

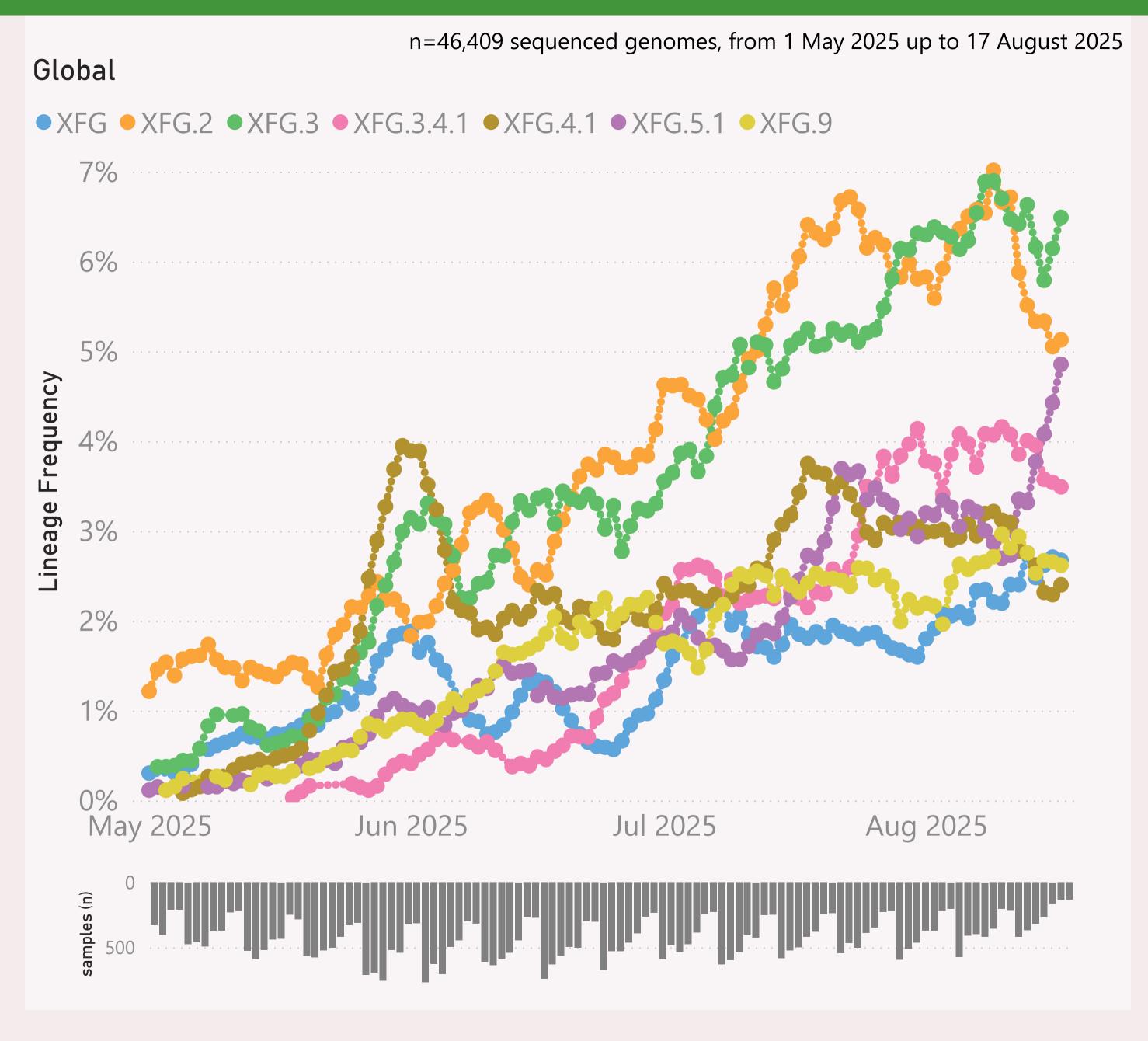
This page shows the frequency of the top 6 "L2" lineages, across recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.\*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.\* lineages.

The detailed Lineage classifications are quite numerous and dynamic, so the "Lineage L2" groups give a simpler and more stable basis for analysis and comparison.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

