

Web Performance

> 3s load time is not good, 53 % of AR

500ms speed delay => 26% user frustration

=> -20% google.com traffic

lower CR , frustated users, less productive => issue with web performance

Web Performance

wpo:

web development approach for measuring, optimizing, and improving web performance and user's perception/satisfaction using best practices and techniques, essentially increasing conversion and lowering the abandonment

BR

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+32%

+90%

+106%

+123%

Seconds

1-3

1-5

1-6

1-10

2s page load => 74% CR

Web Performance

WPO in Enterprises

no CR

no AR

targetted audience

ux, satisfaction, server load, productivity

ux

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not sell pdts.

not index in search engines

not all ntk. and devices are covered

ntk

VPNs

Qos

Saturated

SPAs

PWAs

Web Performance

Performance Goals

RAIL Model

Response 100ms

Animation 10ms

Idle 50ms

Load 1s

Web Performance

Perceptual Speed Index

WebPagetest tool in 2012

ATF content

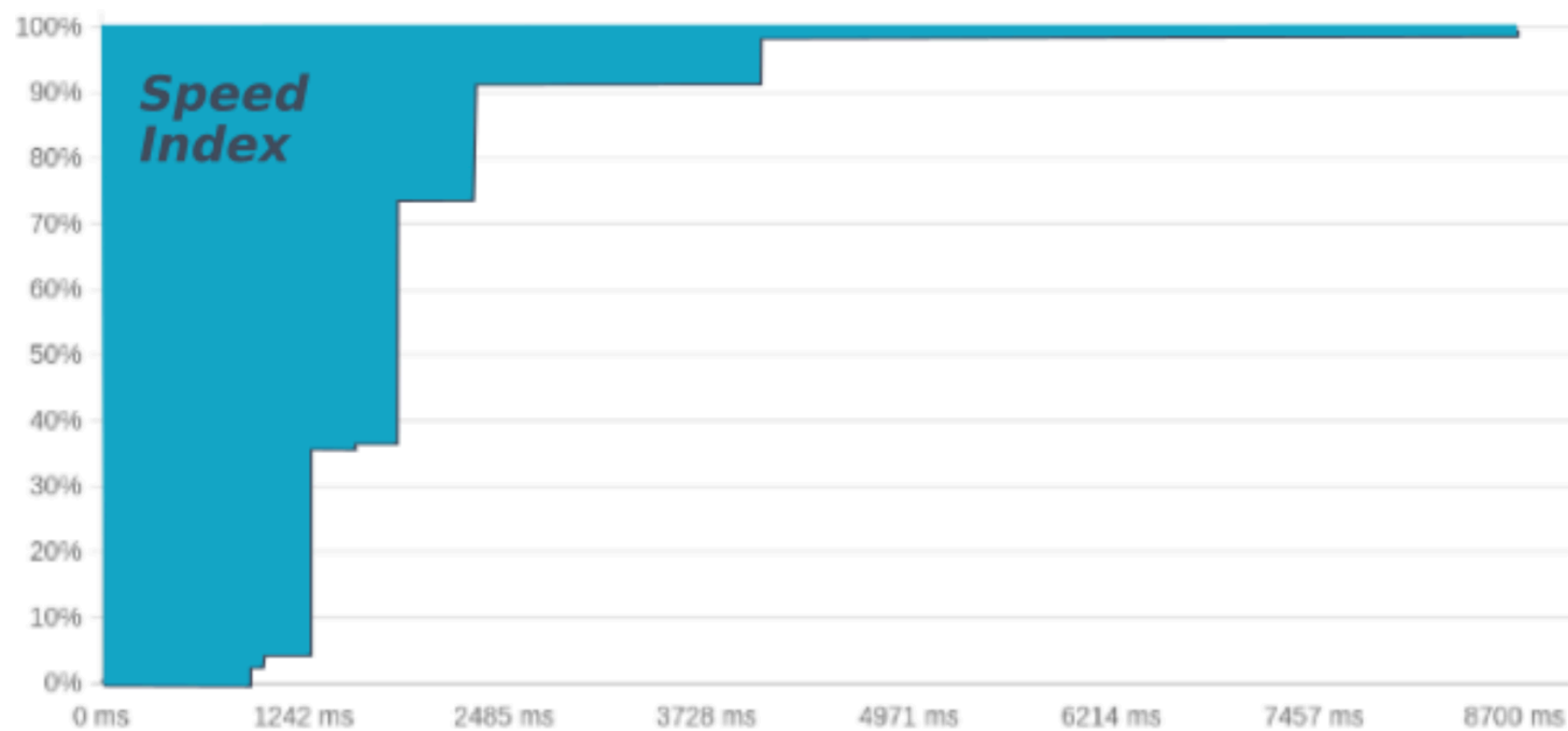
blank amount the user is seeing on the screen



