

This page shows the frequency of the top 6 "L2" lineages, across recent months.

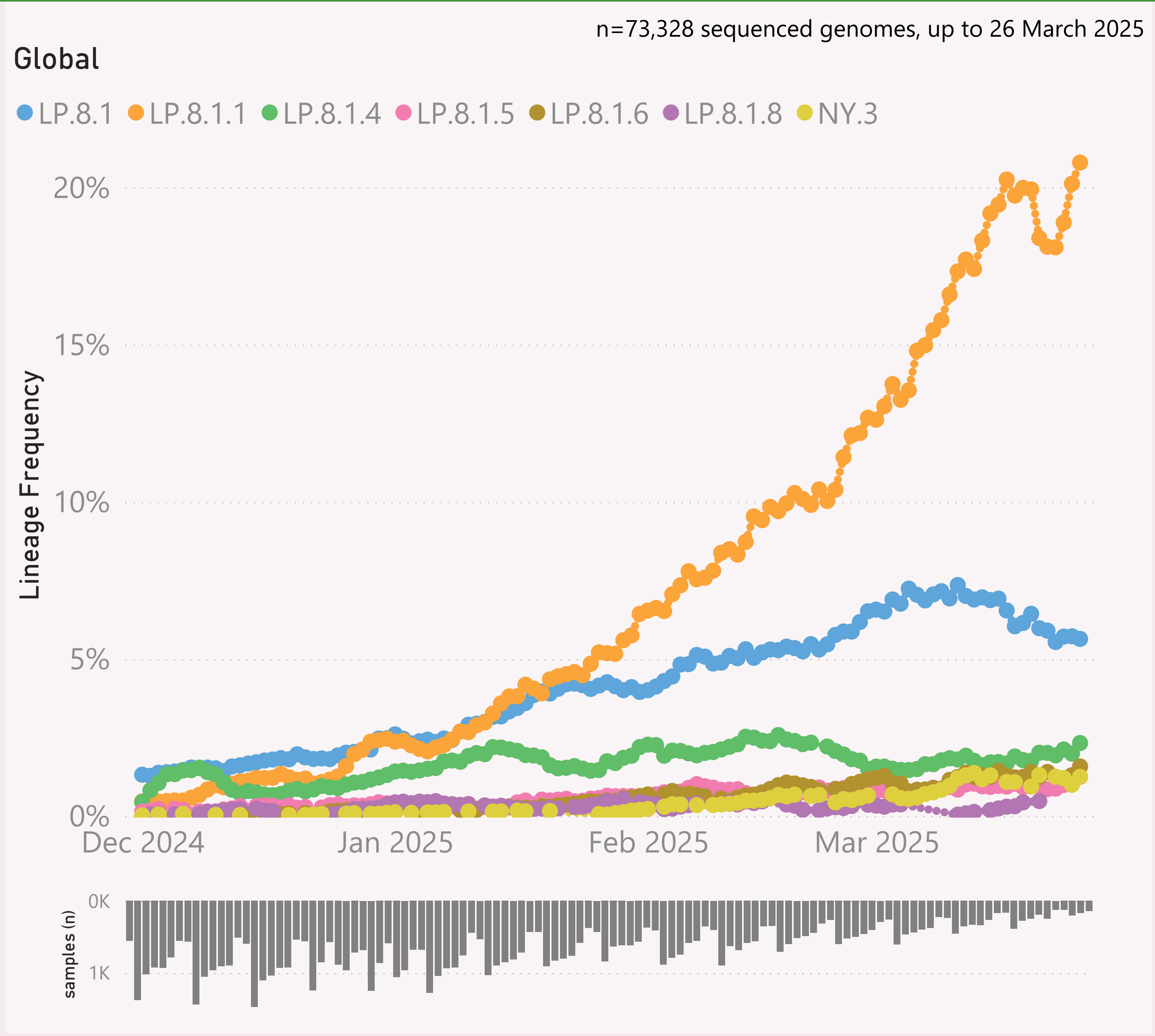
The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "BA.2.86.*" group includes BA.2.86 and all it's descendants, e.g. the JN.* lineages.

