COMPUTATIONAL MICROMAGNETICS WITH



https://tinyurl.com/solskymag22-ubermag

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³Imperial College, London, United Kingdom

MOTIVATION: MICROMAGNETIC RESEARCH ENVIRONMENT UBERMAG

- Micromagnetic simulations are important
- Vision: simplify micromagnetic research
 - focus on the researchers and their time
 - make research faster & more convenient
 - and more re-producible and re-usable
 - build on existing micromagnetic simulators (OOMMF, mumax3)
 - Consider only finite difference micromagnetic solvers

WHAT CAN BE DONE WITH UBERMAG? USAGE EXAMPLES

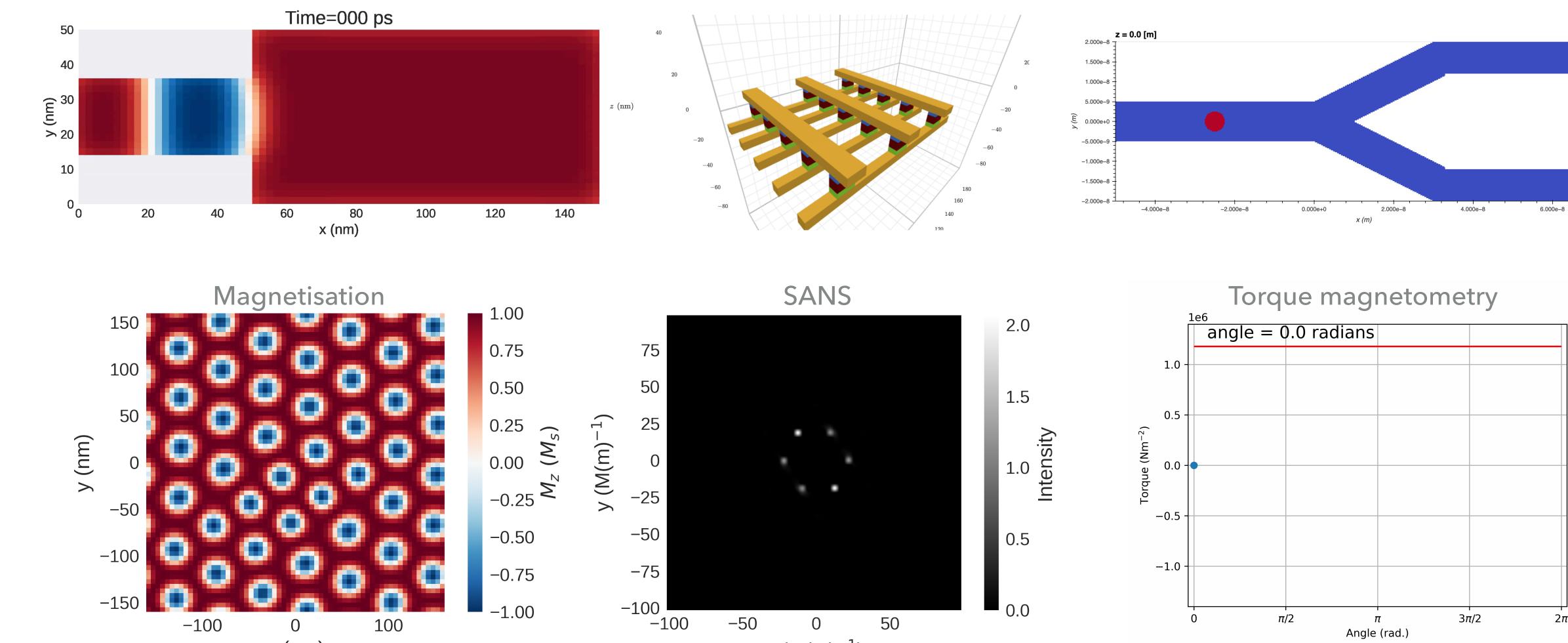
-1.00

100

-100

x (nm)

