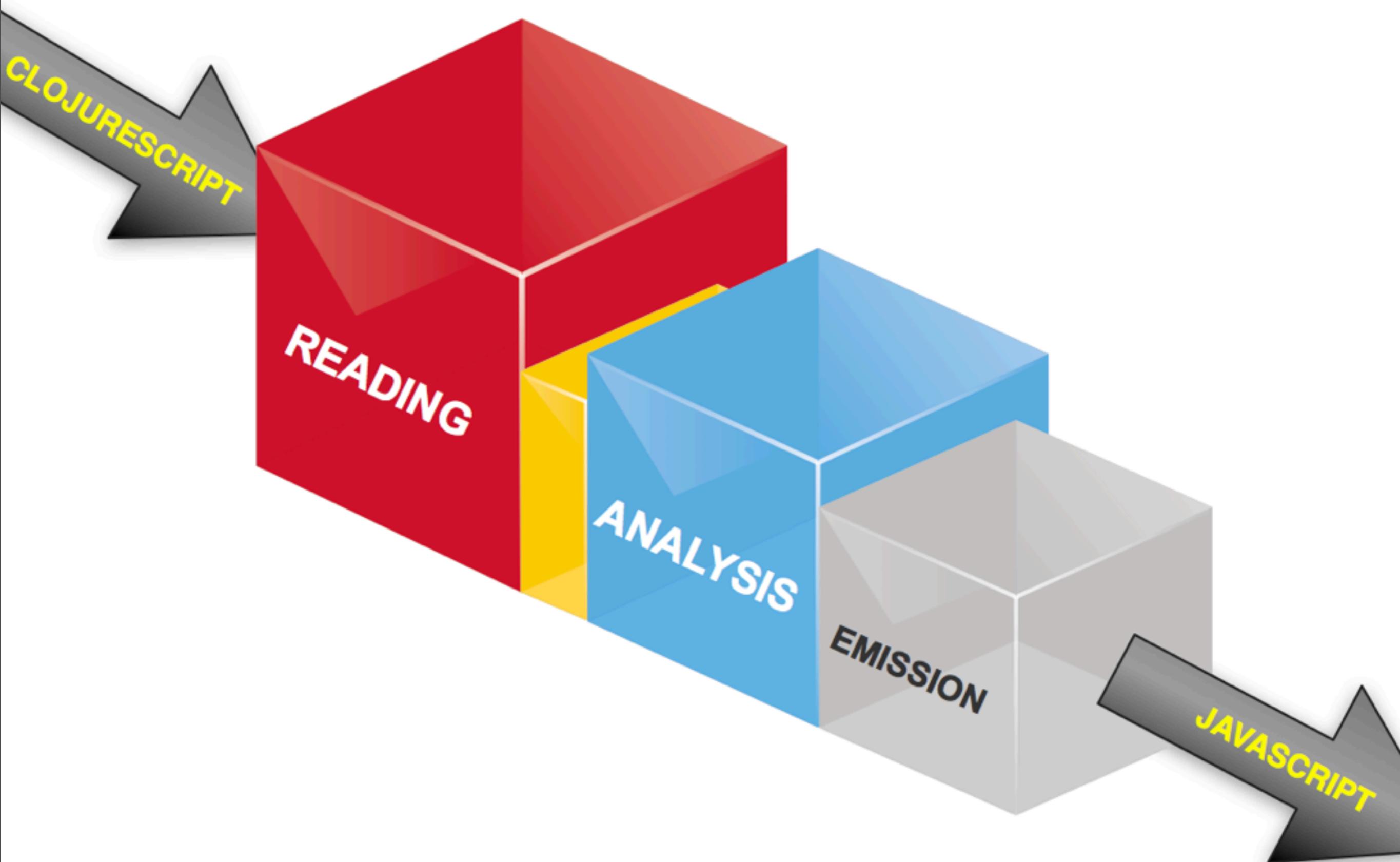
ClojureScript apply

```
(defn apply
  [f arg-seq]
  (if (.applyTo f)
      (if (<= bounded-count fixed-arity)
          (.apply f (to-array arg-seq))
          (.applyTo f args))
      (.apply f (to-array arg-seq))))
```

