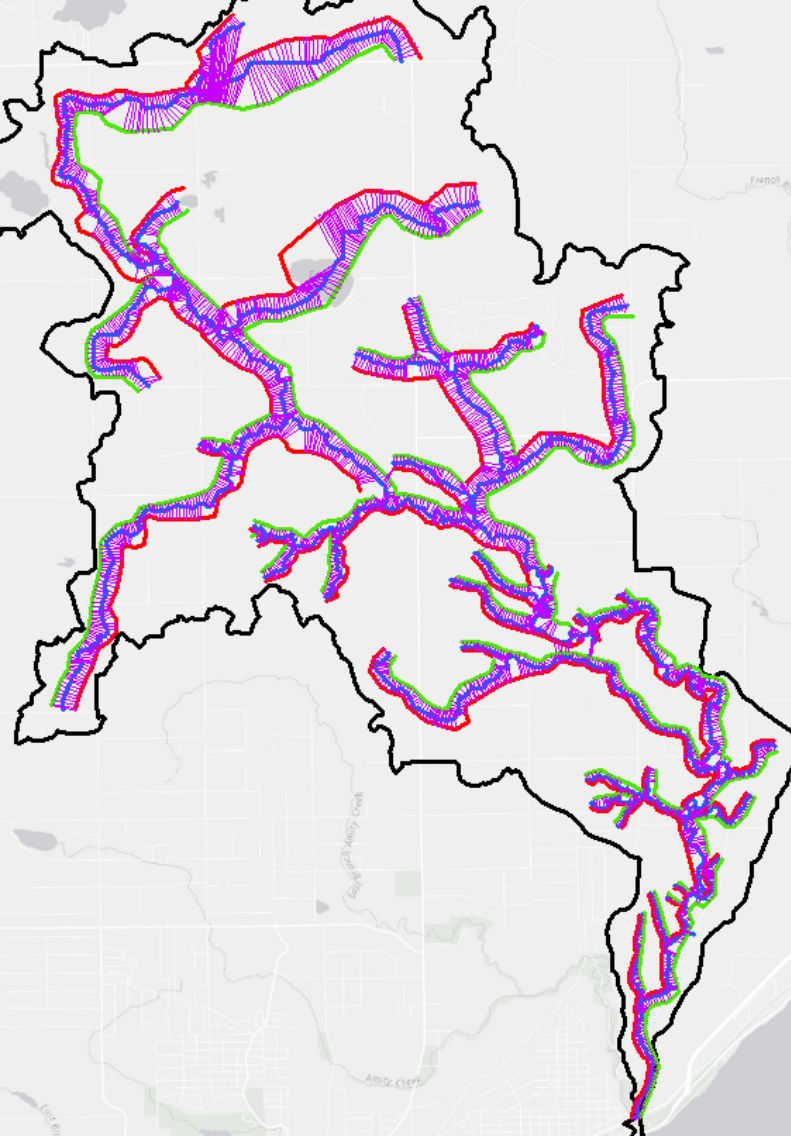


Cross-Sections Script

Michael Harris

