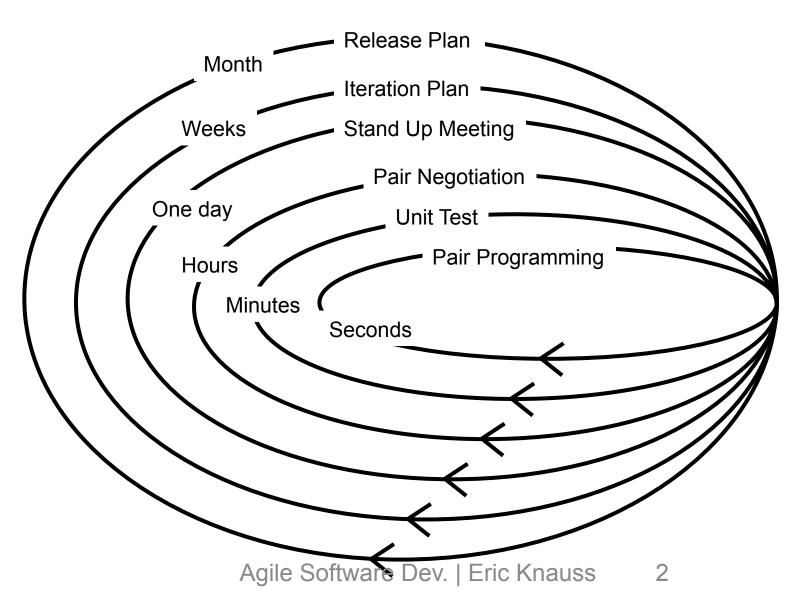
Agile Information Flows

Agile Development Processes
Eric Knauss



http://3badbullies.files.wordpress.com/2013/10/tin-can-telephone.jpg

Feedback in XP



How to make this project more agile?

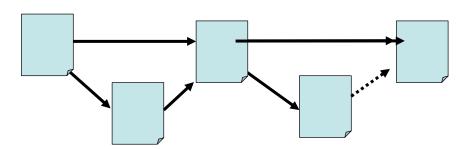
Consider a project wiith problems

- Large specification
- Frequent changes best designers manage those

Quotes

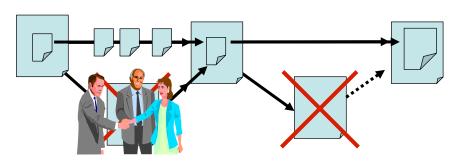
- "It's just too many documents. [...]
 Sure we need both user requts spec. and system reqts spec. But often, I change code and then go back to adjust the requirements."
- "Why is the customer not working on the user reqts spec? Are they confused by the many changes themselves?"

- "System requirements specification? I know it is supposed to be useful. But currently I just try to keep it in sync with the unit tests we are writing."
- "We probably should adjust the design document. It is outdated, but so far we seem to be all on the same page. It would be such a pain to bring it up to date!"



Task (10min): How to make this project more agile?

- Remove pressure through lightweight approachs
 - Discard unnecessary documents
 - Minimize process-requirements and templates
- Provide for vague requirements and changes
 - Quickly to the core system, then incremental evolution
- Better feedback
 - Organizational and technical change
 - Closer collaboration with customer

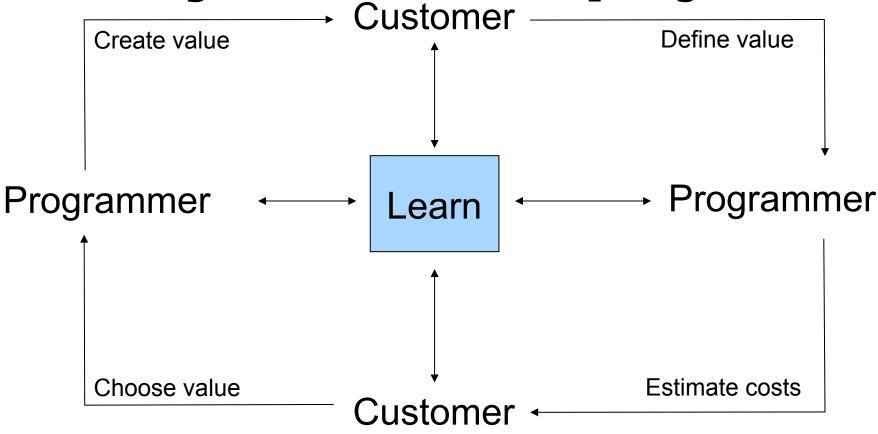


Thought experiment

Ideal transfer of information: not via Documents!

