

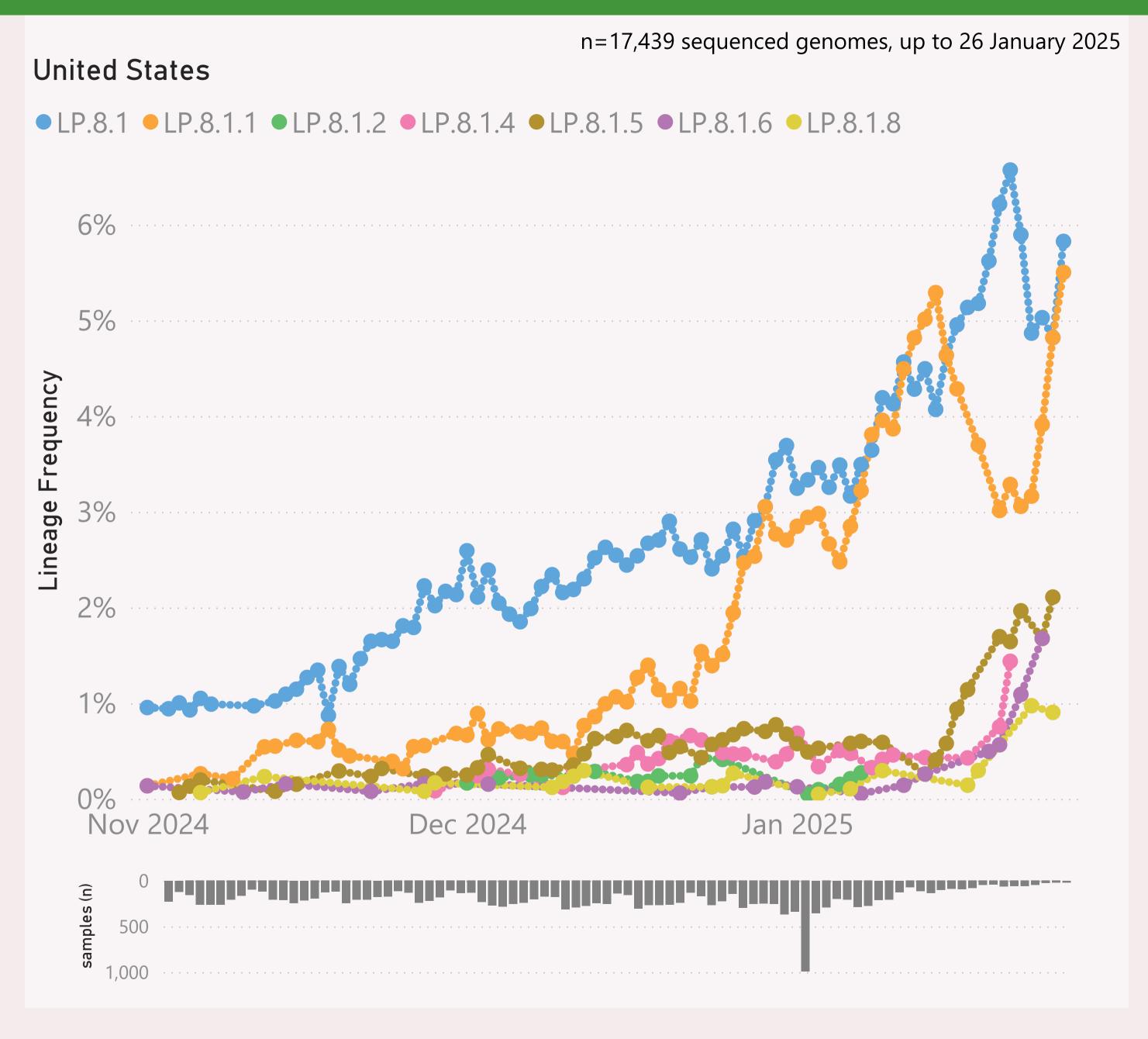
This page shows the frequency of the top 7 "L2" lineages, across recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.* lineages.