The detailed Lineage classifications are quite numerous and dynamic, so the "Lineage L2" groups give a simpler and more stable basis for analysis and comparison.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.



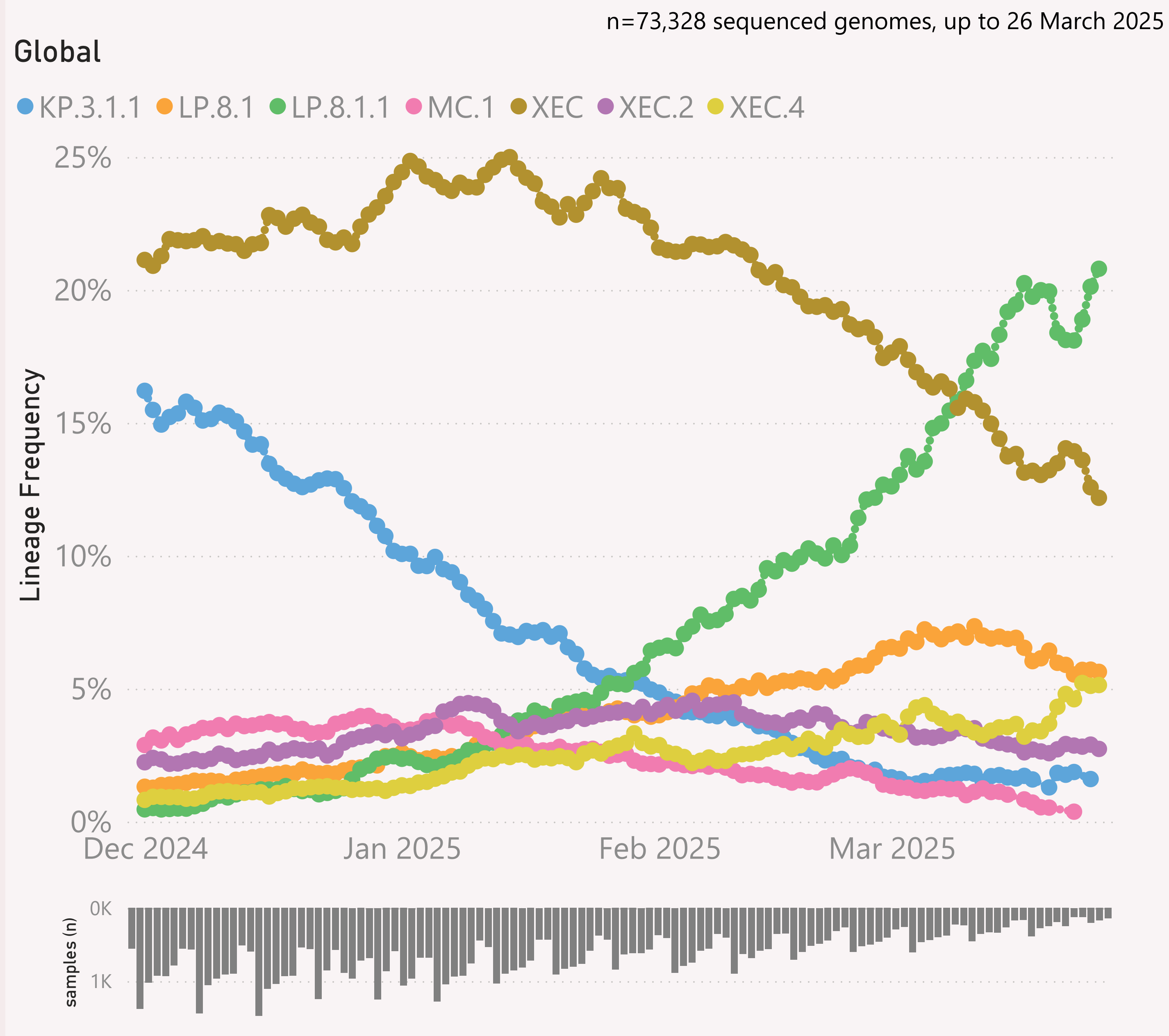
This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months. The lineages are filtered for a "Lineage L2" group of interest, currently LP.8.1.*.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

