

This page shows the frequency of the top 5 "L2" lineages, across recent months.

The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.*" group includes BA.2.86 and all its descendants, e.g. the JN.* lineages.

The detailed Lineage classifications are quite numerous and dynamic, so the "Lineage L2" groups give a simpler and more stable basis for analysis and comparison.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

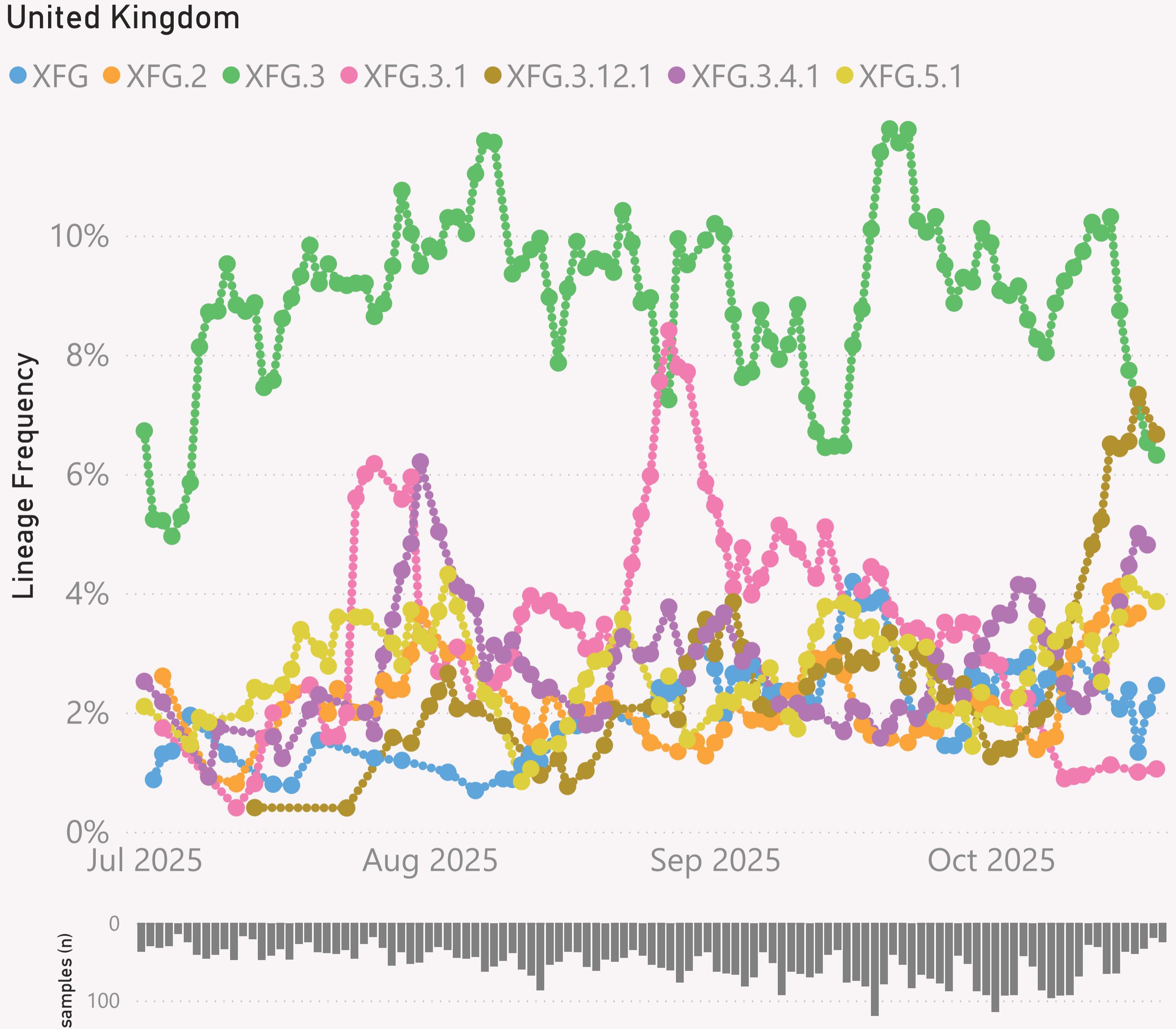
The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.