Domain wall skyrmion conversion



-50

 $x (M(m)^{-1})$

50

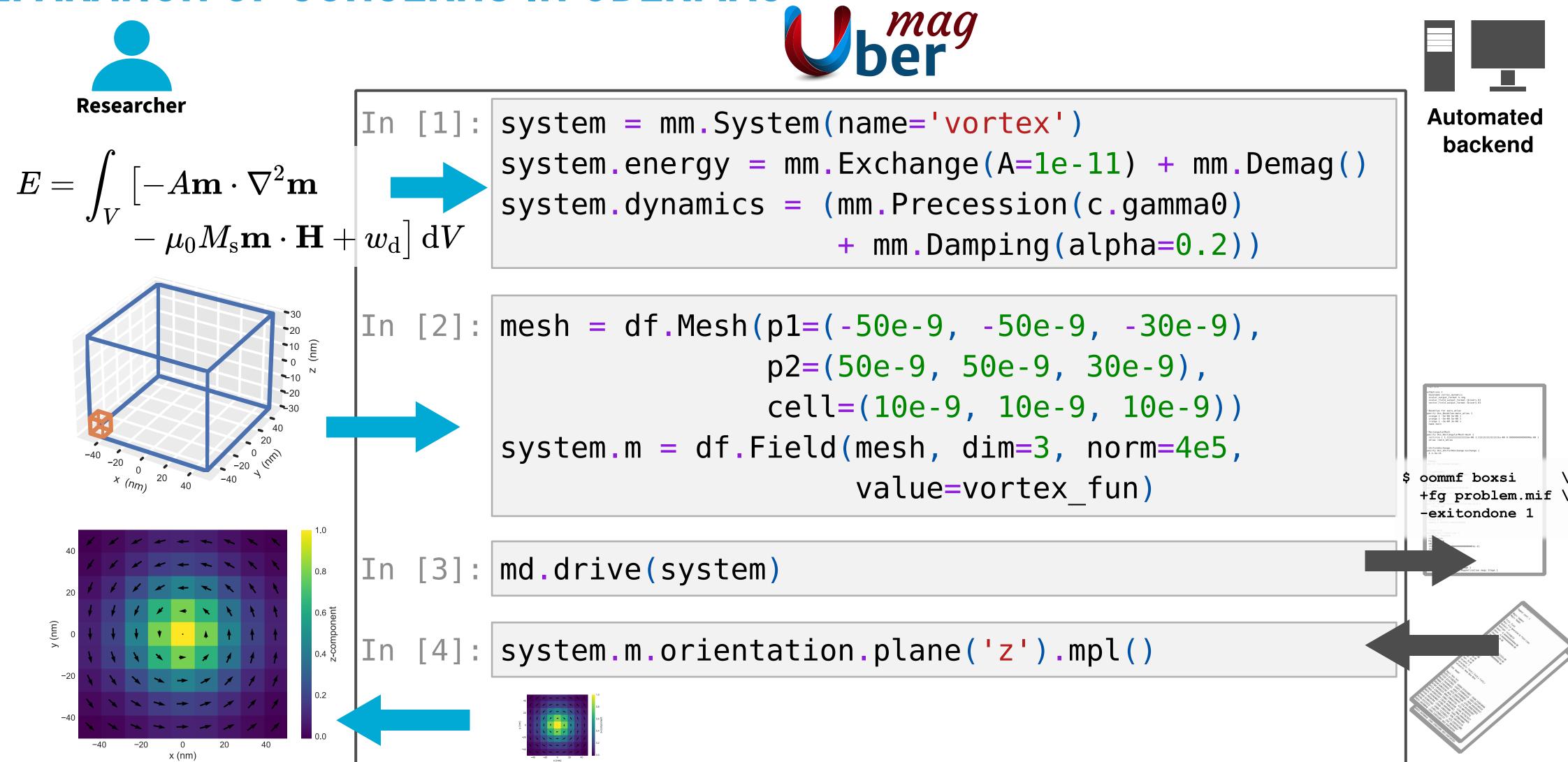
π/2

Angle (rad.)