- Starting point: face-to-face
 - Spatial proximity: Gestures, expressions etc.
 - "Osmotic communication"
- Remove co-location: Video-Conference
 - Synchronous seeing and hearing
- Remove visual channel: Telephone
 - Synchronous listening, questions, and feedback
- Remove audio channel: email
 - Questions and feedback possible, but written and with delay
- Remove questions and feedback
 - Read documents (e.g. on paper): So much is missing here!
 Agile Software Dev. | Eric Knauss

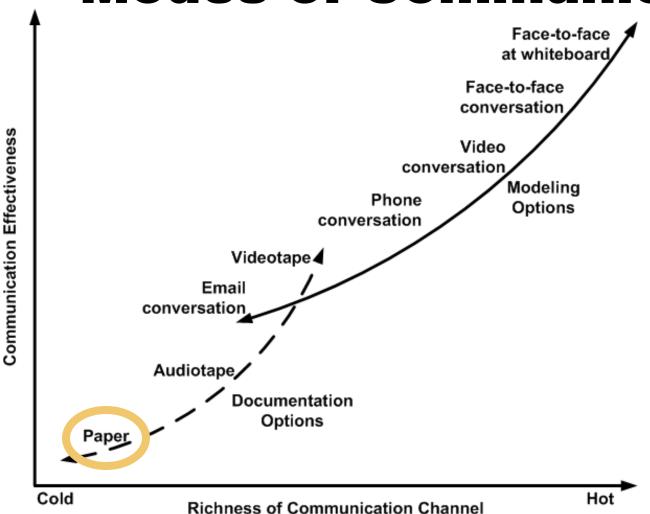
Lifecycle of an XP project



Ron Jeffries et.al. XP installed

What do project members learn from each other?

Modes of Communication



Copyright 2002-2005 Scott W. Ambler Original Diagram Copyright 2002 Alistair Cockburn

http://www.agilemodeling.com/essays/communication.htm

Task (15min)

- With the guys on your table: Choose either XP or Scrum
- Assume you are agile coaches for a team of 8 developers
 - BUT: 5 work here, 2 in Helsinki, 1 in New York
- How do you make this work?
 - Which reoccurring, scheduled information flows are needed?
 - Which ad hoc information flows are needed?
 - Which continuous information flows are needed?
- What communication technology do you use? When?

FLOW Mapping

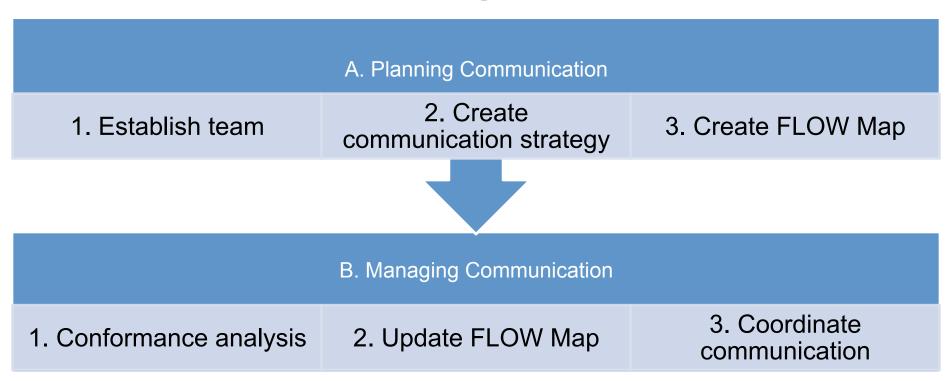
One approach to the previous task

Kai Stapel et al.: FLOW Mapping: Planning and Managing Communication in Distributed Teams. In Proceedings of 6th IEEE International Conference on Global Software Engineering (ICGSE '11), pages 190–199, Helsinki, Finland, 2011.