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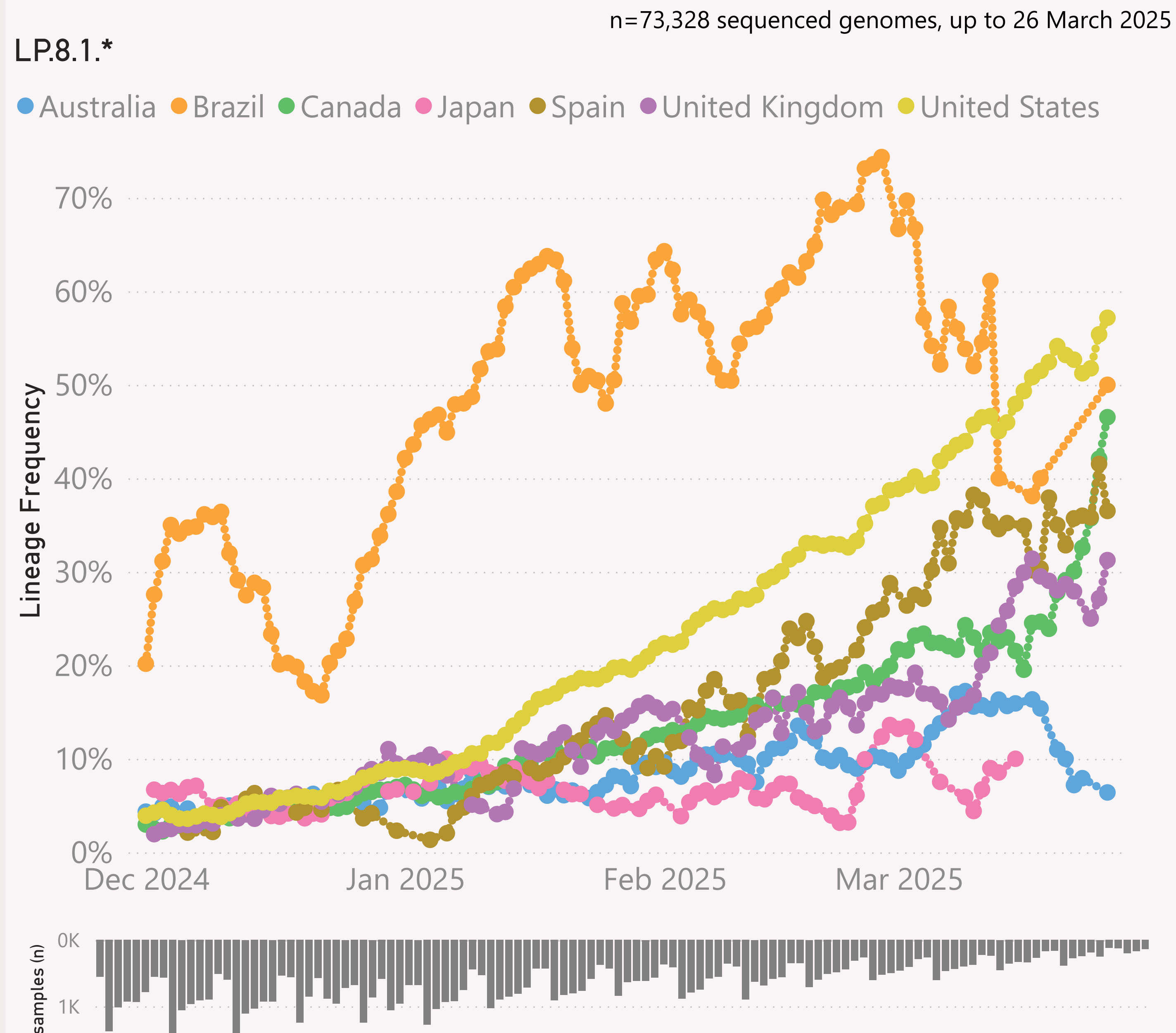
This page shows the frequency of the top 7 lineages, across recent months.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. The colour assignments are random.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

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This page shows the frequency of a selected "Lineage L2" group of interest, for the 7 countries reporting the most samples over recent months.