The detailed Lineage classifications are quite numerous and dynamic, so the "Lineage L2" groups give a simpler and more stable basis for analysis and comparison.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

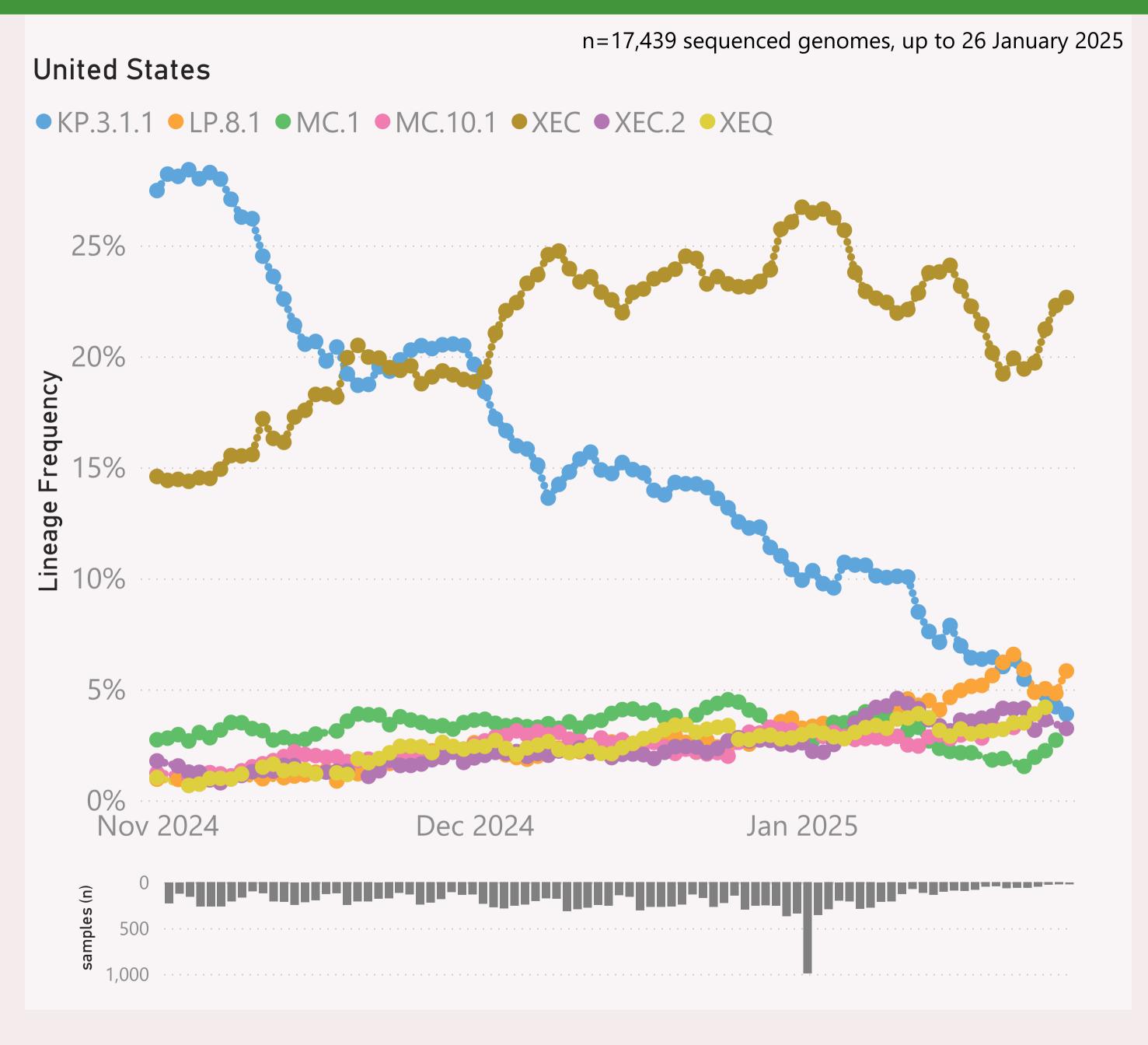


This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months. The lineages are filtered for a "Lineage L2" group of interest, currently "LP.8.1.*.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

