

- 3 Modify the `body` rule by adding a declaration to include a background image, and add a new rule which says how to format the `h1` element. So the finished `simple.css` file will look like this:

```
body {
  font-family: sans-serif;
  background-image: url('../images/ling-ling.png');
}
h1 {
  padding: 12px;
  background-color: black;
  color: white;
  border-radius: 10px;
}
```

- 4 Add the declarations one at a time, saving as you go. Click refresh in your browser each time you add a new declaration so that you understand the difference the new rule makes.

Notice how the selectors contain a number of individual formatting rules. Each rule is ended by a semi-colon (;) and consists of a property (such as `color`) followed by a colon (:) and then a value (such as `white`). Notice, also, that rules are enclosed in curly braces ({ and }).