Formatted Files

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CSV Files, Serialization, and Sequential vs. Random Access

▶ myFile = open("filename.txt", "w") - "w" = write a new file

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- ▶ myFile.write("Any string you'd like to write")
- myFile.write(str(myVar))
- ▶ myFile.close()
- ▶ myFile = open("filename.txt", "a") "a" = append to existing file

▶ myFile = open("filename.txt", "r") - "r" = read a file

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- ▶ myVar1 = myFile.readline()

- ▶ myFile = open("filename.txt", "r") "r" = read a file
- ▶ myVar1 = myFile.readline()
- ▶ myVar2 = myFile.readline()

- ▶ myFile = open("filename.txt", "r") "r" = read a file
- myVar1 = myFile.readline()
- myVar2 = myFile.readline()
- ▶ myFile.close()

```
▶ myList = []
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▶ myFile = open("filename.txt", "r")
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myList = []
myFile = open("filename.txt", "r")
for line in myFile:
    myList.append(line)
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myFile = open("filename.txt", "r")
for line in myFile:
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myFile.close()
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If an error occurs while reading, then your files won't be closed

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myList = []
with open("filename.txt", "r") as myFile:
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If an error occurs while reading, then your files won't be closed Use a with clause to have them automatically close:

```
myList = []
with open("filename.txt", "r") as myFile:
    for line in myFile:
        myList.append(line)
```

https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/inputoutput.html#reading-and-writing-files

```
{\tt myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]}
```

```
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
myFile = open("filename.txt", "w")
```

```
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
myFile = open("filename.txt", "w")
for row in myList:
    myFile.write(f"row[0],row[1],row[2]\n")
```

```
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
myFile = open("filename.txt", "w")
for row in myList:
    myFile.write(f"row[0],row[1],row[2]\n")
myFile.close()
```

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myList = []
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myList = []
myFile = open("filename.txt", "r")
```

```
myList = []
myFile = open("filename.txt", "r")
for line in myFile:
```

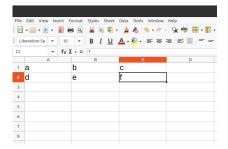
```
myList = []
myFile = open("filename.txt", "r")
for line in myFile:
    cols = line.strip().split(",")
```

```
myList = []
myFile = open("filename.txt", "r")
for line in myFile:
    cols = line.strip().split(",")
    myList.append([cols[0], cols[1], cols[2]])
```

```
myList = []
myFile = open("filename.txt", "r")
for line in myFile:
    cols = line.strip().split(",")
    myList.append([cols[0], cols[1], cols[2]])
myFile.close()
```

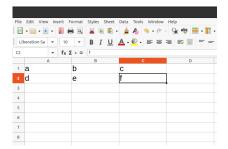
CSV Files

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A Spreadsheet

CSV Files



A Spreadsheet



A CSV file

import csv

```
import csv
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
```

```
import csv
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
with open("filename.txt", "w") as myFile:
```

```
import csv
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
with open("filename.txt", "w") as myFile:
    csvwriter = csv.writer(myFile)
```

```
import csv
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
with open("filename.txt", "w") as myFile:
    csvwriter = csv.writer(myFile)
    for row in myList:
        csvwriter.writerow(row)
```

import csv

```
import csv
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
```

```
import csv
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
with open("filename.txt", "r") as myFile:
```

```
import csv
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
with open("filename.txt", "r") as myFile:
    csvreader = csv.reader(myFile)
```

```
import csv
myList = [["a", "b", "c"], ["d", "e", "f"]]
with open("filename.txt", "r") as myFile:
    csvreader = csv.reader(myFile)
    for row in csvreader:
        myList.append(row)
```

https://docs.python.org/3/library/csv.html

To save an object, just save all of its attributes in a list

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from person import Person

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from person import Person
dave = Person(name="Dave Davison", DOB="1/1/2001")

To save an object, just save all of its attributes in a list This is called *serializing* import csv

```
from person import Person
dave = Person(name="Dave Davison", DOB="1/1/2001")
with open("dave.csv", "w") as fp:
```

To save an object, just save all of its attributes in a list

Python provides a std lib for serializing objects

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with open("dave.pickle", "wb") as fp:
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Python provides a std lib for serializing objects

```
import pickle
from person import Person
dave = Person(name="Dave Davison", DOB="1/1/2001")
with open("dave.pickle", "wb") as fp:
    pickle.dump(dave, fp, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
```

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import pickle
from person import Person
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with open("dave.pickle", "wb") as fp:
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```

Python provides a std lib for serializing objects

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import pickle
from person import Person
dave = Person(name="Dave Davison", DOB="1/1/2001")
with open("dave.pickle", "wb") as fp:
    pickle.dump(dave, fp, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
with open("dave.pickle", "rb") as fp:
    dave2 = pickle.load(fp)
```

Python provides a std lib for serializing objects

Called pickle — a Python object serialized in this way is said to be pickled

```
import pickle
from person import Person
dave = Person(name="Dave Davison", DOB="1/1/2001")
with open("dave.pickle", "wb") as fp:
    pickle.dump(dave, fp, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
with open("dave.pickle", "rb") as fp:
    dave2 = pickle.load(fp)
```

https://docs.python.org/3/library/pickle.html

Sequential Access

Sequential Access

```
myFile = open("sequentialFile.txt", "r")
```

```
myFile = open("sequentialFile.txt", "r")
line1 = myFile.readline()
```

```
myFile = open("sequentialFile.txt", "r")
line1 = myFile.readline()
line2 = myFile.readline()
```

```
myFile = open("sequentialFile.txt", "r")
line1 = myFile.readline()
line2 = myFile.readline()
line3 = myFile.readline()
```

```
myFile = open("sequentialFile.txt", "r")
line1 = myFile.readline()
line2 = myFile.readline()
line3 = myFile.readline()
line4 = myFile.readline()
```

```
myFile = open("sequentialFile.txt", "r")
line1 = myFile.readline()
line2 = myFile.readline()
line3 = myFile.readline()
line4 = myFile.readline()
myFile.close()
```

Directly access lines in a file by their line number (out-of-order)

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In Python, use linecache std lib:

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import linecache

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In Python, use linecache std lib:

```
import linecache
line4 = linecache.getline("myfile.txt", 4)
```

Directly access lines in a file by their line number (out-of-order)

In Python, use linecache std lib:

```
import linecache
line4 = linecache.getline("myfile.txt", 4)
line2 = linecache.getline("myfile.txt", 2)
```

Directly access lines in a file by their line number (out-of-order)

In Python, use linecache std lib:

import linecache
line4 = linecache.getline("myfile.txt", 4)
line2 = linecache.getline("myfile.txt", 2)

https://docs.python.org/3/library/linecache.html