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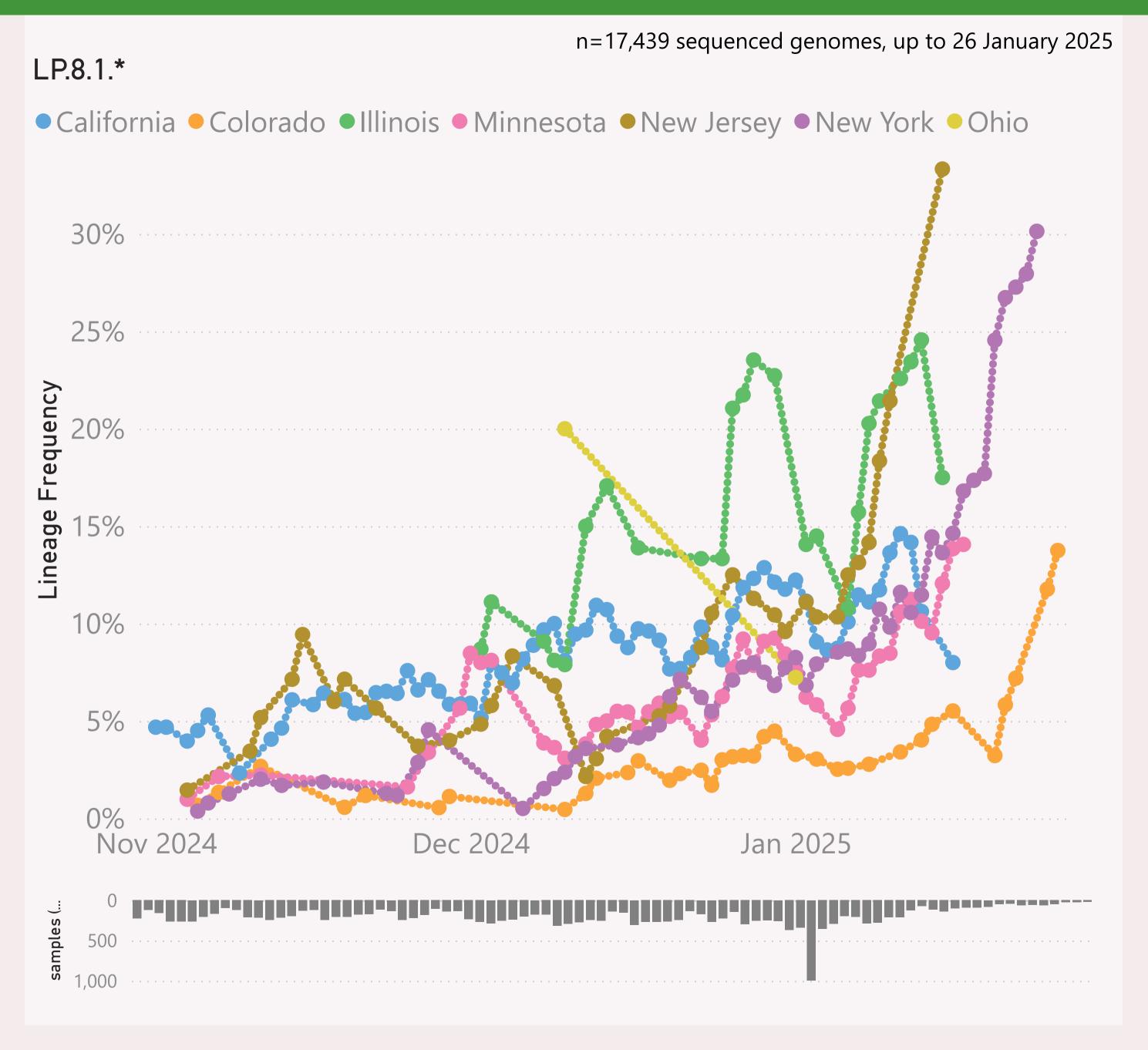