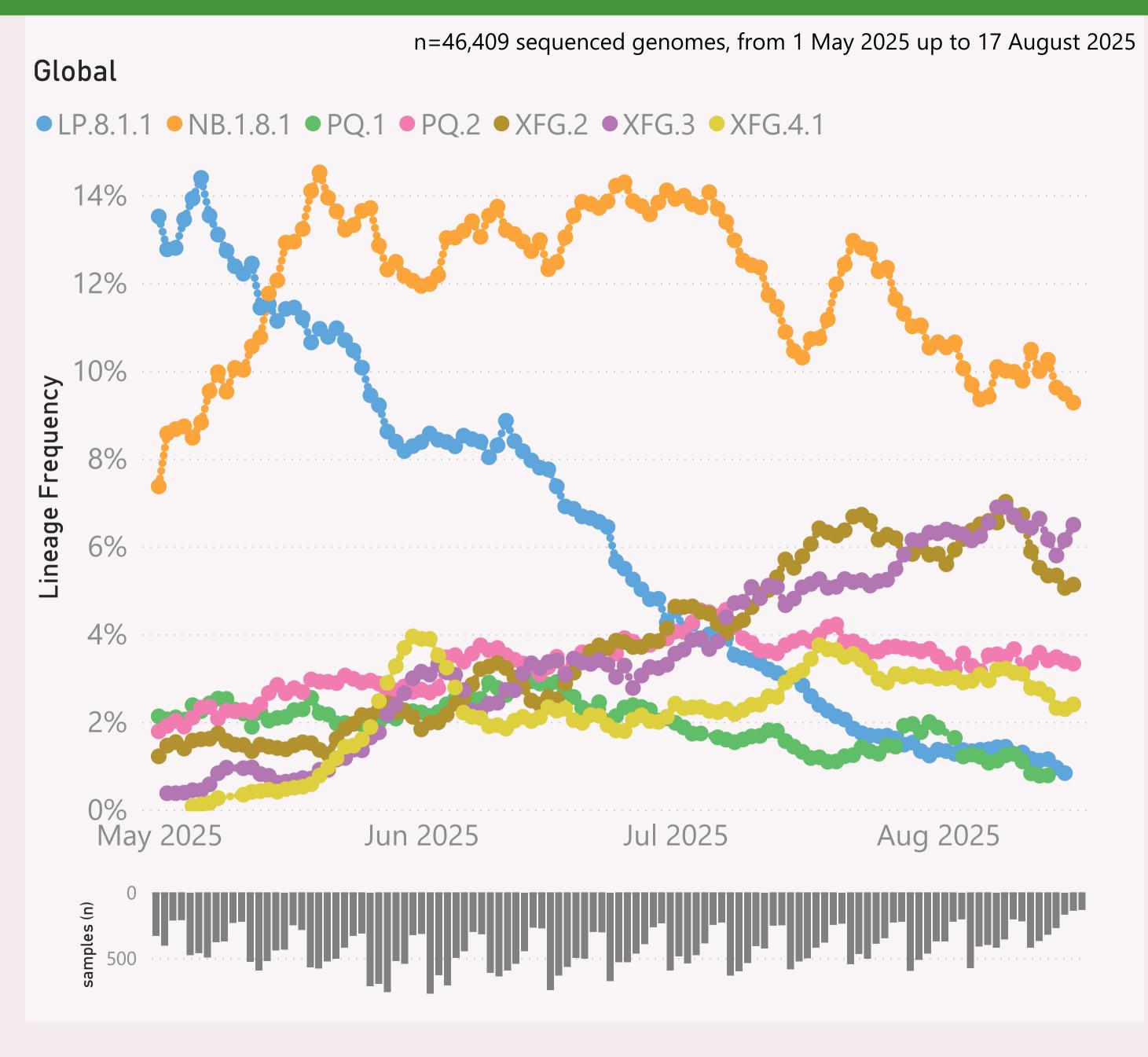


This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months. The lineages are filtered for a "Lineage L2" group of interest, currently XFG.\* Stratus.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

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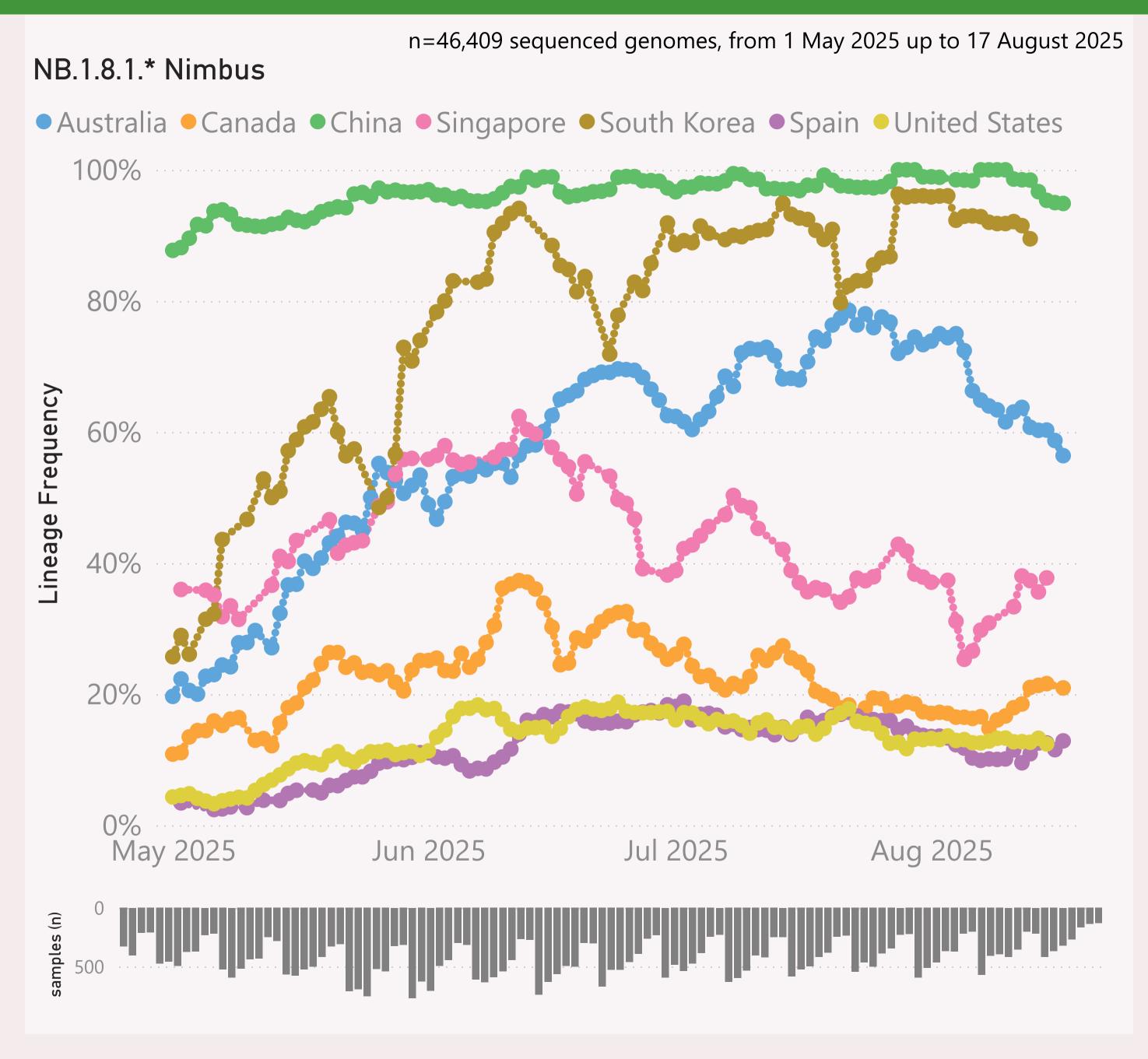