Compiler Anatomy



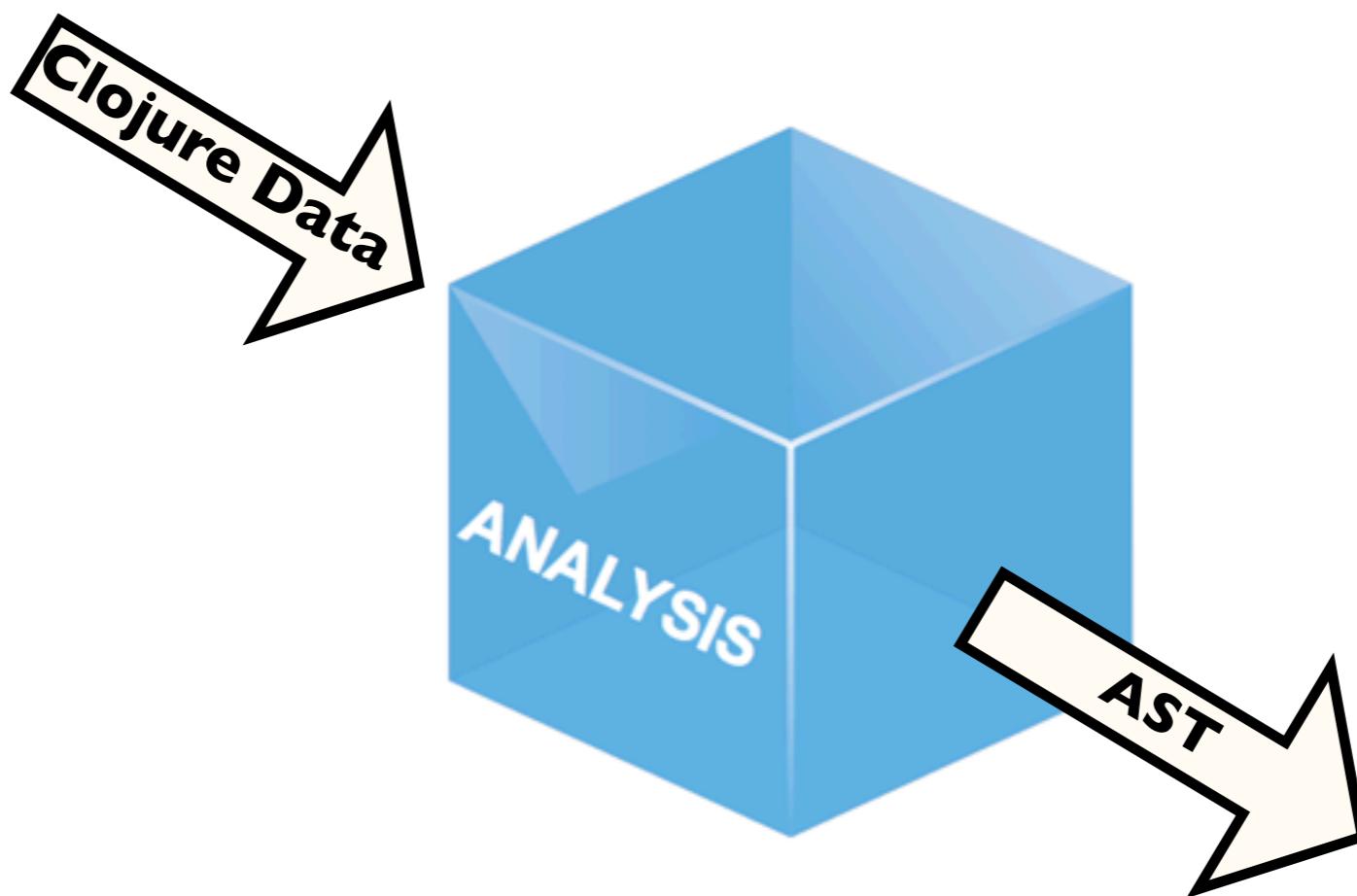


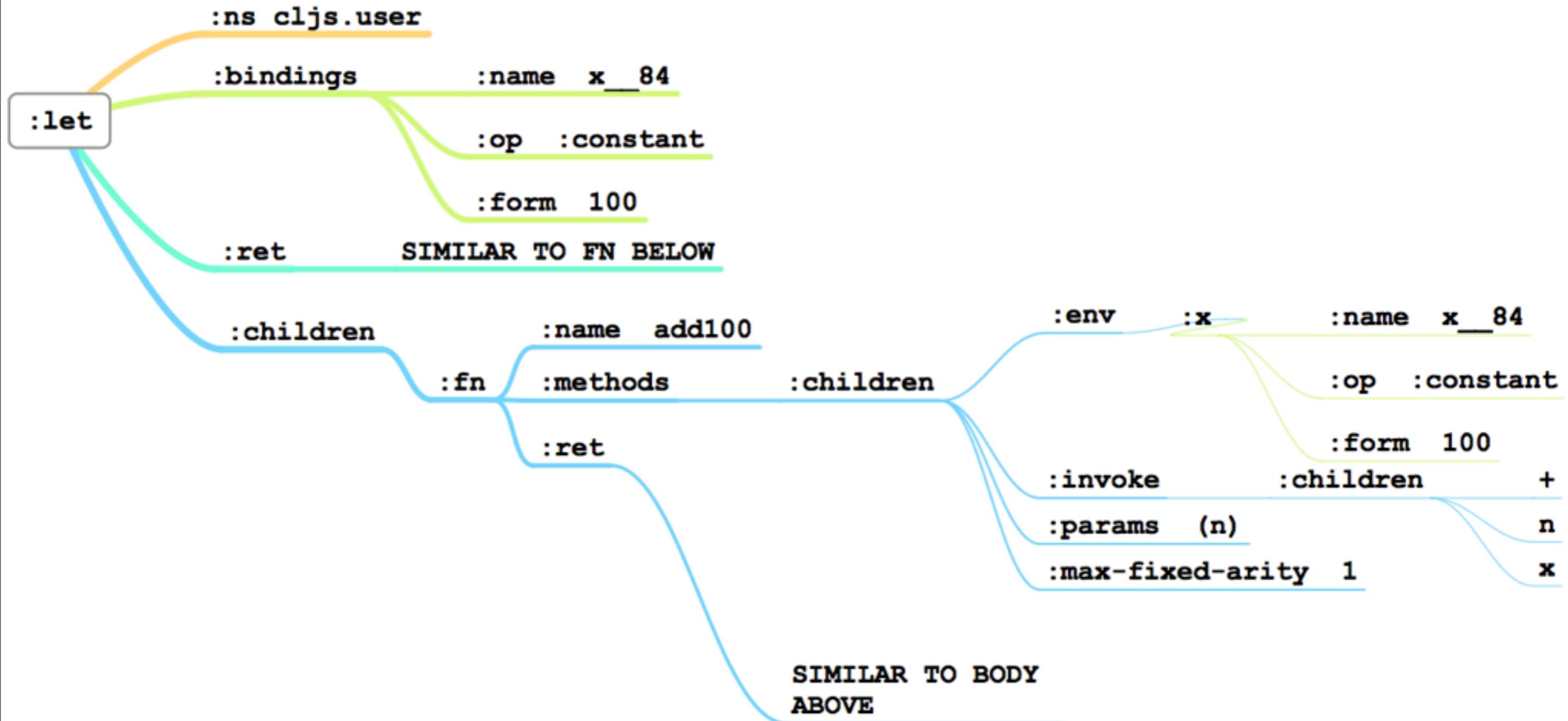


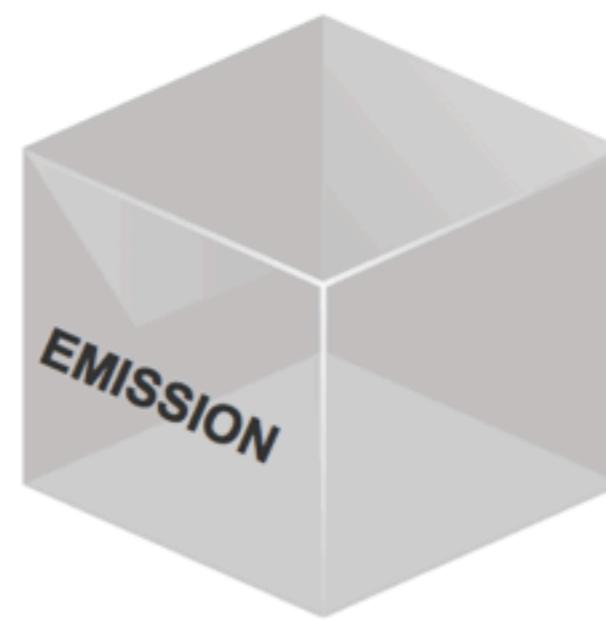