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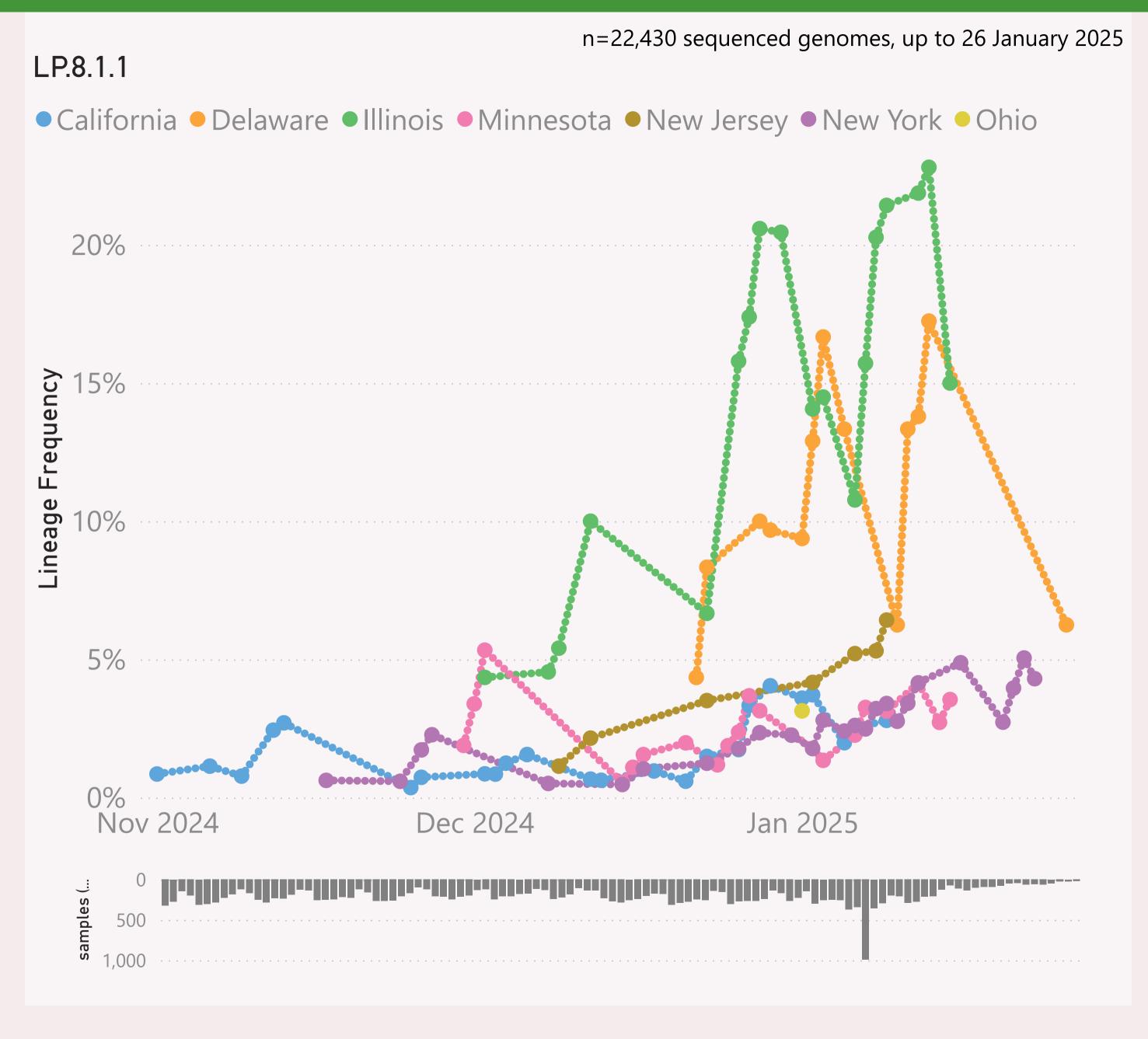