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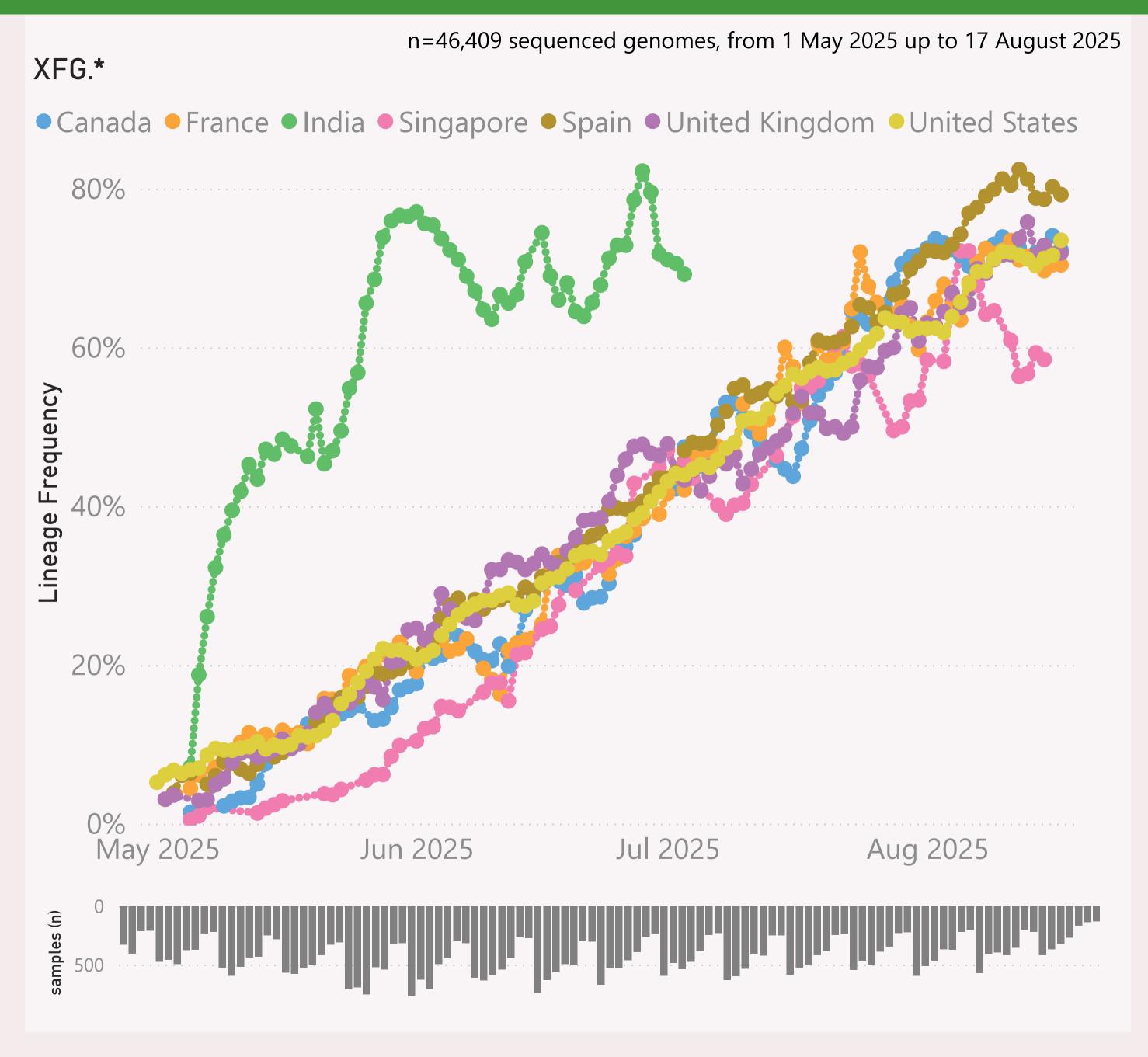
This page shows the frequency of a selected "Lineage L2" group of interest, for the 7 countries reporting the most samples over recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "JN.1.\* +FLiRT" group includes the descendants of JN.1.\* with the mutations: F456L & R346T.

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The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that country.