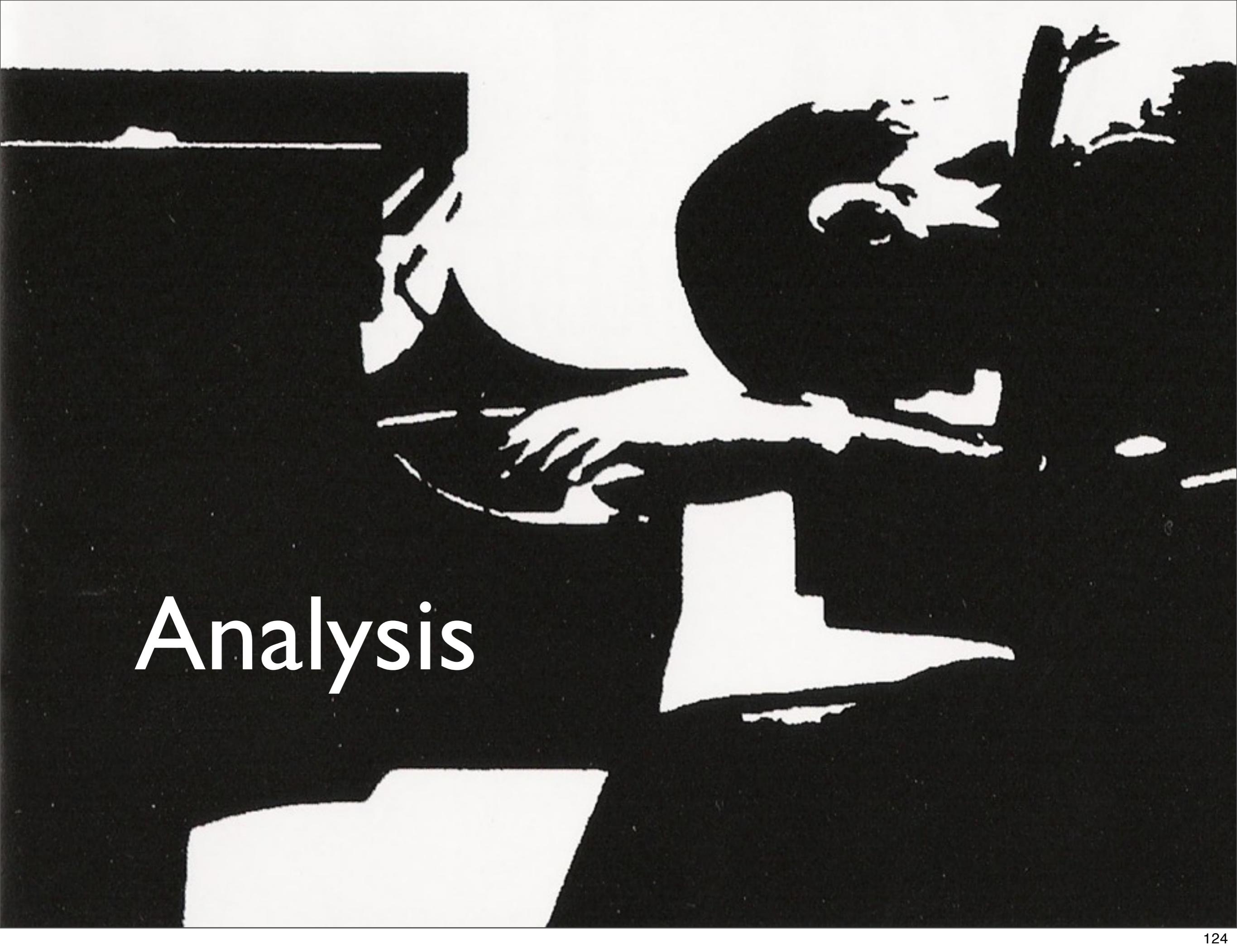








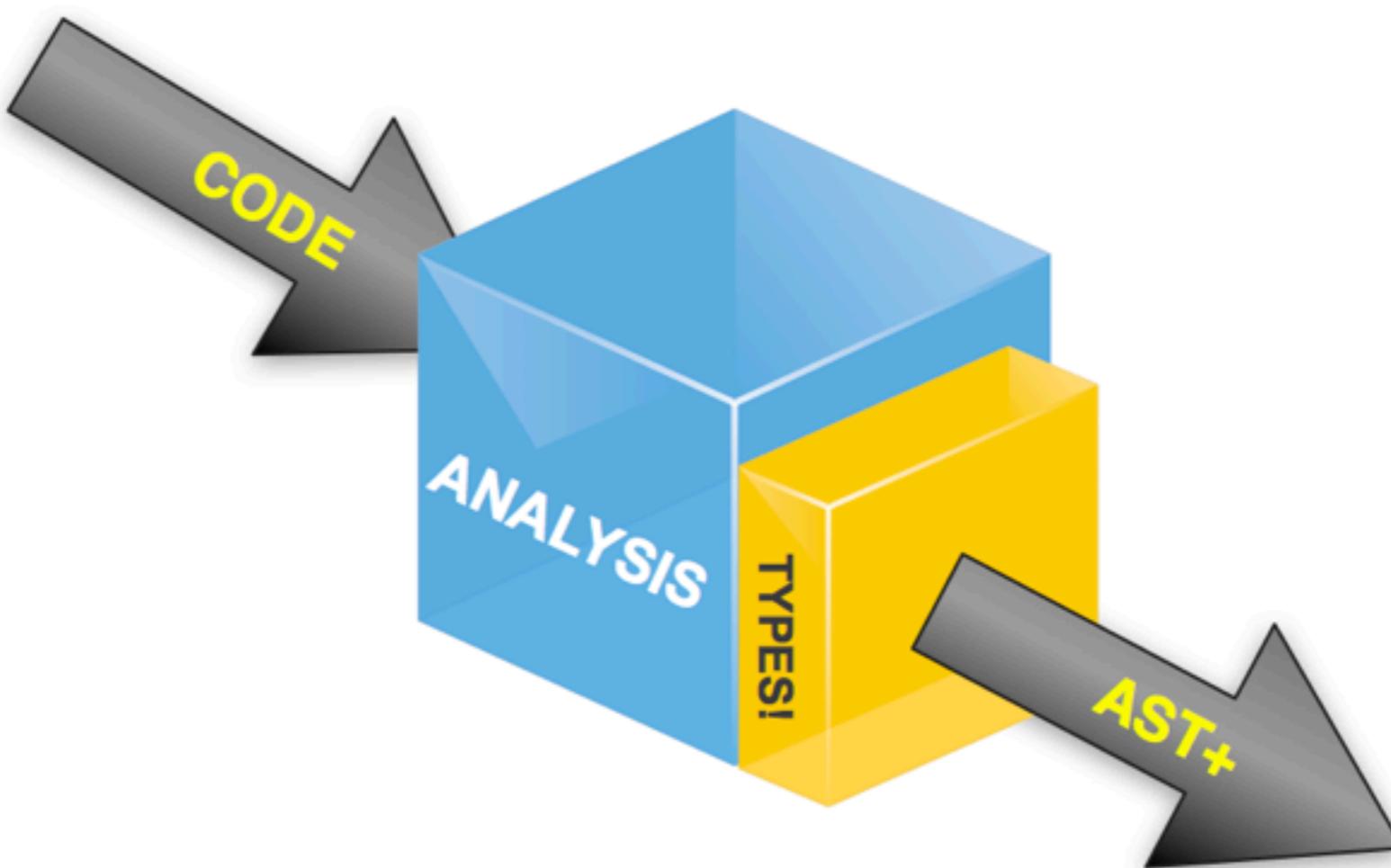


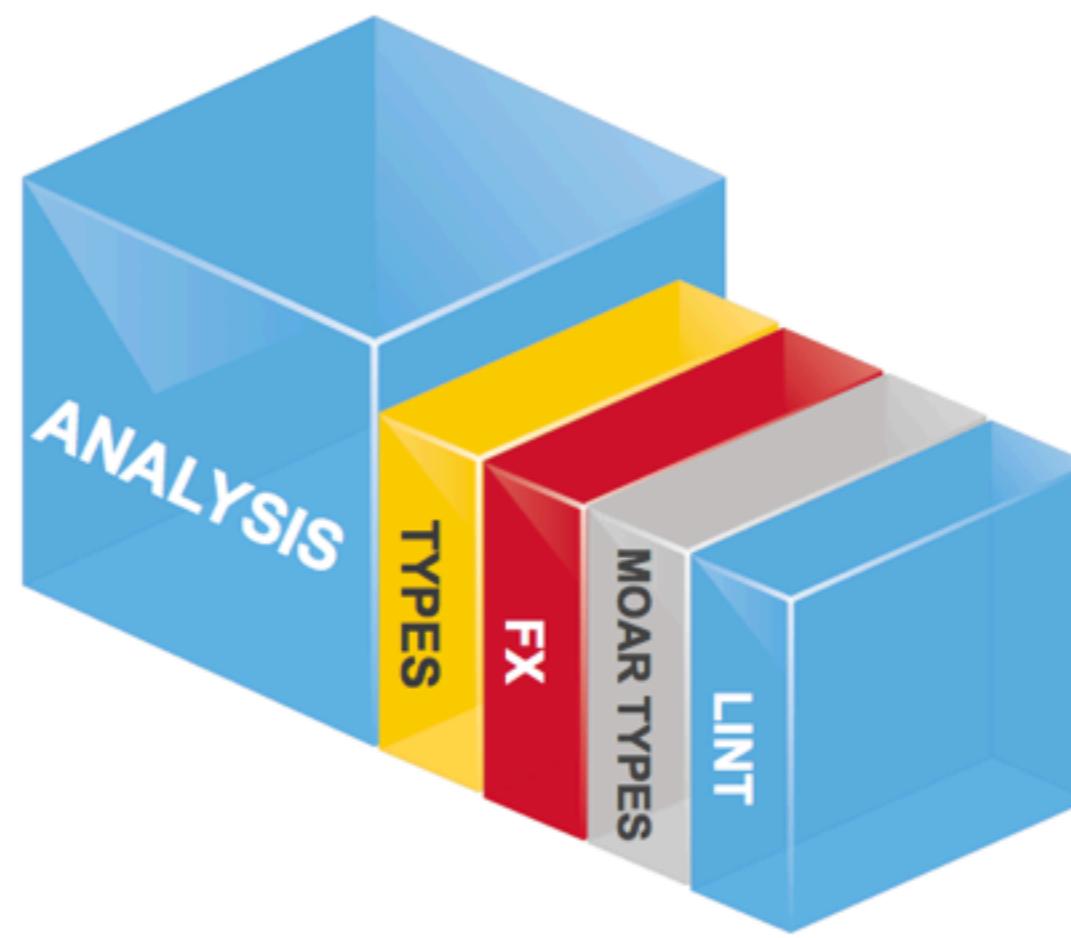


