

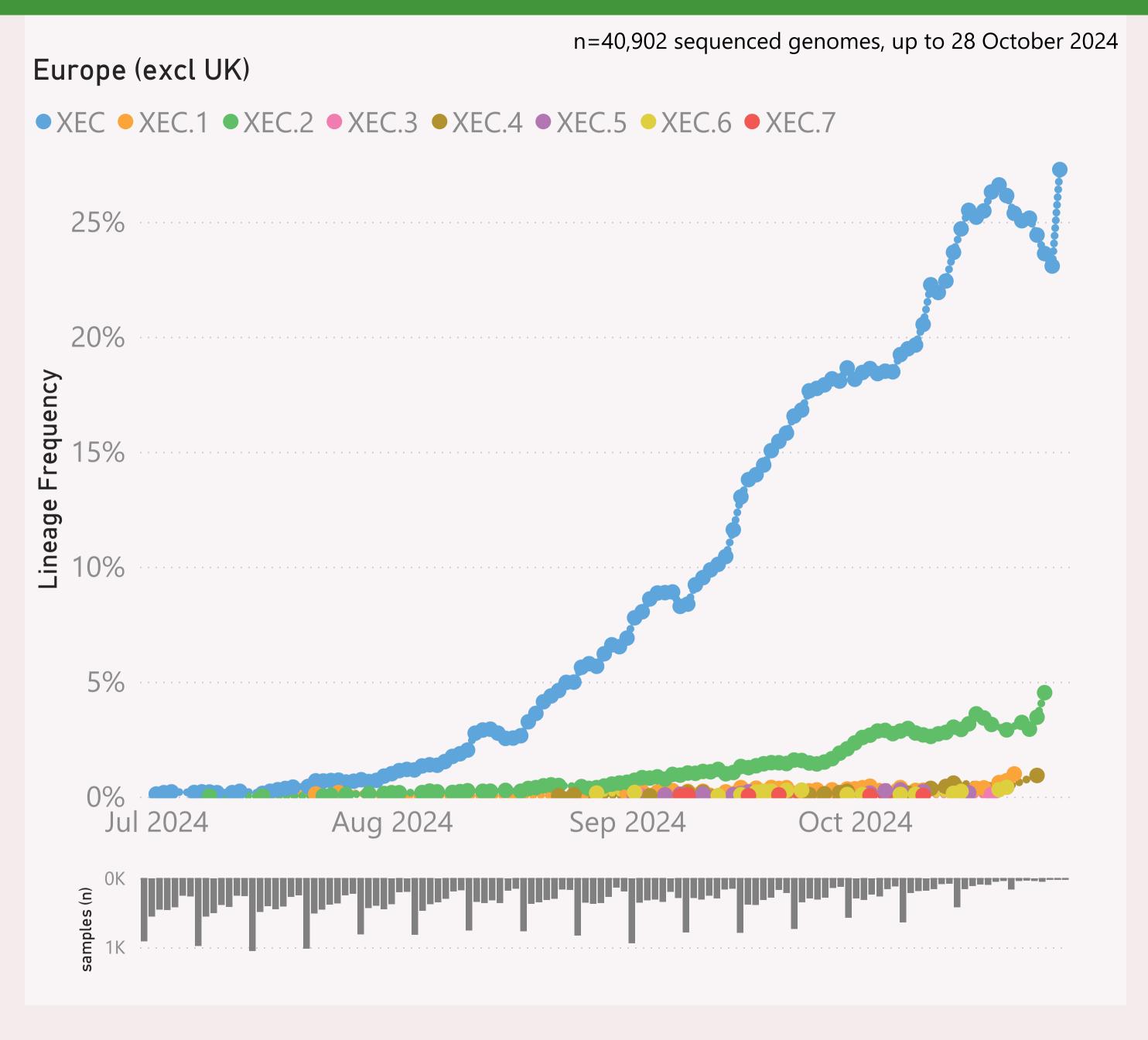
This page shows the frequency of the top 6 "L2" lineages, across recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.* lineages.