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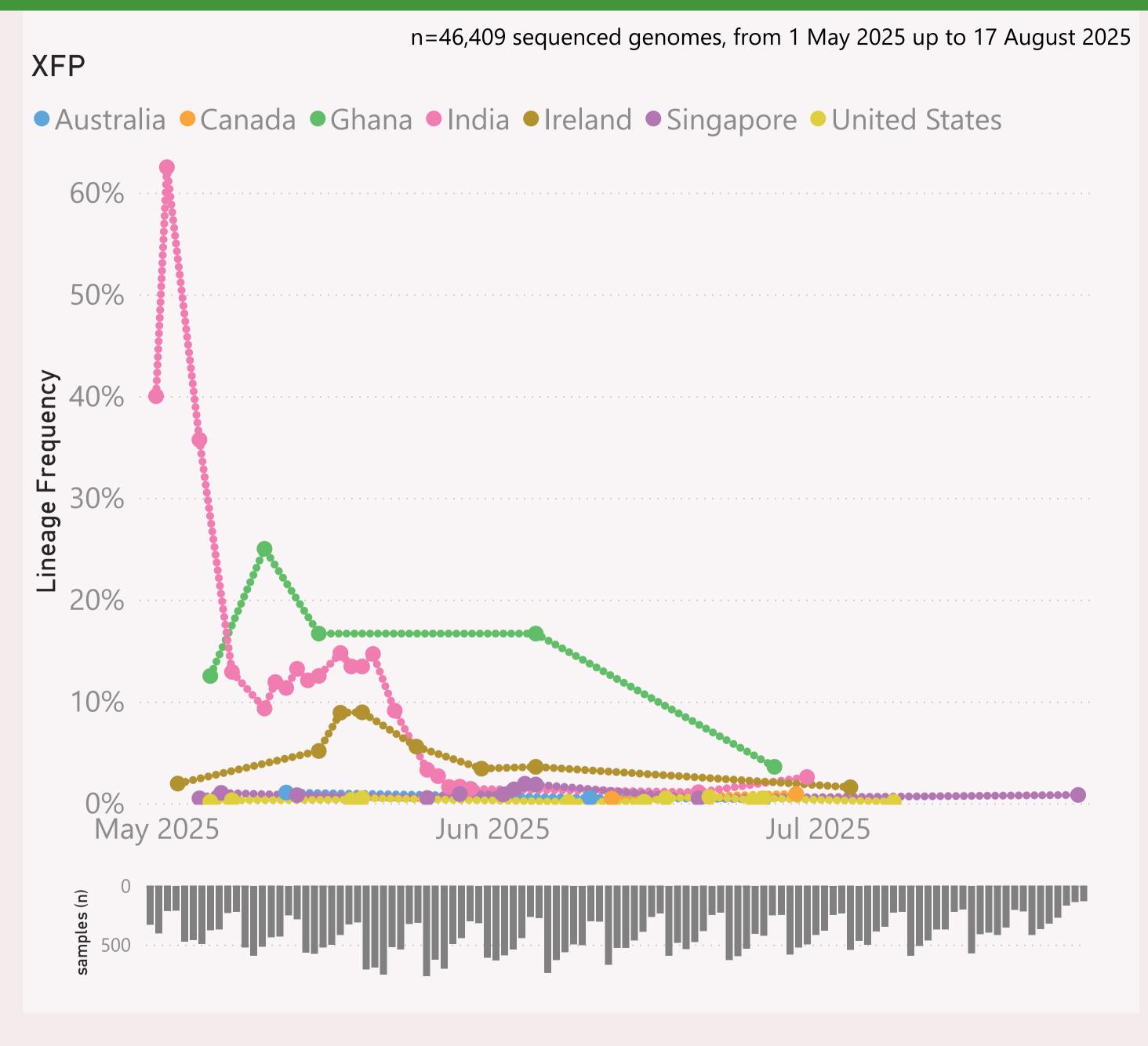
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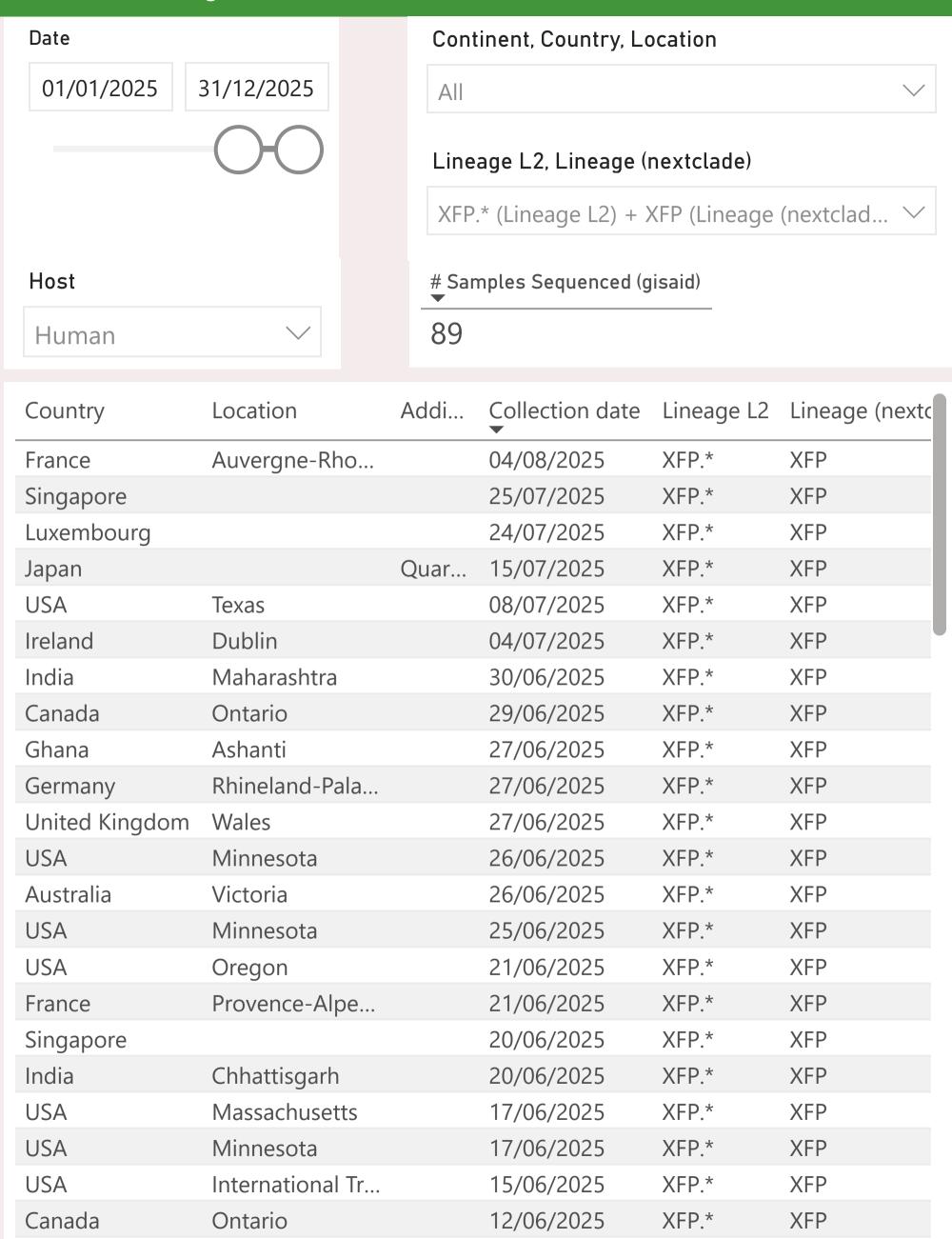