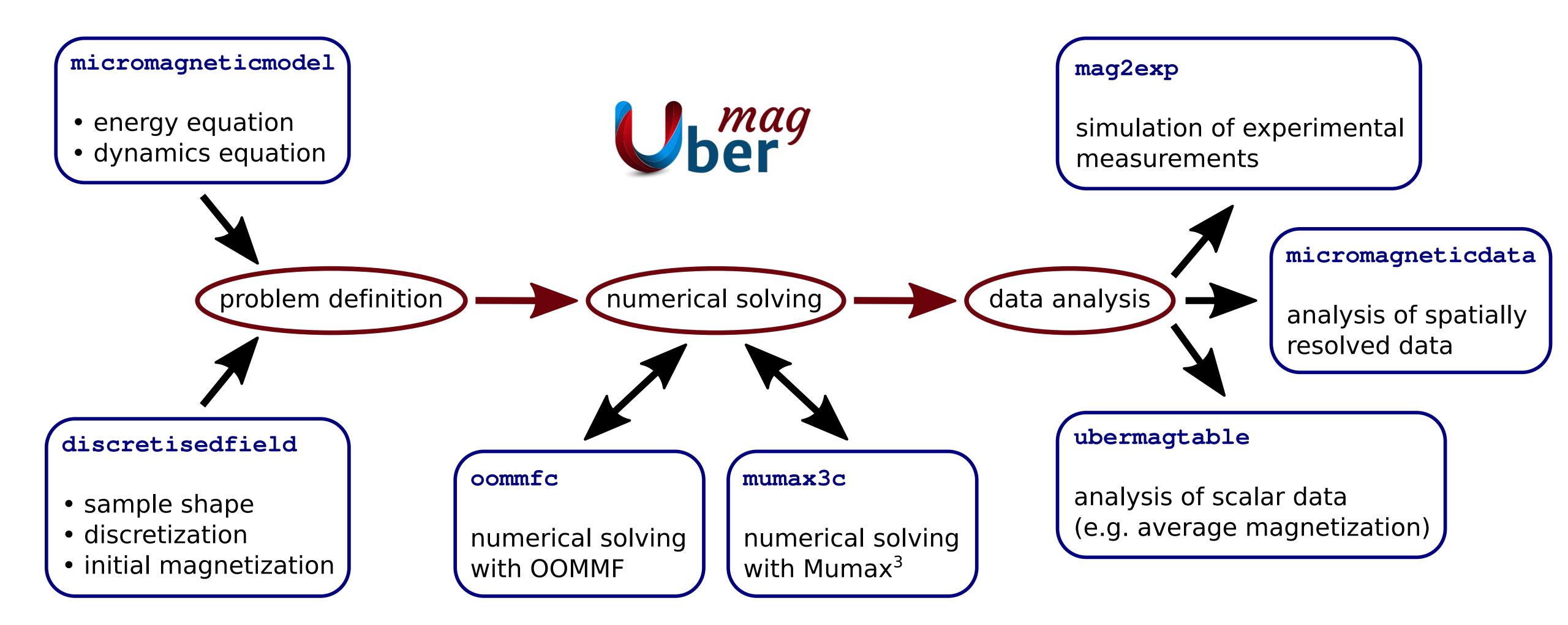
3π/2

2π

SEPARATION OF CONCERNS IN UBERMAG



WHAT IS UBERMAG - WORKFLOW CHART



THIS WORKSHOP — MANY CONCEPTS AND LITTLE TIME

- Rapid tour involving
 - Ubermag concepts
 - Jupyter Notebook (executable document hosted in browser)
 - Python (a programming language)
 - Computational micromagnetics and experimental magnetism
- Can only provide an introduction and overview
- ▶ But: questions are welcome any time let's make this interactive!

