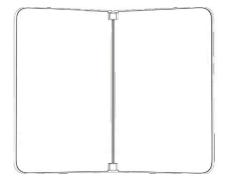
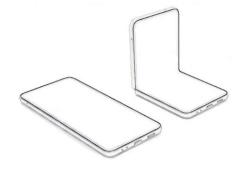
### Different screen sizes

# Foldables on Android What's new?

Thomas Künneth







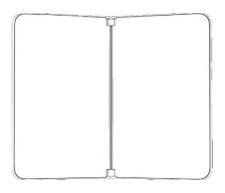
- What are foldables anyway?
- Window size classes and why we need them
- Canonical layouts
- Material3 Adaptive



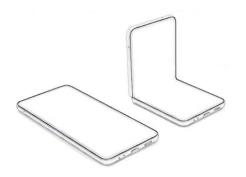
https://github.com/tkuenneth/foldables\_and\_large\_screens













- Typically, 360-degree hinge
- Various postures depending on intended use
- Feels like a smartphone when closed
- Essentially becomes a tablet when opened
- Various postures, but no 360 degrees
- Very compact
- Must be opened for full usage
- Main screen essentially is Smartphone-sized

Not all foldables have large screens

A small screen for ad hoc interactions



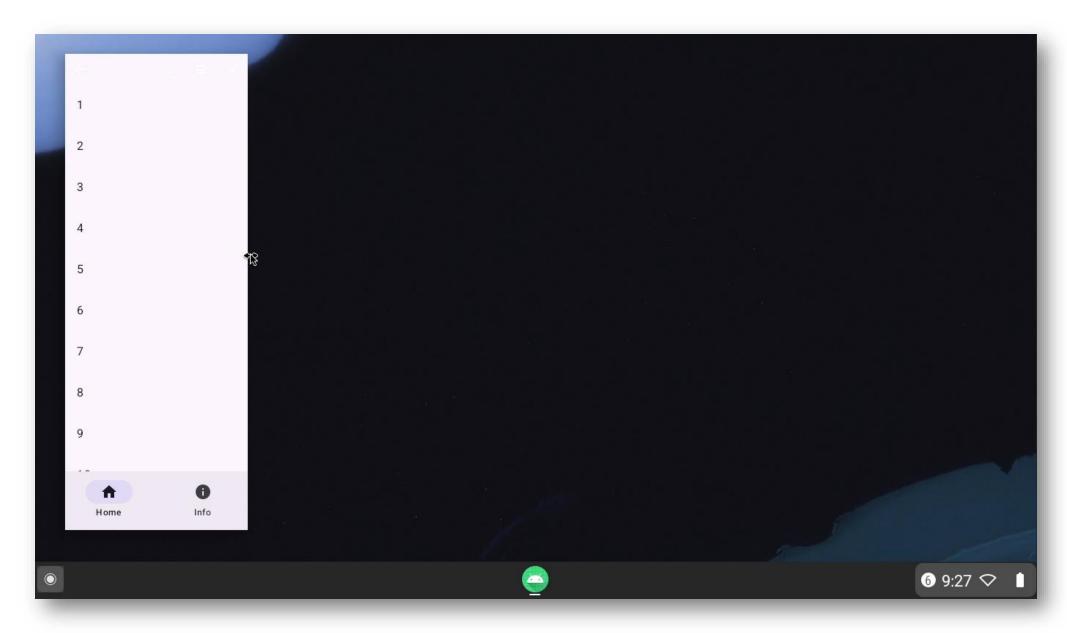




- Large screen
- Natural orientation portrait or landscape
- May offer a Freeform experience