United Kingdom

• XFG • XFG.2 • XFG.3 • XFG.3.1 • XFG.3.12.1 • XFG.3.4.1 • XFG.5.1

n=5,930 sequenced genomes, from 1 July 2025 up to 19 October 2025



This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months. The lineages are filtered for a "Lineage L2" group of interest, currently "XFG.*".

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

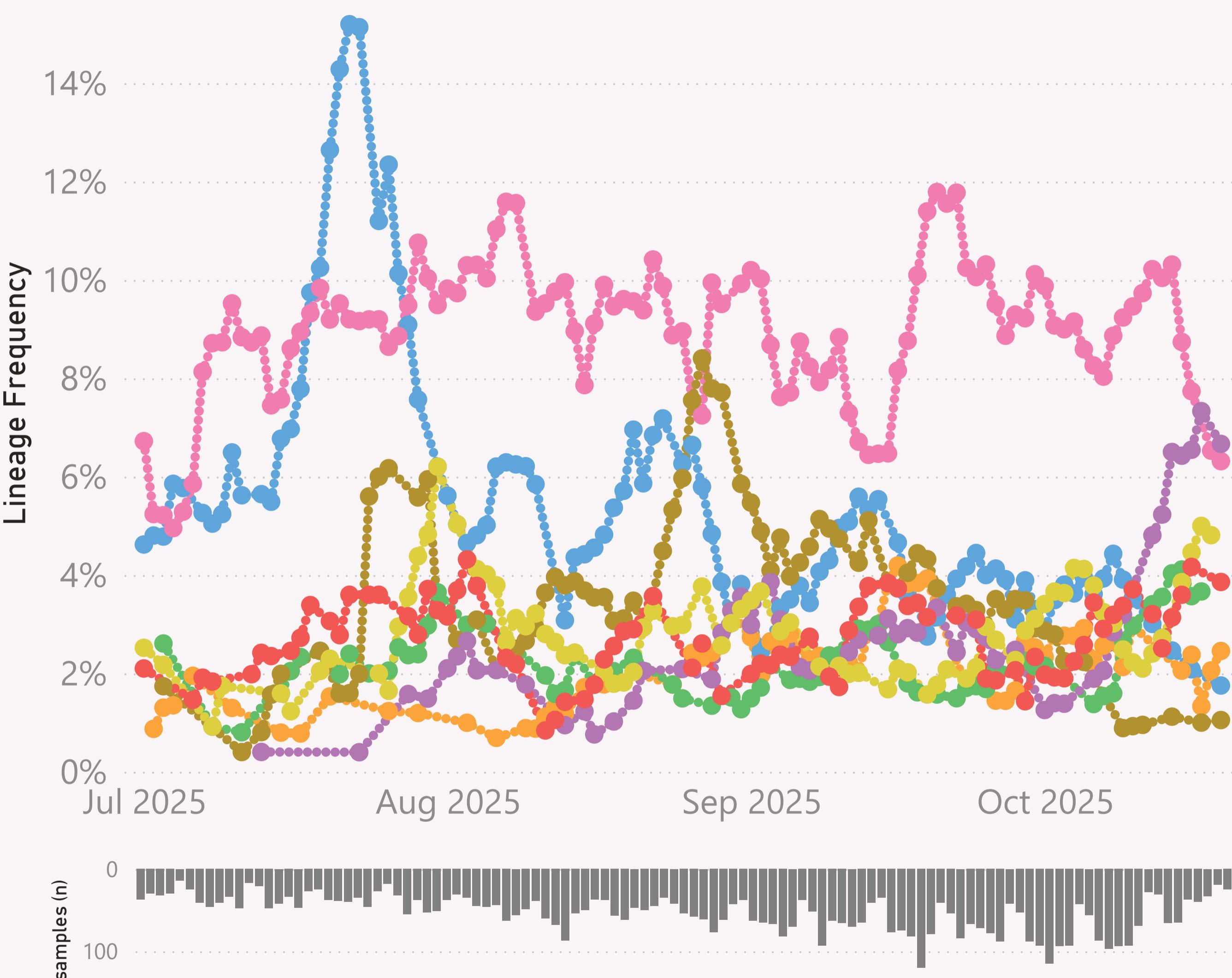
The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