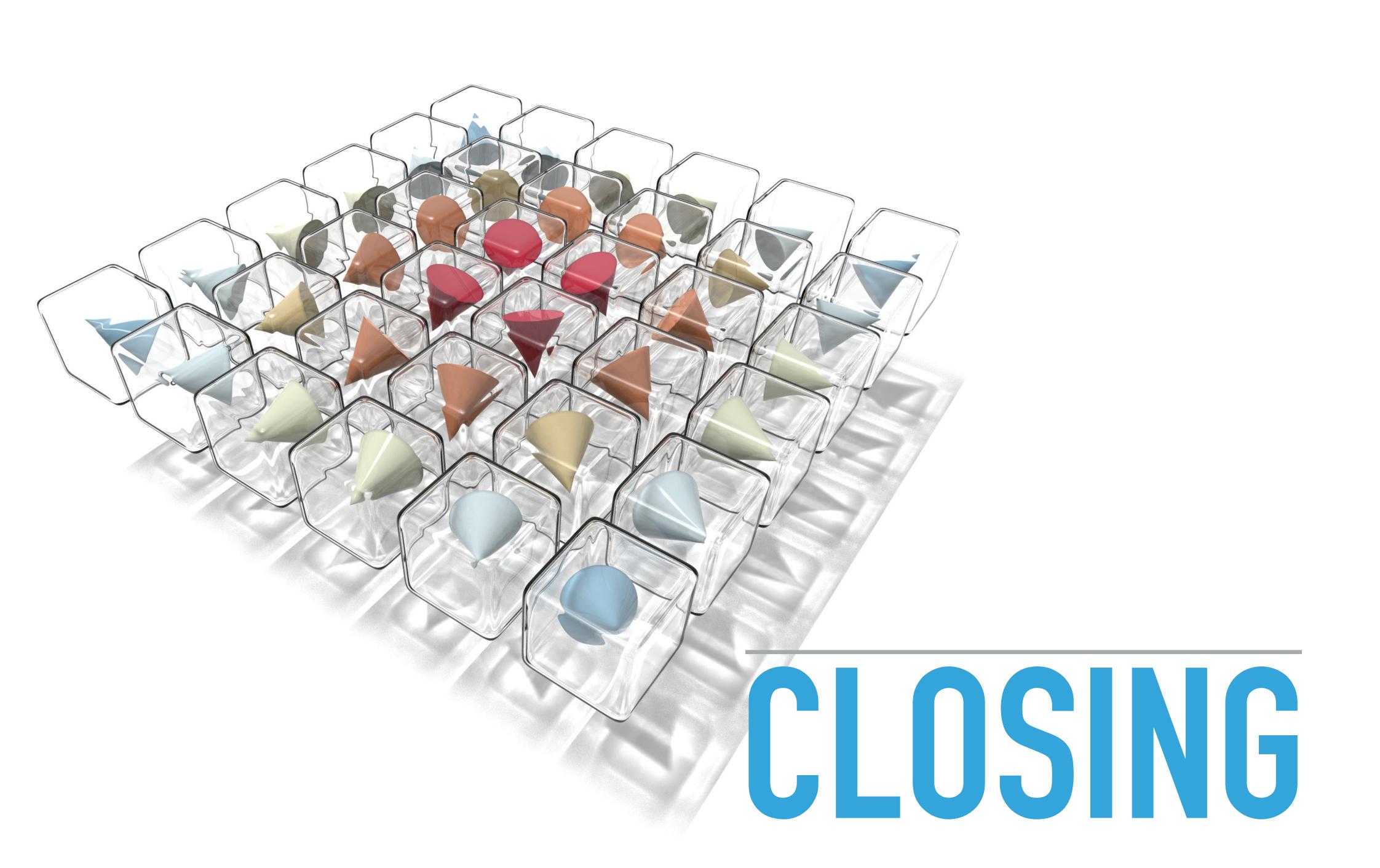


WORKSHOP MATERIALS — SLIDES, EXAMPLES, POINTERS

https://tinyurl.com/solskymag22-ubermag

- Outline today
 - Welcome (Hans Fangohr)
 - Small Ubermag example from scratch: vortex (Martin Lang)
 - Application examples Ubermag (Sam Holt)
 - Closing (Hans Fangohr)





SURVIVED UBERMAG WORKSHOP - FURTHER RESOURCES

- Ubermag home page (https://ubermag.github.io/) provides
 - Getting started tutorials
 - Variety of examples (see list at the right)
 - Github Help issues
 - Mailing list "ubermag-users"
 - Ubermag team at this meeting

Workshop materials:

https://tinyurl.com/solskymag22-ubermag

Examples

The notebooks show in this section are all tailored to phosolve them using Ubermag. If you are new to ubermag you started which will give a gentle introduction into all the putry to be concise and only cover one use case. For a most features please refer to the Package documentation and

