

Introduction

Object : To detect pool balls over the input image

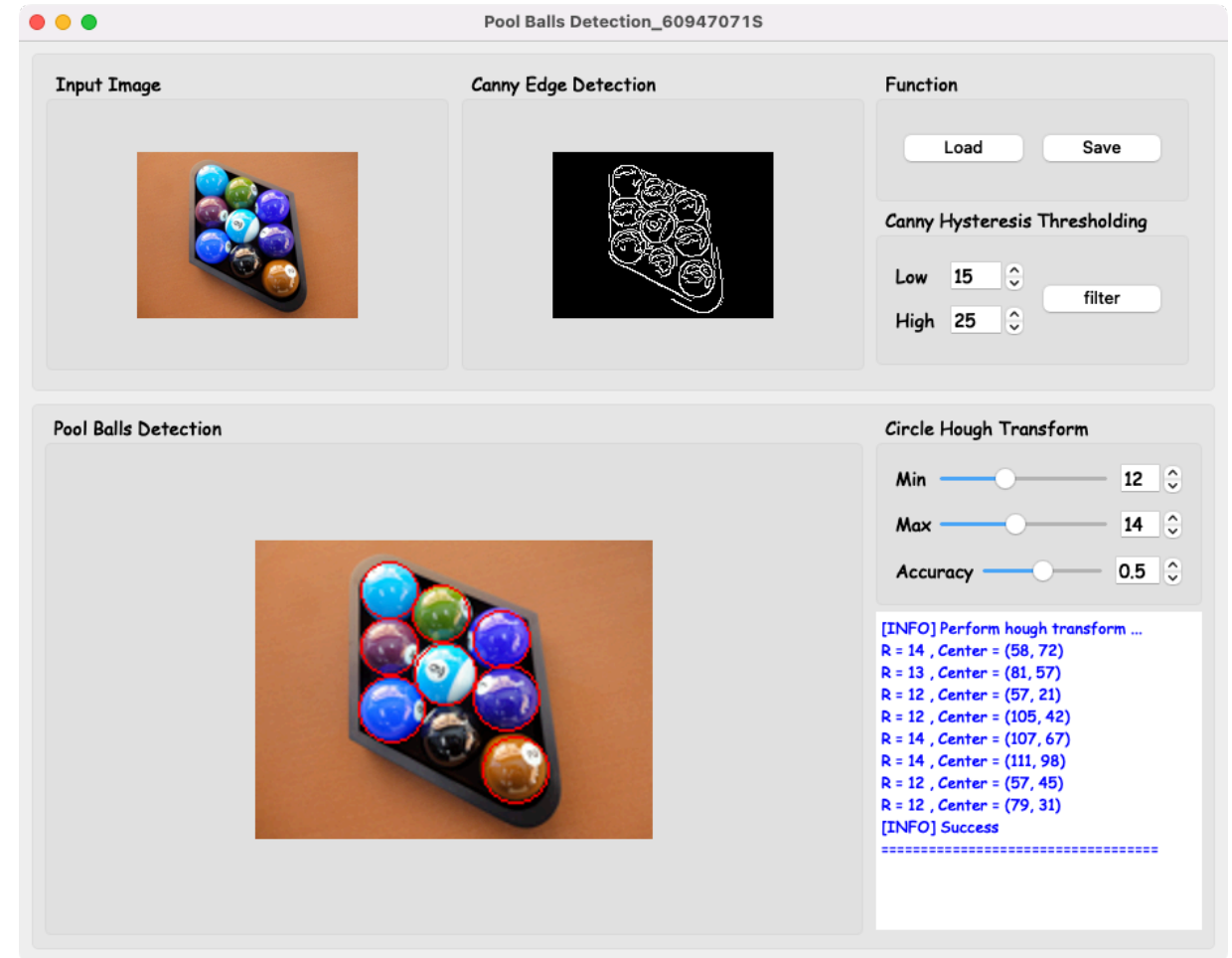
Program language : Python

GUI Interface : PyQt5

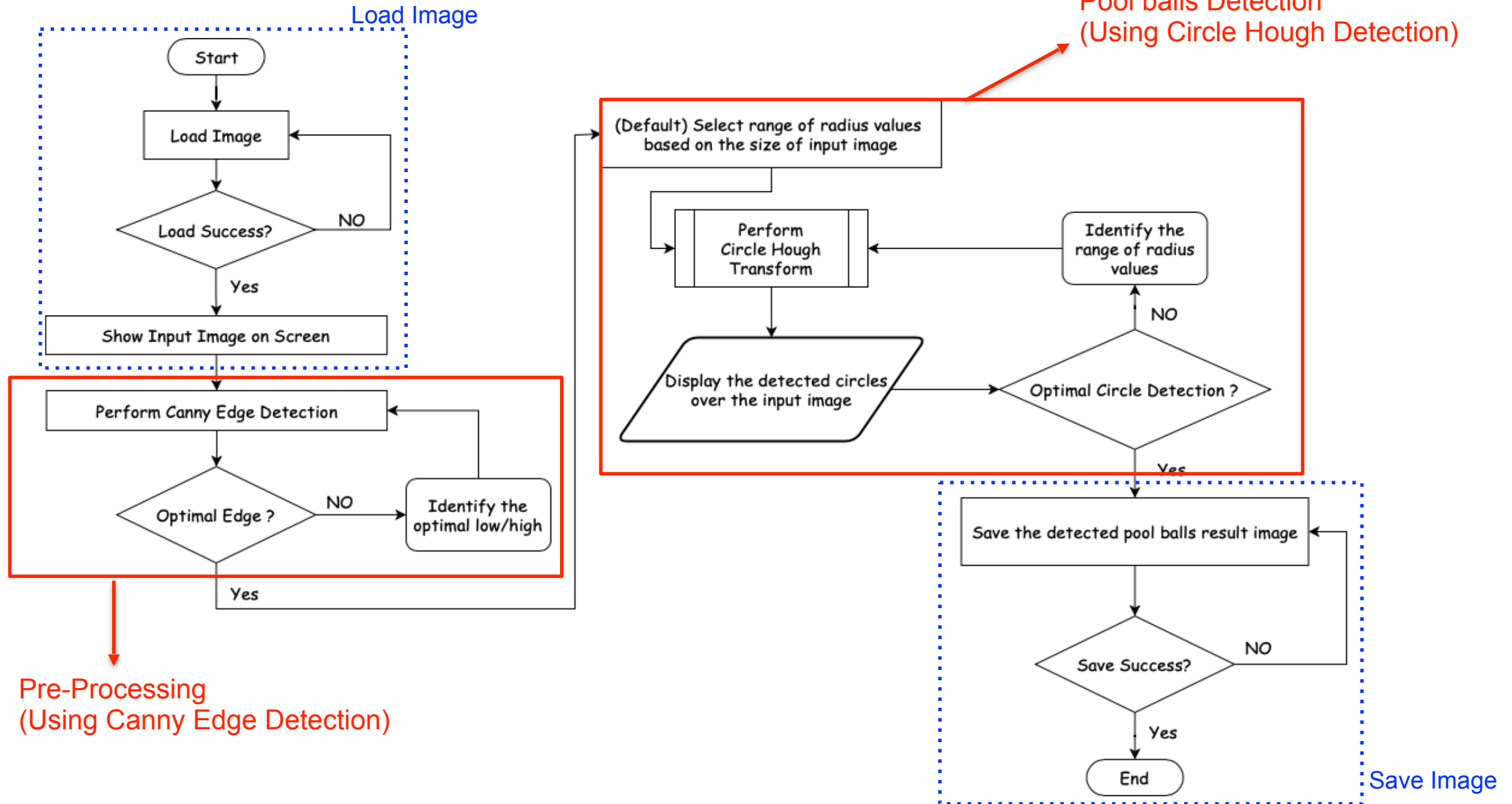
Main Function :

Canny_Edge_Detection()

Circle_Hough_Detection()



Flow Chart



Pre-Processing

```
def canny_edge_detection(input_image, low_value, high_value):  
    input_pixels = input_image.load()  
    width = input_image.width  
    height = input_image.height  
  
    # Transform the image to grayscale  
    grayscaled = compute_grayscale(input_pixels, width, height)  
  
    # Blur it to remove noise  
    blurred = compute_blur(grayscaled, width, height)  
  
    # Compute the gradient  
    gradient, direction = compute_gradient(blurred, width, height)  
  
    # Non-maximum suppression  
    filter_out_non_maximum(gradient, direction, width, height)  
  
    # Filter out some edges  
    keep = filter_strong_edges(gradient, width, height, low_value, high_value)  
  
    return keep
```