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United Kingdom

• NB.1.8.1 • XFG • XFG.2 • XFG.3 • XFG.3.1 • XFG.3.12.1 • XFG.3.4.1 • XFG.5.1



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XFG.*

n=5,930 sequenced genomes, from 1 July 2025 up to 19 October 2025

- England
- Northern Ireland
- Scotland
- Wales

100%

80%

60%

40%

20%

Lineage Frequency

0%

100

samples (n)

Jul 2025

Aug 2025

Sep 2025

Oct 2025

This page shows the frequency of a selected Lineage L2 of interest, across the countries of the UK, over recent months.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that state.

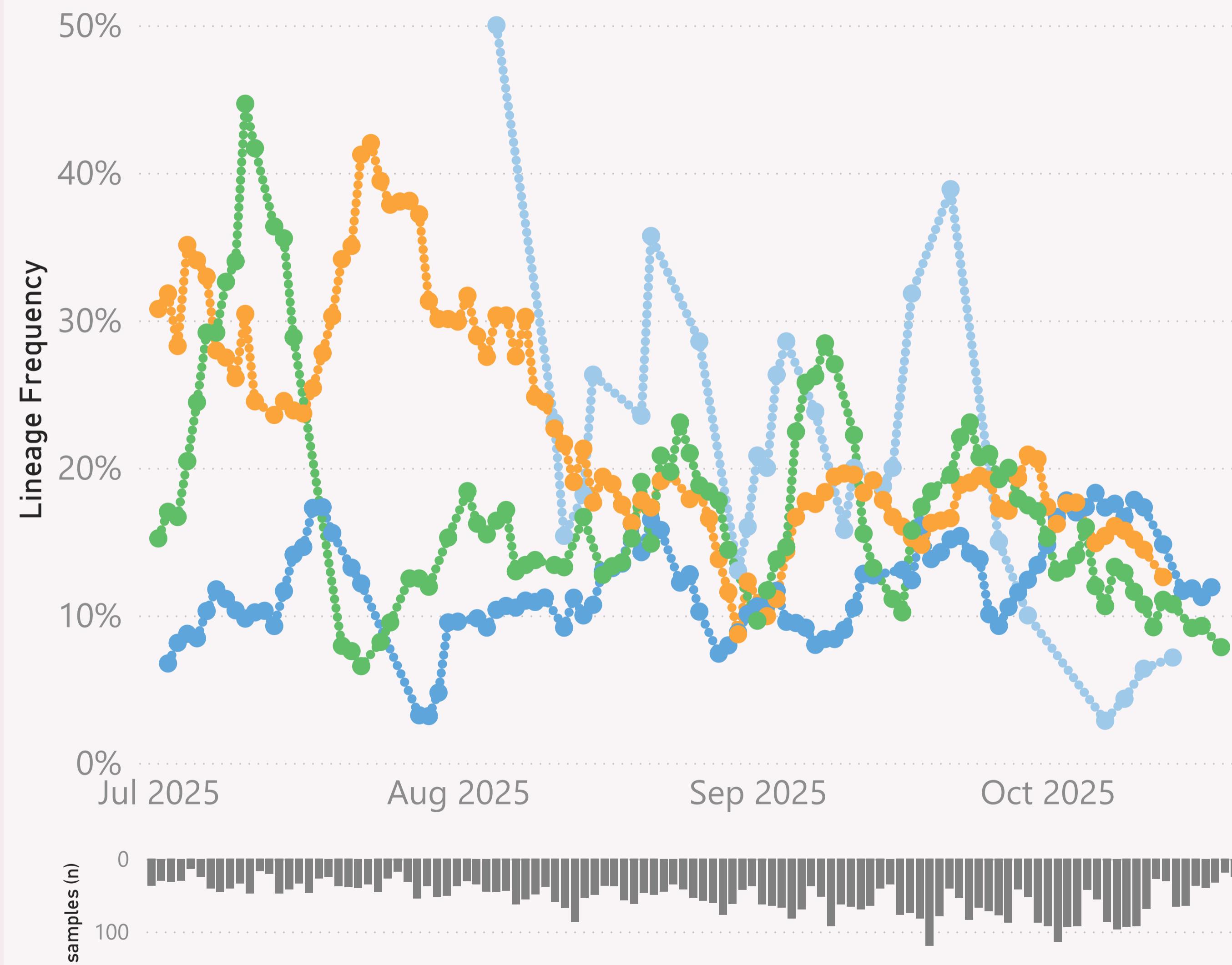
The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