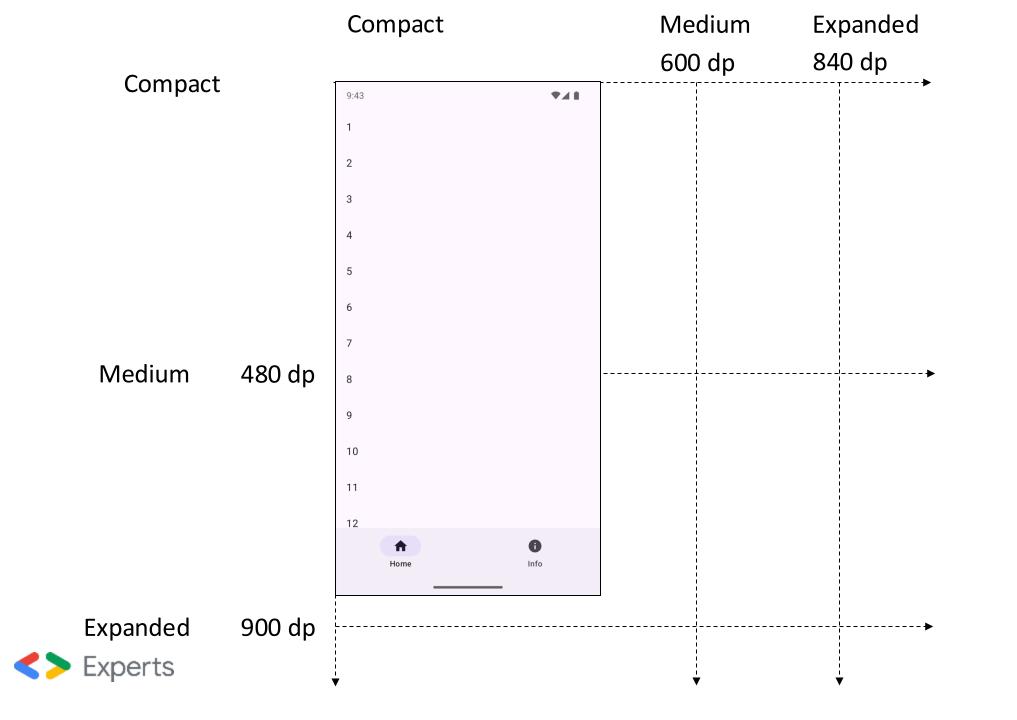




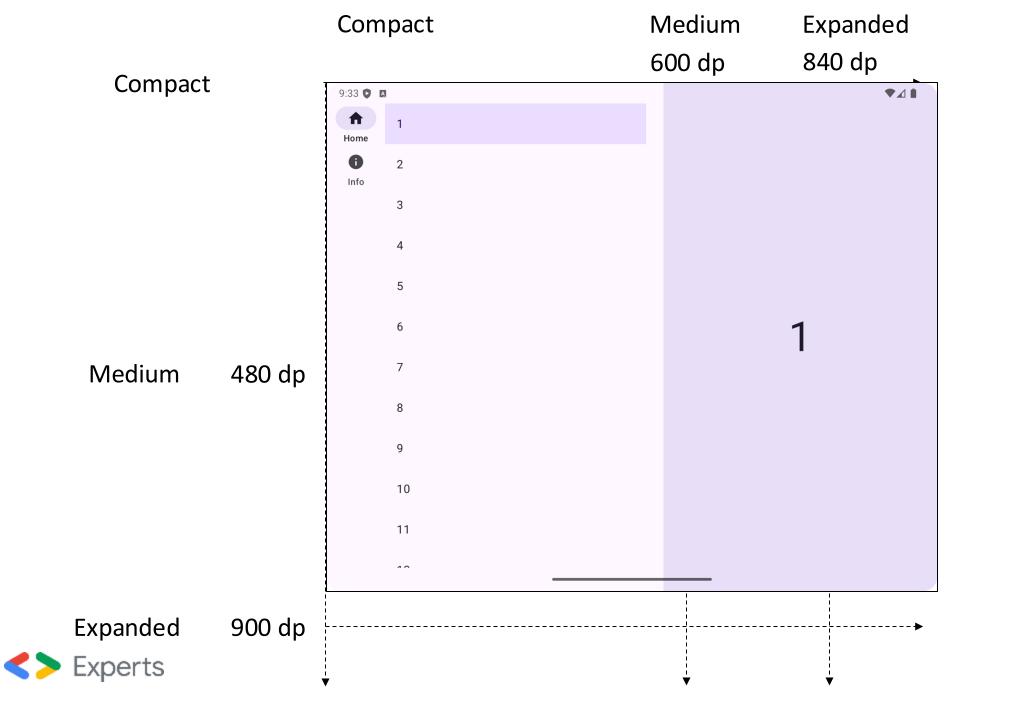








**Snapp Mobile** 



**Snapp Mobile** 

Window size classes affect the **location and size** of both **navigation** and **content area**, as well as **which components we use** 