Problem and Proposed Solution

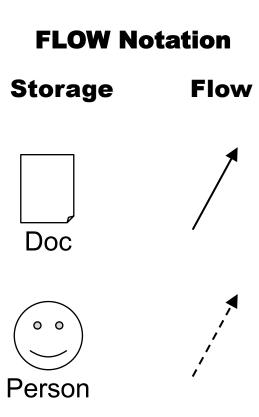
- Communication in a distributed setting is more difficult
 - Unfamiliarity with each other
 - Limited communication media
 - Informal communication does not happen as naturally
- FLOW Mapping, a systematic approach for planning and managing communication in distributed projects
 - 2 phase process
 - Support for process steps

FLOW Mapping Process

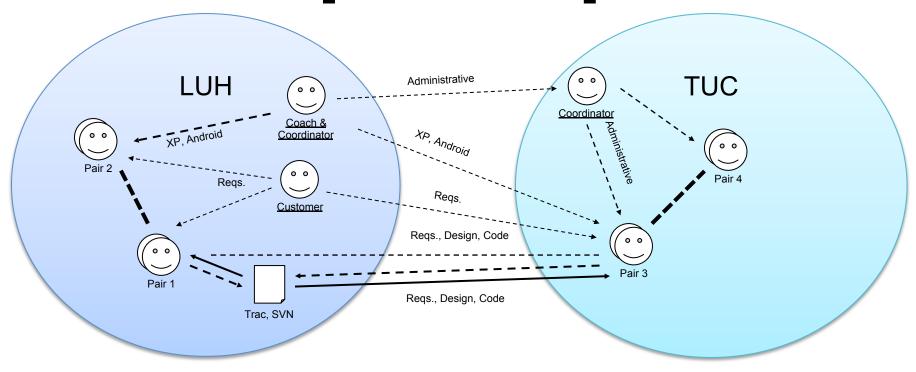


FLOW

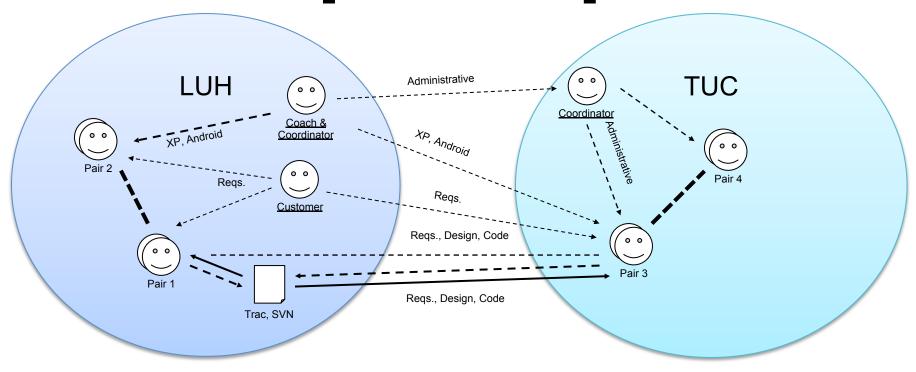
- FLOW Mapping is based on FLOW
 - Information flow perspective on software development
 - Informal communication incorporated
 - Metaphor of state of information
- Solid information is
 - Long term accessible
 - Repeatable accessible
 - Understandable by third parties
- Fluid information is not solid, i. e. one of the above criteria is not met
- Notation to visualize information flows