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n=5,930 sequenced genomes, from 1 July 2025 up to 19 October 2025

NB.1.8.1.* Nimbus

- England
- Northern Ireland
- Scotland
- Wales



This page shows the frequency of a selected Lineage L2 of interest, across the countries of the UK, over recent months.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that state.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

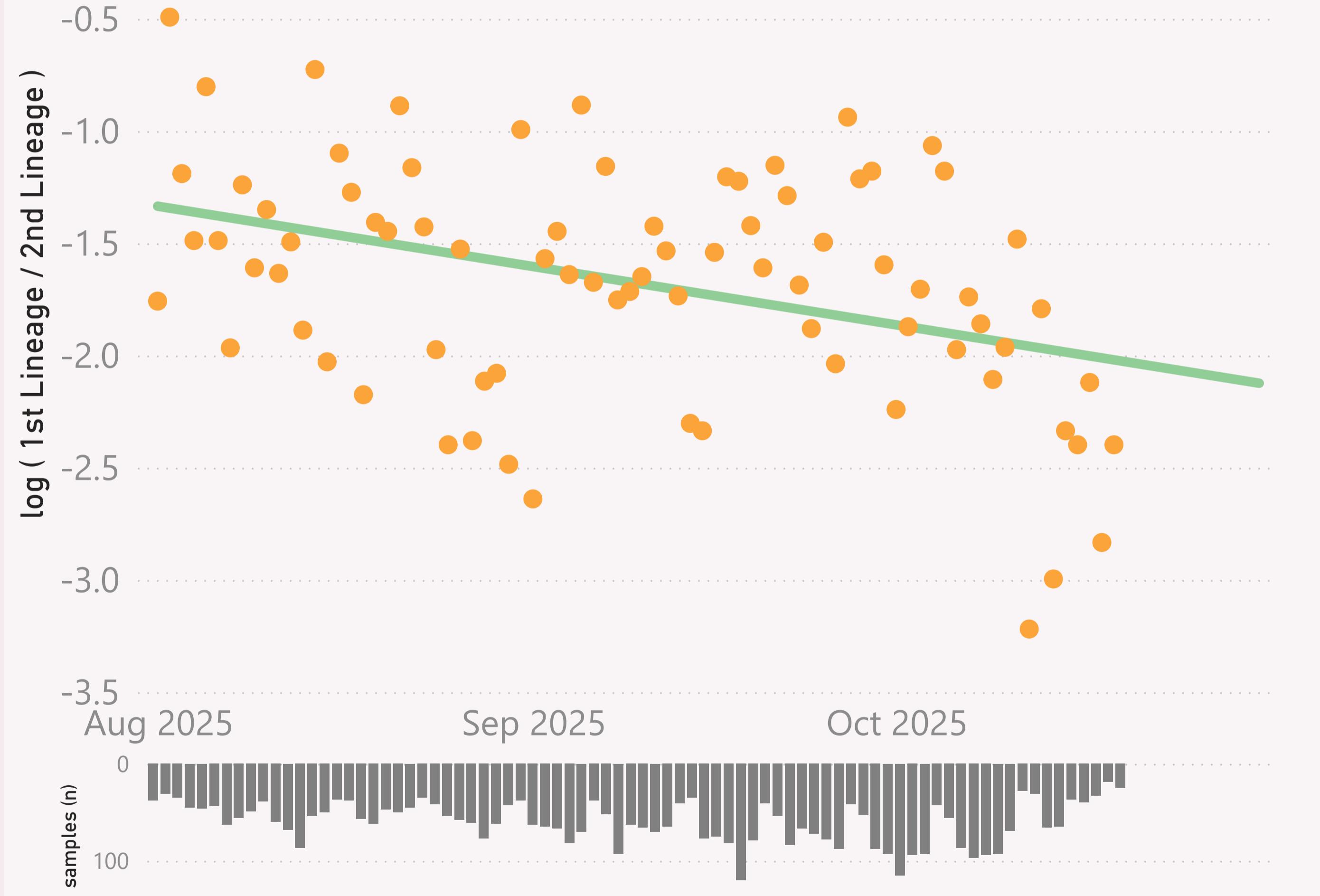
The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.