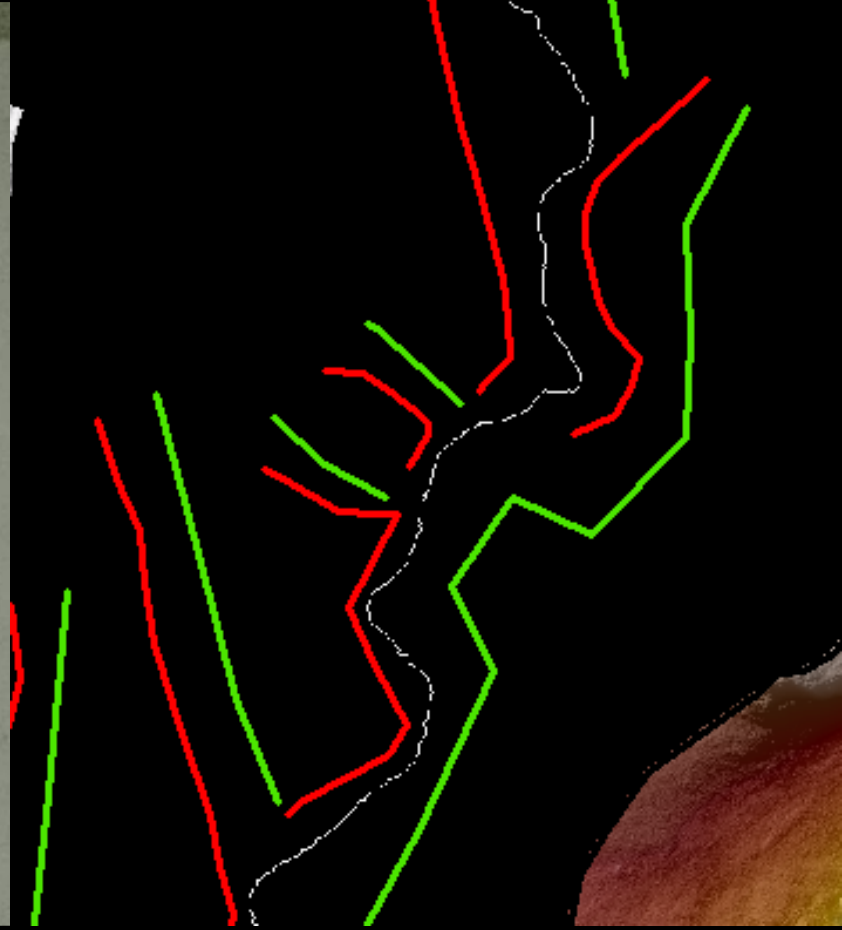
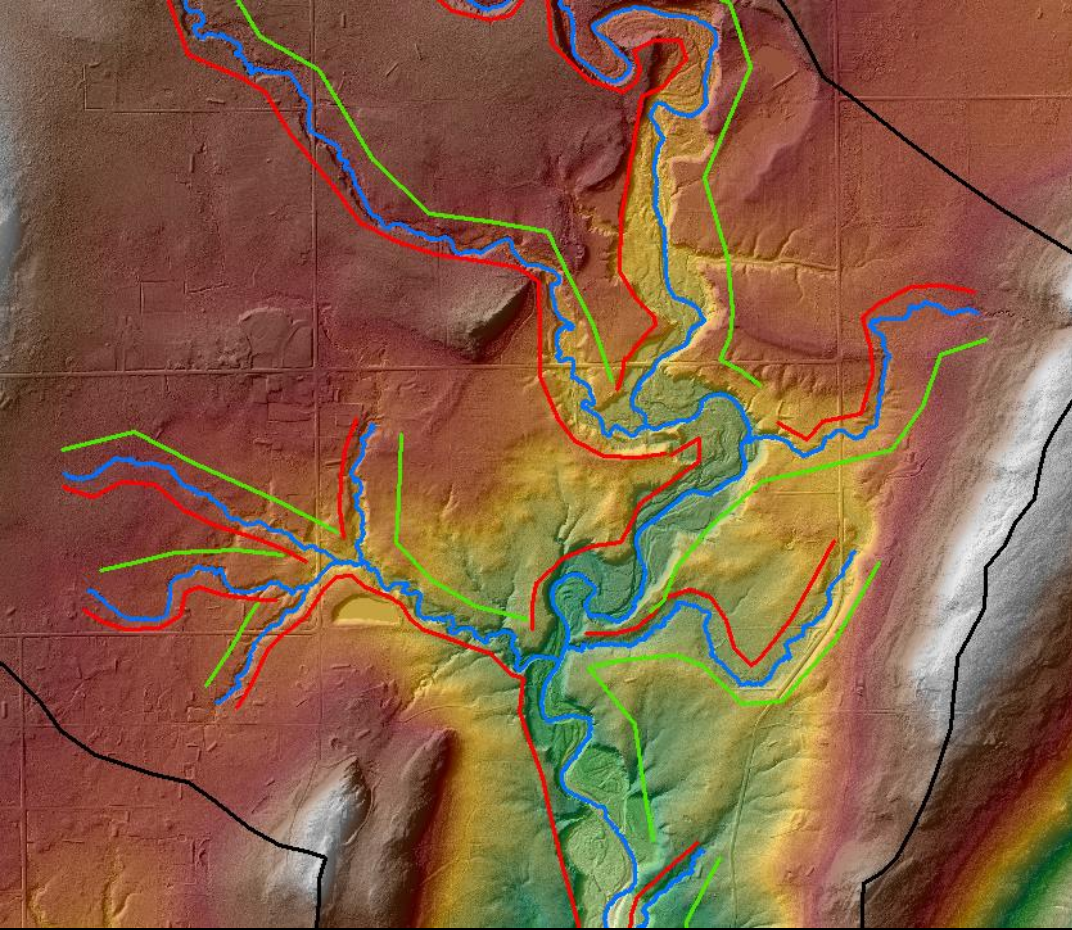
05/27/16