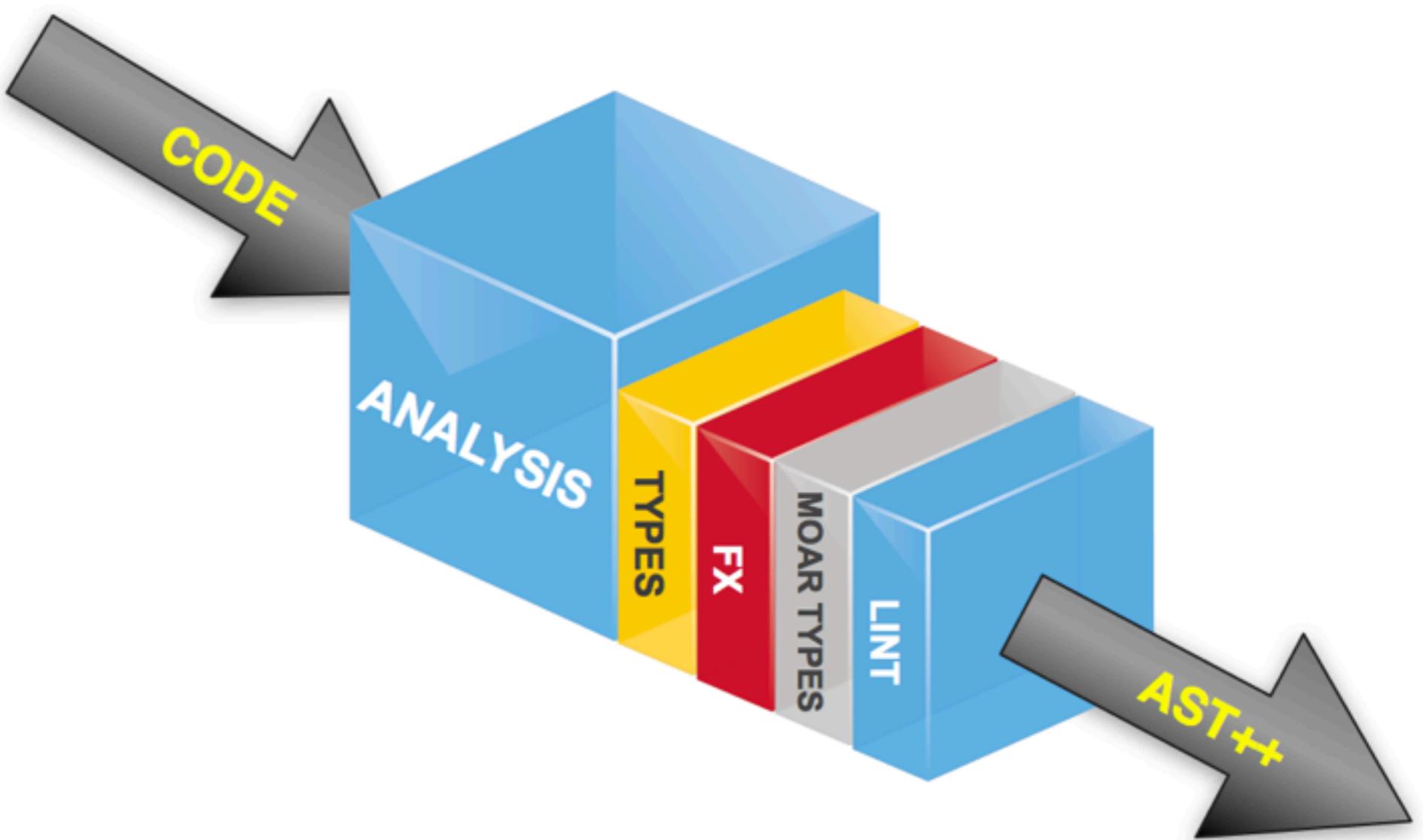
Analysis



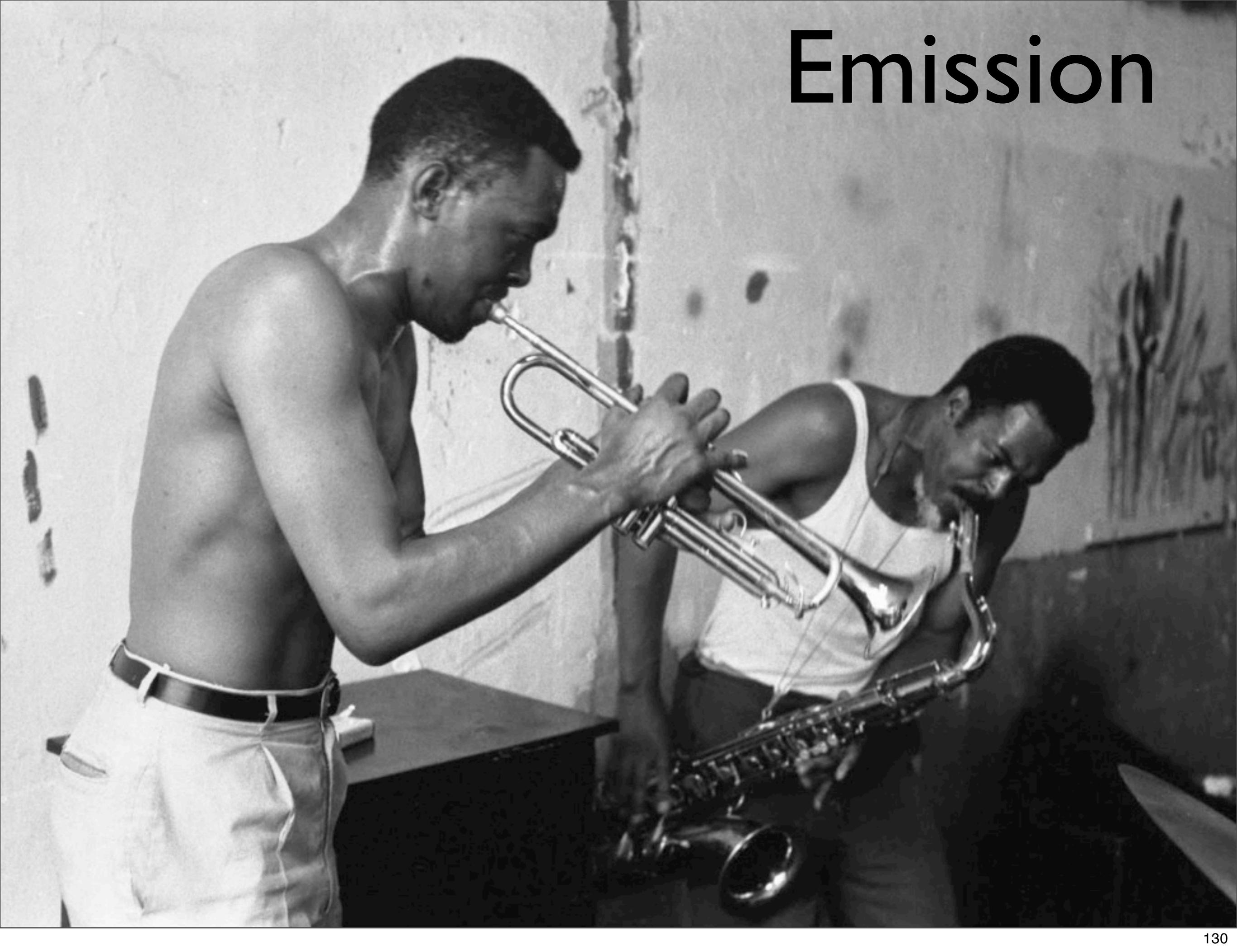


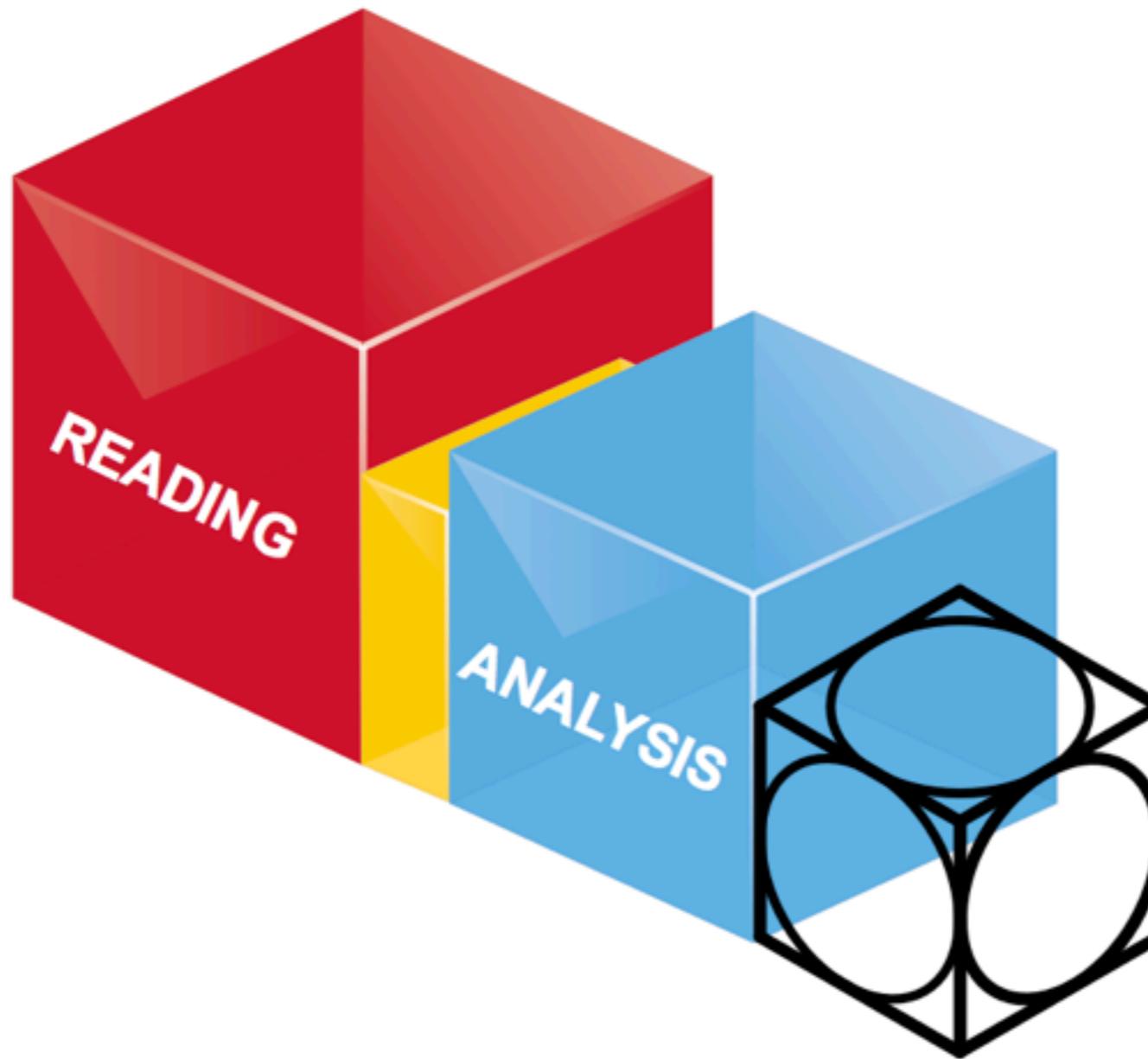


