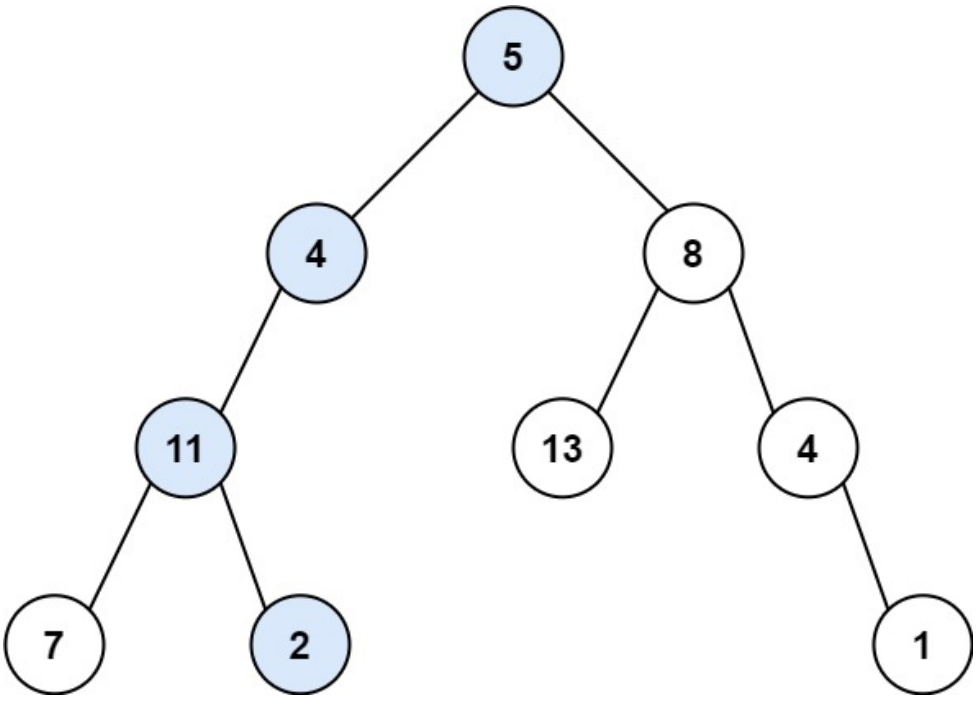
Given the `root` of a binary tree and an integer `targetSum`, return `true` if the tree has a **root-to-leaf** path such that adding up all the values along the path equals `targetSum`.

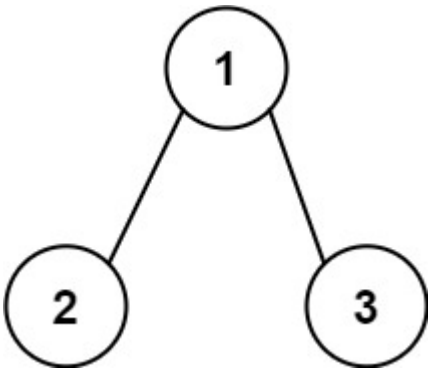
A **leaf** is a node with no children.

Example 1:




```
Input: root = [5,4,8,11,null,13,4,7,2,null,null,null,1],
targetSum = 22
Output: true
```

Example 2:




```
Input: root = [1,2,3], targetSum = 5
```

```
/**
 * Definition
node.
 * type TreeN
 *     Val in
 *     Left *
 *     Right
 * }
 */
func hasPathS
targetSum int
    if root =
        retur
    }

    if root.L
root.Right ==
        retur
root.Val
    }

    if root.L
        if ha
targetSum - r
            r
        }
    }

    if root.R
        if ha
targetSum - r
            r
        }
    }

    return fa
}
```

Testcase Run Code Result

Accepted Runtime: 2

Your input `[5,4,8, 22 --`

Output `true false`

Expected `true false`