

# Grayness

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This Typst package provides basic image editing functions like grayscaling, inverting and cropping. Moreover, this package supports image-formats not natively available in Typst. The following formats can be used:

- BMP
- DDS
- Farbfeld
- GIF\*
- HDR
- ICO
- JPEG\*
- OpenEXR
- PNG\*
- PNM
- QOI
- TGA
- TIFF
- WebP\*
- SVG\*

\* Natively supported by Typst

All examples in this manual use one of the following images as their base:



**WebP:** Pianist [Arturo Nieto Dorantes](#),  
[CC BY-SA 4.0](#) by Laëtitia Boudaud



**SVG:** A traced [Lamborghini Gallardo](#),  
[CC BY-NC-SA 2.5](#) by Michael Grosberg

## Available functions

- `image-grayscale()`
- `image-show()`
- `image-crop()`
- `image-flip-horizontal()`
- `image-flip-vertical()`
- `image-blur()`
- `image-transparency()`
- `image-brighten()`
- `image-darken()`
- `image-invert()`
- `image-huerotate()`
- `image-mask()`

## Variables

- `plg`

## image-grayscale

Create a grayscale-image representation of the provided imagedata (Raster or SVG)

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#image-grayscale(arturo)
```



### Parameters

```
image-grayscale(
  imagebytes: bytes,
  ...args
) -> content
```

**imagebytes** bytes

Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

**...args**

extra arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, format, etc...

You must pass `format:"svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")
#image-grayscale(gallardo, format:"svg",
width:4cm, alt:"Lamborghini Gallardo")
```



## image-show

Displays an image from bytes. This enables the usage of imageformats not natively supported by Typst

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#image-show(arturo)
```



### Parameters

```
image-show(
    imagebytes: bytes,
    ...args
) -> content
```

#### **imagebytes** bytes

Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

#### **...args**

extra arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, format, etc...

You must pass `format: "svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")
#image-show(gallardo, format:"svg",
width:2cm, alt:"Lamborghini Gallardo")
```



## image-crop

Crop the given imagedata to the specified width and height

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#image-crop(
    arturo,
    crop-width: 100,
    crop-height: 120,
    crop-start-x: 190,
    crop-start-y: 95
)
```



### Parameters

```
image-crop(
    imagebytes: bytes,
    crop-width: int,
    crop-height: int,
    crop-start-x: int,
    crop-start-y: int,
    ...args: arguments
) -> content
```

#### **imagebytes** bytes

Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

#### **crop-width** int

Horizontal size (in pixels or “user space” in case of SVG) of the crop window. Must be  $\geq 0$ .

Default: 10

#### **crop-height** int

Vertical size (in pixels or “user space” in case of SVG) of the crop window. Depending on the settings of the SVG, it might preserve its aspect ratio even if crop-width and crop-height have a different ratio. Must be  $\geq 0$ .

Default: 10

#### **crop-start-x** int

Left starting coordinate (in pixels or “user space” in case of SVG) of the crop window. Depending on the settings of the SVG, it might preserve its aspect ratio even if crop-width and crop-height have a different ratio. Must be  $\geq 0$ .

Default: 0

**crop-start-y** int

Top starting coordinate (in pixels or “user space” in case of SVG) of the crop window. Must be  $\geq 0$ .

Default: 0

**..args** arguments

Arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, alt, fit, ...

You must pass `format: "svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")
#image-crop(
  gallardo,
  crop-height: 200,
  crop-width: 100,
  crop-start-x: 10,
  crop-start-y: 250,
  format: "svg"
)
```



## image-flip-horizontal

Flip the provided imagedata horizontally *Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *  
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")  
#image-flip-horizontal(gallardo,  
format:"svg")
```



### Parameters

```
image-flip-horizontal(  
  imagebytes: bytes,  
  ..args  
) -> content
```

**imagebytes** bytes

Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

**..args**

Arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, alt, fit, ...

You must pass `format:"svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

## image-flip-vertical

Flip the provided imagedata vertically *Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *  
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")  
#image-flip-vertical(gallardo,  
format:"svg")
```



### Parameters

```
image-flip-vertical(  
  imagebytes,  
  ..args  
) -> content
```

## image-blur

Performs a Gaussian blur on the imagedata.

*Warning:* This operation is slow, especially for large sigmas.

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#image-blur(arturo, sigma:3.14)
```



### Parameters

```
image-blur(
    imagebytes: bytes,
    sigma: int float,
    ...args
) -> content
```

#### **imagebytes** bytes

Raw imagedata in any of the supported formats, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

#### **sigma** int or float

A measure of how much to blur by (standard deviation)

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#image-blur(arturo, sigma:6.28)
```



Default: 5

### .args

Arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, alt, fit, ...

You must pass `format: "svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")
#image-blur(gallardo, sigma: 40, format:
"svg")
```



## image-transparency

Adds transparency to the provided image data

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
//Place rectangle in background to
demonstrate transparency
#place(top+center, dx:-3cm)
[#rect(fill:blue, width:4cm, height:100%)]
//Add image over rectangle
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#image-transparency(arturo, alpha:50%)
```



### Parameters

```
image-transparency(
  imagebytes: bytes,
  alpha: ratio,
  ...args
) -> content
```

#### **imagebytes**    bytes

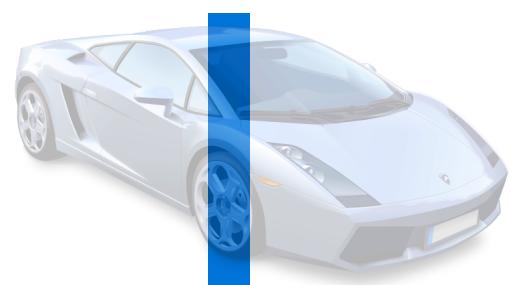
Raw imagedata in any of the supported formats, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