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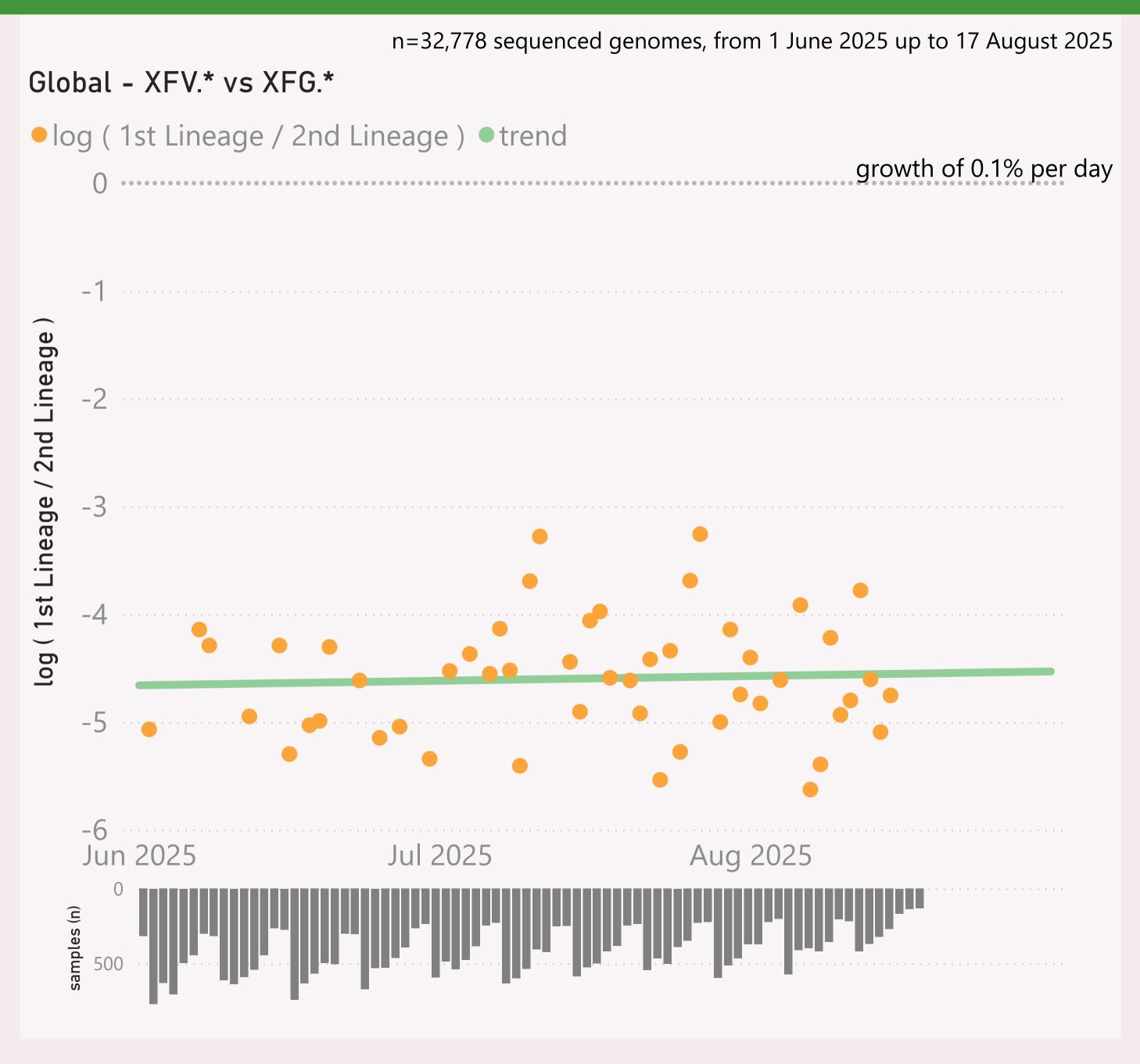
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**Total** 

