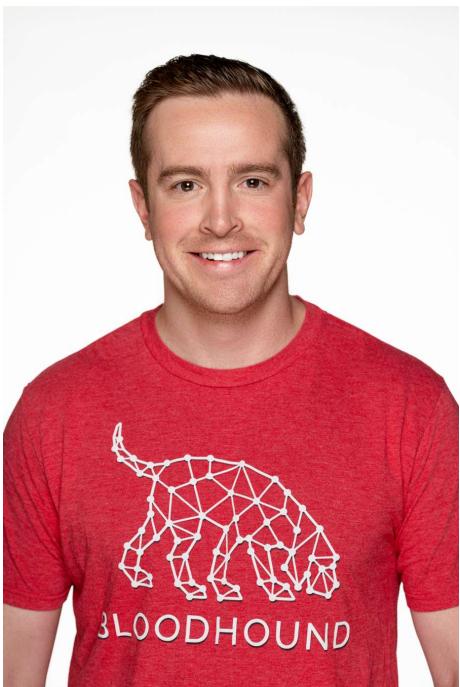


# **Exposing SCCM and MSSQL Attack Paths in Hardened Environments with OpenGraph**



CHRIS THOMPSON



X: @\_MAYYHEM



SLACK: @\_MAYYHEM  
SPECTEROPS.SLACK.COM

# AGENDA

## **SCCM/MSSQL Attack Paths**

- Crash Course
- Attack Demos
- Data Collection
- Exploring the Graph



# WHAT IS SCCM?

System Center Configuration Manager

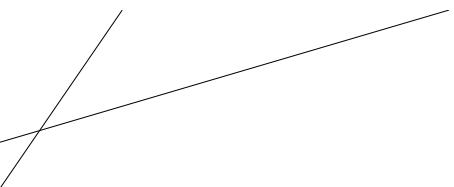
- Deploys software at scale to fleets of workstations and servers



# WHAT IS SCCM?

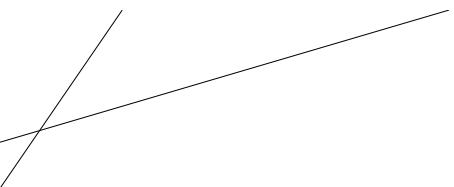
System Center Configuration Manager

- Deploys software at scale to fleets of workstations and servers
- **Command and control server**



# SCCM HIERARCHY

- One installation of SCCM
- Contains one or more **sites**
- This is the **security boundary**



PRIMARY SITE



## PRIMARY SITES

- Serve software to SCCM client devices
- Manage “site system roles”, servers that host various services for SCCM
- ID is 3-character site code (e.g., PS1)



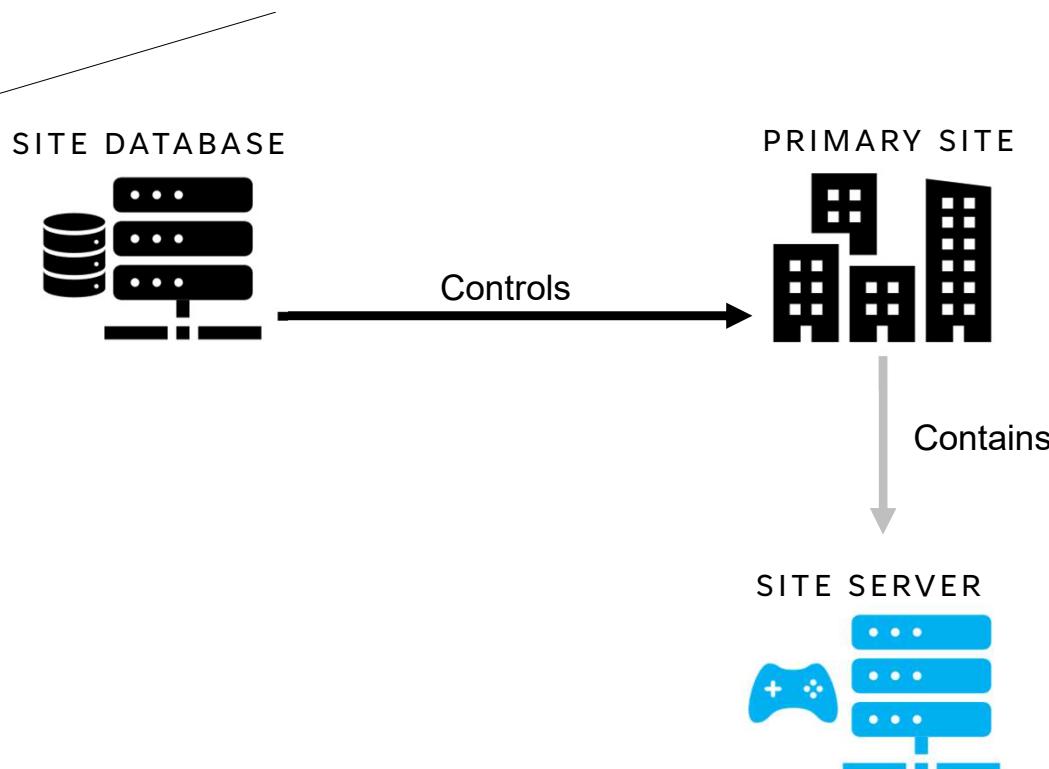
## SITE DATABASES

- Hierarchy system of record



## SITE DATABASES

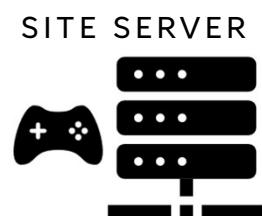
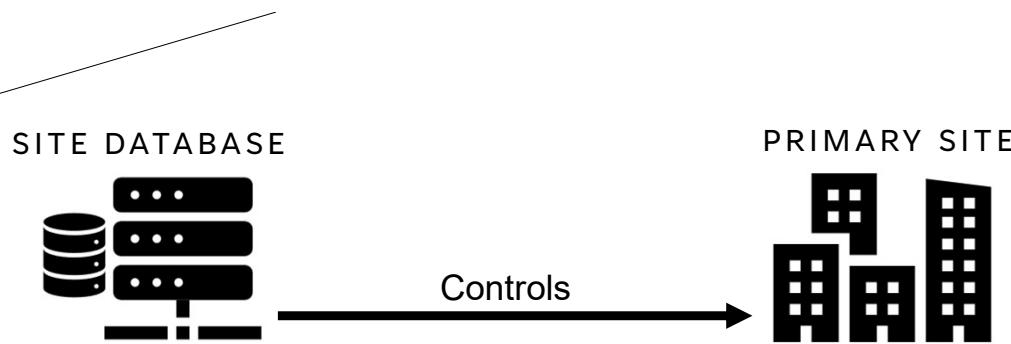
- Hierarchy system of record
- Define admin users and roles



## SITE SERVERS

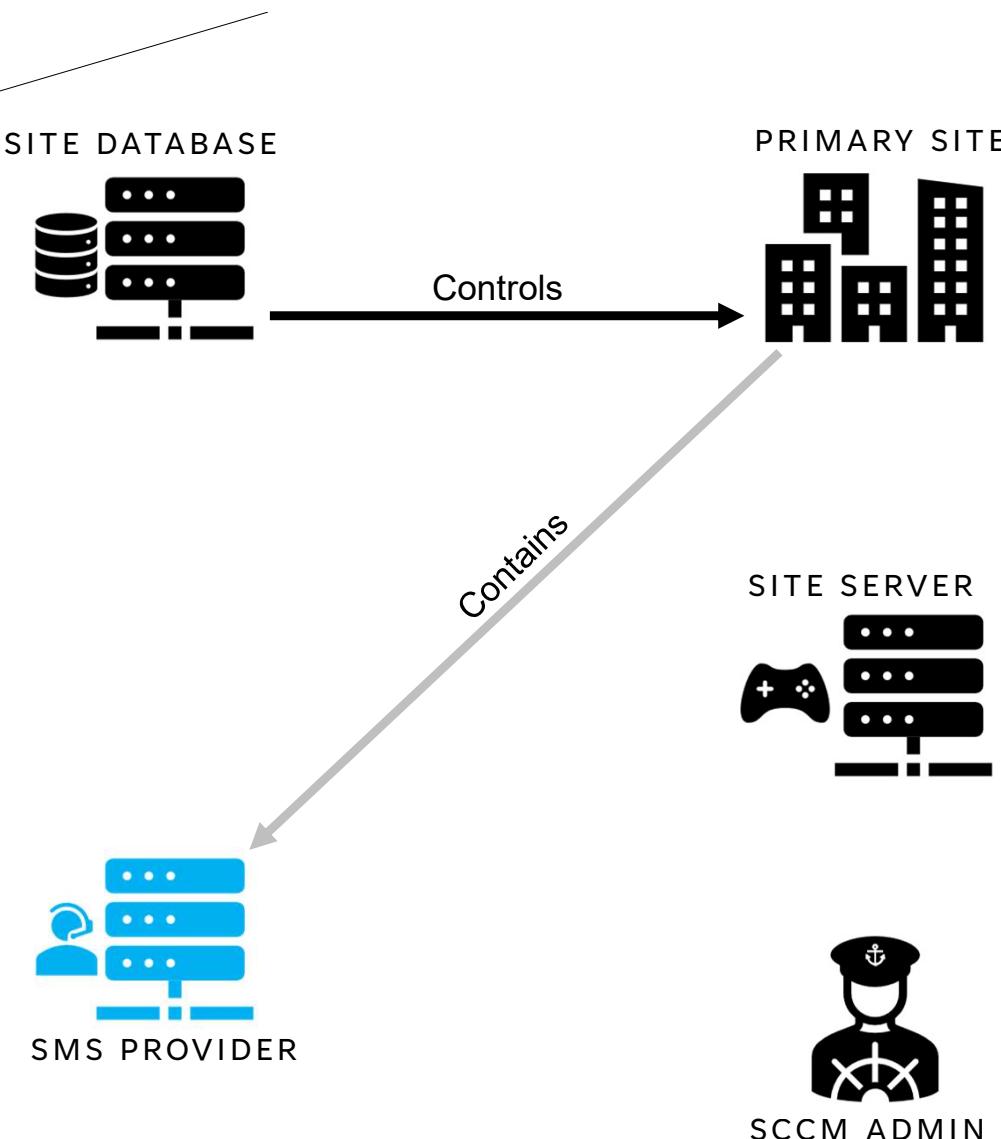
Orchestrate all actions for:

- site
- client devices
- site system roles



## SCCM ADMINS

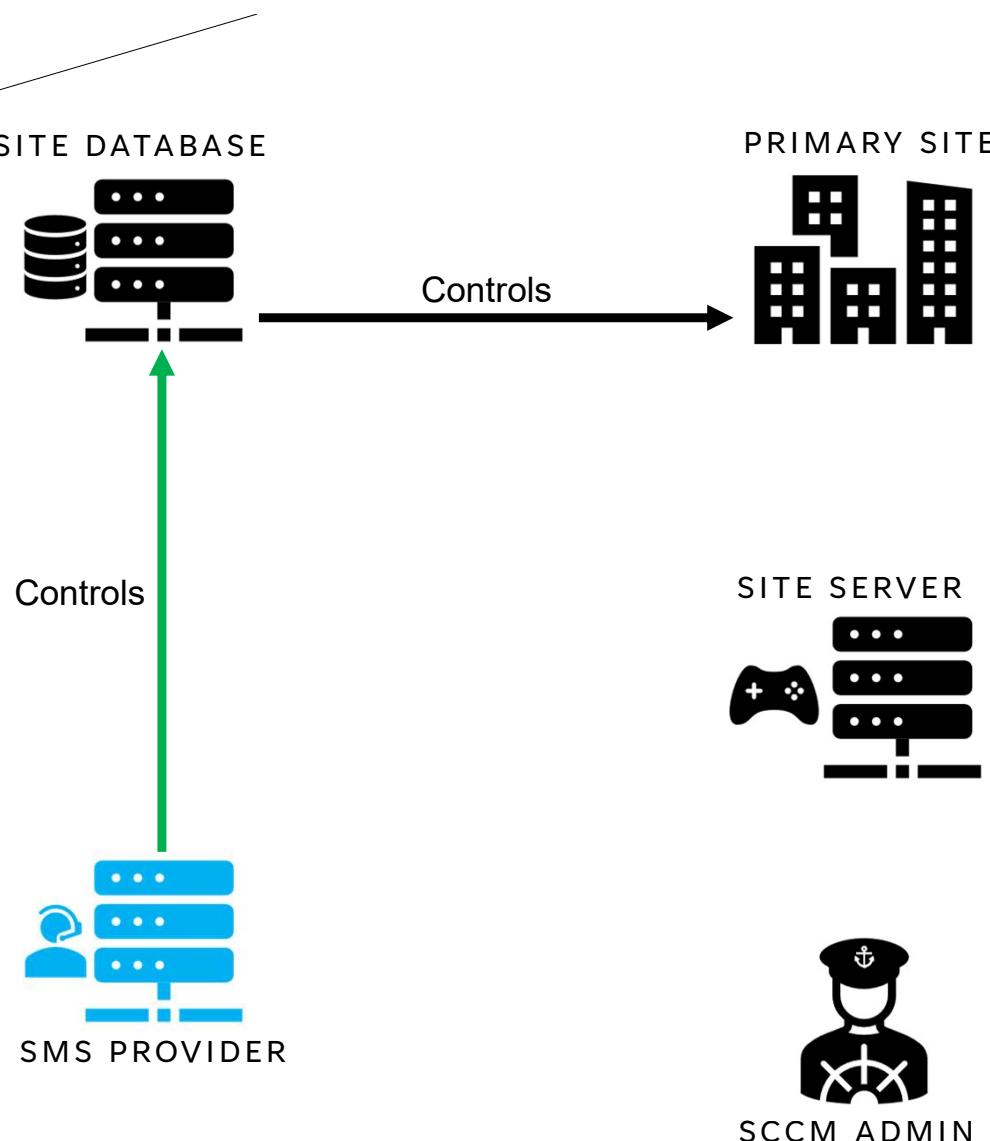
Interact with site database to manage the site... how?



## SMS PROVIDERS

Host two APIs for SCCM admins to manage site database:

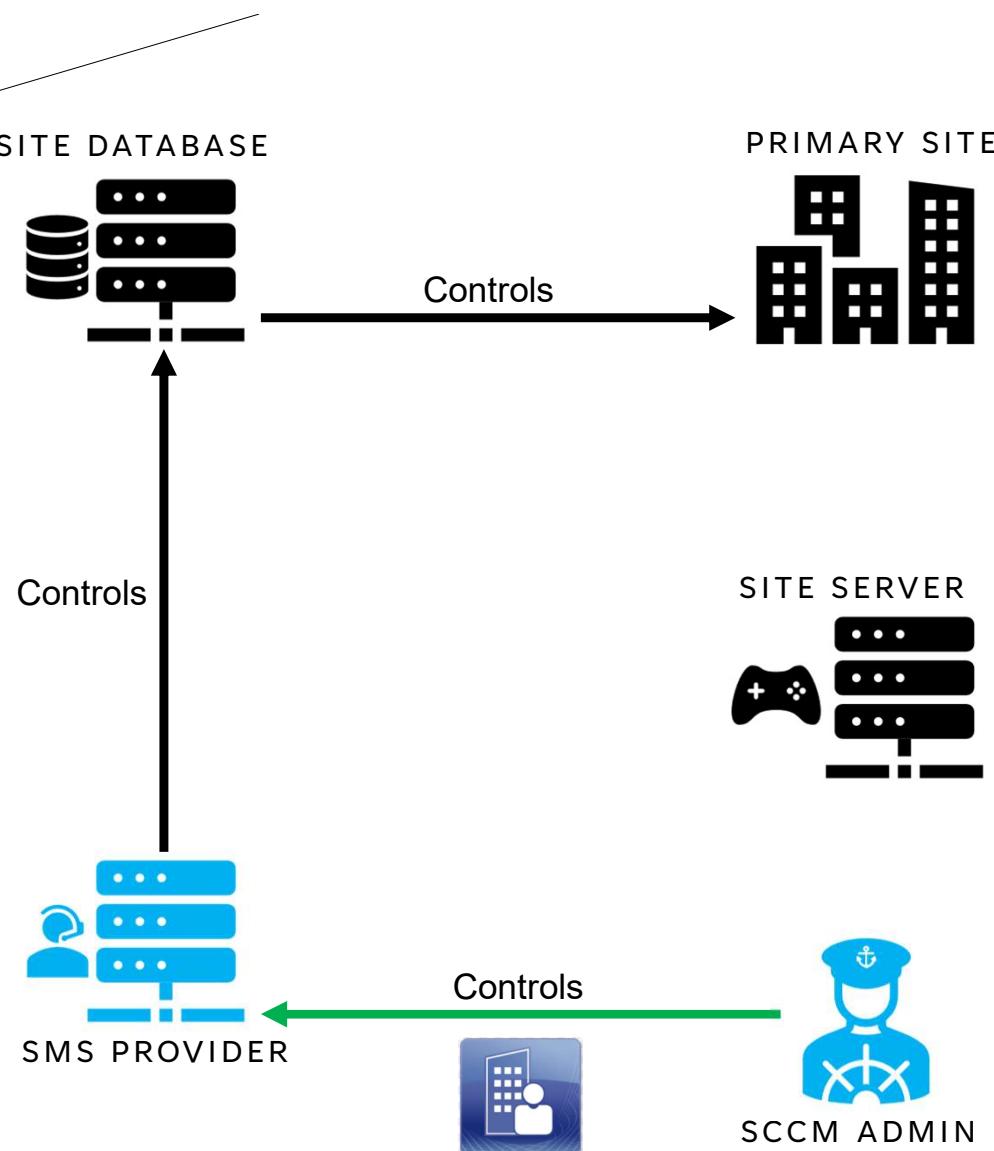
- AdminService
- WMI



## SMS PROVIDERS

Host two APIs for SCCM admins to manage site database:

- AdminService
- WMI



## SCCM ADMINS

Use Configuration Manager Console software to control SCCM via SMS Provider APIs

SITE DATABASE



PRIMARY SITE



Contains

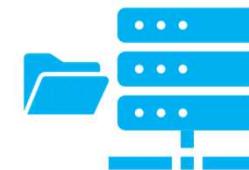
SITE SERVER



SMS PROVIDER

## DISTRIBUTION POINTS

Host software files for client devices to download and install via HTTP(S) and SMB