This page shows the frequency of a selected "Lineage L2" group of interest, across the leading States, over recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.* lineages.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that state.

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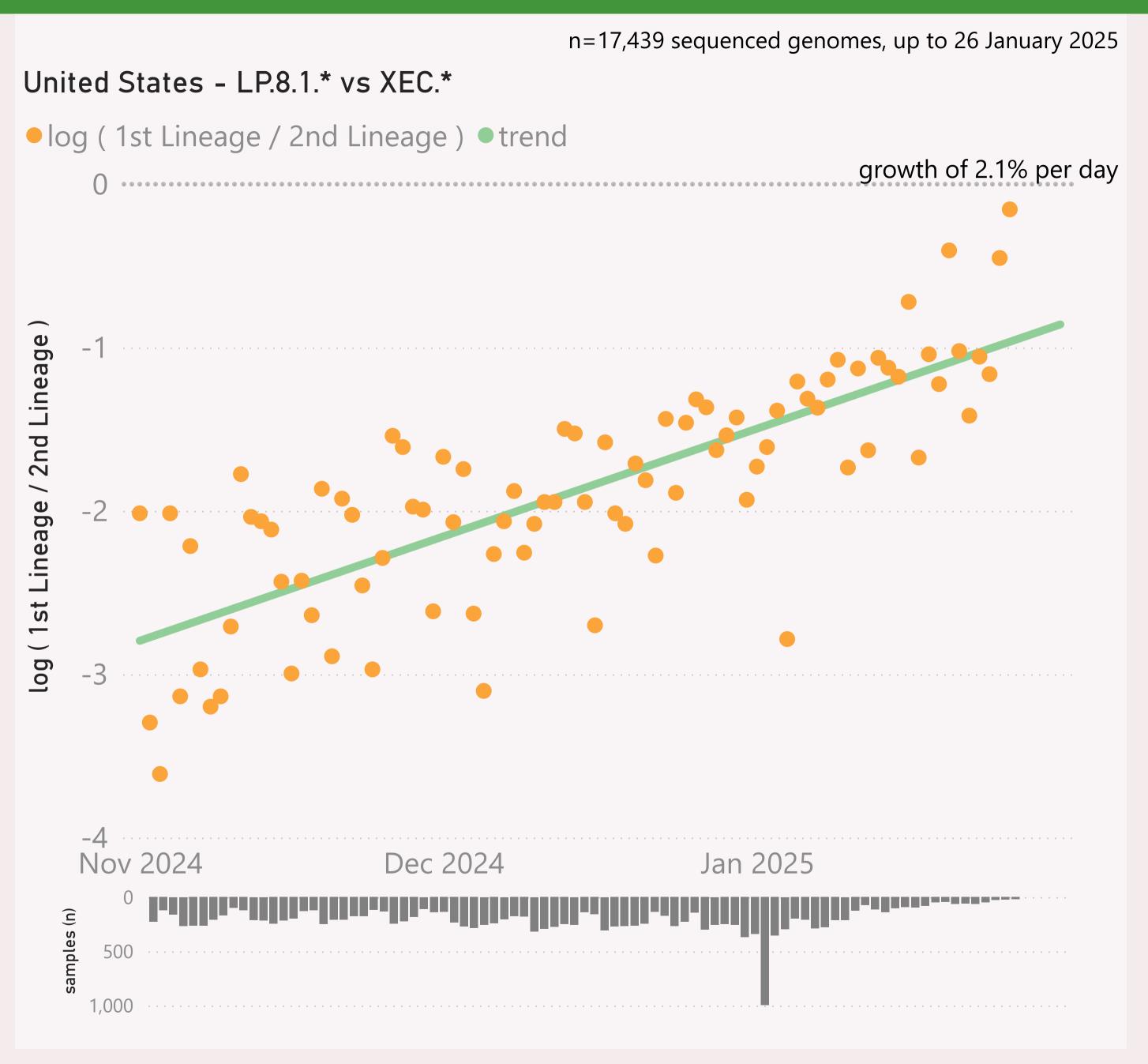