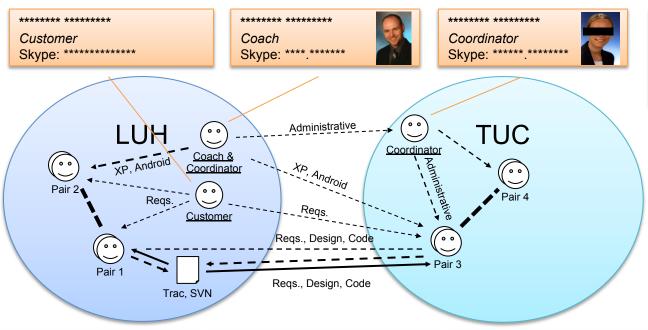


FLOW Map – Example



FLOW Map – Example

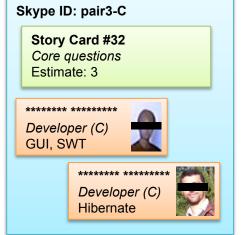












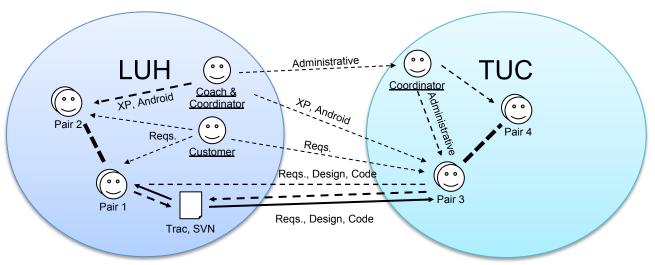


FLOW Map in Action



Plan Communication – Establish Team





















Plan Communication – Communication Strategy

A. Planning Communication

1. Establish team

2. Create communication strategy

3. Create FLOW Map

Communication activity	Schedule / event	Communication media
Stand-up ^a / Wrap-up ^a	Every morning / evening	HQ video conference
Planning game ^a	Start of iteration (~ every 2. day)	HQ video conference with shared mind map
Acceptance test of iteration	Iteration completed	HQ video conference with shared desktop
Acceptance test of user stories ^a	User story completed	Skype call with shared desktop
Informal collaboration	Ad-hoc	Skype call/chat and desktop sharing
Informal coordination	Ad-hoc	Skype call / chat
Status update ^a	Status change	Skype status

prepare conformance analysis

Plan Communication – Communication Strategy

Status update conformance template

Communication Activity	Status update
Goal	
Definition	
Collected Data	
Violations	

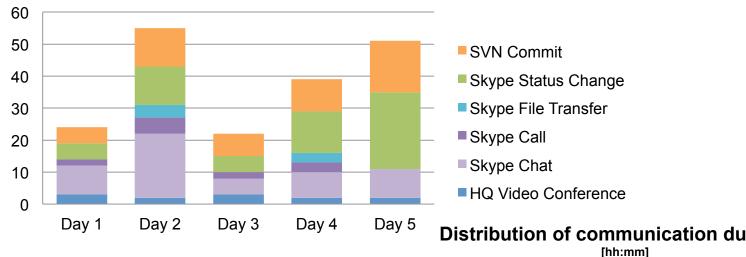
Plan Communication – Communication Strategy

Status update conformance template

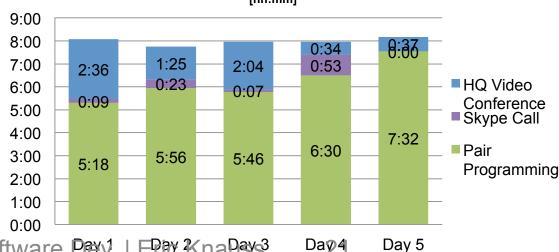
Communication Activity	Status update		
Goal	Increase awareness on who is working with whom on what task		
Definition	Developers should use Skype status messages to broadcast who is working with whom on which User Story in a timely manner. The status message should contain User Story ID and the names of the pair programmers.		
Collected Data	Skype status log for each workstation containing: timestamp and status message and status change events (pair switches, assignment of new User Stories)		
Violations	Temporal: (1) Status message not updated for more than one hour (2) Status message suggests that a developer is working in two pairs concurrently Qualitative: (1) Incomplete information, e.g. User Story ID missing.		