DISTRIBUTION  
POINT

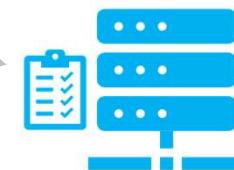
SITE DATABASE



PRIMARY SITE



Contains



MANAGEMENT POINT

SITE SERVER



SMS PROVIDER

## MANAGEMENT POINTS

Define tasks for client devices to fetch via HTTP(S) and execute

- download/install software from X distribution point

SITE DATABASE



PRIMARY SITE



MANAGEMENT POINT



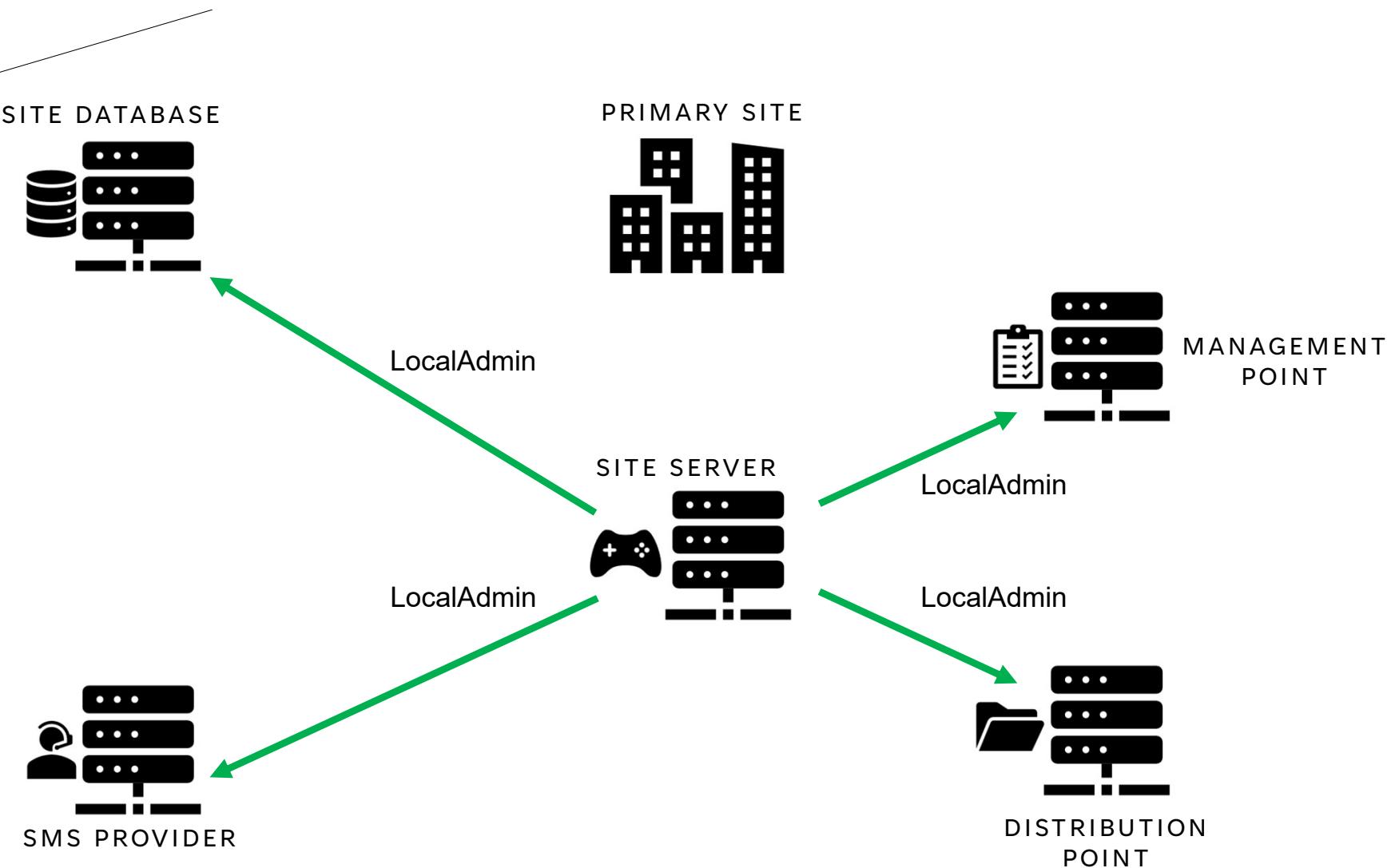
SITE SERVER



SMS PROVIDER



DISTRIBUTION POINT



SITE DATABASE



PRIMARY SITE



LocalAdmin

LocalAdmin

SMS PROVIDER

SITE SERVER



LocalAdmin

LocalAdmin



MANAGEMENT POINT

GetTasks

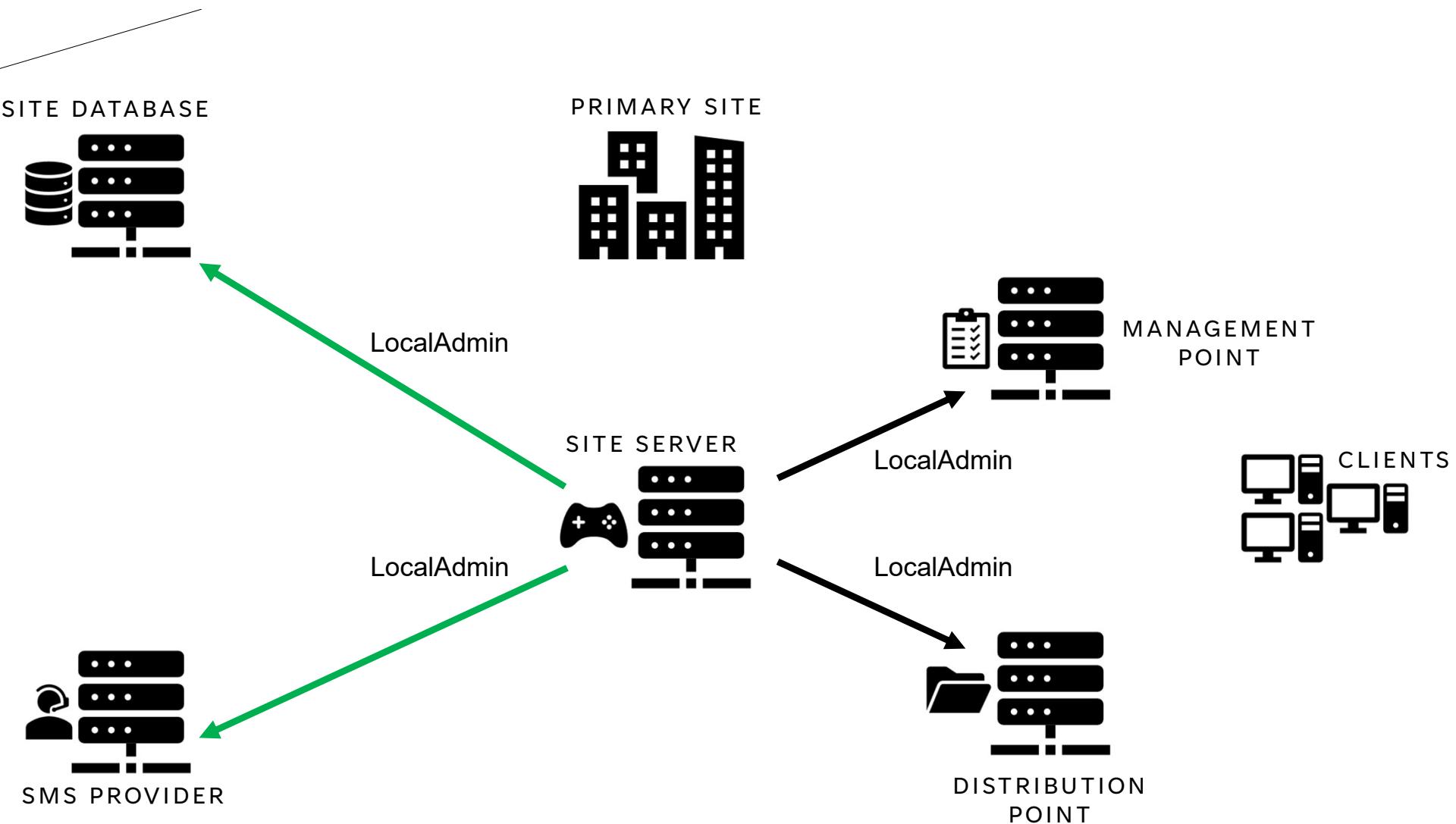


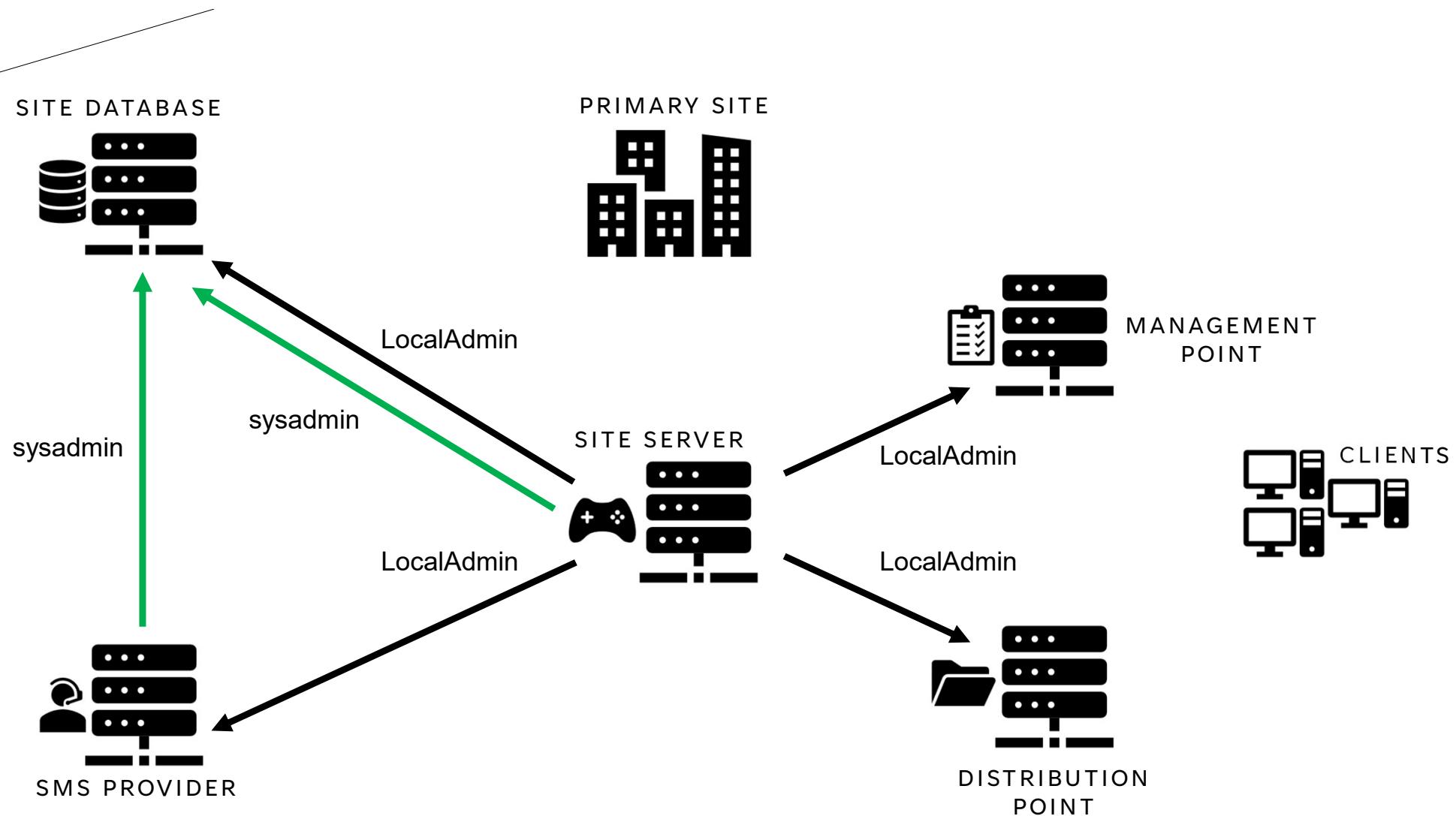
CLIENTS

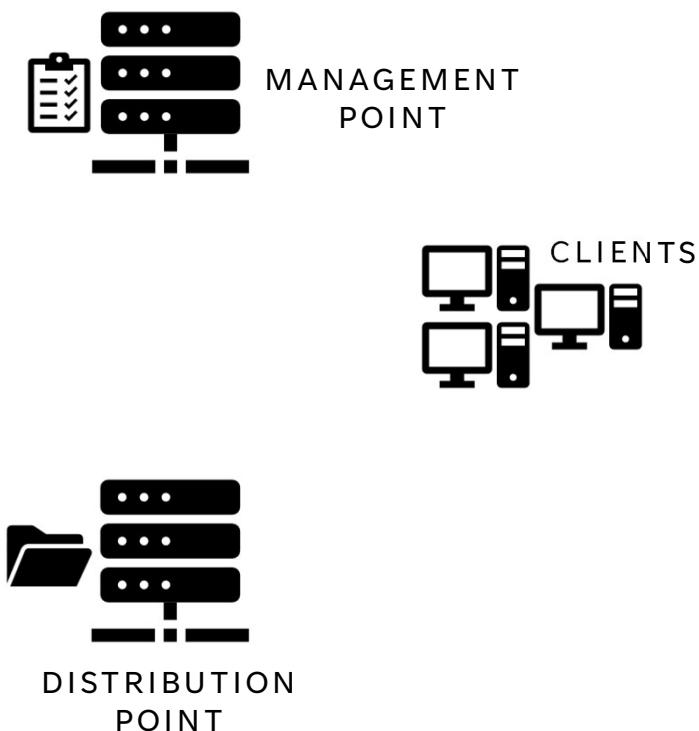
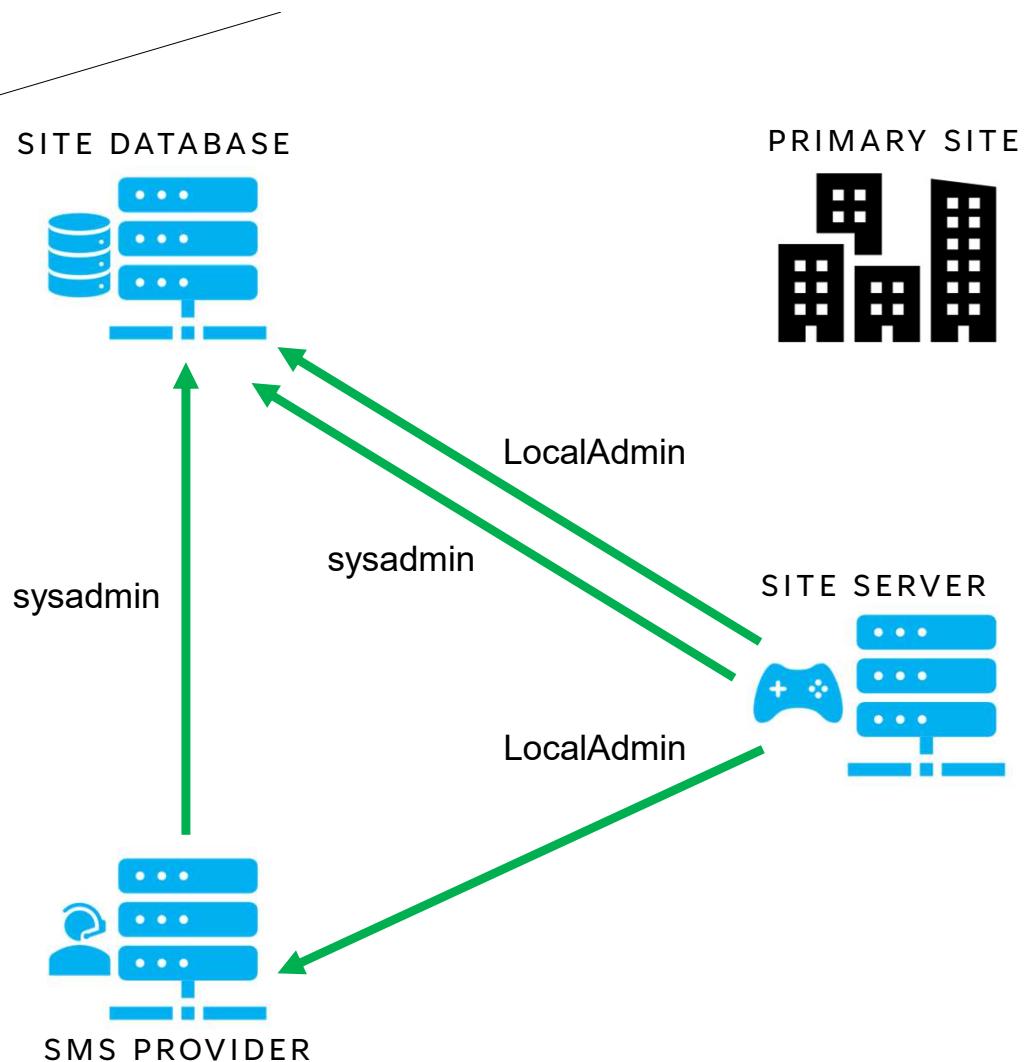


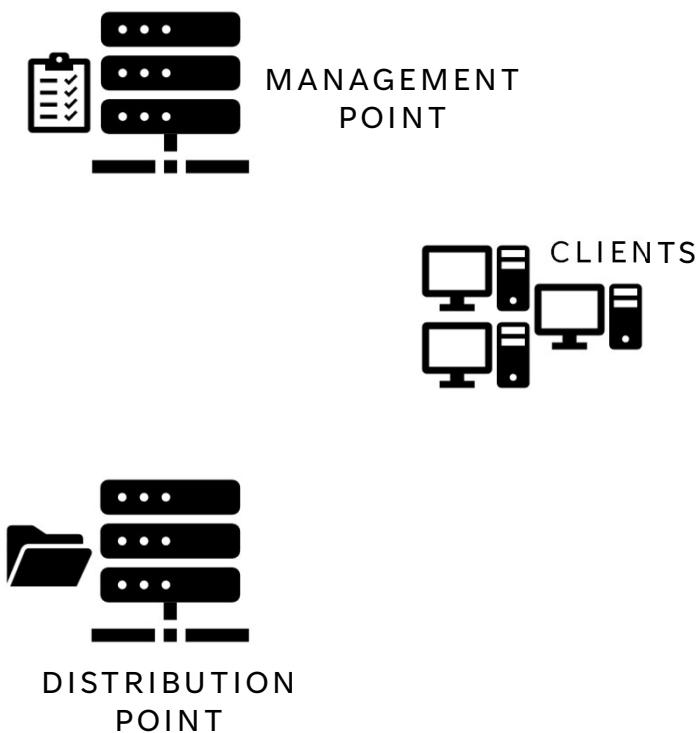
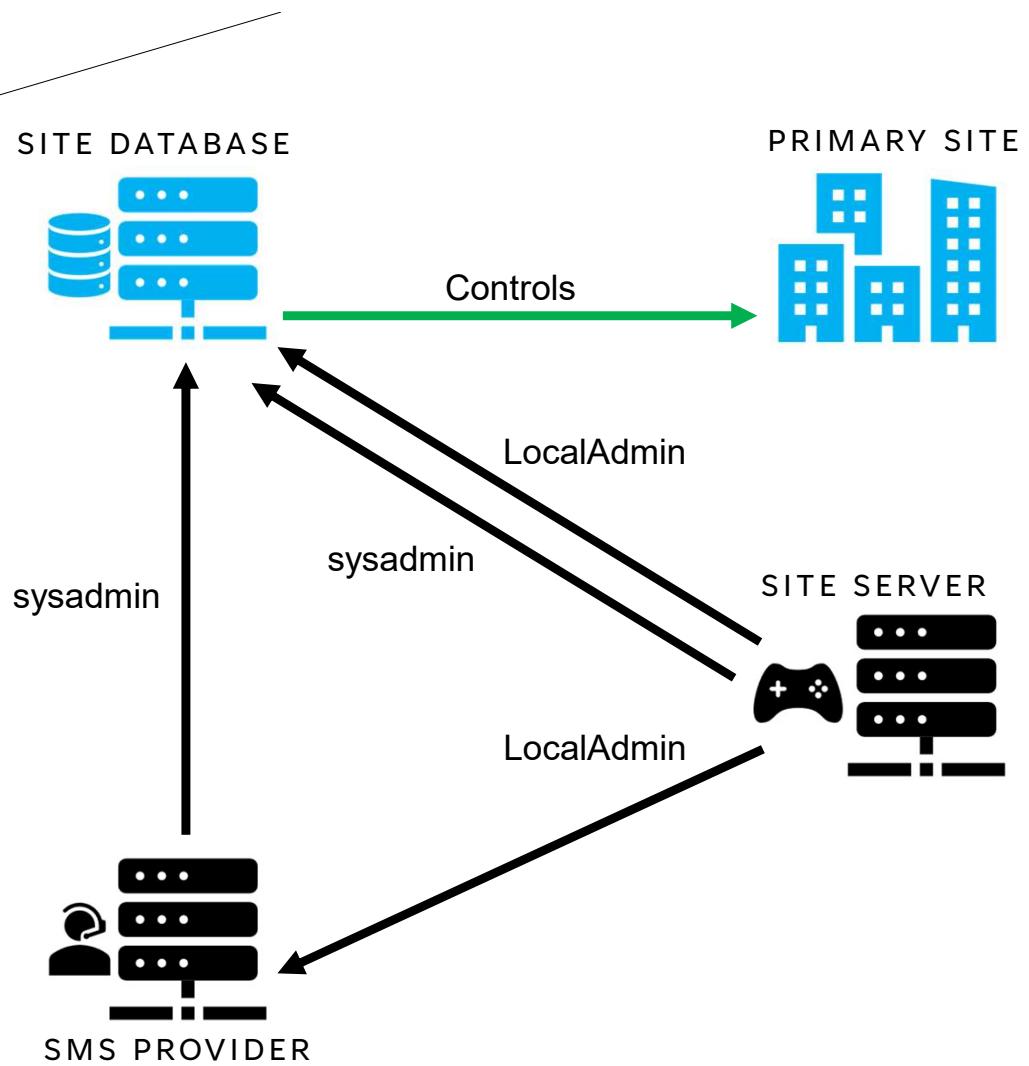
DISTRIBUTION POINT