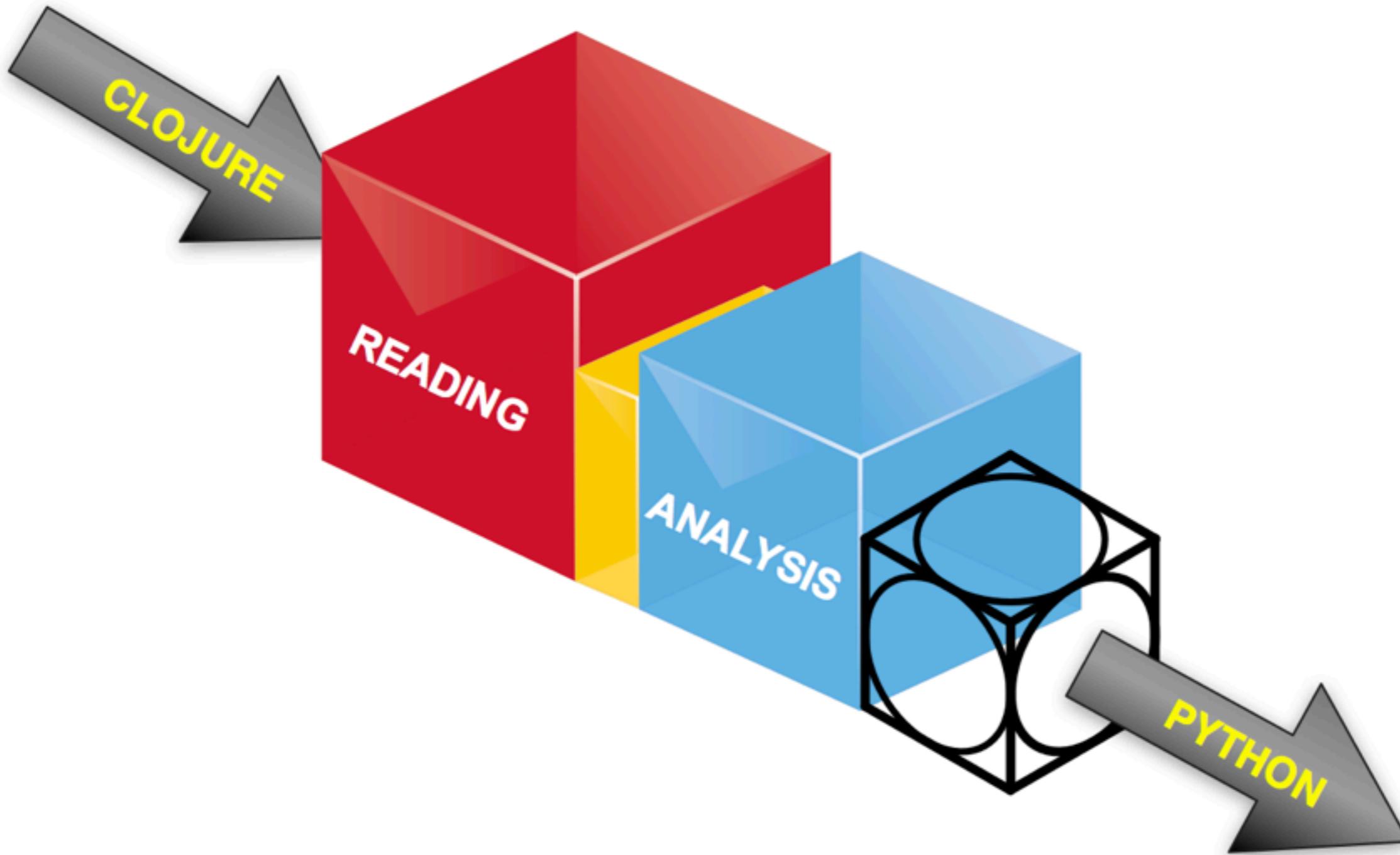


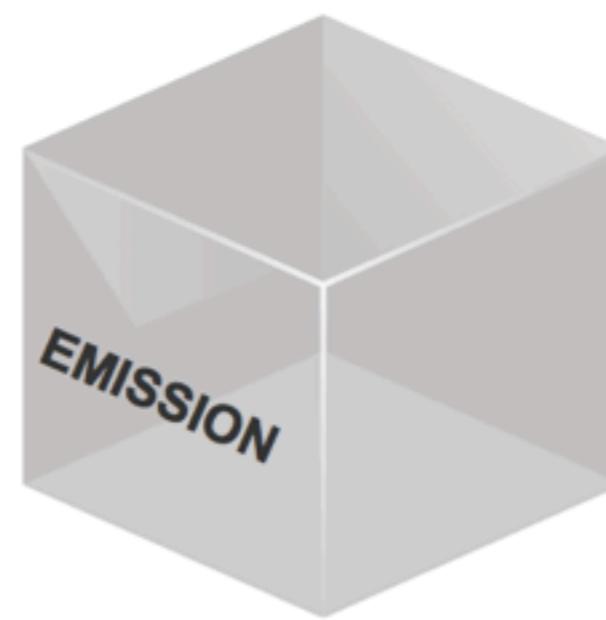


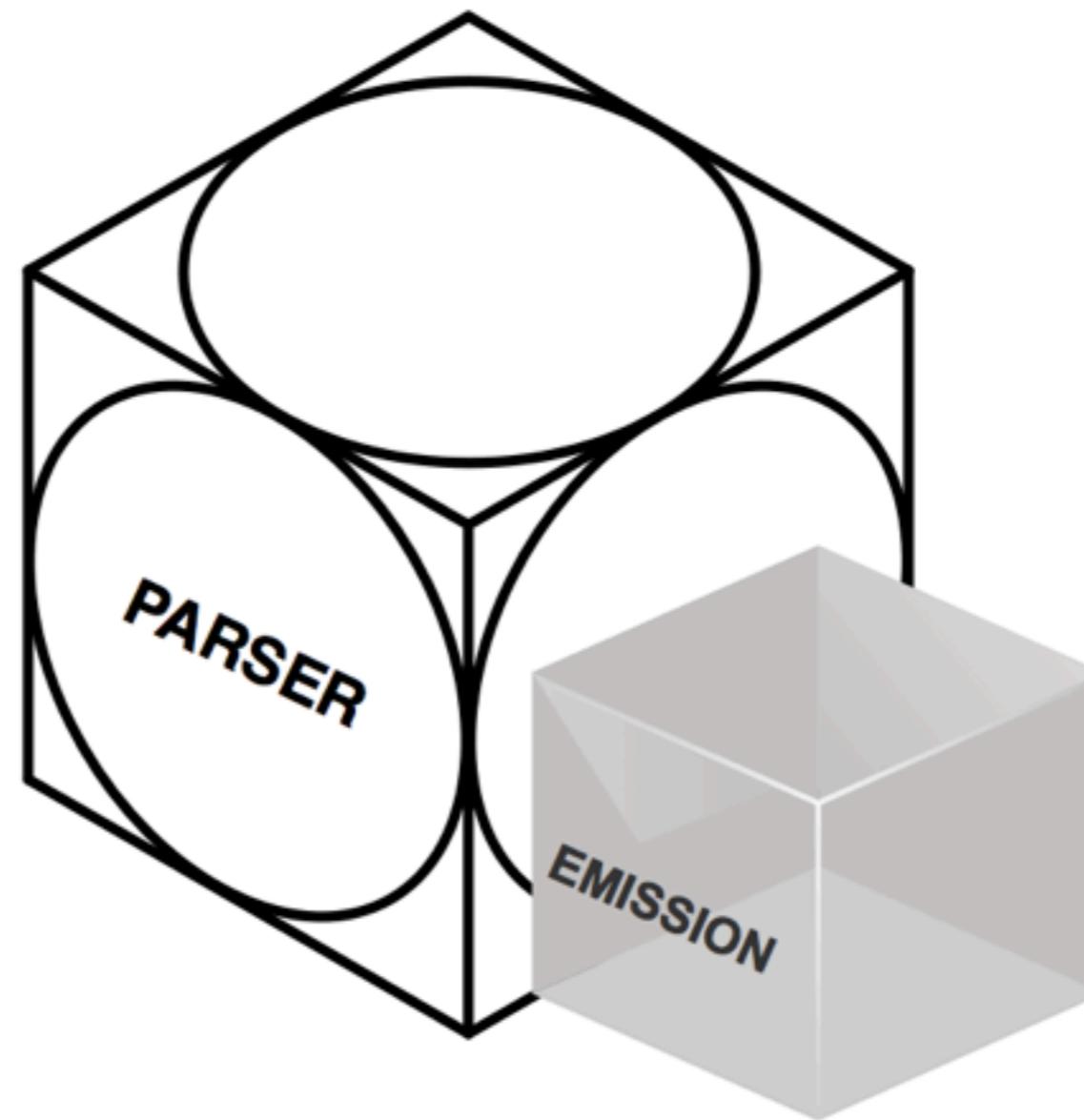