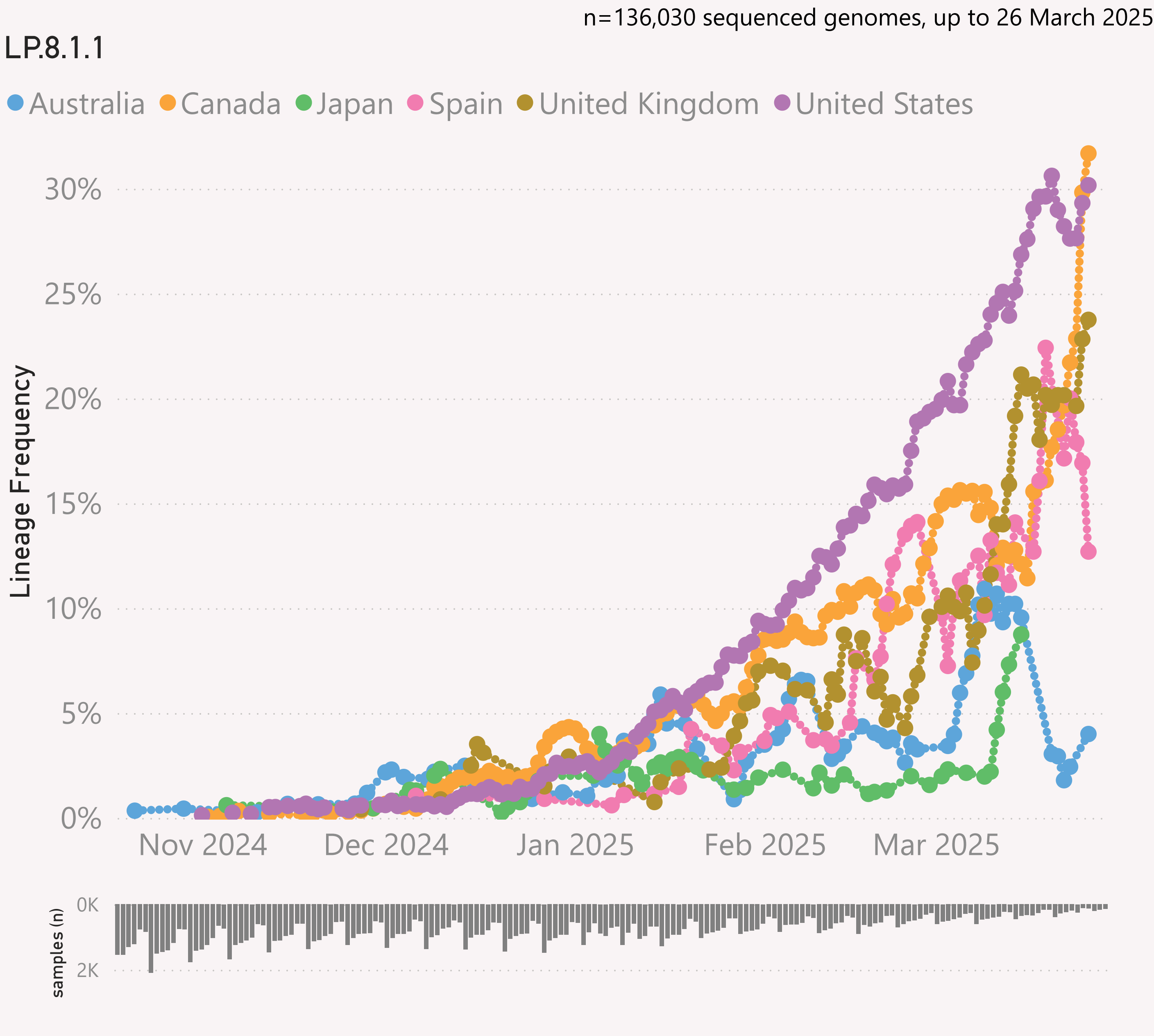
The detailed Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I roll those up into "L2" groups, which roughly follow the WHO Variant definitions. For example, my "JN.1.* +FLiRT" group includes the descendants of JN.1.* with the mutations: F456L & R346T.

The detailed Lineage classifications are quite numerous and dynamic, so the "Lineage L2" groups give a simpler and more stable basis for analysis and comparison.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that country.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.