#### **alpha**    ratio

Remaining amount of visibility

0% = fully transparent, 100% = fully opaque

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
//Place rectangle in background to
demonstrate transparency
#place(top+center, dx:-3cm)
[#rect(fill:blue, width:4cm,
height:100%)]
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")
#image-transparency(gallardo, alpha:
30%, format: "svg")
```



Default: 50%

#### **...args**

Arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, alt, fit, ...

You must pass `format: "svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

## image-brighten

Brightens the supplied image

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#image-brighten(arturo, amount:50%)
```



### Parameters

```
image-brighten(
  imagebytes: bytes,
  amount: ratio,
  ...args: arguments
) -> content
```

#### **imagebytes**    bytes

Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

#### **amount**    ratio

Amount to brighten by. 0% = no brightening, 100% = completely white

Default: 50%

#### **..args**    arguments

Arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, alt, fit, ...

You must pass `format:"svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

## image-darken

Darkenes the supplied image

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#image-darken(arturo, amount:50%)
```



### Parameters

```
image-darken(
  imagebytes: bytes,
  amount: int,
  ..args: arguments
) -> content
```

#### **imagebytes**    bytes

Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

#### **amount**    int

Amount to darken by 0% = no darkening, 100% = completely black

Default: 50%

#### **..args**    arguments

Arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, alt, fit, ...

You must pass `format:"svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")
#image-darken(gallardo, amount:50%,
  format:"svg")
```



## image-invert

Inverts the colors of the supplied image

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)v
#image-invert(arturo)
```



### Parameters

```
image-invert(
  imagebytes: bytes,
  ..args: arguments
) -> content
```

**imagebytes**    bytes

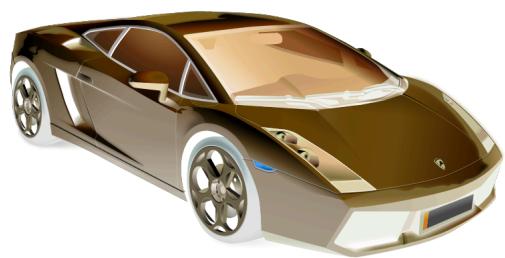
Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

**..args**    arguments

Arguments to pass to the `typst image` function e.g. width, height, alt, fit, ...

You must pass `format:"svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")
#image-invert(gallardo, format:"svg")
```



## image-huerotate

Hue rotate the supplied image.

*Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#image-huerotate(arturo, amount:100)
```



### Parameters

```
image-huerotate(
  imagebytes: bytes,
  amount: int float,
  ..args: arguments
) -> content
```

#### **imagebytes** bytes

Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

#### **amount** int or float

Number of degrees to rotate each pixels color by. 0 and 360 do nothing, the rest rotates by the given degree value. Smallest step for raster images is 1°.

Default: 0

#### **..args** arguments

Arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, alt, fit, ...

You must pass `format:"svg"` as argument if you use a SVG-image as your input.

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg")
#image-huerotate(gallardo, amount:100,
format:"svg")
```



## image-mask

Update the alpha-channel of the image by applying the masking image to it. The if the mask image is not the same size as the target image, it will be resized automatically.

This function does not work with SVG data.

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": *
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#let mask = read("mask.png",
encoding:none)
#image-mask(arturo, mask)
```



### Parameters

```
image-mask(
  imagebytes: bytes,
  maskbytes: bytes,
  use-alpha-channel: bool,
  ..args: arguments
)
```

#### **imagebytes** bytes

Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

#### **maskbytes** bytes

Raw imagedata, e.g. provided by the `read()` function

#### **use-alpha-channel** bool

Defines if the alpha-channel of the mask image is used (default). If set to false, the brightness of the mask image is used instead. Therefore, images without an alpha-channel can also be used as mask.

Default: `true`

#### **..args** arguments

Arguments to pass to the Typst image function e.g. width, height, alt, fit, ...

## plg

Provides direct access to the webassebmly functions, which can be used to chain several operations after oneanother. The available methods are:

- `grayscale(imagebytes)`
- `svg_grayscale(image_bytes)`
- `convert(image_bytes)`
- `mask(target_image_bytes, mask_image_bytes, use_alpha)`
- `crop(image_bytes, start_x, start_y, width, height)`
- `svg_crop(image_bytes, start_x, start_y, width, height)`
- `blur(image_bytes, sigma)`
- `svg_blur(image_bytes, sigma)`
- `transparency(image_bytes, alpha)`
- `svg_transparency(image_bytes, alpha)`
- `invert(image_bytes)`
- `svg_invert(image_bytes)`
- `brighten(image_bytes, amount)`
- `svg_brighten(image_bytes, amount)`
- `huerotate(image_bytes, amount)`
- `svg_huerotate(image_bytes, amount)`

*Raster Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": plg
#let arturo = read("Arturo_Nieto-
Dorantes.webp", encoding: none)
#let grayscaled-bytes =
plg.grayscale(arturo)
#let blurred-and-grayscaled =
plg.blur(grayscaled-bytes, float(5).to-
bytes(size: 4))
#image(blurred-and-grayscaled)
```



*Vector Example:*

```
#import "@preview/grayness:0.5.0": plg
#let gallardo = read("gallardo.svg",
encoding: none)
#let grayscaled-bytes =
plg.svg_grayscale(gallardo)
#let blurred-and-grayscaled =
plg.svg_blur(grayscaled-
bytes, float(40).to-bytes(size: 4))
#image(blurred-and-grayscaled)
```

