

This page shows the frequency of the top 7 "L2" lineages, across recent months.

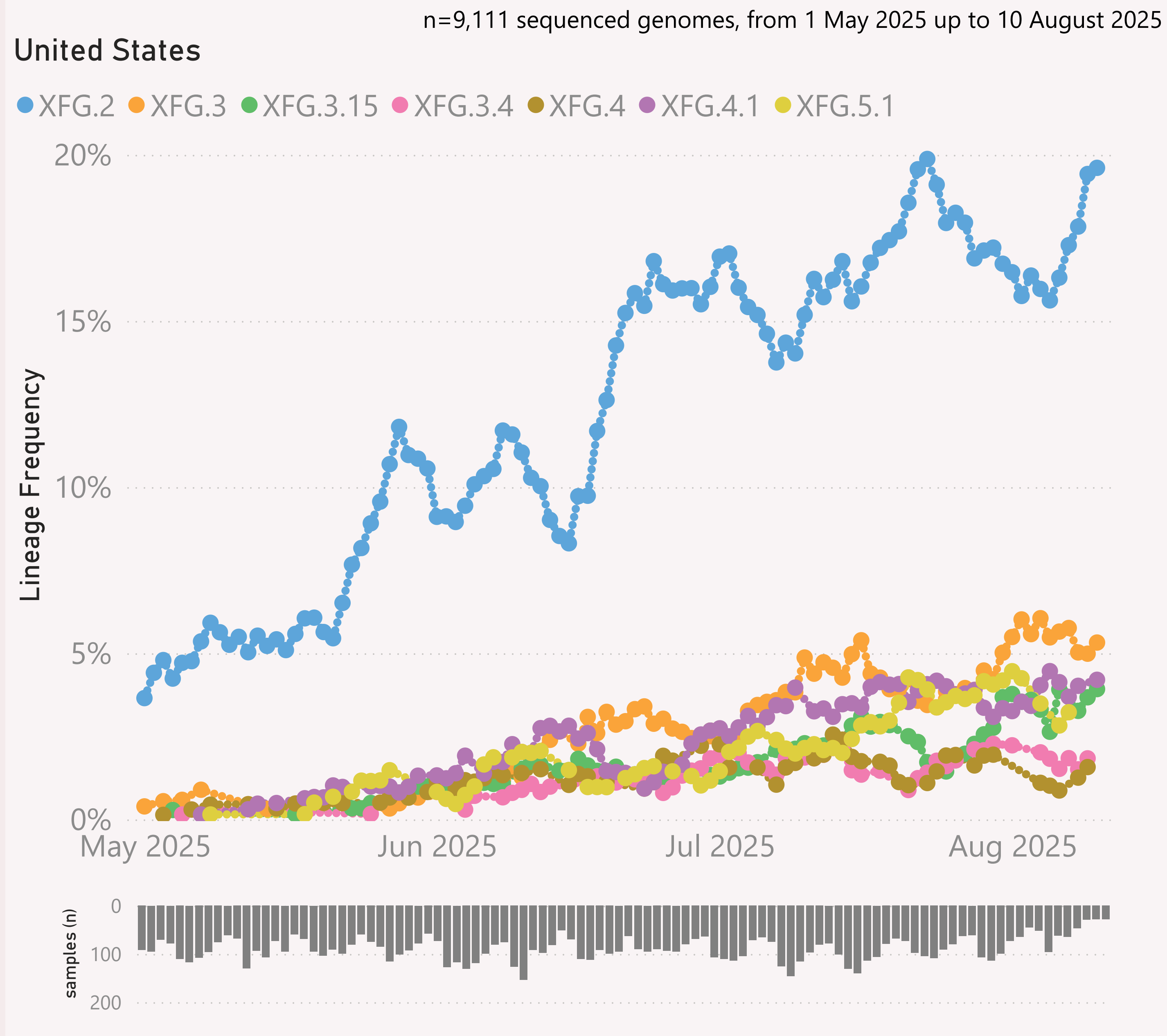
The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.\*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.\* lineages.

The detailed Lineage classifications are quite numerous and dynamic, so the "Lineage L2" groups give a simpler and more stable basis for analysis and comparison.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.