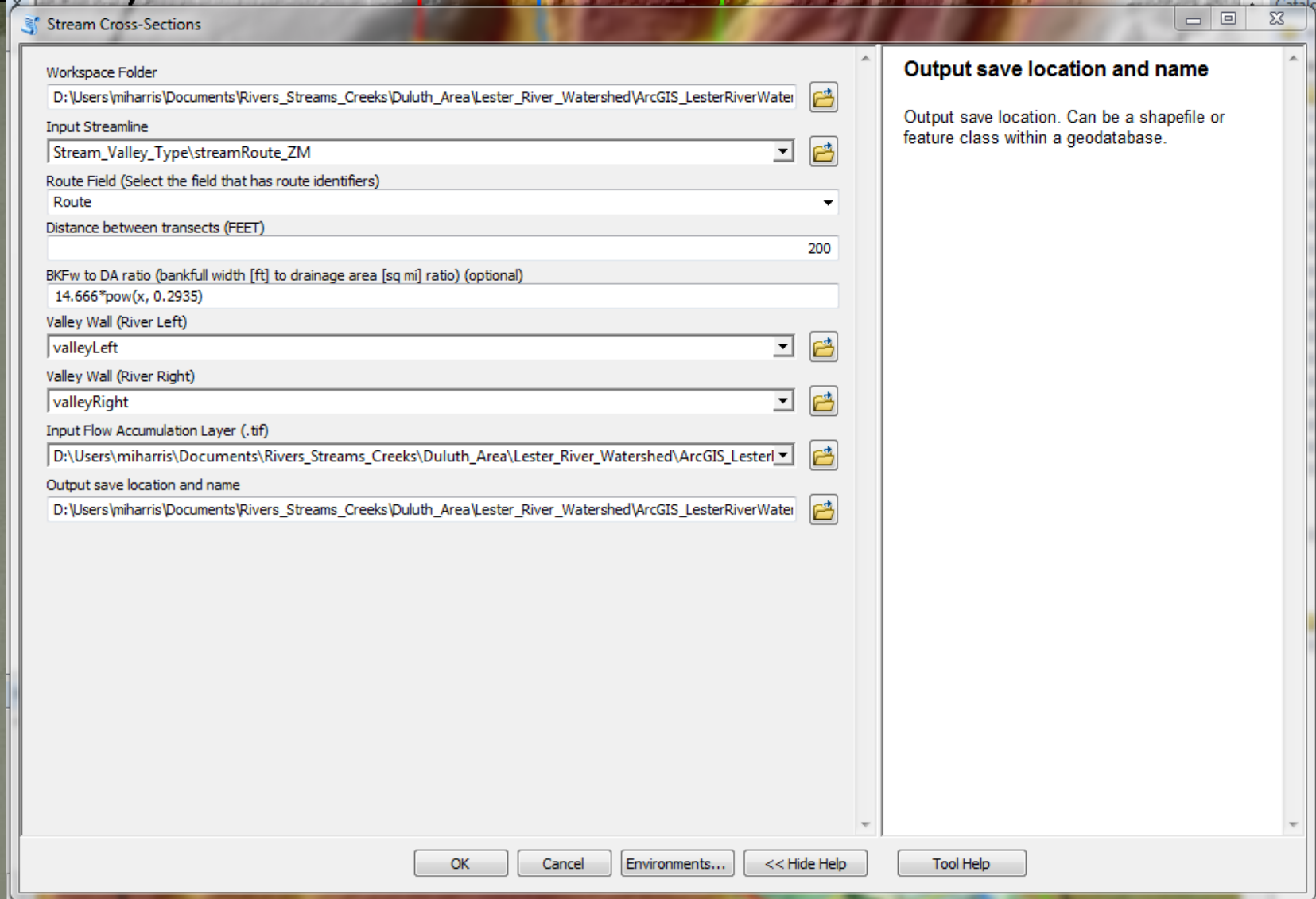
- This tool creates cross-section that are perpendicular to the stream channel and mostly perpendicular to valley walls.
- Valley walls will be manually digitized by the user, but this is a fairly quick process, as it is not essential to have perfectly accurate valley delineations.

Cross-Sections

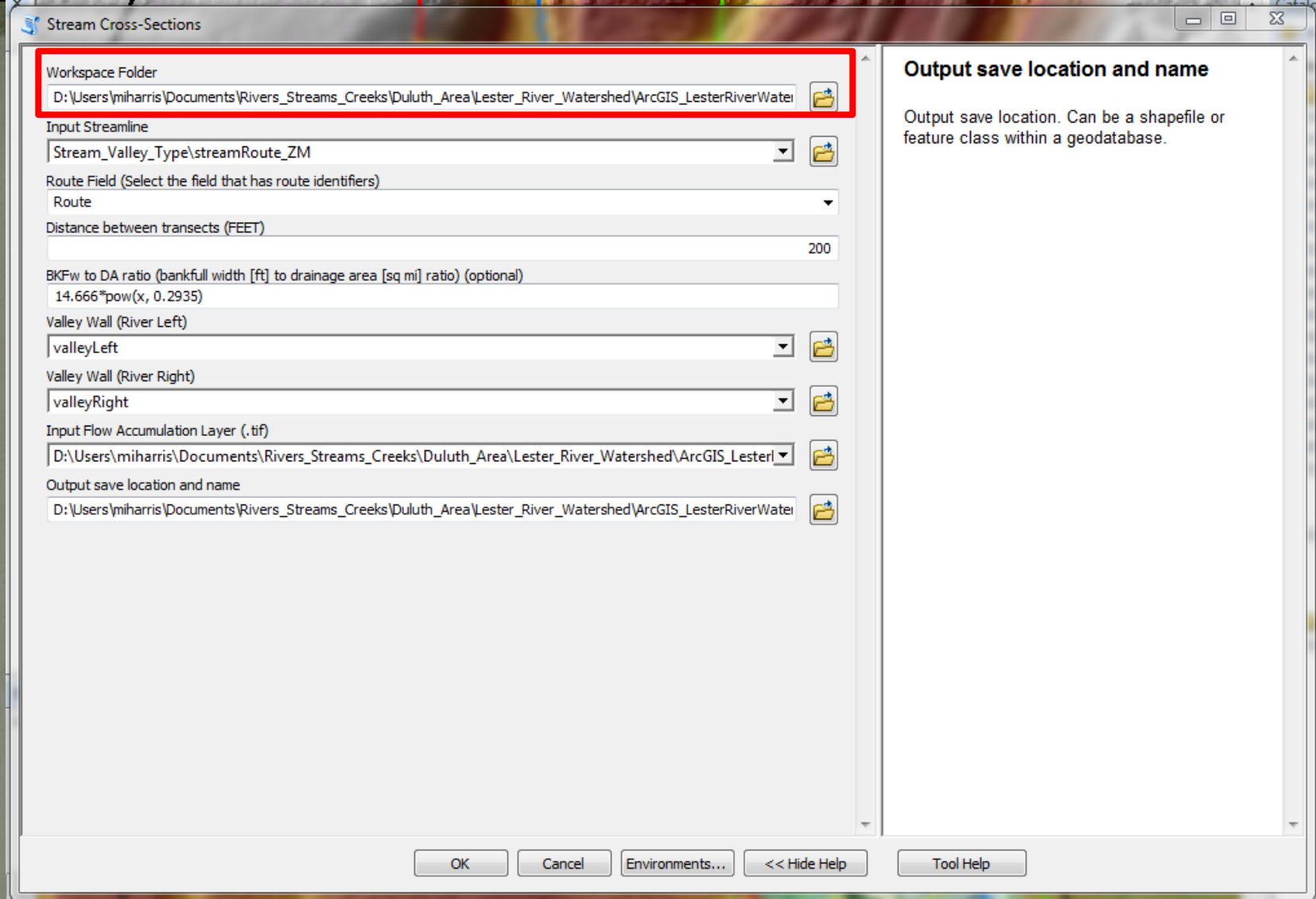
- Copy/Save the folder 'StreamCrossSections' on your local drive somewhere.
 - Desktop/Documents, etc.
- You must move both the 'CrossSections.tbx' and Script folder together.
 - As the script folder is relatively tied to the ArcToolbox



