n=70,603 sequenced genomes, up to 3 November 2024

United States

- ● BA.2.86.* ● JN.1.* +DeFLuQE ● JN.1.* +FLiRT ● JN.1.* +FLuQE ● XDV.* ● XEC.*

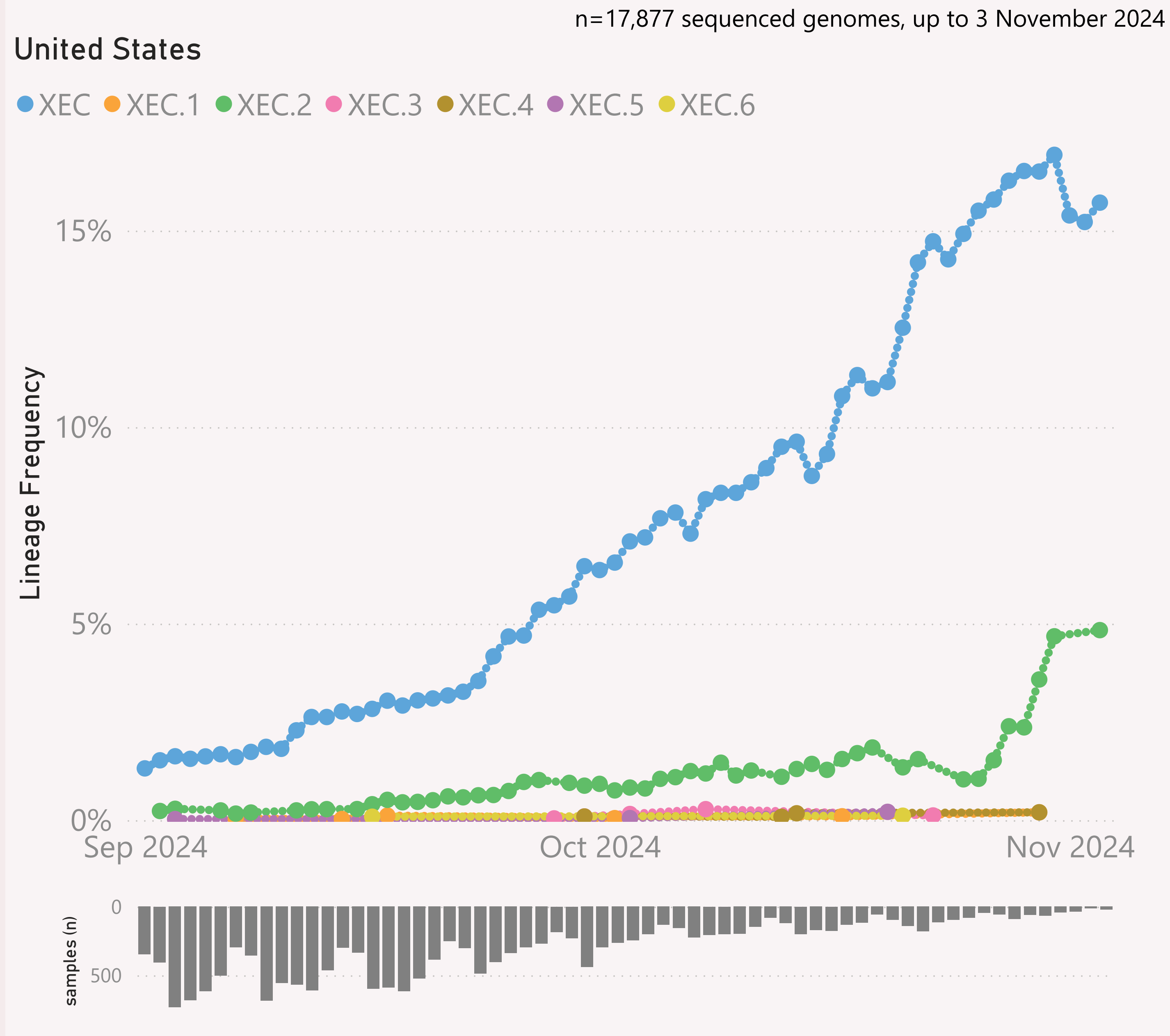This page shows the frequency of the top 7 "L2" lineages, across recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.* lineages.