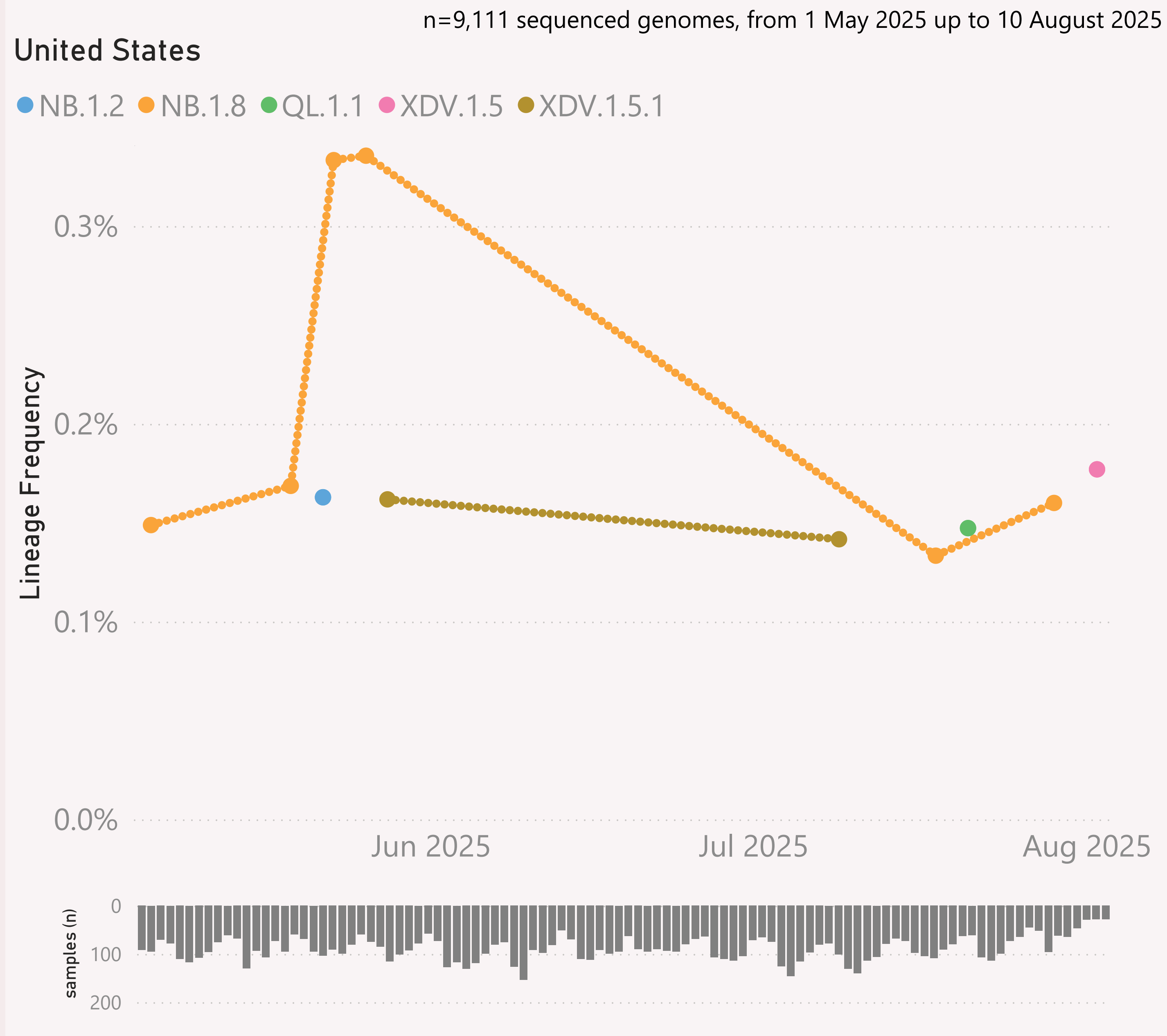
This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months. The lineages are filtered for a "Lineage L2" group of interest, currently XFG.\*.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

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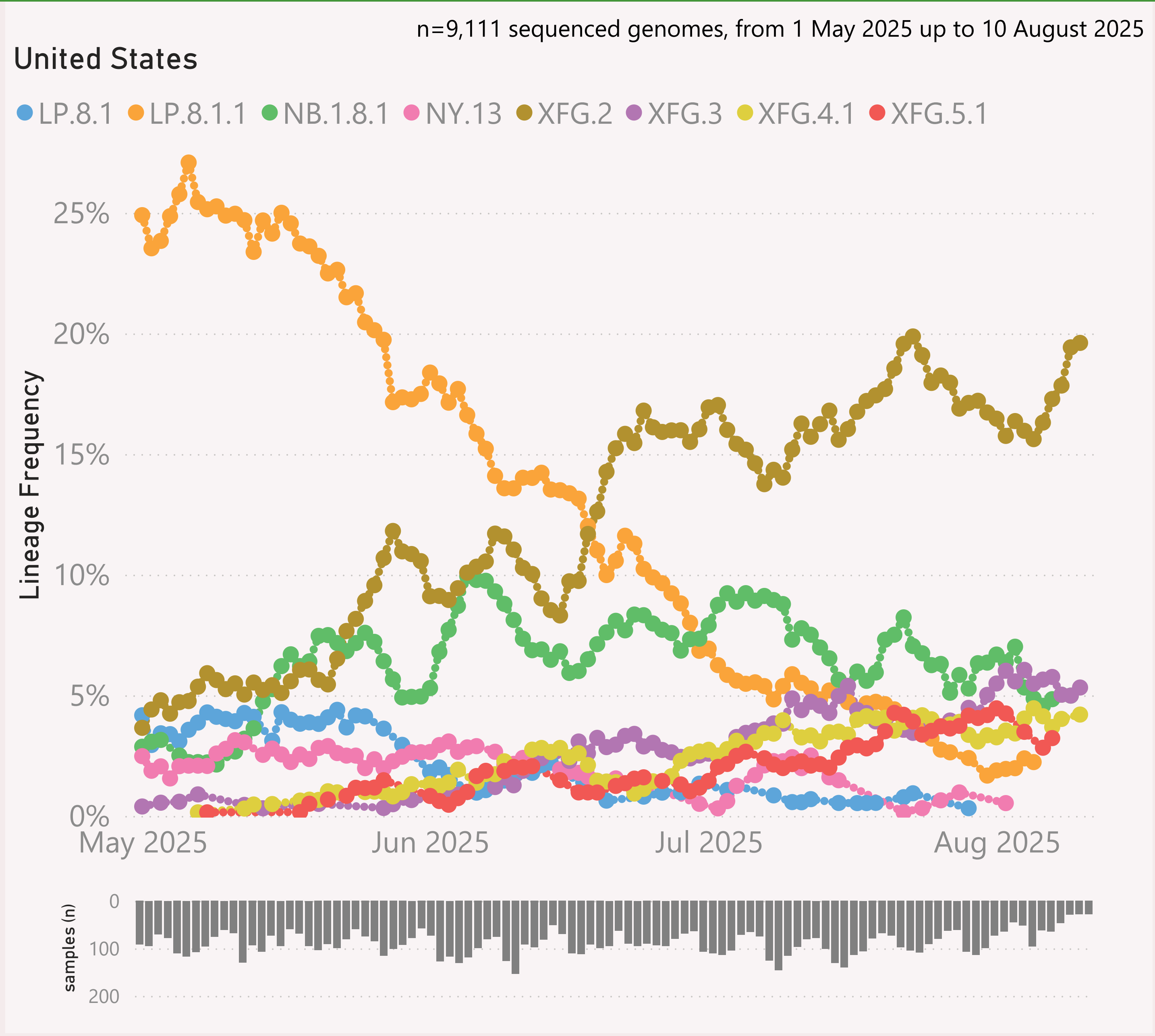
This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months. The lineages are filtered for a "Lineage L2" group of interest, currently NB.1.8.1.\* "Nimbus".