Standard problem 3

Standard problem 4

Standard problem 5

FMR standard problem

Deriving energy values

Calculating a stray field using an airbox method

Skyrmion in a disk

Field operations 2

Simulation at finite temperature

Fixed subregions

Hysteresis simulations

Multiple energy terms of the same class

Negative exchange energy constant

Periodic boundary conditions

RKKY energy term

Sine-hysteresis

Both spatially and time varying field

Spatially varying parameters 1

Spatially varying parameters 2

Time-varying field

Time-dependent fields and currents

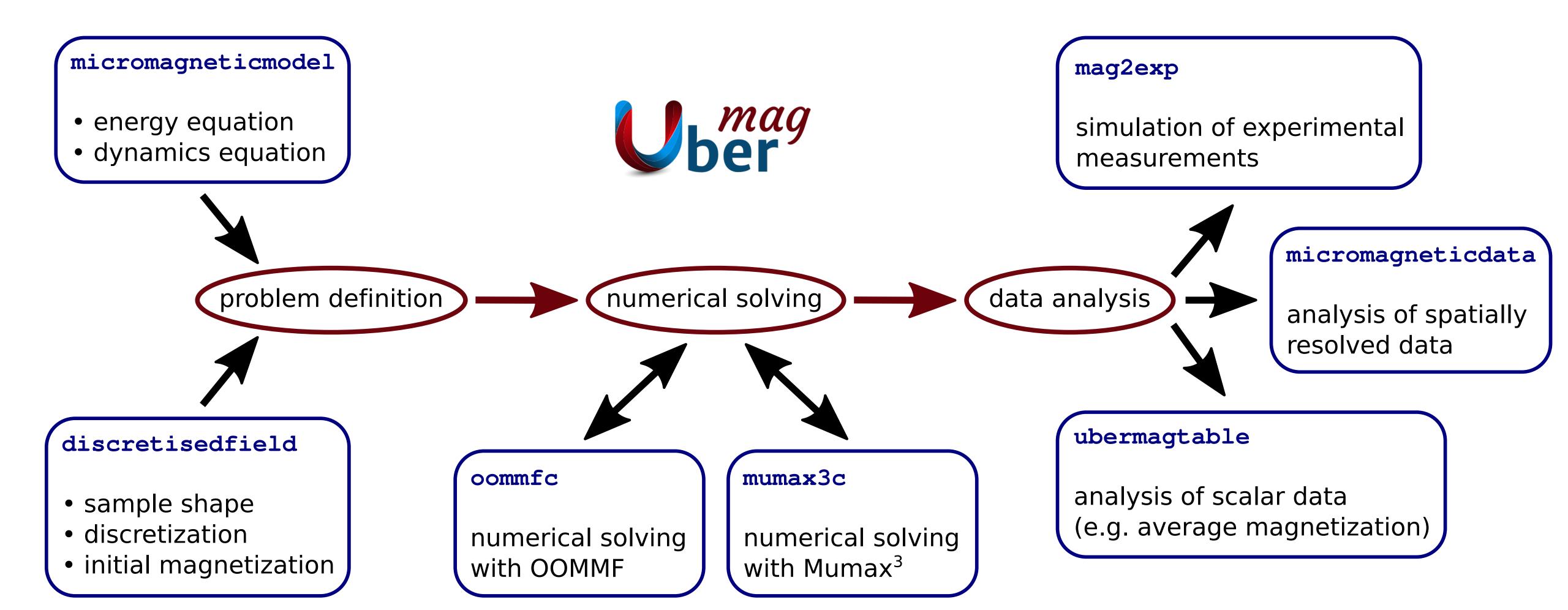
DISCUSSION UBERMAG DESIGN

- Ubermag is embedded [1] in Python programming language
 - Full power of Python language available
 - Access to growing set of data analysis libraries

- Modular design of Ubermag
 - Can use components independently; for example mag2exp