n=4,819 sequenced genomes, from 1 August 2025 up to 19 October 2025

United Kingdom - NB.1.8.1.* Nimbus vs XFG.*

● log (1st Lineage / 2nd Lineage) ● trend

decline of -0.9% per day



This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected Lineage L2 groups, over recent months. A challenging Lineage L2 is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage

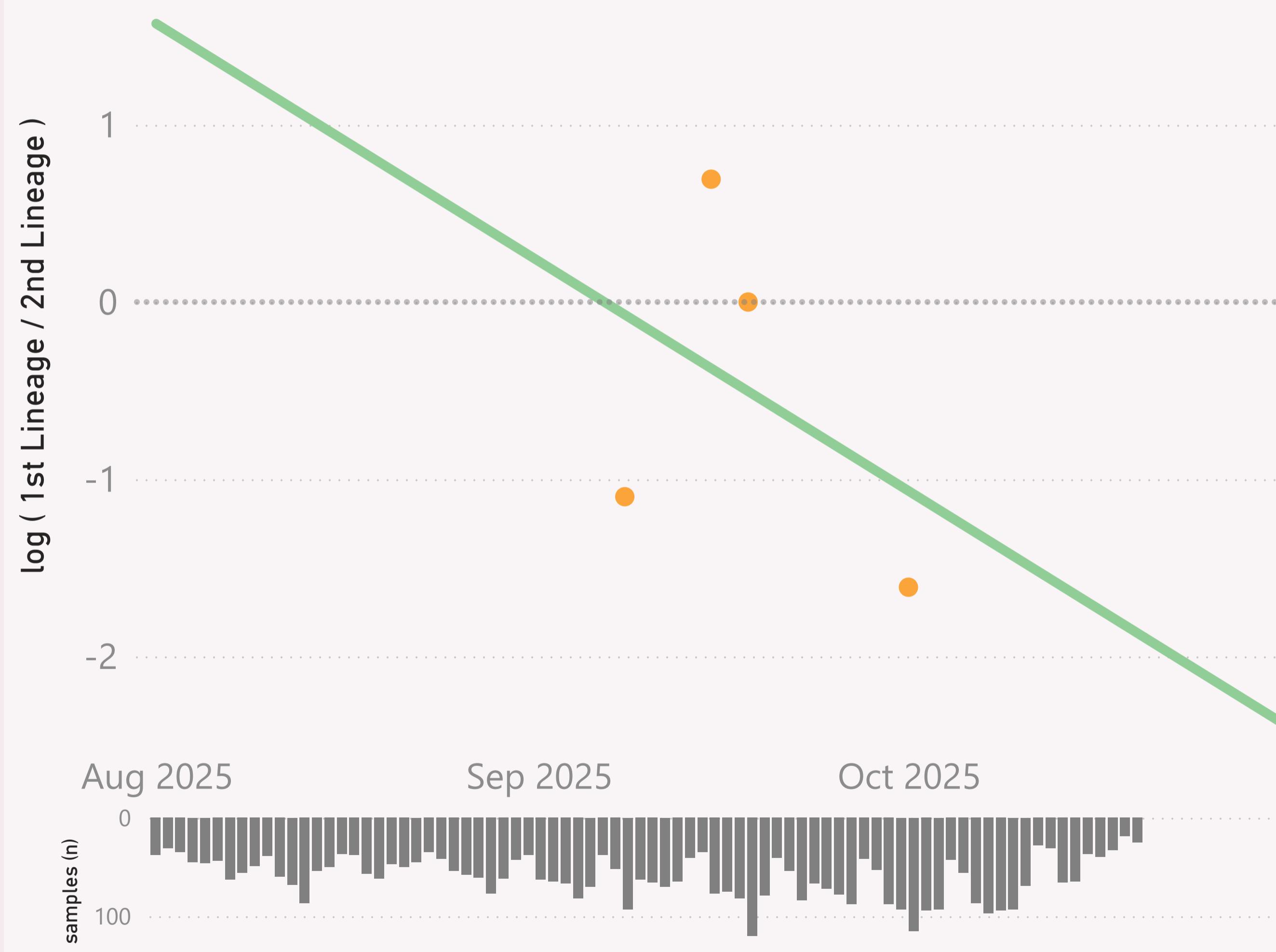
The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