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

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This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months.

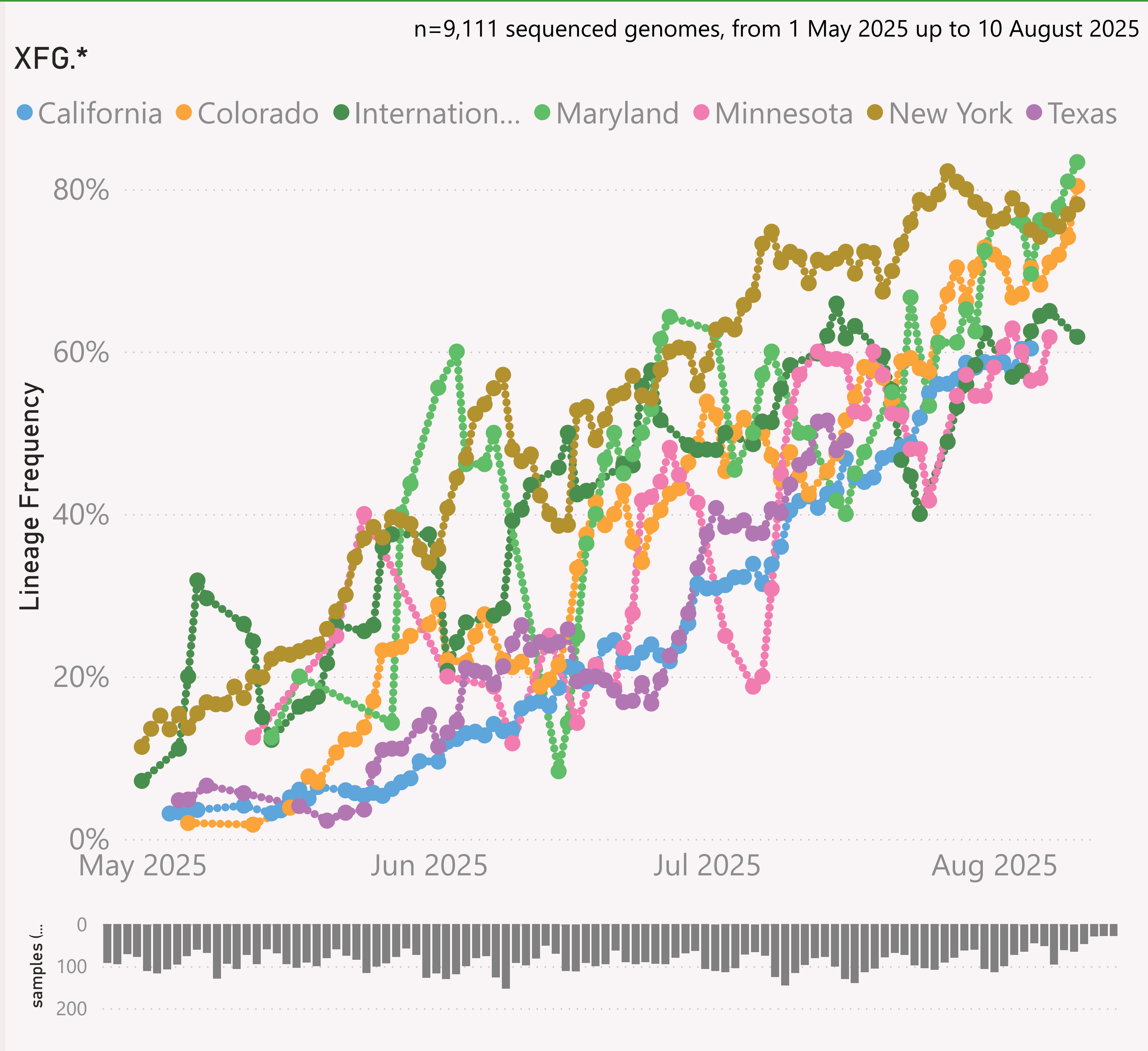
The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

