Basic I/O in Python





```
x = (input / 56.7) ** 2.5

y = x + 57.0 \% 6

z = (x + y) / 2.0

z = z + 4 * x ** 2
```



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y = x + 57.0 \% 6

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▶ input() — prompt user for input from terminal

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- ▶ print() display program output to terminal window

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```
userInput = input("Enter your input here: ")
```

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```
userInput = input("Enter your input here: ")
# Do some calculations with userInput variable
...
```

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userInput = input("Enter your input here: ")
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...
outputMessage = ...
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```
userInput = input("Enter your input here: ")
# Do some calculations with userInput variable
...
outputMessage = ...
print(outputMessage)
```

The input() function

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Basic form:

```
stringInput = input("Please type your input: ")
```

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Basic form:

```
stringInput = input("Please type your input: ")
```

For numerical inputs:

```
floatInput = float(input("Enter any number: "))
intInput = int(input("Enter an int: "))
```

Concept Check!

What is the value (and type) of userInput after each of the following commands/user inputs?

```
1. >>> userInput = input()
5
2. >>> userInput = input("Enter a number: ")
   Enter a number: 5
3. >>> userInput = int(input("Enter a number: "))
   Enter a number: 5
4. >>> userInput = int(input("Enter a number: "))
   Enter a number: 5.0
```

Basic Functionality:

```
print("The answer is:")
print(variableName)
```

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No New Lines:

```
print("The answer is: ", end="")
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```
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print(variableName)
```

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```
print("The answer is: ", end="")
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```

Print multiple items:

```
print("The answer is: ", variableName)
or
print("The answer is: " + str(variableName))
```

Basic String Tricks

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Triple Quotes:

""" This text will display on two lines"""

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Special Formatting Characters:

```
"\n" - new line "\t" - tab
```

Basic f-string usage:

```
\label{eq:myVar} \begin{tabular}{ll} myVar = 5 \\ print(f"My variable has the value: $\{myVar\}")$ \end{tabular}
```

Basic f-string usage:

```
myVar = 5
print(f"My variable has the value: {myVar}")
```

Advanced f-string usage:

```
myVar = 5
print(f"My variable is less than: {myVar + 1}")
myVar = 1.23456
print(f"My variable has the value: {myVar:.2f}")
```

Basic f-string usage:

```
myVar = 5
print(f"My variable has the value: {myVar}")
```

Advanced f-string usage:

```
myVar = 5
print(f"My variable is less than: {myVar + 1}")
myVar = 1.23456
print(f"My variable has the value: {myVar:.2f}")
```

Learn more:

https://docs.python.org/3/library/string.html#formatspec

Concept Check!

```
Let myFloat = 1.499999 and myInt = 1. What will the following statements output?
```

- 1. print(myFloat)
- 2. print("The float is: " + str(myFloat))
- 3. print("The int is: ", myInt)
- 4. print("The int is: ", end="")
 print(myInt)
- 5. print("""The int has the value
 in myInt and
 the float has the value in myFloat""")
- 6. print(f"The int is less than: {myInt + 1}")
- 7. print(f"The float is about: {myFloat:.1f}")