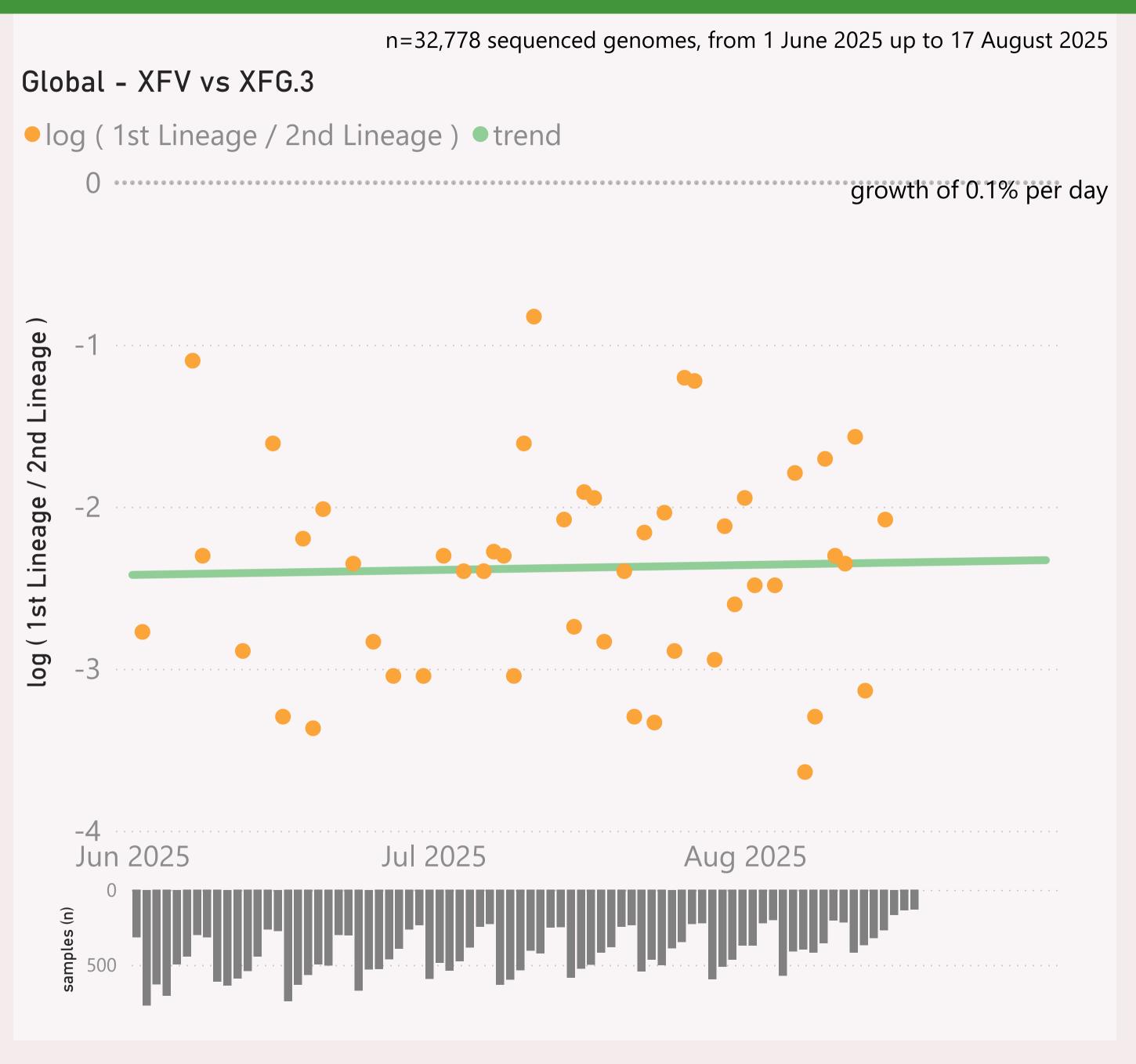


This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected "Lineage L2" groups, over recent months. A challenging Lineage L2 is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage L2 is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage L2.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I add the "Lineage L2" groups, typically following common variant groupings, but occasionally being "creative".