This page shows the frequency of a selected Lineage of interest, across the leading States, over recent months.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that state.

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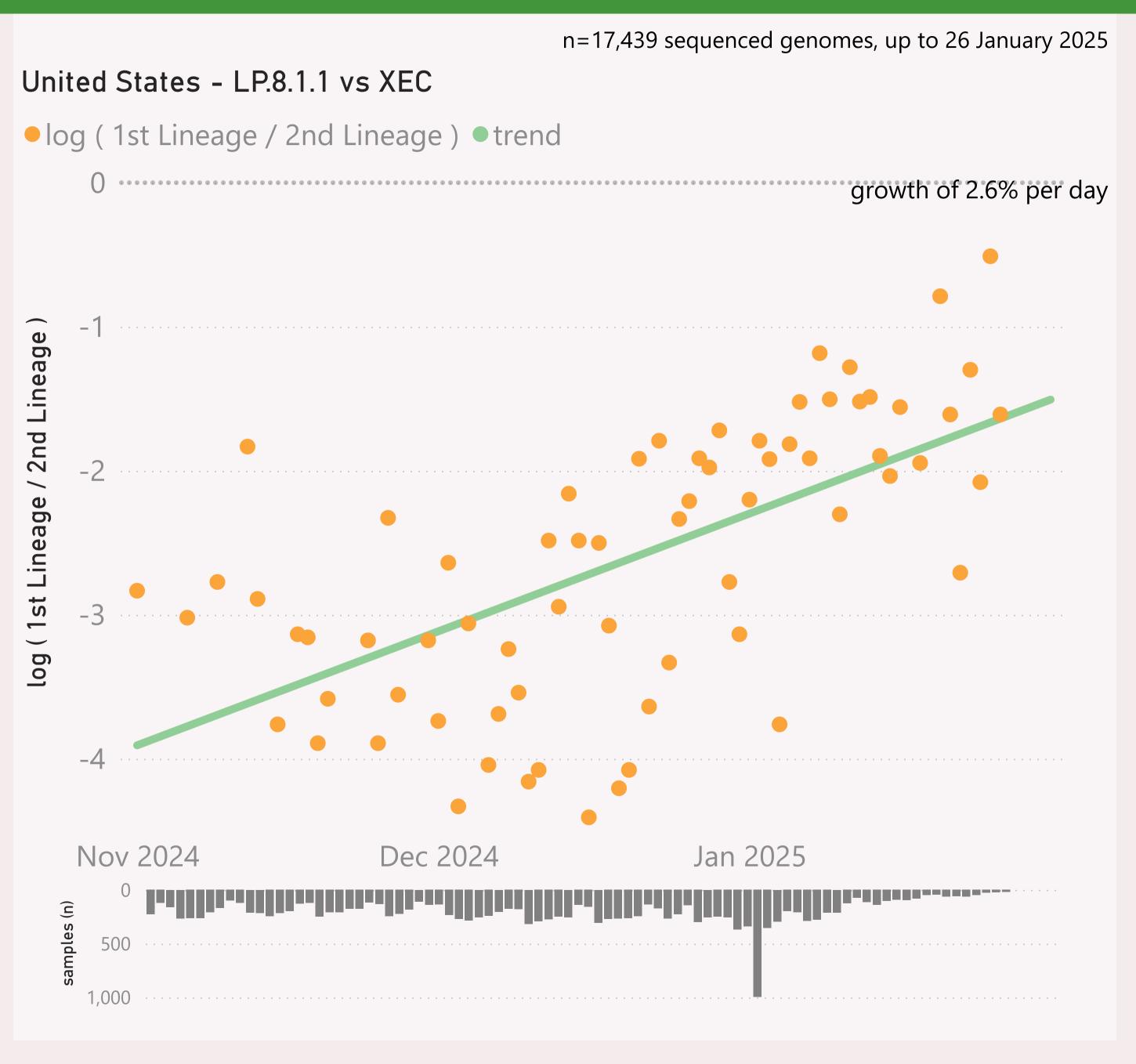


