bool types and if statements

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Basic program control flow in Python

List of Basic Datatypes

We have already seen three of the basic data types in Python:

- ► Integers (int type)
 - ightharpoonup ..., -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, ...
- ► Floating-point (decimal/fractional) numbers (float type)
 - ► 1.5, -1.5, 1.0, ...
- ► Strings (words and sentences) (str type)
 - ► "Tyler", "hello world", "%#()*", "1.0"

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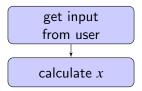
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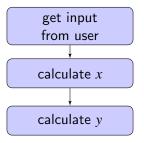
One more type in the future:

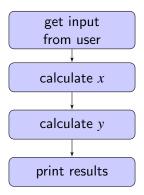
- ► Boolean (bool type)
 - ► True, False



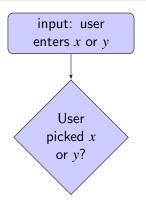
get input from user

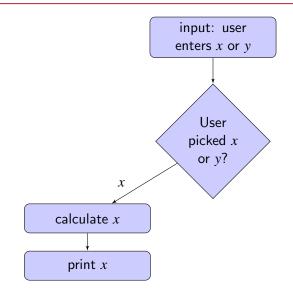


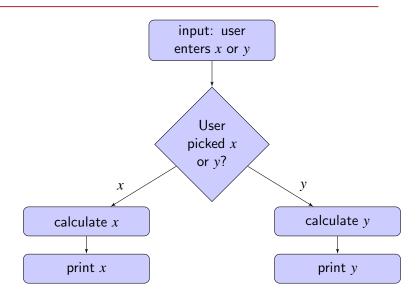


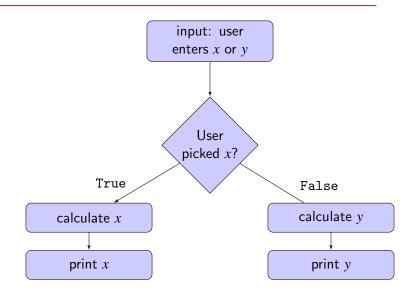


input: user enters x or y









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 x != y - True if x does not equal y

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x = 3 tells the computer: "assign the variable x the value 3"

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x = 3 *tells* the computer: "assign the variable x the value 3"

x == 3 asks the computer: "is x equal to 3? Say True if so!"

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Compares strings from left-to-right by ASCII codes (sort-of alphabetical order)

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bool Variables

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bool Variables

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- ▶ str1 <= str2 − True if str1 < str2, or str1 == str2
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ASCII order is only alphabetical if everything is capitalized the same:

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- 6. Lower-case letters in order: a, b, c, ...,

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- 6. Lower-case letters in order: a, b, c, ...,
- 7. The rest of the special characters: $\{$, |, $\}$, \sim , DEL

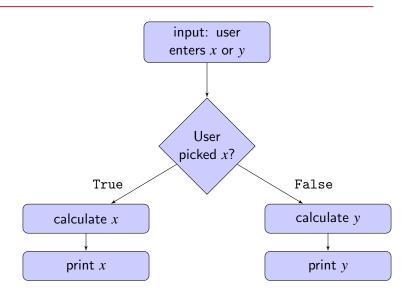
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Concept Check!

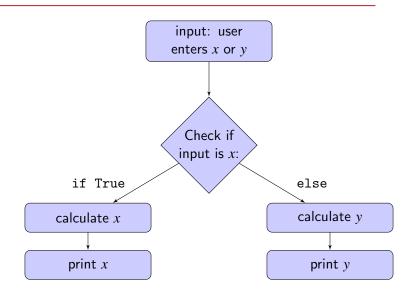
Evaluate each of the following:

- 1. >>> 3 == 3
- 2. >>> 3.0 == 3.00000001
- 3. >>> 3.0 != 3.00000001
- 4. >>> 3.0 < 3.0000001
- 5. >>> 3 < 3
- 6. >>> 3 <= 3
- 7. >>> 3 > 4
- 8. >>> 3 > 3
- 9. >>> 3 >= 3
- 10. >>> "tom" < "tyler"
- 11. >>> "tom" < "Tyler"
- 12. >>> "tyler" == " tyler"

Branching Control Flow



Branching Control Flow



if condition:

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This is the body-print or do something here

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This is the *body* – print or do something here Can have more than one *statement* here

```
if condition:
```

This is the *body* - print or do something here Can have more than one *statement* here else:

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print or do something else

if condition:

This is the body-print or do something here Can have more than one statement here

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print or do something else

Since this is not indented, do it either way

```
userInput = input("Are you sick? (enter y or n)")
```

```
userInput = input("Are you sick? (enter y or n)")
if userInput == "y":
```

```
userInput = input("Are you sick? (enter y or n)")
if userInput == "y":
    print("Stay home")
```

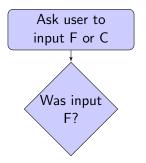
```
userInput = input("Are you sick? (enter y or n)")
if userInput == "y":
    print("Stay home")
    print("Get well soon!")
```

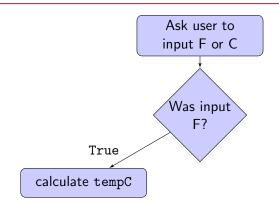
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if userInput == "y":
    print("Stay home")
    print("Get well soon!")
else:
```

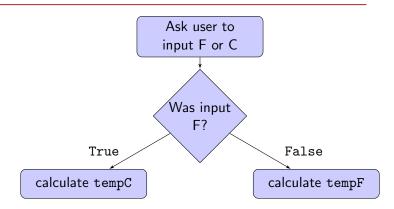
```
userInput = input("Are you sick? (enter y or n)")
if userInput == "y":
    print("Stay home")
    print("Get well soon!")
else:
    print("You need to come to work tomorrow!")
```

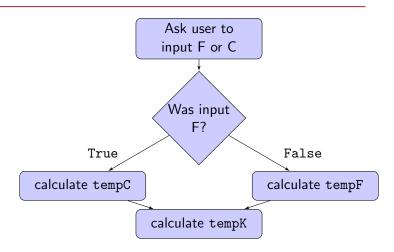
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userInput = input("Are you sick? (enter y or n)")
if userInput == "y":
    print("Stay home")
    print("Get well soon!")
else:
    print("You need to come to work tomorrow!")
print("Goodbye")
```

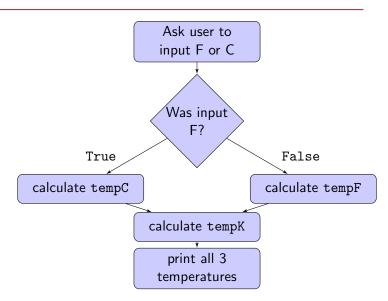
Ask user to input F or C











Concept Check!

What will each of the following blocks of code print?

```
1. x = -5
  if x < 1.0:
       print("x is small")
  else:
       print("x is big")
2. userName = "Bobo"
  if userName >= " ":
       print("Nice name!")
  else:
       print("Bad name!")
```