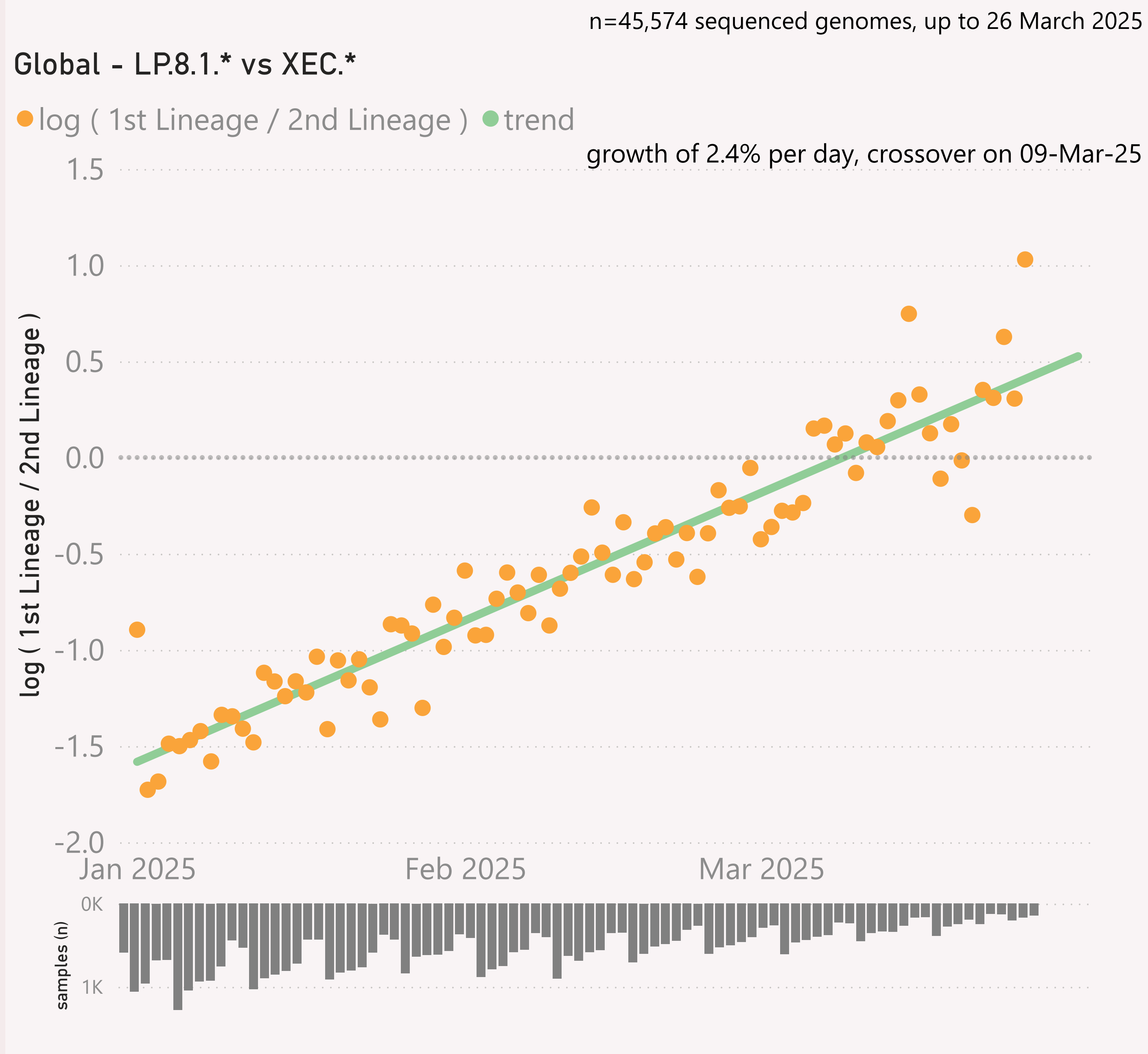
This page shows the frequency of a selected Lineage of interest, for the 6 countries reporting the most samples over recent months.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

The frequency shown at each point is based on the 7-day rolling average across all lineages, for that country.