This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected "Lineage L2" groups, over recent months. A challenging Lineage L2 is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage L2 is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage L2.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I add the "Lineage L2" groups, typically following common variant groupings, but occasionally being "creative".

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

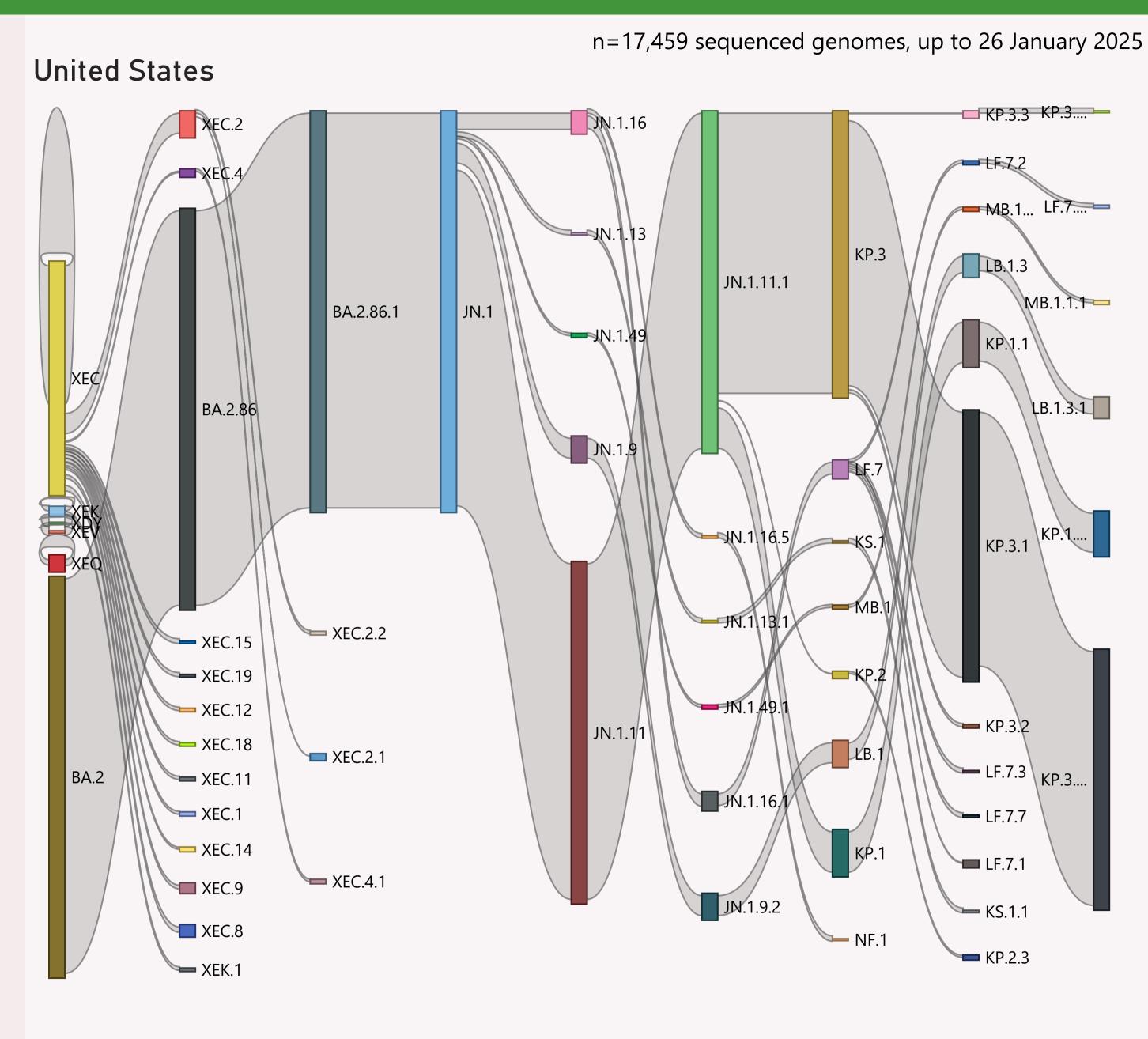


This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected Lineages, over recent months. A challenging Lineage is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage

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This page shows the hierarchy of the significant Lineages, over recent months.

The hierarchy can be read from left to right, starting with the earliest/highest Lineages being broken down into more detailed child Lineages.

The vertical height of each bar segment represents the relative volume of all the samples of that specific Lineage, as well as all it's descendants.

The full picture is typically quite busy, so insignificant Lineages (with few samples, or at the extreme top or bottom of the hierarchy) are not shown.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

Data Submitted in the last 8 weeks

Country	# Samples Sequenced	Latest Collection date	by Collection date	Latest Submission date by Submission date
□ United States	21,121	26/01/2025		31/01/2025
California	5,535	23/01/2025		31/01/2025
New York	2,321	25/01/2025		31/01/2025