The detailed Lineage classifications are quite numerous and dynamic, so the "Lineage L2" groups give a simpler and more stable basis for analysis and comparison.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.

n=17,877 sequenced genomes, up to 3 November 2024

United States

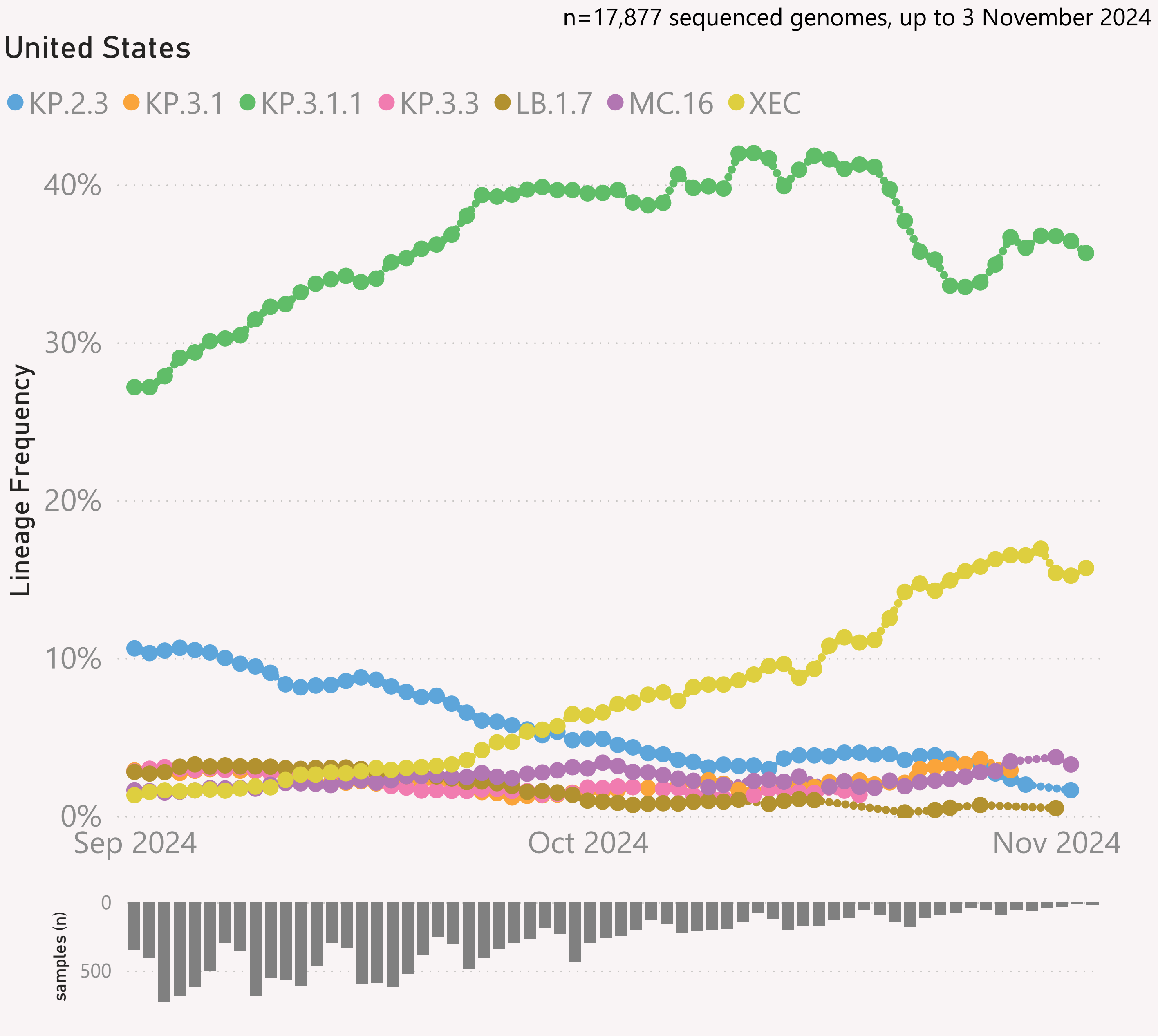● XEC ● XEC.1 ● XEC.2 ● XEC.3 ● XEC.4 ● XEC.5 ● XEC.6

This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months. The lineages are filtered for a "Lineage L2" group of interest, currently "XEC.*".