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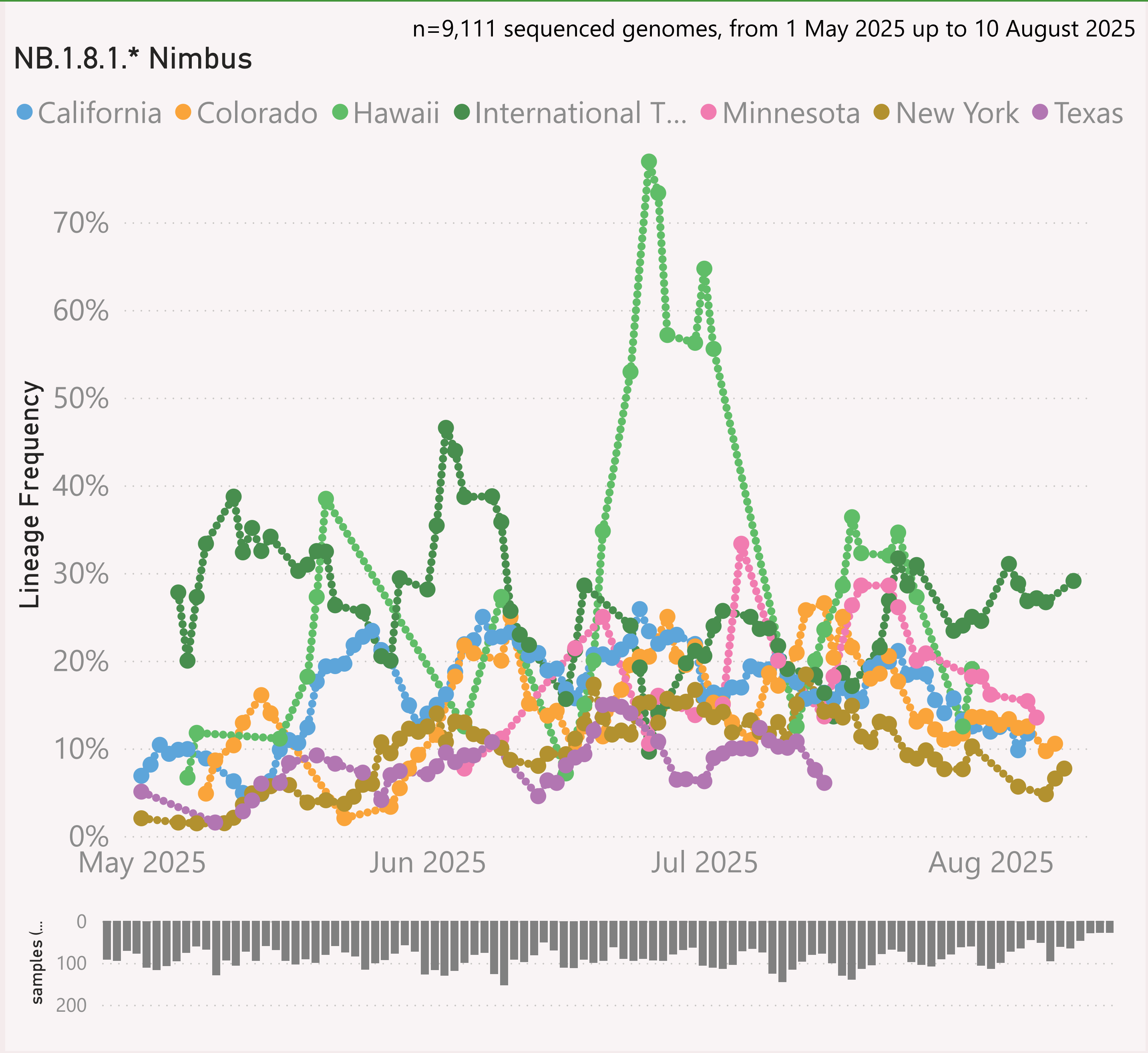
This page shows the frequency of a selected "Lineage L2" group of interest, across the leading States, over recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.\*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.\* lineages.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that state.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