n=4,819 sequenced genomes, from 1 August 2025 up to 19 October 2025

United Kingdom - PY.1.1.1 vs XFG.6

● log (1st Lineage / 2nd Lineage) ● trend

2
decline of -4.3% per day, crossover on 31-Jul-25

This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected Lineages, over recent months. A challenging Lineage is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

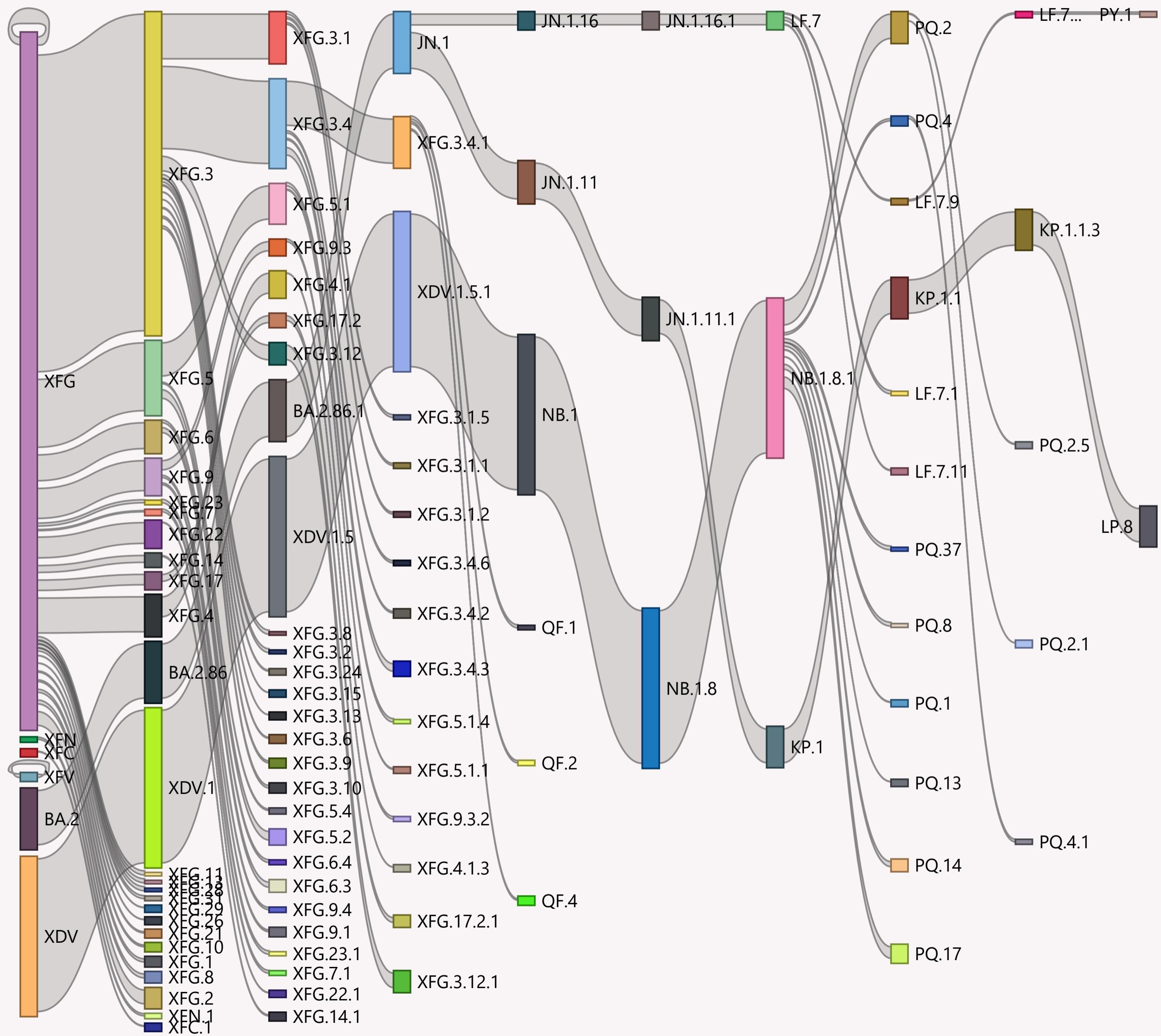
The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