The detailed Lineage classifications are quite numerous and dynamic, so the "Lineage L2" groups give a simpler and more stable basis for analysis and comparison.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

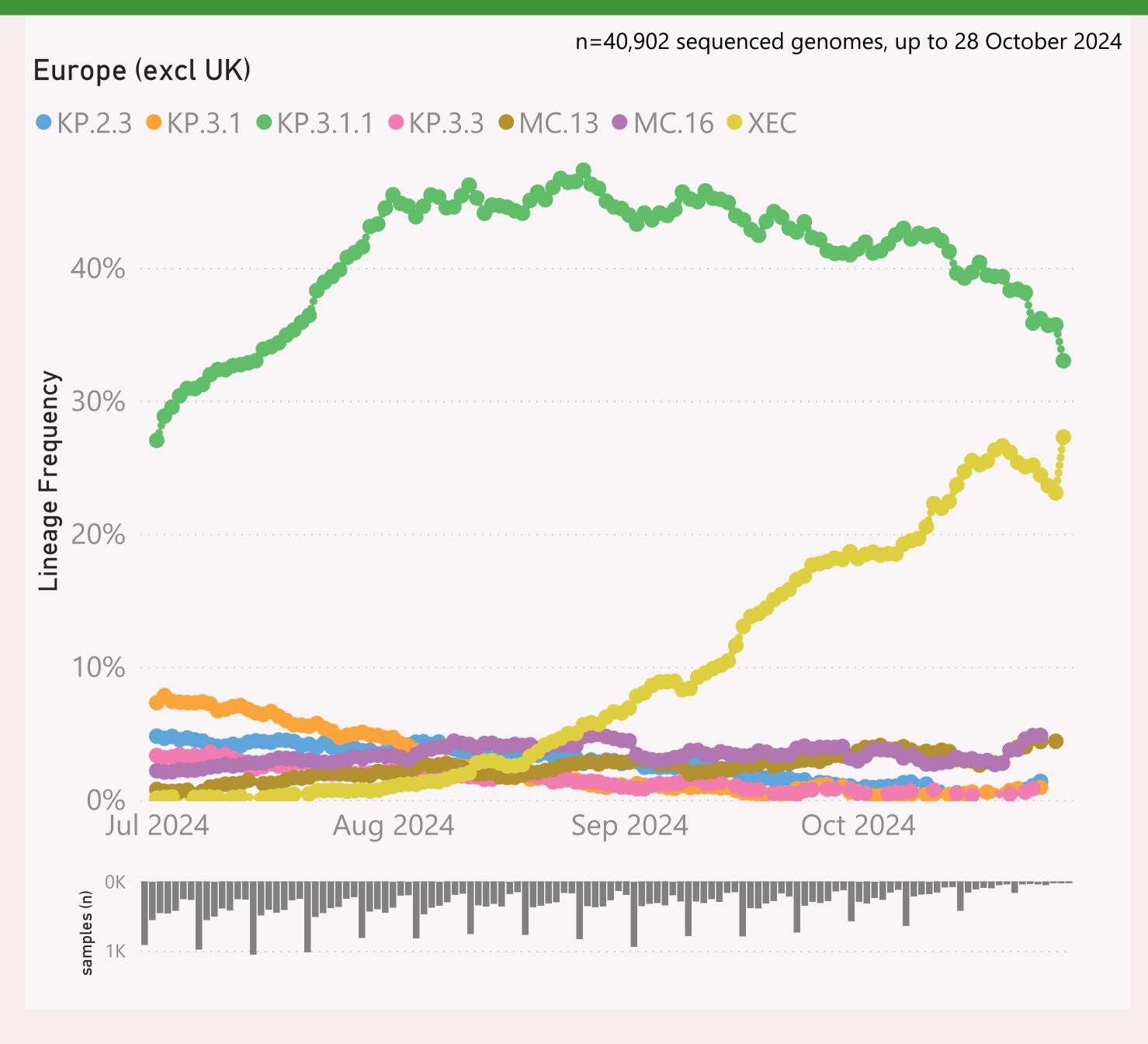


This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months. The lineages are filtered for a "Lineage L2" group of interest, currently "JN.1.* + DeFLuQE".