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

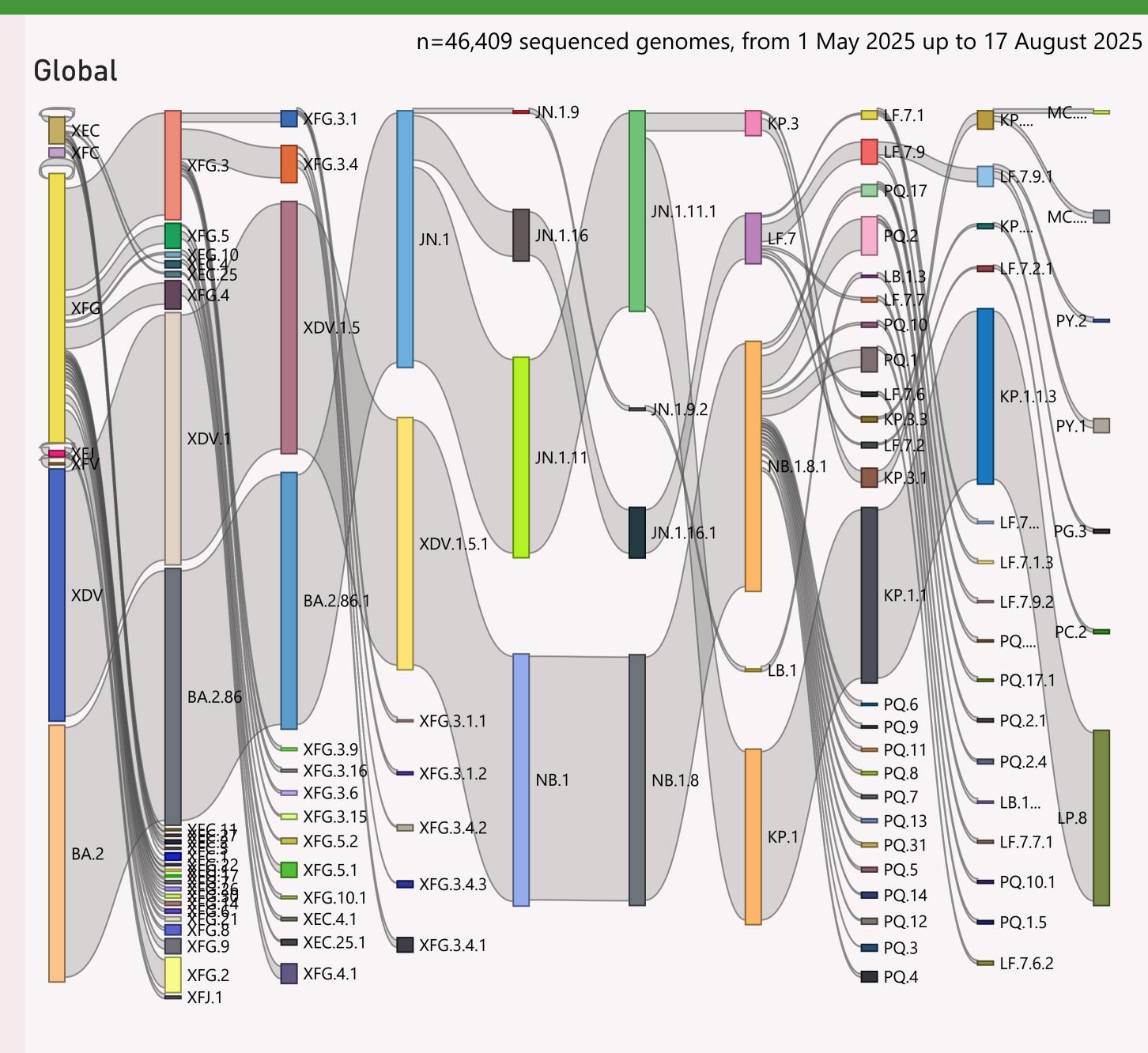


This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected Lineages, over recent months. A challenging Lineage is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

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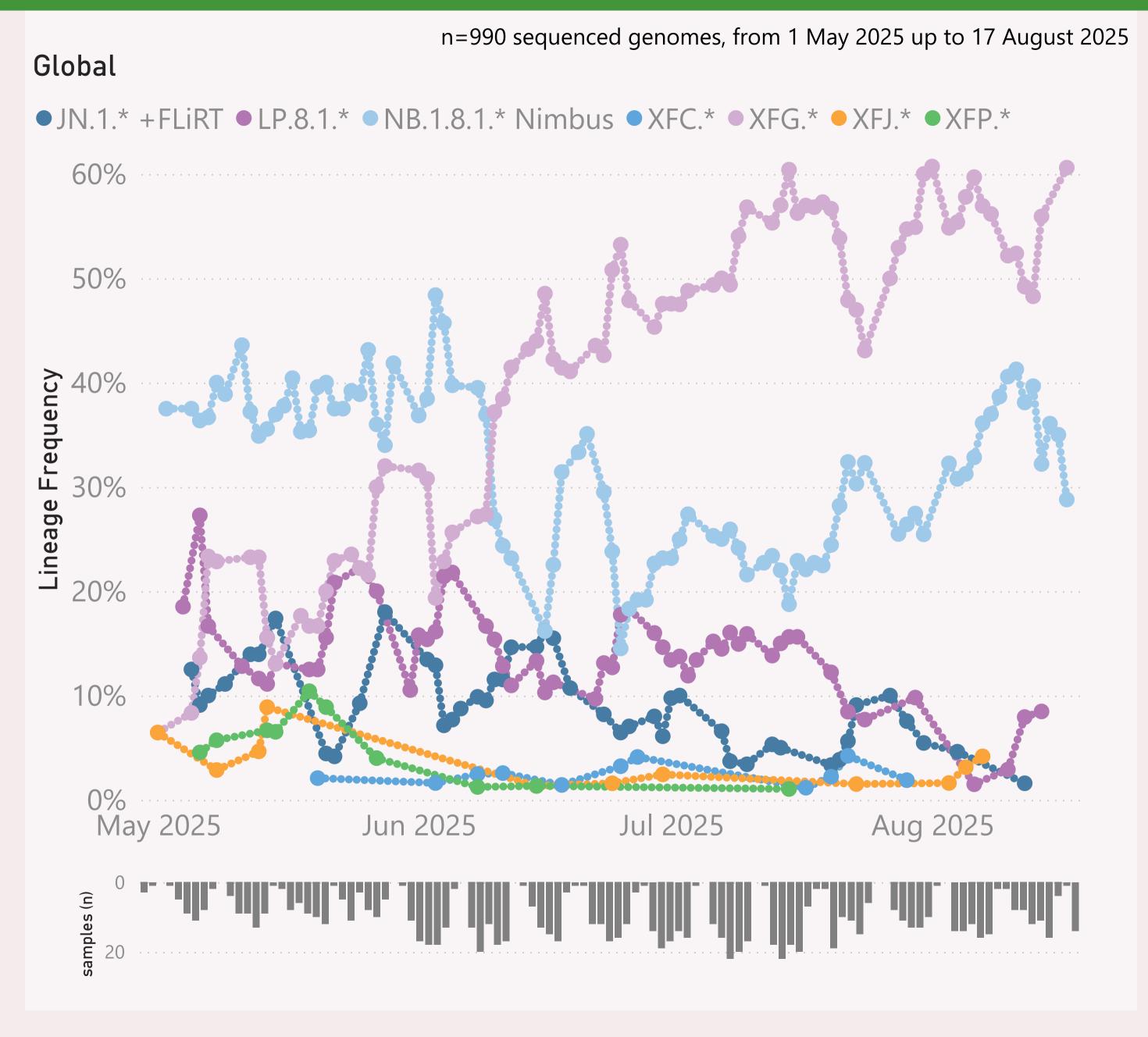
This page shows the hierarchy of the significant Lineages, over recent months.