- Concept of window size classes introduced in 2021
- Two implementations (Jetpack WindowManager and material3window-size-class)
- Until recently, logic which navigation composable to be used needed to be done in the app code





- Navigation bar for compact horizontal window size class
- Navigation rail for medium or expanded horizontal window size class
- Navigation drawer for expanded horizontal window size class
- Considerable amount of boilerplate code

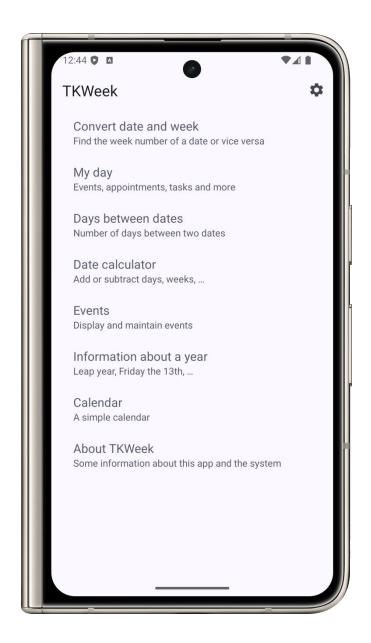


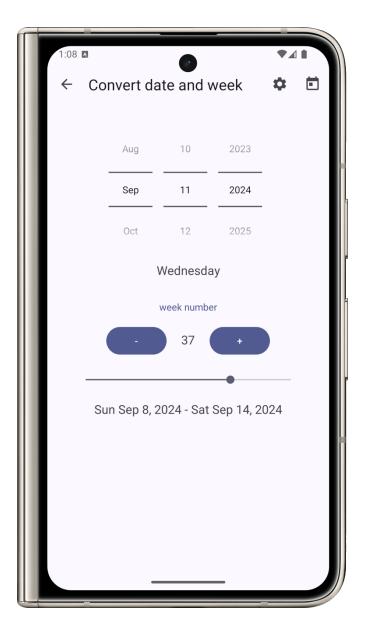




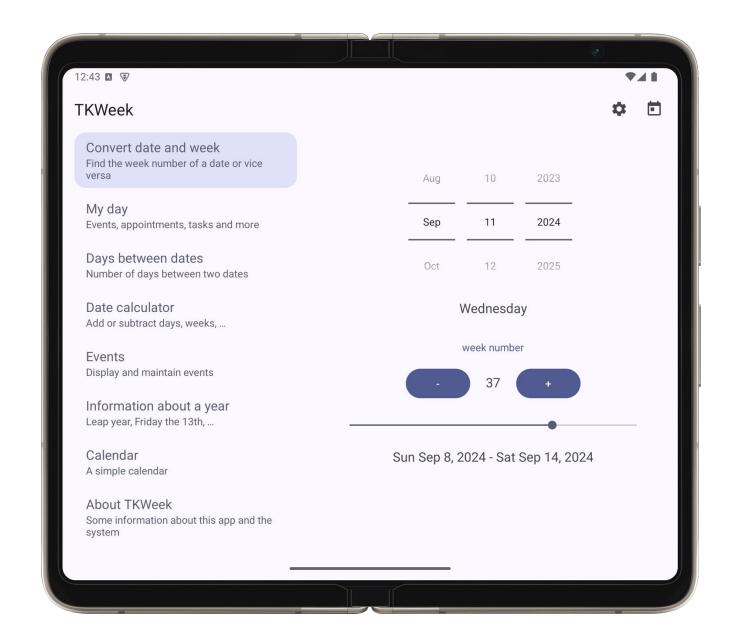














# Canonical layouts

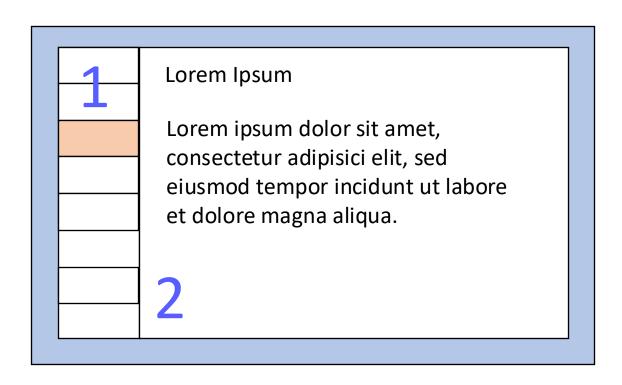
- Template for a specific type of layout or design
- Based on logical panes
- Implementations use Window Size Classes to determine ...
  - which panes are visible
  - size, location, and content of panes
- Until recently, no ready-to-use Jetpack Compose implementations