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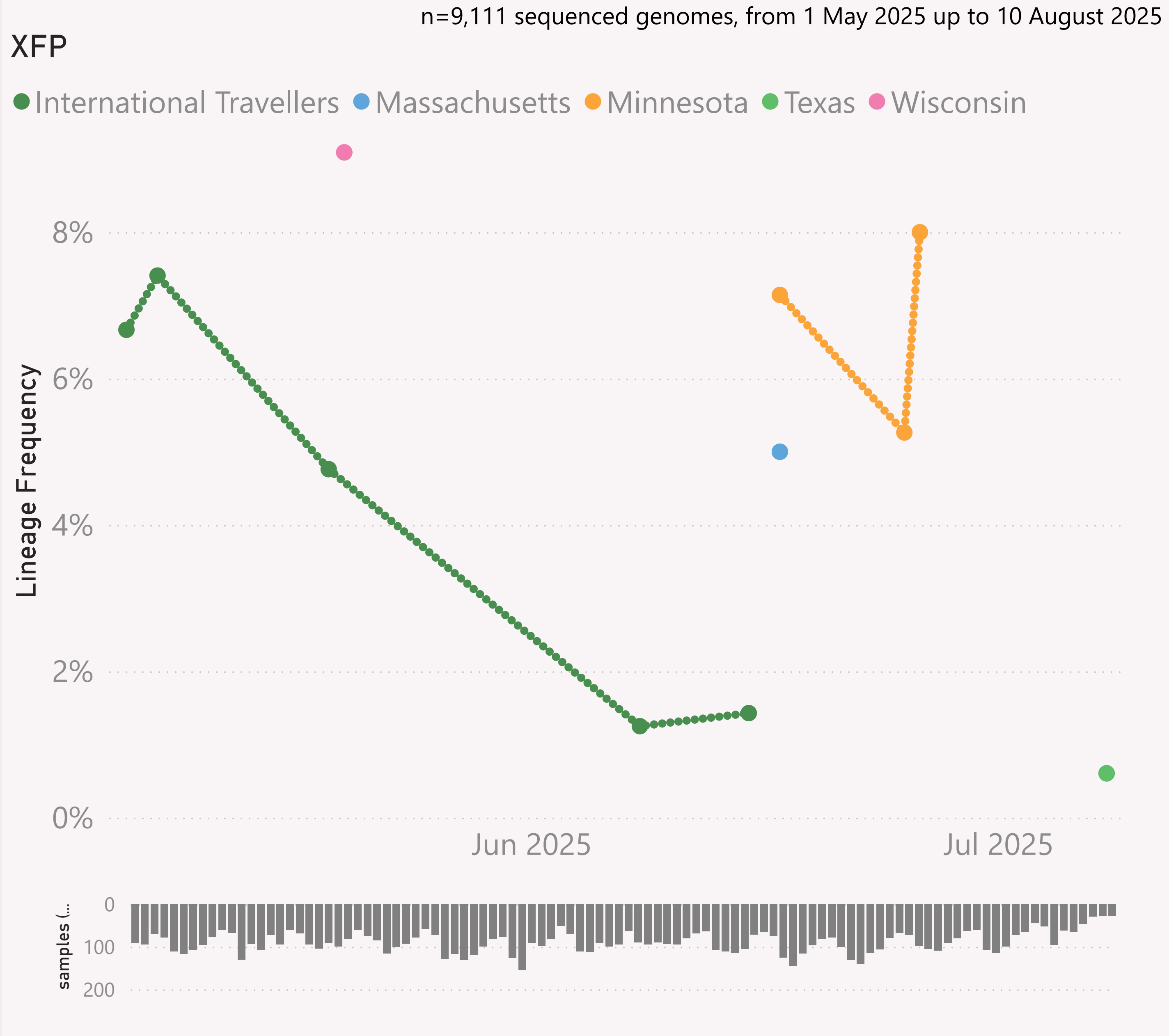
This page shows the frequency of a selected "Lineage L2" group of interest, across the leading States, over recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.\*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.\* lineages.