DISCUSSION UBERMAG DESIGN

- Ubermag is embedded in Jupyter notebook [2]:
 Mixing simulation and analysis commands with output and annotation:
 - Supports better reproducibility and re-usability [3]
 - Zero-install tutorials / demos / reproducible publications using "Binder" (<u>Example: vortex</u>). Need only web browser locally.
- [2] Marijan Beg etal. Ubermag: IEEE TransMag, vol. 58, no. 2, pp. 1-5, Art no. 7300205, https://doi.org/10.1109/TMAG.2021.3078896 (2022)
- [3] Marijan Beg etal, Computing in Science & Engineering 23, 36-46, https://doi.org/10.1109/MCSE.2021.3052101 (2021)



AVOID DUPLICATION

micromagneticmodel

- energy equation
- dynamics equation



problem definition

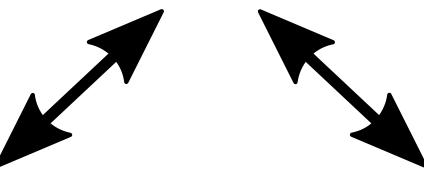


discretisedfield

- sample shape
- discretization
- initial magnetization



numerical solving



oommfc

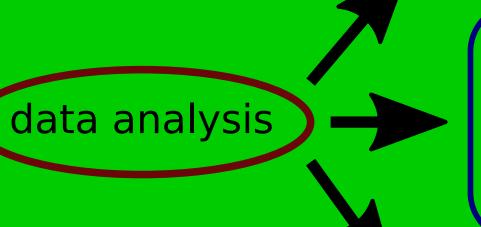
numerical solving with OOMMF

mumax3c

numerical solving with Mumax³

mag2exp

simulation of experimental measurements



micromagneticdata

analysis of spatially resolved data

ubermagtable

analysis of scalar data (e.g. average magnetization)

MACHINE READABLE DEFINITION OF PHYSICS PROBLEM

micromagneticmodel

- energy equation
- dynamics equation



problem definition



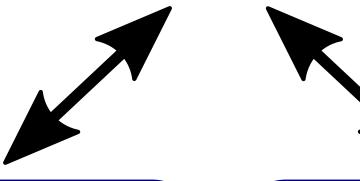
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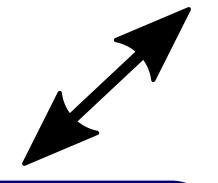
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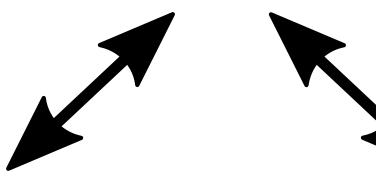
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mag2exp

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SIMULATION OF EXPERIMENTAL MEASUREMENTS

mag2exp

simulation of experimental measurements

EXECUTABLE NOTEBOOK DOCUMENT <-> WORKFLOW

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AUTOMATIC TRANSLATION FOR COMPUTATIONAL BACKENDS

GET INVOLVED?

- Opportunities for joint work, for example:
 - Tailor Ubermag for your research problem
 - Integrate your simulation engine into Ubermag framework
 - Make your research more reproducible &
 - Contribute to open source tools used by the community

Get in touch for exploration of options (hans.fangohr@mpsd.mpg.de)