#### List-detail

- Scrollable lists of items
- Item detail containing supplementary information



# Supporting pane

- Primary section for the main app content
- Secondary section supports the main app content
- Optional tertiary section for additional content

Lorem Ipsum

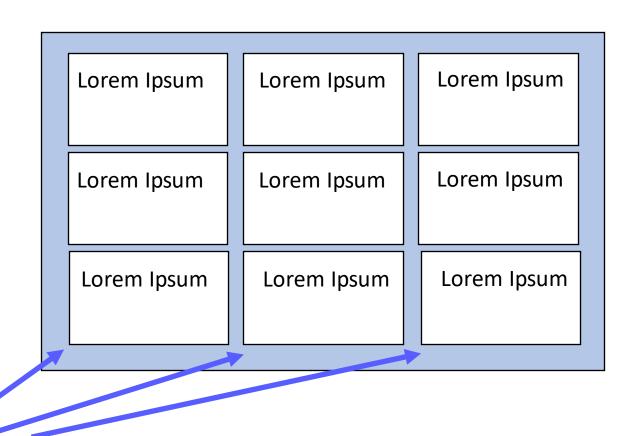
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisici elit, sed eiusmod tempor incidunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.

1



#### Feed

- Organizes cards in a grid
- Easily browse a large amount of content



These are no panes





# Material3 Adaptive

- Uses navigation components based on window size classes
- Provides implementations of List-detail and Supporting pane
- Relies on panes













```
[versions]
   material3AdaptiveNavSuite = "1.3.0"
   material3Adaptive = "1.0.0"
   [libraries]
   androidx-material3-adaptive-navigation-suite = {
       module = "androidx.compose.material3:material3-adaptive-navigation-suite",
       version.ref = "material3AdaptiveNavSuite" }
   androidx-material3-adaptive-layout = {
       module = "androidx.compose.material3.adaptive:adaptive-layout",
10
       version.ref = "material3Adaptive" }
11
12 androidx-material3-adaptive-navigation = {
13
       module = "androidx.compose.material3.adaptive:adaptive-navigation",
14
       version.ref = "material3Adaptive" }
```

```
dependencies {
   implementation(libs.androidx.material3.adaptive.navigation.suite)
   implementation(libs.androidx.material3.adaptive.layout)
   implementation(libs.androidx.material3.adaptive.navigation)
}
```







```
@Composable
   fun MaterialAdaptiveDemo() {
3
       var currentDestination by rememberSaveable { mutableStateOf(AppDestinations.Home) }
       NavigationSuiteScaffold(navigationSuiteItems = {
4
           AppDestinations.entries.forEach {
               item(
6
                   selected = it == currentDestination,
                   onClick = { currentDestination = it },
                   icon = {
10
11
                           imageVector = it.icon,
                           contentDescription = stringResource(it.contentDescription)
12
13
14
                   label = { Text(text = stringResource(it.labelRes)) },
15
16
17
18
           when (currentDestination) {
19
20
               AppDestinations.Home -> { HomePane() }
21
22
               AppDestinations.Info -> { InfoPane() }
23 }}}
```



```
enum class AppDestinations(
       @StringRes val labelRes: Int,
       val icon: ImageVector,
       @StringRes val contentDescription: Int = labelRes,
       Home(
6
           labelRes = R.string.tab_home, icon = Icons.Default.Home
       ),
       Info(
10
           labelRes = R.string.tab_info, icon = Icons.Default.Info
11
       ),
12 }
```



```
@Composable
   fun MaterialAdaptiveDemo() {
       var currentDestination by rememberSaveable { mutableStateOf(AppDestinations.Home) }
3
       NavigationSuiteScaffold(navigationSuiteItems = {
           AppDestinations.entries.forEach {
               item(
                   selected = it == currentDestination,
                   onClick = { currentDestination = it },
                   icon = {
10
                       Icon(
11
                           imageVector = it.icon,
12
                           contentDescription = stringResource(it.contentDescription)
13
                   },
14
15
                   label = { Text(text = stringResource(it.labelRes)) },
16
17
       })
18
           when (currentDestination) {
19
               AppDestinations.Home -> { HomePane() }
20
21
22
               AppDestinations.Info -> { InfoPane() }
23 }}}
```



and emitting Interaction s for this item. You can use this to change the item's appearance or preview the item in different states. Note that if **null** is provided,

