

An overview of the *schl* package

schl is a \LaTeX package that provides commands and environments suitable for document types that appear in a classroom environment. It's development is based on the Greek school educational practice, but it may be usefull in other contexts also. This document offers a quick view of working examples for *schl*'s macros. If we load the package passing the parameter *greek*, several macros will be printed in Greek. These are defined in `languages/sch-greek.def`. If you want to set them in a different language modify the `languages/sch-template.def` file.

1. Blank space is designated with the macros `\lowerdots` and `\blankspace`.

<i>code</i>	<i>result</i>
Small spaces <code>\lowerdots{3}</code> and <code>\blankspace{2em}</code> .	Small spaces ... and ____ .
Fill this bigger <code>\lowerdots{20}</code> space. And this one <code>\blankspace{15em}</code> .	Fill this bigger space. And this one _____ .
Change the vertical position <code>\lowerdots[0.5ex]{10}</code> and <code>\blankspace[-2.0ex]{5em}</code> .	Change the vertical position and _____ .
Also in mathematical expressions <code>\cos\frac{\pi}{4} = \lowerdots{4}\$</code> and <code>\cos\frac{\pi}{4} = \blankspace{2em}\$</code> .	Also in mathematical expressions $\cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \dots$ and $\cos \frac{\pi}{4} = ____$.

2. With the environment `exercise` you can typeset exercises.

<i>code</i>	<i>result</i>
<pre>\begin{exercise} \item Write all prime integers that are less or equall to \$100\$. \item We 've bought \$120\$ watermelons from a local grocery shop. The total weight was \$360\$, kg\$ and the watermelons were sold for \$0.5\text{\euro}\$ per \$kg\$. The grocer was highly delighted from this and decided to dedicate himself in the black art of Mathematics. Furthermore, he offered as a \$2.5\%\$ discount. How much money did we gave for the watermelons? \item Prove that the sum of the angles of a triangle equals \$180^\circ\$. \end{exercise}</pre>	<p>Exercise 1. Write all prime integers that are less or equall to 100.</p> <p>Exercise 2. We 've bought 120 watermelons from a local grocery shop. The total weight was 360 <i>kg</i> and the watermelons were sold for 0.5€ per <i>kg</i>. The grocer was highly delighted from this and decided to dedicate himself in the black art of Mathematics. Furthermore, he offered as a 2.5% discount. How much money did we gave for the watermelons?</p> <p>Exercise 3. Prove that the sum of the angles of a triangle equals 180°.</p>

3. The environment `schltask` can be used for summative tests.

<i>code</i>	<i>result</i>
<pre> \begin{schltask} \item Solve the equation $x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$ \$. \item Prove the Pythagorean theorem. \item Prove that the medians of a triangle have a common point. \end{schltask} </pre>	<p>TASK 1 Solve the equation $x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$.</p> <p>TASK 2 Prove the Pythagorean theorem.</p> <p>TASK 3 Prove that the medians of a triangle have a common point.</p>

4. The macro `\answer` is used to typeset the answer of an exercise.

<i>code</i>	<i>result</i>
<pre> \begin{exercise} \item Find the sum $1 + 1$.\answer[\hfill\footnotesize]{2} \end{exercise} </pre>	<p>Exercise 1. Find the sum $1 + 1$. (Uns.: 2)</p>

5. With the macro `\solution`, we write the solution of an exercise.

<i>code</i>	<i>result</i>
<pre> \begin{exercise} \item Prove that there are infinite prime numbers. \solution{% Assume that there is a finite number of primes p_1, \ldots, p_ν. Define the integer\ldots} \end{exercise} </pre>	<p>Exercise 1. Prove that there are infinite prime numbers.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Solution</p> <p>Assume that there is a finite number of primes p_1, \ldots, p_ν. Define the integer...</p>

6. Set points to exercises with the macro `\points`:

<i>code</i>	<i>result</i>
<pre> \begin{schltask} \item \points{25}\par Prove the theorem of Bolzano. \item \points{11}\par Let $f:\mathbb{R}\rightarrow\mathbb{R}$ be a function with $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$. \begin{enumerate} \item \points[\itshape]{10} Find its domain. \item \points[\itshape]{1} Calculate the value $f(3)$. \end{enumerate} \end{schltask} </pre>	<p>TASK 1 (points 25) Prove the theorem of Bolzano.</p> <p>TASK 2 (points 11) Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a function with $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$.</p> <p>(α') (points 10) Find its domain. (β') (point 1) Calculate the value $f(3)$.</p>