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.

n=17,877 sequenced genomes, up to 3 November 2024

United States

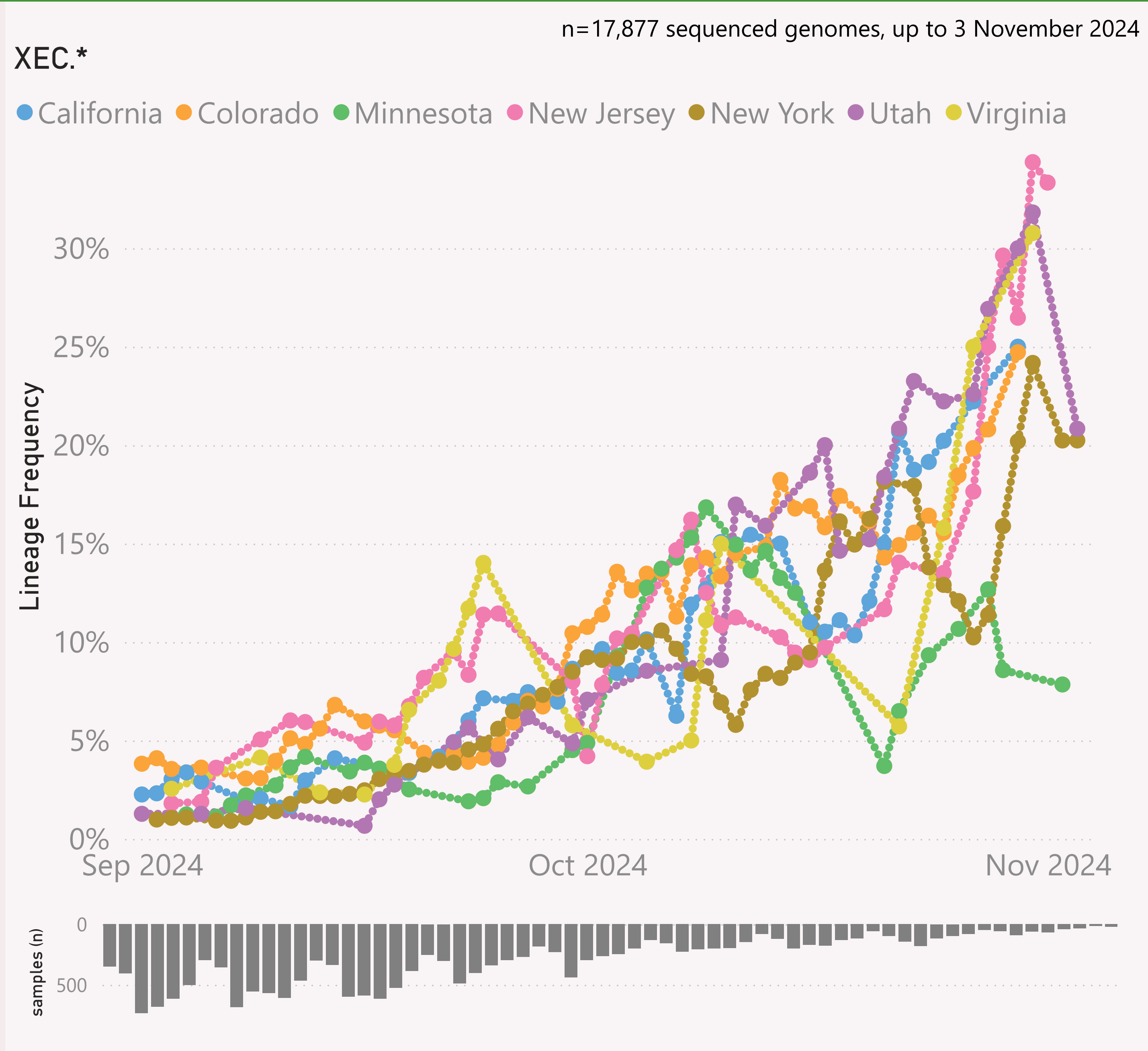● KP.2.3 ● KP.3.1 ● KP.3.1.1 ● KP.3.3 ● LB.1.7 ● MC.16 ● XEC