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

The frequency results calculated for the most recent dates might not be representative, due to those lower sample sizes.

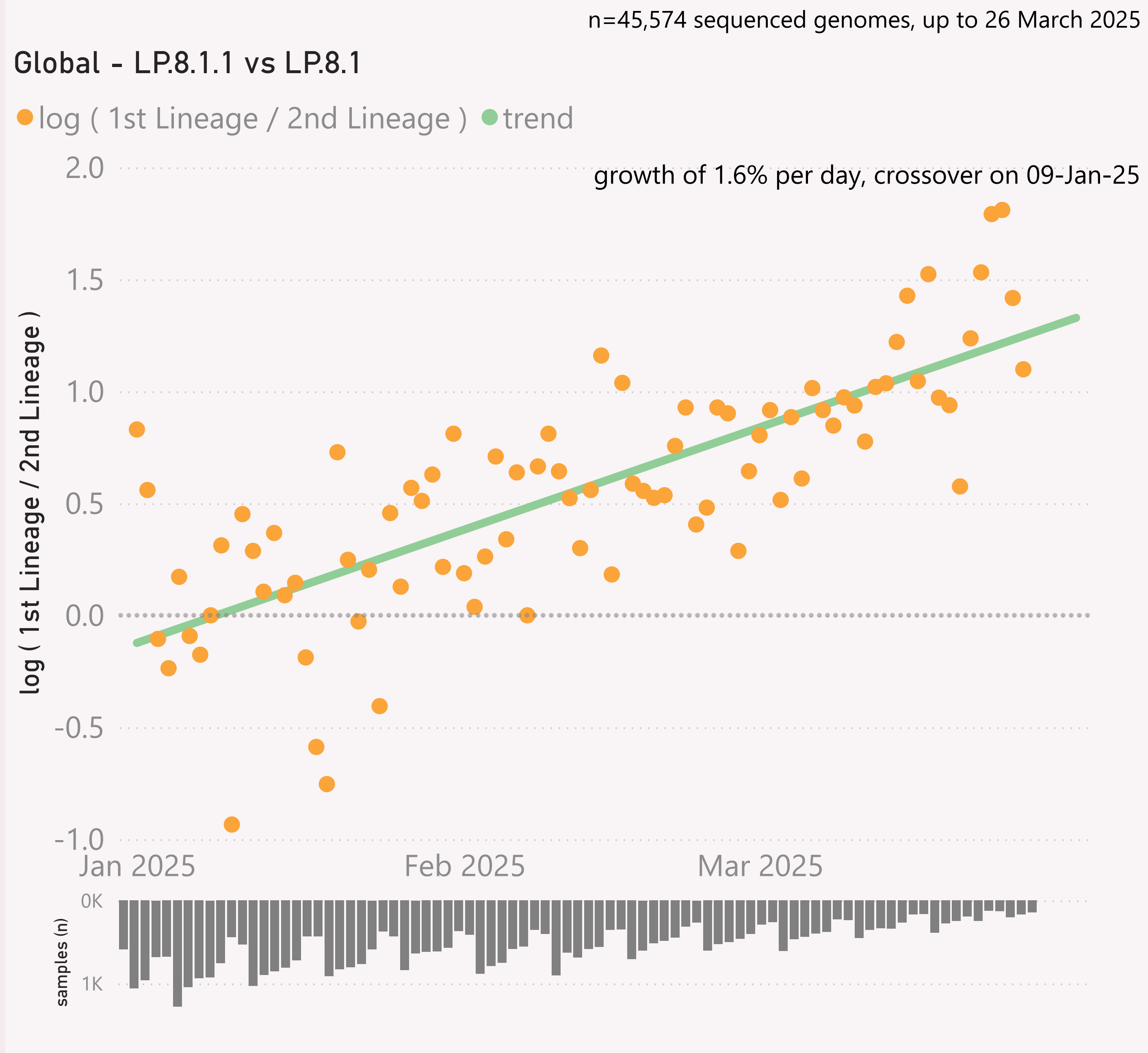


This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected "Lineage L2" groups, over recent months. A challenging Lineage L2 is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage L2 is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage L2.