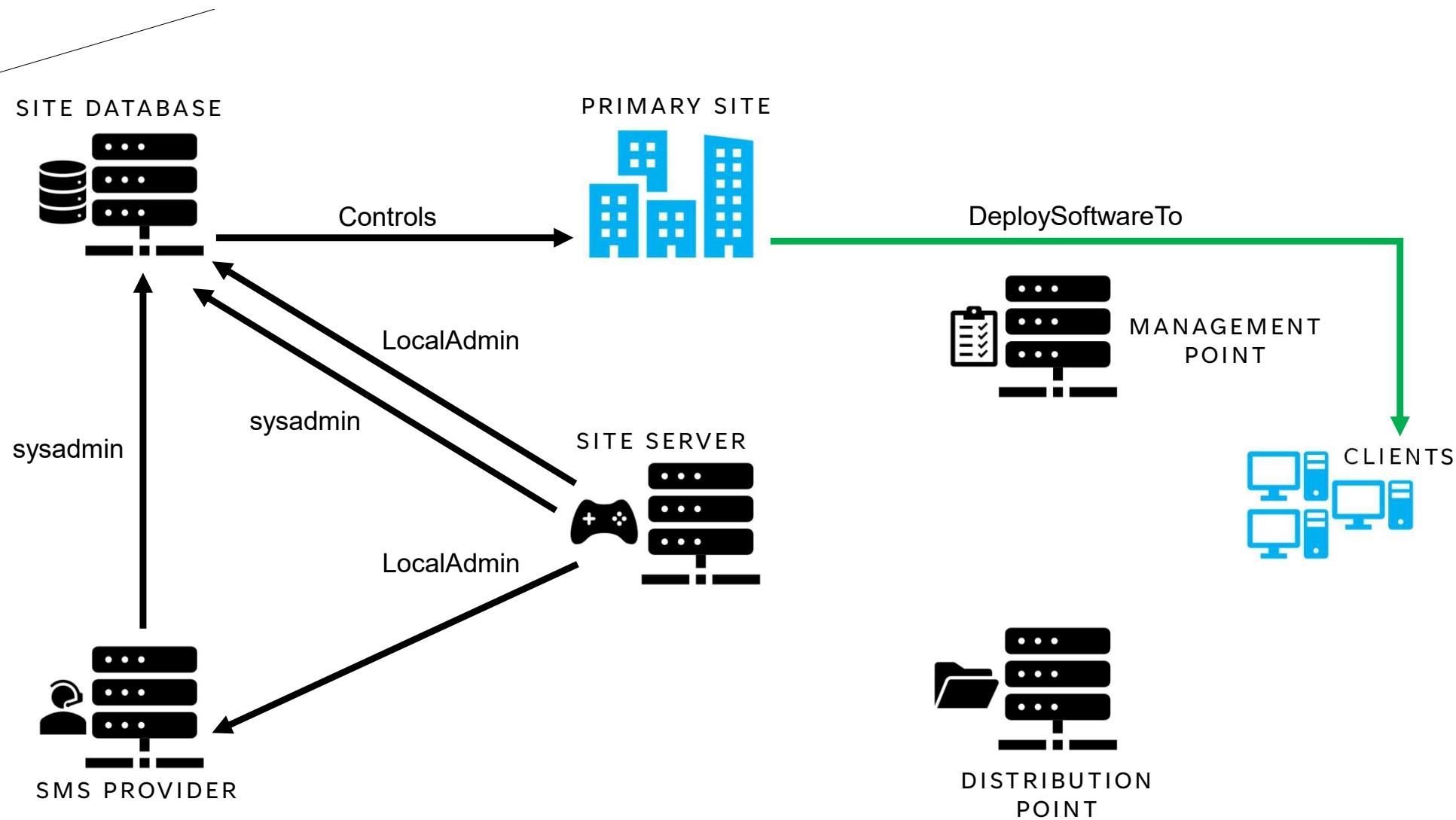
GetFiles





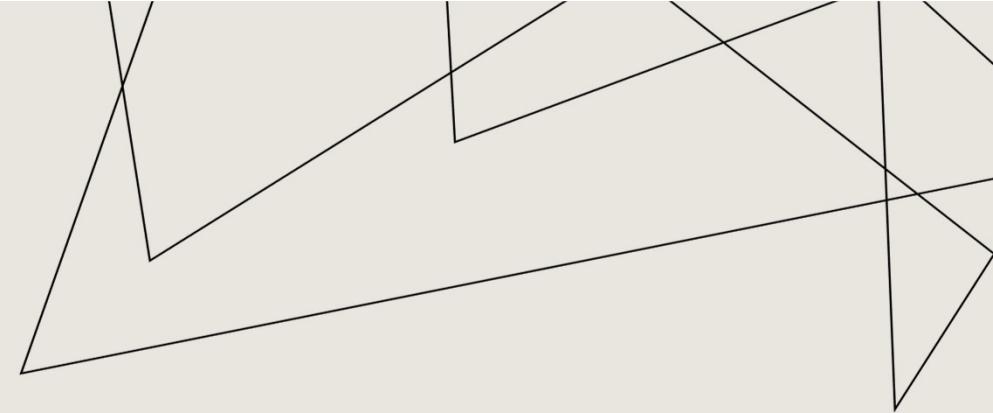






# **SCCM ATTACK PATHS**

ALLOW CONTROL OF MANAGED DEVICES

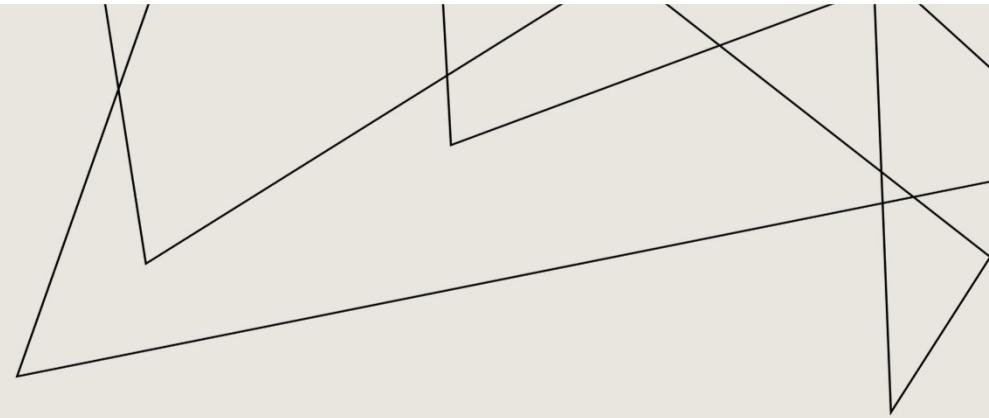


# 33+ ATTACK TECHNIQUES

DISCOVERED SINCE 2022

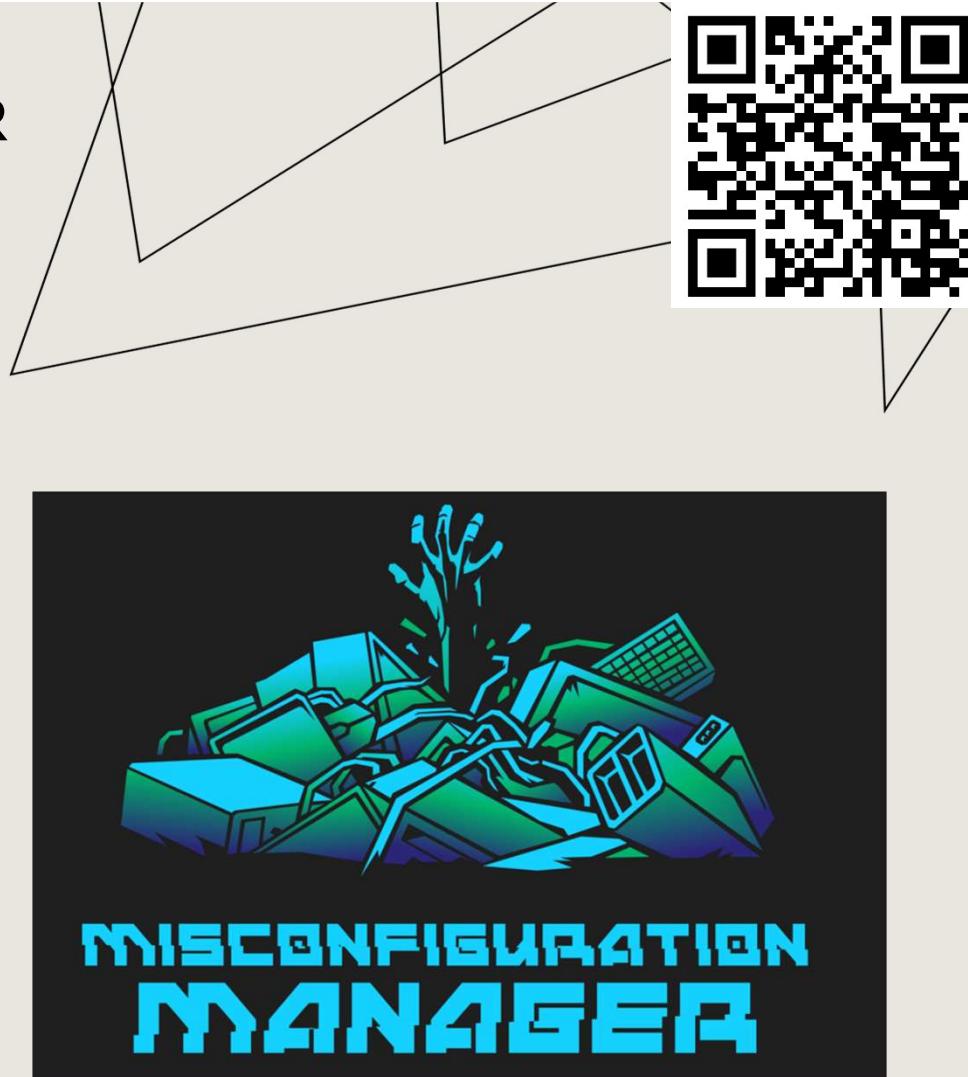
## SHOUTOUTS / PRIOR WORK

- Garrett Foster (@unsigned\_sh0rt)
- Duane Michael (@subat0mik)
- Andy Robbins (@\_wald0)
- Jonas Bülow Knudsen (@Jonas\_B\_K)
- Elad Shamir (@eladshamir)
- Zach Stein (@synzack21)
- Erik Hunstad (@badsectorlabs)
- Dylan Bradley (@slygoo)
- Nick Powers (@zynergy)
- Matt Creel (@Tw1sm)
- Lee Chagolla-Christensen (@tifkin\_)
- Will Schroeder (@harmj0y)
- Adam Chester (@\_xpn\_)
- Christopher Panayi (@Raiona\_ZA)
- Carsten Sandker (@0xcsandker)
- Josh Prager (@Praga\_Prag)

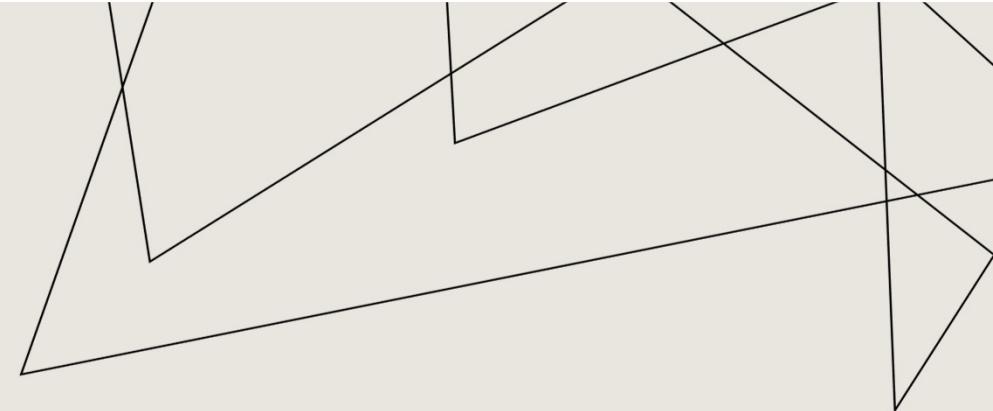


# MISCONFIGURATION MANAGER

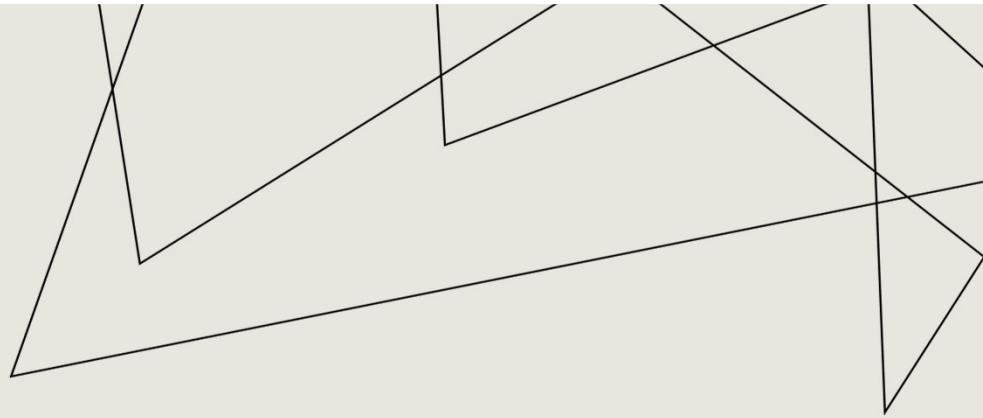
- Step-by-step offensive and defensive **write-ups** for attack techniques
- A **taxonomy** to simplify and demystify concepts (à la [Certified Pre-Owned](#))
- Based on MITRE ATT&CK
- PowerShell script to identify TAKEOVER and ELEVATE issues
- Co-authored with Duane Michael (@subat0mik) and Garrett Foster (@unsigned\_sh0rt)



RECON 



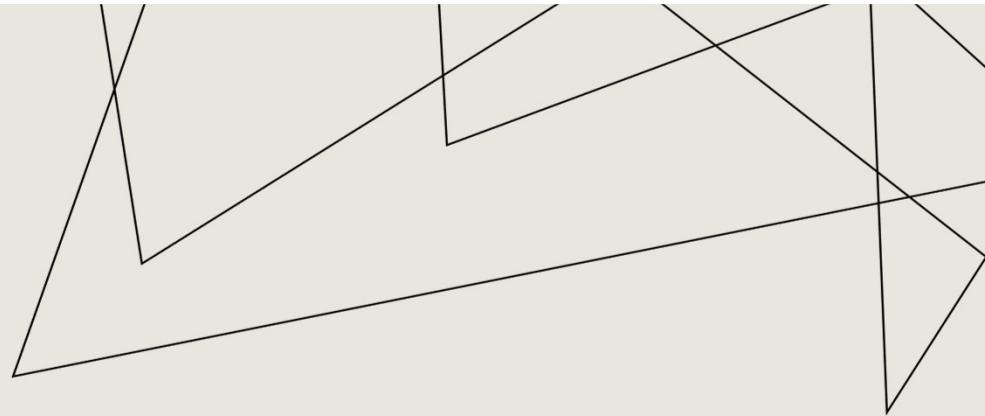
**RECON**  
**CRED** 



RECON

CRED

COERCE

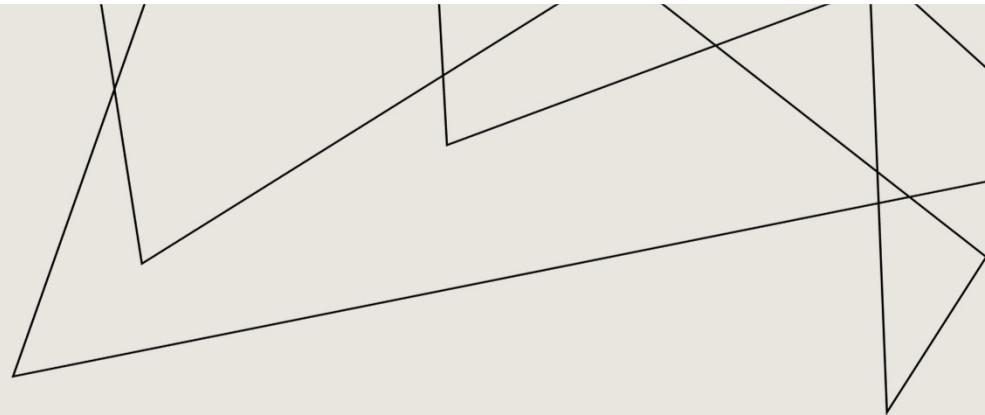
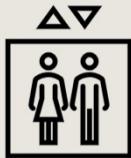


RECON

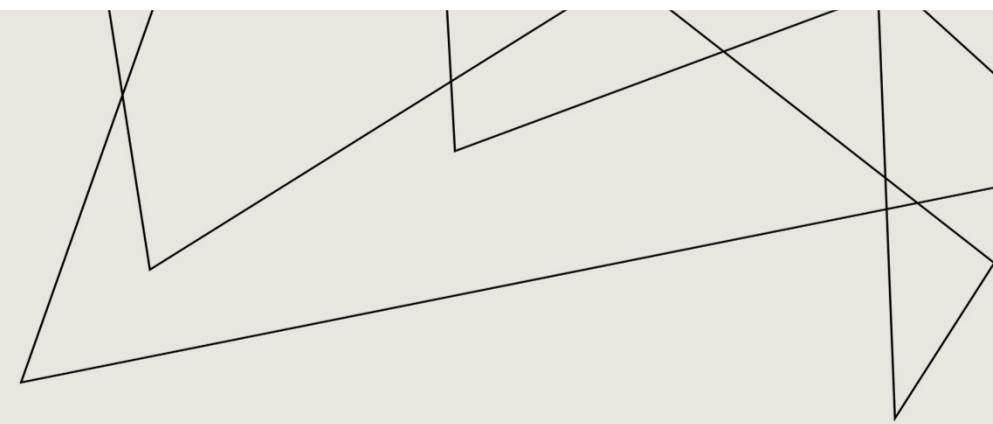
CRED

COERCE

ELEVATE



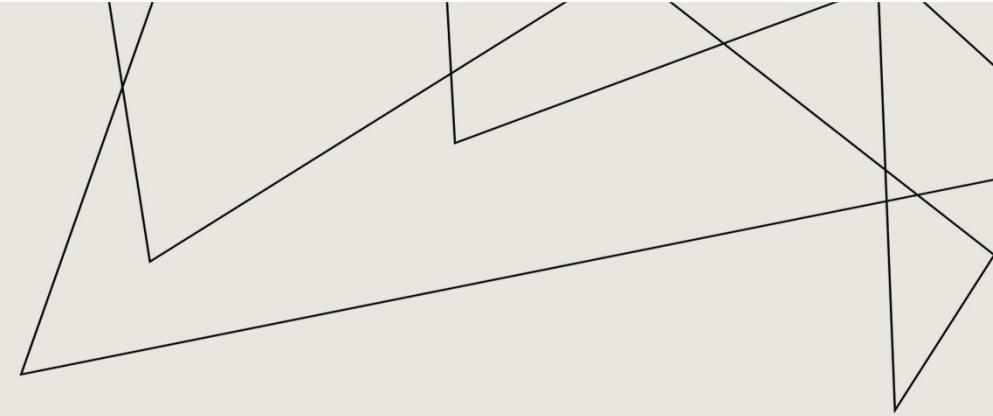
RECON  
CRED  
COERCE  
ELEVATE  
TAKEOVER



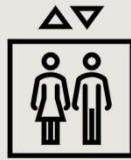
Grant a user the “Full Administrator” role by modifying SCCM via access to:

- site database
- SMS Provider APIs

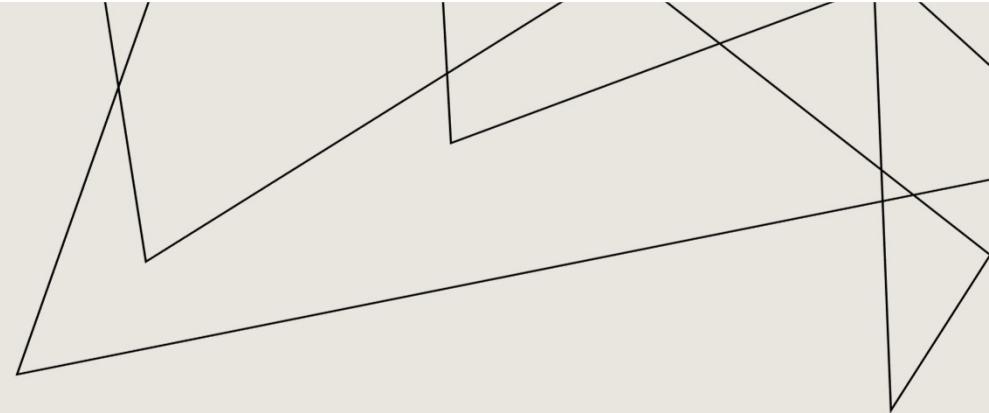
RECON  
CRED  
COERCE  
ELEVATE  
TAKEOVER  
EXEC 



ELEVATE



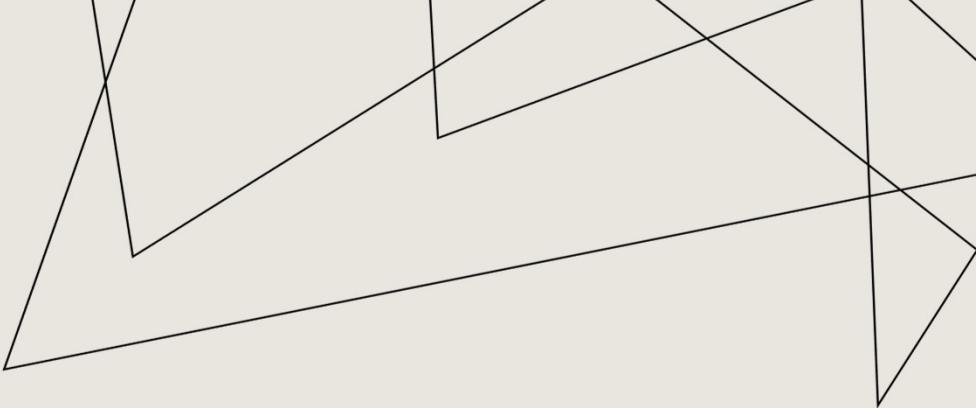
TAKEOVER



The site server's domain computer account **MUST** be:

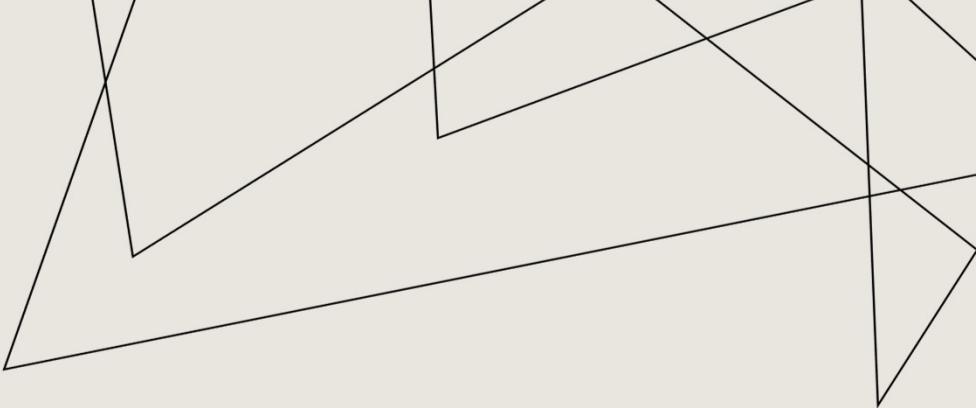
- a local Administrator of every other SCCM server
- a sysadmin in the site database

# NTLM



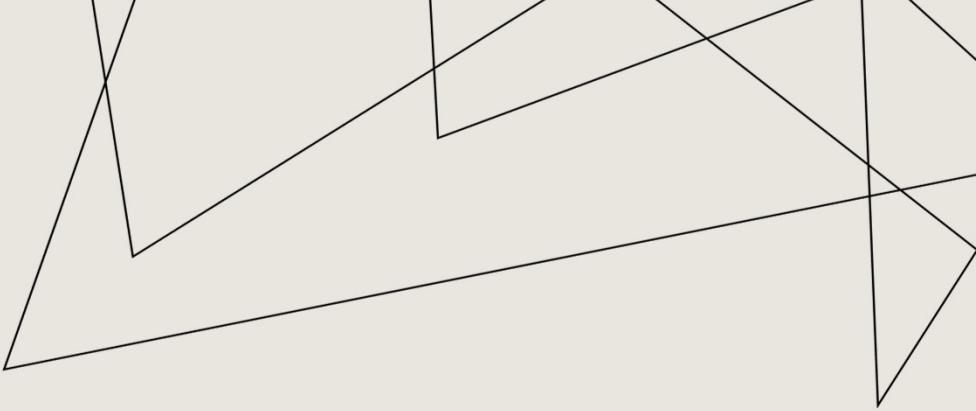
A protocol that Windows users and computers can use to authenticate themselves over the network

# NTLM RELAY



Attackers can **coerce** computers into authenticating to their machine and **use** the creds on another machine where that computer has privileges

- e.g., Printerbug, PetitPotam

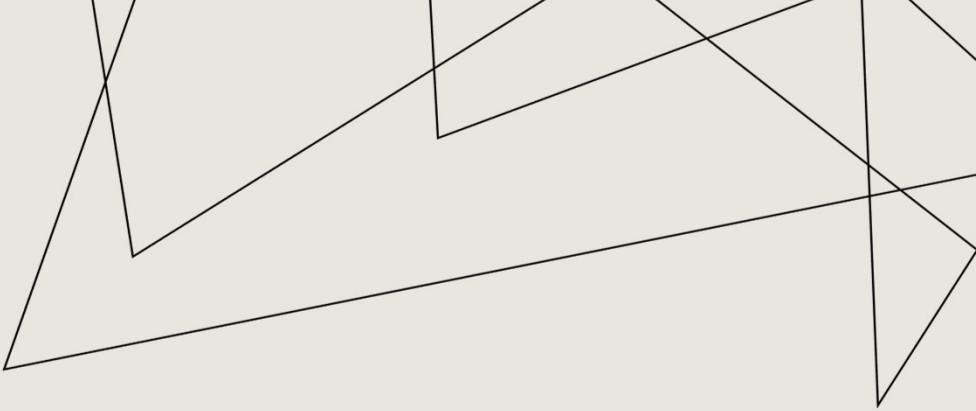


# NTLM RELAY

## **site servers**

Attackers can **coerce** computers into authenticating to their machine and **use** the creds on another machine where that computer has privileges

- e.g., Printerbug, PetitPotam

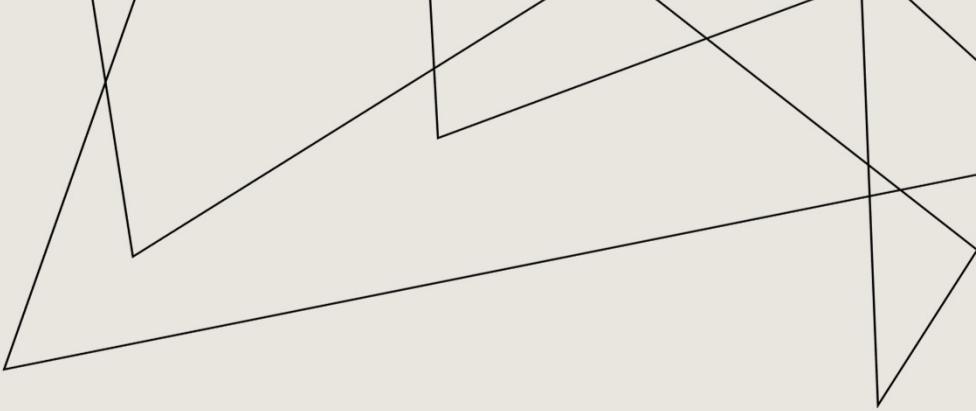


# NTLM RELAY

## **site servers**

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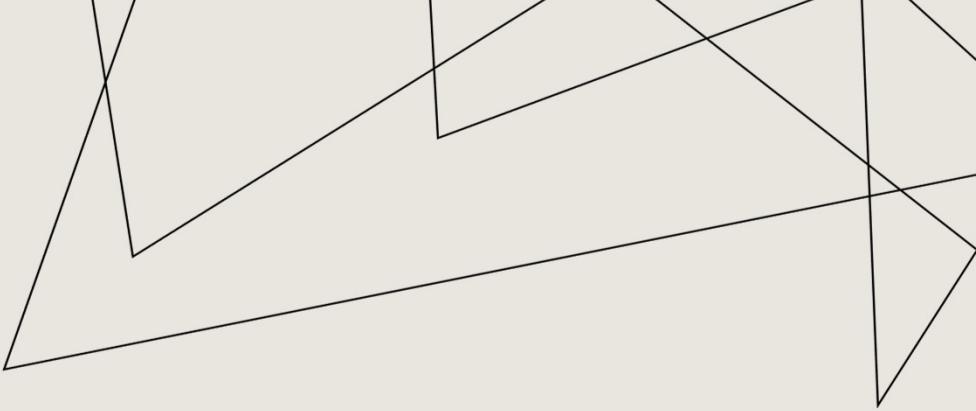


# NTLM RELAY

## **site servers**

Attackers can **coerce** computers into authenticating to their machine and **use** the creds on another machine where that computer has privileges **other SCCM servers**

- e.g., Printerbug, PetitPotam

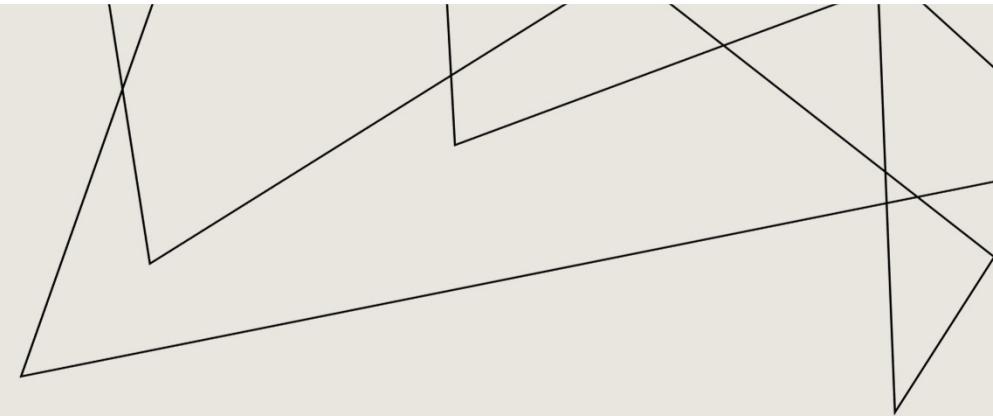


# NTLM RELAY

Attackers can **coerce site servers** into authenticating to their machine and **use** the creds on **other SCCM servers** where that computer has privileges

- e.g., Printerbug, PetitPotam

# NTLM RELAY



Susceptible when hosted **remotely** from the site server:

- site database
- SMS Provider APIs
- other site system roles

# TAKEOVER



SITE DATABASE

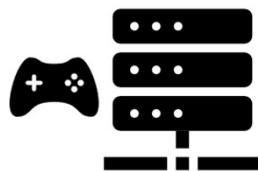


PRIMARY SITE

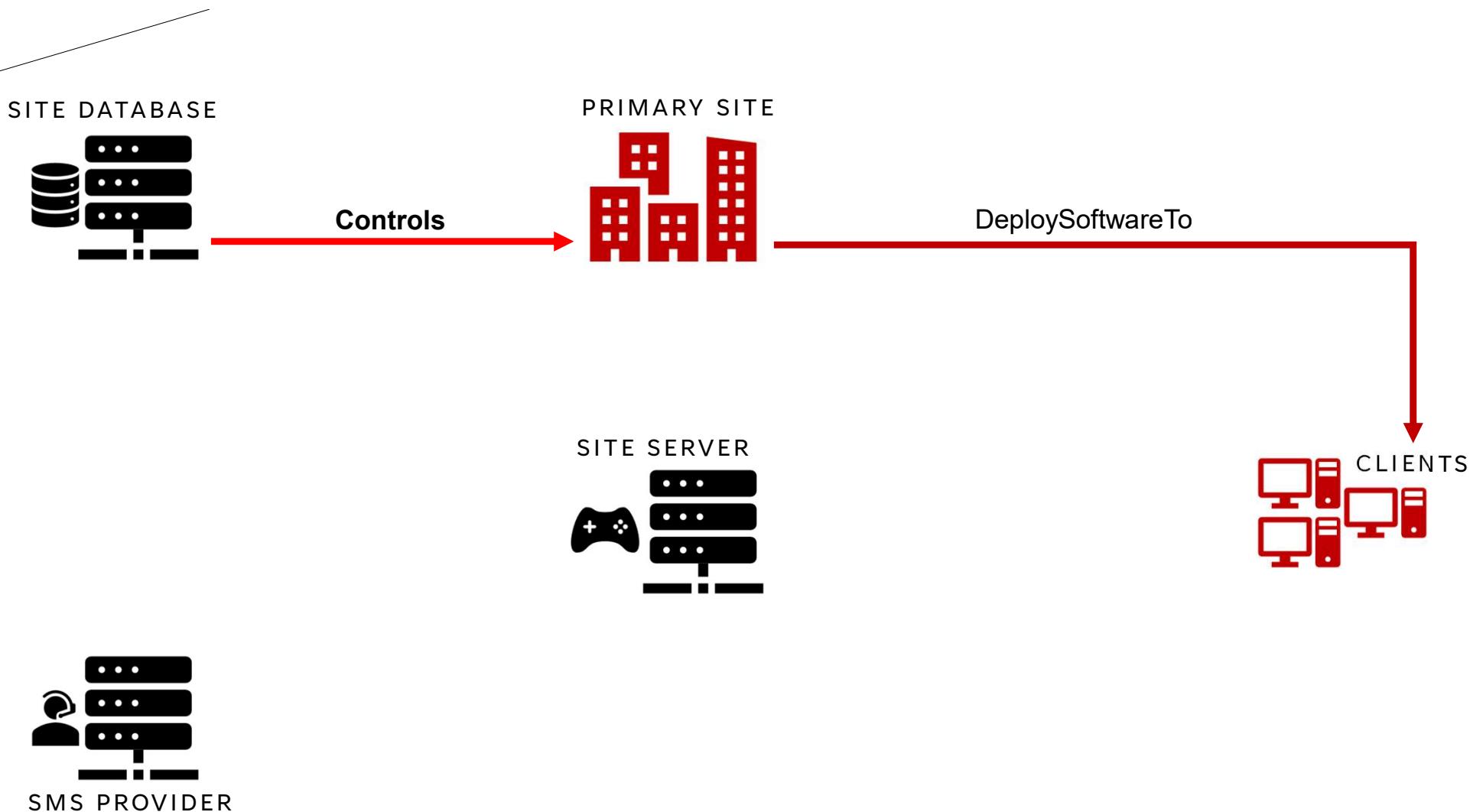


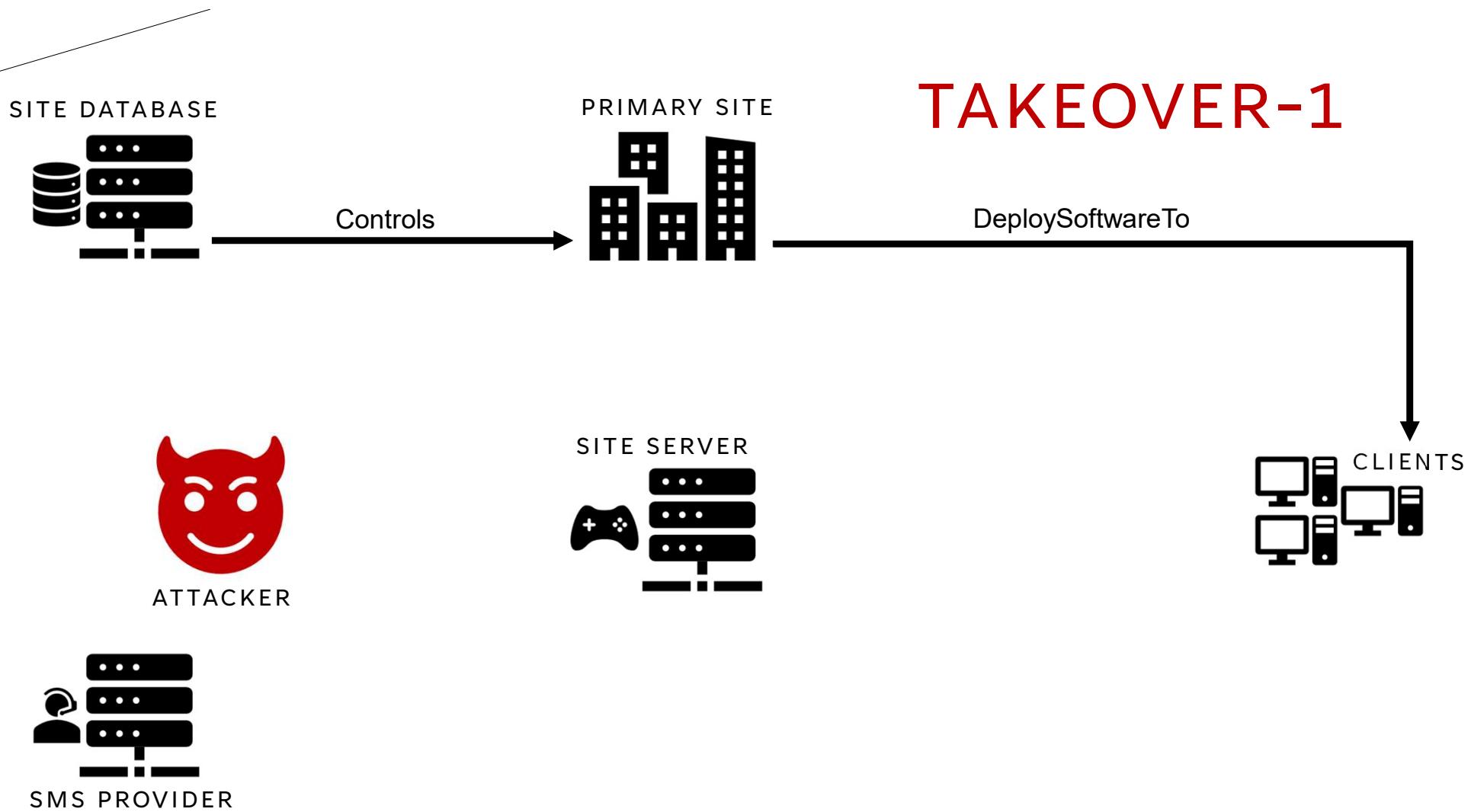
**DeploySoftwareTo**

SITE SERVER



SMS PROVIDER





SITE DATABASE



PRIMARY SITE



## TAKEOVER-1

Controls

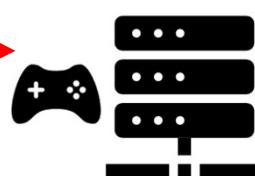
DeploySoftwareTo



ATTACKER

1. CoerceFrom

SITE SERVER



CLIENTS



SMS PROVIDER

SITE DATABASE



PRIMARY SITE



## TAKEOVER-1

Controls

DeploySoftwareTo



SITE SERVER



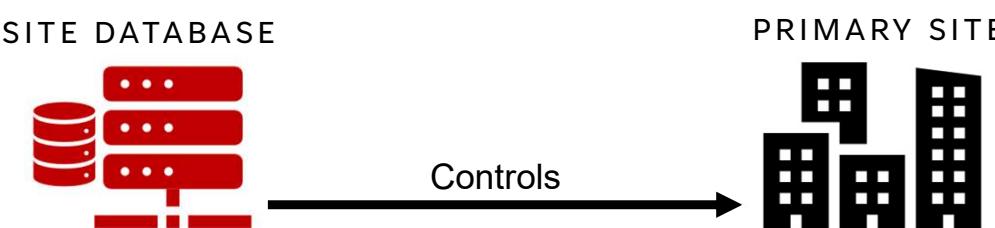
1. CoerceFrom

2. AuthTo



SMS PROVIDER

# TAKEOVER-1



3. RelayTo



1. CoerceFrom

2. AuthTo

SITE SERVER

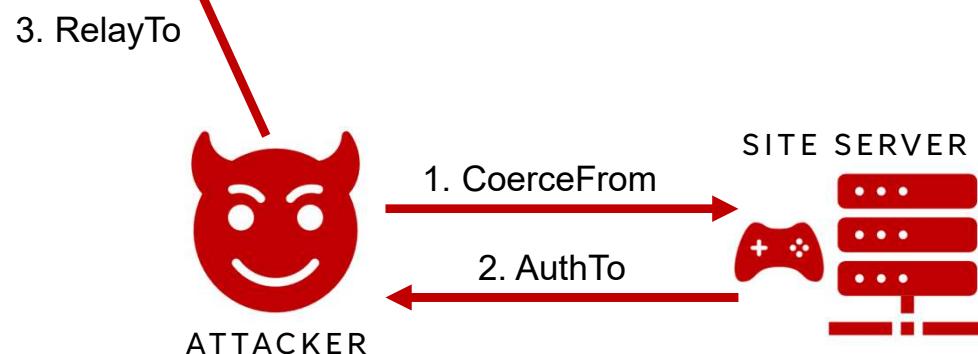


DeploySoftwareTo



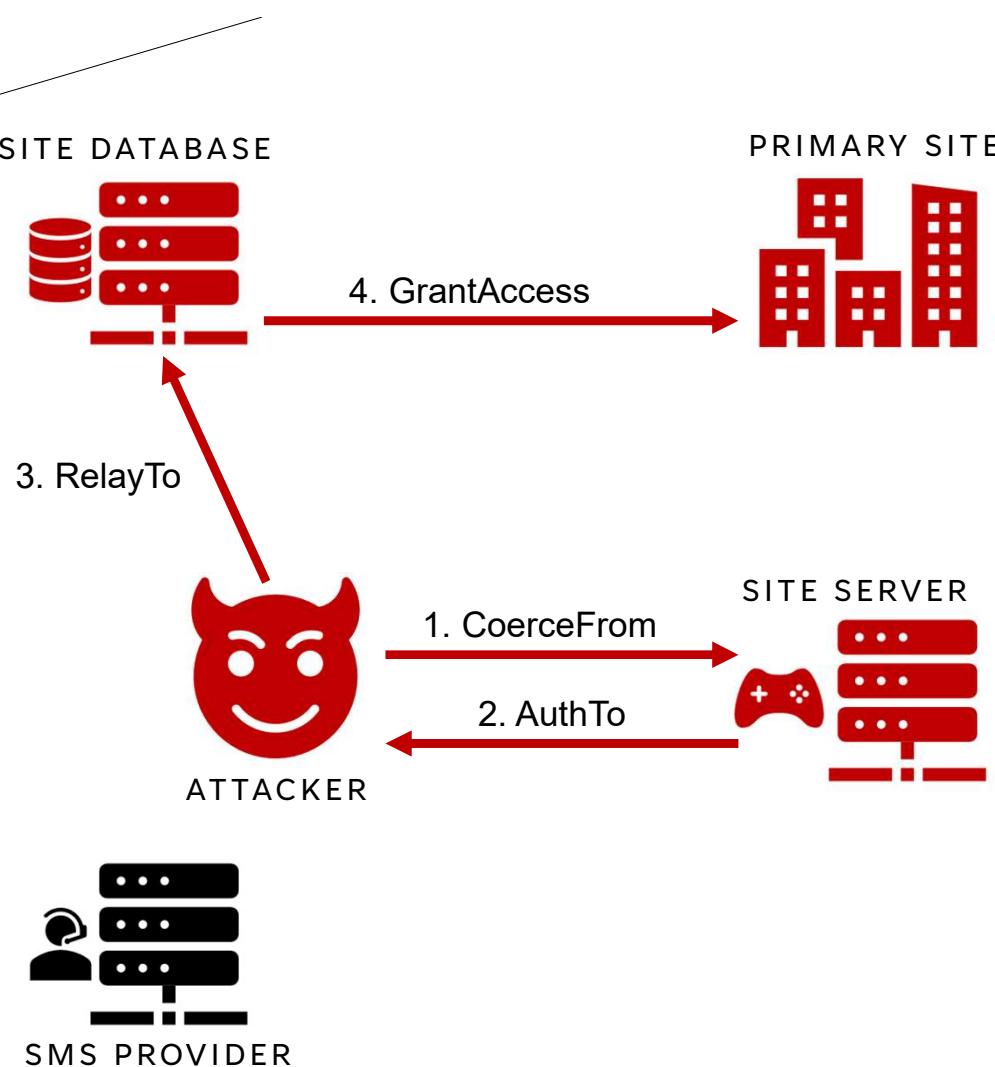
SMS PROVIDER

# TAKEOVER-1

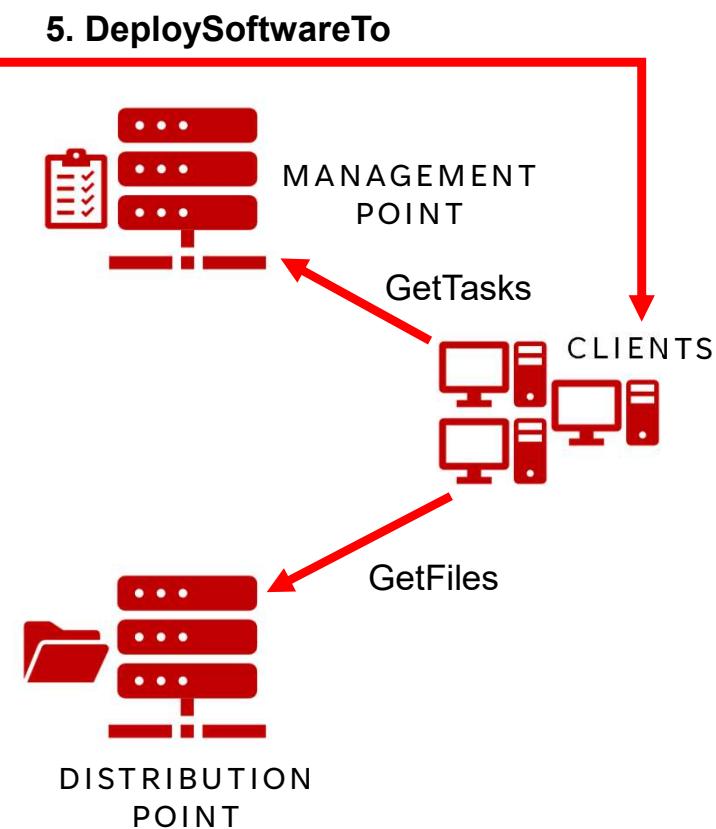


DeploySoftwareTo





## TAKEOVER-1



# TAKEOVER-1



SITE-SERVER - Remote Desktop

Microsoft Configuration Manager (Connected to PS1, Aperture Science - SITE-SERVER.APERTURE.LOCAL)

Home

Add User or Group Create Saved Searches Search

! One or more Azure AD app secrets used by Cloud Services have expired. Renew to avoid service disruptions. [Renew expired secret key](#)

1/1

Administration Overview Updates and Servicing Hierarchy Configuration Cloud Services Site Configuration Client Settings Security Assets and Compliance Software Library Monitoring Administration Community

Administrative Users 1 items

Search current node

Icon	Account Name	Account Display Name	Security Roles
User icon	APTURE\labadmin		"Full Administrator"

Ready

Type here to search

9:30 PM 1/29/2026

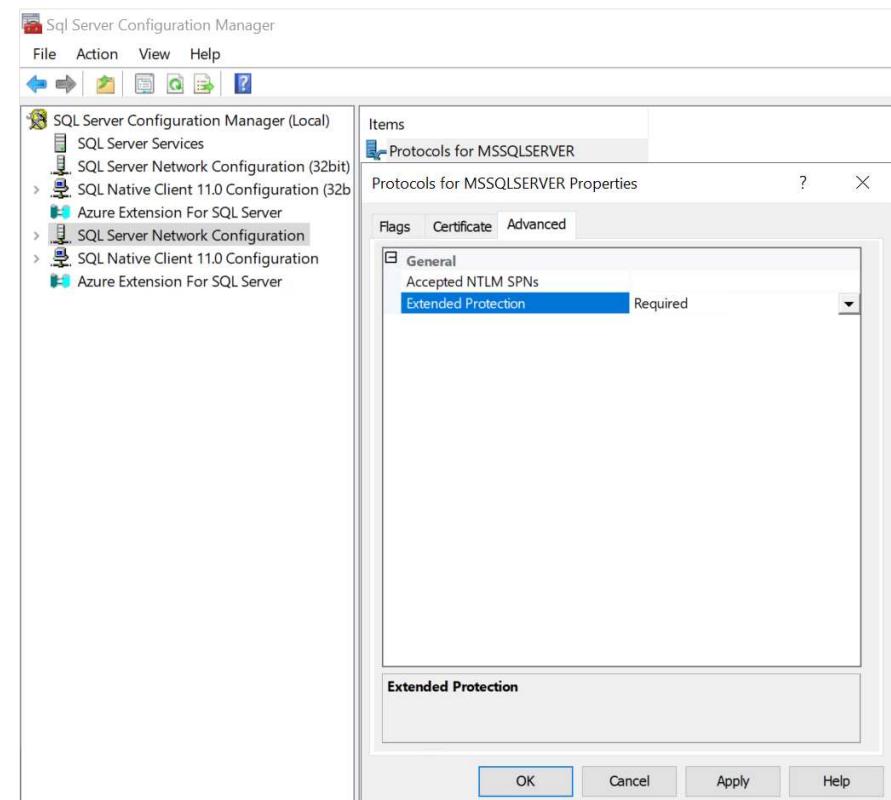
# TAKEOVER-1 REMEDIATION

## Require Extended Protection On Remote Site Databases

On site database servers:

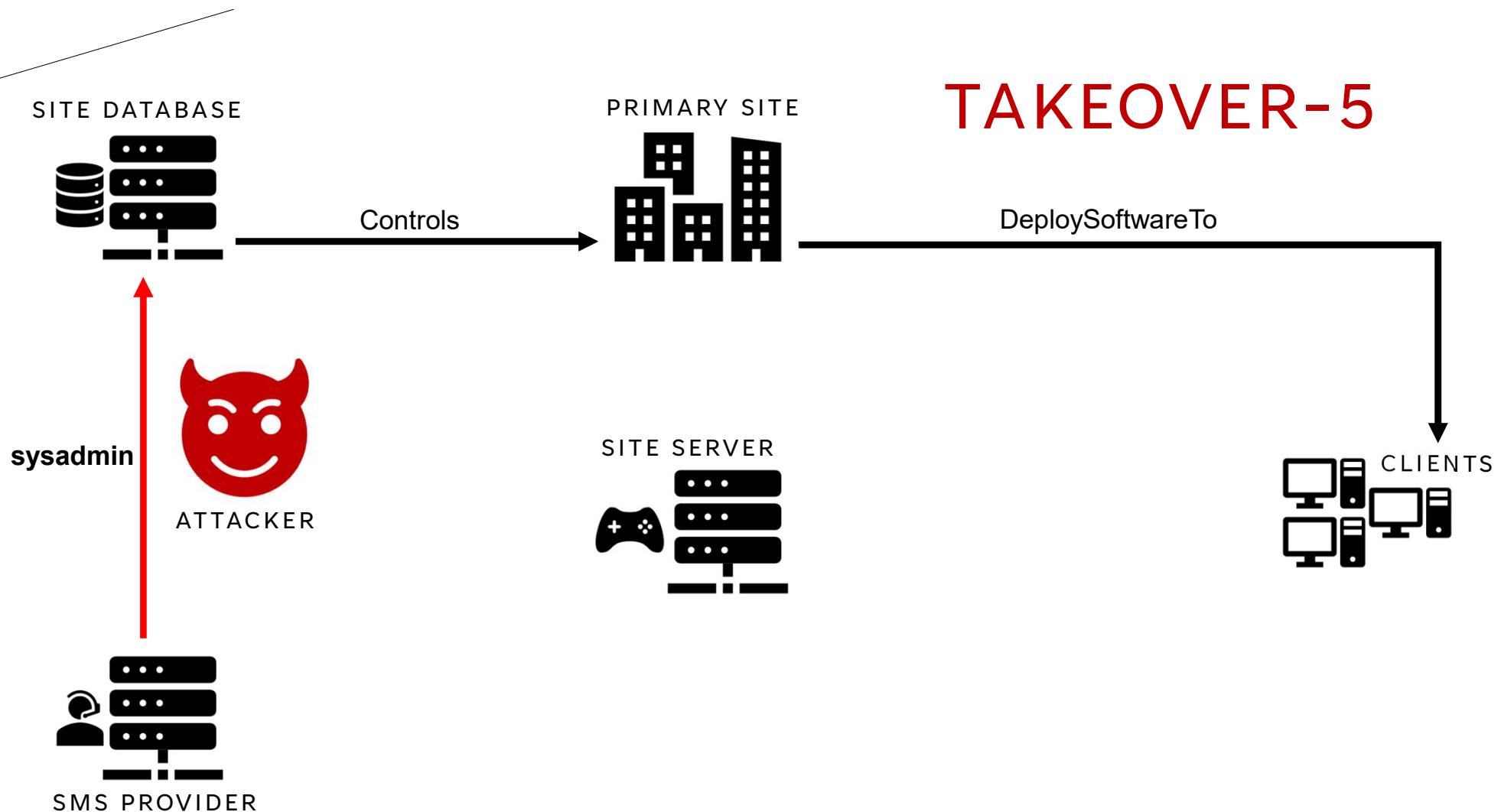
1. Open Sql Server Configuration Manager
2. Click “Sql Server Network Configuration”
3. Right click “Protocols for MSSQLSERVER”, then click “Properties”
5. Navigate to the “Advanced” tab
6. Set “Extended Protection” to “Required”
7. Click “Apply”, then “OK”
8. Restart the “SQL Server (MSSQLSERVER)” service