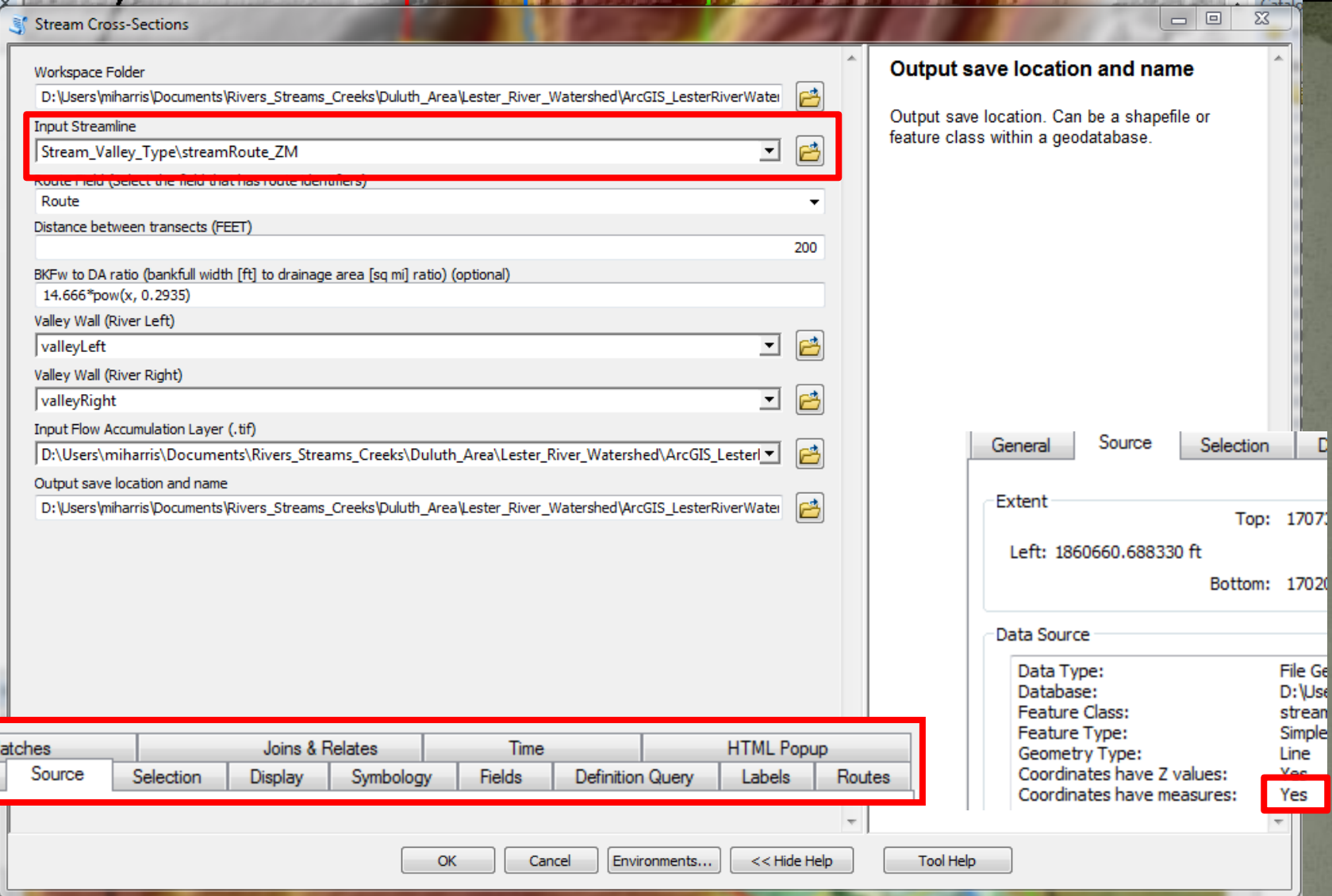
- Digitize valley walls (left/right) as separate feature classes or shapefiles
 - Ex: ValleyWall_Left.shp & ValleyWall_Right.shp
- Streamline should have already been created by Mark's tools
 - Needs to have route features (right-click layer -> properties -> 'Source' -> Under 'Data Source'; coordinates have measures = "Yes")
- Flow accumulation layer needed for calculating drainage area (used for stream width)
 - Again this should have already been derived by Mark's tools. (Ex: Flow_Acc.tif)