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

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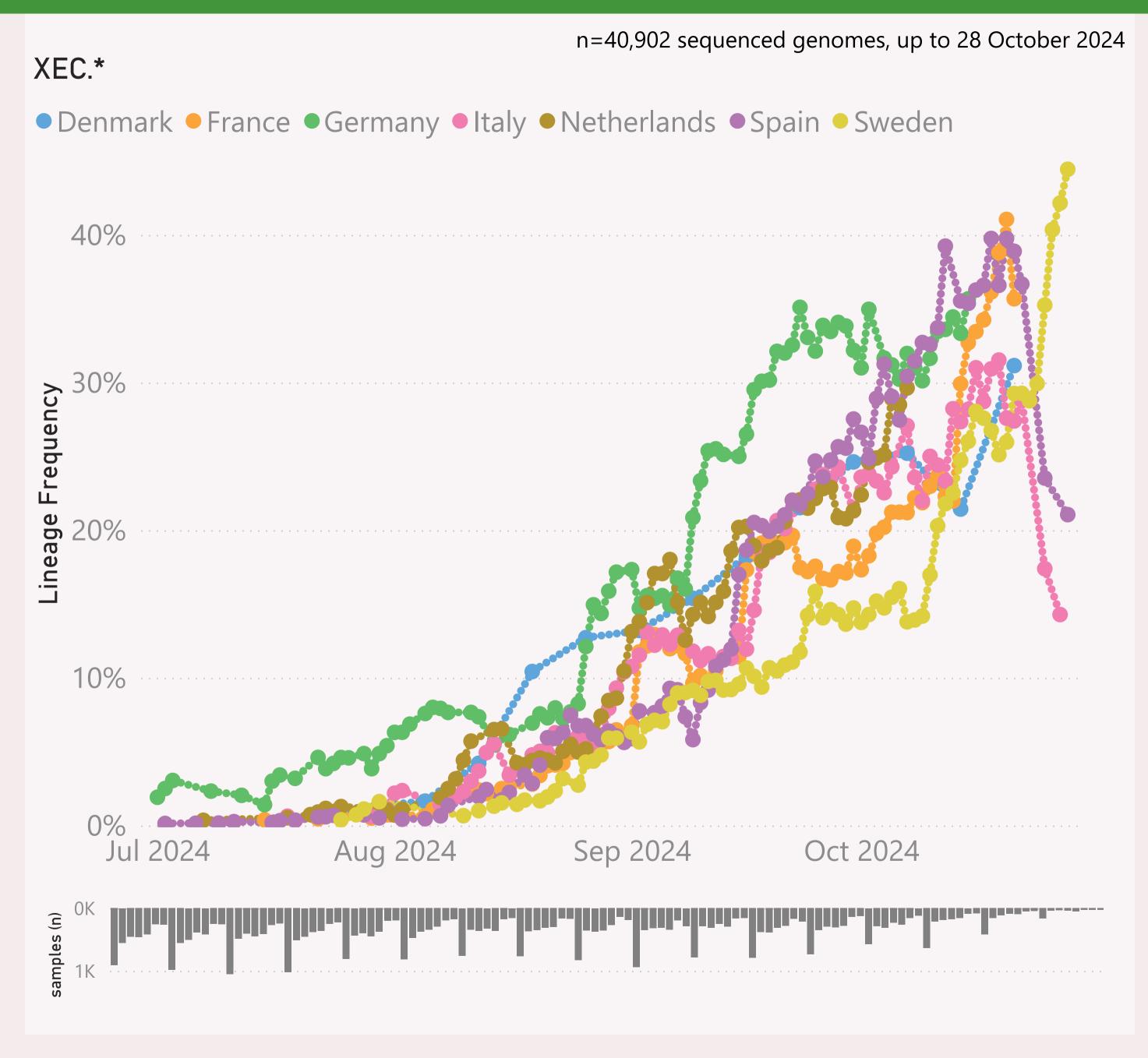