**Setting to “Allowed” will not prevent NTLM relay attacks if the coerced client doesn’t support channel binding**

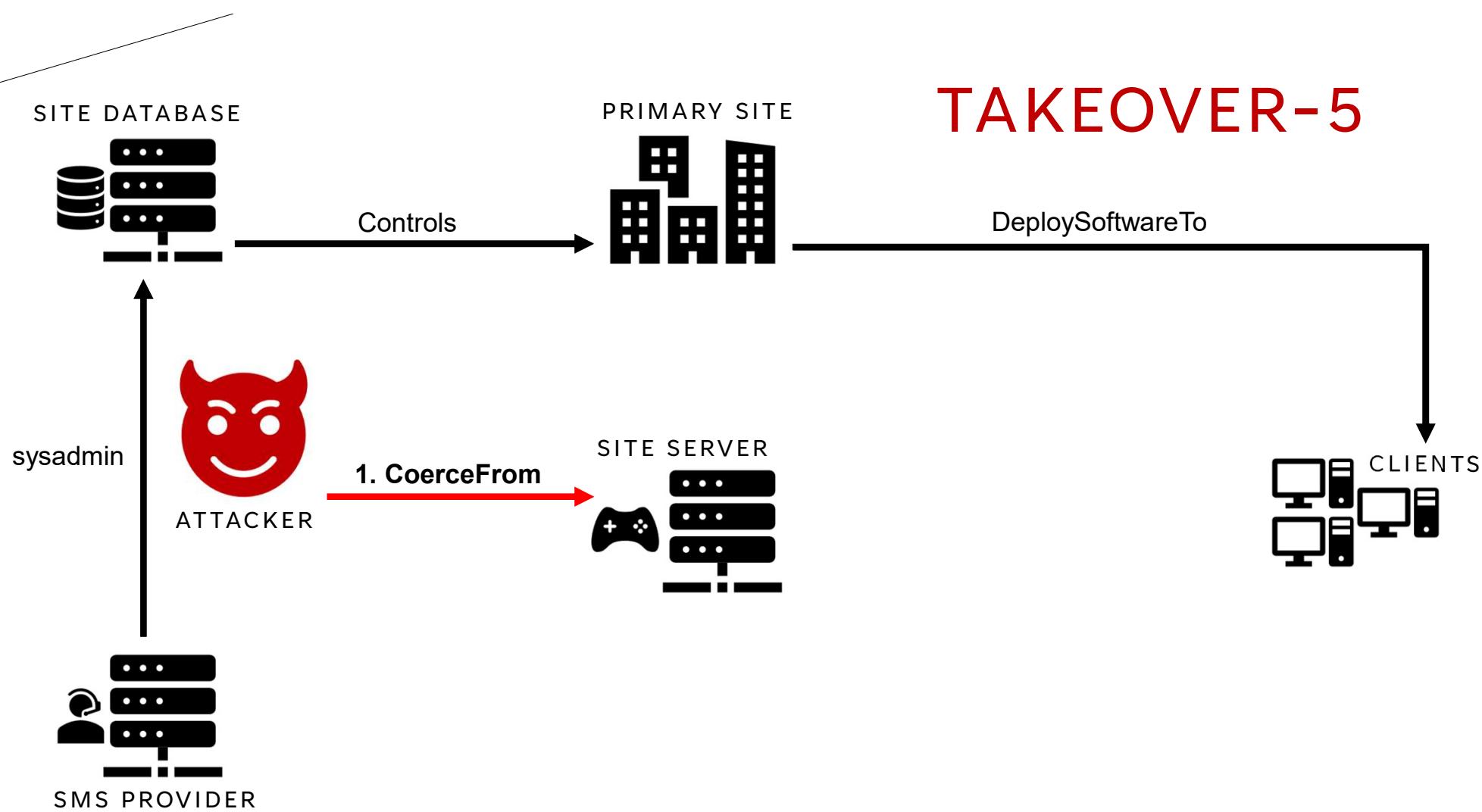


# TAKEOVER-5

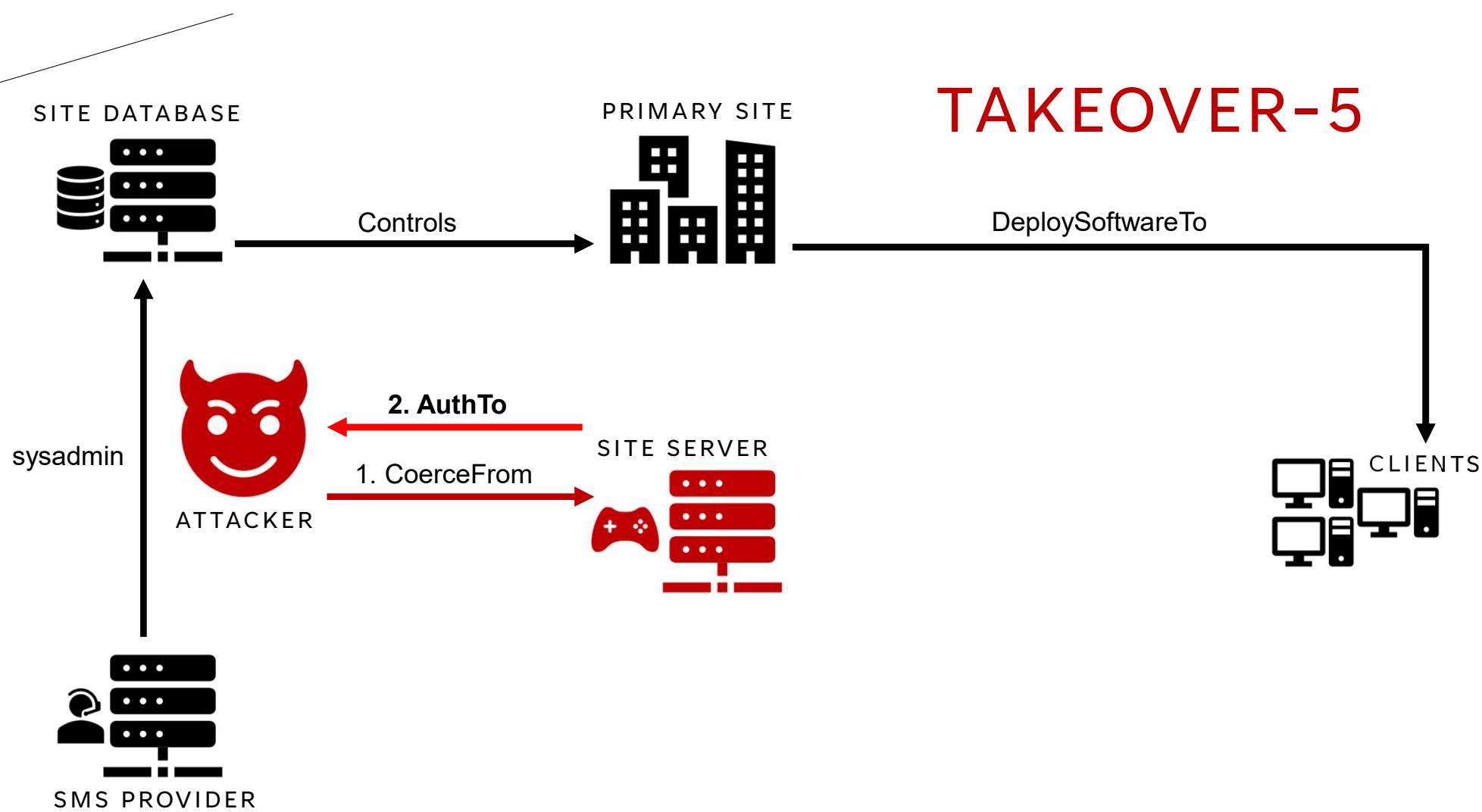




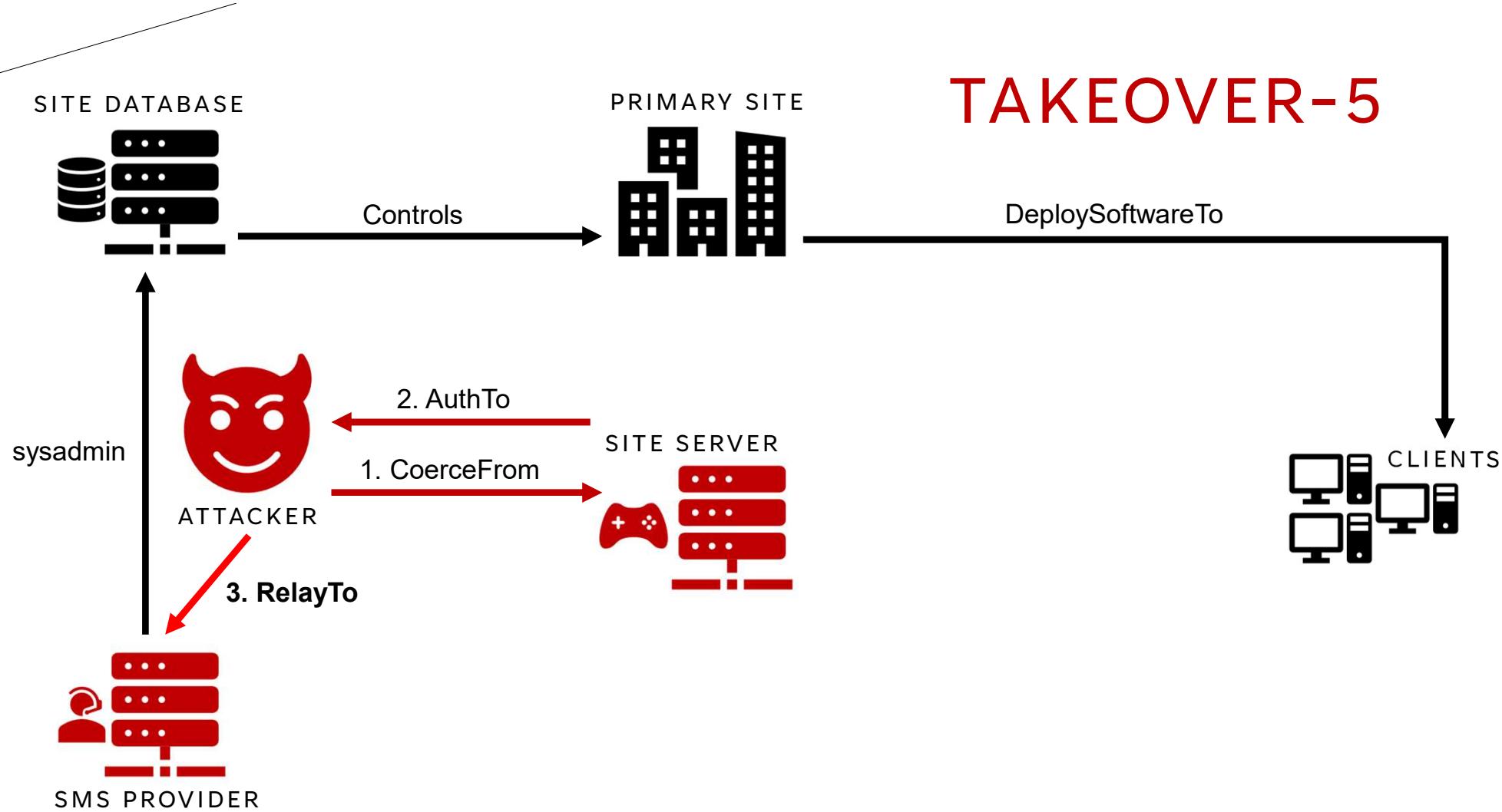
## TAKEOVER-5



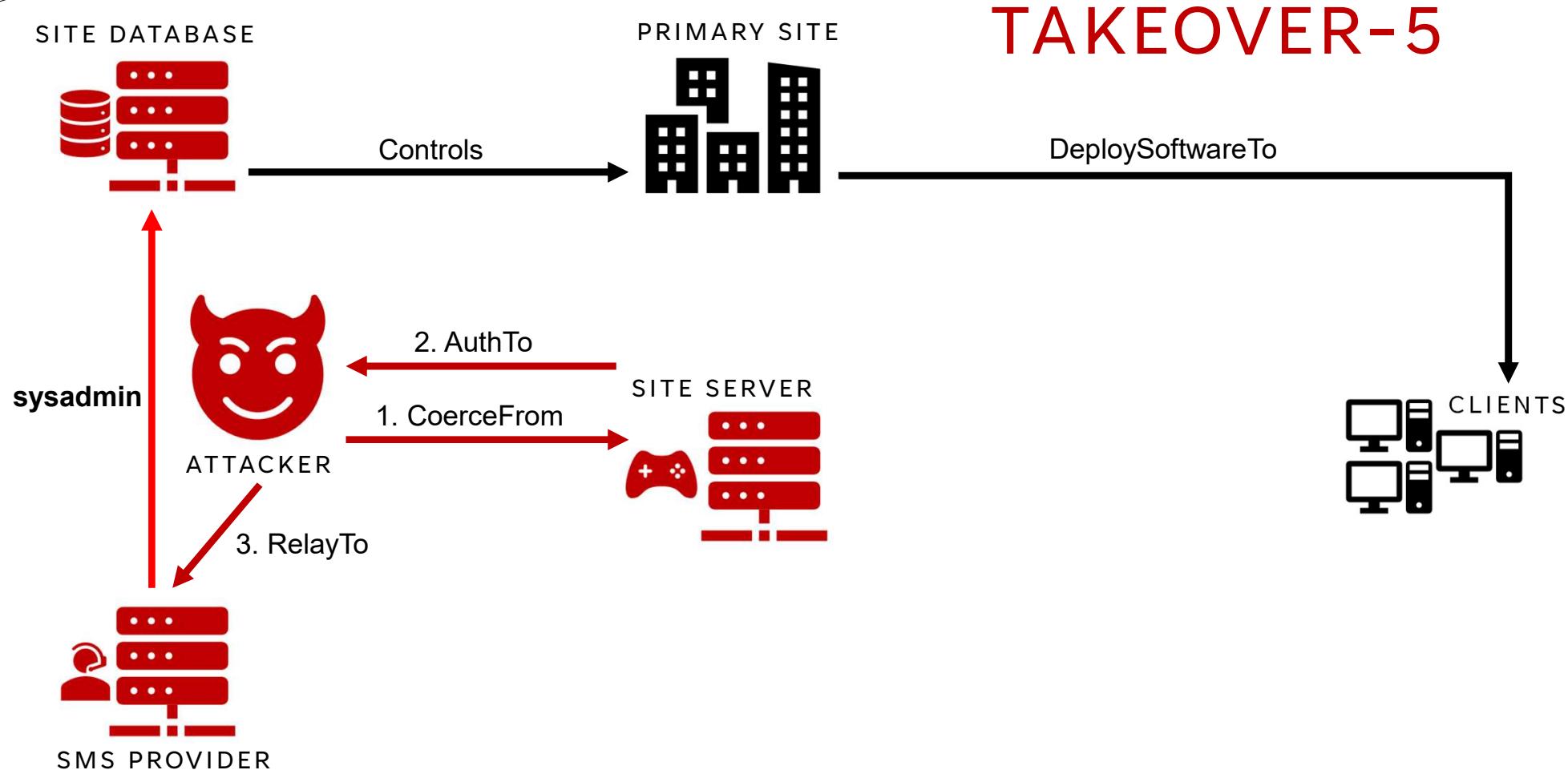
## TAKEOVER-5



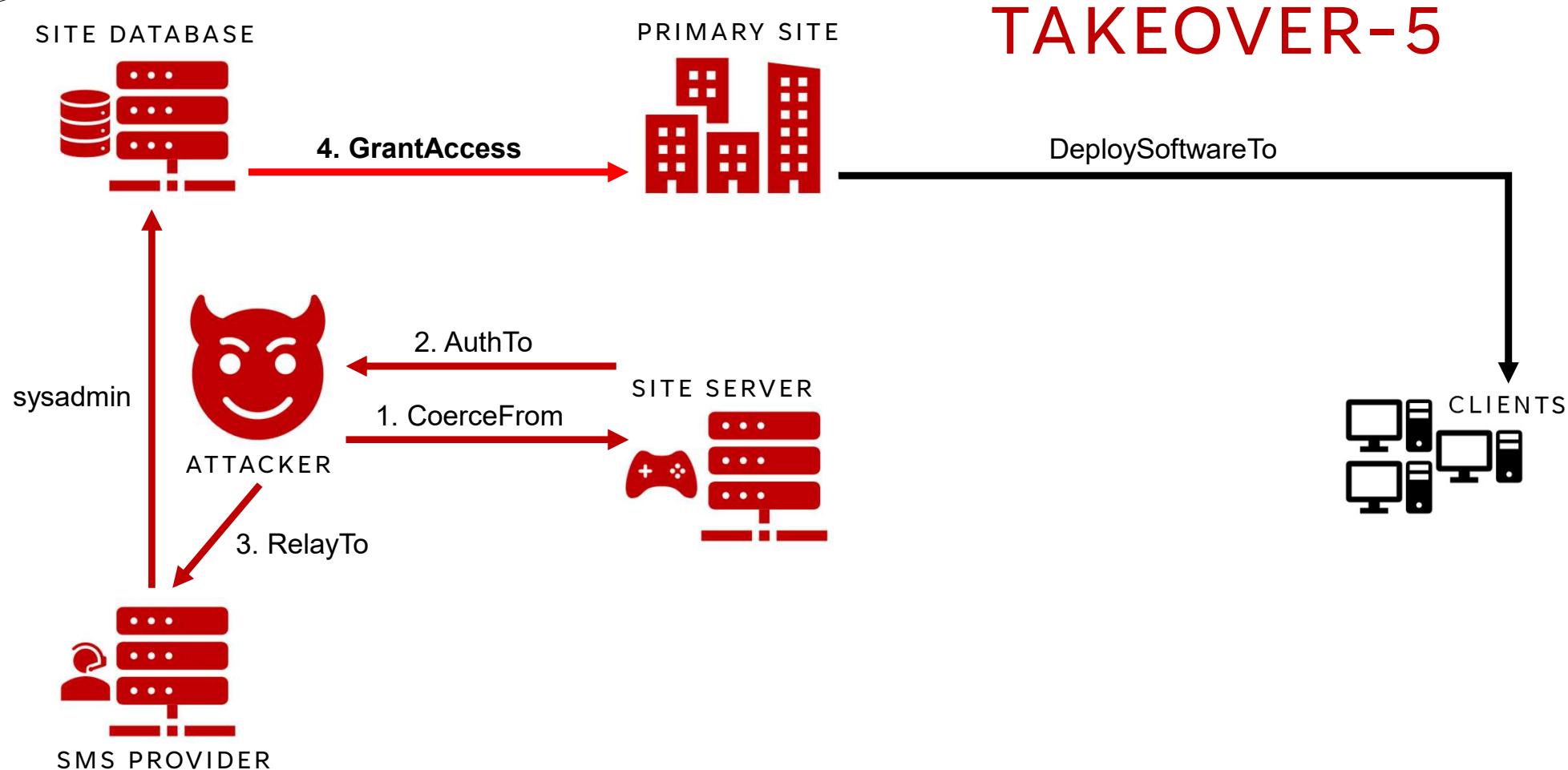
## TAKEOVER-5



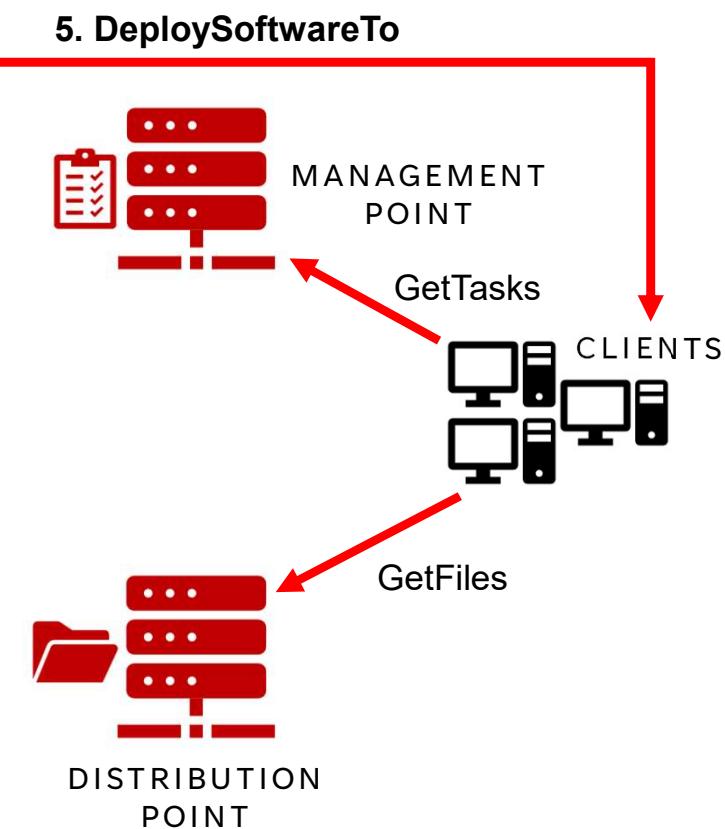
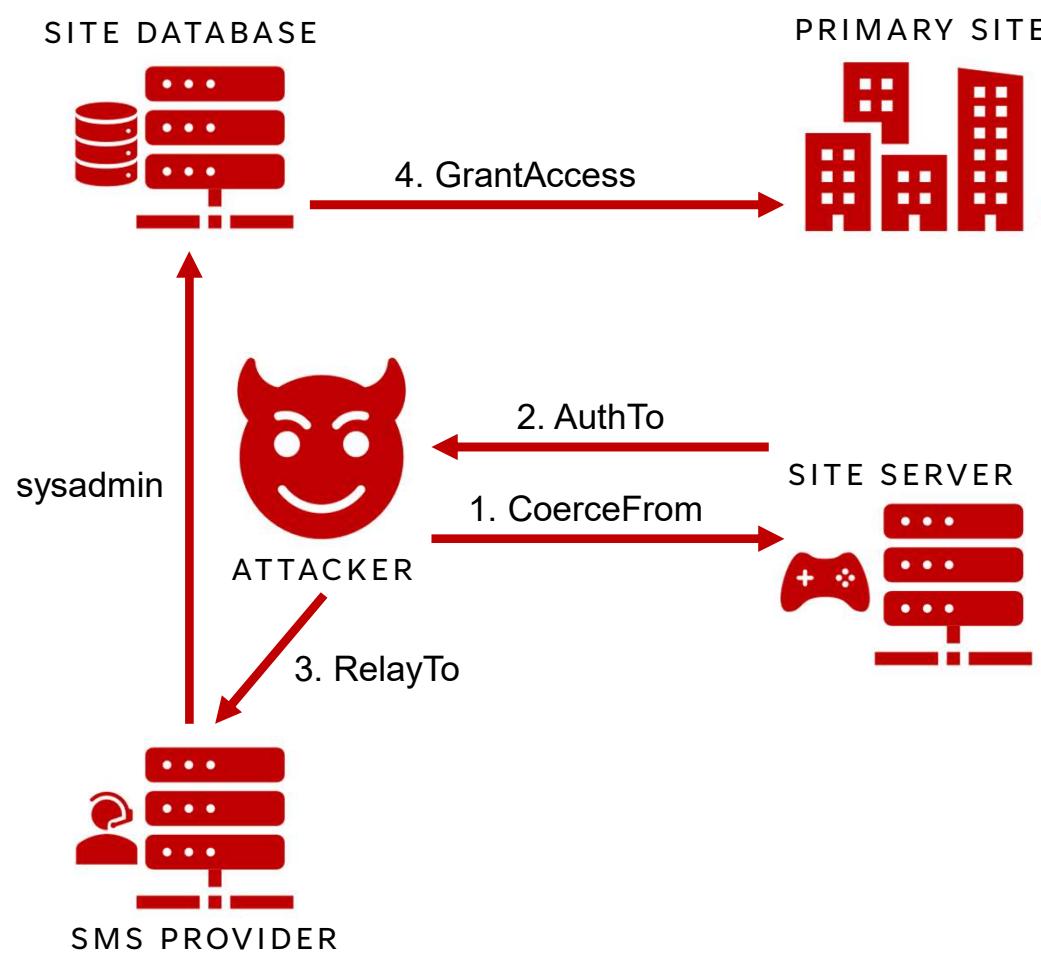
## TAKEOVER-5



## TAKEOVER-5



## TAKEOVER-5



# TAKEOVER-5



SITE-SERVER - Remote Desktop

Microsoft Configuration Manager (Connected to PS1, Aperture Science - SITE-SERVER.APERTURE.LOCAL)

Home

Add User or Group    Saved Searches

Create    Search

! One or more Azure AD app secrets used by Cloud Services have expired. Renew to avoid service disruptions. [Renew expired secret key](#)

1/1

Administration    \ Administration > Overview > Security > Administrative Users

Administrative Users 0 items

Search current node

Icon	Account Name	Account Display Name	Security Roles
User icon	APTURE\labadmin		"Full Administrator"

Icon   Account Name   Account Display Name   Security Roles

APTURE\labadmin   "Full Administrator"

Administration

- Overview
- Updates and Servicing
- Hierarchy Configuration
- Cloud Services
- Site Configuration
- Client Settings
- Security

Assets and Compliance

Software Library

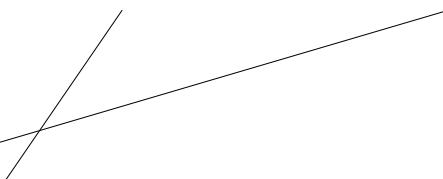
Monitoring

Community

Ready

Type here to search

7:47 PM  
1/29/2026



# TAKEOVER-5 REMEDIATION

- Only host the SMS Provider role on the site server  
OR
- **Upgrade** to Configuration Manager v2509, which denies NTLM authentication by default



# BLOODHOUND

Attack path management for:

- Active Directory
- Azure AD / Entra ID

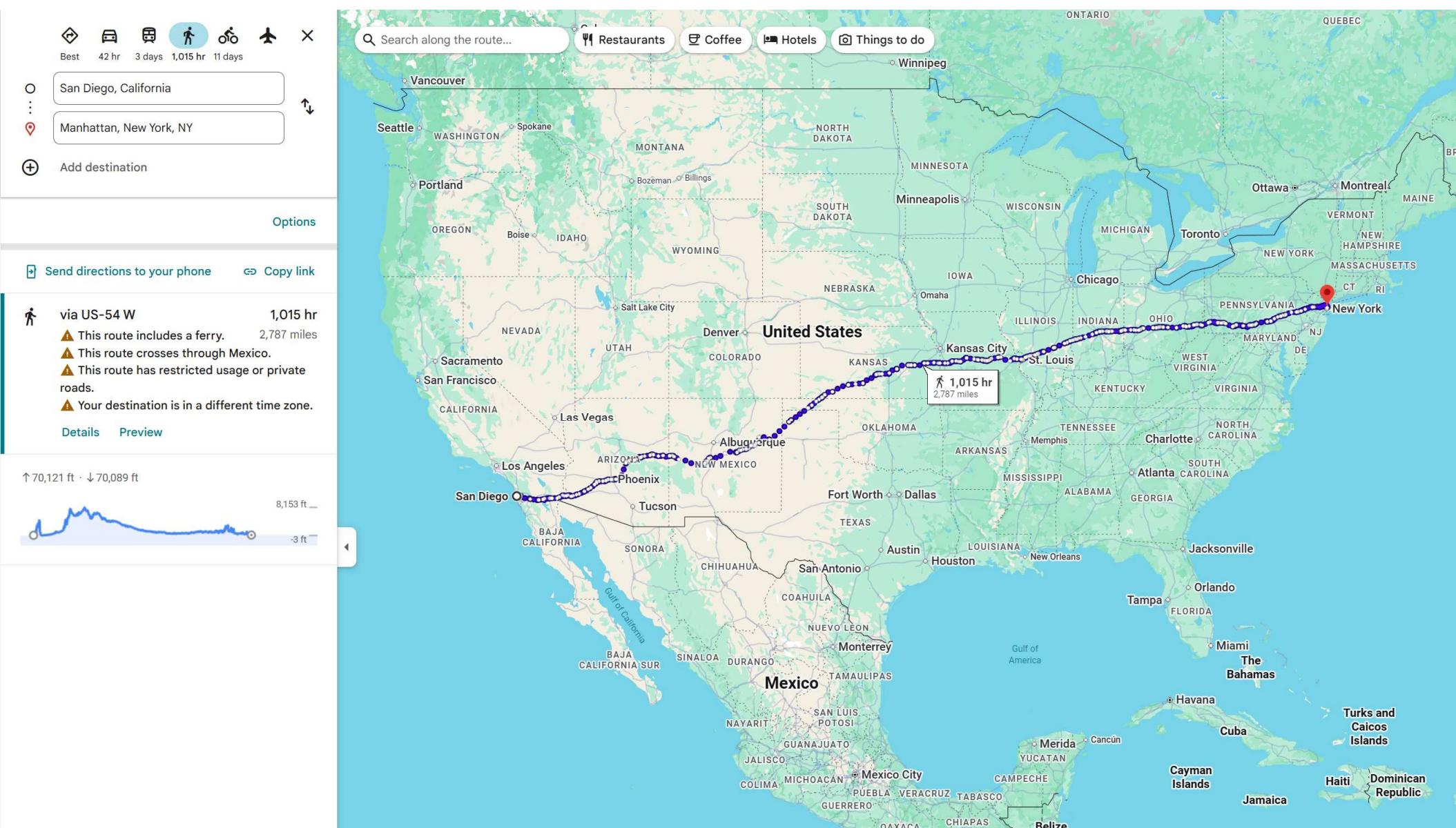
<https://bloodhound.specterops.io/>

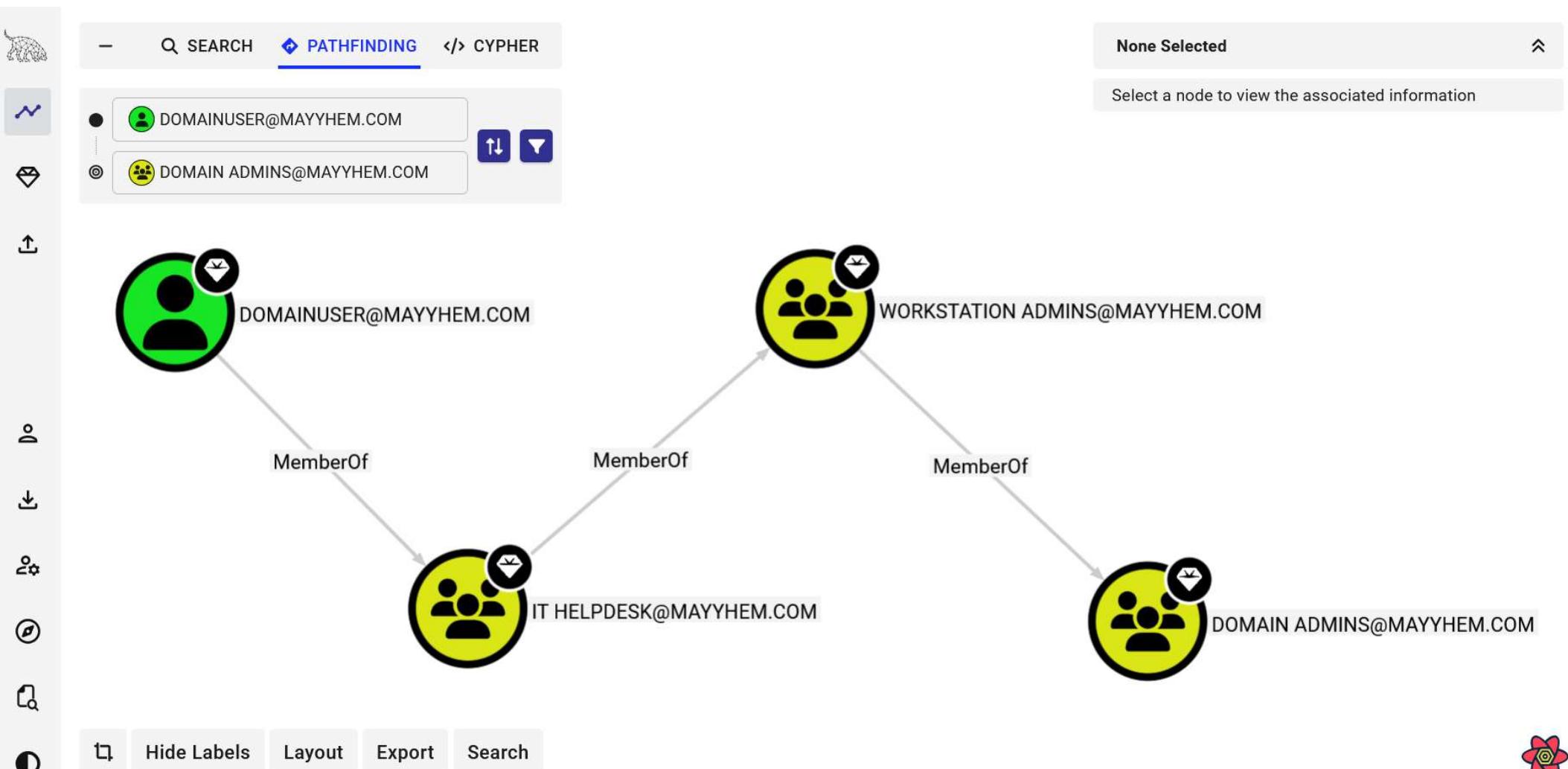


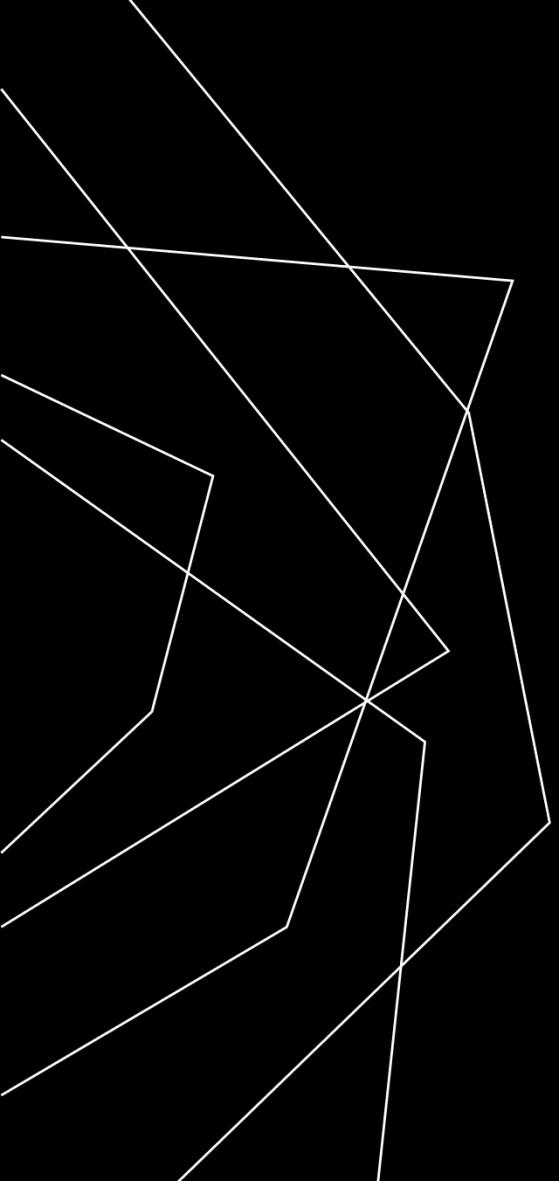
# BLOODHOUND

- Depicts control relationships (**edges**) between identities (**nodes**)
- Identifies long-forgotten, unintended chains of **permissions** and **abuses** that allow control of critical infrastructure

<https://bloodhound.specterops.io/>







# OPENGRAPH

<https://bloodhound.specterops.io/opengraph/library>



# BLOODHOUND

Attack path management for:

- Active Directory
- Azure AD / Entra ID
- All the things!

<https://bloodhound.specterops.io/>

# OpenGraph Library

▼ 1Password

 **1PassHound**

▼ Ansible

 **AnsibleHound**

▼ Active Directory (AD)

 **ADAttributeHound**

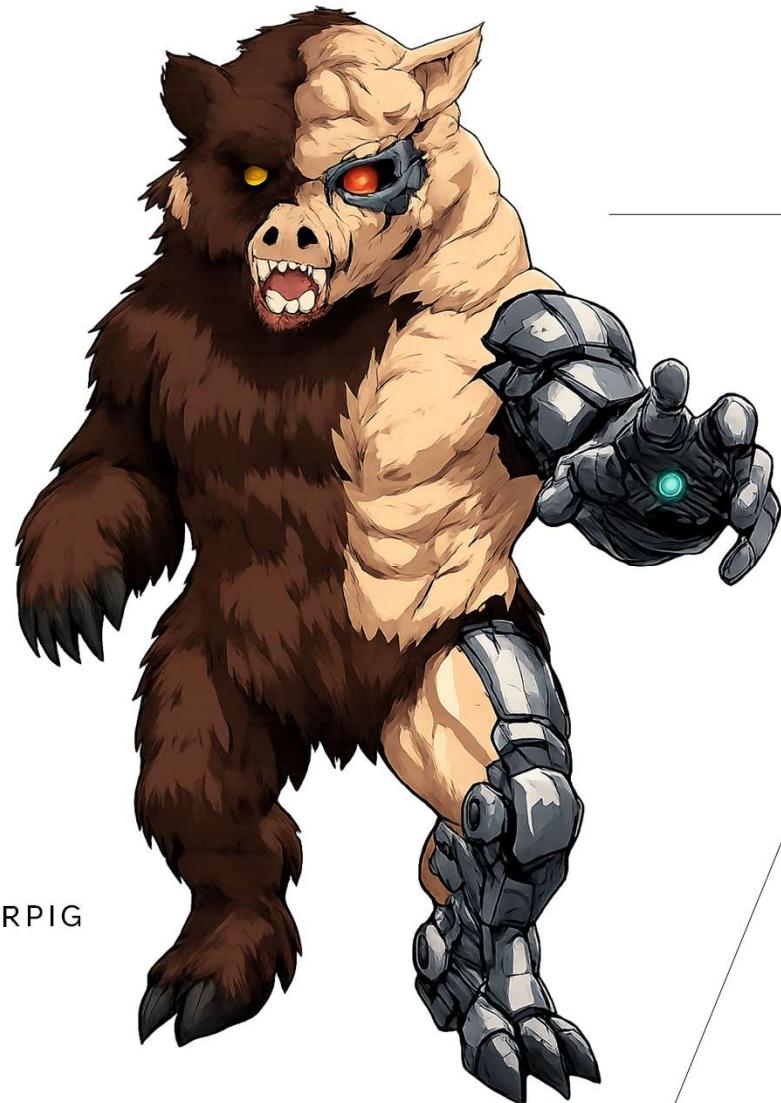


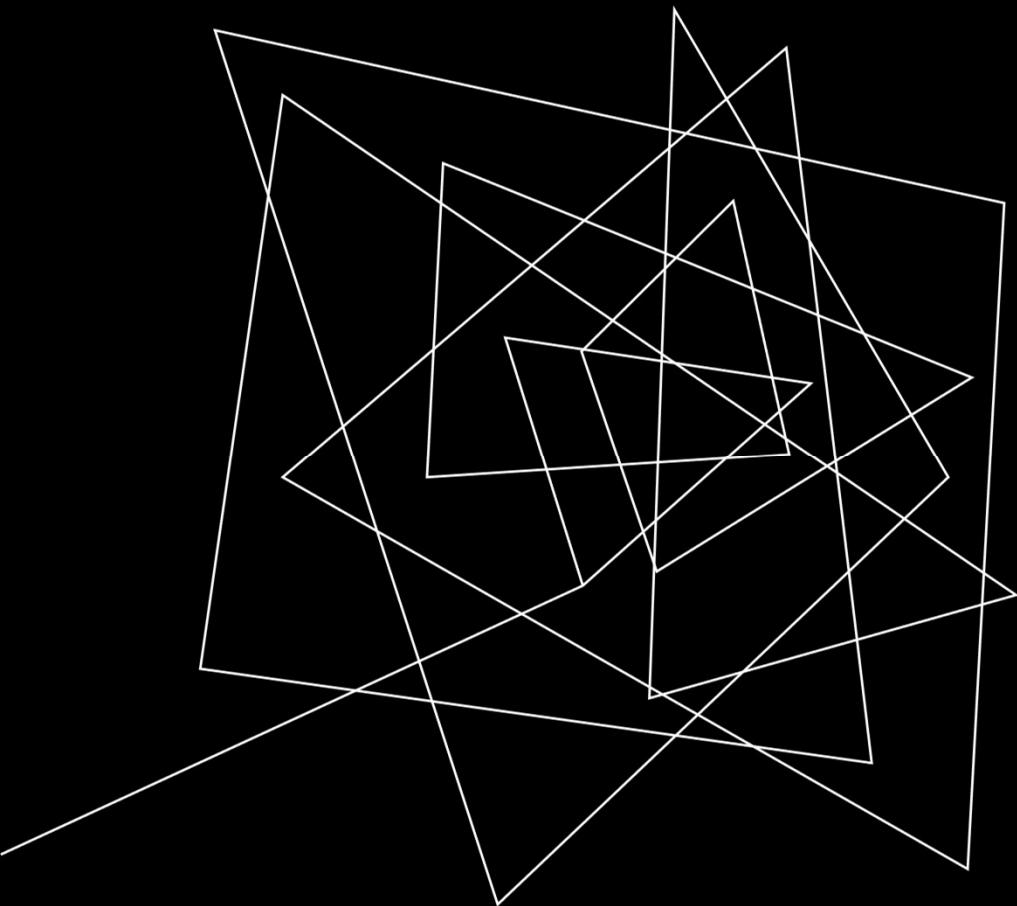
Unfortunately...  
The name  
**SCCMHOUND** was  
already taken

# ConfigManBearPig

- A PowerShell OpenGraph collector for SCCM
- 5 new nodes, 20 new edges, and 13 existing edges
- Does NOT require privileged access, just a domain user

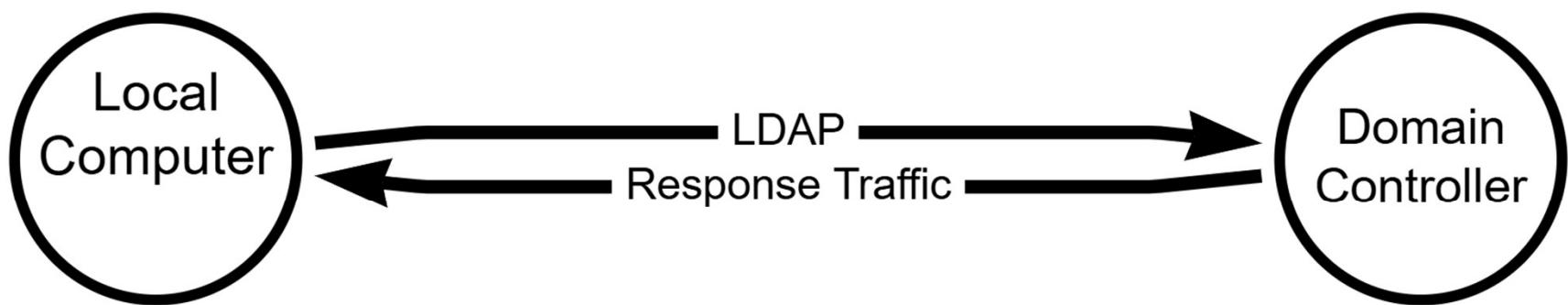
[HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/MAYYHEM/CONFIGMANBEARPIG](https://github.com/mayyhem/ConfigManBearPig)





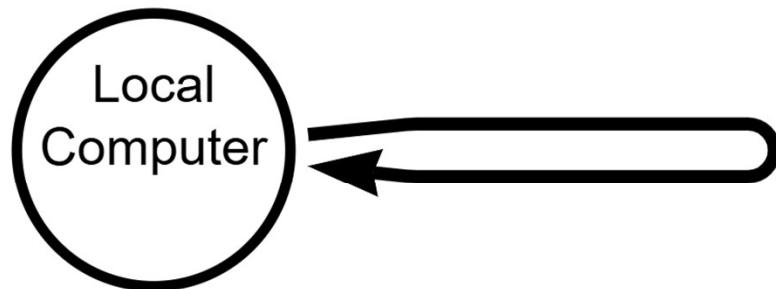
# COLLECTION RUN ONCE PHASES

# LDAP



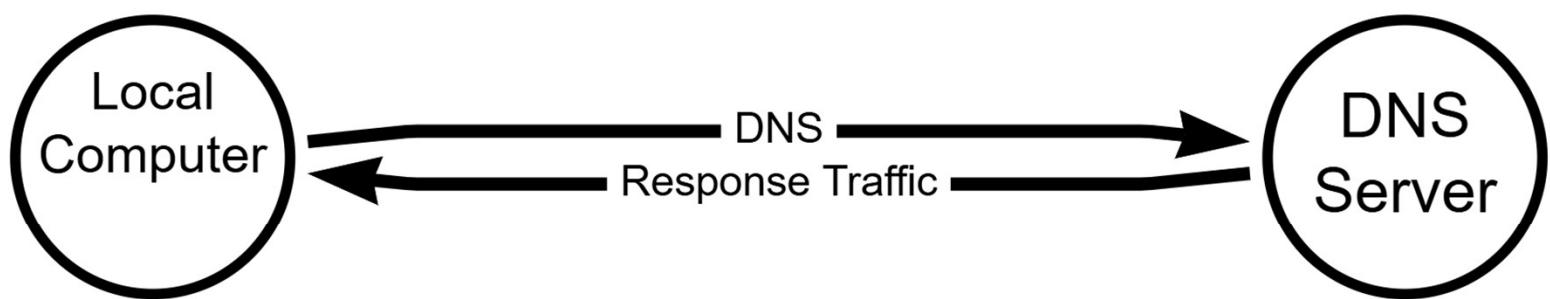
- Reads from System Management container in Active Directory
- Discovers:
  - sites, site servers, fallback status points, management points