Colorado	1,767	26/01/2025	<u></u>	31/01/2025
Wisconsin	1,490	09/01/2025	. Allibite.	31/01/2025
Texas	1,417	23/01/2025	tanan and the later to	31/01/2025
Minnesota	1,354	20/01/2025		31/01/2025
Ohio	1,292	08/01/2025		31/01/2025
New Jersey	518	15/01/2025		28/01/2025
New Mexico	449	01/01/2025	100	31/01/2025
Utah	442	26/01/2025		31/01/2025
Illinois	397	16/01/2025	r karal	29/01/2025
Connecticut	333	12/01/2025		31/01/2025
Nebraska	325	26/01/2025	ali.	31/01/2025
Michigan	311	13/01/2025	المناب ا	31/01/2025
Virginia	297	26/01/2025	, ult.	31/01/2025
Rhode Island	286	10/01/2025	Mr. 1	27/01/2025
Arizona	283	23/01/2025	ala di .	31/01/2025
Massachusetts	267	10/01/2025	mi.	31/01/2025
Pennsylvania	251	25/01/2025	r In	31/01/2025
Delaware	232	26/01/2025	dalt	31/01/2025
Iowa	218	26/01/2025	اأب	31/01/2025
South Dakota	161	09/01/2025	a la	21/01/2025
Nevada	160	26/01/2025	la.	31/01/2025
Louisiana	154	24/01/2025		31/01/2025
North Carolina	152	13/01/2025	1.0	31/01/2025
Maryland	98	13/01/2025	da.	31/01/2025
Oregon	69	08/01/2025		31/01/2025
Total	21,121	26/01/2025		31/01/2025

This page shows the volume and currency/timeliness of the genomic sequencing data shared via GISAID, over the last 8 weeks. A breakdown of the leading states (by volume) is shown.

Each sample shared comes with a Collection date - when the PCR test for that sample was collected. The GISAID system also records a Submission date for each sample, which is typically the date that sample was uploaded.

The latest date of each type is shown, along with "sparkline"-style mini charts to give a flavour for the spread of recent data by Collection date and by Submission date.