Comparison of the two mean values CI for the difference in means in the two-sample normal model with known variances $X_1 \dots X_{n_1} \sim \mathcal{N}(M_1, \sigma_{i}^2) \sim \text{independent}$ $Y_1 \dots Y_{n_2} \sim \mathcal{N}(M_2, \sigma_{i}^2) \propto \text{random Samples}$ 6,2, 622 - are known $\bar{X} - \frac{1}{n_i} \stackrel{\sim}{=} \chi_i$; $\bar{Y} = \frac{1}{n_a} \stackrel{\sim}{=} \chi_i$ $\overline{z} = \overline{x} - \overline{y}$ 1) z has normal distribution (as a sum of norm. dist. 2. v.) 2) $\overline{X} \sim N(\mu_1, \frac{5i^2}{n_1})$; $\overline{Y} \sim N(\mu_2, \frac{5i^2}{n_2})$ \overline{X} , \overline{Y} are independent >> \(\sigma \sigma \mathreal \lambda \mathreal \lambda \lambda \mathreal \lambda \lambda \mathreal \lambda \l $2c = grown \left(1 - \frac{2}{2}\right)$ -21- \$ 21- \$ = 2c P1-2c < 2 < 2c3=1-4 $P \left\{ -2c \leq \frac{x-y-(m_1-m_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{6^2}{n_1} + \frac{6^2}{n_2}}} \leq 2c^{\frac{2}{3}} = 1-2$

P { (x-y) - 2c / \frac{62}{n_1} + \frac{62}{n_2} = M-M2 \le (x-y) + 2c / \frac{51^2}{n_1} + \frac{62^2}{n_2} \right\} = => CI for the difference in means in the two-sample normal model with known variances on confidence level 11-21: [[x-y)-2c \(\frac{\si^2}{n_1} + \frac{\si^2}{n_2}\); (x-y)+ zc \(\frac{\si^2}{n_1} + \frac{\si^2}{n_2}\) CI for the difference in means in the two-sample normal model with unknown equal variances X_1 - $X_{n_1} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_1, 5^2) \sim \text{independent random}$ Y_1 - $Y_{n_2} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_2, 5^2) \times \text{Samples}$ 62 is unknown $=) S_{p}^{2} = \frac{(n_{1}-1)S_{1}^{2} + (n_{2}-1)S_{2}^{2}}{n_{1}+n_{2}-2}$ - estimator of 62 based on two pooled of weighted mean samples $\frac{(n_1-1)S_1^2+(n_2-1)S_2^2}{(n_1-1)+(n_2-1)}$ $T = \frac{\bar{x} - \bar{y} - (m_1 - m_2)}{S_P \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}} \sim t(m_1 + m_2 - 2)$

CI for the difference in means in the throsample normal model withwham equal variances on confidence level (1-2):

 $\left[(\bar{x} - \bar{y}) - t_{1 - \frac{1}{2}, n_1 + n_2 - 2} S_p \sqrt{n_1 + \frac{1}{n_2}}, (\bar{x} - \bar{y}) + t_{1 - \frac{1}{2}, n_1 + n_2 - 2} S_p \sqrt{n_1 + \frac{1}{n_2}} \right]$

CI for the difference in means in the twosample normal model with unknown unequal variances

 X_1 ... $X_{n_1} \sim N(\mu_1, 6^2)$ \sim ondependent $2 Samp_1$ Y_1 ... $Y_{n_2} \sim N(\mu_2, 6^2)$ \sim les

 $\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n_1} \sum_{i=1}^{n_2} X_i$; $\bar{Y} = \frac{1}{n_2} \sum_{i=1}^{n_2} Y_i$ $S_i^2 = \frac{1}{n_1} \sum_{i=1}^{n_2} (x_i - \bar{x}_i)^2$; $C_i^2 = \frac{1}{n_2} \sum_{i=1}^{n_2} (x_i - \bar{x}_i)^2$

 $S_{i}^{2} = \frac{1}{n_{i-1}} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{i}} (X_{i} - \overline{X})^{2}; S_{2}^{2} = \frac{1}{n_{2}-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{2}} (Y_{i} - \overline{Y})^{2}$

Welch's t-test.:

 $t = \frac{\overline{x} - \overline{y}}{\sqrt{\frac{S_i^2}{n_i} + \frac{S_i^2}{n_2}}} \sim t(\gamma)$ $v \approx \left(\frac{S_i^2}{n_i} + \frac{S_i^2}{n_2}\right)^2$

 $V \approx \frac{\left(\frac{S_{1}^{2}}{n_{1}} + \frac{S_{1}^{2}}{n_{2}^{2}}\right)^{2}}{\frac{S_{1}^{4}}{n_{1}^{2}(n_{1}-1)} + \frac{S_{2}^{4}}{n_{2}^{2}(n_{2}-1)}}$

 $\left[\bar{x} - \bar{y} - t_{1-\frac{1}{2}, \nu} \sqrt{\frac{s_{1}^{2} + \frac{s_{2}^{2}}{n_{2}}}{\frac{s_{1}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}}{n_{2}}}}; \bar{x} - \bar{y} + t_{1-\frac{1}{2}, \nu} \sqrt{\frac{s_{1}^{2} + \frac{s_{2}^{2}}{n_{1}}}{\frac{s_{1}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}}{n_{2}}}}\right]$

CI for the difference in means in the twosample normal model with unknown unequal variances on confidence level (1-2)