- Script Prompt



- Folder that will hold the intermediate files during the script execution



- Streamline (GDB feature class/shapefile) that has route information
 - This was already derived by Mark's tools
 - If the streamline has route features, you will see more tabs on the properties and the 'coordinates have measures' will say YES

Stream Cross-Sections

Workspace Folder
D:\Users\miharris\Documents\Rivers_Streams_Creeks\Duluth_Area\Lester_River_Watershed\ArcGIS_LesterRiverWate

Input Streamline
Stream_Valley_Type\streamRoute_ZM

Route Field (Select the field that has route identifiers)
Route

Distance between transects (feet)
200

BKFW to DA ratio (bankfull width [ft] to drainage area [sq
14.666*pow(x, 0.2935)

Valley Wall (River Left)
valleyLeft

Valley Wall (River Right)
valleyRight

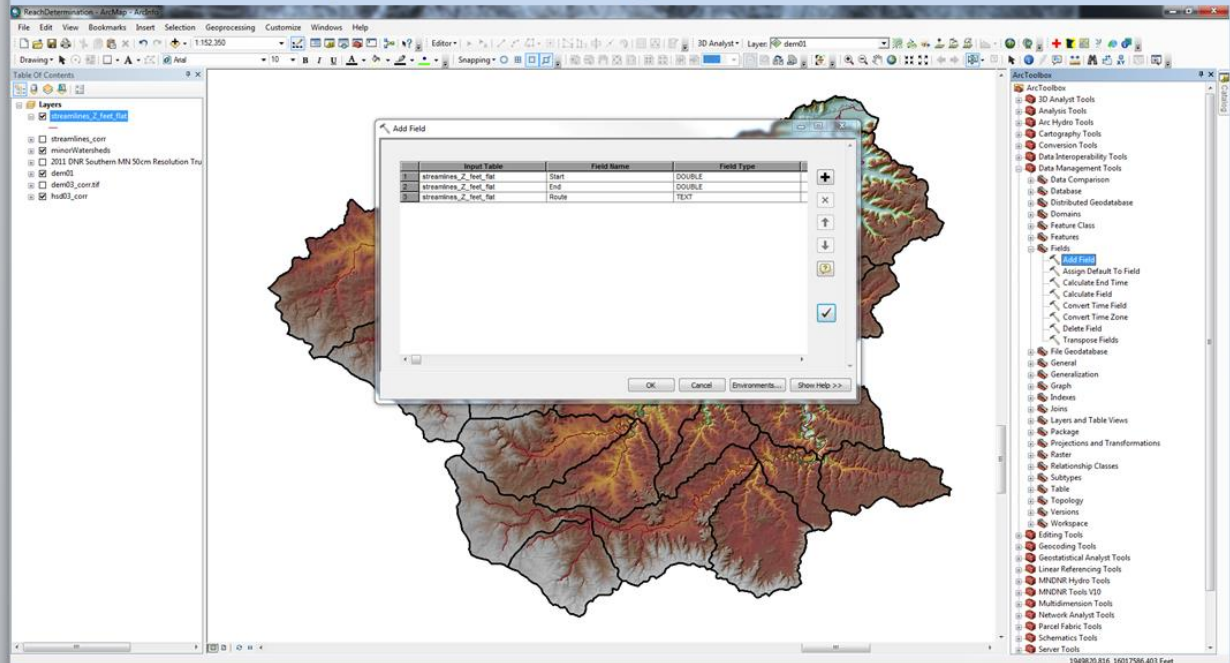
Input Flow Accumulation Layer (.tif)
D:\Users\miharris\Documents\Rivers_Streams_Creek

Output save location and name
D:\Users\miharris\Documents\Rivers_Streams_Creeks\Du