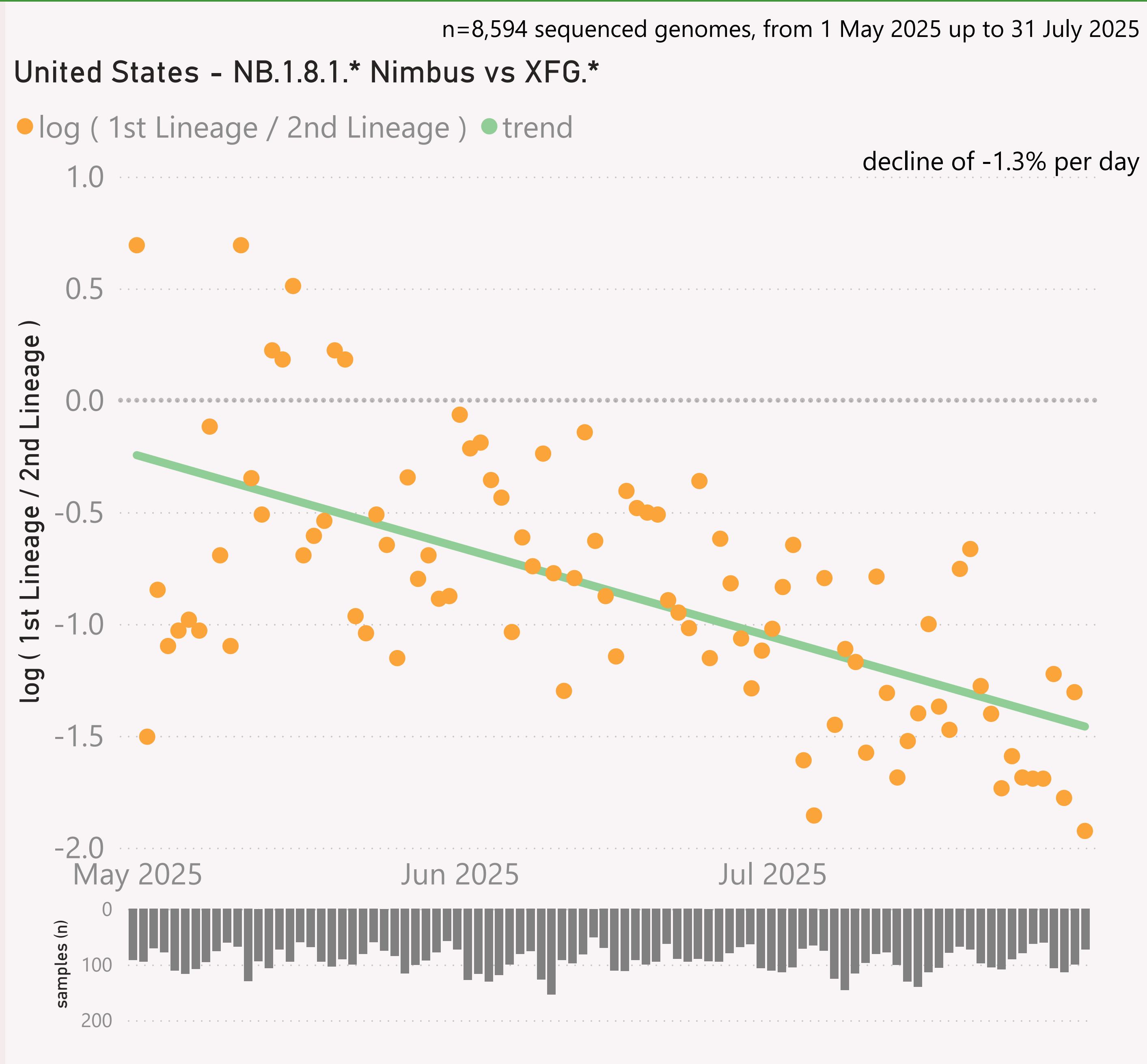
The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that state.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.







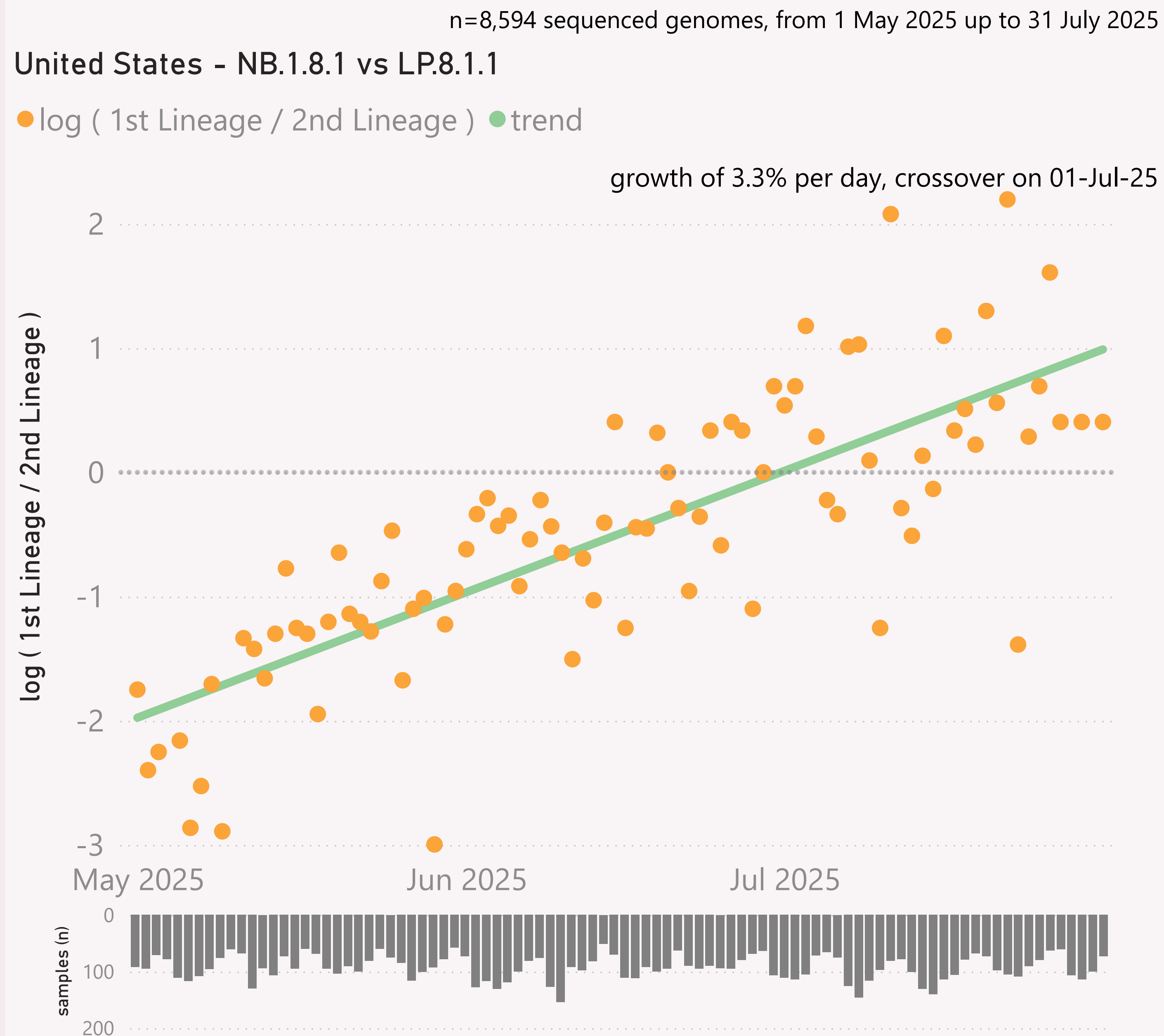
This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected "Lineage L2" groups, over recent months. A challenging Lineage L2 is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage L2 is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage L2.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I add the "Lineage L2" groups, typically following common variant groupings, but occasionally being "creative".