Emission

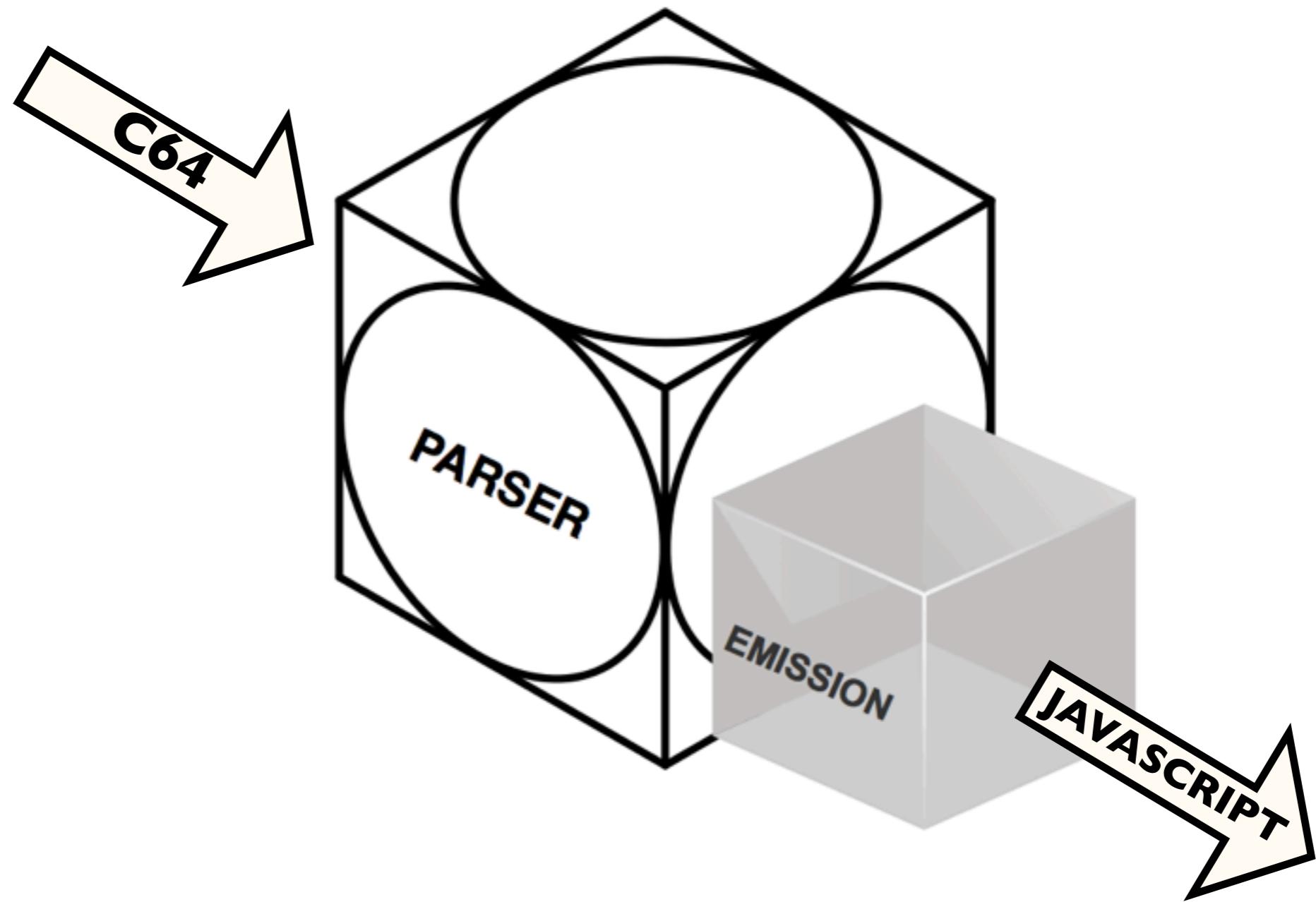


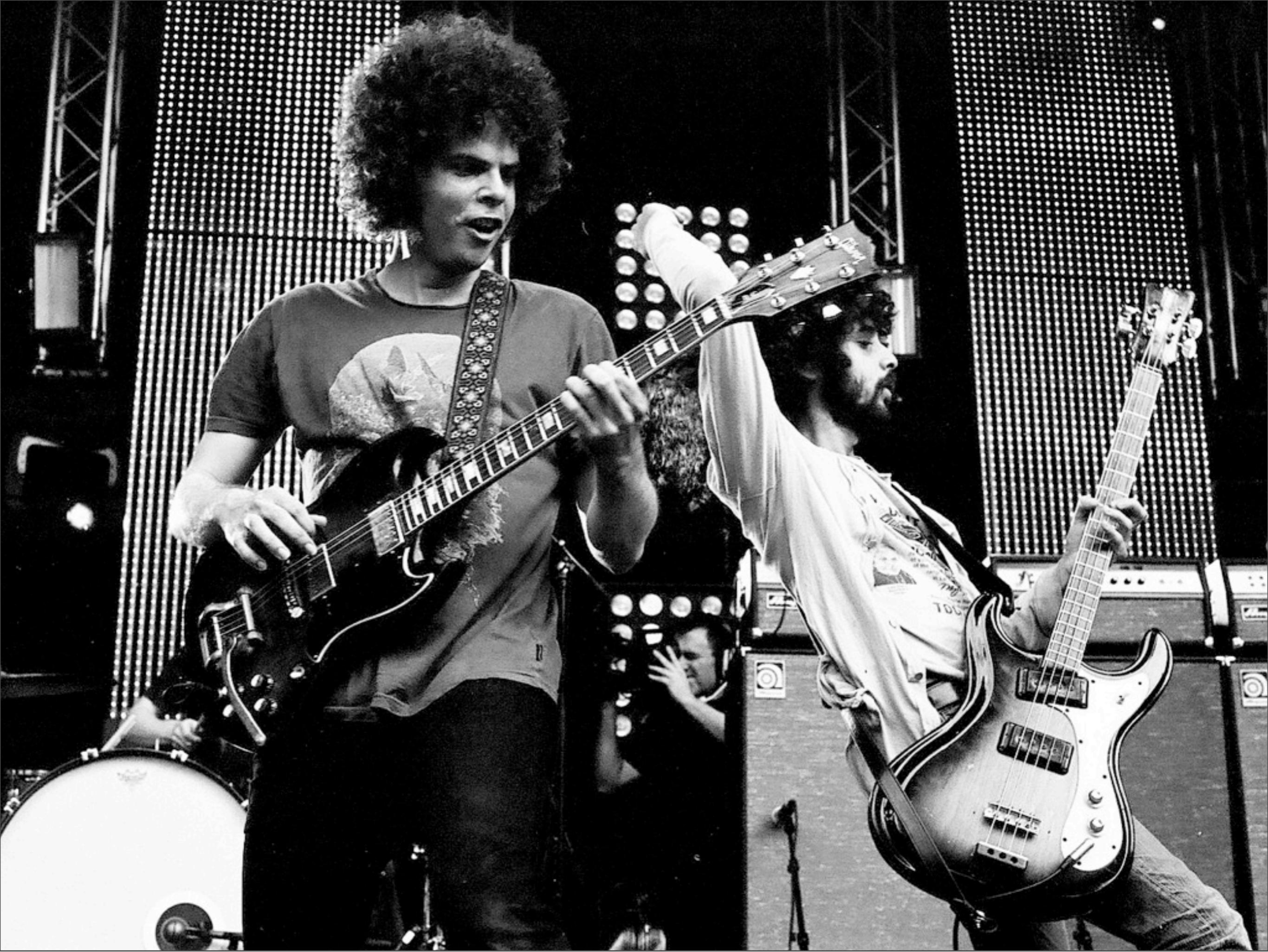
















The Joy of Clojure