<https://blog.dareboost.com/en/2018/02/speed-index-web-performance/>

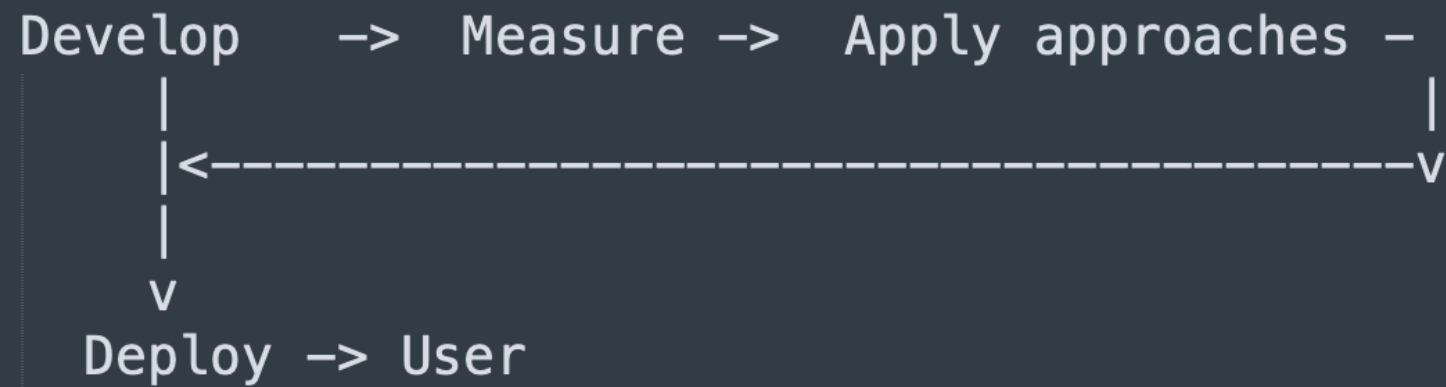
Web Performance

Perceptual Speed Index

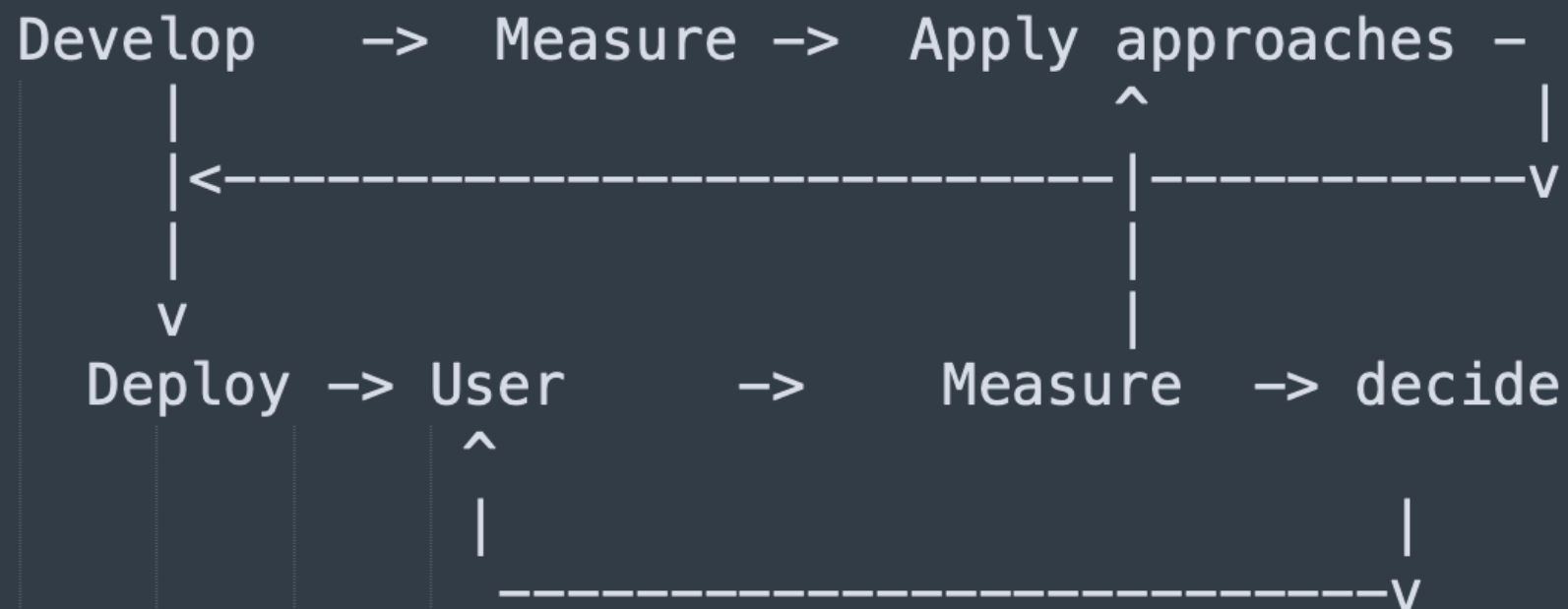


Web Performance

How WPO works



user's context (4G,2G, WiFi, ..., mobile, roaming ..) effects web performance



Web Performance

RUM (Real User Monitoring)

reactive web performance techniques

from : "You are in a poor connectivity area or in a remote area..I'm helpless"

context always keeps on changing

to: "Let me figure it out as i am responsible for ur experience of my site.. "

Web Performance

Measure Time

```
const ts1 = new Date().getTime()  
//some task  
const ts2 = new Date().getTime()  
  
const taskTime = t2 - t1
```

```
const ts1 = performance.now()  
//some task  
const ts2 = performance.now()  
const taskTime = t2 - t1
```

global option

use zero as the moment in which the browser started the navigation to that page. measure is relative to that page load

Web Performance

Measure Time

A horizontal timeline diagram illustrating web performance measurement. The timeline is represented by a horizontal line with vertical tick marks. The first tick mark is labeled '0' and 'epoch'. The second tick mark is labeled 'start nav.'. The third tick mark is labeled 'i' and 'measure'. Above the timeline, the text 'performance.now()' is written. Below the timeline, the text 'performance.timeOrigin/performance.timing.navigationStart' is written.

```
performance.now()
```

0 start nav. i measure

epoch

performance.timeOrigin/performance.timing.navigationStart

JS data type: DOMHighResTimeStamp

Web Performance

Navigation Timing API

global object

available in all browsers

API is the base for other measurement specs

also abl. in web workers

3 functionalities:

`performance.now()`

```
const current = performance.now() //timestamp from the timeOrigin  
const zeroMoment = performance.timeOrigin //ms
```

Web Performance

Navigation Timing API

Navigation type

//level1

```
const redirects = performance.navigation.redirectCount
```

```
switch (performance.navigation.type) {  