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.





This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected Lineages, over recent months. A challenging Lineage is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

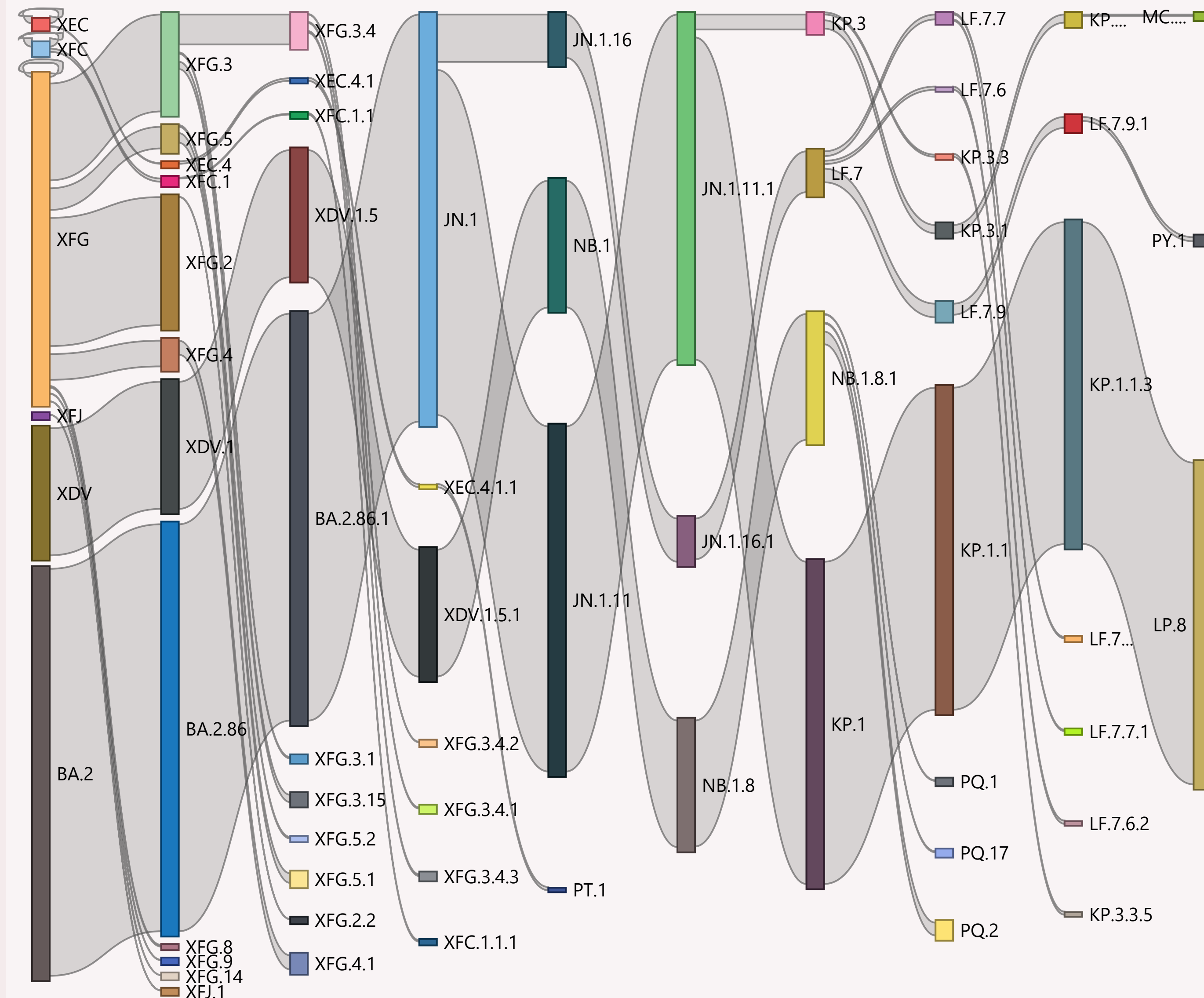
The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

United States

n=9,111 sequenced genomes, from 1 May 2025 up to 10 August 2025



This page shows the hierarchy of the significant Lineages, over recent months.