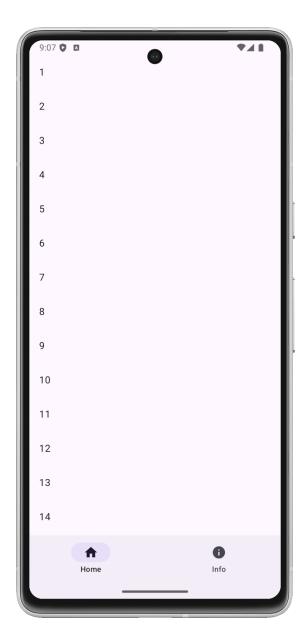
interactions will still happen internally.

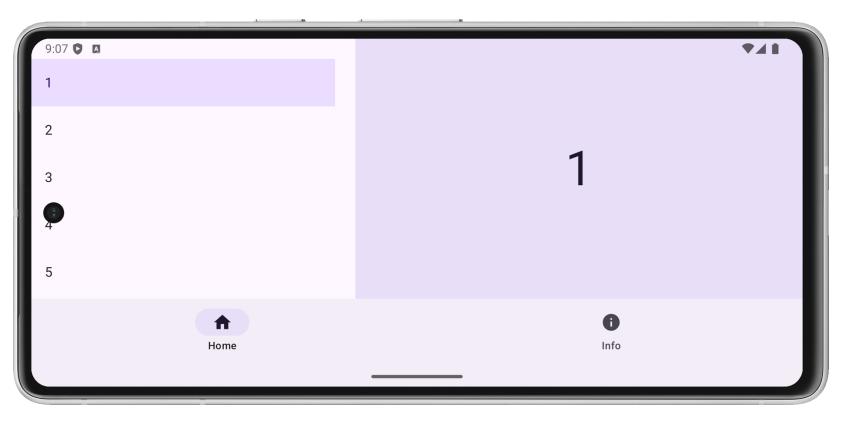




```
@Composable
   fun MaterialAdaptiveDemo() {
       var currentDestination by rememberSaveable { mutableStateOf(AppDestinations.Home) }
3
       NavigationSuiteScaffold(navigationSuiteItems = {
4
           AppDestinations.entries.forEach {
               item(
                   selected = it == currentDestination,
                   onClick = { currentDestination = it },
                   icon = {
10
                           imageVector = it.icon,
11
12
                           contentDescription = stringResource(it.contentDescription)
13
14
15
                   label = { Text(text = stringResource(it.labelRes)) },
16
17
       }) {
18
19
           when (currentDestination) {
20
               AppDestinations.Home -> { HomePane() }
21
22
               AppDestinations.Info -> { InfoPane() }
23 }}}
```



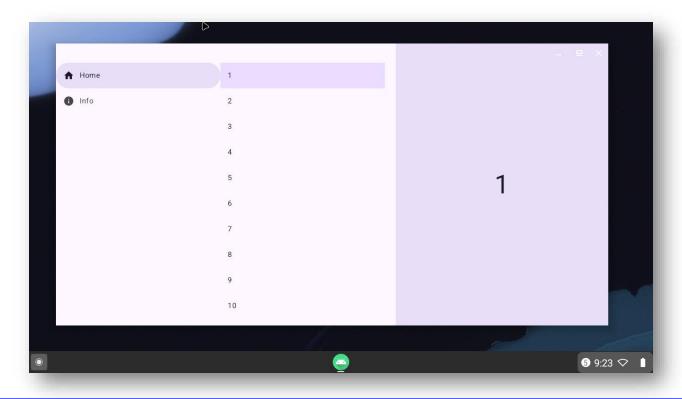












```
Decide based on the

1 val density = LocalDensity.current
2 val customNavSuiteType = Window Size
3 if (with(density) { currentWindowSize().width.toDp() >= 1200.dp }) {
    NavigationSuiteType.NavigationDrawer
5 } else {
    NavigationSuiteScaffoldDefaults.calculateFromAdaptiveInfo(adaptiveInfo)
7 }
```





```
Decide based on the window size

val customNavSuiteType = class

if (adaptiveInfo.windowSizeClass.windowWidthSizeClass == WindowWidthSizeClass.EXPANDED) {
   NavigationSuiteType.NavigationDrawer
} else {
   NavigationSuiteScaffoldDefaults.calculateFromAdaptiveInfo(adaptiveInfo)
}
```