This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.

n=17,877 sequenced genomes, up to 3 November 2024

XEC.*

● California ● Colorado ● Minnesota ● New Jersey ● New York ● Utah ● Virginia
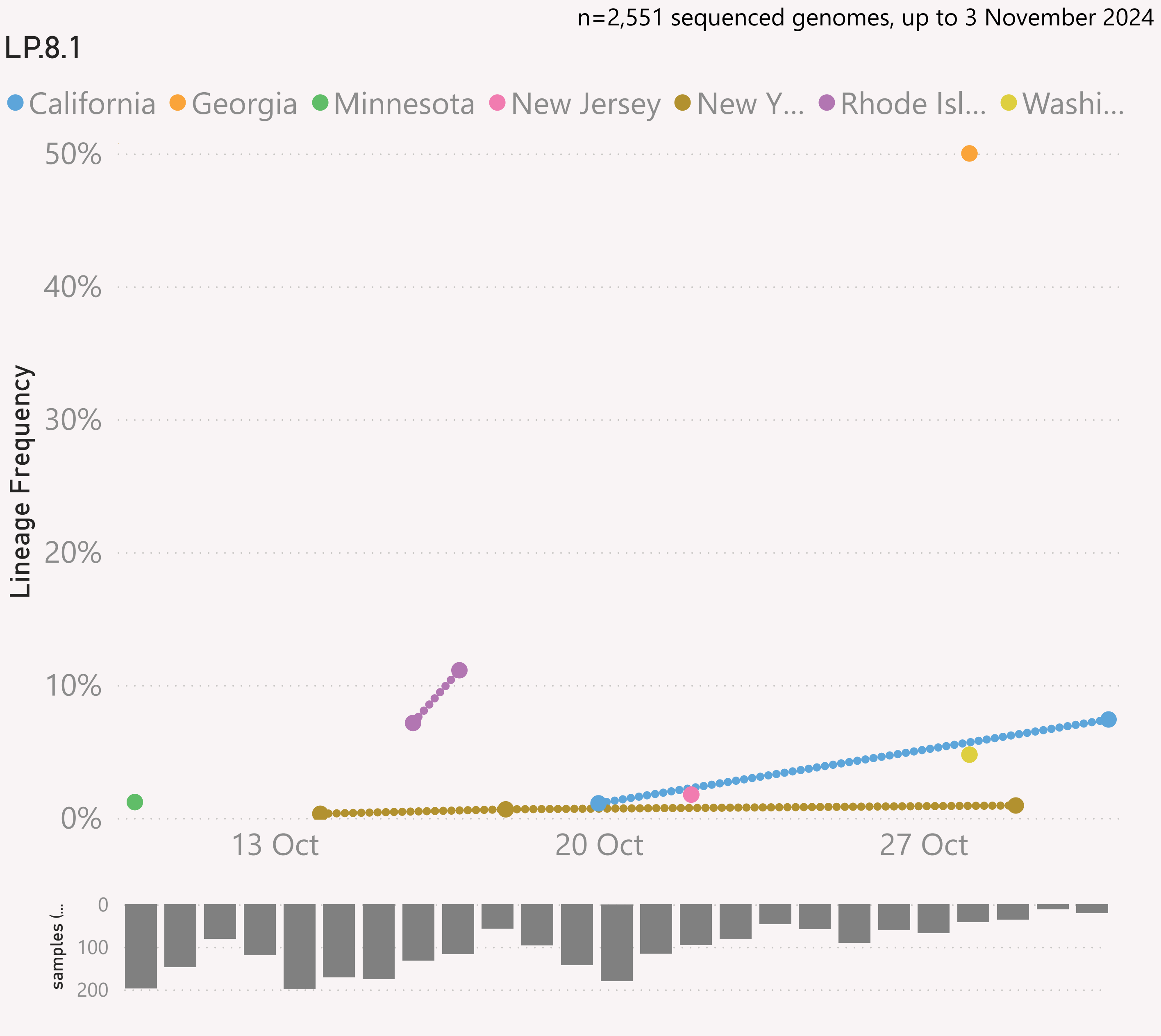
This page shows the frequency of a selected "Lineage L2" group of interest, across the leading States, over recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.* lineages.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that state.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.

n=2,551 sequenced genomes, up to 3 November 2024

LP.8.1

- ● California ● Georgia ● Minnesota ● New Jersey ● New Y... ● Rhode Isl... ● Washi...

