Supplementary Material

Bram Willemsen and Livia Qian and Gabriel Skantze

Division of Speech, Music and Hearing KTH Royal Institute of Technology Stockholm, Sweden

{bramw, liviaq, skantze}@kth.se

Supplementary material for the paper "Resolving References in Visually-Grounded Dialogue via Text Generation". For code and annotations, we refer the reader to our repository¹.

1 Hyperparameters

Model	davinci (base)
Epochs	10
Batch size	4
Learning rate multiplier	0.1
Prompt loss weight	0.01

Table 1: Hyperparameters for fine-tuning GPT-3 for context windows 3 and 7.

Max tokens	256
Temperature	0
Top p	1
Presence penalty	0
Frequency penalty	0

Table 2: Hyperparameters for inference GPT-3 for context windows **3** and **7**.

	3	7
Model	gpt2-xl	gpt2-xl
Epochs	1	2
Batch size	1	1
Learning rate	5e-6	1e-6

Table 3: Hyperparameters for fine-tuning GPT-2 for context windows 3 and 7.

Max tokens	128
Temperature	0
Top p	0.9
Repetition penalty	1

Table 4: Hyperparameters for inference GPT-2 for context windows **3** and **7**.

¹https://github.com/willemsenbram/ reference-resolution-via-text-generation, doi:10.5281/zenodo.8176114

2 Human Evaluation

Additional details of the human evaluation experimental setup.

Independent To ensure independence of observations, we randomly sample one label per image set. This means that each participant is asked to select the corresponding image from the set of candidate images for five labels, each label for a different dialogue associated with a different image set, presented in a random order. We randomly add a sixth item that serves as an attention check. Each participant provides data for only one randomly assigned set of six items. We limit this evaluation to singleimage referents. For an example of the task (with instructions) as shown to participants, see Figure 4. Participants were recruited via Amazon Mechanical Turk². Eligible workers were those that had completed at least 1000 previous HITs and a historic completion percentage of at least 97%.

Holistic Detailed task instructions as presented to participants are shown in Figure 2 and Figure 3. An example of the task itself is shown in Figure 4. The order in which the images are presented is randomized. We add an attention check after every 25 mentions. We do not limit this evaluation to single-image referents. Participants are allowed to select more than one image as well as an image that has already been ranked if they believe this to be necessary. Participants were recruited via Prolific³. Eligible workers were those that had indicated that they are fluent in English, had a minimum approval rate of 99 and had a minimum of 100 previously completed submissions. The expected time-on-task was adjusted for the number of mentions in the dialogue.

²https://www.mturk.com/

https://www.prolific.co/



Pick the image that is best described by the provided label.
IMPORTANT NOTE: Please do not fill out the HITs with the same title as this one (but with a different index). It is really important for us to get results from unique workers. All your submissions except for one will be rejected if you accept multiple HITs.

TASK 1 Label:

the big white bear-faced samoyed dog

Image referred to by the label:







Figure 1: Example of the independent human evaluation task as presented to the participant. Shown are the task instructions and one of the six items the participant was asked to provide an answer for.

Instructions

You will read a conversation between two people that are discussing images. The two people that are having this conversation are playing a game in which they have to rank 9 images. This game is played over 4 rounds. Each round the players are given a different scenario (indicated by "Task", in bold letters) by which they have to rank the images (for example: "which of these animals is the cutest?"). Each time you see a new scenario a new round has started.

We ask you to find which image or images the players are referring to each time they mention one or more of the images shown below the conversation. To help you see when and where a player mentioned an image (or images), the expression that we need you to find the image (or images) for will be marked with two red arrows (-+ and ---). As you progress, you will be able to see increasingly more of the dialogue. Use that to your advantage, but note that you cannot undo any of your previ-

Note that this is a relatively long task! We estimate it to take 50 minutes on average. We will need you to pay close attention all the way through to the end. But you will be compensated accordingly for your efforts! Be aware that there will occasionally be an attention check.

To illustrate the task, please have a look at the following example:

A: I think → the dog ← is cute. What do you think?







What image or images did A refer to? (between the → and ← arrows)

Answer: Here, "the dog" refers to the image of the dog, thus you would select the image in the middle

A: I think the dog is cute. What do you think?