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade. I add the "Lineage L2" groups, typically following common variant groupings, but occasionally being "creative".

The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.



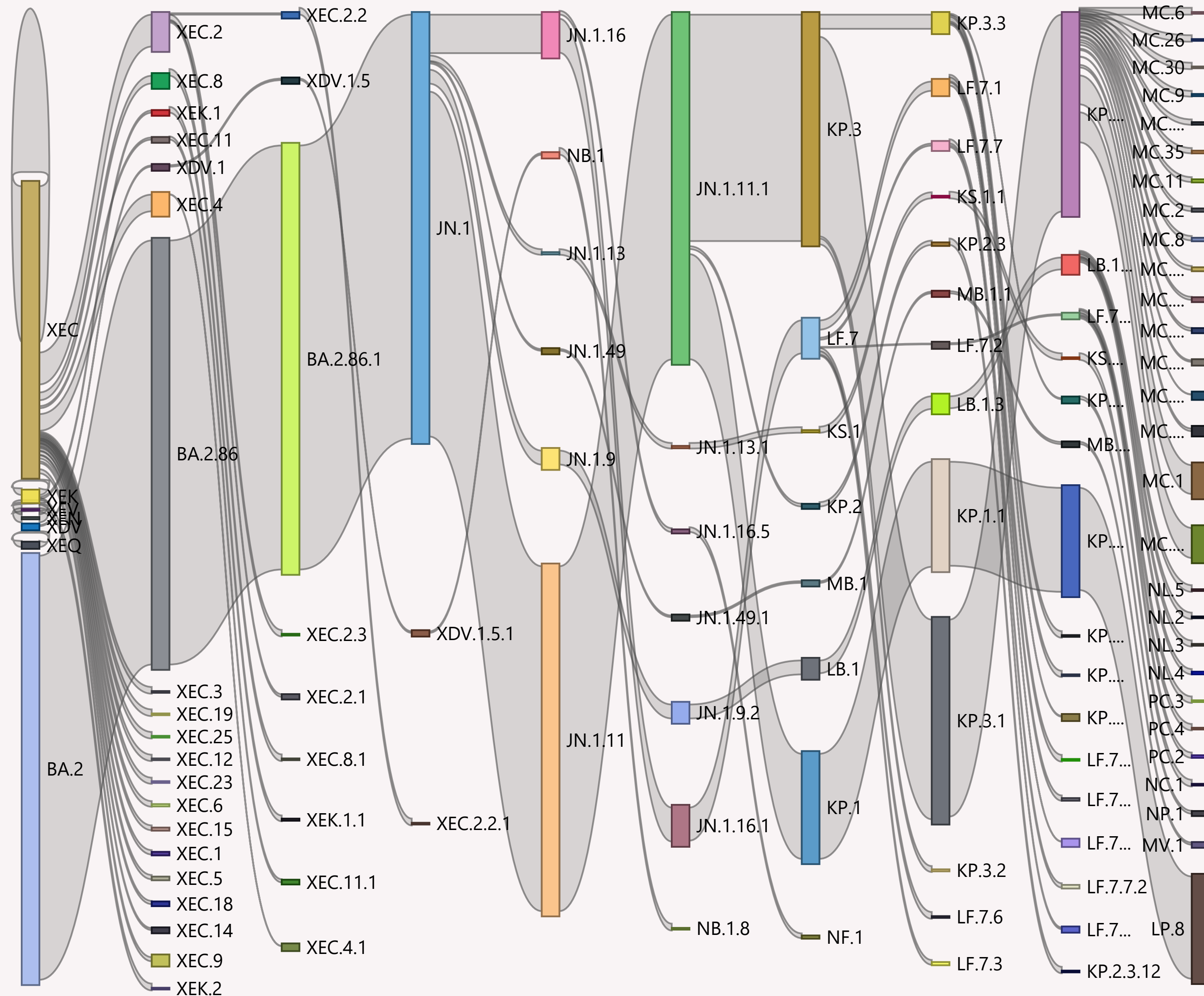
This page compares the relative frequency of 2 selected Lineages, over recent months. A challenging Lineage is selected first, and compared to the incumbent.