Canny Hysteresis Thresholding

Low 15
High 25

filter

Gaussian Filter

$$K = \frac{1}{256} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & 6 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & 16 & 24 & 16 & 4 \\ 6 & 24 & 36 & 24 & 6 \\ 4 & 16 & 24 & 16 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 6 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Sobel Filter

-1	0	+1
-2	0	+2
-1	0	+1

G_x

+1	+2	+1
0	0	0
-1	-2	-1

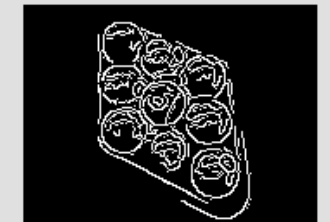
G_y

$$G = \sqrt{G_x^2 + G_y^2}$$
$$\theta = \arctan\left(\frac{G_y}{G_x}\right)$$

Input Image



Canny Edge Detection



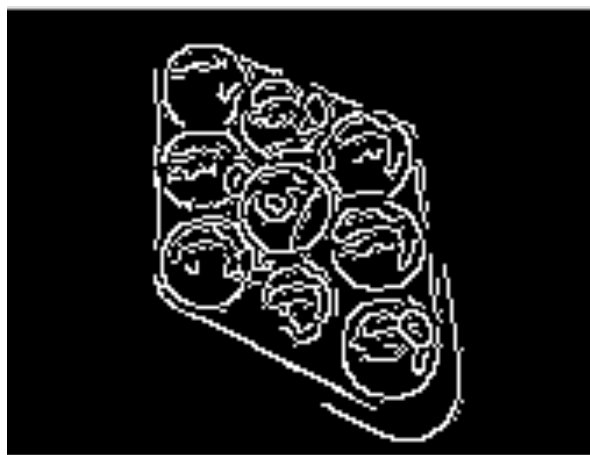
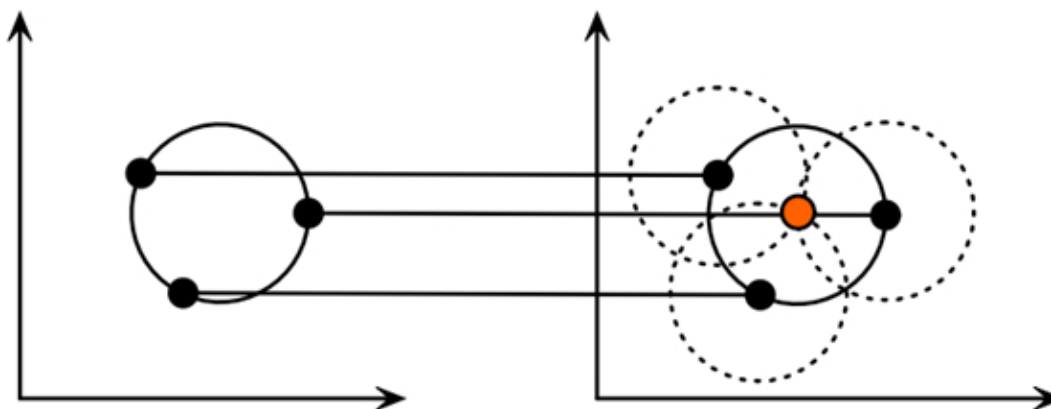
Pool Balls Detected

Circle Hough Transform

$$(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$$

$$x = a + R \cos(\theta)$$

$$y = b + R \sin(\theta)$$



Predefine min-radius & max-radius

Circle Hough Transform

Min

Max

Accuracy

[INFO] Perform hough transform ...

R = 14 , Center = (58, 72)

R = 13 , Center = (81, 57)

R = 12 , Center = (57, 21)

R = 12 , Center = (105, 42)

R = 14 , Center = (107, 67)

R = 14 , Center = (111, 98)

R = 12 , Center = (57, 45)

R = 12 , Center = (79, 31)

[INFO] Success

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