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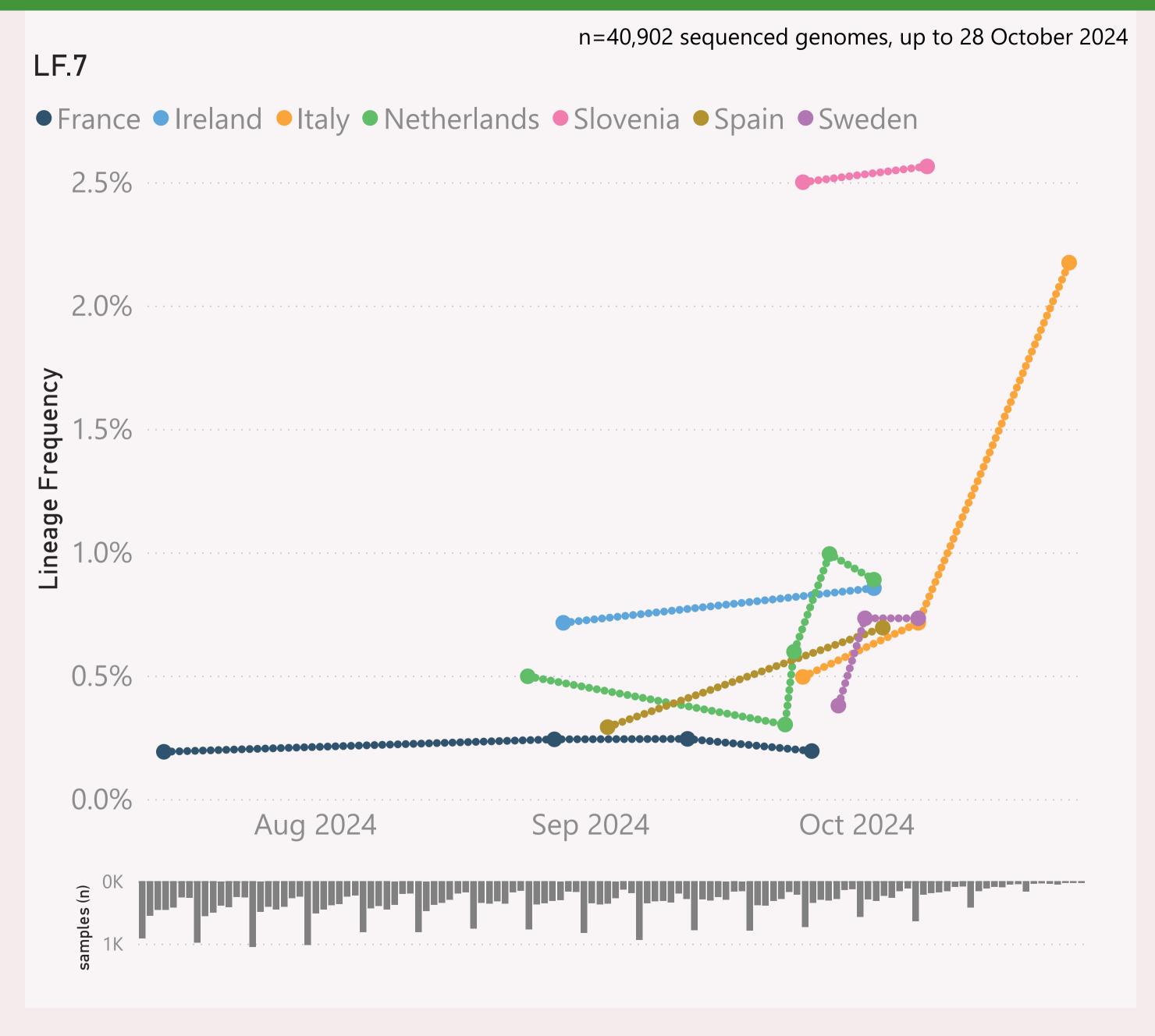
This page shows the frequency of a selected "Lineage L2" group of interest, for the 7 countries reporting the most samples over recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "JN.1.* +FLiRT" group includes the descendants of JN.1.* with the mutations: F456L & R346T.

