```
In [ ]: # Create basic function
        one argument
In [1]: def add(x):
            return(x+10)
        add(20)
Out[1]: 30
In [2]: def add(x):
            summ=x+10
            return(summ)
        add(20)
Out[2]: 30
In []: def add(x):
            return(x+10)
        add(20)
        # how many arguemts are present? : x
        # what you are returning?: x+10
        # format: Lambda <argument_name>:<output>
In [3]: add=lambda x:x+10
        add(20)
Out[3]: 30
In [ ]: def square(x):
            return(x*x)
In [4]: square=lambda a:a*a
        square(5)
Out[4]: 25
In [ ]: def cube(x):
            return(x*x*x)
In [5]: cube=lambda x:x*x*x
        cube(30)
Out[5]: 27000
```

## two arguments

```
In [ ]: def add(a,b):
             return(a+b)
         add(20,30)
         # how many arguemts are present? : a,b
         # what you are returning?: a+b
         # format: Lambda <arq1>,<arq2>:<output>
 In [6]: add=lambda a,b:a+b
         add(20,30)
 Out[6]: 50
 In [7]: # implement average of 3 numbers using lambda
         avrg=lambda a,b,c:(a+b+c)/3
         avrg(5,5,5)
 Out[7]: 5.0
In [10]: # implemet avergae make c as default parameter
         avg=lambda a,b,c=30: round((a+b+c)/3,2)
         avg(20,30)
Out[10]: 26.67
In [11]: round((a+b+c)/3,2)
Out[11]: 26.67
         if-else
In [12]: # Create a function for finding greater number between two numbers
         def greater(n1,n2):
             if n1>n2:
                 return(n1)
             else:
                 return(n2)
         greater(100,200)
Out[12]: 200
```

```
In [13]: | 11=[]
          def greater(n1,n2):
              if n1>n2:
                  11.append(n1)
              else:
                  11.append(n2)
          greater(100,200)
In [14]: | 11=[<if_output> <if_con> else <else_op> <loop>]
Out[14]: [200]
 In [ ]: def greater(n1,n2):
              if n1>n2:
                  return(n1)
              else:
                  return(n2)
          greater(100,200)
          # format :
          # lambda <arg1>,<arg2>: <if_output> <if_con> else <else_op>
In [15]: greater=lambda a,b: (a if a>b else b)
          greater(8,3)
Out[15]: 8

    lambda function is nothing but create a function

            · one argument
            · multiple arguments
            · if else conditions
           • if else conditions same like list compehenshion
 In [2]: list1=['hyd','mumbai','chennai']
          #output: ['Hyd','Mumbai','Chennai']
          # M-1: use append method
          list2=[]
          for i in list1:
              list2.append(i.capitalize())
          print(list2)
          # M-2: use list comprhenshion
          [i.capitalize() for i in list1]
          # M-3: make a Lambda function
```

['Hyd', 'Mumbai', 'Chennai']

Out[2]: ['Hyd', 'Mumbai', 'Chennai']

```
In [ ]: lambda <arguments>: <output>
In [ ]: |# whenever you use iterations
        # iterator: some thing can be iterbale/ you can print using for loop
        # list ,string, tuple, dictionary
In [ ]: |lambda <arguments>: <output>,<iterator>
        [i.capitalize() for i in list1]
In [3]: list1=['hyd','chennai','mumbai']
        lambda i:i.capitalize(),list1
Out[3]: (<function __main__.<lambda>(i)>, ['hyd', 'chennai', 'mumbai'])
In [ ]: lambda <arg>:<output>
In [ ]: - next thing is map input and output
In [4]: list1=['hyd','chennai','mumbai']
        map(lambda i:i.capitalize(),list1)
Out[4]: <map at 0x1979c06cfd0>
In [ ]: - store the output
In [5]: list(map(lambda i:i.capitalize(),list1))
Out[5]: ['Hyd', 'Chennai', 'Mumbai']
          · first make a lambda function
          · second add your iterator
          · map both function and iterator
          · save the result in a list
In [ ]: list1=['hyd','chennai','mumbai']
        lambda i:i.capitalize(),list1
        map(lambda i:i.capitalize(),list1)
        list(map(lambda i:i.capitalize(),list1))
```

```
In [8]: list1=[1,2,3,4,5]
         # [1,4,9,16,25]
         list(map(lambda i:i*i,list1))
         for i in map(lambda i:i*i,list1):
             print(i)
         1
         4
         9
         16
         25
In [10]: list1=[1,2,3]
         list2=[11,22,33]
         # [12,24,36]
         for i,j in zip(list1,list2):
             print(i+j)
         12
         24
         36
In [15]: str(map(lambda i,j:i+j, list1,list2))
Out[15]: '<map object at 0x000001979C06CC40>'
In [16]: map(lambda i,j:i+j, list1,list2)
Out[16]: <map at 0x1979c06dcc0>
In [18]: |str([])
Out[18]: '[]'
 In [ ]: i.capitalize()
         i*i
         i+j
```

```
list1=['h#d','mum#bai','chennai']
In [20]:
         #['h#d','mum#bai']
         list1=['h#d','mum#bai','chennai']
         list2=[]
         for i in list1:
             if '#' in i:
                 list2.append(i)
         print(list2)
         [i for i in list1 if '#' in i]
         ['h#d', 'mum#bai']
Out[20]: ['h#d', 'mum#bai']
In [25]: #Lambda <argument>:<condition>,<iterator>
Out[25]: (<function __main__.<lambda>(i)>, ['h#d', 'mum#bai', 'chennai'])
In [28]: list1=['h#d','mum#bai','chennai']
         list(map(lambda i: '#' in i,list1))
         # condition mapping to list of items
Out[28]: [True, True, False]
In [31]: list1=['h#d','mum#bai','chennai']
         list(filter(lambda i: '#' in i,list1))
Out[31]: ['h#d', 'mum#bai']
In [30]: list1=['h#d','mum#bai','chennai']
         '#' in 'h#d'
         '#' in 'mum#bai'
Out[30]: True
 In [ ]:
```