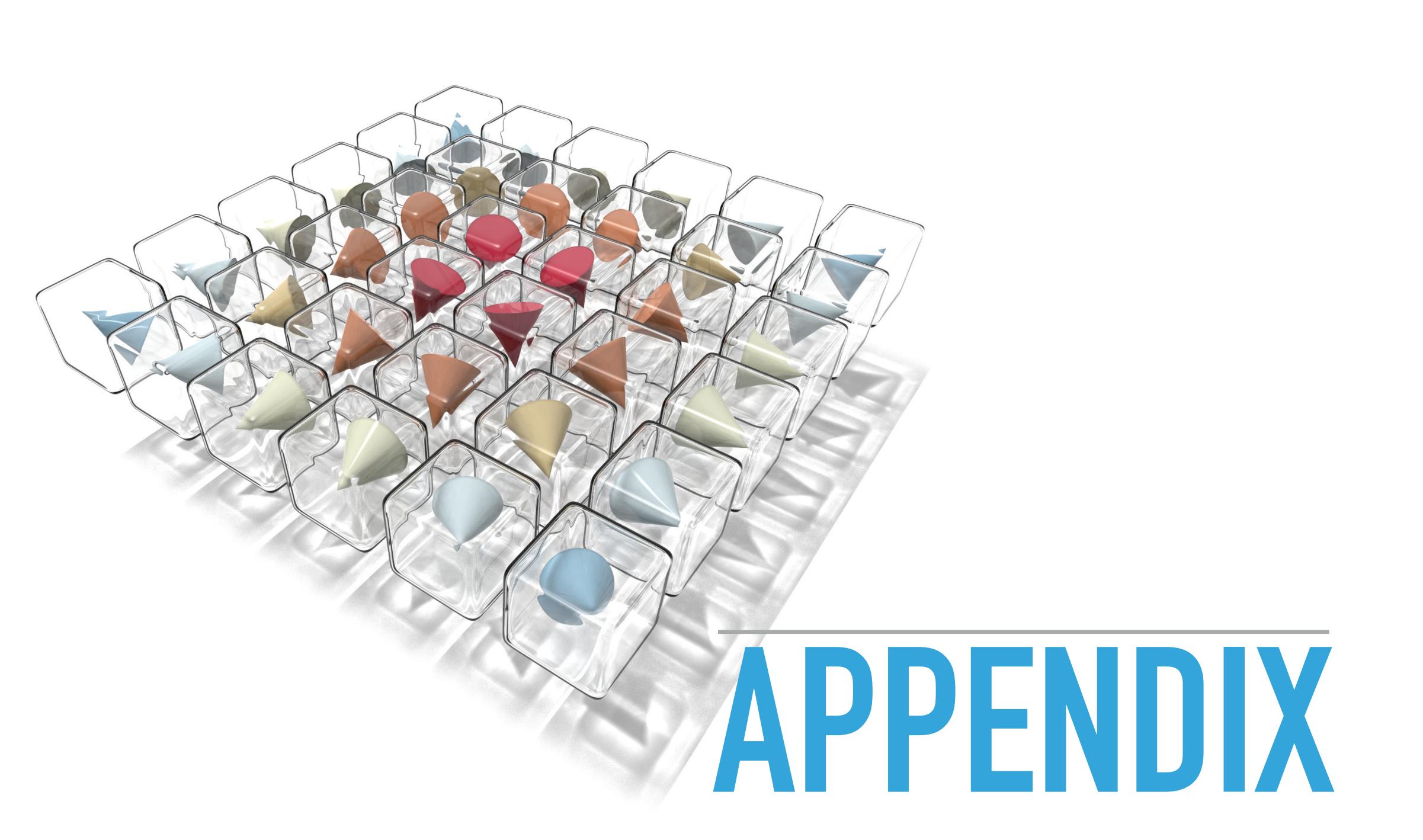
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Workshop materials: https://tinyurl.com/solskymag22-ubermag

Contact: hans.fangohr@mpsd.mpg.de



RELEVANT REFERENCES

- Ubermag references:
 - Marijan Beg, Ryan A. Pepper, Hans Fangohr, *User interfaces for computational science: a domain specific language for OOMMF embedded in Python*, AIP Advances 7, 056025, https://doi.org/10.1063/1.4977225 (2017)
 - Marijan Beg, Martin Lang and Hans Fangohr, *Ubermag: Toward More Effective Micromagnetic Workflows*, IEEE Transactions on Magnetics, vol. 58, no. 2, pp. 1-5, Feb. 2022, Art no. 7300205, https://doi.org/10.1109/
 TMAG.2021.3078896 (2022)
- Publications relating to Jupyter Notebooks for science:
 - ▶ Hans Fangohr, Marijan Beg, etal, *Data exploration and analysis with Jupyter notebooks*, Proceedings of the 17th International Conference on Accelerator and Large Experimental Physics Control Systems ICALEPCS2019, TUCPR02, https://jacow.org/icalepcs2019/papers/tucpr02.pdf (2020)
 - Marijan Beg, Juliette Belin, Thomas Kluyver, Alexander Konovalov, Min Ragan-Kelley, Nicolas Thiery, Hans Fangohr *Using Jupyter for reproducible scientific workflows*, Computing in Science & Engineering 23, 36-46, https://doi.org/10.1109/MCSE.2021.3052101 (2021)