The hierarchy can be read from left to right, starting with the earliest/highest Lineages being broken down into more detailed child Lineages.

The vertical height of each bar segment represents the relative volume of all the samples of that specific Lineage, as well as all it's descendants.

The full picture is typically quite busy, so insignificant Lineages (with few samples, or at the extreme top or bottom of the hierarchy) are not shown.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.



This page shows the frequency of the top 6 "L2" lineages, across recent months, for "International Traveller" samples.

This is probably a more randomised sample than the "Global" aggregate of all samples submitted to GISAID, as those are dominated by the US and Canada

These samples are mainly collected from arrivals into the US and Japan.

## Data Submitted in the last 8 weeks

Country	# Samples Sequenced	Latest Collection date	by Collection date	Latest Submission date	by Submission date
	6,295	17/08/2025	عيرا بالباليا الرائينية ويسودون	26/08/2025	and annual at a family factor and
⊞ Spain	3,778	17/08/2025	and the state of t	26/08/2025	and the real property of the same of
	1,957	17/08/2025		26/08/2025	and the second
⊞ China	1,809	17/08/2025	والمراجات أرابان أجابات المراجات	26/08/2025	
± Canada	1,725	17/08/2025		26/08/2025	أيان والمالية
	1,208	17/08/2025	Ladilli iraidacidda	26/08/2025	Transaction of
⊕ France	1,044	17/08/2025		26/08/2025	and the second of the second
	744	15/08/2025	. dibblican	25/08/2025	
⊕ Ireland	639	17/08/2025	shotuu lidhaltata	26/08/2025	accept material
	599	13/08/2025		26/08/2025	
⊞ Japan	509	17/08/2025	ana ana an tahari dalah dara	26/08/2025	أحالها المحمد والمحاسب
	509	17/08/2025	s, but in , all and dist	26/08/2025	and the second
	485	19/06/2025	dardddar a c	22/08/2025	
⊕ Portugal	434	03/08/2025	Ja kiloltaka dalilota	26/08/2025	
⊕ Brazil	429	15/08/2025		26/08/2025	
⊕ Russia	405	05/08/2025	a a tamba anatah yilidi lin	26/08/2025	- i - I.
⊕ Costa Rica	371	12/08/2025	_ 1 hdns.11s.l.s.lat	26/08/2025	1 11 .11
	361	04/08/2025	a a salahan kidalah	25/08/2025	
⊕ Germany	322	17/08/2025	عاما السامات	26/08/2025	
	317	14/08/2025		26/08/2025	1
⊕ India	293	03/07/2025	adid bilitata.	17/08/2025	and the second
	285	15/08/2025	والبادات ويناد	26/08/2025	
	266	17/08/2025	الألدالية المصادر	26/08/2025	
⊕ Puerto Rico	232	16/08/2025	ata al tratt.	26/08/2025	. I
⊕ Denmark	221	11/08/2025		26/08/2025	
⊞ Taiwan	214	30/07/2025	. 11.1	26/08/2025	
	199	11/08/2025	lath lac	26/08/2025	and the last
⊞ Italy	183	17/08/2025	and a samulatification	26/08/2025	na na tatlata
Total	27,030	17/08/2025		26/08/2025	

This page shows the volume and currency/timeliness of the genomic sequencing data shared via GISAID, over the last 8 weeks, for the countries sharing the most samples.

Each sample shared comes with a Collection date - when the PCR test for that sample was collected. The GISAID system also records a Submission date for each sample, which is typically the date that sample was uploaded.

The latest date of each type is shown, along with "sparkline"-style mini charts to give a flavour for the spread of recent data by Collection date and by Submission date.