Thinking the Clojure Way

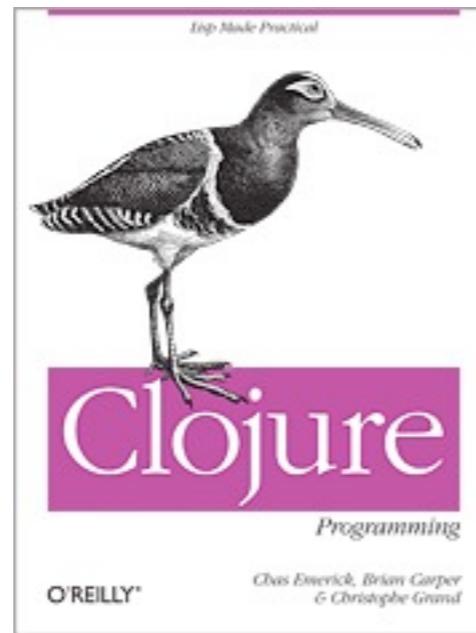
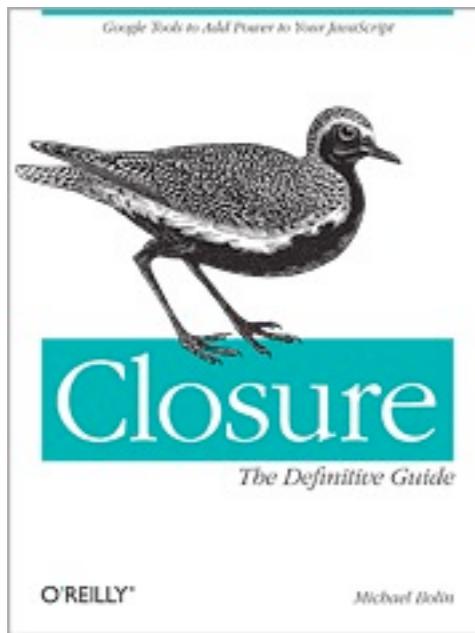
Michael Fogus
Christopher J. Houser