The detailed Lineage classifications are quite numerous and dynamic, so the "Lineage L2" groups give a simpler and more stable basis for analysis and comparison.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that country.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.



This page shows the frequency of a selected Lineage of interest, for the 7 countries reporting the most samples over recent months.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that country.

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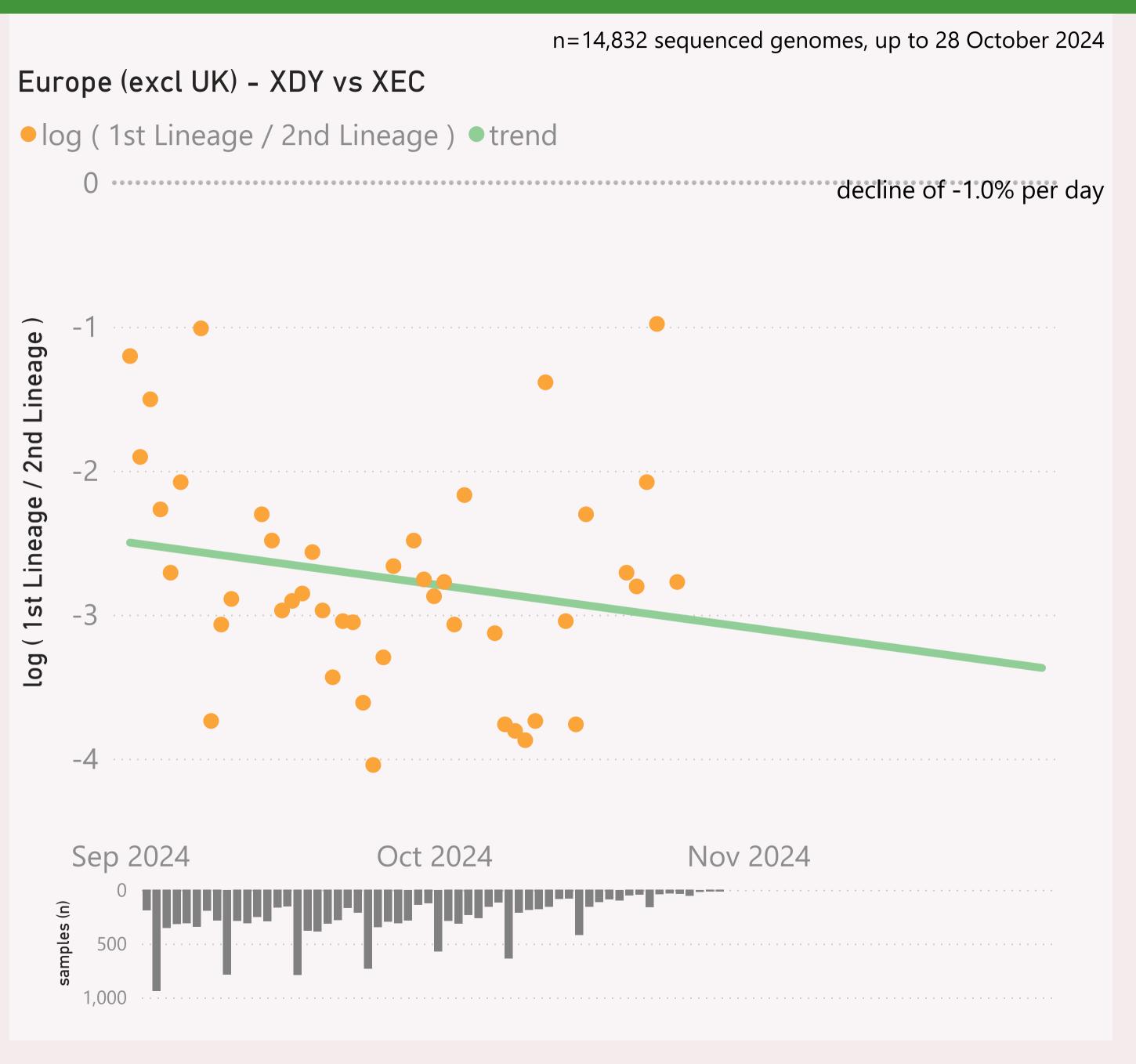
n=14,832 sequenced genomes, up to 28 October 2024 Europe (excl UK) - XEC.* vs JN.1.* + DeFLuQE ● log (1st Lineage / 2nd Lineage) ● trend growth of 3.0% per day, crossover on 03-Nov-24 Nov 2024 Oct 2024