Home pane: list and detail of current item





```
1 @OptIn(ExperimentalMaterial3AdaptiveApi::class)
 2 @Composable
   fun HomePane() {
       val navigator = rememberListDetailPaneScaffoldNavigator<Int>(
           scaffoldDirective = calculatePaneScaffoldDirectiveWithTwoPanesOnMediumWidth(
 6
               currentWindowAdaptiveInfo()
 8
       var currentIndex by rememberSaveable { mutableIntStateOf(-1) }
 9
       val onItemClicked: (Int) -> Unit = { id ->
10
11
           currentIndex = id
         navigator.navigateTo(
               pane = ListDetailPaneScaffoldRole.Detail, content = id
13
14
15
16
       val detailVisible = navigator.scaffoldValue[ListDetailPaneScaffoldRole.Detail] == PaneAdaptedValue.Expanded
       if (detailVisible && currentIndex == -1) currentIndex = 0
17
BackHandler(navigator.canNavigateBack()) { navigator.navigateBack() }
19
       ListDetailPaneScaffold(directive = navigator.scaffoldDirective,
20
           value = navigator.scaffoldValue,
21
           listPane = { MyList(onItemClicked, currentIndex, detailVisible) },
22
           detailPane = {
23
               MyListDetail(currentIndex = currentIndex,
24
                   listHidden = navigator.scaffoldValue[ListDetailPaneScaffoldRole.List] == PaneAdaptedValue.Hidden,
25
                   onBackClicked = { navigator.navigateBack() })
           })
26
27 }
```





```
@OptIn(ExperimentalMaterial3AdaptiveApi::class)
         @Composable
          fun HomePane() {
                      val navigator = rememberListDetailPaneScaffoldNavigator<Int>(
                                 scaffoldDirective = calculatePaneScaffoldDirectiveWithTwoPanesOnMediumWidth(
                                            currentWindowAdaptiveInfo()
                     var currentIndex by rememberSaveable { mutableIntStateOf(-1) }
   9
                     val onItemClicked: (Int) -> Unit = { id ->
 10
 11
                                currentIndex = id
 12
                                            pane = ListDetailPaneScaffoldRole.Detail, content = id
 13
 14
 15
                     How the scaffold value [ListDetailPaneScaffold Detail] == PaneAdapted Value. Expanded
 16
                     if (detailVisible && currentIndex == -1) curshould arrange its
 17
                     BackHandler(navigator.canNavigateBack()) {
 18
                     19
 20
                                value = navigator.scaffoldValue,
 21
                                 listPane = { MyList(onItemclicked, currentIndex, detailVisible) },
 22 Indicates no wieach tindex = currentIndex,
 pane of the staffo of the part of the part
<sup>26</sup>adapted
```



```
@ExperimentalMaterial3AdaptiveApi
@Composable
                                         primary - PaneAdaptedValue of the primary pane of ThreePaneScaffold
fun ListDetailPaneScaffold(
                                          secondary - PaneAdaptedValue of the secondary pane of ThreePaneScaffold
    directive: PaneScaffoldDirective,
                                          tertiary - PaneAdaptedValue of the tertiary pane of ThreePaneScaffold
 value: ThreePaneScaffoldValue,
    listPane: @Composable ThreePaneScaffoldScope.() -> Unit,
                                                                                 Contains the
    detailPane: @Composable ThreePaneScaffoldScope.() -> Unit,
                                                                                 adapted values
    modifier: Modifier = Modifier,
                                                                                 of each pane
    extraPane: (@Composable ThreePaneScaffoldScope.() -> Unit)? = null,
    ThreePaneScaffold(