7. Environment question:

<i>code</i>	<i>result</i>
<pre> \begin{question} \item Is there a bigger real number? \item Is there a smallest positive real number? \end{question} </pre>	<p>Question 1. Is there a bigger real number? Question 2. Is there a smallest positive real number?</p>

8. Hints with the macro `\hint`:

<i>code</i>	<i>result</i>
<pre> \begin{exercise} \item Prove that between two rational numbers there is an irrational. \hint[\par\noindent\scriptsize]{% Assume rationals $\rho_1 < \rho_2$. We define the real number $\frac{\rho_1 + \rho_2}{2}$. Then, x is\ \ldots} \item Prove that $(\alpha + \beta)^2 = \alpha^2 + 2\alpha\beta + \beta^2$. \hint[\par\noindent\scriptsize]{% We have $(\alpha + \beta)^2 = (\alpha + \beta) \cdot (\alpha + \beta) = \dots$} \end{exercise} </pre>	<p>Exercise 1. Prove that between two rational numbers there is an irrational. Hint: Assume rationals $\rho_1 < \rho_2$. We define the real number $\frac{\rho_1 + \rho_2}{2}$. Then, x is...</p> <p>Exercise 2. Prove that $(\alpha + \beta)^2 = \alpha^2 + 2\alpha\beta + \beta^2$. Hint: We have $(\alpha + \beta)^2 = (\alpha + \beta) \cdot (\alpha + \beta) = \dots$</p>

9. Environment `multichoice` is for multiple choice questions:

A'. choice 1

B'. choice 2

Another example

A'. choice 1

B'. choice 2

Γ'. choice 3

Or

- 1) this is a very long choice 1 2) this is an even longer choice 2
3) this is a remarkably long choice 3

10. Environment tickchoice. Horizontal

☐ choice A

☐ choice B

☐ choice C

and vertical

☐ choice A

☐ choice B

☐ choice C

11. A wish for good luck

Good luck!

Setting the text. Macro \letterspace sets the space between adjucent letters

KΑΛΗ ΤΥΧΗ

12. Write the name and date:

Fullname:

Date:

Also, with dots or a line for blank space:

Fullname:

Date: _____

We could use

Date: 28 Μαΐου 2020

13. Exercise deadline:

Deadline: 2/2/2058

14. Set the duration of a test:

Duration: 10' or *Duration:* 10' or Duration: 10'

15. Add a remark in a document:

Remark: Αυτή είναι μια παρατήρηση.

Remark: Αυτή είναι μια παρατήρηση.

Remark: Αυτή είναι μια παρατήρηση.

16. Add a reminder in a document:

Reminder: Εδώ ξεκινά μια υπενθύμιση.

Reminder: Εδώ ξεκινά μια υπενθύμιση.

17. Header for the theory part of a test:

THEORY

Header for the exercise part of a test:

EXERCISES

18. Set the title of a worksheet

Worksheet

or

Worksheet στην παράγραφο §A.2.3

19. Teacher/headmaster signatures:

Headmaster

Οι Εισηγητές

Georg Cantor

Αλφαβήτας Γαμαδέλτας

Εψιλονζήτας Ηταθήτας

20. Headers for tests:

Test

Test Α' τετραμήνου

Τεστ στο κεφάλαιο 1

21. Header for end year summative tests:

ΓΡΑΠΤΕΣ ΕΠΑΝΑΛΗΠΤΙΚΕΣ EXAMS PERIOD ΜΑΪΟΥ – ΙΟΥΝΙΟΥ

22. Logo of the exams

or if we set \authorities and schl@authorities:

23. School logo

ΓΥΜΝΑΣΙΟ ΠΑΤΡΩΝ

Β' Γυμνασίου

Μαθηματικά

Ήρων από την Αλεξάνδρεια

24. True-false type questions with the environment truefalse

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1. kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i | T | F |
| 2. kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda | T | F |
| 3. ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i | T | F |
| 4. ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda | T | F |

25. truefalse* is a variant of truefalse.

- | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | T | F |
| 1. kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda ias doasj d jjsn ndijewh nasusfd has hujh djnjdi haiusd i kjahs naoisjh nmaksjnd njaksjn dnamksdoh n ash nda | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

26. Matching questions:

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| | θάλασσα |
| παιδί | κατάστημα |
| χταπόδι | διάστημα |
| παιχνίδι | διάβασμα |
| | ψωμί |
| | σαλάμι |