This page shows the frequency of a selected Lineage of interest, across the leading States, over recent months.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that state.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.
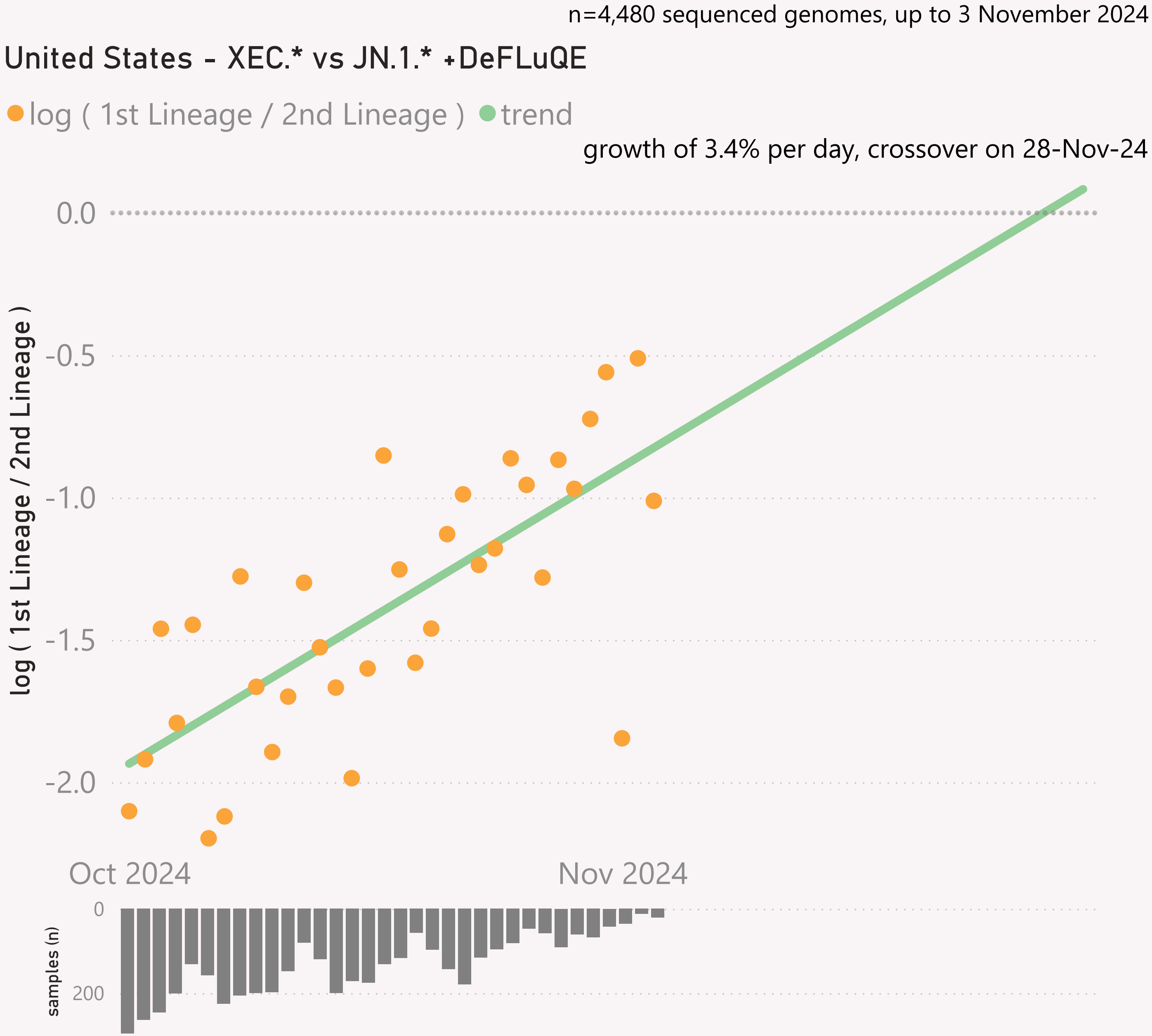
n=4,480 sequenced genomes, up to 3 November 2024

United States – XEC.* vs JN.1.* +DeFLuQE

● log (1st Lineage / 2nd Lineage) ● trend

growth of 3.4% per day, crossover on 28-Nov-24

This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected "Lineage L2" groups, over recent months. A challenging Lineage L2 is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage L2 is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage L2.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I add the "Lineage L2" groups, typically following common variant groupings, but occasionally being "creative".