                                         Denotes that the associated pane should be displayed in its full width and height.
        modifier = modifier.fillMaxS:
        scaffoldDirective = directive
                                       val Expanded = PaneAdaptedValue( description: "Expanded")
        scaffoldValue = value,
                                         Denotes that the associated pane should be hidden.
        paneOrder = ListDetailPaneSca
        secondaryPane = listPane,
                                       val Hidden = PaneAdaptedValue( description: "Hidden")
        tertiaryPane = extraPane,
        primaryPane = detailPane
```



```
@OptIn(ExperimentalMaterial3AdaptiveApi::class)
   @Composable
   fun ThreePaneScaffoldScope.MyList(
       onItemClicked: (Int) -> Unit, currentIndex: Int, detailVisible: Boolean
5){
       AnimatedPane {
        LazyColumn(modifier = Modifier.safeDrawingPadding()) {
               items(20) {
                   ListItem(
                       headlineContent = { Text("${it + 1}") },
10
                       modifier = Modifier.clickable { onItemClicked(it) },
11
                       colors = when (detailVisible) {
12
                           false -> ListItemDefaults.colors()
13
                           true -> if (currentIndex == it) {
14
15
                               ListItemDefaults.colors(
                                   containerColor = MaterialTheme.colorScheme.primaryContainer,
16
17
                                   headlineColor = MaterialTheme.colorScheme.onPrimaryContainer
18
                           } else { ListItemDefaults.colors()}
19
20
21
22 }}}}
```



```
object ListDetailPaneScaffoldRole {
       The list pane of ListDetailPaneScaffold, which is supposed to hold a list of item summaries
      that can be selected from, for example, the inbox mail list of a mail app. It maps to
    val List = ThreePaneScaffoldRole.Secondary
       The detail pane of ListDetailPaneScaffold, which is supposed to hold the detailed info of a
      selected item, for example, the mail content currently being viewed. It maps to
    val Detail = ThreePaneScaffoldRole.Primαry
       The extra pane of ListDetailPaneScaffold, which is supposed to hold any supplementary info
      besides the list and the detail panes, for example, a task list or a mini-calendar view of a mail app.
      It maps to ThreePaneScaffoldRole.Tertiary.
    val Extra = ThreePaneScaffoldRole. Tertiαry
```



```
@OptIn(ExperimentalMaterial3AdaptiveApi::class)
   @Composable
   fun ThreePaneScaffoldScope.MvListDetail(
       currentIndex: Int, listHidden: Boolean, onBackClicked: () -> Unit
5){
                          navigator.scaffoldValue[ListDetailPaneScaffoldRole.List] == PaneAdaptedValue.Hidden,
       AnimatedPane {
           Box (
               contentAlignment = Alignment.Center,
               modifier = Modifier.background(MaterialTheme.colorScheme.secondaryContainer)
10
           ) {
               Text(
11
                   "${currentIndex + 1}",
12
13
                   style = MaterialTheme.typography.displayLarge,
14
                   color = MaterialTheme.colorScheme.onSecondaryContainer
15
               if (listHidden) {
16
17
                   IconButton(
                       onClick = onBackClicked,
18
19
                       modifier = Modifier
20
                            .align(Alignment.TopStart)
21
                            .safeContentPadding()
22
                   ) {
23
                       Icon(Icons.AutoMirrored.Outlined.ArrowBack,
24
                            contentDescription = stringResource(R.string.back))
25 }}}}
```