This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected "Lineage L2" groups, over recent months. A challenging Lineage L2 is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage L2 is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage L2.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I add the "Lineage L2" groups, typically following common variant groupings, but occasionally being "creative".

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

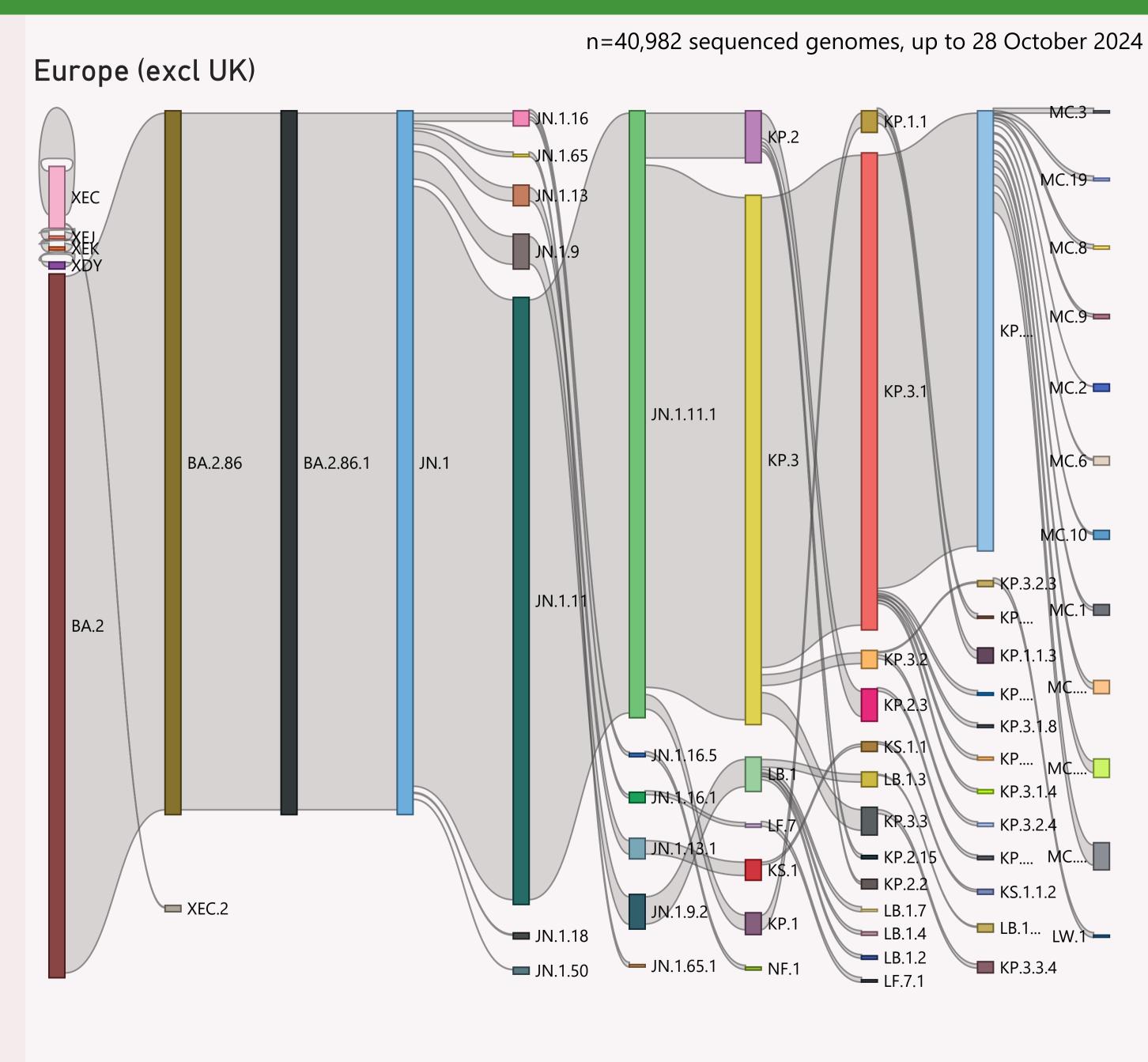


This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected Lineages, over recent months. A challenging Lineage is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

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This page shows the hierarchy of the significant Lineages, over recent months.

The hierarchy can be read from left to right, starting with the earliest/highest Lineages being broken down into more detailed child Lineages.

The vertical height of each bar segment represents the relative volume of all the samples of that specific Lineage, as well as all it's descendants.

The full picture is typically quite busy, so insignificant Lineages (with few samples, or at the extreme top or bottom of the hierarchy) are not shown.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

Country	# Samples Sequenced	Latest Collection date	by Collection date	Latest Submission date	by Submission date
⊕ Spain	4,644	28/10/2024	بالماللة المالية	02/11/2024	الماسلام الماسلام الماسلام الماسلام
	3,392	21/10/2024	بتلبل	02/11/2024	arrange te de action d
⊞ Sweden	2,591	28/10/2024		02/11/2024	addaaad.
	1,648	21/10/2024		02/11/2024	a 100 o 6