Output save location and name

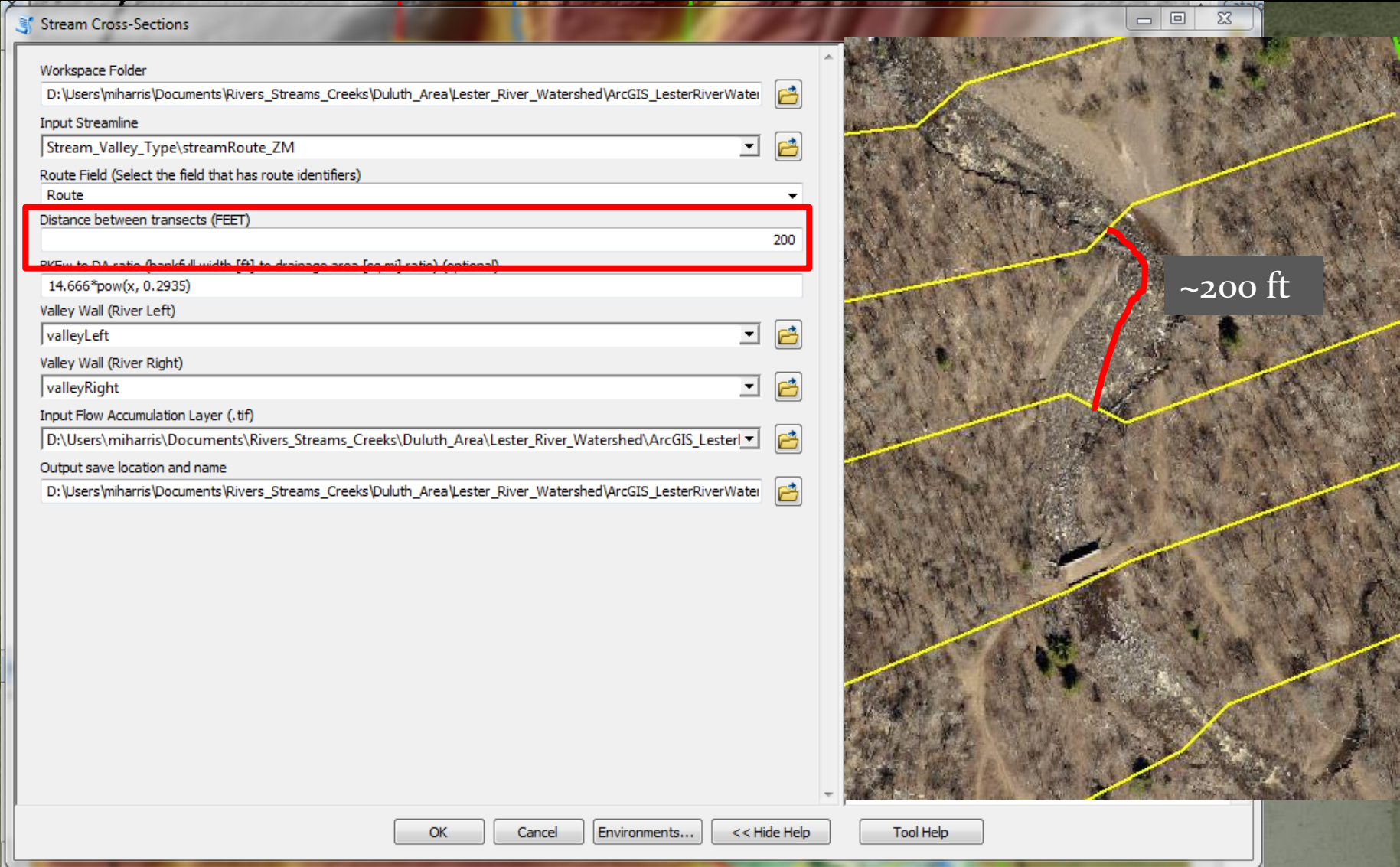
Output save location. Can be a shapefile or feature class within a geodatabase.