Example of a supporting pane





```
@OptIn(ExperimentalMaterial3AdaptiveApi::class)
   @Composable
3 fun InfoPane() {
        val navigator = rememberSupportingPaneScaffoldNavigator(
             scaffoldDirective = calculatePaneScaffoldDirective(currentWindowAdaptiveInfo()).copy(
                  maxHorizontalPartitions = when (currentWindowAdaptiveInfo().windowSizeClass.windowWidthSizeClass) {
                       WindowWidthSizeClass.MEDIUM -> 2
                                                                                       @ExperimentalMaterial3AdaptiveApi
                       WindowWidthSizeClass.EXPANDED -> 3
                                                                                       @Composable
                       else -> 1
                                                                                       fun SupportingPaneScaffold(
                                                                                          directive: PaneScaffoldDirective,
10
                                                                                          value: ThreePaneScaffoldValue,
11
                                                                                          mainPane: @Composable ThreePaneScaffoldScope.() -> Unit,
12
                                                                                          supportingPane: @Composable ThreePaneScaffoldScope.() -> Unit,
                                                                                          modifier: Modifier = Modifier,
        BackHandler(navigator.canNavigateBack()) {
                                                                                          extraPane: (@Composable ThreePaneScaffoldScope.() -> Unit)? = null,
14
             navigator.navigateBack()
15
                                                                                          ThreePaneScaffold(
                                                                                             modifier = modifier.fillMaxSize(),
        SupportingPaneScaffold(
                                                                                             scaffoldDirective = directive,
17
             directive = navigator.scaffoldDirective,
                                                                                             scaffoldValue = value,
             mainPane = { MainPane(navigator = navigator) },
18
                                                                                             paneOrder = SupportingPaneScaffoldDefaults.PaneOrder,
                                                                                             secondaryPane = supportingPane,
19
             supportingPane = { SupportingPane(navigator = navigator) },
                                                                                             tertiaryPane = extraPane,
             extraPane = { ExtraPane() },
20
                                                                                             primaryPane = mainPane
21
             value = navigator.scaffoldValue
22
23 }
```





```
1 @OptIn(ExperimentalMaterial3AdaptiveApi::class)
2 @Composable
3 fun ThreePaneScaffoldScope.MainPane(navigator: ThreePaneScaffoldNavigator<Nothing>) {
4    ColoredBox(textColor = MaterialTheme.colorScheme.onPrimaryContainer,
5    backgroundColor = MaterialTheme.colorScheme.primaryContainer,
6    resIdMessage = R.string.main_pane,
7    resIdButton = R.string.show_supporting_pane.
8    shouldShowButton = navigator.scaffoldValue[SupportingPaneScaffoldRole.Supporting] == PaneAdaptedValue.Hidden,
9    onClick = { navigator.navigateTo(SupportingPaneScaffoldRole.Supporting) })
```



```
@OptIn(ExperimentalMaterialsAdaptiveApi::class)
   @Composable
   private fun ThreePaneScaffoldScope.ColoredBox(textColor: Color,
       backgroundColor: Color, shouldShowButton: Boolean,
       @StringRes resIdMessage: Int, @StringRes resIdButton: Int,
       onClick: () -> Unit = {}
7 ) {
       AnimatedPane {
           Box(
10
               modifier = Modifier.background(backgroundColor), contentAlignment = Alignment.BottomEnd
11
           ) {
            Text (
                   text = stringResource(resIdMessage),
13
14
                   style = MaterialTheme.typography.bodyLarge,
                   textAlign = TextAlign.Center,
15
                   modifier = Modifier.align(Alignment.Center),
16
                   color = textColor
17
18
               if (shouldShowButton) {
19
20
                   Button(onClick = onClick, modifier = Modifier.padding(all = 32.dp)) { Text(text = stringResource(resIdButton)) }
21
22
23
24 }
```



```
1 @OptIn(ExperimentalMaterial3AdaptiveApi::class)
2 @Composable
3 fun ThreePaneScaffoldScope.SupportingPane(navigator: ThreePaneScaffoldNavigator<Nothing>) {
4    ColoredBox(textColor = MaterialTheme.colorScheme.onSecondaryContainer,
5    backgroundColor = MaterialTheme.colorScheme.secondaryContainer,
6    resIdMessage = R.string.supporting_pane,
7    resIdButton = R.string.show_main_pane,
8    shouldShowButton = navigator.scaffoldValue[SupportingPaneScaffoldRole.Main] == PaneAdaptedValue.Hidden,
9    onClick = { navigator.navigateTo(SupportingPaneScaffoldRole.Main) })
```





#### Conclusion

- Material3 Adaptive greatly simplifies layout on large screens
- ... and smartphones ...
- The API feels intuitive to use
- Can be customized easily
- There's no excuse for not using it, at least in new apps
- Mileage may vary for existing apps







https://github.com/tkuenneth/foldables\_and\_large\_screens



# Thank you

- @tkuenneth
- ©tkuenneth
- @tkuenneth@snapp.social