	1,559	28/10/2024	عالين ب	02/11/2024	the thermal at the canad
H Germany	1,550	17/10/2024	بنائل	02/11/2024	and a second
	1,537	08/10/2024		28/10/2024	
⊕ Russia	994	01/10/2024	and the second life.	25/10/2024	
⊞ Ireland	902	28/10/2024	4	02/11/2024	لمناه النمانية
Greece	664	08/09/2024	.1.	31/10/2024	
⊕ Poland	440	25/10/2024		02/11/2024	alian kanada
Example 2 Expression Example 2	309	28/02/2024	Man.	28/10/2024	
	307	27/10/2024		30/10/2024	
	214	22/10/2024	11.	02/11/2024	
⊕ Austria	202	20/10/2024		30/10/2024	
	184	27/09/2024	, all	02/11/2024	and the latest
⊞ Luxembourg	182	30/09/2024	li li	17/10/2024	
⊕ Czechia	178	09/10/2024	, Lake	01/11/2024	
⊞ Finland	166	07/10/2024	T.	31/10/2024	
⊕ Croatia	141	23/10/2024	adail	02/11/2024	
⊞ Belgium	125	14/10/2024	als.	02/11/2024	1 1.
⊞ Slovakia	104	07/10/2024	ala	24/10/2024	
⊕ Norway	94	20/10/2024		01/11/2024	
± Kosovo	80	12/08/2024	.1	04/10/2024	
	6	30/08/2024	1"	16/09/2024	Ι ΄
⊞ Romania	4	26/08/2024		01/10/2024	
	2	22/04/2024		23/09/2024	
⊞ Bulgaria	1	26/09/2024		14/10/2024	
Total	22,220	28/10/2024			thicker amendmentificate hill

This page shows the volume and currency/timeliness of the genomic sequencing data shared via GISAID, over the last 8 weeks, for the countries sharing the most samples.

Each sample shared comes with a Collection date - when the PCR test for that sample was collected. The GISAID system also records a Submission date for each sample, which is typically the date that sample was uploaded.

The latest date of each type is shown, along with "sparkline"-style mini charts to give a flavour for the spread of recent data by Collection date and by Submission date.