What image or images did **B** refer to? (between the → and ← arrows)

Answer: Here, "it" refers back to "the dog", which refers to the image of the dog, thus you would again select the image in the middle

- A: I think the dog is cute. What do you think?
- B: I also think it is cute.
- B: I do like 🕶 the cat 🖛 as well. It looks a bit grumpy, but it's cute. Honestly, I think all these animals are adorable in their own way







What image or images did B refer to? (between the → and ← arrows)

Answer: Here, "the cat" refers to the image of the cat, thus you would select the leftmost image

- A: I think the dog is cute. What do you think?
- B: I also think it is cute.
- B: I do like the cat as well. → It ← looks a bit grumpy, but it's cute. Honestly, I think all these animals are adorable in their own way







What image or images did B refer to? (between the → and ← arrows)

Answer: Here, "It" refers back to "the cat", which refers to the image of the cat, thus you would again select the leftmost image

Figure 2: Instructions for the holistic human evaluation task as presented to the participant (part 1).

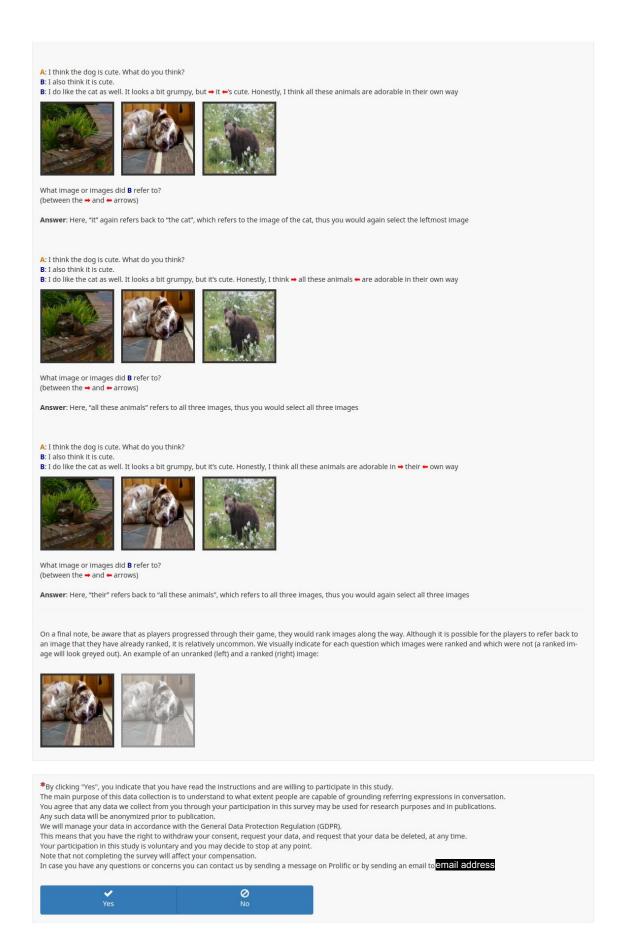


Figure 3: Instructions for the holistic human evaluation task as presented to the participant (continued, part 2).

Task: You spent a few weeks in a cabin in the woods. You want to go home, but the heavy rain has turned the forest roads into slippery streams of mud. Which of these cars is most likely to get you home safely and why? Please discuss the scenario and come to an agreement on how to rank these cars (starting with the car that is most likely to get you home safely) and motivate your A: Hi are you there? I think we need a car whose bottom part is high A: Actually I also don't know so much about cars. Is there a reason why a car with a higher bottom part is better?

A: Actually I also don't have much knowledge about the car. But form my stereotype and pervious experience, when I heard about the stories about going out to forest, it would be wise to choose a car with high bottom floor A: But here it focus on "slippery", maybe its not that important B: Okay, I see. Hmm, what is vital for slippery... A: I think it's the tire A: But I would also think its better to pick a high bottom floor one, like the white one, but with a higher bottom floor B: Yeah, I agree that choosing one with higher bottom is easier and make more sense here
B: I agree with you about the white car you chose.
A: Yes, do we agree on the white one with high bottom floor. And I think its front glass are in black. A: let's do it! B: Cool! Seems like we locked the same one:) A: yeap. Do we still need to lock others? for the rest of other 8? B: Yes, I think we need to rank all the images
A: Clear, I think my second choice would be the light grey one, which looks like in old style. B: I agree, →its← bottom seems to be pretty high as well. *Which image or images did **B** refer to? (between the → and ← arrows) Check all that apply

Figure 4: Example of the holistic human evaluation task as presented to the participant. Images with a faded appearance have been successfully ranked by the players at that point in the interaction.