  case: performance.navigation.TYPE_NAVIGATE //normal navigation  
  case: performance.navigation.TYPE_RELOAD  
  case: performance.navigation.TYPE_BACK_FORWARD  
  
}
```

Web Performance

Navigation Timing API

get timings for the current navigation

list of timings

```
const allNT = performance.timing
```

```
const domNT = performance.timing.domInteractive
```

Web Performance

Navigation Timing API

```
const allNT = performance.getEntriesByType("navigation")
```

```
const domNT = allNT[0].domInteractive
```

new props:

- redirectCount
- type
- nextHopProtocol (HTTP2 ..)
- transferSize (bytes of the whole response including headers),
 encodedBodySize (transfer package without headers), decodedBodySize (bytes after decoding)
- workerStart: 0 //if no service worker, or timestamp before fetch event in SW

Web Performance

Navigation Timing API

prepare -> DNS -> TCP -> SSL -> HTTP Request -> Server Wait -> HTTP Response -
-> HTML Parsing -> CSS/JS Parsing -> Images ..

prepare

navigationStart, unloadEventStart, unloadEventEnd,
redirectStart, redirectEnd, fetchStart

DNS

fetchStart, domainLookupStart,
domainLookupEnd, connectStart

Web Performance

Navigation Timing API

TCP

connectStart, connectEnd

SSL

```
connectEnd, secureConnectionStart //for security reasons we will not get information on  
                                     //secureConnectionEnd  
, requestStart
```

HTTP Request

requestStart,

Web Performance

Navigation Timing API

Server Wait

..responseStart

HTTP Response

responseStart, responseEnd, domLoading

HTML Parsing

domLoading, domInteractive

CSS/JS parsing

domInteractive, domContentLoadedEventStart, domContentLoadedEventEnd

Images ..

domContentLoadedEventEnd, domComplete, loadEventStart, loadEventEnd

Web Performance

Navigation Timing API

Time to first byte = `responseStart` – `fetchStart` (~ 600ms on an avg. conn.)

Bandwidth (download) = `responseStart`, `responseEnd`,
calculate based on the size of the file

DOM load time = `domInteractive` – `fetchStart`

Parsing and Rendering time = `loadEventEnd` – `domLoading`

Page Load time = `domComplete` – `fetchStart`