Case Study – Communication Overview

Distribution of communication events



Distribution of communication durations



Stapel et al. (2011): Flow MappingAgile Software PをV. | 日常 Knalls Day4

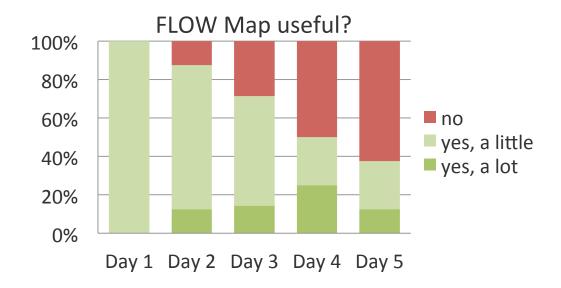
	Day 1	Day 2 Wed	Day 3	Day 4	Weekend Sat & Sun	Day 5
9:00	Stand-up	Stand-up	Stand-up	Stand-up		Pair:Prog
	Pair Prog.	Pair-Prog.	Pair Prog.	Pair Prog.		
10:00						
11:00						
12:00	Dist. lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch		Dist. lunch
13:00	Planning Game	Pair Prog.	Pair Prog.	Pair Prog.		Pair Prog.
14:00						
15:00	Pair Prog.		Planning Game			
16:00)\/	Pair_Prog.			
17:00	NA/man	Wrap-up				Marana
	Wrap-up		Wrap-up			Wrap-up

22

Stapel et al. (2011): Flow MappingAgile Software Dev. | Eric Knauss

Discussion

- Impact
 - FLOW Map perceived to be useful
 - Especially at project start (team grows together)
 - Problem with manual update process → tool support

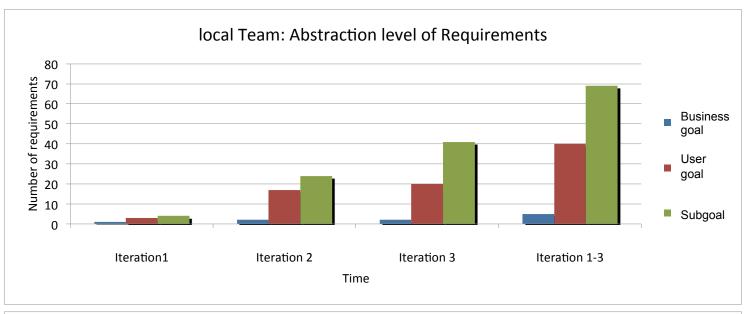


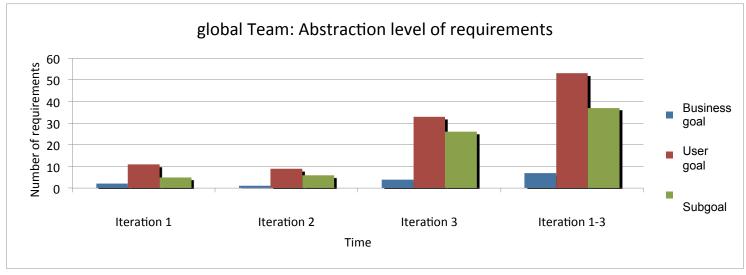
Discussion

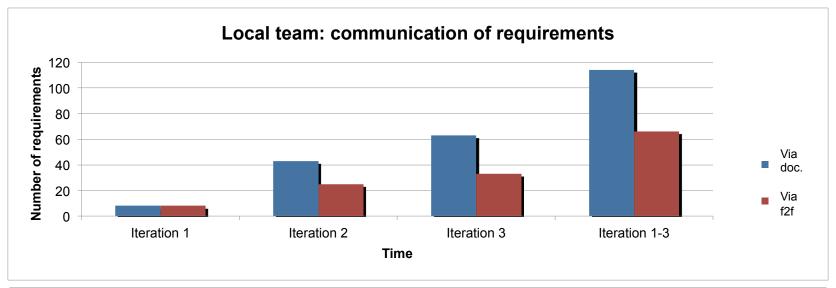
- Impact
- Cost
 - Plan: 1d strategy + 0.5d conformance + 2d prepare data collection
 - Execute: observer + 1h/activity for conformance analysis + 10
 min./change to update FLOW Map
- Management feasibility
 - Violations can be detected during project
 - Monitoring electronic media helps (see costs)
- Planning feasibility
 - Communication was planned
 - Strategy was followed (79% 88%)