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

United States – LP.8.1 vs XEC

n=4,480 sequenced genomes, up to 3 November 2024
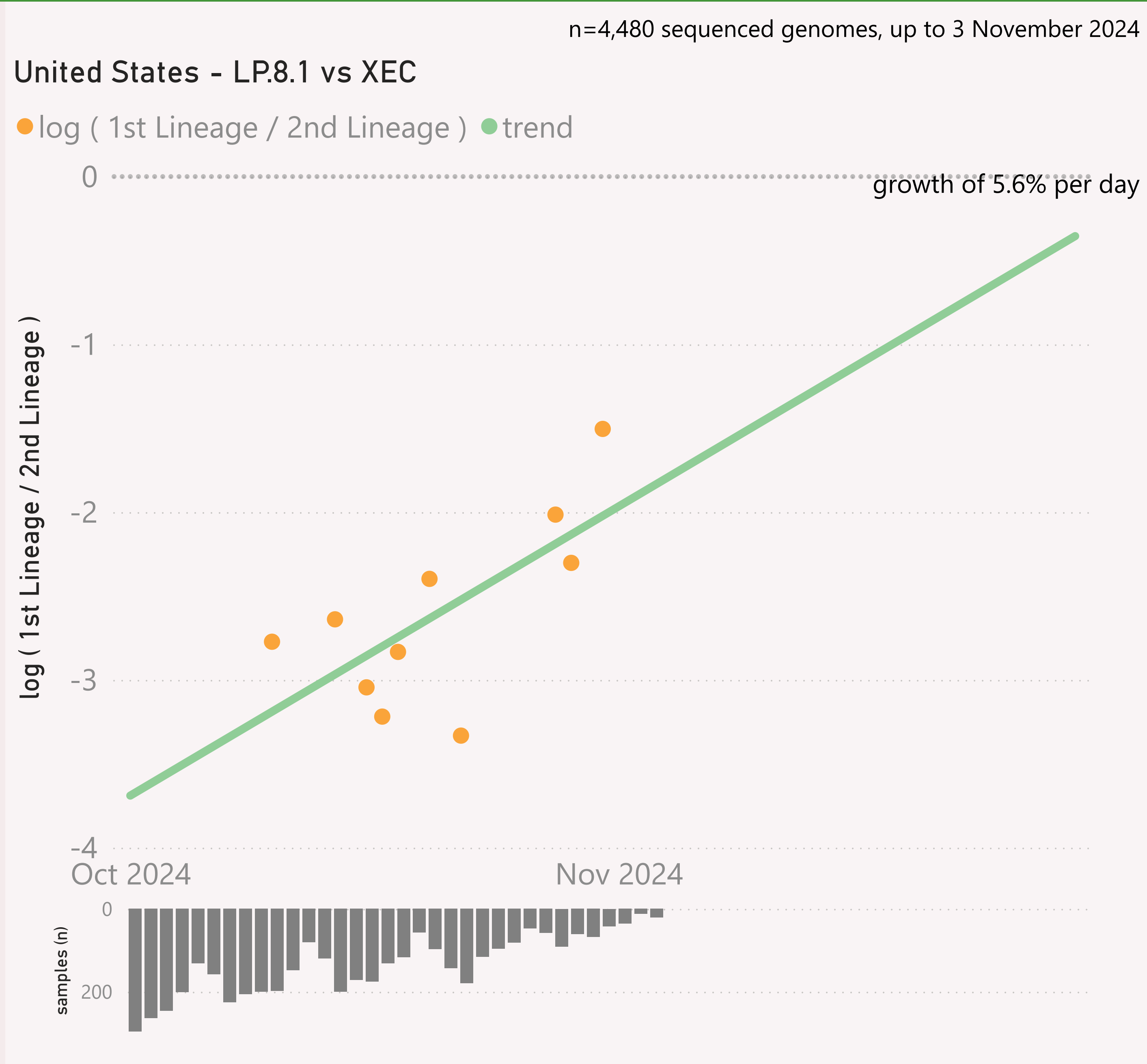
● log (1st Lineage / 2nd Lineage)   ● trend