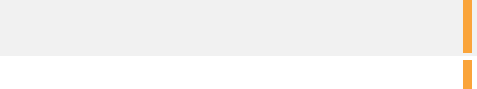










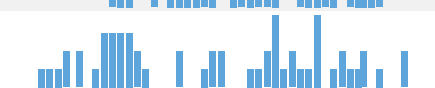


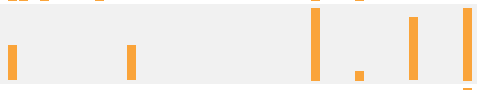
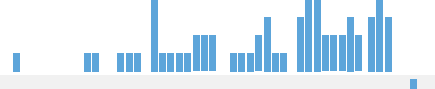


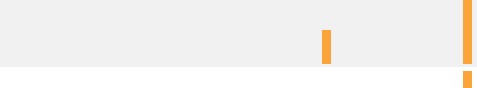


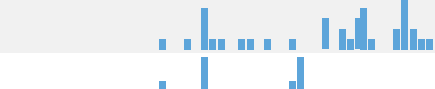
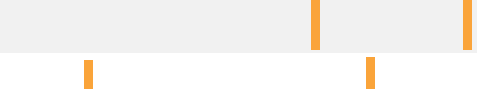

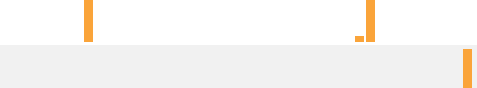











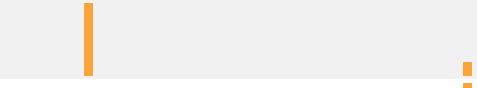


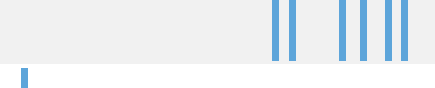



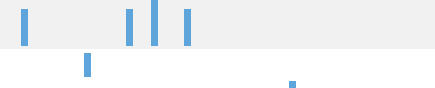
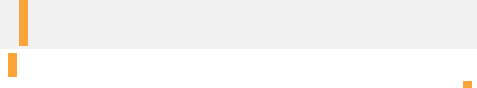


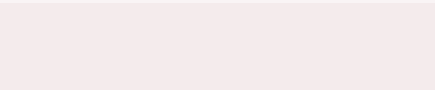
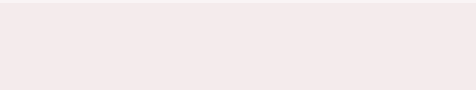
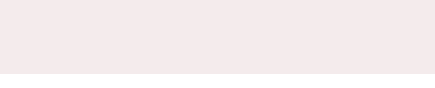
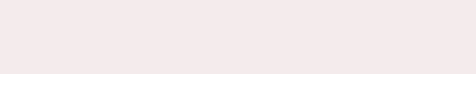
The hierarchy can be read from left to right, starting with the earliest/highest Lineages being broken down into more detailed child Lineages.

The vertical height of each bar segment represents the relative volume of all the samples of that specific Lineage, as well as all it's descendants.

The full picture is typically quite busy, so insignificant Lineages (with few samples, or at the extreme top or bottom of the hierarchy) are not shown.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

## Data Submitted in the last 8 weeks

Country	# Samples Sequenced	Latest Collection date	by Collection date	Latest Submission date	by Submission date
<div><div></div>United States</div>	6,089	10/08/2025		18/08/2025	
California	1,491	05/08/2025		18/08/2025	
New York	1,017	10/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Texas	768	16/07/2025		18/08/2025	
Colorado	621	10/08/2025		18/08/2025	
International Travellers	422	10/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Minnesota	226	07/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Massachusetts	160	05/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Illinois	153	10/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Hawaii	150	30/07/2025		15/08/2025	
Connecticut	132	05/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Maryland	123	10/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Wisconsin	114	03/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Utah	105	10/08/2025		18/08/2025	
New Jersey	85	28/07/2025		18/08/2025	
Nebraska	67	10/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Arizona	53	11/07/2025		09/08/2025	
District of Columbia	53	29/07/2025		18/08/2025	
Michigan	53	04/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Oregon	52	28/07/2025		18/08/2025	
Nevada	48	08/08/2025		18/08/2025	
New Mexico	46	20/06/2025		18/08/2025	
Vermont	41	04/08/2025		15/08/2025	
Rhode Island	25	08/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Alaska	19	05/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Florida	17	04/08/2025		18/08/2025	
Tennessee	16	18/05/2025		24/07/2025	
Montana	7	16/06/2025		08/07/2025	
Total	6,089	10/08/2025		18/08/2025	

This page shows the volume and currency/timeliness of the genomic sequencing data shared via GISAID, over the last 8 weeks. A breakdown of the leading states (by volume) is shown.

Each sample shared comes with a Collection date - when the PCR test for that sample was collected. The GISAID system also records a Submission date for each sample, which is typically the date that sample was uploaded.

The latest date of each type is shown, along with "sparkline"-style mini charts to give a flavour for the spread of recent data by Collection date and by Submission date.