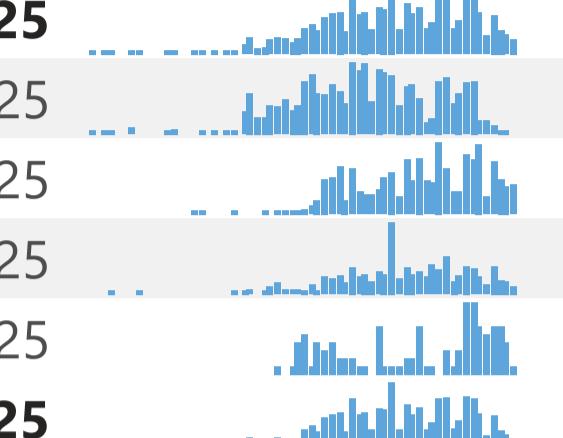
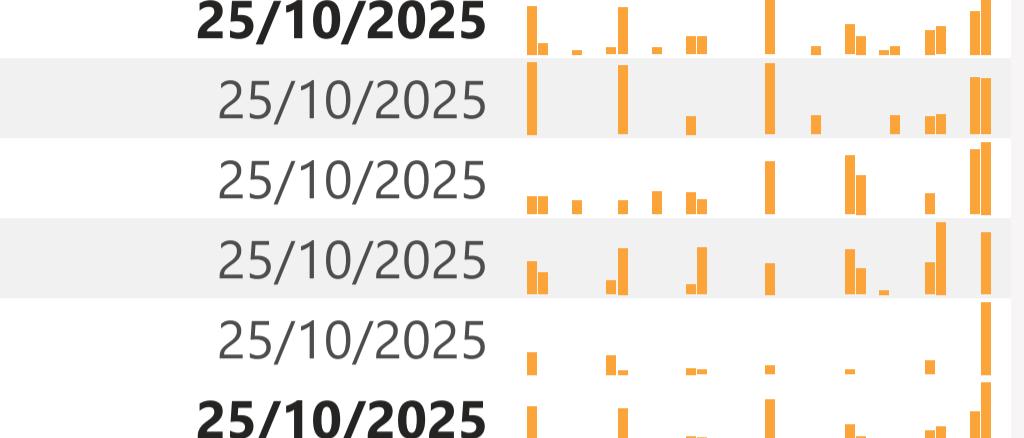
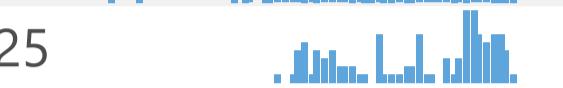
The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

United Kingdom

n=5,930 sequenced genomes, from 1 July 2025 up to 19 October 2025



Data Submitted in the last 8 weeks

Country	# Samples Sequenced	Latest Collection date	by Collection date	Latest Submission date	by Submission date
United Kingdom	3,851	19/10/2025		25/10/2025	
Scotland	1,556	17/10/2025		25/10/2025	
Wales	1,073	19/10/2025		25/10/2025	
England	1,022	19/10/2025		25/10/2025	
Northern Ireland	200	19/10/2025		25/10/2025	
Total	3,851	19/10/2025		25/10/2025	

This page shows the volume and currency/timeliness of the genomic sequencing data shared via GISAID, over the last 8 weeks. A breakdown by province is also shown.

Each sample shared comes with a Collection date - when the PCR test for that sample was collected. The GISAID system also records a Submission date for each sample, which is typically the date that sample was uploaded.

The latest date of each type is shown, along with "sparkline"-style mini charts to give a flavour for the spread of recent data by Collection date and by Submission date.