growth of 5.6% per day

This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected Lineages, over recent months. A challenging Lineage is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

n=17,946 sequenced genomes, up to 3 November 2024

United States

BA.2 · BA.2.86 · BA.2.86.1 · JN.1 · XEC · XEK · XEL · XDY · XEC.2 · JN.1.18 · JN.1.15 · JN.1.13 · JN.1.49 · JN.1.16 · JN.1.9 · JN.1.11.1 · JN.1.11 · JN.1.16.1 · JN.1.18.3 · JN.1.15.1 · JN.1.18.6 · JN.1.13.1 · JN.1.49.1 · JN.1.9.2 · KP.2 · KP.3 · LB.1 · LF.3 · LF.7 · LU.2 · KS.1 · MB.1 · KP.1 · KP.4 · MA.1 · LY.1 · KP.1.1 · KP.2.3 · KP.3.1 · KP.3.1.1 · KP.3.3 · LB.1.2 · LB.1.3 · LU.2.1 · KP.2.2 · KS.1.1 · MB.1. · KP.3.2 · KP.2. · KP.2. · KP.2. · KP.3.5 · LB.1.4 · LB.1.7 · LF.3.1 · LF.7.1 · KP.1.... · KP.1.... · KP.1.... · KP.2.... · KP.2.3.4 · KP.3.1.6 · KP.3.... · KP.3.... · KP.3.... · LB.1.... · LB.1.... · LB.1.... · LB.1.... · LU.2.... · KP.2.... · KS.1.... · MB.1.... · KP.3....

This page shows the hierarchy of the significant Lineages, over recent months.

The hierarchy can be read from left to right, starting with the earliest/highest Lineages being broken down into more detailed child Lineages.

The vertical height of each bar segment represents the relative volume of all the samples of that specific Lineage, as well as all it's descendants.

The full picture is typically quite busy, so insignificant Lineages (with few samples, or at the extreme top or bottom of the hierarchy) are not shown.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

Data Submitted in the last 8 weeks

Country	# Samples Sequenced	Latest Collection date	by Collection date	Latest Submission date	by Submission date
⊟ **United States**	**26,014**	**03/11/2024**		**09/11/2024**	
New York	4,444	03/11/2024		09/11/2024	
California	3,807	03/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Colorado	3,642	30/10/2024		08/11/2024	
Texas	1,986	22/10/2024		09/11/2024	
Minnesota	1,372	03/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Ohio	1,338	29/10/2024		09/11/2024	
Virginia	949	03/11/2024		09/11/2024	
New Jersey	934	02/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Utah	751	03/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Tennessee	524	30/10/2024		09/11/2024	
Maryland	519	03/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Illinois	490	01/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Hawaii	399	22/10/2024		07/11/2024	
Pennsylvania	365	02/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Connecticut	354	04/10/2024		09/11/2024	
New Mexico	329	04/10/2024		09/11/2024	
Delaware	314	01/11/2024		09/11/2024	
North Carolina	292	31/10/2024		09/11/2024	
Nevada	289	03/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Michigan	278	15/10/2024		30/10/2024	
Georgia	254	28/10/2024		09/11/2024	
Arizona	216	26/10/2024		09/11/2024	
Iowa	209	03/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Washington	199	31/10/2024		09/11/2024	
Nebraska	196	03/11/2024		09/11/2024	
District of Columbia	184	28/10/2024		09/11/2024	
Louisiana	173	01/11/2024		09/11/2024	
Total	**26,014**	**03/11/2024**		**09/11/2024**	

This page shows the volume and currency/timeliness of the genomic sequencing data shared via GISAID, over the last 8 weeks. A breakdown of the leading states (by volume) is shown.

Each sample shared comes with a Collection date - when the PCR test for that sample was collected. The GISAID system also records a Submission date for each sample, which is typically the date that sample was uploaded.

The latest date of each type is shown, along with "sparkline"-style mini charts to give a flavour for the spread of recent data by Collection date and by Submission date.