Dynamic Segmentation

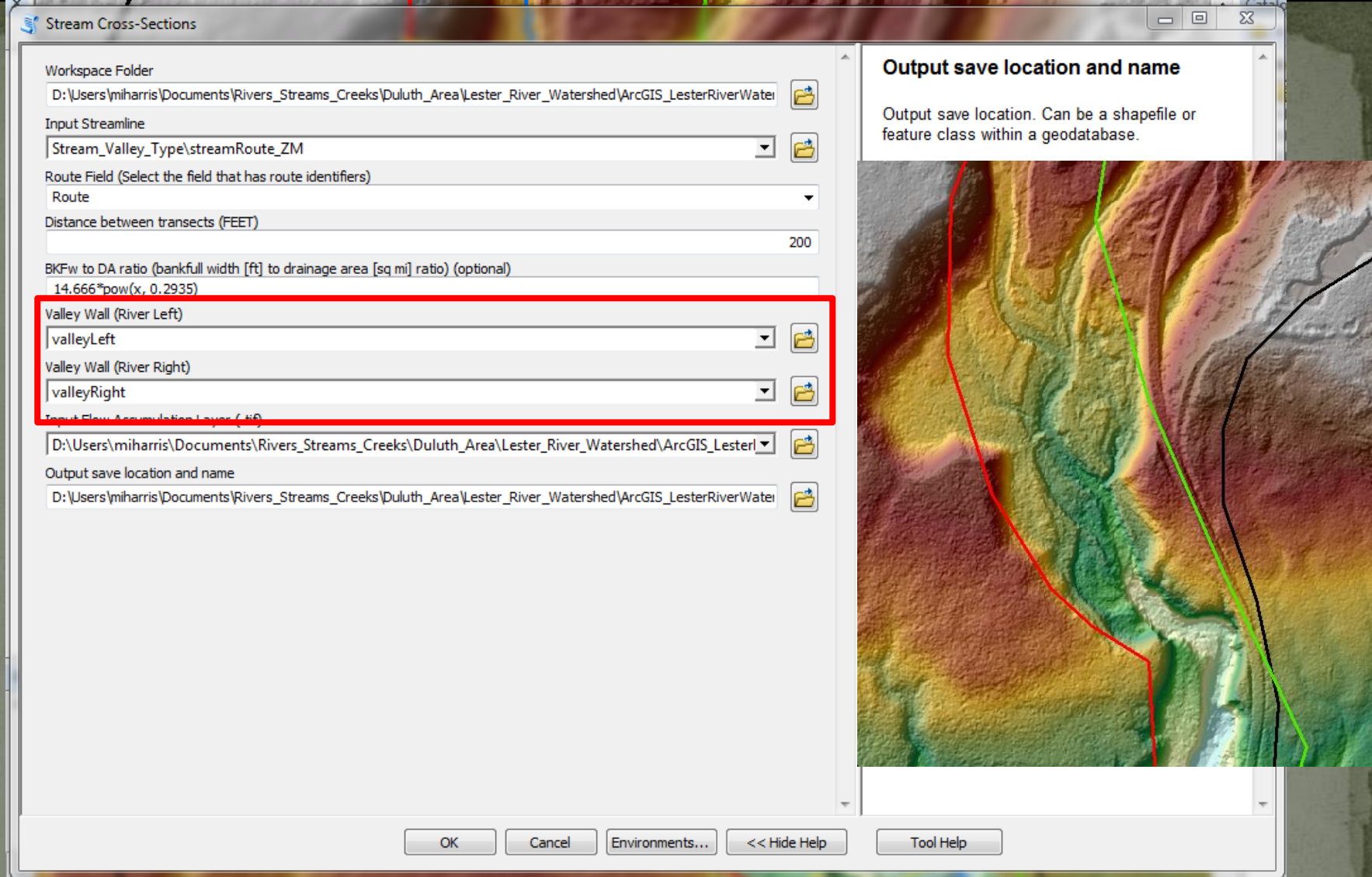


• Add three fields: Start, Stop and Route (could add fourth called Offset...done later) as shown

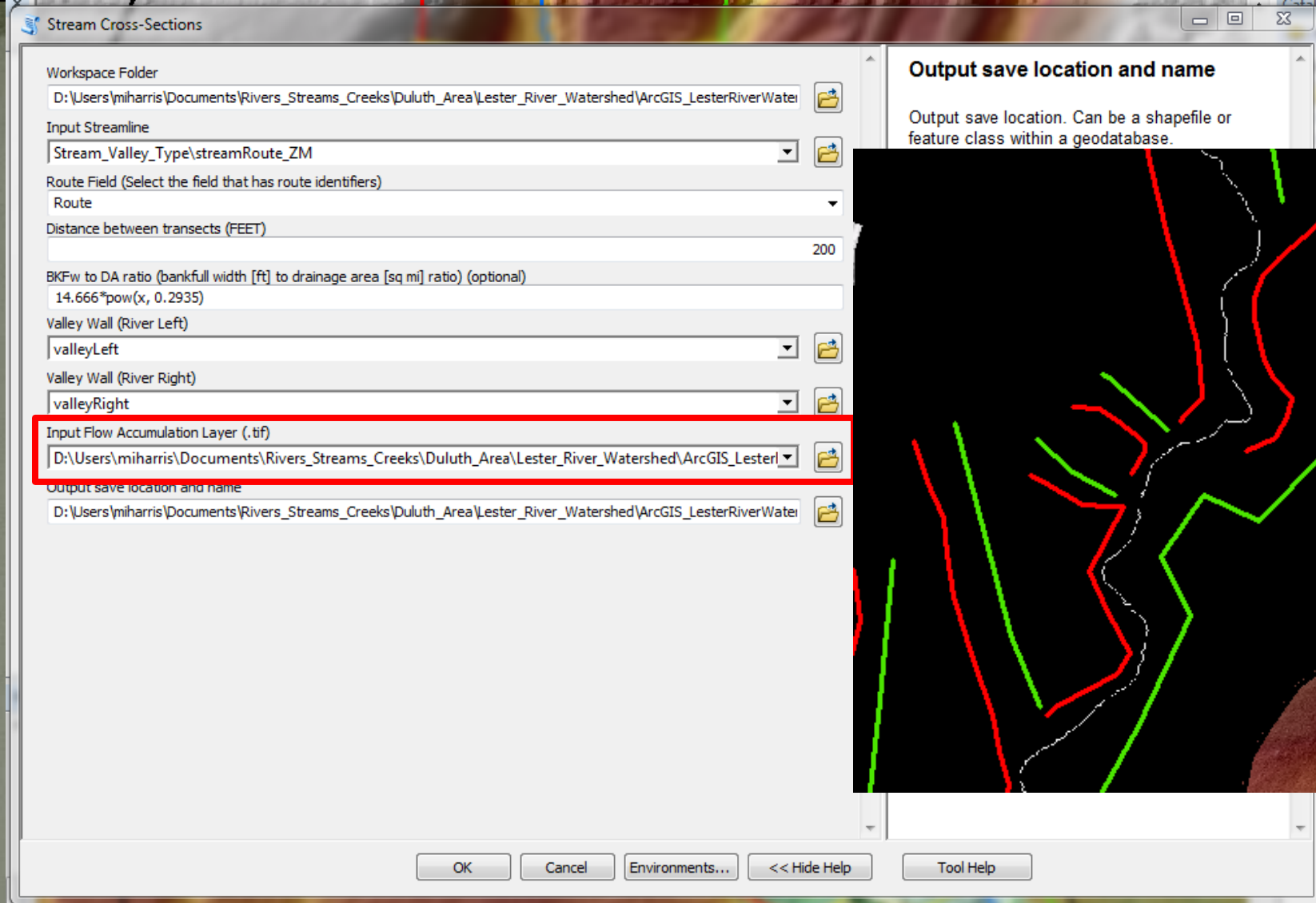
- The 'field' of the streamline that contains the route features.
 - You most likely labeled this field during execution of Mark's tools
 - Slide: ~40 [Dynamic Segmentation]