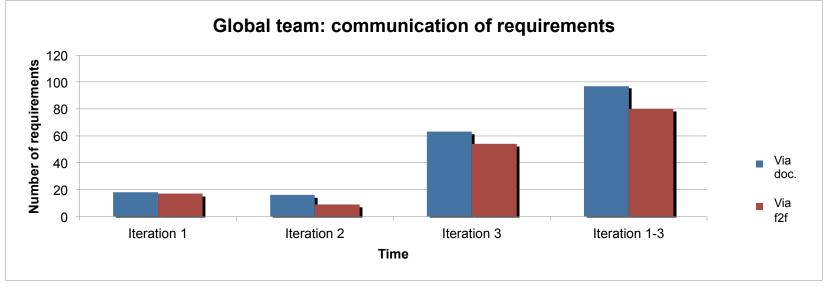
Distributed vs. Not distributed

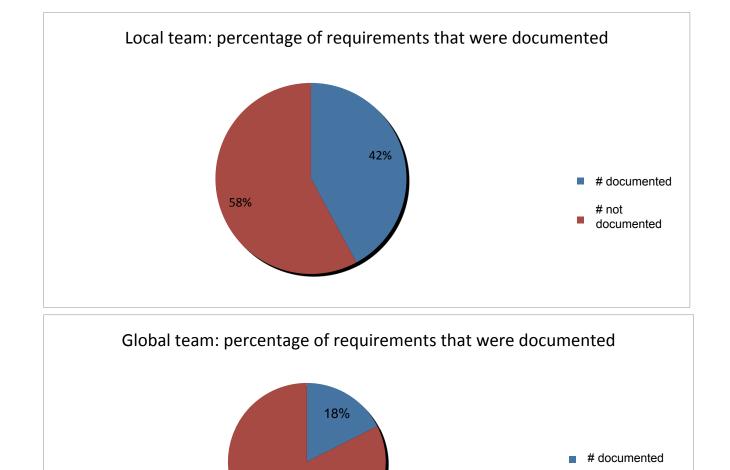
Some personal experience







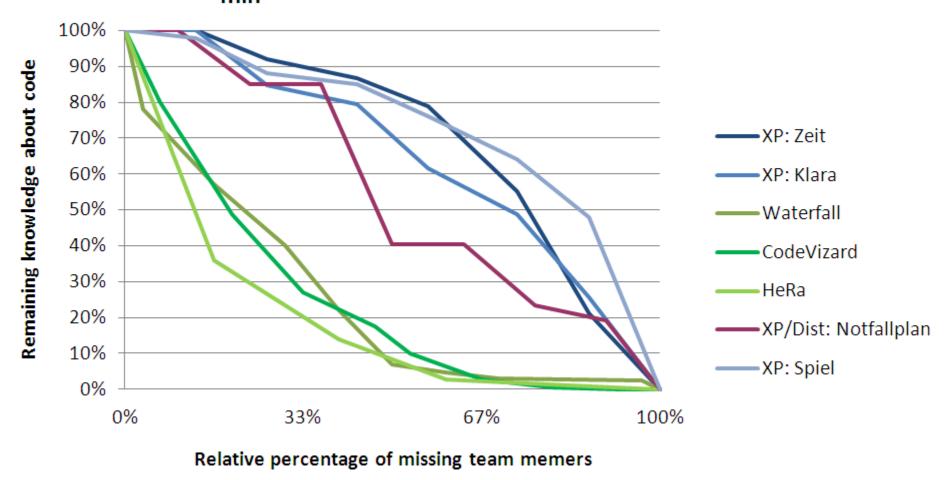




82%

not documented





Summary

- We did our best to make distributed agile work
- Not a surprise:
 - Truck factor analysis shows that we are not as agile in the distributed project as in the co-located one
- Interesting:
 - Distributed team discussed requirements in less detail
- Surprise:
 - Distributed team documented less

Why? Because it was @#%!\$
difficult!

Sprint

UNIVERSITY OF GOTHENBURG

Knowledge and Skills and ability understanding Compare agile and Forming a team organically traditional softw. dev, Relate lean and agile Collaborate in small development software dev. teams Contrast different agile Interact and show progress methodologies continuously Use the agile manifest and Develop SW using small its accompanying principles and frequent iterations Discuss what is different Use test-driven dev. and when leading an agile team automated tests Refactor a program/design Sprint 2 Be member of agile team Incremental planning using

Judgement and approach

Explain: people/commun. centric dev.

Apply fact: people drive project success

Describe: No single methodology fits all

Discuss: methodology needs to adopt to culture

user stories