Thank You

<http://joyofclojure.com>
@fogus

Learn More



- <http://bit.ly/cljs-intro>
- <http://boss-level.com/?p=102>
- <http://blog.fogus.me/tag/clojurescript>
- <http://github.com/clojure/clojurescript>

Crockford Hates
instanceof

Functional Inheritance

instanceof

```
var me = person({ 'name' : 'Fogus' });

me instanceof person;
//=> false
```

ClojureScript Loves
instanceof

Pseudo-classical instanceof

```
var me = new Person('Fogus');

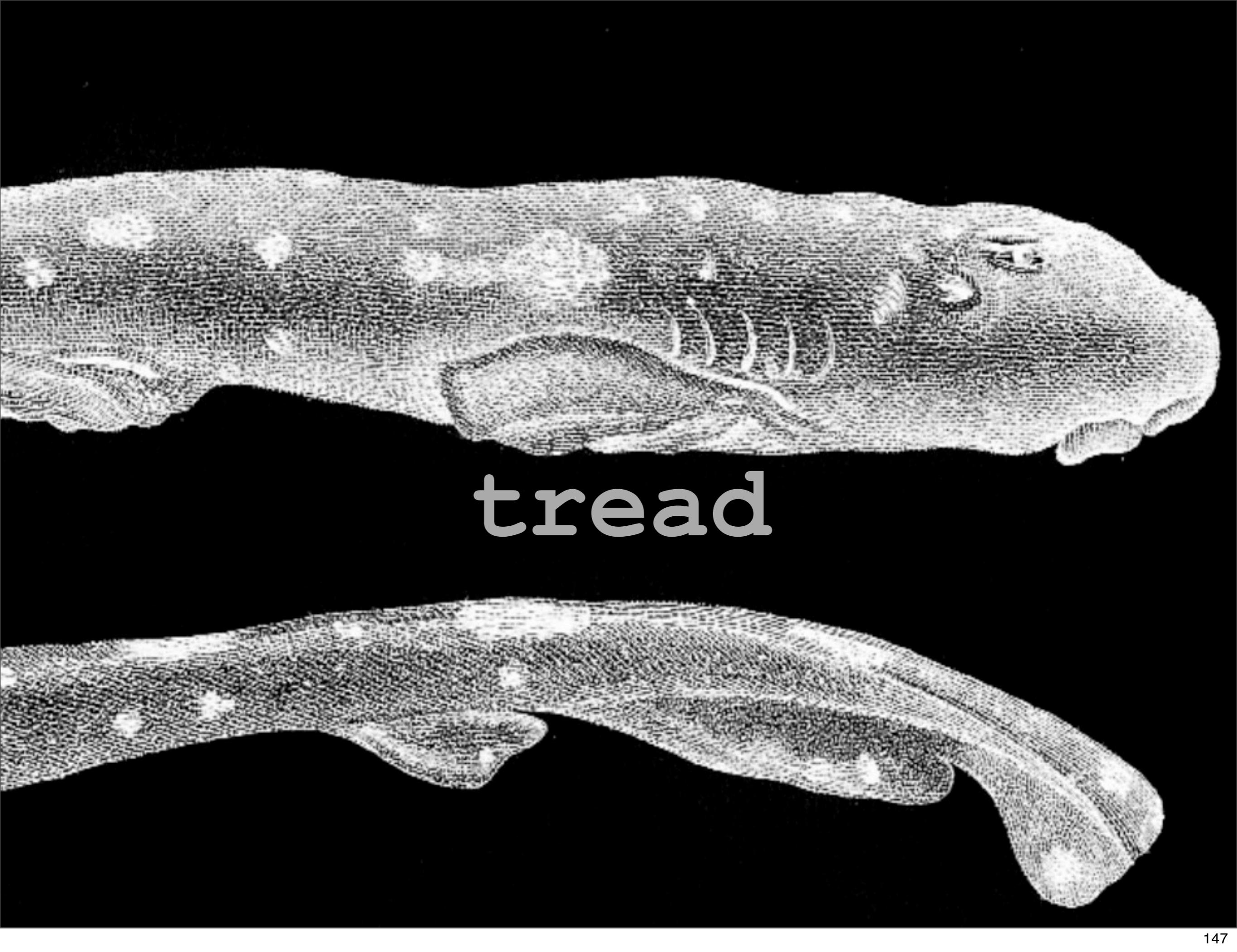
me instanceof Person;
//=> true
```

ClojureScript satisfies?

```
(defprotocol Catable
  (cat [this other]))

(deftype Cons [H T]
  Catable
  (cat [_ new-tail] nil))

(satisfies? Catable (Cons. 1 2))
;=> true
```



tread

Don't Tread on Me

```
Function.prototype.method = function(name, f) {
    this.prototype[name] = f;
    return this;
};

Object.method('superior', function(name) {
    var that = function();
    var method = that[name];

    return function() {
        return method.apply(that, arguments);
    };
});
```

ClojureScript Gently
Caresses
Object & Function
as One Might Caress
the finest Fabergé Egg

Look with your eyes, not with your hands

```
var inherits = function(child, parent) {  
    function tmp() {};  
    tmp.prototype = parent.prototype;  
  
    child._super = parent.prototype;  
    child.prototype = new tmp();  
    child.prototype.constructor = child;  
};
```

Var Args

JavaScript

```
function stuffToArray() {  
    // create an array of stuff  
}  
  
stuffToArray(1,2,3,4);  
//=> [1,2,3,4]
```

ClojureScript

```
(defn stuff->seq  
  [& stuff]  
  stuff)  
  
(stuff->seq 1 2 3 4)  
;=> (1 2 3 4)
```

Var Args

JavaScript

```
function stuffToArray()  
  // create an array of stuff  
  
stuffToArray(1,2,3,4);  
//=> [1,2,3,4]
```

ClojureScript

```
(defn stuff->seq  
  [& stuff]  
  stuff)  
  
(stuff->seq 1 2 3 4)  
;=> (1 2 3 4)
```

Var Args

JavaScript

```
function stuffToArray() {  
  return Array.prototype.slice.call(arguments)  
}  
  
stuffToArray(1,2,3,4);  
//=> [1,2,3,4]
```

ClojureScript

```
(defn stuff->seq  
  [& stuff]  
  stuff)  
  
(stuff->seq 1 2 3 4)  
;=> (1 2 3 4)
```

Compiler Macros

- Operate in the compiler only
 - Analysis phase
- Written in Clojure
- Allows shadowing of fns
 - Operates according to a fix point