The trend is shown as a green line and expressed as a daily growth % advantage. If the green line crosses over the 0.0 line, the date when that occurred or is predicted to occur will be shown. At that point the challenging Lineage is considered to have "crossed over" or taken over dominance from the incumbent Lineage

The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.



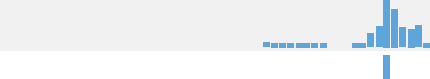











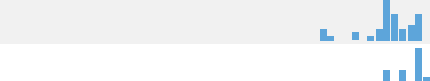

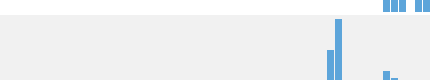



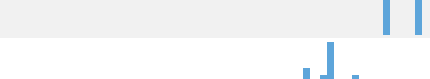
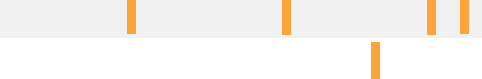
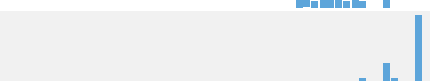





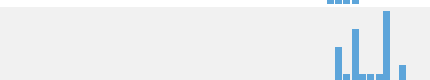



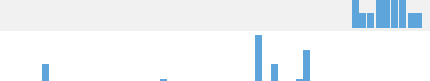

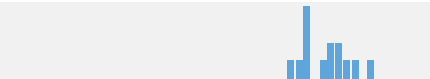
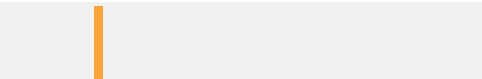








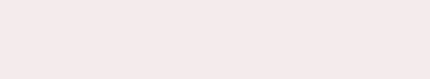
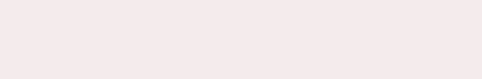
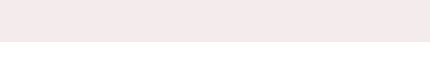
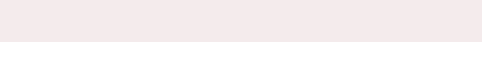
The grey column chart across the bottom shows the volume of sequences available by date. As there can be long sample and data processing times, it is quite routine for recent dates to show lower sample sizes.

Global



The Lineage classifications are provided by Nextclade.

Data Submitted in the last 8 weeks

Country	# Samples Sequenced	Latest Collection date	by Collection date	Latest Submission date	by Submission date
<div>+ United States</div>	18,089	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Canada</div>	3,972	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Japan</div>	2,565	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Australia</div>	1,829	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Brazil</div>	1,637	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Spain</div>	1,314	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ United Kingdom</div>	1,092	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ France</div>	625	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Chile</div>	566	09/03/2025		17/03/2025	
<div>+ Germany</div>	482	20/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Singapore</div>	426	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Russia</div>	422	19/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Slovenia</div>	336	24/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Denmark</div>	326	24/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Greece</div>	326	01/03/2025		21/03/2025	
<div>+ South Korea</div>	322	20/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ New Zealand</div>	320	25/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Italy</div>	284	25/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Peru</div>	267	10/01/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ China</div>	259	25/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Luxembourg</div>	252	14/02/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Sweden</div>	245	19/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Ghana</div>	211	19/12/2024		05/03/2025	
<div>+ Austria</div>	184	27/01/2025		24/02/2025	
<div>+ Norway</div>	175	21/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ Ireland</div>	156	24/03/2025		28/03/2025	
<div>+ Netherlands</div>	153	25/03/2025		29/03/2025	
<div>+ South Africa</div>	135	08/03/2025		28/03/2025	
<div>— Total</div>	38,781	26/03/2025		29/03/2025	

This page shows the volume and currency/timeliness of the genomic sequencing data shared via GISAID, over the last 8 weeks, for the countries sharing the most samples.

Each sample shared comes with a Collection date - when the PCR test for that sample was collected. The GISAID system also records a Submission date for each sample, which is typically the date that sample was uploaded.

The latest date of each type is shown, along with "sparkline"-style mini charts to give a flavour for the spread of recent data by Collection date and by Submission date.