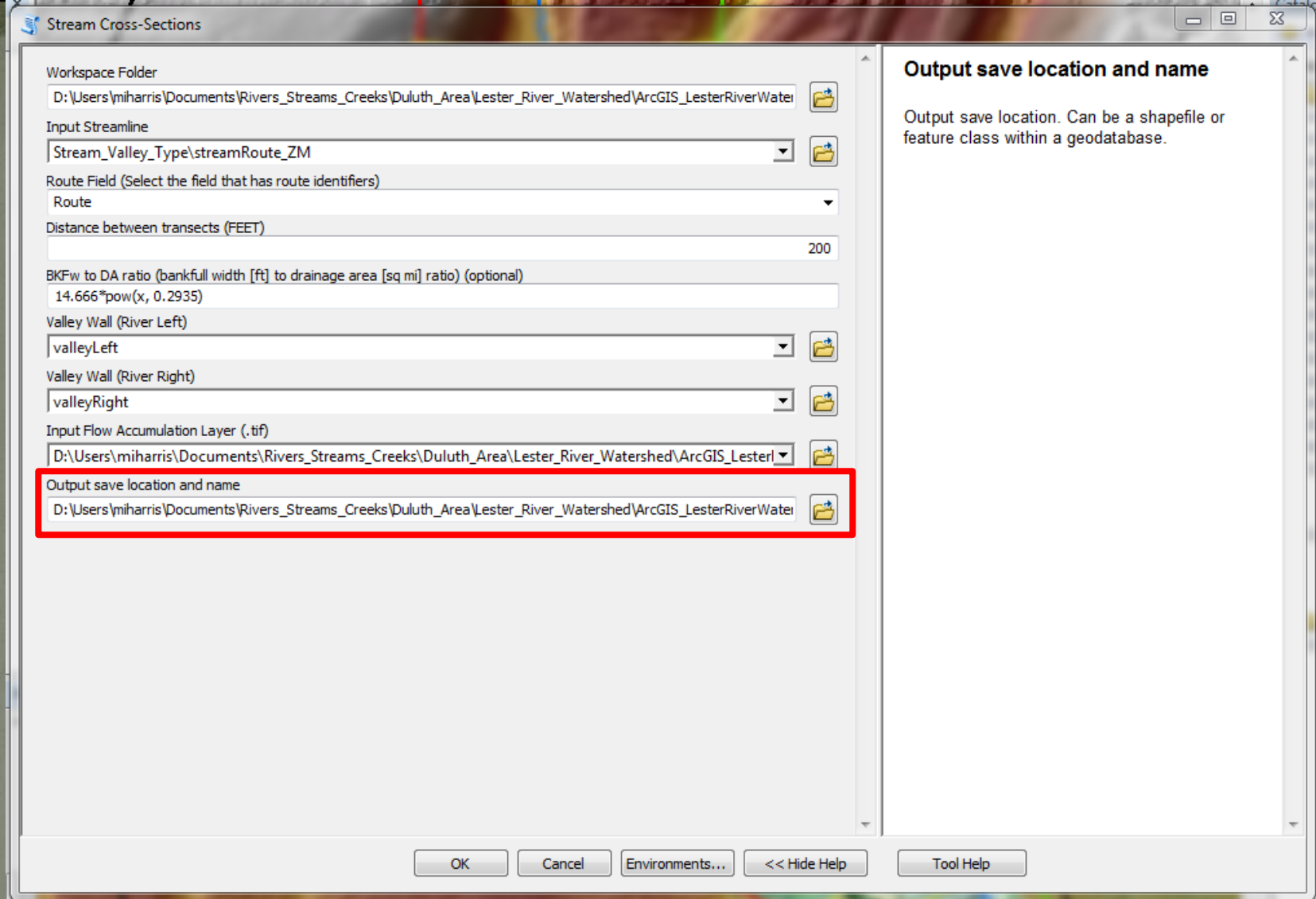
- Distance between the cross-sections in feet.



- Valley wall shapefiles/feature classes. These need to be separate files from each other.
- This will need to be digitized by the user.



- Flow accumulation layer that is clipped to the extent of the watershed
 - During testing, TIF, GRID and FGDBR files worked just fine



- Location where the cross-sections will be saved.
 - Shapefile or feature class
 - Cross-sections are not Z-enabled, as this step is performed using Mark's 'Classify Stream Type' tool.



- There will be issues with the tool
 - Avoid making sharp cuts to the valley walls, as the tool searches for the ‘nearest’ valley wall
 - I digitized these valley walls quickly for testing purposes, so the end result for you may be cleaner.
 - Especially problematic at confluences of tributaries.
 - Easiest to delete all cross-sections near these confluences