# LOCAL

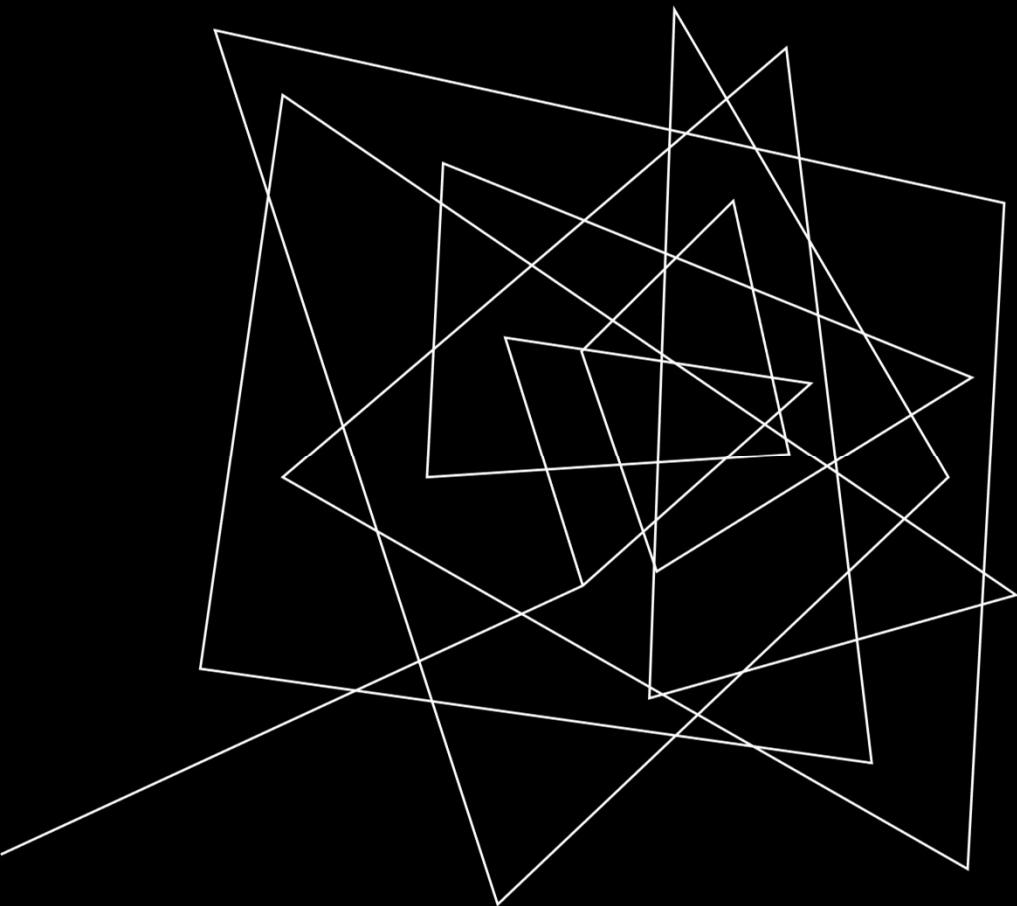


- Reads logs on disk
- Discovers:
  - management points, distribution points
- DPAPI-decrypts network access accounts if you risk detection

# DNS



- Uses known site codes to query SRV records
- Discovers:
  - management points



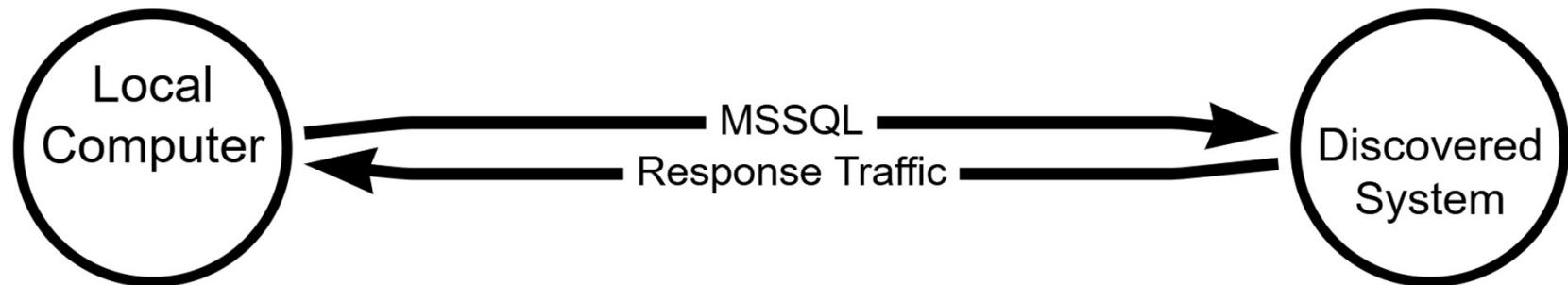
# COLLECTION PER HOST PHASES

# REMOTE REGISTRY



- Queries subkeys accessible to authenticated users
- Discovers:
  - site servers, site database servers, current user

# MSSQL



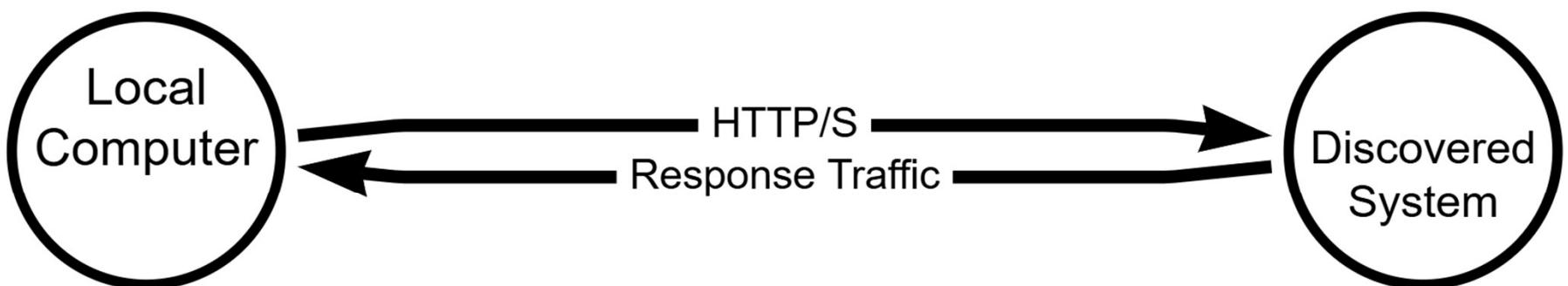
- Identifies extended protection for authentication settings
- Discovers:
  - site database servers, server and database principals

# ADMINSERVICE



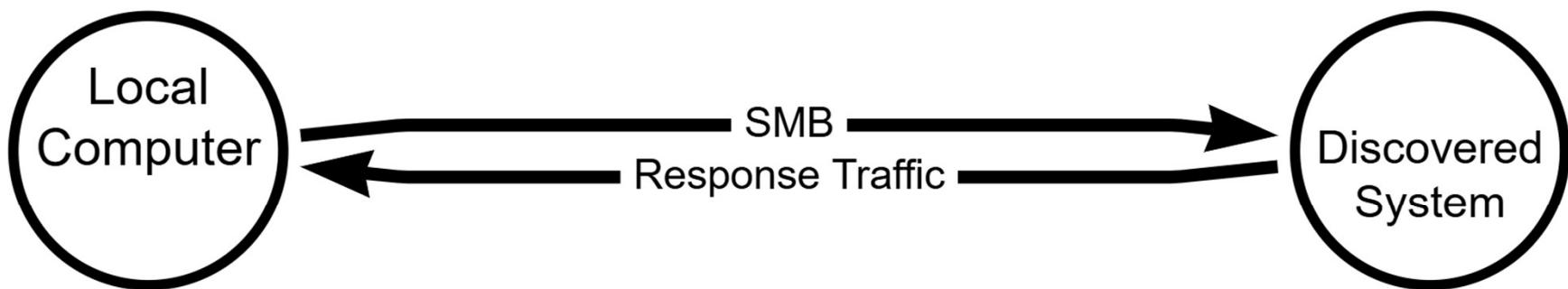
- Requires SCCM admin account
- Queries AdminService REST API on SMS Providers
- Discovers:
  - site systems, admin users/roles, client devices, logged in users

# HTTP

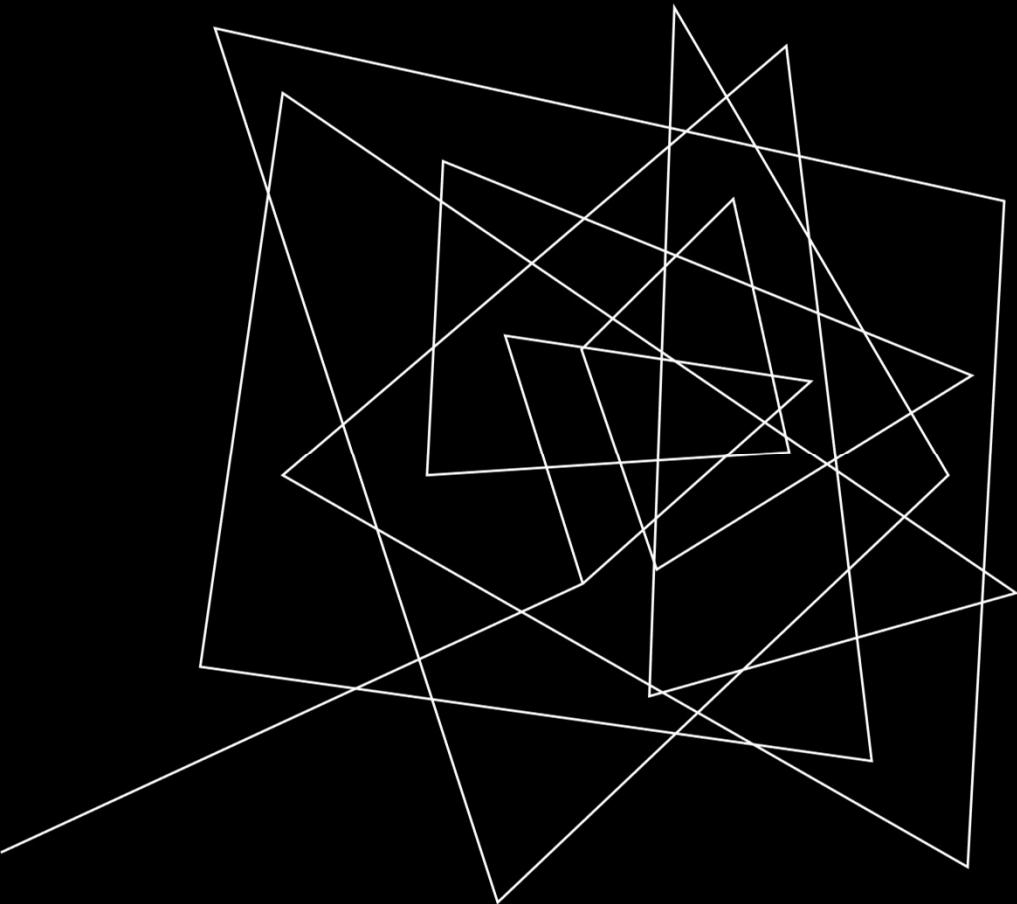


- Requests known HTTP endpoints and evaluates response codes
- Discovers:
  - management points, distribution points, SMS Providers

# SMB

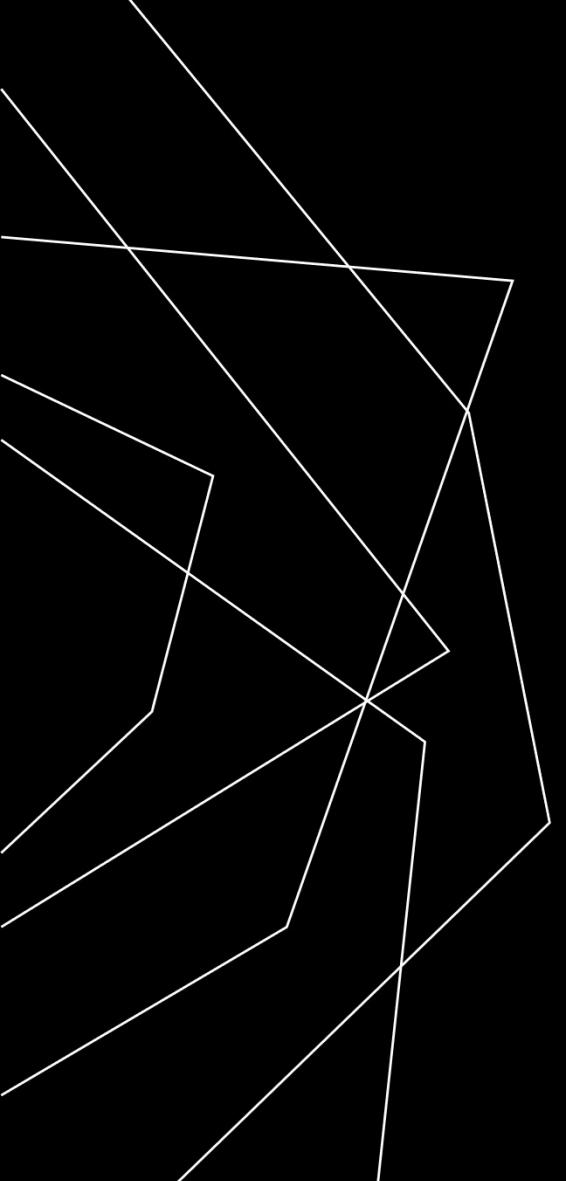


- Identifies SMB signing requirements
- Reads SMB share names and descriptions
- Discovers:
  - site servers, distribution points



## POST-PROCESSING

- Sites
- Admin users and roles
- Site system roles
- Relay to MSSQL
- Relay to AdminService
- Relay to SMB



# WHAT IS MSSQL?

Microsoft SQL Server

# MSSQL ATTACK PATHS

ALLOW ACCESS TO DATABASES... AND MORE

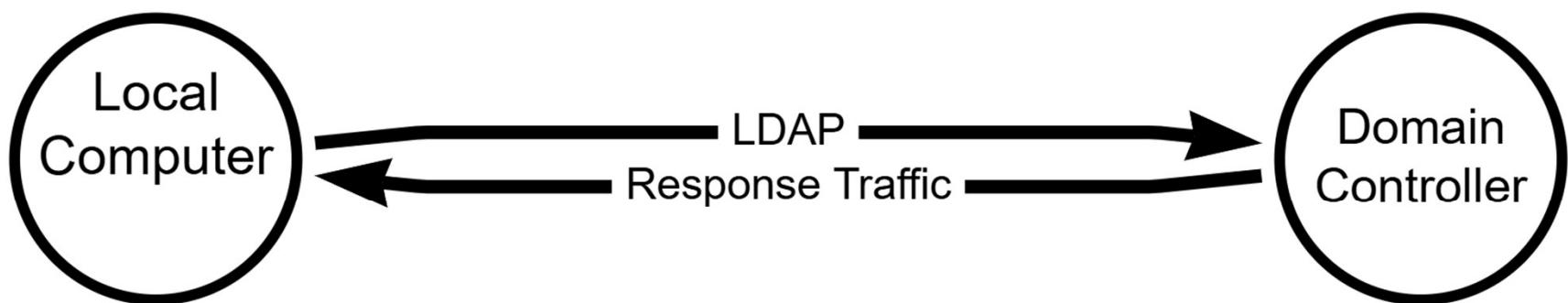
# MSSQLHound

- A PowerShell OpenGraph collector for MSSQL nodes and edges
- 7 new nodes and 37 new edges
- Requires an MSSQL login

[HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/SPECTEROPS/MSSQLHOUND](https://github.com/SPECTEROPS/MSSQLHOUND)



# LDAP

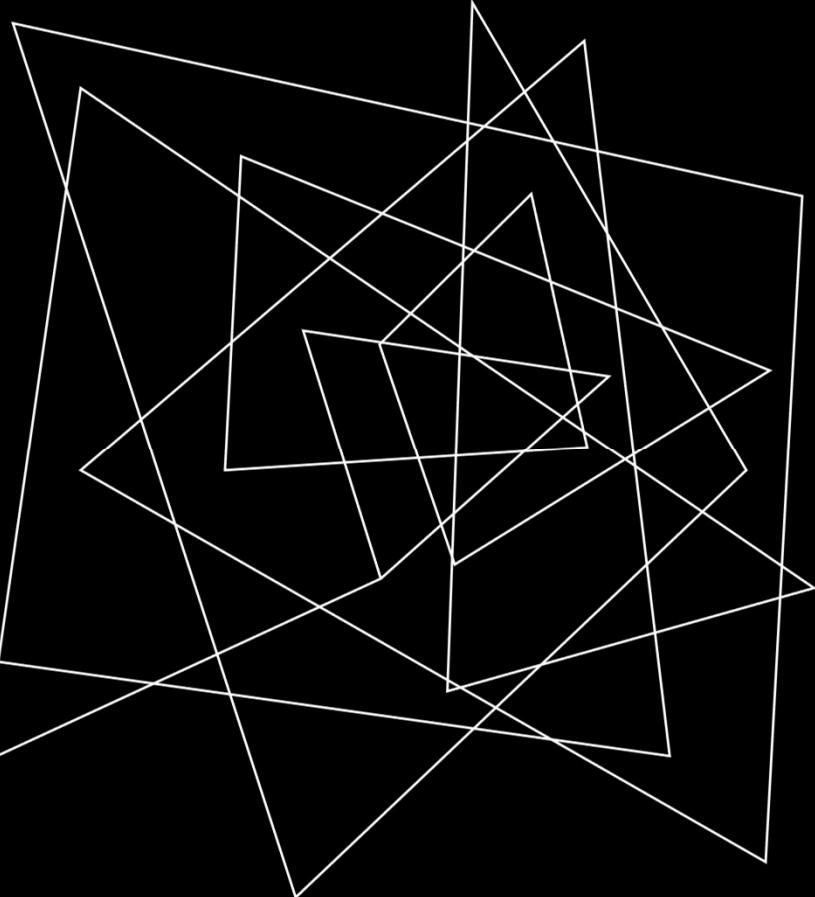


- Searches for computers with MSSQLSvc service principal names
- Discovers:
  - MSSQL hostnames, ports, and instance names

# MSSQL



- Identifies extended protection for authentication settings
- Discovers:
  - server and database principals, role members, linked servers, stored credentials, and much more

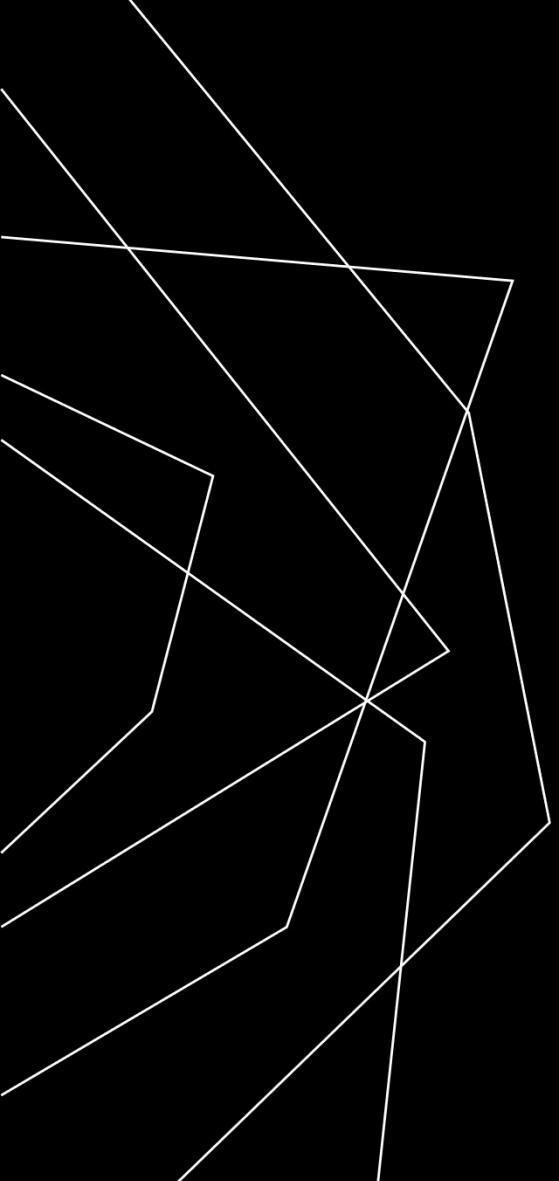


## POST-PROCESSING

- Server logins and roles
- Database users and roles
- Members
- Permissions
- Ownership
- Trustworthiness
- Linked servers
- Stored credentials



# GRAPHING ATTACK PATHS DEMO



# THANK YOU!

**Chris Thompson**

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GitHub: Mayyhem